





## DEVELOPMENT OF MIL-HDBK-5 DESIGN ALLOWABLE PROPERTIES FOR SEVERAL AEROSPACE MATERIALS

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**AUGUST 1980** 

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TECHNICAL REPORT AFV:AL-TR-80-4109 FINAL REPORT FOR THE PERIOD 25 APRIL 1977—29 AUGUST 1980

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## PREFACE

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This final report was submitted by Battelle's Columbus Laboratories, 505 King Avenue, Columbus, Ohio 43201, under Contract F33615-77-C-5036 with the Air Force Wright Aeronautical Laboratory, Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, Ghio. Mr. C. L. Harmsworth (MLSA) was the laboratory project monitor. This report covers the period of work from April 25, 1977, through August 29, 1980. This report was submitted by the author, Mr. Paul E. Ruff, in August 1980.

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### SUMMARY

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The results of this test program indicated that the existing design values in MIL-iDEK-5C for 2024-T42 extrusion are not appropriate for all thicknesses. Most of the existing "derived" properties,  $F_{tu}(LT)$ ,  $F_{ty}(LT)$ ,  $F_{cy}$ ,  $F_{su}$ ,  $F_{bru}$ , and  $F_{bry}$ , are unconservative above one-inch thickness with some of the existing values unconservative below this thickness. Consequently, new design allowable properties for 2024-T42 extrusion were determined in one-quarter-inch increments through  $2\frac{1}{2}$  inches thickness and are presented in Table 10. These new design values were based upon the data obtained from this test program and existing data. The data were analyzed in accordance with MIL-HDEK-5 guidelines.

Based upon the data from this test program and existing data, missing design values for Ti-6Al-2Sn-4Zr-2Mo, duplex annealed, sheet, have been determined. Specifically, design values for  $F_{\rm CY}$ ,  $F_{\rm DTU}$ , and  $F_{\rm DTY}$  have been developed for four thickness ranges for sheet (0.187-inch maximum thickness) and are shown in Table 21. A room temperature  $E_{\rm c}$  value, and an elevated temperature curve, Figure 43, for  $E_{\rm c}$ , were established. Also, an elevated temperature curve, Figure 41, for  $F_{\rm CY}$  was also determined.

These new design data have been prepared in MIL-HDBK-5 format to facilitate incorporation in the next MIL-HDBK-5 revision.

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R	=	reduced ratio, cyclic stress ratio
Ŧ	=	mean value of ratios
s	Ŧ	standard deviation
<sup>t</sup> 0.95	=	the 0.95 fractile of the t distribution corresponding to n-1 degrees of freedon
n	=	number of ratios in sample
RT	=	room temperature
Ftu	Ŧ	ultimate tensile stress (design allowable)
F <sub>ty</sub>	=	tensile yield stress (design allowable)
Fcy	Ħ	compressive yield stress (design allowable)
Fsu	-	ultimate shear stress (design allowable)
F bru	R	ultimate bearing stress (design allowable)
F <sub>bry</sub>	Ŧ	bearing yield stress (design allowable)
E	=	modulus of elasticity in tension
Е <sub>с</sub>	=	modulus of elasticity in compression
TUS	=	tensile ultimate strength
TYS	Ŧ	tensile yield strength
CYS	Ŧ	ccmpressive yield strength
SUS	=	shear ultimate strength
L	=	longitudinal
LT	*	long transverse
BUS	r	bearing ultimate strength
BYS	z	bearing yield strength
ksi	z	thousands of pounds per square inch
nsi	=	pounds per square inch

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## INTRODUCTION

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The Military Standardization Handbook, MIL-HDBK-5, is recognized as the primary source for design allowable data required by the Department of Defense (DoD), other Government agencies, and aerospace contractors responsible for aerospace vehicle design. The Handbook contains design allowable data on metallic materials, fasteners, joints, and other structural elements. The maintenance of this document is achieved through the cooperative efforts of the Air Force, Navy, Army, Federal Aviation Agency (FAA), and industrial users and suppliers of metallic aerospace materials. The DoD has designated the Air Force as the activity responsible for preparing this Handbook. As such, the Air Force Wright Aeronautical Laboratory (AFWAL) has contracted with Battelle's Columbus Laboratories (BCL) to provide the planning, coordination, implementation, and testing necessary to develop and maintain current design allowable data and other related information in MLL-HDBK-5.

Other final reports have described in detail the functional and technical activities performed by BCL in connection with the MIL-HDBK-5 program. Since the functional as well as some of the technical activities are somewhat repetitive from year to year, this final report describes an experimental test program to develop certain MIL-HDBK-5 design allowable properties for several materials.

Most of the design allowable properties in MIL-HDBK-5 are determined from existing data. However, frequently data are lacking or inadequate to establish needed design properties. Data may be lacking for important design properties even though an alloy may have been used in the aerospace industry for many years. Sometimes it is desirable to verify existing design values in the Handbook. In addition, new heat treatments and new product forms may be developed for an existing alloy, thereby creating a need for applicable design properties. Also, MIL-HDBK-5 guidelines are continuously revised to provide for the inclusion of new types of data, such as fracture toughness and fatiguecrack-propagation data. For these reasons testing is often necessary to supplement data available from the literature.

Based upon interest expressed by the MIL-HDBK-5 Coordination Committee, availability of existing mechanical property data, and the availability of test material, two materials, 2024-T42 aluminum extrusion and Ti-6Al-2Sn-42r-2No, duplex annealed sheet were selected for this test plogram.

#### OBJECTIVE

The objective of this test program was: (1) to verify the existing room temperature design values for 2024-T42 extrusion and (2) to determine missing design values for Ti-6Al-2Sn-4Zr-2Mo, duplex annealed, sheet.

#### EXPERIMENTAL PROCEDURES

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#### 2024-T42 Aluminum Alloy Extrusion

<u>Background</u> - MIL-HDBK-5 currently contains in Table 3.2.3.0(j) a single set of design values which are applicable to all thicknesses for 2024-T42 extrusions. From this same table it is evident that the  $F_{tu}(LT)/F_{tu}(L)$  and the  $F_{ty}(LT)/F_{ty}(L)$  ratios decrease significantly with increasing thickness tor 2024-T4, T3510, and T3511 extrusions. It is believed that these ratios should follow this same trend for the T42 temper.

Investigations revealed that design values for the T42 temper first appeared in MIL-HDBK-5, dated March 1959, which included items approved at meetings 1 through 16. However, a review of the agenda and minutes of these meeting did not reveal the basis for these design values. It appears that the bearing ratios were based upon a "rule-of-thumb", which was sometimes used for alumínum alloys at that time, as follows:  $F_{bru}/F_{tu}(e/D = 1.5) = 1.5$ ,  $F_{bru}/F_{tu}(e/D = 2.0) = 1.9$ ,  $F_{bry}/F_{ty}(e/D = 1.5) = 1.4$ ,  $F_{bru}/F_{tu}(e/D = 2.0) = 1.9$ ,  $F_{bry}/F_{ty}(e/D = 1.5) = 1.4$ ,  $F_{bru}/F_{tu}(e/D = 2.0) = 1.9$ ,  $F_{bry}/F_{ty}(e/D = 1.5) = 1.4$ ,  $F_{bru}/F_{tu}(e/D = 2.0) = 1.9$ ,  $F_{bry}/F_{ty}(e/D = 1.5) = 1.4$ ,  $F_{bru}/F_{tu}(e/D = 2.0) = 1.9$ ,  $F_{bry}/F_{ty}(e/D = 1.5) = 1.4$ ,  $F_{bru}/F_{tu}(e/D = 2.0) = 1.9$ ,  $F_{bry}/F_{ty}(e/D = 1.5) = 1.4$ ,  $F_{bru}/F_{tu}(e/D = 2.0) = 1.9$ ,  $F_{bry}/F_{ty}(e/D = 1.5) = 1.4$ ,  $F_{bru}/F_{tu}(e/D = 2.0) = 1.9$ ,  $F_{bry}/F_{ty}(e/D = 1.5) = 1.4$ ,  $F_{bru}/F_{tu}(e/D = 2.0) = 1.9$ ,  $F_{bry}/F_{ty}(e/D = 1.5) = 1.4$ ,  $F_{bru}/F_{tu}(e/D = 2.0) = 1.9$ ,  $F_{bry}/F_{ty}(e/D = 1.5) = 1.4$ ,  $F_{bru}/F_{tu}(e/D = 2.0) = 1.9$ ,  $F_{bry}/F_{ty}(e/D = 1.5) = 1.4$ ,  $F_{bru}/F_{tu}(e/D = 2.0) = 1.9$ ,  $F_{bry}/F_{ty}(e/D = 1.5) = 1.4$ ,  $F_{bru}/F_{tu}(e/D = 2.0) = 1.9$ ,  $F_{bry}/F_{ty}(e/D = 1.5) = 1.4$ ,  $F_{bru}/F_{tu}(e/D = 2.0) = 1.9$ ,  $F_{bry}/F_{ty}(e/D = 1.5) = 1.4$ ,  $F_{bru}/F_{tu}(e/D = 2.0) = 1.9$ ,  $F_{bry}/F_{ty}(e/D = 1.5) = 1.4$ ,  $F_{bru}/F_{tu}(e/D = 2.0) = 1.9$ ,  $F_{bry}/F_{ty}(e/D = 1.5) = 1.4$ ,  $F_{bru}/F_{tu}(e/D = 2.0) = 1.9$ ,  $F_{bry}/F_{ty}(e/D = 1.5) = 1.4$ ,  $F_{bru}/F_{tu}(e/D = 2.0) = 1.9$ ,  $F_{bru}/F_{ty}(e/D = 2.0) = 1.9$ ,  $F_{bru}/F_{tu}(e/D = 2.0) = 1.9$ ,  $F_{bru}/F_{ty}(e/D = 2.0) = 1.9$ ,  $F_{bru}/F_{tu}(e/D = 2.0) = 1.9$ ,  $F_{bru}/F_{tu}(e$ 

A literature search revealed that tensile, compression, shear, and bearing data for 2024-T42 extrusions were contained in reference (1), presumably the report mentioned in Item 66-20. However, only five locs were tested in reference (1). Consequently, testing of additional lots was required in order to comply with MIL-HDBK-5 guideline requirements for the determination of design values. Since the basis for existing design values for the T42 temper could not be determined and the likelihood that the existing values were based upon limited data. it was desirable to conduct a test program to resolve this matter.

