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than those of other commercial alloys of comparable yield strength levels. The 2219-T852 hand forgings exhibit toughness levels higher than those of most other hand forging alloys.

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Axial-stress fatigue strengths and rates of fatigue-crack propagation are generally comparable to those of corresponding products of 2XXX and 7XXX alloys. At medium stress intensities, fatigue-crack propagation rates in moist air and sump water are, respectively, 1.5 to 2 times and 2 to 9 times as fast as in dry air. However, at low stress intensities, crack arrest sometimes occurred in the sump water.

All of the products tested display the expected excellent resistance to exfoliation and stress corrosion. The only indications of any susceptibility to intergranular stresscorrosion cracking were obtained for short-transverse specimens from three lots of 2048-T851 plate when tested at an applied stress of 75 per cent of the minimum long-transverse yield strength. The tests of precracked double-cantilever beam specimens showed the same general trends as tests with smooth stress-corrosion specimens.



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### PREFACE

This investigation was conducted by Alcoa Laboratories, Aluminum Company of America, Alcoa Center, Pennsylvania under USAF Contract No. F33615-74-C-5089, Project No. 7381, for the Air Force Materials Laboratory, Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, Ohio, with Mr. A. W. Gunderson (AFML/MXA) as project engineer.

This report covers work done from May 1, 1974 through April 30, 1977.

The investigation was made under the supervision of Mr. D. J. Brownhill as project manager with Mr. R. E. Davies as project engineer for the phase covering the mechanical properties including fracture toughness and axial fatigue. The phase covering the fatigue-crack propagation rates was under the supervision of Mr. R. A. Kelsey, with Mr. G. E. Nordmark as project engineer. The phase covering the exfoliation and stress-corrosion characteristics was under the supervision of Mr. D. O. Sprowls, with Mr. B. M. Ponchel as project engineer. Significant advisory and technical assistance were supplied by Messrs. J. G. Kaufman, A. B. Thakker, G. T. Sha and D. J. Lege.

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#### SUMMARY

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The mechanical properties, fracture toughness, fatigue, fatigue-crack growth rates in three environments and corrosion characteristics of 10 lots each of 2048-T851, 7050-T7351 and 7475-T7351 plate and 2219-T852 hand forgings have been evaluated.

Date for establishing MIL-HDBK-5 values, including modulus of elasticity and stress-strain are presented.

The plane-strain stress-intensity factors,  $K_{Ic}$ , for the plate products are generally higher, particularly for 7475-T7351, than those of other commercial alloys of comparable yield strength levels. The 2219-T852 hand forgings exhibit toughness levels higher than those of most other hand forging alloys.

Axial-stress fatigue strengths are in the same general range as those of corresponding products of 2XXX and 7XXX alloys.

In dry and moist air, rates of fatigue-crack propagation are generally similar for the hand forging and the three plate alloys and comparable to rates reported for other high-strength aluminum alloys. At medium stress intensities, fatigue-crack propagation rates are 1.5 to 2 times as fast in moist air as in dry air and 2 to 9 times as fast in sump water as in dry air; rates in sump water were slower for the 2XXX products than those for the 7XXX plate. However, at low stress intensities, propagation in the 7XXX plate and the 2219 hand forging slowed or arrested in che sump water, apparently due to a buildup of corrosion product on the fracture surface.

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All of the products tested display the expected excellent resistance to exfoliation and stress corrosion. The only indications of any susceptibility to intergranular stress-corrosion cracking were obtained for short-transverse specimens from three lots of 2048-T851 plate when tested at an applied stress of 75 per cent of the minimum long-transverse yield strength. All of the lots of 2048-T851 plate display the expected excellent resistance to stress corrosion in the cricical short-transverse direction at a test stress of 50 per cent of the minimum long-transverse yield strength. The tests of precracked double-cantilever beam specimens showed the same general trends as tests with smooth stress-corrosion specimens.

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## SECTION I INTRODUCTION

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The high performance required of aerospace structures demands that adequate consideration be given to the influence of service environments, and therefore the development of design related data must take such influence into account. The data in this investigation were generated to support the AFML service failure analysis efforts and to serve as a basis for evaluating the alloys for use in new Air Force systems. A considerable amount of this type of data has been developed previously for other alloys, tempers and products intended for such critical service[1-11].

The purpose of this investigation was to evaluate environmental fatigue crack-growth rates and corrosion characteristics as well as data for establishing design mechanical properties for four alloys which might be subjected to critical environmental service, i.e., 2048-TC51, /050-T7351 and 7475-T7551 plate and 2219-T852 hand forgings. Specifically, sufficient data have been developed for these products to establish statistically meaningful design mechanical properties for use in MIL-HDBK-5[12] and to provide a level of confidence in the data on fracture toughness, fatigue strength, fatigue-crack propagation rates, exfoliation and stress-corrosion resistance.

### SECTION II

#### MATERIAL

The products tested in this investigation included ten lots each of the following:

Alloy and Temper	Product	Thickness Range, in.	Producer
2048-T851	Plate	0.5 to 4.0	Reynolds
7050-T7351	Plate	2.0 to 6.0	Alcoa
7475-T7351	Plate	0.5 to 4.0	Alcoa
2219-T852	Hand Forgings	2.0 to 7.5	Alcoa

These products were produced by commercial practices in use at the time of fabrication. The chemical compositions of each sample, determined at Alcoa Laboratories and shown in Tables 1 through 4, are within the specified limits shown in the same tables.

The tensile properties of all samples met their respective tentative minimum properties, Tables 5 through 9. Minimum properties have been established for the 2048-T851 plate in thicknesses 2.001 to 3.000 in. only. The minimum values can be expected to be about 5 to 6 ksi below the expected typical properties shown in Table 5.

Tentative minimum  $K_{Ic}$  values have been established for 7475-T7351 plate. The fracture toughness data obtained for the samples tested in this investigation developed  $K_{Ic}$ , or  $K_Q$ , values above the tentative minimum values. However, it was realized, after comparision with data from tests of lots produced prior to the contract, that the levels of fracture toughness developed

were not representative of current production. The relatively low values obtained for the lots produced for the contract were attributed to the fabrication practices utilized at that time. These practices were subsequently revised to eliminate the possibility of conditions which lead to toughness levels lower than normally achievable in 7475-T7351 plate. Because the ten samples of 7475-T7351 plate were not considered to be representative of the capabilities of current production material, ten additional lots were fabricated and tested for toughness to demonstrate the high toughness of this product. A few of these samples were also tested for mechanical properties, fatigue, fatigue-c ack propagation and corrosion characteristics.

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## SECTION III

## PROCEDURE

### A. Mechanical Properties

## A.1. Tensile, Compressive, Shear and Bearing

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The tensile, compressive, shear and bearing tests were made using the smallest suitable range of an Amsler 20,000-1b (type 105XBDA58), an Olsen Electromatic 30,000-1b and an Olsen Super-L 20,000-1b or a Southwark-Tate-Emery 50,000-1b capacity Universal Testing Machine. The machines were calibrated prior to and during the investigation. The accuracy of these machines was within that required by ASTM Method E4[13].

The test specimens and procedures used were, where appropriate, the same as those used in previous investigations of sheet, plate, extrusions and forgings[1-3, 6, 9-11, 14]. Single specimens were tested except where initial results indicated check tests were necessary. Where check tests were made for tensile properties, duplicate tests were made. Specimens were taken in the test directions and locations specified in ASTM B557[15]. Specimens (L and LT) from 0.5 to 1.0-in. thick plate were taken from T/2 (thickness/2) and for plate 1.75-in. thick and greater from T/4; short-transverse specimens were taken from T/2. All specimens from the 2219-T852 hand forgings were from T/2.

Tensile tests were made in accordance with ASTM E8[16] with 1/2-in. diameter tapered-seat specimens, except where it was necessary to use subsize round specimens (Fig. 1). The yield

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strengths were determined from autographically recorded loadstrain diagrams.

Compressive tests were made in accordance with ASTM E9[17] using a subpress (Fig. 3 of ASTM E9). All specimens were the cylindrical type shown in Fig. 1. The yield strengths were determined from autographically recorded load-strain diagrams.

Shear tests were made using cylindrical specimens (Fig. 1); these specimens were tested in an Amsler double-shear tool in which a 1-in. length is sheared from the center of a 3-in. long specimen, the end thirds being supported throughout their length. In tests of longitudinal and long-transverse specimens, the loads were applied in the direction normal to the major surface of the product; in tests of short-transverse specimens, the loads were applied in the longitudinal direction[18].

Bearing tests were made in accordance with ASTM E238[19] using longitudinal and long-transverse specimens of the type shown in Fig. 2. Specimens were 0.094-in. thick. The bearing ultimate and yield strengths were determined at edge distance of 1.5 and 2.0 times the pin diameter. The bearing yield strength was obtained by determining the load at a permanent deformation of 2 per cent of the pin diameter as indicated on an autographic load-deformation diagram. Bearing specimens were taken flatwise from plate and edgewise from the hand forging. The specimens and test fixtures were cleaned ultrasonically as prescribed in ASTM E238.

Tensile and compressive stress-strain tests, including modulus of elasticity determinations, were made of longitudinal, long-transverse and, where possible, short-transverse specimens from four or five samples of each alloy and product. The tests were, in general, conducted in accordance with ASTM Ell1[20]. The tensile and compressive specimens were of the type shown in Fig. 1.

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For the stress-strain tests, loads were measured with Revere Super Precision-type load cells having an accuracy, traceable to the National Bureau of Standards, of 0.1 per cent of rated output. Strains were measured with Micro-Measurements Types CFA-13-062UW-350 strain gages. These gages have a gage factor accuracy of 0.5 per cent and a resistance accuracy of 0.3 per cent. Overall accuracy of load measurement did not exceed 0.5 per cent of reading or 0.25 per cent of full scale, whichever was larger. Strain measurement accuracy was 0.7 per cent of reading or 0.5 per cent of full scale, whichever was larger; the accuracy of the gages was well within the requirements established for Class Bl extensometers in ASTM E83[21].

The specimens were tested to the 0.2 per cent offset yield strength of the material. The stress and strain data were recorded in computer storage for use in establishing typical stress-strain and compressive tangent-modulus curves. The modulus of elasticity values were determined from Tuckerman analysis plots of these data as described in ASTM Elll.

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The plane-strain stress-intensity factor, K<sub>Ic</sub>, was determined with fatigue-cracked compact specimens of the type shown in Fig. 3. Triplicate specimens were tested for the L-T, T-L and S-L orientations, Fig. 4. The dimensions and notches of the specimens and the fatigue-cracking and testing procedures were essentially in accordance with ASTM E399[22]. The specimens were fatigue cracked by axial loading (R = +0.1) in Krouse fatigue machines. The test setups for fatigue precracking and fracture toughness testing are shown in Figs. 5 and 6, respectively. Plots of load versus crack-opening displacement were recorded using 2 Mosley X-Y recorder. Candidate values of critical plane-strain stress-intensity factor,  $K_{\Omega}$ , were calculated using the load at 5 per cent secant offset which is equivalent to about 2 per cent of crack extension. If all the validity criteria specified in ASTM Method E399 were met, the candidate value was designated as  $K_{Ic}$ . Values of  $K_{O}$  which failed to meet certain validity criteria by no more than 10 per cent were considered to be meaningful values, in that they were indicative of the fracture toughness of the material.

### A.3. Axial-Stress Fatigue (Ambient Air)

Axial-stress smooth and notched fatigue specimens tested were of the type shown in Fig. 7. Longitudinal and long-transverse specimens were tested from each product and short-transverse specimens were tested from products equal to or greater than 3.5-in. in thickness. The specimens were taken from the same

locations as the tensile specimens. Tests were made at a stress ratio of  $R^* = 0.0$ . Sufficient tests were made of two lots of each alloy and product to determine fatigue strengths between about  $10^3$  and  $10^7$  cycles. Generally, three to five tests were made of the remaining lots tested. All tests were made in Krouse fatigue machines operating at 13.3, 25.0 or 28.8 Hz.

#### B. Fatigue-Crack Propagation Tests

Fatigue-crack propagation rates were determined for two sizes of hand forging and each plate alloy. The following additional variables were included for one or more of the four alloys: environment, frequency, stress ratio, specimen orientation, specimen size, and specimen location. One T-L specimen was taken from the surface of a 2219-T852 forging; all other specimens had their test sections taken from the middle third of the material. Specimens were taken in the L-T, T-L and, where possible, the S-L orientations. Typical dimensions for the compact specimens are shown in Fig. 8; because of product or material limitations, the plan dimensions of a few S-L specimens were used to obtain data at medium to high-stress intensities whereas the 1/4-in. thick specimens were used for obtaining data at low-stress intensities approaching threshold.

\* R, Stress Ratio = Minimum Stress Maximum Stress

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The cracks in some L-T specimens deviated considerably from the plane of the notch. Data for such specimens are of questionable value since neither length measurements nor the stress-intensity solutions are correct; a proposed specification[23] would classify data for crack fronts deviating by more than 5° as invalid. To reduce the likelihood of angled propagation, many of the L-T specimens had their widths (W) reduced to provide an H/W ratio = 0.6 instead of 0.485. Previous tests [10] have demonstrated that equivalent results are obtained for the two geometries of specimens.

Tests were made in load control using closed loop, servocontrolled, test systems in three environments: dry air, moist air and sump water. Humidity was controlled within test chambers such as shown in Fig. 9. Dry air (relative himidity <10 per cent) was obtained using dessicants; moist air (relative humidity 96 to 99 per cent) was obtained by forcing moist air through the chamber. Synthetic sump water was contained in small troughs bonded to the test section. The sump-tank water, composed of chlorides of various metals, was prepared as reported in Ref. 24. Its composition is shown below:

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	Ppm	Weight, per cent	Metal Ion, ppm	Chloride ppm	
CaCl <sub>2</sub>	50	0.005	18	32	
CdCl <sub>2</sub>	1000	0.100	490	310	
MgCl <sub>2</sub>	50	0.005	6	18	
NaCl	100	0.010	20	30	
$ZnCl_2$	10	0.001	4.7	5.2	
CrCl_3.6H_20	1	0.001	0.2	0.3	
CuCl_3.2H_20	1	0.001	0.4	0.4	
FeCl <sub>3</sub>	-5	0.005	1.7	3.3	
MnCl <sub>2</sub> .4H <sub>2</sub> 0	5	0.005	1.4	1.8	
NiCl <sub>2</sub> .6H <sub>2</sub> 0	1	0.001	0.2	0.3	
Total	1224	0.135	<u> </u>	401.6	

To study the effect of test frequency, tests of many specimens were alternated between 20 and 2 Hz. For the large number of loadings required for the low-growth rate tests, data was obtained at 30 to 40 Hz. Some tests were slowed in late stages to maintain load stability or for running the test overnight.

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The normal stress ratio for these tests was 1/3. To obtain some data on the effect of stress ratio, the minimum load for some low-growth rate specimens was increased when the test reached medium stress intensities to produce a stress ratio of 2/3.

Fatigue precracks for the high-growth rate tests were started at R = 0.1. For the low-growth rate tests, it was necessary to approach the test loads by successive load reductions of 10 to 15 per cent. The final portion of precracking was accomplished at test conditions. Visual-crack length measurements were made using low power magnification (15X) and a series of reference grid lines (0.02 in.) photographically printed on both sides of the specimen (Fig. 9). To increase the range of data obtained, the test loads were increased periodically during the test.

The rate of fstigue-crack growth,  $\Delta a/\Delta N$ , was determined from crack length (a) versus number of cycles (N) data evaluating incrementally the derivative of a versus N. These growth rates were plotted against the range in stress intensity evaluated at the average crack length over which the  $\Delta a$  increment was taken.

The expressions for stress intensity were:

$$\Delta K = \frac{\Delta P \sqrt{a}}{BW} Y,$$

Where: P = load, thousand pounds,

Y, 
$$(H/W=0.485) = 30.96-195.8 \left(\frac{a}{W}\right) + 730.6 \left(\frac{a}{W}\right)^2 - 1186.3 \left(\frac{a}{W}\right)^3$$
  
+ 754.6  $\left(\frac{a}{W}\right)^4$ , [Ref. 25]  
Y,  $(H/W=0.6) = 29.6-185.5 \left(\frac{a}{W}\right) + 655.7 \left(\frac{a}{W}\right)^2 - 1017.0 \left(\frac{a}{W}\right)^3$   
+ 638.9  $\left(\frac{a}{W}\right)^4$ , [Ref. 26]

a, B, W, and H (see Fig. 8).

## C. Corrosion Characteristics

### C.l. Resistance to Exfoliation

The resistance to exfoliation of the various products was evaluated by means of 2 x 4 in. panels machined to the T/10 and the T/2 planes (10 or 50 per cent of the section thickness machined from one of the fabricated surfaces) and exposed to the EXCO test per ASTM  $G_{3}^{4}$ -72[27]. The EXCO test involves total immersion in a 4N NaCl + 0.5 N KNO<sub>3</sub> 0.1N HNO<sub>3</sub> solution. In addition, 3 x 5 in. panels from selected lots of each product were machined to the T/10 and the T/2 plane and exposed to the acidified salt-spray test (MASTMAASIS) as specified in MIL-A-8978, 8979, and 8980[28]. Specimens exposed to the two accelerated tests were rated visually using the photographic standards contained in ASTM G34-72[27], Fig. 10. The lots of each product selected for testing in the acidified salt-spray test were also evaluated by the exposure of 3 x 9 in. panels from the T/10 and T/2 plane to the seacoast atmosphere at Point Judith, Rhode Island. The Alcoa exposure station at Point Judith is located about 300 feet from tr water's edge with the accompanying elements of considerable salt mist, persistent fog, and prevailing off-shore winds. Corrosive conditions at this location are severe and are comparable to those at the ASTM seacoast station at La Jolla, California.

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## C.2. Resistance to Stress-Corrosion Cracking (SCC) - Smooth Specimens

The resistance to stress-corrosion cracking of aluminum alloy wrought products is most critical in the short-transverse direction; consequently the majority of the tests were made on specimens oriented in that direction. Four lots of each product were, however, selected for testing of longitudinal and longtransverse specimens in the accelerated stress-corrosion test at an applied stress of 75 per cent of the specified or tentative minimum long-transverse yield strength for the specific product and thickness. Short-transverse specimens from all lots of each product that were at least 2.0-in. thick were exposed to the accelerated stress-corrosion test at applied stresses of both 75 per cent and 50 per cent of the minimum long-transverse yield strength. The short-transverse specimen exposure program was

duplicated for a seacoast and an industrial atmospheric exposure. Unstressed control specimens were included for each combination of product lot, test direction, and test environment. Unstressed specimens were exposed in duplicate and stressed specimens were exposed in triplicate.

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The test specimens for all three test directions were 0.125-in. diameter threaded-end tension specimens meeting the requirements of ASTM E8. The short-transverse specimens were centered on the midplane of the products and the longitudinal and long-transverse specimens were taken on or immediately adjacent to the midplane. The stressed specimens were axially loaded in tension in a constant strain-type fixture, Fig. 11, using the syrunronous loading device shown in Fig. 12.

The accelerated stress-corrosion test method was the 3.5 per cent sodium chloride by alternate immersion conforming to ASTM G44-75[29], and Federal Test Standard 151b, Method 823[30]. The alternate-immersion cycle consists of 10 minutes of total immersion followed by aeration and drying above the solution for the remaining 50 minutes of each hour, 24 hours per day. The exposure period for the accelerated test was 12 weeks with daily inspection of the test specimens for failures. All fractured specimens were subjected to visual and microscopic examination to determine the nature of the failure. Specimens that did not fail during the 12 week test were tension tested to determine the loss in strength as compared to the unstressed control specimens.

The atmospheric stress-corrosion testing in a seacoast environment is being conducted at Point Judith, Rhode Island. The conditions at this exposure station were previously discussed for the exfoliation testing being conducted at that location. The stress-corrosion tests in an inland industrial atmosphere are being conducted at the Alcoa Technical Center test station near New Kensington, Pennsylvania. Data obtained at New Kensington may be used to indicate conservatively the resistance of aluminum alloys to the atmosphere in most inland industrial areas and to atmospheres in substantially all non-industrial, non-marine areas.

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### C.3. Resistance to SCC - Precracked Specimens

Stress-corrosion cracking tests of precracked specimens were conducted on selected lots of the various products with double bolt-loaded double cantilever beam (DCB) specimens of the type shown in Fig. 13. Laboratory tests to evaluate the effect of DCB specimen geometry indicated that the optimum a/h ratio (crack length/half beam height) would be obtained by testing a specimen having a 1.0-in. beam height and a chevron-type notch 1.0-in. in depth. Specimens of this geometry were machined using short-transverse sections of S-L orientation removed from the center plane of the selected lots of the various products. The DCB specimens were precracked in tension to an initial crack length of approximately 0.1 in. Duplicate specimens were exposed to 3.5 per cent sodium chloride solution, to the inland industrial

atmosphere at the Alcoa Technical Center, and to the searcoast atmosphere at Point Judith, Rhode Island.

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The DCB specimens that were to be exposed to 3.5 per cent sodium chloride solution were precracked after a few drops of 3.5 per cent sodium chloride solution were placed in the notch. During the 30 day test the specirens were placed vertically and kept in a laboratory environment having a controlled temperature of  $27^{\circ}C \pm 1^{\circ}C$  and a controlled relative humidity of  $45 \pm 6$  per cent. A few drops of the 3.5 per cent sodium chloride solution (reagent grade NaCl and deionized water) were added to the crack three times during each normal working day and once on Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays. Crack lengths at the half and quarter planes were measured three or four times each week using an ultrasonic detection device developed at the Alcoa Technical Center.

The average of the three crack-length measurements was used to calculate the pertinent stress-intensity values as a function of crack-opening displacement and crack length using the formula developed by Hyatt[31]. At the end of the 30 day exposure the specimens were unloaded and broken open to permit examination of the crack fronts.

Reduced specimen thickness DCB specimens, Fig. 14, from the center plane of 4.0-in. thick 2048-T851, 7050-T7351, and 7475-T7351 alloy plate were also tested by exposure of duplicate specimens

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to the 3.5 per cent sodium chloride solution for 30 days, although previous tests of 2024-T351 and 7075-T651[32] have suggested that crack-growth rates and threshold levels may be independent of the stress state. A plane-strain stress state was expected for the 1.0-in. thick specimen used for the bulk of the testing of precracked specimens. Reduced specimen thickness of 0.25 and 0.5 inches expected to result in a mixed mode stress state were used for the DCB specimens from the 4.C-in. thick plate of each alloy. A reduced specimen thickness of 0.8 in. was also tested for the 4.0-in. thick 7475 alloy contract plate.