<u>Test Plan</u> - As defined in Chapter 1, Section 1.4.1.3 of MIL-HDBK-5, derived values are those room temperature mechanical property values that are established through their relationship to directly calculated (or specification) values for room temperature  $F_{tu}$  and  $F_{ty}$ . The guidelines for the presentation of data are described in Chapter 9, Section 9.2.9.1, of MIL-HDBK-5 and requires at least ten pairs of measurements, each representing a single lot of material.

<sup>(1)</sup> Brownhill, D.J., et al, "Mechanical Properties, Including Fracture Toughness and Fatigue, and Resistance to Stress Corrosion Cracking, of Stress-Relieved Stretched Aluminum Alloy Extrusions", AFML-TR-58-34, Aicoa, February 1978, MCIC No. 71819.

Table 1 shows the test plan to acquire the necessary data. Room temperature tensile, compression, and bearing data for five lots (heats) were available in reference (1). Shear data were available for three lots in longitudinal direction and two lots in long transverse direction in reference (1). The data in reference (1) covered the following thicknesses: 0.064, 0.083, 0.430 0.500, and 2.562 inches. Therefore, to span the thickness range through 2.562 inches, seven lots of extrusions preferably between 0.500 and 2.562 inches in thickness were needed. A request was made to aerospace companies participating in the MIL-HDBK-5 program for test material. Since the T42 temper is a "heattreated-by-user temper", it was believed that representative T42 material would be obtained from aerospace companies.

<u>Material</u> - Only the Boeing Company could supply test material. Seven heats of extrusions in various thicknesses were received from Boeing as follows:

Size, in.	Shape	Supplier	Lot No.
1 x 2-1/4	Rectangle	Alcoa	38971 <del>9</del>
1-1/4 x 2-1/4	Rectangle	Alcoa	
1-1/2 x 2-1/2	Rectangle	Alcoa	356925
1-3/4 x 3	Rectangle	Martin Marietta	89/551089
2 x 2	Square	Alcoa	354753
5/16 x 2 x 3	Angle	Alcoa	E93641A
	Zee	Conalco	93162P-N

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The test material was produced to QQ-A-220/3 and represented three suppliers. Boeing heat treated the extrusions to the T42 temper.

Test Specimens - Since single tests were used in reference (1). single tests were utilized in this program so as to avoid bias of the data. The configurations of the test specimens are shown in Figures 1 through 4. Because of the size and configuration of the extrusions, subsize tes' specimens were required. In order to minimize test variables, the configu.stion and size of the test specimens were similar to those used in reference (1). Longitudinal specimens were machined from the following locations:

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		Location o Specimen Wit Thickness (T) of Predomin	f Axis of h Respect To and Width (W) ant Section
Thickness, in.	<u>Thickness</u>	Wid < 1.500 in.	th >1.500 in.
< 0.500	T/2		
0.500 to 1.500 incl.	T/2	W/2	W/4
> 1.500	T/4		W/4

All long transverse specimens were taken from the T/2 location. These specimen locations were the same as those used in reference (1). Specific locations of the test specimens are shown in Figures 5 through 18.

<u>Testing</u> - All specimens were tested at room temperature in the "as received" T42 temper in accordance with the procedures described in Appendix A. The results of the mechanical property tests are shown in Table 2. All lots conformed to the minimum longitudinal tensile properties specified in CQ-A-200/3.

<u>Analysis</u> - As previously indicated, derived values refer to those room temperature mechanical property values that are established through their relationships to directly calculated (or specification) values for room temperature  $F_{tu}$  and  $F_{ty}$ . The procedure is applicable to  $F_{cy}$ ,  $F_{gu}$ ,  $F_{bru}$ , and  $F_{bry}$  and involves the pairing of SUS and BUS measurements with TUS measurements for which  $F_{tu}$  has been established. Likewise, CYS and BYS measurements are paired with TYS measurements for which  $F_{ty}$  has been established. Tensile properties in grain directions not covered by specification are also derived in a similar manner.

Using the above relationships, reduced ratios for the various "unknown" properties were determined using the computational procedure described in Chapter 9, Section 9.2.9.2 of MIL-HDBK-5. The specified test direction for extrusions is longitudinal. Consequently, the individual test values for longitudinal and long transverse compression yield and bearing yield strength were paired with the corresponding individual test values for longitudinal tensile yield strength. Similarly, the longitudinal and long transverse shear and bearing ultimate values were paired to the corresponding longitudinal tensile ultimate values. Long transverse tensile yield and ultimate strength values were paired to corresponding longitudinal tensile properties. The tensile, compression, shear and bearing ratios are shown in Table 3 for the material tested. Keduced ratios were computed using the following equation when the ratios did not vary with thickness:

$$R = \overline{r} - \frac{t_{0.95^{5}}}{\sqrt{n}}$$

where R = reduced ratio

- $\overline{\mathbf{r}}$  = average of n ratios
- s = standard deviation of the ratios
- t<sub>0.95</sub> the 0.95 fractile of the t distribution corresponding to n-l degrees of freedom
  - n = number of ratios.

When the ratio varied with thickness, the following equation was used in regression analysis:

$$R = \tilde{r}' - t_{0.95} s' \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} + \frac{(x_0 - \Sigma x/n)^2}{(\Sigma x^2) - (\Sigma x)^2/n}}$$

where R = reduced ratio

- $\bar{r}' = mean ratio for specific thickness, x_0$
- s' = standard error of estimate
- t0.95 = the 0.95 fractile of the t distribution corresponding to n-2 degrees of freedom
  - n = number of ratios
  - x<sub>o</sub> = specific thickness
  - x = individual thickness values for ratios.

A computer program was used cc perform the analysis. The results are shown in Tables 4 through 8. A plot of ratio versus thickness is depicted in Figures 19 through 28. A summary of the computed reduced ratios is presented in Ta-9.

All of the reduced ratios, except CYS(L)/TYS(L) and SUS(L)/TUS(L), exhibited regression with increasing thickness. Due to the severity of the regression for some properties, it was decided to present design values in 1/4-inch increments up to 2-1/2 inches in thickness. The reduced ratios in Table 9 were multiplied by the TUS(L) or TYS(L) specification value to obtain the design values shown in Table 10. Normally, shear and bearing allowables are not shown by grain direction. The lower reduced ratio for either grain direction was used to compute the design value for shear ultimate strength. Existing Table 3.2.3.0(j) has been revised to delete the T42 (remper and the revision is designated Table 3.2.3.0(j<sub>1</sub>) as illustrated in Table 11.

TABLE 1. TEST PLAN FOR 2024-T42 EXTRUSIONS

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Thickness . Inches	Grain Direction	Tensile	Compression	Shear	e/0 = 1.5	Bearing e/D = 2/0
		•				
0.064		×	×	•	×	×
	L1	×	×	•	×	×
0.083		×	×	•	×	×
	Ľ	×	×		×	×
0 313		:	Q	0	0	•
	5	•	0	•	•	0
0.430	ر.	×	×	×	×	×
	-1	×	×	×	×	×
0.500		×	×	×	×	×
	11	×	×		×	×
1.000		•	0	0	0	0
	13	•	o	۰	•	0
1.250		0	0	0	0	•
	11	•	0	0	•	o
1.500		٥	٥	•	o	•
	5	0	0	0	•	0
1.700	<b>.</b>	•	0	o	c	0
	11	•	0	0	0	0
1.750		•	0	•	0	٥
	L	•	0	0	0	•
2.000	-	۰	0	o	o	ø
	11	0	0	o	0	0
2.562		×	×	×	×	×
	1	×	×	×	×	×

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\*\* O-data to be obtained from testing.

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				Tensil	ŧ	Comp.	Shear	Bearing e/	0 - 1.5	Bearing e/(	0 - 2.0
Section Thickness, Inches	Location	Grain Direction	Ultimate Strength, ksi	Yleld Strength, ksi	Elong- ation. X	Yield Strength, ksi	Ultimate Strength, ksi	Ultimata Strength, ksi	Vield Strength, ksi	Ultimate Strength, ksi	Yield Strength. ksi
0.313	T/2, W/2		64.0	41.9	26.0	44.5	45.1	102.9	67.1	126.6	86.6
0.313	1/2	5	67.3	42.7	14.0	45.3	41.8	•	,	•	•
1.000	T/2, W/4	ر	67.5	42.7	24.0	45.8	42.9	102.9	ו.וי	128.7	84.7
1.005	1/2	5	62.1	40.4	14.0	43.5	40.8	•		•	•
1.250	1/2, W/4	۔	80.7	55.6	18.0	58.1	43.0	109.0	70.4	136.8	1.09
1.250	1/2	5	70.1	46.5	20.0	49.7	43.7		•		•
1.500	T/2, W/4	_	82.2	57.3	18.0	59.3	41.4	107.9	69.7	139.1	86.0
1.500	1/2	L1	67.7	46.5	12.0	50.2	43.0	•	,		
1.700	T/4, W/4	ر	77.6	52.7	16.0	53.6	41.0	108.7	68.9	0.161	86.4
1.700	1/2	5	63.5	45.2	8.0	46.8	40.6	•	•	•	
1.750	T/4. W/4	ر	79.2	55.0	14.0	57.6	40.7	104.7	66.4	128.7	86.7
1.750	1/2	5	63.8	45.2	7.0	47.9	40.9	•			
2.000	T/4, H/4	-	78.7	54.2	20.0	55.8	42.3	90.6	58.4	6.111	74.8
7.000	1/2	5	63.7	43.3	6.0	46.2	41.6	1	•	•	•

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TENSILE, COMPRESSION, SHEAR, AND BEARING RATIOS FOR 2024-T42 EXTRUSIONS TABLE 3.

- 2.0 BYS(L)	TYS(L)	2.067	1.984	1.621	1.490	1.639	1.576	1.380
e/D - BUS(L)	TUS(L)	1.978	1.907	1.695	1.692	1.688	1.625	1.422
1.5 BYS(L)	TYS(L)	1.601	1.665	1.266	1.208	1.307	1.207	1.077
<u>e/D</u> BUS(L)	TUS(1.)	1.608	1.524	1.351	1.313	104.1	1.322	1.151
SUS(LT)	<u>TUS (L)</u>	0.653	0.604	0.542	0.523	0.523	0.516	0.529
SUS(L)	<u>TUS(L)</u>	0.705	0.636	0.533	0.504	0.528	0.514	0.537
CYS(1,T)	TYS(1.)	1.081	1.019	0.894	0.870	0.926	0.871	0.852
CYS(L)	<u>TYS(L)</u>	1.062	1.073	1.045	1.028	1.017	1.047	1.030
TYS(LT)	TYS(1.)	1.019	0.946	0.836	0.806	0.858	0.822	0.799
TIIS (L.T.)	TUS(L)	1.052	0.920	0.869	0.824	0.818	0.806	0.809
	l.oc#tion	T/2, W/2 T/2	T/2, 4/4 T/2	T/2, W/4 T/2	T/2, W/4 T/2	T/4, W/4 T/2	T/4, 4/4 T/2	T/4, 4/4 T/2
Section Thickness	Inches	0.313	1.000	1.250	1.500	1.700	1.750	2,000

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	2024-T42		
	TUS(LT)/TUS(L)	TYS(LT)/TYS(L)	THICKNESS
1	1.063	.978	•064 (from ref (1))
2 -	1.015	1.019	• 083 (from ref (1))
3	1.052	1.019	•313
4	•996	.990	•436 (from ref (1))
5	. 897	.872	• 566 (from ref (1))
6	• 920	•946	1.500
7	.869	.836	1.250
8	.824	+825	1.500
9	.818	.858	1.766
10	.606	•822	1.750
11	.889	<b>-</b> 799	2.000
12	•747	•774	2.562 (from ref.(1))

## TABLE 4. LIST OF RATIOS VERSUS THICKNESS FOR

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TABLE 4. CONTINUED
STATISTICS FOR THE PLOT OF TUS(LT)/TUS(L)
VERSUS THICKNESS FOR
2024-T42 EXTRUSION
REGRESSED LINE IS
Y = 1.03671235 X (THICKNESS)
NUMBER OF DATA= 12
STANDARD DEVIATION OF $Y = -1772$
STANDARD ERROR OF ESTIMATE
TOR EFFECTIVE SURTIER ABOUT THE LINET = .0358
R-SQUARED STATISTIC= 88.87
95 PERCENT T FACTOR= 1.812
95 PERCENT CONF.
LIMITS ON B(1) ARE 1.0046 AND 1.0687
AND ON B(2) ARE1472 AND0997
SIGNIFICANT REGRESSION YES
HEAR AND REDUCED RAITO FOR SECECIED INTERNESSES
THICKNESS HEAN RATIO REDUCED RATIO
.250 1.016 .978
•500 •975 •951 750 •966 •975
• 178 • 944 • 924

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.250	1.006	.978	
.500	.975	.951	
•750	.944	• 924	
1.000	.913	. 894	
1.250	.552	. 863	
1.500	.951	.630	
1.750	.321	.795	
2.000	.790	• 761	
2.250	.759	.726	
2.566	.728	• 690	
2.750	.697	.654	
3.000	.656	.617	

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1. 1. 1. 2.		
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1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
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; ;		
	TABLE 4. CONCLUDED	
	STATISTICS FOR THE PLOT OF TYS(LT)/TYS(L)	
,	VERSUS THICKNESS FOR 2024-142 Extrusion	
-	REGRESSED LINE IS	
. 1	Y = 1.00230995 X (THICKNESS)	
i	NUMBER OF DATA= 12	
	STANDARD DEVIATION CF Y = .0913	
	STANDARD ERROR OF ESTIMATE	
i	(UR EFFECTIVE SCATTER ABOUT THE LINE) = .0423	
į	R-SOUARED STATISTIC= 78.57	
i	95 PERCENT T FACTOR= 1.812	
i	95 PERCENT CONF. Limits on B(1) Are .9644 And 1.0412	
	AND ON B(2) ARE1276 AND6715	
	SIGNIFICANT REGRESSION YES	
-	•	
•	MEAN AND REDUCED RATID FOR SELECTED THICKNESSES	
•	THICKNESS HEAN RATIG REDUCED RATIO	
- 1	.250 .977 .945 .500 .953 .925	
	.750 .928 .964	
	1.250 .878 .855	
	1.500 .853 .828	
' '	1.755 .828 .799 2.000	
	2.250 .778 .739	
. 1	2.500 .754 .708	
	2.750 .729 .677	
Ŋ	3.000 .704 .646	. 1.4
4		100 ( 100 )
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TABLE 5. LIST OF RATIOS VERSUS THICKNESS FOR 2024-T42 EXTRUSION

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	CYS(L)/TYS(L)	CYS(LŢ)/TYS(L)	THICKNESS
1	1.807	1.067	.064 (from ref.(1))
2	1.058	1.055	.083 (from ref.(1))
3	1.062	1.081	.313
4	1.025	1.050	.43( (from ref. (1))
5	1.007	0.000	.500 (from ref.(1))
6	1.073	1.019	1.000
7	1.045	.894	1.250
8	1.028	•87C	1.500
9	1.017	• \$26	1.702
10	1.047	.871	1.755
11	1.030	. 852	2.020
12	• 976	.814	2.562 (from ref.(1))

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#### TABLE 5. CONTINUED

STATISTICS FOR THE PLOT OF CYS(L)/TYS(L) VERSUS THICKNESS FOR 2024-T42 EXTRUSION

 $\frac{\text{REGRESSED LINE IS}}{Y = 1.6446 - .6122 \times (THICKNESS)}$ 

NUMBER OF DATA= 12

STANDARD DEVIATION OF Y = .0275

STANDARD ERROR OF ESTIMATE (OR EFFECTIVE SCATTER ABOUT THE LINE) = .0269

R-SQUARED STATISTIC= 4.73

95 PERCENT T FACTOR= 1.812

95 PERCENT CONF. LIMITS ON 8(1) ARE 1.0206 AND 1.0687 AND GN 8(2) ARE -.0300 AND .0056

SIGNIFICANT REGRESSION ND

MEAN RATIO= 1.031 REVISED T\_STATISTIC= 1.795\_\_\_\_\_ Reduced Ratio= 1.017

TABLE 5. CONCLUDED STATISTICS FOR THE PLCT OF CYS(LT)/TYS(L) VERSUS THICKNESS FOR 2024-T42 EXTRUSION REGRESSED LINE IS Y = 1.0647 -. 1132 X (THICKNESS) NUMBER OF DATA= 11 STANDARD DEVIATION OF Y = .1304 STANDARD ERROR OF ESTIMATE (OR EFFECTIVE SCATTER ABOUT THE \_INE) = .0337 R-SQUARED STATISTIC= 88.75 95 PERCENT T FACTOR= 1.633 95 PERCENT CONF. LIMITS ON B(1) ARE 1.0521 AND 1.1172 AND ON 9(2) ARE -.1365 AND -.0900 SIGNIFICANT REGRESSION YES MEAN AND REDUCED RATIO FOR SFLECTED THICKNESSES THICKNESS HEAN RATIO REDUCED RATIC 1.056 1.028 ·250 .500 1.026 1.004 .750 1.000 .979 1.900 .971 .953 1.250 . 943 .924 1.500 .915 .895 1.750 .887 .863 2.000 .856 .631 2.250 .830 .798 .765 2.500 .502 2.750 .773 .732 3.000 .745 .698

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1234567890	TABLE 6.	LIST OF RATI 2024-T42 	OS VERSUS TAICKNESS FOR EXTRUSION SUS(LT)/TUS(L) -653 -525 -000 -604 -542 -523 -516 -529 -469	THICKNESS .313 .430 (from re .006 1.250 1.500 1.750 2.000 2.562 (from re
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TABLE 6. CONTINUED

STATISTICS FOR THE PLOT OF SUS(L)/TUS(L) VERSUS THICKNESS FOR 2024-T42 EXTRUSION

REGRESSED LINE IS Y = .6140 -. 2521 X (THICKNESS) NUMBER OF DATA= 10 STANDARD DEVIATION OF Y = .0703 STANDARD ERROR OF ESTIMATE (OR EFFECTIVE SCATTER ABOUT THE LINE) = . 1623 R-SCUARED STATISTIC= 21.45 95 PERCENT T FACTOR= 1.868 95 PERCENT CONF. LIMITS ON S(1) ARE .5370 AND ·6910 .0000 AND ON B(2) ARE -.1041 AND SIGNIFICANT REGRESSION NO

MEAN RATIO= .546 REVISED T STATISTIC= 1.833 REDUCED RATIO= .506

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	TABLE 6. CONCLUDED
	STATISTICS FOR THE PLOT OF SUS(LT)/TUS(L)
	VERSUS THICKNESS FOR
	2024-142 EXIRUSION
5.	
É	$\frac{\text{REVRESSED LINE IS}{Y = -62Ce - 5562 \times (THTCHNESS)}$
	NUMBER OF DATA= 9
	STANDARD DEVILTION OF Y = 19540
5	
	STANDARD ERRCE OF ESTIMATE
312-1	TUK EFFELIIVE SUATTER ABOUT THE LINE)= .C377
	R-SOUARED STATISTIC= 51.29
	37 MERULAI 1 FAU UME 1.305
	95 PERCENT CONF.
	LIMITS ON B(1) ARE .5645 AND .6771
	ANU UN SICI ARE0926 ANU0195
*****	SIGNIFICANT REGRESSION YES
1	
•	MEAN AND REDUCED RATIO FOR SELECTED THICKNESSES
	THT WEESS HEAR DITIO SEDUCED BATTO
Ĕ	MICHNESS MEAN RATIO REJUED RATIO
	• 250 • 607 • 558 • 533 • 567 • 558
	•750 •579 •545
	1.396 .565 .536
í :	1.253 .551 .525
, j	1.750 .522 .494
	2.535 .558 .475
L. du	2.250 .494 .454
With I	2.750 .453 .453
1	3.:35 .452 .383
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	BUS(L)/TUS(L)1.5	BYS(L)/TYS(L)1.5	THICKNESS
1	1.597	1.692	.064 (from ref.(1))
-2		<u>1.779</u>	
3	1.605	1.601	.313
	<u> </u>		
5	1.347	1.347	.500 (from ref. (1))
-6			1.000
7	1.351	1.266	1.250
-8			
9	1.401	1.307	1.700
-19			-1.758
11	1 • 151	1.077	2.000