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## SECTION IV RESULTS OF TESTS

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The results of the tensile, compressive, shear and bearing tests, the ratios among these test results, and the modulus of elasticity data are shown in Tables 5 through 15. Data for developing stress-strain and tangent-modulus curves are shown in Tables 16 through 20; the curves are shown in Figs. 15, 16, and 17 for the plate alloys.

The results of fracture toughness test, are shown in Tables 21 through 25 and plotted in Figs. 18, 19, and 20.

The axial-stress fatigue data are plotted in Figs. 21 through 30.

The results of the fatigue crack-growth tests are presented in the form of  $\Delta a/\Delta N$  versus  $\Delta K$  plots in Figs. 31 through 58; the results are grouped to demonstrate environmental effects. Comparison of average crack-growth curves for T-L specimens from thick plate is shown in Fig. 59. Table 26 lists average rates of propagation along with rates determined for other tempers or alloys.

The results of the exfoliation tests are given in Tables 27 through 30. The results of accelerated stress-corrosion tests of smooth specimens are presented Tables 31 through 34. Atmospheric stress-corrosion results are contained in Tables 35 through 38. The results for precracked specimens are shown in Tables 39 through 41 and Figs. 63 through 86.
#### SECTION V

### DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

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#### A. Mechanical Properties

### A.l. Tensile, Compressive, Shear and Bearing

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The tensile properties of the four alloys tested in this investigation met their respective tentative minimum values where established (Tables 5 through 9). The ten lots of 7475-T7351 plate produced by current practices, exhibited tensile properties (Table 8) a little higher than those tested under the contract (Table 7).

The long-transverse tensile ultimate and yield strengths were used for computing ratios among the tensile, compressive, shear and bearing properties (Tables 10 through 14). This procedure was in accordance with recent revisions in Chapter 9 of MIL-HDBK-5, Guidelines for Presentation of Data[12]. Under terms of the modified contract (F33615-74-C-5089), the statistical analyses of the ratios for determining reduced ratios were not included in the investigation. The reduced ratios will be computed prior to proposing design allowables for each alloy for inclusion in MIL-HDBK-5.

Although present, but not recognized in previous Air Force Contract data for 2XXX and 7XXX aluminum alloy plate[9, 14], the shear and bearing ratios for plate up through 1.500 in. thick usually differ from those greater than 1.500 in. thick. This difference can be attributed to the specification test location in the plate thickness, T/2 as opposed to T/4. The

ratios for 7475-T7351 contract plate (Table 12) and those for the current production plate (Table 13), when combined, indicate the aforementioned differences for the two thickness ranges; these shear and bearing ratios should be analyzed separately. These differences are also indicated for the 7050-T7351 plate, but are not as evident for the 2048-T851 plate data.

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The results of the modulus of elasticity tests obtained from the stress-strain tests are shown in Table 15. Average modulus values for use in MIL-HDBK-5 are as follows:

Alloy and Temper	Product	$\frac{Modulus, 10^3 \text{ ksi}}{\text{Tension}, (E) \text{ Compression}(E_C)}$		
2048-T851	Plate	10.4	10.7	
7050-T7351	Plate	10.3	10.6	
7475-T7351	Plate	10.3	10.6	

The modulus values for plate are in the same range as those for other 2XXX and 7XXX plate alloys. The values for 2219-T852 hand forging average about 3 per cent lower than those for 2014-T652 and 2024-T852 hand forgings[6]. The modulus values for the two lots of current production 7475-T7351 plate (Table 8) are in agreement with those of the 7475-T7351 contract plate.

The longitudinal and short-transverse modulus values for plate average 1 per cent and 1 to 2 per cent, respectively, lower than the corresponding long-transverse values. The 2219-T852 hand forging modulus values are the same for the longitudinal and long-transverse directions; short-transverse values average 2 per cent lower than those for the long-transverse direction.

The typical tensile and compressive stress-strain curves and compressive tangent-modulus curves are plotted in Fig. 15, 16, and 17 for 2048-T851, 7050-T7351 and 7475-T7351 plate, respectively. Curves for 2219-T852 hand forgings could not be developed due to insufficient production data to establish typical tensile properties. The typical stress-strain data are shown in Tables 16 through 18 for the plate and Table 19 for the 2219-T852 hand forgings. The typical stresses are also shown in the tables for each strain departure as a percentage of the typical yield strength in the event that the typical yield strengths are revised for the plate, or developed for the 2219-T852 hand forgings; these percentages can then be applied to the new typical yield strength values to establish stress-strain curves.

The data for the typical compressive tangent-modulus curves for the plate are shown in Table 20. These data are applicable to the typical yield strengths shown for the stress-strain curves. Revisions in the typical yield strengths will require recomputing of the tangent-modulus data.

# A.2. Fracture Toughness

The results of the fracture toughness tests,  $K_{\rm IC}$ , are shown in Tables 21 through 25. These data generally indicate that there is an increase in toughness as the product thickness decreases. While the L-T data for the 7475-T7351 contract plate seem to suggest a decrease as the plate thickness decreases, this results from the use of relatively small specimens in which large-scale yielding is obtained. The same trend is suggested

by the T-L data for the same plate less than 2 in. in thickness. In fact, the  $K_Q$  values obtained with the smaller sizes of specimens are not indicative of the high levels of toughness of this alloy[33].

In order to obtain more meaningful estimates of the toughness of the current production plate (Table 24), the plan-view dimensions, W and 2H (Fig. 3), were increased for the L-T and T-L specimens in accordance with the guidelines developed by Kaufman[33] and shown in Aluminum Association Document T-5[34]. Kaufman showed that for a given lot of plate, essentially the same value of K ( $K_{Q}$  or  $K_{Ic}$ ) is obtained with different thicknesses of specimen of a given plan size, so that if a specimen plan size is selected on the basis of obtaining valid data for thick specimens (i.e.,  $a \ge 2.5 \left(\frac{K_{IC}}{y_S}\right)^2$  and  $\frac{P_{max}}{P_G} \ge 1.1$ ) estimates of toughness can be obtained with relatively thin specimens. In these tests, W and 2H were 4 and 4.8 in., respectively, for the T-L specimens of the 0.50 and 0.75-in. plate and 6 and 7.2 in., respecively, for the remaining L-T and T-L specimens from plate up to 3.50-in. With the exception of the 0.50 and 0.75-in. specimens, thick. all dimensions were within the standard or alternative limits specified by ASTM E399.

On this basis, it is evident from data in Table 24 that the toughness of 7475-T7351 plate less than about 2 in. in thickness, like that for thicker plate of all of the alloys tested, increases as thickness decreases. To ascertain that the difference in toughness indicated between the contract plate and the current

production plate were not solely a specimen size effect, similar large plan-size specimens from the 0.50 and 1.00-in. contract plate were also tested. The results are summarized below for the two groups of thin 7475-T7351 plate:

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	K <sub>Q</sub> , k	si√in. (Large	Plan View Spe	cimens)
Thickness, in.	L Current	Contract	Current	Contract
0.50 0.75 1.00	60.0 58.9	53.6 <u>51.6</u>	42.6 43.7	40.5 <u>38.0</u>
Average	59.4	52.6	43.2	39.2

The above  $K_Q$  values for the current production plate average about 10 per cent higher than those obtained for the contract plate, and comparison of  $K_{Ic}$  values for the thicker plate (Tables 23 and 24) show similar differences. The plots of  $K_{Ic}$  versus yield strengths in Fig. 18 show that, for the levels of yield strength, the fracture toughness of the contract plate is outside the ranges of data for material produced with current optimum fabricating practices as well as those for plate fabricated prior to the contract[35]. Consequently, for reasons discussed in Section II, Materials, the levels of toughness developed by the contract plate are not indicative of the capabilities of current production, and so  $K_{Ic}$  values for the newer lots (Table 24) should be used in establishing the levels of toughness to be expected for 7475-T7351 at present and in the future.

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Average values of  $K_{Ic}$ , including  $K_Q$  values considered meaningful in Tables 21 through 25, are summarized as follows:

Alloy and		Thickness Range	K <sub>Ic</sub> , ksi√in.		
Temper	Froduct	in	L-T	T-L	S-L
2048-T851	Plate	1.0-4.0	38.0	30.6	25.4
7050-T7351	Plate	2.0-4.0 5.0-6.0	37.0 31.4	31.2 27.7	28.2 27.5
7475-T7351 <sup>(a)</sup>	Plate	1.75-3.5	50.2	37.4	32.9
2219 <b>-</b> T852	Hand Forgings	2.0-7.5	39.3	27.3	24.6

(a) Current Practice (Table 24) for contract plate
(Table 23), 1.0-4.0 in. thick, values average: 45.1 (L-T),
33.3 (T-L) and 29.6 (S-L).

The  $K_{Ic}$  data (valid and meaningful values) for the 2048, 7050 and 7475 (current practice) plate are plotted in Fig. 19. The shaded areas indicate ranges of 2124-T851 plate and other 2XXX and 7XXX plate data. Most of the data points are, at comparable yield strengths, above the data represented by the shaded areas, the largest differences being for the L-T orientation. The 7475-T7351 values for the L-T orientation are twice the 2XXX and 7XXX mid-range data and the highest of all the three plate alloys tested. A similar comparison of data is made in Fig. 20 for the 2219-T852 hand forgings. The level of toughness for relatively large 2219-T852 hand forgings (up to 7.5 x 22 in.) is within, or a little above, the range for smaller sizes of forgings of other alloys, but the yield strengths are in the low end of the range.

## A.3. Axial-Stress Fatigue

The results of the axial-stress fatigue tests (ambient-air environment,  $\cap$ .0) of smooth and notched,  $K_t = 3$ , specimens are plotted in Fig. 21 through 30. Prior to this investigation no fatigue data were developed for the short-transverse directions of other alloys so short-transverse comparisons cannot be made. Generally, the fatigue strengths for short-transverse specimens of plate, from  $10^6$  to  $10^7$  cycles, are about 2/3 to 3/4 of the strengths for longitudinal and long-transverse specimens. For 2219-T852 hand forgings, the data for the three test direction are about the same.

### 2048-T851 Plate (Smooth-Fig. 21 and Notched-Fig. 22)

The data for smooth specimens are generally comparable to, or beyond  $10^6$  cycles a few ksi higher than, those of 1-3/8-in. thick 2024-T851 plate[2]. The data for both smooth and notched specimens indicate the fatigue strengths of 2048-T851 plate to be somewhat higher than those represented by the curve for 2124-T851 plate[9], but they are in the same range as other data indicated by the bands[35]. Beyond  $10^6$  cycles, the data for smooth specimens of the 1 and 2-in. thick 2048-T851 plate and, beyond  $10^5$  cycles, the data for notched specimens are in the upper half of the respective bands.

# 7050-T7351 Plate (Smooth-Fig. 23 and Notched-Fig. 24)

For smooth specimens the data are comparable to data of 7050-T73651 plate[10]. Relative to 7075-T7351 plate[1, 35], 1.25 to 1.75-in. (Fig. 25), the data for 2 to 6-in. thick 7050-T7351 plate fall at the bottom of the 7075 band, except at 10<sup>7</sup> cycles where the data are at the center of the band.

Most of the fatigue data for notched specimens are within the band for 7050-T73651 plate, 2 to 6-in. thick. This band was based on a small number of tests and the upper end of the range at  $10^7$  cycles was established from two data points (L and LT) for 2-in. thick plate[10].

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# 7475-T7351 Plate (Smooth-Fig. 25 and Notched-Fig. 26)

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The data up to  $10^6$  cycles for smooth specimens (L and LT) of the 1 to 4-in. thick contract plate fall at the bottom of the band for 7075-T7351 plate, 1.25 to 1.75-in.[1, 35]. At  $10^7$  cycles the data for the 1 and 2-in. plate are near the center and for the 3 and 4-in. plate in the lower half of the band.

For notched specimens the data are comparable at stresses from 20 ksi and above, but average a few ksi below the curve for 1.375-in. thick 7075-T7351 plate[32] at stresses below 20 ksi. 7475-T7351 Plate, Current Practice (Smooth-Fig. 27 and Notched-Fig. 28)

Fatigue strengths at  $10^6$  to  $10^7$  cycles for both smooth and notched specimens from plate produced by current practices are higher than those of the contract data represented by the bands (L and LT) and the curve (ST). Although based on limited data, the improvement in fatigue strength for the short-transverse direction appears to be appreciable. The strengths (L and LT) are comparable to those of 7075-T7351 plate.

### 2048-T851, 7050-T7351, and 7475-T7351 Plate

Average fatigue strengths for the three plate alloys generally show a spread of no more than 2 to 3 ksi. An exception is that a wider spread is indicated in the average strengths beyond  $10^5$  to

 $10^7$  cycles for notched short-transverse specimens; at  $10^7$  cycles the fatigue strength for 2048 is about 11 ksi and for 7050 and the contract 7475 is 7.5 and 7 ksi, respectively.

As discussed previously, the 7475-T7351 plate fabricated by current practices developed higher fatigue strengths than the contract 7475 plate. The strengths are also equivalent to or higher than those of 7050 and 2048, with the exception that for short-transverse notched specimens the fatigue strength at  $10^7$ cycles is 9 ksi compared to 11 ksi for 2048.

#### 2219-T852 Hand Forgings (Smooth-Fig. 29 and Notched-Fig. 30)

Except at the high stress levels, the data for smooth specimens are within the band for 2219-T8-type plate[35]. At about 107 cycles the fatigue strengths are a little below those indicated by the curves for 2014-T652 and 2024-T852 hand forgings[6].

There are no hand forging data for comparison of tests of notched specimens; the fatigue strengths are equivalent to those of 2124-T851 plate (Fig. 22).

#### B. Fatigue Crack-Propagation Tests

The fatigue crack-propagation plots have a scale fcr stress intensity which emphasizes differences but also emphasizes scatter in the test data. Some of the plots show substantial scatter and overlap. Accordingly, differences in fatigue crackgrowth rates of less than 50 per cent as summarized in Table 26 are not considered significant for product comparisons. In both dry-air and sump-water environments, though not in moist air, there is a general tendency for the tests at slower frequencies to

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show somewhat faster propagation. The effects of the other variables are discussed below:

### 2048-T851 Plate (Figs. 31 to 36)

1. At the higher stress intensities the L-T specimens had lower rates of propagation in dry air than the T-L or S-L specimens.

- 2. Propagation rates in sump water were generally two to three times faster than those in dry air; however, the T-L specimens from the 1.0-in. plate exhibited little environmental effect at high stress intensities.
- 3. Good agreement between the results of tests of 1/4-in. and 1.0-in. specimens is shown in Figs. 34 and 35 for tests in dry air and sump water, respectively.
- 4. The rates of propagation for T-L specimens in the thick plate are similar to those reported for 2124-T851 plate[9].

# <u>7050-T7351 Plate (Figs. 37 to 42)</u>

- 1. The rates obtained for the two plate thicknesses and three orientations are essentially equivalent.
- Fatigue-crack propagation rates in moist air and sump water were generally about 1-1/2 and 2 to 5 times faster, respectively, than rates in dry air.
- 3. The crack in the low-growth-rate T-L specimen tested in sump water (Fig. 41) stopped twice and cracking had to be reinitiated at higher loads.

4. The low-growth rate T-L specimen from the 4-in. plate (Fig. 40) was the only T-L specimen which had crack-front angulation; the rates determined for this tests are slower than those shown for the thicker, high-growth rate specimen.

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5. The rates of propagation are comparable to those reported for 7050-T73651 plate in dry and moist air[10].

7475-T7351 Contract Plate (Figs. 43 to 48)

- Compared to propagation in dry air, propagation is two to three times as fast in moist air and three to eight times as fast in sump water for all orientations.
- 2. The rates of propagation do not vary significantly with plate thickness or specimen orientation.
- 3. Figure 46 shows good agreement between rates determined for the 1/4-in. and 1-in. thick specimens tested in dry air.
- 4. Relatively slow rates of propagation were obtained for the 1/4-in. thick specimen in sump water (Fig. 47) at the low-stress intensities. Attempts to start the tests at lower stress intensities had resulted in crack arrest.

7475-T7351 ^urrect Production Plate (Figs. 49 to 52)

- ... The rates of propagation in the T-L and S-L specimens from the current production lots of 7475-T7351 plate were generally similar to those determined for the comparable contract materials.
- The 1/4-in. T-L specimen tested in dry air had somewhat slower propagation than the 1-in. T-L specimen (Fig. 50).

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3. The propagation of a 1/4-in. thick specimen (Fig. 51) stopped after sump water was added to a crack initiated at a low-growth rate in laboratory zir.

### 2219-T852 Hand Forging (Figs. 53 to 58)

- The rates of propagation at the higher stress intensities were slow for the L-T specimens from the larger hand forging (Fig. 55).
- 2. Equivalent rates of propagation were obtained for T-L specimens taken from the surface and T/2 locations (Fig. 56).
- 3. The rates of propagation were 1-1/2 to 2 times as fast in moist air as in dry air and about 3 times as fast in sump water as in dry air at medium stress intensities.
- 4. At low-stress intensities, rates of propagation were much slower in sump water (Fig. 57) than in dry air (Fig. 56). An attempt to obtain sump water data at a somewhat lower stress intensity resulted in crack arrest.
- 5. The large 2219-T852 hand forging did not show the large directional effect reported for the comparable 7050-T73652 hand forging[10]. Also rates are slower than reported for a large 7175-T736 hand forging[9].

## Comparison of Products and Alloys

- In moist air, propagation was similar for the hand forging and three plate alloys.
- 2. At medium and high stress intensities, Fig. 59 shows the propagation in sump water to be faster in 7050-T7351 and 7475-T7351 plate than in 2048-T851 plate; the environmental

effect was greatest for 7475-T7351 plate. At medium stress intensities, rates of propagation in sump water were comparable for 2048-T851 plate and 2219-T852 hand forgings.

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At low stress intensities propagation in sump water slowed or 3. arrested in alloys 7050-T7351, 7475-T7351, and 2219-1852 but not 2048-T851. Metallographic and scanning electron microscopic (SEM) examinations were made of a 7475-T7351 specimen whose crack arrested after 0.01 to 0.02 in. propagation in sump water. Before the sump water was added, the crack had been propagating in air at a slow rate  $(5 \times 10^{-8} \text{ in/cycle})$ . SEM examination, Fig. 60, showed that the "river markings," characteristic of Stage 1 propagation, were fanning out and formed scalloped crack fronts in the latter stages of the sump water propagation. SEM examination further revealed that the fracture surface was heavily contaminated with corrosion product. The primary elements in the product (as determined by X-ray analysis) were Cd and Ci, which are the predominant components of the sump water. Examination of the unloaded specimen had shown the crack to be wider in the tip region after the loadings in sump water than after the loadings in air. By partially filling the crack, the buildup apparently increased the load at which crack closure occurred; i.e., the crack was closed for a larger portion of the load cycle. Thus, the effective range of load and stress intensity was decreased. Depending on relative rates of buildup and propagation, progressive buildup of the corrosion product could slow or arrest the crack.

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4. In each environment the rates of propagation were generally comparable for the 7050-T7351 and 7475-T7351 plate specimens irrespective of specimen orientation.

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5. The 2048-T851 plate and 2219-T852 hand forgings showed more of a directional effect, with relatively slow rates shown at high-stress intensities for L-T specimens.

## C. Corrosion Characteristics

### C.l. Resistance to Exroliation

All products except the 2.5-in. thick 2219-T852 hand forging (S. No. 478817, Table 27) displayed a high resistance to exfoliation in the EXCO immersion test (Tables 27 through 30). Panels from the 7050-T7351 and 2048-T851 alloy plates revealed no evidence of exfoliation. Minor exfoliation (E-A) was detected on panels from the other 2219-T852 hand forgings and on the panels from the midplane of the 7475-T7351 plate. The development of minor exfoliation of degree E-A in the agressive EXCO solution is believed to be of no practical importance because it has been shown that products that develop this degree of exfoliation in the accelerated test do not develop any evidence of exfoliation during exposure to the seacoast atmosphere at Pcint Judith, Rhode Islana[36]. The total length of exposure to the EXCO solution was 144 hours for the 2219-T852 panels except for panels from the 2.5-inch thick hand forging and 96 hours for the other alloys. The panels were, how ver, examined and rated at various time periods including the 48 hour exposure specified in ASTM G34-72[27]. The general appearance and the ratings of the test panels did not change during extension

of the test beyond the specified 48 hours.

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Visual examination of the panels from the 2.5-in. thick 2219-T852 hand forging after 48 hours of exposure to the EXCO solution resulted in the panels being given an E-D rating using the photographic standards in ASTM G34-72[27]. Metallographic examination of the test panel from the mid-plane, T/2, did not, however, reveal the lifting of the surface normally associated with a high degree of susceptibility to exfoliation. The metallographic examination of the corroded specimen showed pitting plus intergranular attack with some presence of slip plane attack. The nature of the attack on the 2219-T852 specimens is shown in Figures 61 and 62. From the metallographic examination it would have been expected that the specimen rating would be no worse than E-A. The disparity between the visual and metallographic examination of the 2219-T852 specimen may indicate that the EXCO test presently recommended for 7XXX series alloy may not be entirely satisfactory for 2XXX series alloys.

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No evidence of exfoliation was displayed during exposure to the acidified salt spray by any of the panels from selected lots of each product. The absence of any exioliation in the acidified sult spray on panels from the 2.5-in. thick 2219-T852 hand forging leads to a further questioning of the suitability of the EXCO test for evaluation of the resistance to exfoliation of 2XXX series alloys. On the basis of the metallographic examination of 2219-T852 EXCO parel and the results obtained in the acidified

salt spray it is believed that the accelerated tests indicate a high resistance to exfoliation for all of the tested products.

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The results of exfoliation testing of selected lots of each product by exposure to the seacoast atmosphere at Point Judith, Rhode Island are encouraging, but the exposures of up to 570 days are not of sufficient duration to provide conclusive results. These specimens which presently show no evidence of exfoliation will continue to be examined during routine periodic inspection of specimens at this exposure station.