## TO BLE 7. LIST OF RATIOS VERSUS THICKNESS FOR 2024-T42 EXTRUSION

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TABLE	7. CONTINUED	
STATISTICS FOP THE	PLOT OF BUS (L)/TUS(L)1.5	
2024-742		
PEGRESSED LINE I		
	1 1208 X-{[HICKNESS}	
	EON-OF	
OR EFFECTIVE ST	CATTER ABOUT THE LINE) = .0942	2
P-SQUARED STATIS	STIC= 50.20	
95 PFRCENT T F4	CTOR= 1.812	
95 PFRCENT CONT.	•	
LIMITS-ON-E(1)- AND ON E(2)	I <del>RE1825</del> AND0574	
SIGNIFICANI RES	ESSION YES	
MEAN AND REDUCES	D RATIO FOR SELECTED THICKNES	SSE
THICKNESS	MEAN RATIO REDUCED RATIO	
.500	1.471 1.409	_
1.000	1.411 1.367	
1.500	1.351 1.296	
	1.321 1.257	
2.000	1.291 1.216	_
2.500		
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TABLE 7. CONCLUDED

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STATISTICS FOR THE PLOT OF BYSILI/TYSIL11.5 VEXSUS THICKNESS FOR 2024-T42 EXTRUSION

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REGRESSED	LINE IS
¥.•	1.6446 ~.2146 X-(FHIGKNESS)

R-SQUARED STATISTIC= 57.37

95 PERCENT T FACTOR= 1.812

95 FERCENT CON". LIMITS-ON-E11)-4RE---1-5126--4ND---1-7767----AMD ON B(2) 4RE --3124 AND --1168

SIGNIFICANT REGRESSION YES

MEAN AL	ND REDUCED	FATIC	FOR	SELECTED	THICKNESSES

#### THICKNESS MEAN RATIO REDUCED RATIO

.500	1.537	1.441	
1.000	1.430	1.352	
1.500	1.323	1.236	
2.000	1.215	1.098	
 			·
2.500	1.108	.951	
3.000	1.001	.799	

		_		
		UPDOUG THICKNEES FOR		
	TABLE 8. LIST OF RATIOS	VERSUS INICALESS FOR		
	2024-142 EX	IRUSION		
	BUS(L)/TUS(L)2.0	BYS (LI/TYS(L)2.0	THICKNESS	
1	1- 894	1,953	n6: (from	ref.(]
-ē-			(from	ref ()
3	1.975	2.067	.313	
-4-				ref.(]
5	1.614	1.646	.500 (from	ref.(]
-6	<u>1+90</u> 7		-1.000	
7	1.695	1.621	1.250	
			-1.500	
à	1.693	1.639	1.700	
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TABLE	8. CONTINUED		
ATISTICS FOF THE	PLOT OF BUS	(L)/TUS(L)2.0	
2024-142	EXTRUSION		
REGRESSED LINE I			
<u>Y-=</u> 1.954	<del>7 1264 - X</del>	(THICKNESS)	
NUMBER OF DATA=			
-STANDARD-DEVIATI	ON-OF-Y	•1545	_
STANDARD ERROR-			
OR FFFECTIVE S	CATTER ABOUT	THE LINE)= .1198	
R-SOUARED STATES	STIC= 39.91		
95 PERCENT T FAS	TOR= 1.812		
95 PERCENT CONT.	- <u>-</u> <u>-</u>		
-LIMIS-ON-3(1)-1	125 - 2050	-4N3	
SIGNIFICANT RES	RESSION YES	s	
NEAN AND REDUCE.	D RATIO FOR S	SELECTED THICKNESS	
THICKNESS	MEAN RATIO	REDUCED RATIO	
.500	1.892	1.723	
	1.738		
1.500	1.675	1.605	
			_
	1.012 	1+71/ 	
2.500	1.549	1.421	
2.750			

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TABLE 8. C	ONCLUDED
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STATISTICS FOR THE PLOT OF BYS(L)/TYS(L)2.0 VERSUS THECKNESS FOR 2024-T42 EXTRUSION

REGRESSED LINE IS \*----

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NUMBER OF CATA: 12

-STANGARD-DEVIATION-OF-Y-=----2394---

STANEARD-EPROR-OF-ESTIMATE-(OR EFFECTIVE SCATTER ABOUT THE LINE)= -1535

R-SQUARED STATISTIC= 58.89

95 PERCENT T FACTOR= 1.812

95 FERCENT CONT. LIMITS-ON-BII--1+ <del>2503 - 1ND -</del> -2-1253-AND ON 6(2) APE -.3319 AND -.1282

SIGNIFICANT REGRESSION YES

MEAN AND FEDUCED RATIO FOR SELECTED THICKNESSES

THICKNESS MEAN RATIO PEDUCED FATIO 

 		181-3	
• 500	1.873	1.772	
1.000	1.758	1.677	
1.500	1.643	1.553	
2.000	1.528	1.406	
 2-250			
2.500	1.413	1.249	
3.000	1.295	1.088	

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COMPUTTD REDUCED RATIOS\* FOR 2024-T42 FXTRUSIONS TABLE 9.

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					-	hickness	t. Inches				
Property Rafio	Rat lo	<0.244	0.250-	0.500-	0.750-	1.000-1	1.250- 1.499	1.749	1.999	2.249	2.499
TUS(LT)/TUS(L)	1	0.978	0.951	0.925	0.894	0.863	0.830	0.796	0.761	0.726	0.690
TYS (I.T) /TYS (I.)	1	0.945	0.925	0.904	0.881	0.855	0.828	0.799	0.770	0.739	0.708
CYS(L)/TYS(L)	1	1.017	1.017	1.017	1.017	1.017	1.017	1.017	1.017	1.017	1.017
CYS (1.T) /TYS (L)	ł	1.028	1.004	0.979	0.953	0.924	0.895	0.863	0.831	0.798	0.765
(1) SUT (1) SUS	1	0.506	0.506	0.506	0.506	0.506	0.506	0.506	0.506	0.506	0.506
SUS (1,T) /TUS (1,)	ł	0.558	0.552	0.545	0.536	0.525	0.511	0.494	0.475	0.454	0.433
BUS (L) /TUS (L)	1.5	1.429	1.409	1.387	1.362	1.331	1.296	1.257	1.216	1.174	1.131
BYS(L)/TYS(L)	1.5	1.478	1.441	1.399	1.352	1.298	1.236	1.169	1.098	1.025	0.951
HUS(I.)/TUS(I.)	2.0	1.741	1.723	1.74:	1.675	1.643	1.605	1.562	1.517	1.469	1.421
BYS(L)/TYS(L)	2.0	1.813	1.772	<u>1.7</u> 2 -	1.677	1.618	1.553	1.481	1.406	1.328	1.249

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\* Underlined . 'rios used to compute design values.

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## TABLE 10. PROPOSED MIL-HDBK-5 TABLE 3.2.3.0(12)

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TABLE 3.2.3.0(j2).	Design Mechanical and Physical Properties of
-	2024 Aluminum Alloy (Extrusions) - Continued

Specification	QQ-A-200/3									
Form			Extr	uded, b	ars, r	ods, an	d shap	es		
Condition	742 <sup>#</sup>									
Cross-sectional area, in. <sup>2</sup>					<2	5				
Thickness or diameter, in	<u>&lt;</u> 0.249	0.250-	0.500- 0.7 <u>49</u>	0.750- 0.999	1.000- 1.249	1.250-	1.500- 1.749	1.750-	2.000- 2.249	2,250-
Basis	S	s	s	s	s	S	\$	s	s	s
Properties: P <sub>tu</sub> , ksi: L LT	57 55	57 54	57 52	57 51	57 49	57 47	\$7 45	57 43	57 41	57 39
P <sub>ty</sub> , ksi: L LT	38 36	38 35	38 34	38 33	38 32	38 3.	38 30	38 29	38 28	38 27
F <sub>cy</sub> , ksi: L LT	38 39	38 38	38 37	38 36	38 35	38 34	38 33	38 31	38 30	38 29
<pre>% ksi</pre>	29 81 99	29 80 98	29 79 97	29 77 95	29 76 93	29 74 91	23 71 89	27 69 86	26 67 83	24 64 81
F, b, ks1: (e/D = 1.5) e/D = 2.0)	56 69	55 67	53 65	51 63	49 61	47 59	44 56	41 53	39 50	36 47
e, percent: L LT	12 	12 	12 	10 	10 	10 	10 	10 	10 	10 
E, 10 <sup>3</sup> ksi E, 10 <sup>3</sup> ksi C, 10 <sup>3</sup> ksi C, K, and a				See	10. 11. 4. 0. Figure	8 0 1 33 3.2.3.	0.			

These allowables apply when samples of material supplied in the 0 or F temper are heat treated to demonstrate response to heat treatment. Properties obtained by the user however, may be lower than those listed if the material has been formed or otherwise cold or hot worked, particularly in the manealed temper, prior to solution heat treatment.

<sup>b</sup>Bearing values are "dry pin" values per Section 1.4.7.1.

TABLE 11. PROPOSED MIL-HDBK-5 TABLE 3.2.3.0(J1)

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Form							İ	i	-				1.11.11.1				
Temper						Π	Ē	101	Ê	F						6510 and	181
Thickness, In.			•	230.	6	8	07	ŝ	-	Ś		8	1 500	3 000	0 050.	0.250.	1.500.
	Ĭ	2	õ	<u>e</u>	9	ş	-	\$	5 2	8	4 4	6	2.999	4.499	0.249	1.499	4.500
urost-sectional area, in. <sup>2</sup>				v	2					V	2		~ `	5.		ę	
Basis	<	=	<	=	<	=	<	=	1	=	<	=	<b>_</b>	2		, ,	
Mechanical properties						Γ			Γ	Γ	T						
L	53	Z	09	62	60	62	65	20	20	1	20	14	×,	44			:
LT	5	38	ŝ	5	X	ŝ	ž	Ş	\$	5	3	: 2	: 7	: 2	52	5 3	8 2
Fry. bol:		4	1	;	;	;	;	3	:	:	:		:	:			;
1	19	-	-	; ;	: >	2	5 5	. :	2 9		2 2	7 :	<b>.</b>	<b>;</b>	5	<b>X</b> :	2
Fey. kal:				!		:	;	;	:	;	;	;	•	9	2	5	27
L	5	8	5	5	ñ	ę	Ŧ	ŧ	Ŷ	3	\$	-	÷	45	5	ş	Ş
LT	Ŧ	÷	Ŧ	÷	ş	ę	ę	÷	Ŧ	ŧ	ŧ	ŧ	5	2	: >	2	; 2
5 tul	ຄ	2	5	2	2	2	5	ñ	5	ę.	=	:	3	ñ	ň	5	
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(6.0-1.5)	2	8	E.	Ē	ž	ő	Z	ç	۴.	5	ź	5	ź	2	2	\$6	92
(c/D=2.0)	5	Ξ	5	Ξ	5	2	5	=	Ξ	<u> </u>	3	-	NO1	Ś	12	121	117
101) - 1 41	1	•	ť	9	3	-	;	;		-			ļ				
(e/D=2 0)		2	3				2	2	2 2	5 5	2 7	22	:		2	21	82
r, percent (3 Basta) i						:	:	-	:	}	:				ŝ	ç	ş
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LT	:	:	•	:	¢		~		2		~		:	:	:	• :	• :
E, 10º tul:									ĺ		Ē				1	1	
G. 10 <sup>4</sup> Mi												_					
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TYPE	L	G	F	D	THREAD
1	2"	5/8"	11/16"	1/2"	1/2 - 13 NC
2	2 1/4"	5/8"	13/16"	1/2"	1/2 - 13 NC
3	2 1/2"	5/8"	15/16"	1/2"	1/2 - 13 NC
4	2 1/2"	5/8"	15/16"	3/8"	3/8 - 16 NC
A-1209	3"	1 1/4"	7/8"	1/2"	1/2 - 13 NC

Figure 1. Tensile Specimen


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TYPE	L	D
1	1 1/2"	.500"
2	1"	.313"

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Figure 3. Shear Specimen

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TYPE	¥	e e/D = 1.5	e e/D = 2.0	t
1	1"	.375	.500	.063"
2	1 1/8"	.375	.500	.074"
3	1 1/4"	.375	.500	.074"
4	1 1/2"	.375	.500	.074"

Figure 4. Bearing Specimen

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Figure 6. Location of Longitudinal Specimens For 1" x 2-1/2" Bar





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Figure 17. Location of Longitudinal Specimens For Zee



















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Ti-6Al-2Sn-4Zr-2Mo Titanium Alloy Sheet

## Background

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MIL-HDBK-5 currently contains in Table 5.3.3.0(b) A and B values for tensile yield and ultimate strength: for Ti-6Al-2Sn-4Zr-2Mo duplex annealed sheet, but does not have compression, shear, and bearing data. This material is being considered for use in several advanced aircraft and missiles in elevated temperature applications. Consequently, it was desirable to establish the missing design properties for this material.

A literature search revealed that room and elevated temperature tensile, compression, shear, and bearing data for Ti-6A1-2Sn-4Zr-2Mo duplex annealed sheet were available in reference (2). Since the data contained in this reference were insufficient to meet the MIL-HDBK-5 guideline requirements, it was necessary to conduct a test program to resolve this matter.

Test Tian. As defined in Chapter 1, Section 1.4.3 of MIL-HDBK-5, derived values are those room temperature mechanical property values that are established through their relationship to directly calculated (or specification) values for room temperature  $F_{tu}$  and  $F_{ty}$ . The guidelines for the presentation of data are described in Chapter 9, Section 9.2.9.1, of MIL-HDBK-5 and require at least ten pairs of measurements, each representing a single lot of material. Table 1 shows the test plan to acquire the necessary data. Although data were available from reference (2) for one lot of material, it was decided to procure ten lots of material because the test material in reference (C) had been produced over 14 years ago and the silicon content was not known. MIL-HDBK-5 contains elevated temperature tensile yield and ultimate strength data. It was decided to perform testing so that elevated temperature compression yield and shear ultimate strength data could be included in MIL-HDBK-5. The test plan was designed so as to utilize test material which could be procured immediately.

<u>Haterial</u>. Rockwell International Corporation, Military Aircraft Division (Columbus, Ohio) supplied at no cost five lots of material in 0.071, 0.080, 0.090, 0.100, and 0.125-inch thicknesses. This material had been produced by RMI to a Rockwell specification, which was equivalent to MIL-T-9046 except requiring a silicon content of 0.06-0.10 percent. Five additional sheet thicknesses; 0.030, 0.040, 0.050, 0.055 and 0.062, were procured from TIMET to MIL-T-9046, Type III, Comp. 6, except silicon content was specified as 0.06-0.10 percent. Each sheet thickness constituted a different heat except for 0.055 and 0.063-finch thicknesses which were from the same heat.

(2) Dotson, C.L., "Mechanica' and T' Titanium Alloys", Sout' (MCIC 68426).

roperties of High-Temperature
Austitute, AFML-TR-67-41 (April 1967),

The material was supplied in the duplex annealed condition. This thermal treatment consisted of 1650 F for 1/2-hour, air cool, 1450 F for 1-4/hour and air cool.

Test Specimens. Triplicate tests were used as shown in Table 12. The configurations of the test specimens are shown in Figures 29 through 32. The location of the test specimens on the sheet is depicted in Figures 33 through 37.

Testing. All specimens were tested in L.C. "as received" duplex auncaled condition in accordance with the procedures described in Appendix A. The results of the mechanical property tests are shown in Table 13. All lots conformed to the minimum tensile properties specified in ML-T-9046.

Great difficulty was experienced with the shear testing. All of planned shear specimens had long transverse grain orientation. The first specimen tested was A<sup>-1</sup> (0.030-inch) thick. Severe deformation occurred around test holes (see Figure 31 for specimen configuration) and examination of fracture surfaces revealed that the fracture was not totally by shear. A thicker specimen, GT1 (0.080-inch thick) was tested next to determine if the problem would prevail in thicker specimens. Again, severe deformation in test area was observed with circuitous cracks between the test holes. To further determine whether thickness of specimen was a factor, specimen JT1 (0.125-inch thick) was tested with similar results.

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There are no published specifications for shear testing and test specimer configuration. The shear specimen configuration shown in Figure 3 has been used successfully for a large number of different metallic materials over an extended period of time. Problems in obtaining a shear failure have only been encountered in the past with materials with a very low yield strength (30-50 Ksi). Reducing the width between the test holes has been effective in the past in producing shear failures in low yield strength materials.

Consequently, the width between the test holes on specimen GT2 (0.080-inch thick) was reduced from 0.190 to 0.150-inch by machining, but this change did not produce a shear failure. The same procedure was used on specimen JT2 (0.125-inch thick) without success. The width between the test holes on specimen HT1 (0.090-inch thick) was reduced to 0.100-inch; on specimens ET1 (0.063-inch thick) and GT3 (0.080-inch thick), the test width was reduced to 0.075-inch, but none of these modifications produced a shear failure.

It was thought that possibly shear failures could be obtained with longitudinal specimens. Longitudinal specimens were machined from 0.100-inch thick sheet with test widths of 0.124 and 0.228-inch and tested without success. On the third specimen, the original 0.190-inch test width was reduced to 0.120inch using a jeweler's saw with 0.008-inch diameter blade in an effort to increase

<u>Analysis</u>. As previously indicated, derived values refer to those room temperature mechanical property values that are established through their relationships to directly calculated (or specification) values for room temperature  $F_{tu}$  and  $F_{ty}$ . The procedure is applicable to  $F_{cy}$ ,  $F_{su}$ ,  $F_{bru}$ , and  $F_{bry}$ and involves the pairing cf SUS and BUS measurements with TUS measurements for which  $F_{tu}$  has been established. Likewise, CYS and BYS measurements are paired with TYS measurements for which  $F_{ty}$  has been established. Tensile properties in grain directions not covered by specification are also derived in a similar manner.

Using the above relationships, reduced ratios for the various "unknown" properties were determined using the computational procedure described in Chapter 9, Section 9.2.9.2 of MIL-HDBK-5. The primary test direction for sheet is long transverse. Consequently, the lot average test values for longitudinal and long transverse compression yield and long transverse bearing yield strength were paired with the corresponding lot average test values for long transverse tensile yield strength. Similarly, the long transverse bearing ultimate values were paired to the corresponding long transverse tensile ultimate values. Reduced ratios were computed using the following equation when the ratios did not vary with thickness:

$$R = \overline{r} - \frac{t_{0.95^{\circ}}}{\sqrt{n}}$$

where P = reduced ratio

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r = average or n ratios

- s = standard deviation of the ratios
- t0.95 = the 0.35 fractile of the t distribution corresponding to n-1 degrees of freedom
  - n = number of ratios.

When the ratio varied with thickness, the following equation was used for regression analysis:

$$R = \bar{r}' - t_{0.95} s' \sqrt{\frac{1}{\bar{n}} + \frac{(x_0 - \bar{z}x/n)^2}{(\bar{z}x^2) - (\bar{z}x)^2/n}}$$

R = reduced ratio

where

 $\overline{r}'$  = mean ratio for specific thickness,  $x_0$ 

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- s' = standard error of estimate
- t0.95 = the 0.95 fractile of the t distribution corresponding to n-2 degrees of freedom
  - n = number of ratios

x = specific thickness

x = individual thickness values for ratios.

A computer program was used to perform the analyses. The results are shown in Tables 14 through 16.

Only the  $\frac{BUS}{BUS}$  ratios showed regression (positive) with increasing thickness as grown in Table 16, and Figures 38 and 39. Because of this regression for the  $\frac{TuS}{TuS}$  ratios, it was decided to present design values for four thickness ranges for sheet. A summary of the computed reduced ratios is presented in Table 17.

MIL-HDBK-5 Table 5.3.3.0(b) does not contain a compression modulus value for Ti-6Al-2Sn-4Zr-2Mo sheet. Consequently, an  $E_c$  value was determined by using the same ratio technique. This computed average ratio for  $\frac{E_c}{E}$  is shown in Table 18. Since moduli are presented as typical values, not minimum, the average ratio was used to compute  $E_c$  value.

The same equation (rot regression) that was used to compute a lower confidence interval (reduced ratio) for compression yield and bearing yield strengths was utilized to compute the lower confidence intervals at each test temperature for compression yield strength. The results of these computations are shown in Table 19.

The effect of temperature on compressive modulus was established by the computations in Table 20. Since the elevated temperature moduli curves in MIL-HDBK-5 are typical, not minimum, the average percentage of room temperature value at each temperature was used.