### C.2. Resistance to Stress-Corrosion Cracking (SCC) -Smooth Specimens

None of the longitudinal and long-transverse specimens of the various products failed during exposure to the 3.5 per cent sodium chloride alternate-immersion test (Tables 31 through 34). This demonstrates the excellent resistance to stress corrosion that is expected of these products in these test directions. The losses in tensile properties of longitudinal and long-transverse specimens after 12 weeks of exposure indicate that 7475-T7351 has the highest resistance to general corrosion. The lowest resistance to general corrosion was displayed by 7050-T7351 with an average per cent loss in tensile properties that was about three times that of 7475-T7351. The 2219-T852 and 2048-T851 specimens displayed losses in tensile properties approximately midway between these two extremes. The reductions in tensile properties were about the same for the stressed and unstressed specimens except for 7050-T7351 alloy. The per cent losses in tensile properties of the stressed

7050-T7351 specimens were about 1.5 times the per cent losses obtained for the unstressed specimens.

A 30-day exposure to the 3.5 per cent sodium chloride alternateimmersion test has been commonly used to evaluate the stresscorrosion performance of high-strength aluminum alloy using 0.125-in. diameter, short-transverse tension specimens (Tables 31 through 34). None of the short-transverse specimens exposed to the alternateimmersion test at an applied stress of 50 per cent of the tentative or specified minimum long-transverse yield strength for the tested product lots failed during this 30-day exposure period. Two short-transverse specimens from the 3.0-in. thick 2048-T851 plate (S. No. 421083) did fail with longer exposure. Although longer exposures are necessary to obtain conclusive results none of the short-transverse specimens stressed to 50 per cent of the tentative or specified long-transverse yield strength have failed during atmospheric exposure at Point Judith, Rhode Island or at the Alcoa Technical Center for time periods of up to 496 days (Tables 35 through 38).

After 30 days of exposure to the alternate-immersion test, failure of short-transverse specimens stressed to 75 per cent of the tentative or specified minimum long-transverse yield strength had occurred for three lots of 2048-T851 alloy plate. Both lots of 2. -in. thick plate (S. No. 421381, 421382) and one lot of 3.0-in. thick plate (S. No. 421083) of 2048-T851 alloy had one of the triplicate specimens failing to complete a 30-day test. These same lots of 2048-T851 alloy plate are the

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only lots of any alloy to have experienced specimen failures during exposure at Point Judith, Ehode Island. Continuation of the alternateimmersion testing of the short-transverse specimens stressed at 75 per cent did not result in any failures of the 7275-T7351 alloy specimens and only one failure of the 2219-T852 alloy specimens. However, nine additional specimens of 2048-T851 alloy and six specimens of 7050-T7351 alloy failed during the extended exposure.

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Metallographic examination of the two earliest 2048-T851 failures in the alternate-immersion test revealed the failures to be tensile fractures with no evidence of secondary intergranular cracks. Metallographic examination of short-transverse specimens of 2048-T851 alloy that failed after longer periods of exposure did reveal clear evidence of intergranular cracks. The presence of intergranular cracking in these specimens and the failures obtained at Point Judith, Rhode Island, would seem to indicate that the lots of 2.0-in. thick plate and the one lot of 3.0-in. thick plate of 2048-T853 alloy do have some susceptibility to intergranular stress corrosion at the higher stress.

#### C.3. Resistance to SUC of Precracked Specimens

Table 39 lists the lots of each product that were selected to be tested with the short-transverse (S-L) tension precracked DCB specimens. The initial average crack length, initial total crack-opening displacement (V), and initial stress intensity ( $K_{II}$ ) are shown for each individual DCB test specimen. The results of plane-strain fracture toughness tests of the selected materials are also shown. The initial stress-intensity values ( $K_{II}$ ) are

in very good agreement with the plane-strain fracture toughness values ( $K_{Ic}$ ). The DCB specimen geometry used in the tests, Figure 13, is believed to be responsible for this good agreement.

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Individual crack-growth curves for the specimens exposed to the 3.5 per cent sodium-chloride solution are presented in Figures 63 through 73. The DCB specimens of 7475-T7351 alloy, Figures 72 and 73, displayed a crack growth that was about the smallest change that can be detected with the Alcoa Technical Center ultrasonic measuring device. The crack growth for the other products showed considerable variability for the various lots and in several cases even between duplicate specimens from the same lot. The most significant crack growth, Figure 66, was experienced with the duplicate specimens from the 2.0-in. thick 2048-T851 plate, but the crack growth was considerably less than that incurred by highly susceptible materials such as 7075-T651 and 7079-T651.

Examination of the crack surface of the specimens at the completion of the 30-day test indicated that the environmental crack growth of most of the specimens was the result of typical intergranular stress-corrosion cracking. The stress-corrosion growth generally proceeded on various planes giving a fracture surface with many small steps. The tendency for flat SCC facets was less with thicker sections making the SCC more difficult to recognize. The presence of actual SCC is, however, questionable for the 4.0-in. thick 7475-T7351 plate and for the 4.5 and 7.5-in. thick 2219-T852 hand forgings. Rough measurements of the

environmental crack growth on the fracture surfaces gave a reasonably good check with the ultrasonic measurements except for the 7475-T7351 and 2219-T852 specimens that had very small amounts of crack growth.

Crack-growth rate versus stress-intensity data were calculated for each of the test specimens. The plateau velocities for the K-rate curves were determined by an arbitrary procedure to avoid the erratic shapes of crack-growth curves during the initiation of SCC and the extraneous effect of corrosion product wedging. The total amount of crack-growth that occurred during the first 360 hours (15 days) of exposure was used to calculate the overall average growth rate for that period. These results are shown in Table 40. This procedure has been found to represent best the initial sustained crack growth which is considered to be one of the most significant features of the K-rate curves. The  $K_T$ -rate data for the various products are illustrated in Figure 74. Data for plate of alloys 7079-T651, 7075-T651, and 7075-T7351[32] are included for comparison. The overall average plateau velocity of 1.5 x  $10^{-4}$  in. per hour for the 7050-T7351 alloy plate is in good agreement with the average plateau velocity obtained for 7050-T73651 plate in previous investigations[37]. The range in plateau velocities of from 2.8 x  $10^{-5}$  to 4.8 x  $10^{-4}$  is a somewhat larger variation than previously encountered. This larger variation is due to the greatly different performance of the two lots of 6.0-in. thick 7050-T7351 alloy plate. No explanation is available for the difference in performance of these two lots or

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for the unexpectedly large amount of SCC growth encountered with one of the lots. The overall average plateau velocity for the four lots of 7475-T7351 plate was 2.5 x  $10^{-5}$  in. per hour which compares favorably with the average plateau velocity for 7075-T7351 alloy plate.

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The DCB specimen data provide questionable values for the threshold stress intensity due to the fact that the crack growth did not reach an actual arrest during the 30-day test. It is difficult to be sure of a definite arrest because the formation of corrosion products on the surfaces of the precrack and corrosion crack can form wedges that drive the SCC ahead. A 30-day exposure was selected for the present tests on the basis of previous test experience with similar materials. Actually from the environmental crack-growth curves it would appear that a 20-day exposure was sufficient for all specimens except the specimens for the 2.0-in. thick 2048-T851 alloy plate. Therefore, estimates of threshold stress intensities were calculated for the crack lengths at the end of 20 days. These values would be expected to be good estimates of the true threshold stress intensity for samples that give indications of crack arrest or samples that show very low crackgrowth rates. The estimates would, however, be overly optimistic for specimens, such as those from the 2.0-in. thick 2048-T851 alloy plate, Figure 66, that continue to show significant crack growth after 20 days of exposure. The estimates of the threshold stress intensity presented in Table 40 demonstrate that except for 2.0-in. thick 2048-T851 alloy plate and one of the lots of 6.0-in.

thick 7050-T7351 alloy plate, all of the products had high estimated threshold stresses that ranged from 89 to 99 per cent of the initial pop-in stress intensity. Although it is questionable whether these values are valid for design considerations, they do provide a basis for comparison of the various alloys and tempers at the selected length of exposure. This is also true for the average velocities listed in Table 40.

The alloys and tempers would, on the basis of the precracked DCB specimen data, be ranked in the following order of decreasing performance, 7475-T7351, 2219-T852, 7050-T7351, and 2048-T851. This is the same ranking order that is obtained from the results of the smooth specimen stress corrosion tests

# Effect of DCB Specimen Thickness

Previous tests of 2024-T351 and 7075-T651[32] suggested that crack-growth rates and threshold levels may be independent of the stress state. This suggestion was subjected to further examination by the exposure to 3.5 per cent sodium-chloride solution of reduced thickness DCB specimens, Figure 14, from the center plane of 4.0-in. thick 2048-T851, 7050-T7351, and 7475-T7351 alloy plate. The l.0-in. thick DCB specimens for which a planestrain stress was expected had initial stress-intensity values  $(K_{II})$  that were in very good agreement with the plane-strain fracture toughness values  $(K_{IC})$ . The initial stress-intensity values shown in Table 41 for the 0.25-in. reduced thickness DCB specimens expected to have a mixed mode stress state, of course, were considerably higher than the fracture toughness

 $(K_{Ic})$  values. The high initial stress intensities were the result of the higher total crack-opening displacement of the reduced thickness specimens.

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The crack-growth curves for the reduced thickness specimens are presented in Figures 75 through 84. Figures 77, 80, and 84 compare the environmental crack growth of 1.0, 0.5, and 0.25-in. thick DCB specimens of each plate alloy. The reduced thickness specimens generally showed less crack growth than the 1.0-in. thick specimens. This is especially evident for the 4.0-in. thick 7050-T7351 alloy plate, Figure 80. For the stresscorrosion resistant alloys and tempers in this investigation departure from a plane-strain stress state appears to have a tendency to reduce the calculated crack-growth rates and to give higher estimates for the threshold stress intensity. Corrosion Data for Current Production Lots of 7475-T7351

The stress-corrosion data for the current lots of 7475-T7351 plate are presented in Tables 42 through 45 and in Figures 85 and 86. These results are in complete agreement with the main body of test results and provide additional evidence of the outstanding resistance to stress corrosion of all of the tested lots of 7475-T7351 plate.

### SECTION VI

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#### SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

The mechanical properties, including fracture characteristics and axial-stress fatigue, fatigue crack-growth rates and corrosion characteristics have been evaluated for 2048-T851, 7050-T7351, and 7475-T7351 plate and 2219-T852 hand forgings produced by commercial practices. Based on the data developed in this investigation, the following summary statements and conclusions have been made:

#### A. Mechanical Properties

# A.l. Tensile, Compressive, Shear and Bearing

- Ratios among the tensile, compressive, shear and bearing properties have been computed. These ratios are suitable for use in developing reduced ratios to establish derived design allowables for inclusion in MIL-HDBK-5.
- The average modulus of elasticity values developed from stress-strain tests are as follows:

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and		Modulus, 10 <sup>3</sup> ksi		
Temper	Product	Tension(E)	$Compression(E_C)$	
2048-T851	Plate	10.4	10.7	
7050-T7351	Plate	10.3	10.6	
7475-T7351	Plate	10.3	10.6	
2219 <b>-</b> T852	Hand Forgings	10.2	10.4	

3. Tensile and compressive stress-strain and compressive tangentmodulus curves have been developed for 2048-T851, 7050-T7351 and 7475-T7351 plate for inclusion in MIL-HDBK-5. Stress-strain data for 2219-T852 hand forgings have been presented in a form suitable for developing curves when sufficient tensile property data have been obtained from production lots to establish typical tensile yield strengths.

# A.2. Fracture Toughness

- All three alloys of plate developed levels of fracture toughness appreciably higher than other commercial alloys having comparable yield strengths. Alloy 7475 exhibited the highest fracture toughness in all three orientations, particularily for the L-T.
- 2. The toughness levels of the 7475-T7351 plate, although above current minimum values, were not representative of current production. Data for ten additional lots produced by current production practices (Table 24) demonstrated the hightoughness capabilities expected of this alloy and so these  $K_{Ic}$  values should be used in establishing the levels of toughness to be expected for 7475-T7351 at present and in the future.
- 3. The 2219-T852 hand forgings, sizes up to 7.5 x 22 in., developed the levels of toughness higher than those of most other hand forging alloys, but yield strengths are in the low end of the range.

### A.3. Axial-Stress Fatigue

1. The axial-stress fatigue strengths for smooth and notched,  $K_t = 3$ , specimens are in the same general range as those of corresponding products of 2XXX and 7XXX alloys.

- 2. Fatigue strengths of the 7475-T7?51 plate produced by current production practices are comparable to those of 7075-T7351 plate. The fatigue strengths for the plate tested under the contract are generally lower than those of 7075-T7351 plate.
- 3. The average fatigue strengths of the three plate alloys are in the same general range except for short-transverse notched specimens ( $K_t = 3$ ); the fatigue strength of the 2048 plate at  $10^7$  cycles is 11 ksi compared to 9 and 7 ksi for 7475 and 7050, respectively.

গুলে সময়ত প্ৰথম কিন্তু কিন্তু কিন্তু বিশ্বমাধ কিন্তু বিশ্বমাধ বিশ্বমাধ কিন্তু ক

#### B. Fatigue-Crack Propagation

- In moist air, propagation was similar for the hand forging and the three plate alloys.
- 2. At medium-stress intensities, crack propagation rates in moist air are 1.5 to 2 times those in dry air, and rates in sump water are 2 to 9 times those in dry air. Propagation in sump water was twice as fast in 7050-T7351 and 7475-T7351 plate as in 2048-T851 plate and 2219-T852 hand forgings. Environmental effects were less at high-stress intensities.
- 3. At low-stress intensities, propagation in alloys 7050-T7351, 7475-T7351 and 2219-T852 slowed or arrested in sump water. This behavior is attributed to a build-up of corrosion product which effectively reduced the stress intensity range.
- 4. In both dry air and sump water, though not in moist air, there is a tendency for crack propagation at the slower loading rates to be somewhat faster than at higher loading rates.
- 5. For the 7050-T7351 and 7475-T7351 plate specimens, rates of propagation are independent of specimen orientation. The 2048-T851 plate and 2219-T852 hand forgings show some

directional effect, with lower rates for L-T specimens at high-stress intensities than for T-L and S-L specimens.

6. In several cases, good agreement was found between growth rates determined for 1/4-in. and 1-in. thick specimens tested in dry air.

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- 7. The rates of propagation determined for the current production lots of 7475-T7351 plate are generally similar to those of the contract materials.
- 8. The rates of propagation obtained for these alloys in dry and moist environments are generally comparable to reported values for similar aircraft alloys.

# C. Corrosion Characteristics

- All products have a high resistance to exfoliation in the accelerated tests and after up to 570 days in a seacoast atmosphere.
- 2. All products have the expected excellent resistance to stress corrosion when tested in the longitudinal and long-transverse direction.
- 3. All products display excellent resistance to stress corrosion in the critical short-transverse direction when tested at an applied stress of 50 per cent of the specified or tentative minimum long-transverse yield strength. The only failures encountered at this stress level were for duplicate specimens of 2048-T851 alloy during extended exposure in the 3.5 per cent alternate-immersion test beyond the normal 30-day exposure.

4. Short-transverse specimens of 7475-T7351, 2219-T852, and 7050-T7351 display excellent resistance to stress corrosion at an applied stress of 75 per cent of the specified or tentative minimum long-transverse yield strength. One specimen of 2219-T852 alloy and six specimens of 7050-T7351 alloy failed during extended exposure in the 3.5 per cent sodium-chloride alternate-immersion test (>30 days).

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- 5. Short-transverse specimen failure: in less than thirty days in the alternate-immersion test and specimen failures in the seacoast environment at Point Judith demonstrate that the lots of 2.0-in. thick plate and one lot of 3.0-in. thick plate of 2048-T851 alloy do have some susceptibility to intergranular stress corrosion at an applied stress of 75 per cent of the minimum long-transverse yield strength.
- 6. Tests of precracked DCB specimens showed the same general trends as tests with smooth specimens and result in the following ranking in order of decreasing performance: 7475-T7351, 2219-T852, 7050-T7351, and 2048-T851.

7. Testing of reduced thickness DCB specimens using tensile pop-in precracking indicates that the stress state can have an effect on the crack-growth rate and estimated threshold stress intensity values for the stress corrosion resistant alloys and tempers evaluated in this investigation.

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Fig. 1 General Dimensions of Tensile, Compressive and Shear Specimens



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Fig. 6 Setup for Testing Compact Fracture Toughness Specimens.



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NOTE: All dimensions in inches.

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Fig. 7 Smooth and Notched Axial-Stress Fatigue Specimens



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a = crack length

Special Dimensions - Inches

_	В	2H	W	A	D	d	W <sub>1</sub>	H/W
	1.00	3.72	3.805	1.650	0.75	1.151	4.80	0.485
	1.00	3.72	3.100	1.650	0.75	1.151	4.10	0.6
	0.25	2.48	2.550	1.100	0.375	0.62	3.200	0.485

## Fig. 8 Dimensions for Compact Fatigue Crack-Propagation Specimen



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Fig. 9 Fatigue Crack-Growth Tests of Compact Specimens.



E-A

E-C

E-D

Fig. 10 Four Degrees of Severity of Exfoliation Corrosion Per ASTM Standard Method Test G34-72.

E-B



Fig. 11 1/8-in. Diameter Tensile Specimen, Various Parts of the Stressing Frame and Final Stressed Assembly for Stress Corrosion Tests.

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Fig. 12 Synchronous Loading Device Used to Stress Specimens Stressed Assembly and One Assembled Finger Tight Ready For Stressing Are Shown to the Left.



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Fig. 13 Configuration of Double Cantilever Beam (DCB) Specimen Used for SCC Tests



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Fig. 14 Configuration of Reduced Thickness Double Cantilever Beam (DCB) Specimen Used for SCC Tests



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Fig. 17



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Fatigue Crack-Growth Data for 1-in. 2048-T851 Flate T-L Orientation F1g. 32

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Fig. 34 Fatigue Crack-Growth Data for 4 in. 2048-T851 Flate T-L Cuientation (dry air)

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Fig. 38 Fatigue Crack-Growth Data for 2-in. 7050-T7351 Jate T-L Orientation



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Fig. 45 Fatigue Crack-Growth Data for h-in. 7475-T7351 Flate L-T Orientation

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Fig. 48 Fatigue Crack-Jrowth Data for 4-in. 7475-T7351 Flate S-L Orientation

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Fig. 49 Fatigue-Crack Growth Data for 3/4 in. 7475-T7351 Flate (Current Fractice) T-L Orientation

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Fatigue Crack-Growth Data for 3.5-in. 7475-T7351 Plate (Current Fractice), T-L Orientation (dry air)

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Fig. 60 Sump Water Induced Arrest of Low Growth Rate Fatigue Crack in 7475-T7351 Plate (S.E.M.)



S. No. 478817-E2 Neg. 205123 Mag: 500X Fig. 62 View of Figure 61 at a higher magnification.





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## CHEMICAL COMPOSITIONS OF 2048-T851 PLATE (F33615-74-2-5089)

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	0.10	0.25	1 1	1.2-1.8	0.20-0.6	2.8-3.8	0.20	0.15	(b) (Maximum unless) (range is shown)	Limits <sup>(</sup>
	0.01 0.01	0.05 0.05	0.00	1.35 1.25	0**0 0*	3.19 3.62 3.62	0.13 0.13	0.00	) 421383 1421384	4.000 4.000
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	10.0	0.02	0.00	1.25	0.34	3.24	0.15	0.08	0 421083	3.00(
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an a				PLATE	0F 2048-T851 3-5089)	MPOSITIONS ( F33615-74-0	EMICAL CO	СН		
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Aluminum Association Alloy Designations and Chemical Composition Limits For Wrought Aluminum Alloys, revised September 1976. (p)

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CHEMICAL COMPOSITIONS OF 7050-T7351 PLATE (F33615-74-C-5089)

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Sam	ple <sup>(a)</sup>				ГЭ	lement, %				
Thickness in.	, Number	S1	н	Cu	иМ	Mg	Сr	uZ	Τ1	Zr
2.000	421074	0.04	0.07	2.31	0.00	2.24	0.00	6.05	0.04	11.0
2.000	421075	0.03	0.07	2.32	0.00	2.2I	0.00	6.20	0.03	0.10
3.000	421076	0.03	0.07	2.41	0.00	2.27	0.00	6.07	0.02	0.11
3.000	421081	0.03	0.06	2.35	0.00	2.22	0.00	5.96	0.02	0.11
4.000	421077	0.03	0.07	2.48	0.00	2.27	0.00	6.45	0.02	11.0
4.000	421078	0.03	0.07	2.41	0.00	2.22	0.00	6.19	0.02	0.11
5.000	421073	0.04	0.07	2.36	0.00	2.23	0.00	6.18	0.03	0.10
5.118	421278	0.06	0.09	2.21	00.00	2.11	c.00	6.09	0.06	0.10
6.000	421079	0.04	0.08	2.34	0.00	2.13	0.00	6.27	0.04	0.11
6.000	421080	0.03	0.07	2.43	0.00	2.34	0.00	6.24	0.02	0.11
Limits <sup>(b)</sup>	(Maximum unless) (range is shown)	0.12	0.15	2.0-2.6	0.10	1.9-2.6	0.04	5.7-6.7	0.06	0.08-0.15
11V (e)	samnlas fehntat	ירל זיל הסי	a0.							

(a) All samples fabricated by Alcoa.