The reduced ratios in Tables 17 and 18 were used to compute design values in revised Table 5.3.3.0(b) (Table 21) for compression and bearing strength as well as compression molulus value. The compression yield strength lower confidence interval at each temperature was used to construct elevated temperature working curve in Figure 40. The corresponding MIL-HDBK-5 illustration is shown in Figure 41. The elevated temperature compression modulus curve was determined using average percentages shown in Table 20. These percentages were plotted on the existing MIL-HDBK-5 Figure 5.3.3.1.4 for comparison with the elevated temperature tensile modulus curve as depicted in Figure 42. The elevated temperature percentages for compression modulus compared closely with those for tensile modulus. Consequently, the caption for the existing Figure 5.3.3.1.4 has been changed as shown in Figure 43.

ь :	1 1	:	 :		<b>1</b> ,	•	Elevated Trape	rature,
Sheet Thickness	Grain Direction	Traile	Comprenation	Shear	re Bear ing e/b-1.5	Praring e/d=2.0	Comprension	Shear
0.010	- 5	~		-	-	-		
0,040	- 5	-	<b>n</b> r		-	-		
0,050	12			<u></u>	~	ŗ	•	•
6.055	- 2	_			-	-		
0.063	11 1	-	~~	<u>_</u>	~	n		
0.071	- 2		••		n	ŗ		
0.080	- 1	-			n	-	•	<b>^</b>
0.030	- 5	<u> </u>	~~		~	ſ		
0.100	-5	~			~			
0,125	- <u>1</u> :	ņ	•••	n	-	n	<b>•</b>	<b>^</b>
0.040*	- 5	**	**	**	**	**	**	× ĸ

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TABLE 13. MECHANICAL PROPERTIES OF TI-6AL-2SN-4ZR-2M0 SHEET

							Tana and		Compr	noion			a la	
-		Trunel A-	_	Succiment							e/b-1	]	-0/2	•
lint Number	Thickness.	1	Grain Direction	ldent1-	tus, kei	14 14	e, percrnt in 2 in.	10 <sup>5</sup> knL	CYS.	10 <sup>5</sup> E.1	BilS, ket	BYS, kai	BUS. kei	BY5, kei
			د.						158.1 158.3 158.8	19.0				
4-9RA2	0.030	жт		Average	:				158.4	19.0				
				HV LV	131.0	1.631	0.11	2.2 2 2	155.9	18.8	1.712	204.1	243.0	226.2
			ŗ	CIV		143.2	12.5	14.5	154.9	18.6	202.2	197.5	240.4	217.8
									160.5	19.2				
			2	CIE					160.6	19.2				
N-6117	0,0,0	R.		Average	1 821	1 2 4 7		-17.4	1.2	-19.2	11.4	133.9	281.5	761.5
			11	NT2	14.6		12.5		1.021	19.2	230.6	191.3	261.7	235.6
				ET I	149.64	5.191	12.0	0.11	150.4	18.3	8.622	192.5	263.7	217.9
				100				-	155.9	19.1			ſ	
				2					156.4	19.2				
		Ę	:	CI.1 Average					156.3	19.2				
				E	1.11	1.17	5.0	16.5	157.0	9 V 1 U 1 V	241.7	195.0	297.1	220.0
P. 109	020.11		5	16			5.71	14.2	152.7	5.6	236.3	196.8	274.4	235.4
				112					117.1	- <u>()</u>				
		400	1,1	j¥.					116.7					
				AVET BC.	İ			-	9.60	10.7			Ì	
		e,	:	5					102.5	16.9				
		000	:	CT9					102.0	16.7				
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						Traina		Compr	naton		R-R	r Ing	
	Tempera-		Spectmen							•/•	~	2-0/2	0
Thickness.	ture	Grain	Idraft-	1115.	179.	Porrent .		CYS.	2	NIS,	NYS.	8115.	NYS.
Inchen	•	Direction	[ cation	kal	kat	In 2 In.	10,441	ا ; ً	10 101	re Ker	Į	ki l	191
			C110					A RC	13.6				
	908	5	111.)					1.10	5.5				
			CT17					ų,	2.2				
0.050			AVELASe	1	1	1	1	1.12		Î			
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	1000	5	į										
			Average					e e					
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								2 7 7	-				
	-												
				173-7	11.7. 1		-1.11-	0.09	11.6	2.4.2	194.0	274.2	236.6
			117			0.1		160.6	19.4	1.4.6	120.5	2RR.1	0.445
		5	1	141.4	1/1.8	2	17.5	160.7	19.5	1.4.5	190.2	790.A	219.0
			AVERAGE	1/19.5	141.7	14.0	5.71	160.4	19.4	2.74.9	191.6	284.4	239.6
			1.11	:				145.4	14.2				
			<i>1</i> .7					141.5	18.3				
		.:	E.5					146.5	1A.J				
0.063	RT .		Average					146.1	13.2				
			E	14.1.	142.4	6 41	17.9	196.3	19.5	237.0	196.3	294.R	8.762
		:	¥77	148.7	147.4	14.0		136.7	0.6	717.8	195.5	797.3	239.A
		-	613	149.1	147.8	15.0	16.7	157.4	19.2	6. 16.	194.5	273.8	241.9

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237.8 239.8 241.9 239.8

294.8 797.3 293.8 295.3

196.3

237.0 737.8 236.6

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142.5 142.5 142.5

148.9 149.1 148.1

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51.1 55.3

230.2 111

192.0

279.4

144.0

16.5

141.0

146.0

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1417 1.64.1

•11/1 11/1 11/1 Average

1 15.8

55.1 19.64 48.3

48.6

228.9 226.3

6.98 91.7

294.0 21.5 294.2 295.2

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TABLE 13. CONFINNED

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TABLE 13. CONTINUED

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		Tempera-		Spectmen							e/9-1	1	-0/2	0
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		1	-	898				1	159.1	18.7 18.7				
		F.	5		1517.4 150.7 150.1	143.6 145.8 144.8	17.6	16.9 16.9	157.6	19.0	238.6	200.9 200.9 200.4	305.9 306.3	1.112
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0.080	400	1.1	Averaga GTS GTS Averaga	120.6	v.čvi	16.91	19.4	115.2	16.8	8.163	17762	- CAL	
		UU <sup>1</sup>	5	61) 618 619 ÅVTTARO					101.6 104.2 106.2	15.9 15.8				
		uu¥	11	(110 (111 (112 Average					9.79 9.79	14.9				
		1000	ti	6115 6115 Average		·			83.5 83.5					
890462-04-4	0,090	ţ		III.1 III.2 Average					154.7					
			t	IIT] IIT2 IIT3 Аvетаве	146.J 145.0 145.0 146.1	142.9 141.9 141.9	14.0 12.5 14.0	2.22	53.5 53.5	18.5 18.6 18.6	242.9 243.7 240.5 242.4	198.8 202.0 199.9 200.2	308.3 308.3 307.0	227.7

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		Tempera-		Speciann				_			-0/-		1	0.0
Number	Thickness.	1	Gråin Direction	ldent1- fication	TUS,	trs.	r, percent in 2 in.	10 <sup>3</sup> ka1	CYS.	10 <sup>5</sup> Eat		BYS.	sus.	BTS,
				I'II					1.11	19.2				
				112					152.3	19.2				
-01-02004	1 0.100	12		AVETAR			1		2.00	19.2				
				E	173.6	170.1	. 11.5	1.1	150.0	14. Y	238.6	199.5	300.6	235.1
			5	23	145.6	1.0.1	22		121.2		1.96.1	195.5	299.6	
				Average	145.8	140.4	14.2		150.9	18.7	2.9.1	197.6	299.9	235.5
						! ,			151.9	10.7				
				12					152.1	19.0				
		1		AVERAGE			1		152.3	6.0				
				Ę	145.6		0.5	14.5	6.671	<	238.6	197.2	299.8	239.8 240.6
			5	1	1.6.1	2	0.51	÷.	150.6	9 E		201.1	302.9	2.00.2
				Average	145.8	141.8	15.2	17.8	150.4	19.5	239.0	199.5	301.1	239.5
				1	· · · ·				113.5	17.7				
100 206 00	-1 0.123	404	5	.176						12.5				
					İ	,	i :		101					
		500	:	871,					101.2	16.2				
			1	Average					101.2	16.2				
						 			75.5	1::1				
		800	11	15					1.55	15.6				
	_			Average					95.2	15.2				1
				111					6.18 6.18	13.0				
		000	5	SITU					81.0	14.1				
				Averaço					5. F				Ì	

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	TI-6AL-2SN-	4ZR-2MO	
	CYS(L)/TYS(LT)	CYS(LT)/TYS(LT)	THICKNESS
1	1.105	1.377	.030
2	1.151	1.969	•040 (from ref. (2))
3	1.075	1.338	.040
4	1.099	1.075	.050
5	1.015	1.132	.055
6 -	1.025	1.100	• 0 5 3
7	1.082	1.037	.071
8	1.098	1.061	. 980
9	1.086	1.079	.090
10	1.091	1.075	.100
11	1.074	1.061	.125

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TABLE 14. CONTINUED
STATISTICS FOR THE PLOT OF CYS(L)/TYS(LT)
VERSUS THICKNESS FOR TT-64L-25N-47R-2MD
$\frac{\text{REGRESSED LINE IS}}{Y = 1.09571998 \times (THICKNESS)}$
STANDARD DEVIATION OF Y = .0366
STANDARD ERROR OF ESTIMATE
(DR_EFFECTIVE_SCATTER_ABOUT_THE_LINE)=.0381
R-SQUARED STATISTIC= -8.31
95 PERCENT T FACTOR= 1.633
OS PERCENT CONF.
LIMITS ON B(1) ARE 1.0402 AND 1.1512
AND_ON_B(2)_ARE9597_AND5301
SIGNIFICANT REGRESSION NO
MEAN RATIO= 1.082
REVISED T STATISTIC= 1.612
REDUCED FATIO= 1.062