Aluminum Association Alloy Designations and Chemical Composition Limits For Wrought Aluminum Alloys, revised September 1976. (q)

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## CHEMICAL COMPOSITIONS CF 7475-T7351 PLATE (F33615-74-C-5089)

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						TABLE	3				
				CHEMI	CAL COMPOS	ITIONS (	F 7475-T73	51 PLATE			
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	Sample <sup>4</sup> Thickness.	Number	<u>S1</u>	Fe	Cu	Mp	Elemen Mg	t, <b>%</b> Cr	NI	Zn	Ti
	in.										
	0.500	429422	0.03	0.10	1.47	0.00	2.19	0.19	0.00	5.46	0.0
	0.500	429423	0.03	0.09	1.38	0.00	2.16	0.19	0.00	5-54	0.0
	1.000	429387	0.03	0.10	1.55	0.00	2.18	0.20	0.00	5.48	0.0
	1.000	429388	0.04	0.09	1.42	0.00	2.15	U.20	0.00	5.61	0.0
	2.000	429389	0.03	0.10	1.60	0.00	2.22	0.20	0.00	5.56	0.0
	2.000	429390	0.04	0.10	1.45	0.00	2.16	0.20	0.00	5.57	0.0
	3.000	429391	0.04	0.10	1.48	0.00	2.20	0.20	0.00	5.67	0.0
	3.000	429392	0.03	0.10	1.51	0.00	2.15	0.20	0.00	5.45	0.0
	4.000	429393	0.04	0.11	1.48	0.00	2.19	0.20	0.00	5.69	0.0
	4.000	429394	0.03	0.10	1.54	0.00	2.16	0.20	0.00	5.44	0.0
			1		Current Dr	ation					
-	0.50/	1/20 m - m		0.05	current Pr	eccice				- (-	
	0.500	4/0/1/	0.05	0.07	1.55	0.00	2.19	0.20	0.00	5.00	0.0
	1.750	4/0/10	0.05	0.07	1.54	0.00	2.10	0.19	0.00	5.49	0.0
	1.750	4/0024	0.06	0.09	1.01	0.00	2.30	0.21	0.01	5.91	0.0
	1.750	4/0020	0.06	0.09	1.05	0.00	2.33	0.20	0.00	5.79	<i>v</i> .c
	2.200	410020	0.00	0.09	1.03	0.00	2.21	0.20	0.00	5.74	0.0
	2.290	178828	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	2.31	0.20	0.00	5.01	0.0
	2.150	410020	0.00	0.00	1.5/	0.00	2.24	0.20	0.00	5.00	0.0
	2.100	410029	0.00	0.00	1.60	0.00	2.34	0.20	0.00	5.81	J.C
	3.200	410030	0.06	0.09	1.62	0.00	2.30	0.20	0.00	5.73	0.0
	3.500	4/0901	0.06	0.10	1.51	0.00	2.31	0.21	0.00	·,.64	0.0

All samples fabricated by Alcoa.

(b) Aluminum Association Alloy Designations and Chemical Composition Limits For Wrought Aluminum Alloys, revised September 1976.

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## CHEMICAL COMPOSITIONS OF 2219-T852 HAND FORGINGS

(F33615-74-C-5089)

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Aluminum Association Alloy Designations and Chemical Composition Limits for Wrought Aluminum Alloys, revised September 1976. 2 dill'no o (p)

						TABLE 5						
				MEC	HANICAL PROPE (F336	RTIES OF 204	8-T851 PLATY					
Thickness In.	ple s. Number	Direction <sup>(b)</sup>	Ultimate 3trength, ksi	Yield Strength, (a), kat	Le Elongation En 4D, 4	Reduction in Area,	Compressive Yield (s) Strength(s)	Shear Ultimate Strength,	Ultimete St e.D-1.5	Bearing (F1 rength, ks1 e/D-2.v	etv1se) <u>yleld Stre</u> e/D-1.5	0.2-0/9
0.500	421378	LL LL	66.1 66.3	62.2 61.5	12.0	999 999	63.4 63.4	38.8 39.1	100.3	132.0 132.9	87.6 92.3	100.8 101.4
0.500	421379	ц	68.1 68.4	63.8 63.2	12.0	945 345	64.7 65.4	40.0	105.4	136.2 135.1	92.9 90.5	107.0 102.7
1.000	421108	นั	70.5	67.5 65.4	లాడు బాబా	27 20	66.5 66.5	40.7 39.8	101.4 102.3	131.8 134.4	89.6 90.5	101.6 103.2
1.000	421380	цг	65.3 66.1	62.1 61.1	12.0	181	60.4 61.3	38.6 38.2	97.5 98.6	126.1 126.7	85.5 87.3	99.8 100.9
000.4	181381	4 L	67.3 67.1 64.0	63.7 62.6 59 3	11. 20.7 20.4	900	685 64.43 64.43	38.0 39.2 	9.001 100.6	129.5 131.1 	87.4 90.7	100.4 101.2 
2.000	421382	고감함	69.6 69.9 65.7	700 400 90	11.0 6.5 6.5	2000 Children	63.4 64.5 64.5	40.9	104.5	136.1 135.4	92.0 0.52	104.2 103.9 
3.000	421083	거리와 영당	67.9 68.0 63.6	64.2 62.9 58.5	6.00 4.00 6.00	30 160 8	60.9 63.09 63.09	38.6 38.6 33.1	101.1 96.7	131.5 130.9	38.6 87.1	104.0 102.1
3.000	η <b>2</b> 108μ	내	70.2 70.1 65.7	64.7 63.9 58.9	900 900 900	1885	65.9 63.6 63.9	40.2 40.2 36.3	98.0 100.6	132.5 132.0 	87.8 90.1	104.5 107.3
4.000	421383	생님	64.4 63.7 62.5	59.1 57.3 56.0	9.0 37.0	852 875 1755	296.69 596.69	37.4 37.4 34.22	95.1 96.6	122.9 125.4	81.2 82.6 	9.46 96.8
4.000	421384	3 LL	69.5 69.5 65.6	64.2 61.9 59.5	ອ ທີ່ທີ່ອີ ທີ່ມີອີ	16 8 8	60.9 62.4 63.1	80.5 36.5 36.5 36.5	98.3 103.7	131.1 133.2 	87.1 91.4	103.5 105.1
				ы	entative Mini	mum Properti	ea					
2,001-3.	• 000	L ST	055 005	አሄୟ	າ ການ ຄານ							
			-		Typical P	roperties <sup>(d)</sup>	-					
0.500		LT	68	62	10	;						
1.000		ន	68	61	æ	;						
2,000		LT	68	61	6	:						
3.000		L1	67	60	9	1						
		5	66	59	9	;						

(b) 1.-Longitudinal; LT-Long-Transverse; ST-Short-Transverse.
 (c) Offset equals 2 per cent of pin diameter.
 (d) Minimum properties expected. 5 to 6 ksi below typical values; values supplied by Reynolds.

TABLE 6 NECHANICAL PROPERTIES OF 7057-T7351 FLATE

AND A DESCRIPTION OF A DESCRIPTION

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(F33615-74-c-5089)

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Sample Thickness, in.	Number	Direction <sup>(b)</sup>	Ultimate Strength, kai	<u>Yleid</u> (a) Strength, (a) ksi	Elongation in 4D,	Reduction in Area,	Vield (a) Strength, (a) ksi	Ultimate Strength, ksi	Ultimate Stre e/D=1.5	Bearing (Fl. ngth, ksi Y e/D=2.C	atwise) ield Strengt e/D=1.5	e/D=2.0
2.000	#2012+	125	71.8 72.1 68.9	61.1 60.3 55.6	13.5 12.6 7.8	12033	59.4 62.9 62.9	13.56 13.56	112.3 <sup>(d)</sup> 111.3	141.5 141.3	91.5 <sup>(d)</sup> 93.2	108.0 <sup>(d)</sup> 109.0
2,000	51015 <sup>1</sup>	1 11 12 12 12	71.3 71.6 69.0	60.4 60.4 55.3	14.0 12.0 8.6	16.33 16.33	53.0 65.6 65.6	#3.2 #3.2	110.4 <sup>(e)</sup> 109.2	142.8 <sup>(e)</sup> 142.5	90.1(e) 90.3	107.6 <sup>(e)</sup> 109.0
3.000	421076	1 LI LI	74.25	63.7 63.7 60.1	12.0 10.5 6.5	88 11 12 12 12	61.4 66.2 65.2	55 55 55 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	113.0	146.3	91.8 95.0	107.3 114.8
3.000	421081	346	72.47	63.9 64.2 51.4	12.5 6.5 6.5	5228	61.7 66.6 65.6	455.6 3.16	114.4 112.8	147.6 146.5	93.9 92.9	111.3
000.4	421077	-118	73.1	63.7 63.0 60.0	10.0 10.0	1260	60°6 60°6 64°3		110.2	146.7	92.5 93.3	107.5 110.4
••000	421078	1125	72.9	63.7 63.4 59.0	11.5 10.0 5.7	89855	60.5 65.7 64.3	244 2004 2005	113.6 115.8	145.9	9.46 97.8	5.111 5.111
5.000	£70754	1 LI LI LI	72.5	63.7 63.7 58.8	11.5 6.0 6.0	188	6259 6551 6655	6.97 17 17 17	112.2 <sup>(e)</sup> 110.2	142.3(d) 144.2(d)	91.5 <sup>(e)</sup>	113.8(d)
5.118	421278	감감다	72.4	63.2 61.4 58.6	0.11 0.6 7.0	102	6559-8 624-9 62-5-9	500 555 557 557 557 557 557 557 557 557	109.60 111.4	142.7	91.3 91.4	107.2
6.000	4:21079	LT ST	69.6 68.0 68.0	60.4 59.1	11.0 10.0	91 161 161	61.73 60.4	6100 6100 6100 6100 6100 6100 6100 6100	108.8 109.6 	139.4 <sup>(e)</sup> 139.4	89.0 90.7	107.5 <sup>(e)</sup>
6.000	421080	3 L L	71.8 72.9 68.5	62.2 60.9 58.1	10.5 9.0 4.0	139	57.7 63.8 62.7	5.77	113.2 <sup>(d)</sup>	143.2{d) 143.4{d}	91.0 <sup>(d)</sup> 93.0	110.2 <sup>d</sup>
					Tentat1v	e Minimum P	roperties					
₹ 2.COO		ц.	67 68	58 38 38	10 7							
2.001-3.000		래머	67 68 64	559	10 7 2.5							
3.001-4.600		L ST ST	66 67 63	53	10 2.5 2.5							
4.001-5.000		str	66 61 61	5555	န္ နိုင္ငံ နိုင္ငံ							
5.001-6.000		1 ST F2	59 59	1933 1933	ورون م							
(a) Offset (b) L Lon (c) Offset (d) Metest (e) Average (OTE. All set	equals 0 gitudina equals 2 value; 0 of orig	2 per cent. 1, LT - Long-1 per cent of p riginal test : inal test ard Arricated by A	ransverse: fin diameter esult quest retest valu	ST - Short-Tran Ionable.	sverse; Spec	ification t	est location a	t T/4.				

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				MECH	ANICAL PROPE	<b>TABLE 7</b> ATTES OF 7475 L5-74-C-5089)	-77351 PLATE					
Sample Thickness, in.	Number	Lrection <sup>(b)</sup>	Ultimate utrength, ksi	Yield Ten Strength, (a)	sile Elongation in 45,	Reduction in Area,	Compressive Yield(a) Strength,	Shear Mitimate Strength, ksi	Ultimate S e/I-1.5	Bearing trength, ks e/D=2.0	(Flatwise) 1 <u>Yield Str</u>	m <sup>eta, (c)</sup> ks1 5 e/h=2,0
0.500	129422	(d) [T(d) [T(d)	72.8 71.1 73.7 72.8	62.4 61.6 63.2 62.8	16.0 13.5 14.0	19885	62.5 65.2	43.5	105.8 105.8 105.8	137.4 138.1 138.2 139.2	86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 8	102.7 107.7 106.1
0.500	£27627	[(d) [T(d) [T(d)	72.2	62.3 63.9 63.9 63.9	16.0 17.0	44.00 94.00 94.00	63.4 64.8	45.1 141.4	106.9	138.8 141.9 138.8 143.3	0.16 90.10 90.70 97.00	104.7 107.6 101.3
1.000	429387	11	72.5	62.3 61.2	14.2	339	61.6 62.7	42.8 42.3	103.3 103.9	133.8 133.7	83.6 83.8	101.4
1.000	429388	Ľ۲	70.0	20°6	15.0 13.5	41 32	58.3 61.1	42.1 41.6	102.0	130.4 132.8	81.9 82.6	98.2 99.3
5,000	429389	$L^{L}(d)$ $L^{T}(d)$ LT(d) ST	889999 889999 944999	57.0 577.8 577.7 57.7	1212 1212 1212 1212 1212 1212 1212 121	4%%%A	56.0 59.8	42(e) 42(e)	108.5	137.3 136.2 139.3	88855-2 8865-2 9-9-9-1 9-9-9-1 1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	98.3 102.0 105.1
5*000	429390	L(d) 11(d) 117(d) ST	669.77 669.77	2888244 2888244 2888244	7.80 73.55 7.80 7.80 7.80	6887771	57.1 60.1 60.7	43.e)	107.5	139.0 137.9 138.3	87.3 87.4 87.4 88.1	103.9 98.3 101.2
3.000	166624	្ឋានជ	65.7 67.8 67.0	54.9 55.7 7.35	15.7 11.7 8.0	42 77 77	4588 888 999	40.05 64 60.05	104.0	136.4 136.5	83.8 85.2	98.7 99.3
3.000	429392	311 Str	5655 6695 6695	520 520 5400	15.5 11.2 7.0	12011	2885 2885 0 8 9	0.05 73.5 73.5 7	104.5	135.3 135.6	84.3 85.2	98.7 98.3
000*1	429393	고티	63.8 66.0 65.0	52.6 54.2 52.5	5.2 8.2 8.2	422	2005 2005 2005	41.9 11.4 39.1	100.3	131.4	80.5 81.4	93.1 94.2
7.000	429394	L ST ST	64.1 65.8 64.6	52.7 53.1 51.6	15.2 10.7 1.5	14101	50.9 55.33	41.9 38.9	100.9 99.9	129.2	80.5 80.5	92.7
		,	(	:	Tentative	dord muminiti	erties					
0.500-1.000		сı	688	57	90							
1.501-2.000		356	67 64	សូសូស	0 <sup>∞.4</sup>							
2.501-3.000		325	65 65 65	2222	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0							
3.501-4.000		3ªL	325	<b>8</b> 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	9rm							

All samples fabricated by Alcoa.

				NEX	MANICAL FRO	гектир ог '	<b>TABLE 8</b> 17475-17351 . No	FLATE (CURAEN: 6-A)	T PRACTICE)					,
Samp Thickness, in.	'le Mumber	tirection(b)	Ul Timate Strength, kai	Yleid strength, (a) ksi	Tensile Elongation in 4r,	i Reduction in Area,	Modylus, 10 <sup>3</sup> ks1	Tielu Strength, (a) ksi	ssive Modulus, 103ksi	Shear Ultimate Strength,	Ultimate Str e/D-1.5	Bearing (F rength, kai e/D=2.0	latwise) <u>Yield Streng</u> e/Del.5	th, (c) ks1 e/D=2.0
0*500	478717	15	73.4	62.3 63.8	18.0 14.0	45 29		62.3 66.6		43.6 43.6	112.6 114.2	145.7 143.7	91.1 95.2	114.8 112.5
01750	817874	цг	73.2 73.2	63.8 63.7	0.4L	37	10.32	63.4 56.6	10.69	42.6 42.1	107.7 108.2	140.3 136.3	38.5 39.6	108.3
1.750	478824	្នុខខ្ល	72.9	61.9 61.9 58.4	15.5 13.05 9.4	3334				;;;;			111	
1.750	478825	722	72.4 72.8 70.2	61.8 61.9 57.7	15.0 13.5 9.4	11 33 25 25		:::	111	:::				
2.250	4788 <i>c</i> 6	ារខ្	71.1	60.4 61.1 58.7	15.5 12.5 8.0	568 1968 1968		:::		:::			111	
2,250	478827	,156	70.1 71.0 68.7	59.0 59.3 55.7	15.5 12.0 8.0	040 0880 1				:::			[]]	
2.750	478828	355	69.9 68.9	58.3 55.3 55.3	14.5 12.0	ନ୍ଷର୍		:::	111	:::	111			111
2.750	478629	326	68.7 70.8 68.8	588.1 1.05 1.05 1.05	15.0 11.5	1848 1848			111	:::				
3.500	478830	115	67.0 68.4 67.7	5850 57.50 5.51	15.0 12.0	140 140		:::			111			<b>!</b> ; ;
3.500	178961	경갑니	66.6 68.0 67.5	55.5 55.6 54.1	15.0 11.0 8.6	39 16	10.13 10.34 10.23	2807 2807 2807 2807 207	10.48 10.80 10.60	42.5 41.8 37.5	105.9	139.6	84.9 90.8	100.4
0.500-1.000	_	J	68 68	22	10	Tentative	Minimum Pr	operties						
1.501-2.000	~	122	67 67	<i>52</i> 22	28 28 4									
2,001-2,500	~	32L	884	አታዊ	084 H									
2.501-3.000	<i>(</i> ,	개답다	655 655	883	01 8 æ									
3-001-3-500	~	110	961 90	ជជះ	00									

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Nove         Downloaded from http://www.everyspec.com           1, 1	Jimensions, Yumbe In.	r hirection <sup>(b)</sup>	Ultimate Strength, ksl	<sup>rens1</sup> Strength, (a)	Le Elongation in 4D,	Reduction in Area,	Compressive Yield Strength, (a)	Shear Stear Stength, Ksi	(Ttimate St ~/D = 1.5	Pearing () rength, ks1 e/D = 2.0	dgewise) <u>Yield Strer</u> e/N = 1.5	<u>Eth</u> (c) ks1 e/l = 2.0	
2000mloaded from http://www.everyspec.com         1       0001       0001       0001       0011       00	2.0x8 42924	정말	63.0 66.5 66.6	50.7 50.6 51.5	10.5 9.0 9.0	26 14 12	52.55 53.55 53.55	41.4 41.4	82.7 92.2	116.2 120.6	81.5 84.9	96.8 97.0	
100aded from http://www.everyspec.com         100aded from htttp://www.everyspec.com <t< td=""><td>2.5x26 47881</td><td>7 51 51</td><td>64:9 65:7 65:9</td><td>50°4 519°9</td><td>13.0 13.0</td><td>2014 1 004</td><td>25.52 25.52 25.52</td><td>39°.8</td><td>81.5 85.0</td><td>112.5</td><td> 78.4</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	2.5x26 47881	7 51 51	64:9 65:7 65:9	50°4 519°9	13.0 13.0	2014 1 004	25.52 25.52 25.52	39°.8	81.5 85.0	112.5	 78.4		
1 - 200       1 - 200	3.5x14 42951	. Ht.	64. p 64. p	50.3 19.83	0.11 8.0 8.0	115	8.1 8.1 8.1	1 4 6 F	92.2 89.6	 124.3 117.9	 78.3 76.7	 90.1 88.9	
upth://www.everyspect.com       upth://www.everyspect.com	3.5x22 42951	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	65.6 56.1 66.7	51.2	10 8.0 7.0	192	2010 2010 2010	201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201	84.0 81.9	 117.0 113.1	 L.77	9.68 9.68 6.88	
MAXWAY SALES       4.9502       4.9514       4.562       4.9514         1.1562       4.9514       1.15       1.15       1.15       1.15         1.1572       4.9514       1.15       1.15       1.15       1.15         2.5562       4.9514       1.15       1.15       1.15       1.15         2.5562       4.9514       1.15       1.15       1.15       1.15         2.5562       4.9514       1.15       1.15       1.15       1.15         2.5562       4.9516       1.15       1.15       1.15       1.15         2.5562       4.9516       1.15       1.15       1.15       1.15       1.15         2.5566       1.15       1.15       1.15       1.15       1.15       1.15       1.15         2.5567       1.15       <	4.5x22 4.2924	15t	58.3 58.3 60.03	45.2 45.7 47.0	12.0 5.0	58 6-7 8	600 800 777 777	-1-1-1 6000 6000	81.8 84.0	106.2	 72.3 72.9	 85.5 93.9	
5.5x2       42247         5.5x2       42247         5.5x2       42247         5.5x2       42248         5.5x2       42358         5.5x2       42358         5.5x2       42358         5.5x3       42558         5.5x3       42558         5.5x3       42559         5.5x3       42559         5.5x3       42559         5.5x4       42559         5.	4.5x22 42951	155	64.1 66.1 66.6	50.2 50.6 51.2	12.5 12.5 7.9	53	8.1.9 8.2.8 7.8 7.8 7.8 7.8 7.8 7.8 7.8 7.8 7.8 7	8 77 7 77 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	1.98 1.94	 121.8 119.3	 79.1 80.0	 91.2 93.1	
5.5x2 1,2348 5.5x2 1,2348 1.5x2 1,2322 1,234 1.5x2 1,2322 1,234 1.5x2 1,2322 1,234 1.5x2 1,2323 1,1 1.5x2 1,2324 1.5x2 1,234 1.5x2 1,234 1.5x1 1,234 1.	5.5x22 42924	3 <u>1</u> 14	62.5 62.3 62.3	17.22 140.2 147.2	11.0 8.5 7.1	55 5 5 6	126.8 17.2	- 0.9 39.6 32-1	88.2 90.2	116.4	75.9 78.2	 91.0 91.1	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	5.5x22 4,2924	s LL ST	60.6 60.0 65.8	44.6 43.1 50.8	न्द्र इ.स. अ.स.	168 168	0,0,C	8.107 177	86.9 90.0	 114.2 116.4	75.2	 86.3 1	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	7.5x22 42924	115	55.8 55.8	41.9 42.8 42.4	12.0 5.0 6.5	- 56 9-7-6	4.07 107 107	2. 4.98 2. 98 2. 98 2. 98	81.1 81.7	 107.0 108.2	 67.4 67.7	 78.2 79.8	
b       to 4.000(4)       L         1       L       0.00         1       1       1	7.5x22 429245	.115	57. r 588: 2 588: 3 58: 3	1.43 4.54 4.54 4.54	11.0 8.0 7.5	13	43.8 43.6 43.6	3399.1 339.1 1,1 1,1 1,1 1,1 1,1 1,1 1,1 1,1 1,1 1	87.4 87.6	 116.7 	71.9 74.0	83.6 85.3 	
OD-9     OOO(e)     OOO(e)     Sin 1	+ h mn(d)		ţ	;		Minimum Prop	erties	· -					
.001-6.000 <sup>(e)</sup> L 5, 43 6 .001-8.000 <sup>(e)</sup> 5 1 5, 43 5 .001-8.000 <sup>(e)</sup> 1 53 4.0 6 .001-8.000 <sup>(e)</sup> 3 3 .001-8.000 <sup>(e)</sup> 3 3 .001-8.000 <sup>(e)</sup> 3 3 .001-8.000 <sup>(e)</sup> 5 1 5 .001-8.000 <sup>(e</sup>		322	00 00 00	009 2099	va≁ m								
.001-8.000 <sup>(e)</sup> I. 53 4.0 6 I.: 53 39 6 ST 51 36 3	.001-6.000 <sup>(e)</sup>	321	አያዩድ	546 1946	vo≠m	<u> </u>							
	.001-8.000 <sup>(e)</sup>	기리다	2323	0 6 9 3 7 7	¢≄00								