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		100 KG
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	TABLE 14 CONCLUDED	
ł		a de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de l
	VERSUS THICKNESS FOR	
1	1:-04L-23R-42R-200	
	$\frac{\text{REGRESSED LINE 15}}{Y = 1.07920695 \times (THICKNESS)}$	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1
	NUMBER OF DATA: 11	and an and an an an an an an an an an an an an an
	STANDARD DEVIATION OF Y = .0266	
1	STANDARD ERROR OF ESTIMATE (or effective_solatter about the line)= .0280	(ACI) (See
ł	R-SQUARED STATISTIC= *****	
1	95 PERCENT T FACTOR= 1.833	a.03243
	95 PERCENT CONF. LÍMITS ON B(1) ARE 1.0385 AND 1.1200 AND ON B(2) ARE6473 AND4683	desilitation and an an an an an an an an an an an an an
1	SIGNIFICANT REGRESSION NO	10/A
		1. Sector
	HEAN RATIO= 1.073	121(1)34
	REVISED T STATISTIC= 1.812	N. W. W.
	REDUCED RATIO= 1.059	
1		ALC: NOT A
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	TI-6AJ2SN-	42R-2M0	
	BYS (LT) /TYS (LT) 15	BYS (LT) / TYS (LT) 2.0	THICKNESS
1	1.377	1.519	.030
2	1.374	1.701	.040 (from ref (2)
3	1.428	1.70*	+040
4	1.384	5	.050
5	1 • 352	1.00_	.055
6	1.371	3 د	.063
7	1.337	1.616	.071
8	1.380	1.615	.080
9	1.404	1.633	.090
16	1.407	1.684	.100
11	1.407	1.689	.125

## TABLE 15. LIST OF RATIOS VERSUS THICKNESS FOR TI-6AL-2SN-4ZR-2MO

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	TABLE 15. CONTINUED
ł	STATISTICS FOR THE PLOT OF BYSILTI / TYSILT) 15
	VERSUS THICKNESS FOR TI-641-2SN-4ZR-2MD
	REGRESSEC LINE IS
	T = 1.36/0 + .24/5 X (THICKNESS)
	NUMBER OF DATA= 11
	STANDARD DEVIATION OF Y = .0264
	STANDARD ERROR OF ESTIMATE
i	(DR EFFECTIVE SCATTER ABOUT THE LINE) = . 0268_
, ,	R-SQUARED STATISTIC= +2.83
4	95 PERCENT I FACTOR= 1+837
1	95 PERCENT CONF.
	AND_ON B(2) ARE2659 AND .7817
1	SIGNIFICANT REGRESSION NO
•	NEAN KAIID- 1.364
	REVISED T STATISTIC: 1.612
₽ J	REDUCED RATIO= 1.369
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TABLE 15. CONCLUDED
STATISTICS FOR THE PLOT OF BYS(LT)/TYS(LT)20
VERSUS INICKNESS FOR
11-DAL-25N-42R-2H0
REGRESSED LINE IS
Y = 1.61834353 X (THICKNESS)
NUMBER OF DATA= 11
STANDIED DEVIATION OF Y = 0562
21840840 DEATHITO4 01 1 - 19205
STANDARD ERROR OF ESTIMATE
(OR EFFECTIVE SCATTER ABOUT THE LINE) = . 0574
R-SQUARED STATISTIC= -4.04
95 PERCENT 1 FACTURE 1.033
95 PERCENT CONF.
LIMITS ON 5(1) ARE 1.5347 AND 1.7020
AND ON B(2) ARE6561 AND 1.6327
SIGNIFICANT REGRESSION NO
HELN RETTOR 1.651
REVISED T STATISTIC= 1.812
REDUCED RATIO= 1.621

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	TABLE 16. LIST OF RATIOS	VERSUS THICKNESS FOR			
	TI-6AL-2SN-4ZR-2MO				
	BUS(LT)/TUS(LT)15	BUS (LT) / TUS (LT) 2.0	THICKN	IESS	
1	1.436	1.601	-030		
2	1.550	1.769	+040	(from ref (2))	
_3	1.607	1.993	.040	(	
-4-	1.562	1.960	.050		
5	1.571	1.902	.955		
6	1.590	1.985	• 0 53		
7	1.567	2.012	.071		
8	1.579	2.028	.080		
9	1,659	2.151	.890		
10	1.640	2.057	-100		
11_	1.639	2.065	.125		

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	TABLE 16. CONTINUED	a la la la la la la la la la la la la la	
1 1	VERSUS THICKNESS FOR	141) Sav	
	T1_6AL_2SN-4ZR-2MD	di. Kê k	
ş		1 4 1 K 1 K 1 K 1 K 1 K 1 K 1 K 1 K 1 K	
	$\frac{\text{REGRESSED LINE IS}}{Y = 1.4762 + 1.5316 \times (THICKNESS)}$	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	
	NUMBER OF DATA: 11		
- `			
t 3	STAND AD ECON OF 1 - 40003		
	(OR EFFECTIVE SCATTER ABOUT THE LINE) = . 0429		
	R-SOUARED STATISTIC= 49.44	5	
	95 PERJENT T FACTOP= 1.833		
1	95 PERCENT CONF.	1	
	LIMITS ON B(1) ARE 1.4157 AND 1.5407 AND DN B(2) ARE .6764 AND 2.3868		
ŧ	SIGNIFICANI PEGRESSION YES	-	
:		1010	
•	HEAN AND REDUCED RATIO FOR SELECTED THTCHNESSES		
	THICKNESS WELN DETED DEDUCED DATED		
	.012 1.496 1.443		
l	.035 1.532 1.496		
	.047 <u>1.550</u> <u>1.521</u> .059 <u>1.568</u> <u>1.543</u>		
	.094 1.522 1.589		
	-106 1-540 1-600 -116 1-655 1-609		
•	.129 1.676 1.618		
	.165 1.730 1.544		
	.176 1.746 1.652		
9 	.155 1.755 1.661		
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1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
TABLE 16.	CONCLUDED		
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STATISTICS FOR THE P VERSUS THIC II-6AL-2SN-	LOT OF BUS KNESS FOR 42R-2M0	LT) /TUS (LT) 2.9	
	+ 3.7715 X	(THICKNESS)	
NUMBER OF DATA =	11		
STANCARD DEVIATIO	N OF Y =	.1474	
STANDARD ERROR OF	ESTIMATE TTER LBOUT	THE LINE = . 1	040
F-SOULRED STATIST	IC= 50.24		
95 PERCENT T FACT	DR= 1.533_		
95 PERCENT CONF. LIMITS ON E(1) AN AND ON E(2) AN SIGNIFICANT REGRE	E 1.5453 E 1.6962 SSION YE	4ND 1.6487 4ND 5.8469 5	, 
		••	
MEAN AND REDUCED	RATIO FOR	SELECTED THIC	KNESSE <u>s</u>
THICKNESS	EAN RATIO	REDUCED RATI	0
.012 .024 .C35 .047 .059 .070 .062 .094 .106 .118 .129 .141 .153 .55	1.741 1.755 1.630 1.574 1.963 2.907 2.952 2.955 2.140 2.154 2.229 2.273 2.37	1.612 1.677 1.742 1.803 1.858 1.905 1.942 1.972 1.958 2.022 2.044 2.066 2.087 2.108	
.176	2.352	2.129 2.150	
	64		

અન્જી એ તત્વાર મથા પ્રાથમિક અને કંપ્રે શ્વનું કંપ્રે કેર્પ્સ જેવેલા કરા સ્થાપ અન્યદાર કંપ્રે પ્રાથમિક માં કેલ્પ

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		Т	hickness Ra	ange, Inche	es
Ratio	E/D Rztio	<u>&lt;</u> 0.046	0.047- 0.093	0.094-0.140	0.141- 0.187
CYS(L)/TYS(LT)		1.062	1.062	1.062	1.062
CYS(LT)/TYS(LT)		1.059	1.059	1.059	1.059
BYS(LT)/TYS(LT)	1.5	1.369	1.369	1.369	1.369
BUS(LT)/TUS(LT)	1.5	1.443	1.521	1.589	1.627
BYS(LT)/TYS(LT)	2.0	1.621	1.621	1.621	1.621
BUS(LT)/TUS(LT)	2.0	1.612	1.803	1.972	2.066

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# TABLE 17. REDUCED RATIOS FOR TI-6AL-2SN-42R-2HO SHEET

IDE NTIFILATION	RT AVG	E E
0.030 IN.HI.NC.N-9862 0.040 IN.HT.NO.N-6112 0.050 IN.HT.NO.P-2309 0.055 IN.HT.NO.P-4.26 0.063 IN.HT.NO.P-4.26 0.071 IN.HT.NO.6507C7-03-2 0.060 IN.HT.NO.6507C7-03-5 0.090 IN.HT.NO.6507C7-16-1 0.160 IN.HT.NO. 8507D-16-1 0.25 IN.HT.NO. 8507D-16-1	17.1 17.3 15.4 17.5 17.3 15.8 16.4 17.1 17.3 17.3 17.8	108.8 115.2 112.8 110.9 111.6 111.4 103.8 105.1 103.9
	NUMBER R	10 109_1

# TABLE 18. EC/E RATIOS FOR T1-6AL-2SN-4ZK-2HD SHEET

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TABLE 19. EFFLCT OF TEMPLKATURE ON COMP YIELU STRENGTH OF TI-6AL-ZSH-42R-2HD SHT