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RATIOS AMONG THE TENSILE, CONFRESSIVE, SHEAR, AND BEARING PROPERTIES OF 2048-T951 FLATE (F33615-74-6-5089)

	<u>6/0-2-0</u>	1.649	1.625	1.578	1.651	1.617	1,601	1.623	1.679	1.689	1.668
BYSCI	G Tach o	1.501	1.432	1.384	1.429	3.449	1.408	1.385	1,410	1.442	1.477
1	<u>e/b-2.0</u>	2.005	1.975	1.906	1.917	1.954	1.937	1.925	1.883	1,969	1.947
latvise) BUS(	e/bel.5	1.543	1.512	1.451	1.492	1.499	1.494	1.422	1.435	1.516	1.516
bearing (F	e/D-2.0	1.639	1.693	1.554	1.633	1.604	1.606	1.653	1.635	1.656	1.674
(T)SKE	e/b-1.5	1.424	1.470	1.370	1.399	1.396	1.418	1.409	1.374	714.L	1.407
	e/D=2.0	1.991	1.991	1.870	1.908	1.930	1.947	1.934	1.870	1.929	1.917
Usna	e/D-1.5	1.513	1.541	1.438	1.475	1.486	1.509	1.487	1.398	1.493	1.437
su(ST)	TUS(LT)	ł	ł	ł	:	1	1	0.487	0.518	0.537	0.538
Shear SU(LF)	TUS(LT)	0.590	0.586	0.565	0.578	0.584	0.582	0.568	0.571	0.587	0.592
su(L)	TJS(LT)	0.585	0.585	0.577	0.584	0.566	0.585	0.568	v.573	0.537	0.588
CYS(ST)	TYS(LT)		!	!	:	1.029	1766.0	1.000	526-0	1.038	1.019
ompressive CYS(LT)	TYS(LT)	1.031	1.035	1.017	1.003	110.1	766.0	1.002	0,995	9886.0	1.008
o (T)SX2	TIS(II	1.031	1.024	1.017	0,989	0.995	0.977	0.968	0.984	0.976	0.984
Number		421378	421379	421108	421380	421381	421382	421083	H21084	421383	421384
Thickness,	in.	0.500	n. 500	1.000	1.000	2.000	2.000	3.000	3.000	4.700	4,000

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PLATE	
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SHEAR	112-219
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Division	
201	

Samp	te	CLEUR	VIESA Iduion	- veren	فلللد مد	Shear					Bearing (	Flatwiceľ			
Thickness	, Number	TYS(LT)	TYS(IT)	TYS (Ent		TUS (TT)	TUS (SIT)	EUS		BYB		BUS	(TT)	BYSI	
								e/1-1.5	e/b=2.0	e/ <u>D=1.5</u>	e/b=2.0	e/h=1.5	e/l=2.0	e/b=1.5	entern
2,000	421074	0.975	1.039	1.033	0.605	0.501		1.558	590.1	1 500					
2.000	421075	0.977	1.036	1.033	0.609	0.603		1.542				##C.T	006.1	1.530	1.790
3.000	421076	0.964	1.039	1.020	0.611	0,509	0.575	1.523	620 L		10/-1	ر::ر.1	1.990	1.495	1.805
3.000	421081	0.961	1.037	1.022	0.610	0.504	7.578	1 531	31C • T		+00+T	1.132	1,989	1.441	1.802
4.000	421077	0.956	1,041	1.024	613 V	009 0			0/6.7	1.403	1.734	1.510	1.961	2.447	1.745
4,000	421078	0.954	950 1			000.0	- 506-0	104°T	1.911	1.459	1.696	1.512	1.972	1.472	1.741
5 000	101030			140.1	0.013	0.611	0.562	1.531	1.966	1. <sup>4</sup> 92	1.756	1.561	1.966	1.543	1.754
	CINTON	0.932	1.022	0.995	0.606	0.602	0.559	1.514	1.920	1.436	1.786	1.487	1.946	1.419	707.1
011.0	9/2T2+	0.974	1.057	1.024	0.616	0.615	0.583	1.514	1.959	1.487	1.746	1,530	1.071		
6.000	421079	0.953	1,044	1.022	0.613	0.610	0.582	1.541	1.975	1 505	org r		- 20° -	F04.1	<i>с1.1.</i> -т
6,000	421080	0.947	1.048	1.030	0.616	0.613	0.568	1.553	1967	404 L	018 1		1.980	1.535	1.875
NOTE: Co							-				01011	020-1	56.1	1-527	1.750
aar: 19104	I O ATOBL	or basis	of ratio	determins	tions.										

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	1.746 1.746 1.745 1.743 1.746 1.743 1.746
	BYST BYST 1.364 1.364 1.364 1.369 1.369 1.505 1.502 1.516 1.516 1.516
	11.965 1.895 1.895 1.915 1.915 1.915 1.915 1.915 1.958 1.968 1.968 1.968
351 PLATE	(Flatwise) 
	Bearting Bearting Bearting 1.672 1.672 1.672 1.730 1.772 1.772 1.770 1.770 1.770
OPERFILES (	$\begin{array}{c c} & \underline{BY} \\ \hline & \underline{BY} \\ \hline & \underline{11} \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline & \underline{11} \\ \hline \\ $
JEARING PR	11.995 1.995 1.995 1.995 1.995 1.995 1.995 1.995 1.995 1.964 1.964
3 12 8:≣EAR AND 1 5-74-C-500	1.442       1.442       1.442       1.457       1.532       1.532       1.532       1.532       1.533
TAPLE TAPLE (F3361	TI SUT (1 102.00 100
tte, comp	Sheat       1     105 (D)       1     105 (D)       1     0.591       1     0.591       3     0.591       3     0.591       4     0.591       5     0.619       6     0.619       6     0.619       6     0.631       0     0.633       0     0.633       0     0.633
THE LENS	1) 10-60: 0.60: 0.60: 0.613 0.635 0.637 0.637 0.637 0.637 0.637 0.637
TIOS AMON	2 1) 715(1) 7) 715(1) 1.036 1.036 1.034 1.031 1.031 1.051 1.051 1.051
Ψ. Ω.	Compres Compres Conversion
	1000     1000       1422     0.95       1423     0.95       388     0.97       390     0.97       391     0.97       392     0.97       393     0.91       394     0.97       392     0.97       393     0.91       394     0.97       395     0.91       391     0.91       192     0.91       194     0.95
	Sample Num 1029 100 429 129 1293 00 4293 00 4203 00 4000 00 4203 00 4203 00000000000000000000000000000000000
	Thick In 0.55 0.55 1.00 2.00 3.00 3.00 1.00 4.00 NOTF
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N. 103 ANONG LENDLIE, COMPRENDIVE, CHEAN AND HEARING PROPERTIES OF 7475-17351 PLATE (CURRENT FRACTICE)

rearing (Flatwise)	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	0 698 0.594 1.524 1.905 1.420 1.12 1.52	CONT 1001 1880 1.700 1.478 1.889 1.700 1.478 1.889	0.582 0.575 1.117 1.012 1.633 1.726	0.62k 0.615 0.551 1.557 2.053 1.510 1.000	
	HAC HAC	acit +	1.440	1.389		016.1	
	11) e/h=2.0		499.I	710.1		2,053	
	<u>لالتاني</u>		1.534	ריון ר		1.557	
	(411) II (111) II		1			0.551	
	. hear 		0.594		276.0	0.615	
			0.598	~~~~~	0.532	0.625	
				:		1 058	
1	ssive Tin		1.10	1.044	1.046	040	1.049
	) : () () : () () : () : ()			ω	95		β
	SVT (TT)SVT			16.0	c		6.0 0
	e Compre			478717 0.97	0.0 817871		478961 0.9

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						(F336	515-74-0-50	(68				2			
Dimensions,	Nurser		Ompress Ive CYS(LT)	CYS (ST)	(a)as	SUCLT	Lisins	11SUE	2	FYS(L	Cearing (F	DS08	t #	DSA	) L
-ut		"TT SLL	(JTT)SLL	(IT)CLI	LITI SOL	(JIT)CDL	(TU)SUT	e/5-1-5	e/D-2.0	e/bell S	e/b=2.0	e/b-1.5	<u>e/b=2.0</u>	e/bel.5	e/D-7.0
2.0x8	429246	1.0.8	1.053	1.059	0.623	0.626	1	1.244	1.747	1.611	1.913	1.386	1.814	1.678	1.917
2.5x20	478817	1.012	1.052	1.056	0.607	0,600	0.536	1.240	1.712	1.527	1.680	1.294	1.799	1.571	1.936
3.5x14	429512	0.50	0.966	0.966	0.651	0.604	0.585	1.432	1.930	1.572	1.809	1.391	1.831	1.540	1.785
3.5x22	429513	0.946	0.958	0.948	0.637	0.613	0.551	1.271	1.770	1.536	1.785	1.239	117.1	1.536	1.77.1
4.5x22	429249	0.926	0,980	0,998	0.676	0.659	0.624	Co4.1	1.822	1.582	1.871	1,441	1.959	1.595	2.055
4.5x2?	429514	0.95	0.931	0.960	0.648	0.626	0.585	1.318	1.843	1.563	1.802	1.348	1.805	1.581	1.845
5.5x22	74502H	1.009	1.050	1.017	0.649	0.642	0.606	1.432	1.890	1.635	196'1	1.464	1.909	1.685	1.963
5.5x22	429248	1.064	1.088	1.021	0.687	0.678	0.632	1.448	1.903	1.756	2.002	1.500	1.940	1.759	2.021
5x22	429244	0.945	0.927	0.963	. 0.652	0.659	6 <del>1</del> 9°0	1.453	1.918	1.539	1.785	1.464	1.939	1.546	1.822
7.5x22	429245	166.0	0.952	0.986	0.672	0.672	0.660	1.502	2.005	1.627	1.891	1.505	1.959	1.674	1.952
					:										

RATIOS AMONG THE TENSILE, COMPRESSIVE, SHEAR, AND BEARING PROPERTIES OF 2219-T852 HAND FORGINGS

TABLE 14

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	0 <sup>3</sup> ks1		3.95		3.9		3.9		3.85
	103 <sup>cks1</sup>		10.7		10.6		10.6		10 <b>.</b> b
	10 <sup>3</sup> ks1		10.4		10.3		10.3		10.2
د	ransverse Compassive, 103 ksi	10.70 10.65 10.70	10.68	10.59 10.71 10.57 10.57	10.62	10.70 10.62 10.61	10.64	10.41	10.26
TY TETTS OF	Short-7 Tensile, 103 ksi	10.22 10.22 10.37	10.27	10.15 10.16 10.21 10.25	10.19	10.21	10.22	10.05 10.05 10.04 9.98	10.10
с581-61.3 н готтелиятия готтелиятия	unsverse ompressive, 103 ks1	10.88 10.71 10.91	10.82	10,74 10,70 10,80 10,63 10,61	10.70	10.94 10.72 10.70 10.61	10.74	10.65 10.57 10.57 10.57	10.49
TABLE יל דעוווסי יידער מינייני יקו-כ-5089)	ionr-Irc iensile, 103 ksi	10.53 10.41 10.44	10.45	10.37 10.41 10.30 10.32	10.34	10.52 10.35 10.27 10.31	10.36	10,45 10,14 10,40 10,21	10.31
, тит сомения 1	idinal ompressive, 103 ks1	10.83 10.68 10.76	J0.76	- 10.52 10.52 10.55 10.55	10.54	10.75 10.75 10.48 10.58	10.60	10.48 10.40 10.57 10.20	en.ot
u 7050-1715,1	on 110	10.36 10.35 10.35 10.44	10.37	10.27 10.25 10.22 10.24	10.2h	10.40 10.23 10.19	2°.01	10.42 10.31 10.29 10.33	10.31
. 119. – بارم. ۲۲۱۱، ۲۲۰	arle amber 1	421378 421378 421381 421083		470154 870154 770154 770154 770154		1294022 429389 429391 429391		429246 429240 42000 42000 42000 420000000000	
		10000 10000		000000		00.00 0000		ເພສ ຄະ ດໍະຳບະຍ	
	,	Plate	AVe! الم	91.1d	Average	Plate	Алегаде	nnd <sup>P</sup> otefng	Avernpe
	L'ICY 1'-' 1'-'	2016- Pist		1950-1730 1910-1910		7476-77351		2019- IB57	
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TYPICAL STRESS-STRAIN DATA FOR 2048-T851 PLAFE

(F33615-74-c-5089)

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		itain, itain,	40 7	4707	4853 4962	5057 5244	5397	5525 5639	5742	5838 6016	6178	C474	7362	7943	8170 8281	8392	:	
		103 ks1) Chort-Transve tress, ks1 (« CYr) m	43.4 (68.9) 47.6 (75.5)	49.5 (1' 5)	50.8 (80. 51.8 (82.21	52.5 (83.4) 54.0 (85.7)	55.1 (87.4)	55.9 (88.7) 56.6 (89.8)	51.2 (90.7)	57.6 (91.5) 58.5 (92.8)	59.1 (93.5)	60.9 (96.6) 61 6 707 5	62.6 (99.4)	63.0 (100.0)	53.3 (100.5) 63 h (100.6)	63.5 (100.8)	-	
		· 10.6 x rse <sup>(3)</sup> tretn, tn./in.	4135	17274	4980 L	5069 5272	5430	5565 5686	9625	5898 6082	6251	6554	7457	8030	8264 , 5276 ,	2001	:	-
		ession (Modulus Lopg-1ransve Ktress, (st cY*) u	43.8 (68.5) 47.8 (74.6)	49.7 (77.6)	51.0 (79.6) 51.9 (81.1)	52.7 (82.3) 54 3 784 81	55.4 (86.6)	56.3 (88.0) 57.1 (89.2)	51.7 (90.2)	58.3 (91.1) 50.2 (92.5)	59.9 (93.6)	61.0 (95.3) 61.8 (20 E)	63.1 (98.7)	(1.001) 0.19	64.3 (100.4) 64 4 (100.4)		£	
4TE		Compr al(a) Strain, a in./in.	3682 4120	4332	4488	0021	5043	5177	5399	5499	5845	6147	7063	7060	7894	3	1	
1 7050-T7351 PL	39)	Iongitudin tress, ksi (* °') )	39.0 (05.0)	45.5 (75.8)	46.7 (78.2) 47.8 (79.7)	48.8 (81.3) E0 2 (82.7)	51.3 (81.5)	52.2 (87.0)   52.9 (88.2)	53.5 (89.2)	54.1 (30.1) 54.0 (91.5)	55.6 (92.7)	56.7 (94.5) 57 5 705 91	59.0 (98.3)	(0.01) (100.0)	60.4 (100.6)	(0.001) (.00	1	5
ABLE 17 N DATA FOI	5-74-0-508	erse (a <sup>1</sup> 'train, 'train,		3369	3678 3,18	4093 111-00	1651	1:484 1:484	5135	52C1 5473	5672		2007	7631	7872 7000	8108	8226	thick.
T L STRECS-STRAI	(+3361	<pre>ks1)</pre>	22.3 (36.5) 24.8 (51.3)	34.3 (59.1)	37.3 (64.3) 39.5 (68.2)	(6.07) 1.14 (8.07) 0.44	45.8 (79.0)	47.3 (81.5) 48.4 (83.5)	49.3 (85.0)	50.1 (84.3) 51.3 (8P.4)	52.2 (90.1)	53.7 (96)	(r. (6) 2.94	58.c (100.0)	58.4 (100.7)	58.8 (101.4)	20.01 (101.7)	.0 and (.0-in.
TYPICA		.3 , 103 rse(1) strain, fr./in,	2340 2340	3(3)	3966 42 <b>1</b> 6	201711	5661	5197	5513	5645	501 F083	6436	7417 1	8019	64240 1260	5 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	ક કરત	
		n (Modulus, Jo Long-Iransve (treas, *si (*"Y") u	24.1 (38.9) 32.1 (51.3)	31.1 (51.8)	40.2 (64.8) 42.6 (68.7)	14.3 (71.5)	40.4 (79.7)	51.0 (82.2) 52.2 (84.2)	53.2 (85.8)	54.0 (87.1) 45 h (86.4)	5(.5 (91.1)	58.0 (93.6) 50.0 (95.6)	5).2 (92.3) 60.9 (98.3)	(v. 00 (100 v)	62.3 (100.5)	62.6 (100.9)	67 (101.1)	mpler, 2.0, 3.
		Troin, in in	2327	3650	4077 4299	4535 hoea	5241	54f53 5630	5790	5,17	631.5	6455 2943	14.35	8019	8231	8441 1	8546	of five so
		Ionritudin Cress, Ast (* fv.) p	24.0 (38.7)	3%. {60.0}	40.8 (65.8) 13.4 (70.9)	45.7 (73.7)	51.9 (83.7)	53.7 (86.6) 55.0 (88.7)	56.0 (90.3)	56.8 (91.6) 68 0 (03 6)	58.9 (95.0)	50.0 (96.81	60.7 (91.9) 11.7 (99.3)	62.7 (100.0)	(2.00.2) (2.00.2)	62.2 (100.4)	(1.001) 8.59	ased on tests
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TYPICAL STRESS-STRAIN DATA FOR 7475-T7351 PLATF (F33615-74-c-5089) TA31,E 18

and a statistic sector construction of the states of the

Short-Transverse(b) Stress, Strain, ksi Strain, (% CVS) u in./in. 5146 5281 5581 5595 5595 6603 6603 6603 7168 4810 4904 4985 4154 4514 7755 7982 8208 1681 3320 49.2 (80.7) 50.3 (82.5) 51.1 (83.8) 51.1 (83.8) 53.0 (86.9) 53.6 (84.9) 55.6 (91.8) 55.6 (91.8) 55.6 (91.8) 55.6 (91.8) 55.1 (92.2) 58.1 (95.2) 58.1 (95.2) (0'101) (101.1) 44.0 (72.1) 47.6 (78.0) 61.0 (100.0) 61.3 (100.5) 60.1 (98.5) Compression (Modulus: 10.6 x 103 ks1) Long-Transverse<sup>(a)</sup> Short Stress, strain, ks1 tu, (% CYS) u in./in. (% CVS) 61.6 61.7 4126 4618 4784 8291 ł 52.2 (84.2) 52.9 (85.3) 54.2 (87.4) 55.2 (89.0) 55.9 (90.2) 50.6 (91.3) 57.1 (92.1) 57.5 (92.7) 58.2 (93.9) 58.8 (94.8) (100.6) 43.7 (70.5) 48.7 (78.6) 50.3 (81.1) 51.4 (8.9) 52.2 (100.3) 62.0 (100.0) (6.86) 5.16 59.7 (96.3) 60.3 (97.3) -52.4 Strain, u in./in. Iongitudinal (a) Stress, Strain, ksi buin./in 1 1 42.0 (71.2) 46.5 (78.9) 48.2 (81.7) 49.3 (83.5) 55.3 (93.7) 55.8 (94.6) 56.6 (95.9) 51.9 (87.9) 52.7 (89.3) 53.3 (90.4) 53.8 (91.2) 54.3 (92.0) 54.7 (92.7) 50.1 (84.9) 50.7 (85.9) 59.0 (100.0) 57.2 (96.9) 58.2 (98.6) 59.3 (100.5) 1 1 Short-Transverse<sup>(b)</sup> Stress, Strain, ksi strain, (\* TYS) u in./in. 3919 5079 5191 5298 2231 3025 3570 4159 4326 4606 66*L*ħ 5660 5.772 6259 1564 5449 6917 7775 7534 8013 3131 43.5 (76.4) 45.9 (80.5) 47.4 (83.1) 23.0 (40.3) 31.0 (54.3) 36.4 (63.8) 39.7 (69.7) 4.2.0 (73.7) 49.2 (86.4) 49.9 (87.5) 52.1 (91.4) 53.3 (93.4) 57.0 (100.0) 57.4 (100.7) 57.8 (101.4) 58.0 (101.8) 48.4 (85.0) 50.5 (88.1) 54.2 (95.0) 55.8 (97.9) 51.4 (90.2) ka1) Tension (Modulus, 10.3 x 10<sup>3</sup> Long-Transverse<sup>(a)</sup> Strain, u in./in. Long-Transverse<sup>(a</sup> Stress, Strain ksi Strain (« TYS) u in./1 2276 3145 3729 4072 4319 4523 4859 5090 5269 5421 5550 5669 5874 6054 6369 7258 7825 6644 8045 8370 ł 23.4 (39.1) 32.1 (53.7) 38.0 (63.3) 41.3 (68.9) 43.7 (72.8) 60.5 (100.8) 54.3 (90.5) 55. (92.3) 56.2 (93.6) 57.4 (95.6) 45.6 (75.9) 48.5 (80.8) 52.7 (87.9) 53.6 (89.3) 60.0 (100.0) 50.2 (100.3) 51.7 (86.2) 58.1 (96.9) 59.4 (98.3) 50.4 (83.9) Strain, u in./in. Longitudinal(a) Stress Strain, ksi Strain, (% TYS) m in./\*\* 2102 2980 3530 3530 3925 4218 4461 4889 5178 5386 5558 5693 5810 6014 6182 6470 67.23 7825 8036 8348 7291 ł (100.4) 60.0 (100.0) 60.1 (100.2) 21.5 (36.1) 30.5 (50.8) 36.0 (59.9) 39.8 (66.4) 42.5 (71.0) 51.3 (85.5) 52.9 (88.2) 54.2 (90.3) 55.0 (91.7) 55.7 (92.9) 56.8 (94.7) 57.5 (95.8) 58.4 (97.3) 58.9 (98.2) 59.6 (99.4) 44.9 (74.9) 48.8 (81.3) 60.2 Strain Departure m in./in. 2000(YS 1000 2200 2400 2500 <u>A</u>3

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based on tests of four samples, 0.5, 2.0, 3.0 and 4.0-in. thick. based on tests of three samples, 2.9, 3.0 and 4.0-in, thick. Data

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DATA FOR ESTABLISHING TYPICAL STRESS-STRAIN CURVES FOR 2219-T852 HAND FORGINGS

(F33615-74-c-5089)

			Percentage of 1	(ield Stress <sup>(a)</sup>		
strain Departure u in./in.	Tensio Longitudinal	n (Modulus 10.2 x Long- <sup>m</sup> r.nsverse	103 ksi) Chort-Transverse	Compress Longitudinal	ton (Modulus 10.4 Long-Transverse	x 10 <sup>3</sup> ksi) Short-Transverse
0	117.8	51.2	44.3	65.2	63.7	57.9
20	61.3	63.5	56.0	74.1	75.9	67.1
40	68.3	70.4	62.9	77.8	79.4	72.9
60	73.3	74.5	67.1	80.4	82.0	75.9
80	76.9	. +1-22	70.2	82.2	83.6	78.2
100	79.6	7.67	73.2	83.7	84.8	80.1
150	84.1	83.4	78.0	86.3	87.2	83.4
200	86.9	85.9	81.4	88.0	88,8	85.8
250	88.9	87.7	84.0	89.3	90.0	87.5
300	90.4	89.1	96.0	90.5	91.0	88.9
350	91.5	90.3	87.5	91.3	91.8	0.06
1100	92.4	91.2	88.8	92.1	92.5	91.0
500	93.8	92.7	90.8	93.3	93.6	92.5
600	6.46	93.8	92.4	94.3	94.5 .	93.7
800	96.3	95.5	94.6	95.7	95.9	95.4
1000	97.3	96.7	96.1	96.7	6•96	96.6
1250	98.2	97.8	97.5	97.8	6.76	97.8
1500	98.9	98.7	98.5	98 <b>.</b> 6	98.7	98.6
1750	99.5	4.66	99.3	4.96	4.66	<b>4</b> •66
2000(YS)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2100	100.2	100.2	2.001	100.3	100.2	100.2
2200	100.1	100°t	100.5	100.5	100.5	100.4
2300	100.5		100.7	100.7	100.7	100.7
2400	100.7	-	100.9	100.9	100.9	1
2500	100.7	!	1.101	101.2	100.9	8 8 1
(a) Date	based on tests	: of four camples,	2.0, 3.5, 4.5 and	5.5-ån. tháck.		

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TABLE 20 DATA FOR TYPICAL COMPRESSIVE TANCENT-MODULUC CLEVES FOR 2048-T851, 7050-T7351 AND 7475-T7351 PLATE (F33615-74-C-5089)

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		2048-7851			Stress, ksi				
'antnpoy	Longitudinal	Long-Transverse	Short-Transverse	Long1tudinal	1050-17351 Long-Transverse	Shc t-Transverse	Towerstricter	7475-77351	
10.7	म गग	4 c4					ייינאי ימנידוופד	Long-Transverse	Short-Transverse
		47.4	42.9	1					
0.04	;	!	1	20.00	( 				
10.5	45.3	ग गग	t	0.40	43.8	43.4	42.0	1 1	
10.0	lic o		1.01	39.8	L.44	111.0		1.04	0.44
	101	45.5	144.9	41.7	he 6		+5°7+	44.3	5.44
10.0	146.8	46.8	45.7	0	0°C+	45.8	43.9	46.0	
9.7	47.7	48.0		0.24	146.6	46.7	44.8	L 7 1	
9.3	18 7		0.01	44.2	48.0	48.0	116		1.04
		44.5	48.3	45.8	ho 6		1.01	48.3	47.2
0.4	£.94	50.4	49.3	116.8		49.4	47.6	49.8	48.4
8°5	50.4	51.7		, ,	50.5	50.3	48.5	2 03	
- - -	(		1.00	49.3	52.0	- 13		0.00	49.2
	5.10	52.7	51.7	10.14		1.46	49.6	51.8	50.5
	52.9	54.5	53.5		5.00 	52.8	50.5	52.8	
<b>6.</b> 0	54.2	2 11		1.10	55.4	54.6	۲ ۲		C*TC
			55.0	52.6	57.1	2		U+ 1	53.2
	0.44	57.1	56.2	54.1	58 C	2.00	52.9	55.8	54.4
	6.97	58.2	57 3			57.5	53.9	57.0	
3.0	58.0			<b>7.1</b>	59.9	58.8	5		0.00
u o		2.20	58.5	57.0	61.2			50.2	56.5
	1.00	59.9	59.0	57.9	61.9		56.0	59.2	57.9
0.2	59.5	60.4	59.6	68.8	CT. 7	2°00	56.5	59.9	1
1.5	60.4	L LÀ		0.00	62.6	61.6	67.9		
5.1	A A		1.09	60.1	63.5	Ko K		00.4	54.5
	0.00	61.4	60.3	60.6	0 69		1.05	61.0	60.7
	<b>61.</b> 4	61.7	60.7			05.00	58.7	61.4	61.1
0.7	;	62.5			04.4	63.2	59.4	61.9	616
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Class         Clas         Class         Class <thc< td=""><td>6656 6656 6656 6656 6656 6656 6656 665</td><td>0.49 0.49 0.49 1.09 1.09 1.09 1.09 1.09</td></thc<>	6656 6656 6656 6656 6656 6656 6656 665	0.49 0.49 0.49 1.09 1.09 1.09 1.09 1.09
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Orientetion	Crack 2 4 (Kys)?	1.08 0.91
L-T Orientetion	octaon Smack 2 4 (Ko )2	0.49 0.49 0.49 0.49 1.02 0.94 0.94 0.94
1-T Orientation	Spectmer Creck 2 4(K) 2 North 2 4(K) 2	100 0.49 100 0.49 100 0.49 1.00 0.91 0.49 0.49 0.49 0.91 1.00 0.91 1.00 0.91 1.00 0.91 1.00 0.91 1.00 0.91 1.00 0.91 1.00 0.91 1.00 0.91 1.00 0.91 1.00 0.91 1.00 0.91 1.00 0.91 1.00 0.92 1.00 0.92 1.00 0.92 1.00 0.94 1.00 0
L-T Orientation	Tensile Specimer Creck 2 6(Ky.) <sup>2</sup> Strength, Number Interess Longth, 2 6(Ky.) <sup>2</sup>	62.2 11 0.49 1.09 0.91 3 62.2 12 0.49 1.09 0.91 3 13 0.49 1.00 0.91 3
L-T Orientation	Total (1992) 2000 100 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200	62.2 11 0.49 1.00 0.91 3 62.2 12 0.49 1.00 0.91 3 63.0 0.49 1.00 0.97 3 7 0.49 1.00 0.95 1.00 0.
I-T Orientation	Taatair Surveych, Rurster Millerans Langell, 2 (194)?	421376 62.2 1.1 0.49 1.00 0.91 3 421376 62.2 1.1 0.49 1.00 0.91 3 Ave. 1.2 0.49 1.00 0.91 3

		*1(si 0)	.7 Yes	7.5 7.0 7.0 2 2		7.8 Yes 7.0 Yes 7.3 Yes	7.0 Yes 8.3 Yes 7.9	9.2 7 45 9.0 9.0 7 45	7.7 Yes 8.5 Yes 9.4 Yes 8.5	7.9 Yes 8.9 Yes 8.3 Yes	66.2 5.5 7.4 7.4 7.4 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	A.9 Yes 	6.3 Yes 66.1 Yes 66.1 Yes
		(.	0.62	1950		222	8555	00000 00000	0.55	22.28	000	0.100	50.00 50.00 60.00
		10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	 078	0.77		1.28 1.28 1.28	1.27 1.27 1.28	4554 757	1.53	282	1.52	1.52	2252
	e J	men Tokness	1n. 0.75	0.75	0.75	1.25 1.25 1.25	1.25	1.50	1.50	5000	1.50	1.50	1.58
		Spect Number Th	- CN	82 3	22F	n sn	e e e e	IN SN	<b>5</b> 22	un Su Su	NH N	N2 N2 N3 N3	ane Nue
		Tensile Vield	55.6		5.66	60.1	61.4	60.0	29.0	58.9	58 6	6.8	r. Y
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			1,151 32.6			00000	00000	0000	29.62	62.62	10.00	0.00	39.92
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	100 11-000	Creck Creck	2.07	66	88	1.58	1.59	2.10	885 N N N N	2.10	5.02 5.05 5.05	5.08 5.03 5.03	889 899 899
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TABLE 22	15-74-C-5	5	T1	ដេដូ ដ	345	585 5	ere	<b>1</b> 55	:12E	155	588 5	48;	555
	(F33	TensTI Vield	Strengt ks1 60.6		0.00	63.7	64.2	63.4	63.4	63.7	61.4	1.92	6.03
			Yes Yes			3 Yes	19 Yes	204H	T Yes	Yes Yes	4.48 4.48 4.48 4.48 4.48 4.48 4.48 4.48	es K≺≺ Kes Kes Kes	10.00
	10238	· · ·	2.1	r an	rige:	z Azk	7.89 A	8588	****	<u> </u>	<u>బిబిబి</u>	8888 8	જે જ
		2 GF	5 5 F	35	88.1	0.72	0.73	0.82 0.77 0.82	0.72	0.69	2000 2500	0.77 0.77	5255 2255
		Orleniat Trai	15 Lengt'		558 	*** ***	1.57	502 5102 5102	868 868	603 893 898 898	888	358	558 N N N
		Spectmen.	Thicknes In 2.00	888	888	1.50	1.50	888	888	8000 5000 5000	8.8 8,98 8,0	888	888
			Number	192	333	332	383	392	332	333	385	333	383
		Tens II Yield	trenst: Kai		60.5	6 <b>3.</b> 7	63.9	63.7	63.7	63.7	. 63.2	60.4	62.2 1
			1074	\$7014 • 1014	21075 Ave	21076 Årg	16015 A.G.	21077 Avg.	81078 A.13	21073 A"E	21278 Lug	21C79 Ave	21060 A.2 A.2
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TABLE 23 REGULTS OF FRACTURE TESTS OF 7475-17351 PLATE (F33615-74-0-5089)
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			4: 	<b>Orlentatio</b>	ç				ŧ	L Oriente	ation			-		1-2	Outer tatto			
Blarrel 7	n le Sumber	1 19110 Yield Ctrongth,	Sper Bumber	clean Thick he's,	Creak Length th.	2.51 10 13	kg, Valid ksi/In	Tensile Yield Tensth,	Number P	then Storness, In	Crack Crack Iength, 2 in.	5(10)2	N Total		nsile ield rength, Mu kei	Specimen mber Inickn in	Crac Crac tenet	<u>81</u> )५२ ५	2 xst)tr	Valid
0,50	124624	ړي <del>د</del>	38C	888	0051 0.51	2000 2000	$\begin{array}{c} 3.4 & 4a \left( \mathbf{a} \right) \left( \mathbf{b} \right) \left( \mathbf{c} \right) \\ 37 & 4a \left( \mathbf{a} \right) \left( \mathbf{a} \right) \left( \mathbf{b} \right) \left( \mathbf{c} \right) \\ 37.1 & 4a \left( \mathbf{a} \right) \left( \mathbf{a} \right) \left( \mathbf{b} \right) \\ 37.1 & 4a \left( \mathbf{a} \right) \left( \mathbf{b} \right) \\ 37.1 & 4a \left( \mathbf{a} \right) \left( \mathbf{a} \right) \left( \mathbf{b} \right) \\ 37.1 & 4a \left( \mathbf{a} \right) \left( \mathbf{a} \right) \left( \mathbf{b} \right) \\ 37.1 & 5a \left( \mathbf{a} \right) \left( \mathbf{a} \right) \left( \mathbf{b} \right) \\ 37.1 & 5a \left( \mathbf{a} \right) \left( \mathbf{b} \right) \\ 37.1 & 5a \left( \mathbf{a} \right) \left( \mathbf{b} \right) \\ 37.1 & 5a \left( \mathbf{a} \right) \left( \mathbf{a} \right) \left( \mathbf{b} \right) \\ 37.1 & 5a \left( \mathbf{a} \right) \left( \mathbf{b} \right) \\ 37.1 & 5a \left( \mathbf{a} \right) \left( \mathbf{b} \right) \\ 37.1 & 5a \left( \mathbf{a} \right) \left( \mathbf{b} \right) \\ 37.1 & 5a \left( \mathbf{a} \right) \left( \mathbf{b} \right) \\ 37.1 & 5a \left( \mathbf{a} \right) \left( \mathbf{b} \right) \\ 37.1 & 5a \left( \mathbf{a} \right) \left( \mathbf{b} \right) \\ 37.1 & 5a \left( \mathbf{a} \right) \left( \mathbf{b} \right) \\ 37.1 & 5a \left( \mathbf{a} \right) \left( \mathbf{b} \right) \\ 37.1 & 5a \left( \mathbf{a} \right) \left( \mathbf{b} \right) \\ 37.1 & 5a \left( \mathbf{b} \right) \left( \mathbf{b} \right) \\ 37.1 & 5a \left( \mathbf{b} \right) \left( \mathbf{b} \right) \\ 37.1 & 5a \left( \mathbf{b} \right) \left( \mathbf{b} \right) \\ 37.1 & 5a \left( \mathbf{b} \right) \left( \mathbf{b} \right) \\ 37.1 & 5a \left( \mathbf{b} \right) \left( \mathbf{b} \right) \\ 37.1 & 5a \left( \mathbf{b} \right) \left( \mathbf{b} \right) \\ 37.1 & 5a \left( \mathbf{b} \right) \left( \mathbf{b} \right) \\ 37.1 & 5a \left( \mathbf{b} \right) \left( \mathbf{b} \right) \\ 37.1 & 5a \left( \mathbf{b} \right) \\ 3$	63 2	Ë +	0.50 0.50 0.50	00-52 5255 5255	0 10 15 0 0.6j	33-3 No 31-3 No 33-2 No			***		:::	; ; ; ;	:::>
5	207621	£ 29	735 767	64.0 64.0	0025 255	0 % 2.47 2.87	36.5 40(A)(b)(c) 36.7 10(A)(b) 36.7 10(A)(b)	ń3 9	243	0.49 0.49 0.49	005 12 12 12	0 66 0 67 0.67	32.4 No 33.0 No 32.1 No	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		:::	:::	111	: ; ;	):::
2	Arr	62.3	333	883	8655	113	41 No(a)(b) 41 No(a)(b) 41 No(a)(b)	× F	182	388	888 11 <b>1</b>	0.23 0.79 0.81	335 F		f 1 1		111	:::	:::	:: <b>:</b> :
ŝ	4547 54	5 bs	232 232	888	885	88% 242	43.2. No(1) 44, 1 No(2) 41, 9 No(2) 41, 9 No(2)	59.4	349	800	1 03	0.88 0.90 0.90	35-7 25-6 25-6 25-6		:::		:::	181	111	:::
8	4 75 HSH	0.75	332	1.97 1.97 1.97	188 882	1 37	42 2 Yes 42 2 Yes 42 4 Yes	2 25	ert	197 197 1.97	2.12	0.78 0.79 0.79	222 222 222 222 222 222 222 222 222 22		57.0	22 0 0 2 EN	000	2 0 58 2 0 65 2 0 65	23 6 239 1 289 1	Yes Yes Yes
8	ALK ALK	2 2 2	ឧងដ	76 197 97	202	414 844	43.6 Yes 43.3 Yes 42.2 Yes	58 3	ere	1.97	802 802 802	0 75 0 75 0 79	2.4.2 2.4.2.2 2.4.2.2 2.4.2.2 2.4.2.2.2 2.4.2.2.2.2		د ع	22.0 IN 27.0 EN	1.000 1.11	0.65	30.6 30.6 28.9 28.9 28.9 28.9 29.8	Yes Yes Yes
ۍ ۲	ANN 1456-27	54.9	สมธ	2.86 95 95	3.15	1.81	46.8 Yes 47.8 Yes 47.7 Yes 47.4	1 55	343	886.	8538	888	33.5 Yes 33.5 Yes 32.7 Yes		4.42	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	10.1	0.8 0.77 0.77	31.2 30.1 30.1	Yes Yes Yes
ë.	1/2027	U 55	385	2.92 2.92 2.92	223	1.83 1.80 1.85	17.0 Yes 46.7 Yes 117.4 Yes 117.4 Yes	ورو ال	er.	86. 886.	222	0.82	22.22 22.22		0 75	185 200	858	0.773 0.700	582 582 582 582 582 582 582 582 582 582	Yes Yes Yer
<b>8</b> .4	4V4	y'25	ತ೫೭	943 943 943	3.15	1 85	200 2 200 200 5 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	54.2	ជពជ	885	2.55 2.55	0.95	23.4 23.6 23.6 25.9 2.9 2.9	<u></u>	52.5	550 520 520	533	0.00		Yes Yes
00 *	m 862t,	/ 7S	รชต	2,93	3.23	1 26	44	53.1	185	9651 9991	રુક્ષર સરસ્ટ	200 200 200	2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000			1200 1200 1200		00.89 98.99	-1-020 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500	Yes Yes fes
a) Tuxuf	licitent sy	ecimen tiel	ler webs	B.2 5 (20)	2					1			) 1 1	1	,		1	1	1 2 1	•

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(b) fulgue crack is too short,  $2 \in \{\frac{N_{20}}{202}\}^2$  > a for a length) (c)  $\frac{P_{20}}{P_{20}} > 1$  ' where PQ and P<sub>RAX</sub> are 5 percent secant load and seak luad, respectively.

TESTS OF 7475-T7351 PLATE (CURRENT PRACTICE) RESULTS OF FRACTURF TOUGHNESS

(M.T. NO. 110176-4)

				1-1	Orientation						1-T	Ortentati	on					10 1-:	1entation			
Thickness, in.	ple Number	Tenelle Yield Strength,	Spe	cimen Thickness, in.	Crack Length, in.	$2 \frac{\left(\frac{x_{Q}}{dy_{0}}\right)^{2}}{\left(\frac{x_{Q}}{dy_{0}}\right)^{2}}$	keitin.	Valid S	Tensile Yield trength, ksi	Spec Numbe.	cimen Nickness,	Crack Length, 2 in.	$\cdot 5 \left(\frac{K_3}{\sigma_{ys}}\right)^2$	kalin. V	alid	Tensile Yield trength, ksi	Speci umber Ti	lmen hickriess, in.	Crack Length, 2 1n.	$2 - 5 \left( \frac{K_3}{c_{ys}} \right)^2$	aiXfr.	alid
0.500	112624	62.3	สม	67,0 67,0	2.99	2.19 2.44	58.4 61.7	No(a,c) No(a,c)	3.8	45	67°0	2.00	I.H	2.2 2.2 2.2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	(**c) 0(**c)	::	::		;;;	11	<b>}</b> ]	11
0.750	478718	63.8	33	0.76 0.76	5 <b>6</b>	2.20	59-9 51-9	No(a, c)	62.7	55	0.76 0.76	2.01	1.15	43.3 N	(**c) (**c)	ſ I		; ;	: }	11	11	<b>}</b> }
1.750	478824	63.7	23	1.74	8.00	1.72	55-P	No(c.d)	62.0	ដង	1.75	5.5	1.02	39.7 10.2	::	58.4	N N	0.75	0.77	10°2	37.8	(q • • ) (q • • )
1.750	era <b>ge</b> 478825	63.0	33	52.1	3.03	1.83	23.9	No(a,d)	61.2	ដូន	1.76	3.02	6.9 86.0	86.5 199.0 199.0	(b, c)0	57.7	<b>4</b> 8	0.75	0.77 0.76	0.85 0.85	33.8	(d =)0;
2.250 Av	етабе 478826 1146	61.9	23	88 88 8	3.89	1.5%	23.5 48.3 48.5 48.5	Yes	60,9	58 1	2.26	3.06	0.95 0.97	37.8 37.8		58.7	42	0.15 0.15	0.76	0.79	1.23	(A. 2) 0)
2+250 Ave	478927 1146	2.92	สม	2.25	3.01	1.72	67 67 67 67 67 67 67	Yes	6.62	43	2.25	3.07	0.95 0.95	899 999 999 999 999 999 999 999 999 999		55.7	IN N	0.75	0.76	0.87 0.91	33.0 33.7	o(a.b)
2.750 Ave	478828 1 <b>786</b> 28	57.9	33	2.75	88° 7'	1.87	50.2 19.6	Yes ies	57.6	ជន	2.75	3.08	1.05	37.5		55.3	CN 2N	1.00	810.1	66°0	35.0	les (es
2.750 Ave	478829 *** <b>*6</b> *	60.ù	ជន	2.73	3.08	151	6.9 1.91	Yes Yes	58.7	52	2.72 2.74	3.14	0.89 88 88	35.0 35.0 35.0		c.t. 3	CN SN	108	1.00	0.83	31-3	(es
3.500	478830 *** <b>*E</b> e	59.1	33	3.80 3.90	3.15	1.83	50 7 51.2 50.9	Yes Jes	57.0	22 2	3.09 3.09	3.20	1.07	37.4 37.1 37.6		4.45	<b>W</b>	1.25	1.25	0.95	33.5	<b>1</b> 2
3.500	478961	58.8	33	88 88	3.12	1.75	1.67 1.64 1.64	Yes Yes	57.0	22	88° 888	3.17	100	8.95 8.95 5.95		54.2	N2 N2	1.25 1.25	1 26	0.85 0.88	32.5	(es
				0 / 0 E Vo	- 15			1							-							

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(a) Insufficient spectame thickness, B < 2-5,  $V_{Q_1}C_{\gamma_B}^{-1}$ . (b) instructions erack length, A < 2-5  $(K_Q^{-}\sigma_{\gamma_B})^2$ . (c)  $P_{Max}/V_Q$  > 1.1. (d) Values considered meaningth.