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0.050 IN.HT.JD0.H-90.7 153.0 76.9 67.4 59.1   0.060 IN.HT.HD0.H-90.7 154.3 74.9 67.4 59.4   0.160 IN.HT.HD0.H-90.7 150.4 75.7 67.4 59.4   0.160 IN.HT.HD0.H-90.7 150.4 75.7 67.4 59.4   0.160 IN.HT.HD0.V-1016 REF(1) 149.6 74.4 66.6 64.5 57.0   0.040 IN.HT.HD0.V-1016 REF(1) 149.6 74.3 66.1 60.9 57.0   0.040 IN.HT.HD0.V-1016 REF(1) 149.6 73.3 66.1 60.9 57.0   0.040 IN.HT.HD0.V-1016 REF(1) 149.6 73.3 66.1 60.9 57.0   0.040 IN.HT.HD0.V-1016 REF(1) 149.6 73.3 56.3 57.0   0.040 IN.HT.HD0.V-1016 REF(1) 149.6 73.3 56.5 57.0   0.040 IN.HT.HOV.V-1016 R.F.F. 73.3 56.5 57.0 57.0   1.441.9 R.F.F. 1.55.2 0.417.9 0.419.0 </th <th></th> <th>10F N 11F</th> <th>NO11021.</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>RT AVG</th> <th>400 F</th> <th>PE 600<i>F</i></th> <th>RCENT R-T 800F</th> <th>AT INDICAT 1000F</th> <th>EO TEHPERATURE</th>		10F N 11F	NO11021.				RT AVG	400 F	PE 600 <i>F</i>	RCENT R-T 800F	AT INDICAT 1000F	EO TEHPERATURE
0.000 IN.HT.HO.000423-15-5 IJ943 74.9 67.6 64.5 55.2 75.1 0.125 IN.HT.HO.000766-09-1 150.4 75.7 66.3 65.6 54.5 57.0 0.040 IN.HT.HO.V-1016 AEF(1) 149.6 73.3 66.1 60.9 57.0 0.040 IN.HT.HO.V-3016 AEF(1) 144.4 73.3 66.1 60.9 57.0 NUMBER 75.5 55.5 55.5 57.0 NUMBER 75.5 334.0 316.5 201.5 SUN R 775.2 334.0 316.5 201.5 SUNSU R 7159.5 27412.9 20043.3 15055.8 SUNSU R 1.3263 0.5591 1.44190 1.5995 SUNSU R 1.3263 0.5591 1.44190 1.5995 SUNSU R 75931 0.2410 0.6350 0.131		0.050.0	1. OK. TH. W	4-98.02			153.0	76.9	67.3	64.3	58.1	
0.175 IU.IIT.NO.00706-09-1 150.4 75.7 67.3 63.5 54.1 0.040 IN.HT.NO.V-1016 AEF(1) 149.6 74.4 66.6 64.5 57.0 0.040 IN.HT.NO.V-3016 AEF(1) 144.4 73.3 66.1 60.9 57.0 AVG R 73.3 66.1 60.9 57.0 SUN R 755.0 63.5 75.0 SUN R 755.0 63.6 75.5 201.5 SUNSU R 7.159.5 2717.9 20045.3 15655.8 SUNSU R 1.3263 0.5591 1.4198 1.5945 SOUR R 1.3263 0.5591 1.4198 1.5945 SOUR R 0.5931 0.2417.9 20045.3 15945 SOUR R 0.5931 0.2417.9 20045.3 15945 SOUR R 1.3263 0.5591 0.4131		0.000	N. HT .NO.	-224060	15-5		- 154.3	74.9	67.6	. 1.63	-2.55	1
0.040 IN.HT.HD.V-5016 ACF(1) 149.6 74.4 66.6 64.5 57.0 0.040 IN.HT.HO.V-3016 ACF(1) 144.4 73.3 66.1 60.9 57.0 AVG R 75.0 61.4 60.9 57.0 SUR R 75.0 61.4 60.9 57.0 SUR R 7159.2 291.5 201.5 SURG R 1.3263 0.5591 1.4190 1.5945 SOFV R 1.3263 0.5911 1.4190 1.5945 SOFV R 1.3263 0.5911 0.2445 SOFV R 1.3263 0.5911 0.2445 SOFV R 1.3263 0.5911 0.2445		0.125 I	N. HT . NO.	-901000	1-60		150.4	7.57	67.3	63.5	54.1	
0.040 IN.HT.HO.V-JUIG RLF(1) 144.4 73.3 66.1 60.9 57.0 20 Avd R 75.0 67.0 53.5 56.5 20 R 75.0 75.0 53.5 56.5 20 R 75.2 334.0 316.5 201.5 2043.3 1505.0 8 2043.3 1505.0 8 2045 1 1.4190 1.5945 2055 0.551 0.535 0.535 0.535 0.535 0.5131 2056 R0R 7 0.533 0.540 0.5131 2056 0.505 0.5131		0.040 I	. ON. TH. N.	V-1016	ALF (	1	149.6	74.4	66.6	64.5	57.0	
20 MUNBER 75.0 51.0 53.3 SUN R 775.2 334.0 316.5 201.5 SUN R 715.2 334.0 316.5 201.5 SUNSUR 7159.5 27412.9 2043.3 1505.48 SUNSUR 1.3263 0.5501 1.4190 1.5945 SOEV ROM 0.5931 0.2460 0.6131 PERCENT RF 0.5931 0.6550 0.7131		0,0,0	- ON - 1H - N	V-3016	RI, F (	2	144.4	7.3.3	66.1	60.9	57.0	
NUNBER 75,0 67.0 73.5 5 NUR 775,0 67.0 71.5 5 SUR 775,2 33.4.0 316.5 201.5 SUNSUR 7159.5 22417.9 204.5.3 SUNSUR 1.326.3 0.5591 1.4198 1.5995 SUEV RAR 0.5931 0.2460 0.6350 0.131 PERCENT R7 0.5931 0.2460 0.6350 0.131	6											
AVG R 75.0 67.0 63.3 56.3 SUN R 775.2 331.0 316.5 201.5 SUNSUR 20159.5 271.15 SUFV R 1.3263 0.5501 1.4196 1.5945 SOFV RAR 0.5931 0.6350 0.1331 PERCENT RT 73.6 66.4 0.6350 0.1331	7					HON	UER R	r	ۍ ۲	5	5	
SUH R 775,2 334,0 316,5 201,5 SUHSU R 24159,5 22417,9 2043,3 1505,4 8 SDFV R R 1,3263 0.5501 1.4190 1.5945 SDEV R0R 0.5951 0.6350 0.6350 0.5131 PERCENT RT 73,5 066,4 61,0 54,6				I	•	- 'A vd	ж.	75.0	67.0	- <u>63-</u> 3		1
SUMSUR 24159.5 22417.9 2004.3.3 15653.8 SOFY R 1.326.3 0.5551 1.4198 1.5945 SOEV RAR 0.5931 0.2460 0.6350 0.1131 PERCENT R: 0.5931 0.6644 0.550 0.1131						NU S	a	379.2	3.34 . 0	316.5	201.5	
SOFV R 1.3263 0.5501 1.4198 1.5945 SOEV RBAR 0.5931 0.2460 0.6350 0.7131 PERCENT RT 73.6 66.4 61.6 54.6						SUH	SUR	24159.5	6.1455	20043-3	15053.8	
SDEV RØAR 0.5931 0.2460 0.6350 0.7131 PERCENT RT 73.6 66.4 61.6 54.6						SOF	<pre>&lt; K</pre>	1.3263	1055.0	1.4198	1.5945	
PERCENT RT 73.6 66.4 61.8 54.6						SOE	V ROAR	0.5931	0.2460	0.6350	0.7131	
		,				PER	CENT RT	73.6	66.4	61.5	54.6	

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1 1 1 1 1 1 ..... TABLE 20. EFFECT OF TEMPEMATURE ON COMP MOCULUS OF TI-6AL-2SM-42R-240 SHEET

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D TEHPERATURE		:				1
INDICATE	10007	60 • 0	74.6	74.6	ď	
RCENT R-T AT	2005	64.9	02.2	79.6	U	- 0.18
3	600F	90.3	87.5	2.50		96•1
	400F	96.2	93.9 01.0	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 9 9	5 91.7
	RT AVG	16.5	16.0	14.2	14.5	140E.K. R 16
	106 NT 16 1 0 N		J. 0 50 IN. HI . HO. 890421-15-5	0.125 IN.NT.NO.800736-09-1	0.040 IN.HT.HO.V-2016 REF(1)	20 2

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V Grain direction not specified F The A values are higher than specification values as follows: F<sub>14</sub>(L) = 138 kit, F<sub>14</sub>(L) = 123 kit.

3. Trailing values are "dry pla" values per Section 1 4.3.1.

<sup>d</sup>8% for < 0.020 in. and 10% for <u>></u> 0.020 in.

PROPOSI D MIL-HDBK-5 TABLE 5.3.3.0(b) TABLE 21.

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Figure 33. Lecation of Test Specimens, 0.030, 0.040, 0.055, 0.063, and 0.071-inch Thick Sheet



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Figure 35. Location of Test Specimens, 0.090-inch Thick Sheet





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Figure 37. Location of Test Specimens, 0.125-inch Thick Sheet







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FIGURE 5.3.3.2.1. Effect of temperature on the compressive yield strength ( $T_{\rm CV}$ ) of duplex annealed Ti-6Al-2Sn-4Zr-2Mc alloy sheet.





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## APPENDIX A

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# TEST PROCEDURES

# Tension

Procedures used for tension testing were those recommended in ASTM Method E8 and E21. Tensile tests were conducted using Baldwin Universal-type testing machines. These machines are calibrated at frequent intervals in accordance with ASTM Method E4 to assure loading accuracy to within 0.2 percent. The machines are equipped with integral automatic strain pacers and autographic strain recorders.

The extensioneters used conformed to ASTM E83 classification B1 having a sensitivity of 0.0001 in./in. The strain rate in the elastic regior was maintained at 0.005 in./in./min. After yielding occurred, the rate was increased to approximately 0.1 in./in./min. until fracture. Ultimate strength yield strength (0.2 percent offset), and elongation wer- determined. The "ield strength was determined from the load-strain curres. Tensile tests were conducted at root temperature only.

#### Compression

Procedures for conducting compression test informed to ASTM Method E9 along with the temperature control provisions of E1. Specimens tested at elevated temperatures in the Baldwin universal resulting machines where heated in standard wire-wound resistance-tv e furnaces. Each furnace was equipped with a Foxboro controller caparie of maintaining the test temperature to within 5 F of the control temperature. Chromel-Alimet thermocouples were attached to the specimen gage section and used to monoport temperatures. For sheet specimens, thermocouple, were approximatel 1 16 inch from edge of specimen. Each specimen was sourced at temperature for about 20 minutes before being tested. Extensioner and strain rates were similar to those described in tension testing section. The compressive rule strength (%2 percent offset) was derived from the result surves.

### Saear

Shear tests were performed in a Baldwin intersal-type testire machine. Shear tests were conducted at room temperature only.

## Bearing

Bearing tests were conducted in accordance with ASTM Method El34. All bearing tests were performed in electronvaruatic servecontrolled testing machines. Deformation of the bearing hole was measured with a differentialtransformer extensioneter and recorded versus load with a conventional autographic recorder. The hardened steel bearing pin was rotated so that a new bearing surface was used for each specimen. Prior to testing, the pins, specimens, and fixture were ultrasonically cleaned in acetone. After cleaning, white gloves were used in the handling of pins, specimens, and fixtures. Bearing ultimate strength and bearing yield strength (2 percent of pin diameter offset) were determined from the load-strain curves. Bearing tests were conducted at room temperature only.

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