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TALE 25 Heauling of Fractingent Tests of 2219-1652 Hand Foreirigs (F33615-74-0-5069)	(7.1) Artabiston	L <sup>1</sup> <sup>2</sup> K <sub>21</sub> , halid Streach, Number Spectreen Creeck, 2.5(0) <sup>2</sup> K <sub>21</sub> , valid Streach, Number Michneus, Leach, 2.5(0) <sup>2</sup> K <sub>21</sub> , valid Streach, Number Michneus, Leach, 2.5(0) <sup>2</sup> K <sub>21</sub> , valid Streach, Number Michneus, Leach, 2.5(0) <sup>2</sup> K <sub>21</sub> , valid Streach, Number Michneus, Leach, 2.5(0) <sup>2</sup> K <sub>21</sub> , valid Streach, Number Michneus, Leach, 2.5(0) <sup>2</sup> K <sub>21</sub> , valid Streach, Number Michneus, Leach, 2.5(0) <sup>2</sup> K <sub>21</sub> , valid Streach, Number Michneus, Leach, 2.5(0) <sup>2</sup> K <sub>21</sub> , valid Streach, Number Michneus, Leach, 2.5(0) <sup>2</sup> K <sub>21</sub> , valid Streach, Number Michneus, Leach, 2.5(0) <sup>2</sup> K <sub>21</sub> , valid Streach, Number Michneus, Leach, 2.5(0) <sup>2</sup> K <sub>21</sub> , valid Streach, Number Michneus, Leach, 2.5(0) <sup>2</sup> K <sub>21</sub> , valid Streach, Number Michneus, Leach, 2.5(0) <sup>2</sup> K <sub>21</sub> , valid Streach, 2.5(0) <sup>2</sup> K <sub>21</sub> , valid Streach, Number Michneus, Leach, 2.5(0) <sup>2</sup> K <sub>21</sub> , valid Streach, Number Michneus, Leach, 2.5(0) <sup>2</sup> K <sub>21</sub> , valid Streach, 2.5(0) <sup>2</sup> K <sub>21</sub> , valid	1 32-0 (66)(c) 50-6 7-1 1.50 1.55 0.72 28.5 Yes 51-5 11 0.75 0.60 0.73 28. 1.1.1 V(6)(c) 7-2 1.50 1.55 0.64 29.4 Yes 51-5 12 0.75 0.60 0.63 28. 1.1.1 0.17 0.60 0.62 28. 1.2.1 1.50 1.56 0.84 29.2 Yes 71-5 0.75 0.60 0.62 28. 1.2.1 1.50 1.56 0.84 29.2 Yes 71-5 0.75 0.60 0.63 28. 2.2.1 1.50 1.50 1.50 0.84 29.2 Yes 71-5 0.75 0.60 0.63 28. 2.2.1 1.50 1.50 0.84 29.2 Yes 71-5 0.75 0.60 0.63 28. 2.2.1 1.50 1.50 0.84 29.2 Yes 71-5 0.75 0.60 0.63 28. 2.2.1 1.50 1.50 0.84 29.2 Yes 71-5 0.75 0.60 0.63 28. 2.2.1 1.50 1.50 0.84 29.2 Yes 71-5 0.75 0.60 0.63 28. 2.2.1 1.50 1.50 0.84 29.2 Yes 71-5 0.75 0.60 0.63 28. 2.2.1 1.50 1.50 0.84 29.2 Yes 71-5 0.75 0.60 0.63 28. 2.2.1 1.50 1.50 0.84 29.2 Yes 71-5 0.75 0.60 0.64 28.5 Yes 71-5 0.60 0.64 28.5 Yes 71-5 0.75 0.60 0.64 28.5 Yes 71-5 0.60 0.64 28.5 Yes 71-5 0.60 0.64 28.5 Yes 71-5 0.75 0.60 0.64 28.5 Yes 71-5 0.50 0.64 28.5 Yes 71-5 0.75 0.60 0.64 28.5 Yes 71-5 0.50 0.50 0.64 78.5 Yes 71-5 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.	Ves <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> , 9         7-1         2, <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> , 9         2,51         0.66         26.1         Yes         N-1         1<00	L1.1         Yes         L9.8         T-1         2.50         2.55         0.80         28.1         Yes         L9.7         N-1         1.00         1.02         0.67         25           1         27.4         28.2         2.55         0.80         28.1         Yes         N-2         1.00         1.03         0.67         25           1         27.4         2.50         2.55         0.80         28.2         Yes         N-2         1.00         1.03         0.65         25         2.55         2.55         2.55         2.55         2.55         2.55         2.63         2.64         2.55         2.64         2.55         2.55         2.63         2.64         2.55         2.55         2.55         2.63         2.64         2.55         2.64         2.55         2.64         2.55         2.64         2.64         2.55         2.64         2.55         2.65         2.63         2.65         2.64         2.55         2.65         2.65         2.65         2.65         2.65         2.65         2.65         2.65         2.65         2.65         2.65         2.65         2.65         2.65         2.65         2.65         2.65         2.65         2.6	bo.d         Yes         50.2         T-1         2.50         2.50         2.50         0.62         24.9         Yes         51.1         N-1         1.00         1.01         0.54         23           1         0.0.4         Yes         7.2         2.50         2.55         0.65         26.0         Yes         1.01         0.54         23           1         0.0.4         Yes         7.2         2.50         2.55         0.66         26.0         Yes         1.00         1.08         0.65         25.3         1.00         1.08         0.65         25.3         1.00         1.08         0.65         25.3         1.1         1.1         1.00         1.08         0.65         25.3         1.00         1.08         0.65         25.3         1.1         1.1         1.00         1.08         0.65         25.3         1.1         1.1         1.00         1.08         0.65         25.7         1.1         1.00         1.08         0.65         25.7         1.1         1.00         1.08         0.65         25.7         1.1         1.00         1.08         0.65         25.7         1.1         1.00         1.08         0.65         25.7         1.1	35.1         Yes         b5 7         T-1         2.50         0.97         28.8         Yes         b7 0         Y-1         1.55         0.68         28.8           37.0         Yes         1-2         2.50         2.54         0.97         28.8         Yes         1.2         1.55         0.68         28.8           37.0         Yes         1-3         2.50         2.54         0.91         28.1         Yes         1.25         1.55         0.66         28.8           35.2         Yes         7.3         2.50         2.54         0.91         28.1         Yes         1.55         1.55         0.66         28.8           35.2         Yes         7.3         2.60         2.71         28.1         Nes         1.55         1.55         0.56         28.8           35.2         Yes         Yes         Yes         Nes         Nes         Nes         1.55         1.55         0.56         28.8           35.2         Yes         Yes         Yes         Nes         Nes         Nes         1.55         1.55         0.56         28.3         23         23         23         23         23         23         23	41.3         Yee         Sofe         T-1         2.50         2.51         0.86         29.8         Yee         51.2         N-1         1.55         1.53         0.68         36 <th< th=""><th>W2.1         Yes         46.4         T.1         2.50         2.74         25.2         6.14         7.2         N-1         2.00         2.64         0.53         21.15         No         100         1.03         0.65         21.15</th><th>1 3.0 Yes 13.1 7.1 2.50 2.57 110 28.6 Yes 50.0 N-1 2.00 2.05 0.68 26. 28.2 Yes 7.2 2.50 2.56 1.07 28.2 Yes 1.2 2.00 2.09 0.50 28.2 Yes 1.2 2.00 2.09 0.50 28.2 Yes 1.2 2.00 2.09 2.53 28.2 Yes 1.2 2.00 2.59 28.2 Yes 1.2 2.50 2.50 2.59 2.53 28.2 Yes 1.2 2.50 2.50 2.59 2.59 2.59 2.50 2.50 2.50 2.50 2.50 2.50 2.50 2.50</th><th>3         34.8         Yes         43         T-1         2.50         2.60         0.85         25.7         No(d)         42         4.1         2.00         2.03         0.09         22         23.5         No(d)         42         4.1         2.00         2.03         0.09         22         23.5         No(d)         42         4.1         2.00         2.03         0.03         22         23.0         2.06         0.11         22         23.5         0.01         22         23.5         0.01         23.5         0.01         23.5         2.00         2.05         0.01         23.5         23.5         2.00         2.05         0.01         23.5         23.5         2.00         2.05         0.01         23.5         23.5         2.05         0.01         23.5         2.05         0.01         23.5         2.05         0.01         23.5         2.05         0.01         23.5         2.05         0.01         23.5         2.05         0.01         23.5         2.05         0.01         23.5         2.05         0.01         23.5         2.05         0.01         23.5         2.05         0.01         23.5         2.05         0.01         2.05         0.01</th><th>36 Ves         Mu.         7-1         250         760         773         33-9         Mu(e)         Mu         Mu</th></th<>	W2.1         Yes         46.4         T.1         2.50         2.74         25.2         6.14         7.2         N-1         2.00         2.64         0.53         21.15         No         100         1.03         0.65         21.15	1 3.0 Yes 13.1 7.1 2.50 2.57 110 28.6 Yes 50.0 N-1 2.00 2.05 0.68 26. 28.2 Yes 7.2 2.50 2.56 1.07 28.2 Yes 1.2 2.00 2.09 0.50 28.2 Yes 1.2 2.00 2.09 0.50 28.2 Yes 1.2 2.00 2.09 2.53 28.2 Yes 1.2 2.00 2.59 28.2 Yes 1.2 2.50 2.50 2.59 2.53 28.2 Yes 1.2 2.50 2.50 2.59 2.59 2.59 2.50 2.50 2.50 2.50 2.50 2.50 2.50 2.50	3         34.8         Yes         43         T-1         2.50         2.60         0.85         25.7         No(d)         42         4.1         2.00         2.03         0.09         22         23.5         No(d)         42         4.1         2.00         2.03         0.09         22         23.5         No(d)         42         4.1         2.00         2.03         0.03         22         23.0         2.06         0.11         22         23.5         0.01         22         23.5         0.01         23.5         0.01         23.5         2.00         2.05         0.01         23.5         23.5         2.00         2.05         0.01         23.5         23.5         2.00         2.05         0.01         23.5         23.5         2.05         0.01         23.5         2.05         0.01         23.5         2.05         0.01         23.5         2.05         0.01         23.5         2.05         0.01         23.5         2.05         0.01         23.5         2.05         0.01         23.5         2.05         0.01         23.5         2.05         0.01         23.5         2.05         0.01         23.5         2.05         0.01         2.05         0.01	36 Ves         Mu.         7-1         250         760         773         33-9         Mu(e)         Mu         Mu
		Tenalis	8 7 1.1. 1.50 1.57 1.88 1.50 1.59 1.59 1.59 1.59	51.1 L-1 2.49 2.53 1.47 L-2 2.40 2.54 1.33 L-3 2.50 2.45 1.35	<b>50.3</b> L-1 2.50 2.57 1.67 1.78 L-3 2.50 2.55 1.78 1.78 L-3 2.50 2.55 1.97 1.97 1.97 1.97 1.97 1.97 1.97 1.97	51.2 L-1 2.50 2.62 1.59 L-2 2.50 2.51 1.55 L-3 2.5058 1.69	45.2 Fri Fri Fri S. 88 2.58 1.66 Fri S. 88 2.58 1.66	50 2 1-1 2 50 2.60 1.69 1-2 2.50 2.55 1.95 1.3 2.50 2.55 2.15	<b>19.2</b> L-1 2.50 2.53 1.58 L-2 2.50 2.61 1.55 L-3 2.50 2.55 1.56	<b>20.6</b> L-1 7.50 2.52 1.91 L-2 2.50 2.54 1.08 1-3 2.50 2.55 2.08	<b>41.9</b> L-1 2.50 2.58 1.73 L-2 2.50 2.57 1.89 L-3 2.50 2.55 1.55	13 4 5-1 2-56 1.97 1-2 2-55 2-61 2-73 1-3 2-55 2-61 2-73 1-3 2-55 2-61

(a) Average of valid K[c values. (b) Specimen not thick mough  $[2.5(k_0/\sigma_3)^2 > \text{thickmeas}]$ . (c) Taking crack too about.  $[2.5(k_0/\sigma_3)^2 > \text{track in with}]$ (c) Taking that to 5.  $v_1$  for the last sing standing. "Oncier,  $v_1/v_q$  is 1 meaningful runge of 0.501 to 0.700. (e) V<sub>1</sub> greater than 0.7 N<sub>2</sub> for the last sing of failour cracking. (f) N<sub>1</sub> remains than 0.7 N<sub>2</sub> for the last sing of failour cracking. (a) V<sub>1</sub> greater than 0.7 N<sub>2</sub> for the last sing of failour cracking. (b) Network the subset should be then 0.45 and 0.55. (h) Network remains

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NUMBER OF

Rates of Fatigue-Crack Propagation(a)

Colds-rB51         Product         Size         Let         With         MT         With         MT         With         MT         Mustation         Mit         Mustation         Mit         Mustation         Mit         Mustation	20045-F551       Fraction       Lag 103       Table transmission       Lag 133       Lag 133 <thlag 133<="" th="">       Lag 133       <th< th=""><th>Product       Size(In.)       No.       Orientation       <math>r_{14}</math>         2045-r951       Plate       i       421393       <math>r_{-1}</math> <math>35</math>         7       14       233       <math>r_{-1}</math> <math>35</math> <math>3-1</math> <math>35</math>         7050-r7351       Plate       2       421074       <math>r_{-1}</math> <math>35</math> <math>35-1</math> <math>46</math> <math>42</math>         7475-r7351       Plate       1       429333       <math>r_{-1}</math> <math>46</math> <math>429333</math> <math>r_{-1}</math> <math>46</math> <math>4</math></th><th>1</th><th></th><th>Thickness or</th><th>Samule</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>7</th><th>Ja / AN at</th><th>Indicate micro-in/</th><th>d AK( cycle</th><th>(q</th><th></th><th></th></th<></thlag>	Product       Size(In.)       No.       Orientation $r_{14}$ 2045-r951       Plate       i       421393 $r_{-1}$ $35$ 7       14       233 $r_{-1}$ $35$ $3-1$ $35$ 7050-r7351       Plate       2       421074 $r_{-1}$ $35$ $35-1$ $46$ $42$ 7475-r7351       Plate       1       429333 $r_{-1}$ $46$ $429333$ $r_{-1}$ $46$ $4$	1		Thickness or	Samule				7	Ja / AN at	Indicate micro-in/	d AK( cycle	(q		
Coloc-TG51         Plate         1         42108         T.T         33         1.14         10.5         3.0         16         6         4.7           7050-77351         Plate         2         421074         T.T         33         11.4         10.5         3.2         25         15         1.3         11.5         3.2         25         1.5         2.2         1.5         2.2         3.5         2.9         1.5         2.2         3.5         2.9         1.5         2.5         2.5         3.5         2.9         1.5         1.2         2.5         1.5         2.5         2.5         1.5         1.5         1.5         2.5         1.5         2.5         1.5         2.5         1.5         2.5         1.5         2.5         1.5         2.5         1.5	Converted:1       Plate       1 $l_{2133}$ $l_{213}$ <t< th=""><th>COUD-T951       Flate       1       <math>421393</math> <math>\Gamma - \Gamma</math> <math>36</math>         775       1       12333       <math>\Gamma - \Gamma</math> <math>36</math> <math>36</math>         7050-T7351       Plate       2       <math>421074</math> <math>\Gamma - \Gamma</math> <math>36</math>         7050-T7351       Plate       2       <math>421074</math> <math>\Gamma - \Gamma</math> <math>36</math>         7050-T7351       Plate       1       <math>429338</math> <math>\Gamma - \Gamma</math> <math>36</math>         7070-T7351       Plate       1       <math>429338</math> <math>\Gamma - \Gamma</math> <math>46</math>         7075-T7351       Plate       1       <math>429338</math> <math>\Gamma - \Gamma</math> <math>46</math>         7175-T7351       Plate       1       <math>429361</math> <math>\Gamma - \Gamma</math> <math>46</math>         7175-T7351       Plate       1       <math>429246</math> <math>\Gamma - \Gamma</math> <math>46</math>         7175-T7351       Plate       <math>17202</math> <math>429246</math> <math>\Gamma - \Gamma</math> <math>46</math>         7075       Panding       <math>2x3</math> <math>429246</math> <math>\Gamma - \Gamma</math> <math>46</math> <math>56</math>         7175       Porging       <math>2x1/2xc22</math> <math>429246</math> <math>\Gamma - \Gamma</math> <math>56</math> <math>56</math>         7050-T73651       Plate       <math>4-1/2</math> <math>7-1</math> <math>7-1</math> <math>66</math> <math>57</math> <math>7-1</math></th><th>La c</th><th>oduct</th><th>Size(in.)</th><th>No.</th><th>Orienta</th><th>tion Fig.</th><th></th><th>J AIF</th><th></th><th>Moist</th><th>AIF</th><th></th><th>Sump Wa</th><th>ter</th></t<>	COUD-T951       Flate       1 $421393$ $\Gamma - \Gamma$ $36$ 775       1       12333 $\Gamma - \Gamma$ $36$ $36$ 7050-T7351       Plate       2 $421074$ $\Gamma - \Gamma$ $36$ 7050-T7351       Plate       2 $421074$ $\Gamma - \Gamma$ $36$ 7050-T7351       Plate       1 $429338$ $\Gamma - \Gamma$ $36$ 7070-T7351       Plate       1 $429338$ $\Gamma - \Gamma$ $46$ 7075-T7351       Plate       1 $429338$ $\Gamma - \Gamma$ $46$ 7175-T7351       Plate       1 $429361$ $\Gamma - \Gamma$ $46$ 7175-T7351       Plate       1 $429246$ $\Gamma - \Gamma$ $46$ 7175-T7351       Plate $17202$ $429246$ $\Gamma - \Gamma$ $46$ 7075       Panding $2x3$ $429246$ $\Gamma - \Gamma$ $46$ $56$ 7175       Porging $2x1/2xc22$ $429246$ $\Gamma - \Gamma$ $56$ $56$ 7050-T73651       Plate $4-1/2$ $7-1$ $7-1$ $66$ $57$ $7-1$	La c	oduct	Size(in.)	No.	Orienta	tion Fig.		J AIF		Moist	AIF		Sump Wa	ter
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\mu$ $\mu_{21383}$ $\frac{1}{1-\Gamma}$ $\frac{3}{36}$ 7050-77351       Plate       2 $\mu_{2107}\mu$ $\frac{1}{1-\Gamma}$ $\frac{3}{36}$ 7475-77351       Plate       1 $\mu_{2333}$ $\frac{1}{1-\Gamma}$ $\frac{3}{36}$ 7475-77351       Plate       1 $\mu_{2333}$ $\frac{1}{1-\Gamma}$ $\frac{3}{6}$ 7475-77351       Plate       1 $\mu_{2333}$ $\frac{1}{1-\Gamma}$ $\frac{4}{16}$ 7475-77351       Plate       1 $\mu_{23247}$ $\mu_{12}$ $\mu_{12}$ 7475       Paction $\mu_{12}$ $\mu_{12}$ $\mu_{12}$ $\mu_{12}$ $\mu_{12}$ 747       Plate $\mu_{1-1}/2$ $\mu_{12}/2$	-1951 P	late	ŗ	42110 <del>8</del>	г-т 1	5					¥	*		P1
7050-77351       Flate       2 $123074$ $1.5$ $3.5$ $1.5$	7050-77351       Plate       2 $120014$ $1.7$ $36.5$ $11.3$ $11.5$ $3.2$ $25$ $36.5$ $31.6$ $3.2$ $25$ $36.5$ $31.6$ $3.6$	TO50-TT351       Plate       2 $\mu_{2107}/\mu_{1}$ $\Gamma_{-1}^{-1}$ $33'_{-1}$ 70'50-TT351       Plate       1 $\mu_{22333}$ $\Gamma_{-1}^{-1}$ $33'_{-1}$ $\mu_{21}^{-1}$ </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>7</td> <td>421383</td> <td>676 111 167</td> <td>1885 3887</td> <td>, ,</td> <td>)</td> <td>13- 13- 13-</td> <td>3.0</td> <td>16</td> <td>φ.</td> <td>440</td> <td>975 875</td>			7	421383	676 111 167	1885 3887	, ,	)	13- 13- 13-	3.0	16	φ.	440	975 875
7050-77351         Plate         2         legon $1.5$ $1.6$ <	7050-77351       Plate       2 $l_{21074}$ $\Gamma_{11}^{-1}$ $33$ $1.6$	7050-T7351       Plate       2 $\mu_{21}$ $\Gamma_{12}^{-1}$ $\mu_{22}^{-1}$ $\mu'''_{7}$ -T7351       Plate       1 $\mu_{2333333333333333333333333333333333333$					2-L 2-L	36 36	<i>к</i> т.	ч. Т. Ч	មដ	5.2	25	•36		188
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4 $1$	-T7351 PI	late	5	421074	L-T	37		α.						
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	7 <sup>47</sup> 5-77351 Plate 1 429338 $\Gamma_{-1}^{17}$ $\mu_{0}^{15}$ $\mu_{17}^{17}5-77351$ Plate 1 429338 $\Gamma_{-1}^{17}$ $\mu_{0}^{15}$ $\mu_{17}^{17}5-77351$ Plate 1 429393 $\Gamma_{-1}^{17}$ $\mu_{0}^{15}$ $\mu_{17}^{17}5-77351$ Plate 3-3/4 479961 $\tau_{-1}^{12}$ $5_{0}^{12}$ $\Gamma_{-1}^{12}$ $\Gamma_{-1}^{12}$ $\Gamma_{-1}^{12}$ $(C)$ $\Gamma_{-1}^{12}$ $(C)$ $\Gamma_{-1}^{12}$ $\Gamma_{-1}^{12}$ $(C)$ $\Gamma_{-1}^{12}$ $\Gamma_{-1}^{12}$ $(C)$ $\Gamma_{-1}^{12}$ $\Gamma_{-1}^{12}$ $(C)$ $\Gamma_{-1}^{12}$ $\Gamma_{-1}^{12}$ $\Gamma_{-1}^{12}$ $(C)$ $\Gamma_{-1}^{12}$ $(C)$ $\Gamma_{-1}^{12}$ $\Gamma_{-1}^{12}$ $\Gamma_{-1}^{12}$ $(C)$ $\Gamma_{-1}^{12}$ $\Gamma_{-1}^{12}$ $(C)$ $\Gamma_{-1}^{12}$ $\Gamma_{-1}^{12}$ $\Gamma_{-1}^{12}$ $\Gamma_{-1}^{12}$ $(C)$ $\Gamma_{-1}^{12}$ $\Gamma_{-1}^{12}$ $\Gamma_{-1}^{12}$ $\Gamma_{-1}^{12}$ $\Gamma_{-1}^{12}$ $(C)$ $\Gamma_{-1}^{12}$ $\Gamma_{-1}^{12}$ $\Gamma_{-1}^$			77		5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	13 39 11		10.4.0 10.4.0	ងដ	3.6	19	0.85	0 N C	£86
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$1^{175}-77351$ Plate       1 $429333$ $1^{-7}$ $1_{13}$ $1_{14}$ $1_{16}$ $1_{26}$	7475-T7351     Flate     1     429383     1-1     44       4     4     429383     1-1     46     46       4     4     43383     1-1     46     46       4     4     439813     1-1     46     46       5     5     47561     5-1/581     7-1     46       5     5     473961     5-1/582     429246     1-1     56       6     5     7-1     57     56     55       6     5     7-1/2822     429246     1-1     56       6     5     7-1/2822     429246     1-1     56       6     5     7-1/2822     429246     1-1     56       6     5     7-1/2822     1-1     7-1     56       6     5     7-1/2822     7-1     7-1     6       7050-T73651     Flate     4-1/2     7-1     7     6       71     7-1/2822     7-1/2822     7-1     7     7       71     7-1/2822     7-1/2822     7-1     6       70-173652     Hand     2-1/2822     7-1     6       75-T736     Hand     7-1/2822     7-1     7       75-T736     Hand					S-L	42	-	5.0	017	3.2	22		10.01	18°
4 $1.2933,$ $1.7.1,$ $1.6,$ $1.6,$ $1.6,$ $1.6,$ $1.6,$ $1.6,$ $1.6,$ $1.6,$ $1.6,$ $1.6,$ $1.6,$ $1.6,$ $1.6,$ $1.6,$ $1.6,$ $1.6,$ $1.6,$ $1.6,$ $1.2,$ $2.5,$ $0.6,$ $8.2,$ $3.1/2,$ $1.79713$ $7.1,$ $1.97913,$ $7.1,$ $1.97913,$ $7.1,$ $1.97913,$ $7.1,$ $1.97913,$ $7.1,$ $1.97913,$ $7.1,$ $1.97913,$ $7.1,$ $1.97913,$ $7.1,$ $1.97913,$ $1.2,$ <	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{cccccccc} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & $	-T7351 P1	ate	гч	429338	Ľ-1	43		7 7	ç					2
[475-77351] Flate $3.71$ $4.76$ $1.6$ $1.6$ $1.6$ $1.2$ $0.6$ $1.6$ $1.2$ $0.6$ $1.6$ $1.2$ $0.6$ $0.6$ $0.6$ $1.6$ $1.6$ $1.2$ $0.6$ $0.$	$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} 3-1 \\ 1/7-77351 \\ 7-77351 \\ 7-77351 \\ 7-77351 \\ 7-77351 \\ 7-77351 \\ 7-77351 \\ 7-7552 \\ 7-17 \\ 7-7552 \\ 7-17 \\ 7-7552 \\ 7-17 \\ 7-7552 \\ 7-17 \\ 7-7552 \\ 7-17 \\ 7-7552 \\ 7-17 \\ 7-7552 \\ 7-17 \\ 7-7552 \\ 7-17 \\ 7-7552 \\ 7-17 \\ 7-7552 \\ 7-17 \\ 7-17 \\ 7-77 \\ 7-75 \\ 7-77 \\ 7-75 \\ 7-77 \\ 7-77 \\ 7-77 \\ 7-77 \\ 7-75 \\ 7-77 \\ 7-77 \\ 7-77 \\ 7-75 \\ 7-77 \\ 7-7$	1/475-77351       Flate       3/4       478719       7-1       49         (-urrent Fractice)       3-1/2       478961       7-1       550       552         219-7952       Hand       2x3       429246       7-1       550       557         219-7952       Hand       2x3       429246       7-1       550       557         200-7952       Forging.       5-1/2822       429247       7-1       56       557         050-173651       Plate       1       7-1       56       557       57       56       57         050-173651       Plate       1       7-1       7       7-1       56       57       56       57         050-173651       Plate       1       7-1       7       7-1       6       5			7	429383	191 111 111 111	14 15 12		1.0	110	4.0	22		م مرم مرم	333
$ \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{17}7-77351  \text{Plate} \\ \text{(urrent Fractice)} \\ (urren$	$ \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{175-77351} \ \ \mbox{Fractice} \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	<sup>[475-T7351]</sup> <sup>1476-T7351</sup> <sup>1476-T7351</sup> <sup>1479719</sup> <sup>7-L</sup> <sup>500</sup> <sup>520</sup> <sup>520</sup> <sup>521</sup> <sup>500</sup> <sup>521</sup> <sup>500</sup> <sup>521</sup> <sup>500</sup> <sup>521</sup> <sup>521</sup> <sup>500</sup> <sup>521</sup> <sup>521</sup> <sup>511</sup>					11	181	6 <b>1</b> .		10	4.2	25	0.6		448
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	C19-T952       Hand Forging.       2x3 $L_{29246}$ $S-L$ T-T $S-1/2x22       S_{2247}L-TS-LS-1/2x22       S_{2247}S-L S_{23}S-SS-LS-LS-L S_{23}S-SS-LS-LS-L S_{23}S-SS-SS-LS-L S_{23}S-SS-SS-LS-L S_{23}S-SS-SS-L S_{23}S-SS-SS-L S_{23}S-SS-SS-L S_{23}S-SS-SS-L S_{23}S-SS-SS-L S_{23}S-SS-SS-S S_{24}S-SS-S S_{24}S-SS-S S_{24}S-SS-S S_{24}S-SS-S S_{24}S-S S_{24}S-S S_{20}S-S S_{24}S-S S_{24}S$	<ul> <li>(219-T952 Hand 2x9 4/2924/5 T-1</li> <li>Forging, 5-1/2x22 4/2924/7 T-1</li> <li>Forging, 5-1/2x22 4/2924/7 T-1</li> <li>Forging, 5-1/2x22 4/2924/7 T-1</li> <li>S-L, 56, 57</li> <li>S-L, 56, 55</li> <li>S-L, 56, 55</li> <li>S-L, 56, 55</li> <li>S-L, 56, 55</li> <li>S-L, 56</li> <li>S-L, 79</li> <li>S-L, 70</li> <li>S-L,</li></ul>	ent Practic	ate 2e)	3/1 3-1/2	478718 478961	1-1 1-1 1-1	49 50, 51	-16	2	00		Ì		0.0	35
Forging.         Forging.         Forging. $5-1/2xc2$ $422247$ $7-1$ $55$ $55$ $12$ $12$ $12$ $23$ $33$ $5.5$ $11$ $21/2xc2$ $32/2xc2$ $33/2c2$ $3$	Forging.       Forging.       Forging. $5-1/2xc2$ $425247$ $1-1$ $56, 55$ $12, 2$ $13, 2$ $33, 3$ $23, 7$ $21, 22$ $23, 7$ $21, 22$ $23, 7$ $21, 22$ $33, 6$ $26, 55$ $11, 2$ $12$	Foreing.       5-1/2x22       425247       7-1       56, 55         6       7-1       56, 55       56, 55         050-173651       Plate       1       7-1       56, 55         050-173651       Plate       1       7-1       56, 55         050-173651       Plate       4-1/2       7-1       7         050-173652       Hand       2-1/2x22       7-1       (d)         050-173652       Hand       7-1/2       7-1       (d)         050-173652       Hand       7-1/2       7-1       (d)         050-173652       Hand       7-1/2       7-1       (d)         050-173652       Hand       5-1       (d)       (e)         050-173652       Hand       7-1/2x22       7-1       (d)         75-7736       Hand       5-1       (e)       (e)         75-7736       Hand       5x20       7-1       (e)         75-7736       Hand       5x20       7-1       (e)         75-7736       Hand       5x20       7-1       (e)         7       Forging       5x20       7-1       (e)         7       Ka1/16       Forging       5x20	т952 наг	pr	č <b>x</b> č	942024	1-S	55	.56 1	ŝ	14				9.0	38
Cference Material       T-L $56, 57$ $15$ $13$ $32$ $28$ $27$ $12$ <t< td=""><td>Eference Material       T-L       <math>56, 56, 57</math>       :15       :13       <math>15, 23</math> <math>23, 9</math> <math>29</math> <math>29, 10</math>         050-T73551       Plate       1       T-L       <math>66, 56, 57</math>       :12       13       33       33       5.5       41         050-T73551       Plate       1       T-L       <math>66</math>       1.8       19       <math>41, 2, 22</math>       24       5.5       41         050-T73551       Plate       <math>4-1/2</math>       T-L       <math>(6)</math>       1.5       11       <math>2.6, 230</math>       5.5       41         050-T73652       Hand       <math>2-1/2x22</math>       T-L       <math>(4)</math> <math>2.5</math>       12       <math>4.0</math> <math>25</math> <math>28</math> <math>5.0</math> <math>5.</math></td><td>eference Material       1       T-L       56, 58         050-T73551 Plate       1       T-L       56, 58         050-T73551 Plate       1       T-L       6         5       6       T-L       7.1       7.1         124-T351 Flate       4-1/2       T-L       (c)         50-T7355 Hand       2-1/2       T-L       (d)         50-T7355 Hand       2-1/2       T-L       (d)         7-1/2X22       T-L       (d)       (c)         7-735       Hand       2-1/2X22       T-L       (d)         .75-T735       Hand       5-L       (c)       (c)         .75-T735       Hand       5x20       T-L       (d)         .75-T735       Forging       5x20       T-L       (d)         .841/Th.       .0       72</td><td>FO.</td><td>rging.</td><td>5<b>-1/2</b>×22</td><td>242524</td><td>- 4 6 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1</td><td>2 2 2 2 3 7 4 7 7</td><td></td><td>Nino</td><td>10 16</td><td>2.3</td><td>22</td><td></td><td>3.7 3.7</td><td>16 21</td></t<>	Eference Material       T-L $56, 56, 57$ :15       :13 $15, 23$ $23, 9$ $29$ $29, 10$ 050-T73551       Plate       1       T-L $66, 56, 57$ :12       13       33       33       5.5       41         050-T73551       Plate       1       T-L $66$ 1.8       19 $41, 2, 22$ 24       5.5       41         050-T73551       Plate $4-1/2$ T-L $(6)$ 1.5       11 $2.6, 230$ 5.5       41         050-T73652       Hand $2-1/2x22$ T-L $(4)$ $2.5$ 12 $4.0$ $25$ $28$ $5.0$ $5.$	eference Material       1       T-L       56, 58         050-T73551 Plate       1       T-L       56, 58         050-T73551 Plate       1       T-L       6         5       6       T-L       7.1       7.1         124-T351 Flate       4-1/2       T-L       (c)         50-T7355 Hand       2-1/2       T-L       (d)         50-T7355 Hand       2-1/2       T-L       (d)         7-1/2X22       T-L       (d)       (c)         7-735       Hand       2-1/2X22       T-L       (d)         .75-T735       Hand       5-L       (c)       (c)         .75-T735       Hand       5x20       T-L       (d)         .75-T735       Forging       5x20       T-L       (d)         .841/Th.       .0       72	FO.	rging.	5 <b>-1/2</b> ×22	242524	- 4 6 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	2 2 2 2 3 7 4 7 7		Nino	10 16	2.3	22		3.7 3.7	16 21
efference Material       5.5 41         050-173651 Plate       1 $T_{-T}$ (c)       1.8       19       4.2       24         050-173651 Plate       1 $T_{-T}$ (c)       1.8       19       4.2       24         050-173651 Plate       1       1       2.6       28       24       2.5       24         050-173651 Plate       4-1/2       T-L       (c)       1.5       11       2.6       28       2.6       28         050-173652 Hand       2-1/2222       T-L       (d)       2.5       12       4.0       25       24       1.0       25       24       1.0       25       4.0       25       4.0       25       4.0       25       4.0       25       4.0       25       4.0       25       4.0       25       4.0       250       5.0       300       5.0       300       5.0       300       5.0       300       5.0       300       5.0       300       5.0       300       5.0       300       5.0       300       5.0       300       5.0       300       5.0       300       5.0       300       5.0       300       5.0       300       5.0	efference Material       5.5 41         050-173651 Plate       1       T-L       (c)       1.8       19       4.2       24       5.5       41         050-173651 Plate       6       T-L       (c)       1.8       19       4.2       24       5.5       41         050-173651 Plate       4-1/2       T-L       (c)       1.5       11       2.6       28       24       5.6       28       5.6       28       5.6       28       5.6       28       5.6       28       5.6       28       5.6       28       5.4       7.0       2.5       11       2.6       2.6       28       28       5.6       28       5.6       28       5.6       28       5.6       28       5.6       28       5.6       28       5.6       28       5.6       28       5.6       28       5.6       28       5.6       28       5.0       300       5.0       300       5.0       300       5.0       300       5.0       300       5.0       300       5.0       300       5.0       300       5.0       300       5.0       300       5.0       300       5.0       300       5.0       300 <td>efference Material       1       T-L       C         050-173551 Plate       1       T-L       C         050-173551 Plate       4-1/2       T-L       C         050-173552 Hand       2-1/2x22       T-L       (d)         7-1/2x22       T-L       (d)       (e)         7-1/2x22       T-L       (d)       (e)         7-1735       Hand       5-L       (e)         75-1735       Hand       5x20       T-L       (d)         75-1735       Hand       5x20       T-L       (d)         75-1735       Hand       5x20       T-L       (d)         75-1735       Forging       5x20       T-L       (d)         75-1736       Forging       5x20       T-L       (d)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>7-L S-L</td> <td>56, 57</td> <td>.15</td> <td>١</td> <td>, , , , , , , , , , , , , ,</td> <td>0.0 8</td> <td>28</td> <td></td> <td>0 1</td> <td>33</td>	efference Material       1       T-L       C         050-173551 Plate       1       T-L       C         050-173551 Plate       4-1/2       T-L       C         050-173552 Hand       2-1/2x22       T-L       (d)         7-1/2x22       T-L       (d)       (e)         7-1/2x22       T-L       (d)       (e)         7-1735       Hand       5-L       (e)         75-1735       Hand       5x20       T-L       (d)         75-1735       Hand       5x20       T-L       (d)         75-1735       Hand       5x20       T-L       (d)         75-1735       Forging       5x20       T-L       (d)         75-1736       Forging       5x20       T-L       (d)					7-L S-L	56, 57	.15	١	, , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	0.0 8	28		0 1	33
O50-173551     Plate     1 $7-1$ $(c)$ 1.8     19 $4.2$ $24$ O50-173551     Plate $4-1/2$ $7-1$ $(c)$ 1.5     11 $2.6$ $29$ 124-7951     Plate $4-1/2$ $7-1$ $(d)$ $2.5$ 12 $4.0$ $25$ 950-173552     Hand $2-1/2x22$ $T-L$ $(d)$ $2.5$ 12 $4.0$ $25$ 950-173552     Hand $2-1/2x22$ $T-L$ $(d)$ $2.5$ 12 $4.0$ $25$ 950-173552     Hand $2-1/2x22$ $T-L$ $(d)$ $2.5$ 12 $4.0$ $25$ 950-173552     Hand $5-1/2x22$ $T-L$ $(d)$ $2.5$ $19$ $1.5$ $26$ 950-173552     Hand $5-1/2x22$ $T-L$ $(d)$ $3.5$ $24$ $7.0$ $40$	O50-173551       Plate       1       T-L       (c)       1.8       19       4.2       24         Contrasts       T-L       (c)       1.5       11       2.6       28         Contrasts       T-L       (c)       1.5       11       2.6       28         Contrasts       T-L       (d)       2.5       12       4.0       25         D50-T73652       Hand       2-1/2       T-L       (d)       2.5       12       4.0       25         D50-T73652       Hand       2-1/2       T-L       (d)       2.5       12       4.0       25         D50-T73652       Hand       2-1/2       T-L       (d)       2.5       12       4.0       25         D50-T73652       Hand       2-1/2       2.5       12       4.0       25       26         D50-T7365       Foreling       7-1/2       2.5       19       1.5       26       26         D50-T736       Hand       5×200       5.0       300       5.0       300         7.5-T736       Hand       5×20       T-L       (d)       3.5       24       7.0       40         D       Averace ratees for feetes	050-173551     Plate     1     T-L     C       6     T-L     T-L     C       7-1     T-L     C       5-1     S-L     C       5-1     T-L     C       50-17355     Hand     2-1/2     T-L       050-17355     Hand     2-1/2     T-L     (d)       75-1735     Forging     7-1/2     T-L     (c)       75-7735     Hand     5-L     C     (c)       75-7735     Hand     5x20     T-L     (d)       75-7735     Hand     5x20     T-L     (d)       75-7735     Hand     5x20     T-L     (d)       75-7735     Forging     5x20     T-L     (d)       75-7736     Hand     5x20     T-L     (d)       75-7736     Hand     5x20     T-L     (d)	ence Materi	al			1	<u>}</u>	v	-	<b>6</b> 7	8° 8°	33		5.5	11
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{bmatrix} 24-7351 & \text{Flate} & 4-1/2 & \text{T-L} & (4) \\ 550-T73522 & \text{Hand} & 2-1/2x22 & \text{T-L} & (4) \\ 7-1/2x22 & \text{T-L} & (c) \\ 7-1/2x22 & \text{T-L} & (c) \\ 7-1 & (c) \\ $	124-7351 Flate 4-1/2 T-L (d), 50-773552 Hand 2-1/2x22 T-L (d), Forging 7-1/2x22 L-T (c) 75-7735 Hand 5x20 T-L (c) 75-7735 Hand 5x20 T-L (d) 75-7735 Hand 5x20 T-L (d) 75-7735 Korging 5x20 T-L (d) 1 Average rates for tests at about 20 Hz.	173651 Pla	te	61		1611  6-60	<u></u>	ннні	ແທ່ 4 ທ	<u>8731</u>	0,000 2000	2800 F			
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	50-T7352 Hand     2-1/2x22     T-L     (c)     1.9     19     1.5     26       Forging     7-1/2x22     L-T     (c)     1.9     10     1.4     140       75-T736     Hand     5x20     T-L     (d)     3.5     24     7.0     40	50-T7352 Hand 2-1/2x22 T-L Forging 7-1/2x22 L-T F-L (c) 75-T736 Hand 5x20 T-L (c) 75-T736 Hand 5x20 T-L (d) Average rates for tests at about 20 Hz.	1351 Fla	te	7-1/5		T-L	(q)	N	ů. L	ŭ	4.0	55			
75-7736 Hand $5x20$ $T-L$ (d) $3.524$ $7.040$	75-T736 Hand 5x20 T-L (d) 3.5 24 7.0 40	75-T736 Hand 5x20 T-L (d) Forging 5x20 T-L (d) Average rates for tests at about 20 Hz.	73652 Han	g Bing	2-1/2x22 7-1/2x22		1-1-1- 1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-	0000	<i>⊂</i> ( <sub>1</sub> )⊒	ດ. ເ ດີ. ເ ດີ. ເ	<i>9</i> 0000	1 m = 1 N a = 0	140 140			
	) Average rates for tests at obout 10 Hz	) Average rates for tests at about 20 Hz. ) ks1/In.	736 Hand Fore	i Sing	5 <b>x</b> 20		Ч-Г Ч	(q)	ŗ.	s 2	4	7.0	01			
)) $k_{SI}(\overline{III}, \overline{JII}, \overline{JII})$		ו) Ref. 10 ו) הפריים	Ref. 10 Ref. o													

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TABLE 27

RESULTS OF TESTS TO EVALUATE THE RESISTANCE TO EXFOLIATION OF SAMPLES OF 2219-T852 HAND FORGINGS

(q) <u>0</u> ິຍ i i i i İ Point Judith T/10 (q i <u></u> i ļ <u></u>0 i (p) <u>T/2</u> i ļ ļ م ρ. ሲ MASTMAASIS T/10 (F'33615--74-C-5089) İ μ ቢ μ E-D(e) <u>172</u> E-A E-A E-A E-A E-A E-A E-A μ д 1 (a) ----- $\frac{EXCO}{T/10}$ E-D(e) E- A E-A E-A E-A E-A E-A E-A д ۴ 429512 429249 Number .:9246 478817 429513 429514 429247 129248 429245 429244 Dimensions 2.5 x 22 3,5 x 14 3.5 x 22 4.5 x 22 5.5 x 22 5.5 x 22 4.5 x 22 7.5 × 22 7.5 x 22 2.0 × 8 Inches

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Total inviersion for 144 hours in an acidified chloride-nitrate solution (4 N NaCl + ^.5 N KNO3 + 0 1 N HNO3 at pH 0.4) ASTM G34-72. Notes: (a)

(b) Exposed for 4 weeks in acidified salt spray test MIL-A-8978, 8979, and 8980.

(c) Exposed to the seacoast atmosphere at Point Judith, Rhode Island, 8/20/75.

3/28/77. (d) Exposed to the seacoast atmosphere at Point Judith, Rhode Island,

+ Total immersion of 48 hours in acidified chloride-nitrate solution (4 N NaCl + 0.5 N HNO3 0.1 N HNO3 at 0.4) ASTM G34-72. (e)

ALC: NAME

RESULTS OI	TESTS TO EV	ALUATE THE RESI	S'TANCE TO	EXFOLIATION OF	SAMPLES OF 7	050-T73	21 ALLO	Y PLATE	
			EXCO	(a)					
		T/10		T/2					
	- [umc]	Electrical		Electrical		MAST HA	ASIS	Point Judit	
Inches	Number	CONQUCCITVILY (& IACS)	Results	CUMULCET VICY (% IACS)	Results	T/10	T/2	T/10	T/2
2.000	421074	41.9	Д	42.7	ρι	д	д	(c)	(ບ
2.000	421075	42.2	сı	43.0	<u>е</u> ,	8	) ] ]	1	i
3.000	421076	41.5	д	42.5	р,			!	İ
3.000	421081	41.6	д	42.5	Сł	1 1 1	8	4 1 1	ļ
4.000	421077	41.5	Сı	42.6	ρ,	д	д	(c)	(C)
4.000	421078	41.6	Ъ	42.6	¢,	1 2 1	1	8	i
5.118	421278	40.5	<b>D</b> 4	41.7	а	പ	д	(c)	(c)
5.000	421073	41.4	<u>ρ</u> ,	42.6	¢	# 8 1	1	1 1 1	İ
6.000	421079	41.7	д	42.4	д	ይ	сı,	(c)	(C)
6.000	421080	41.3	ሲ	42.4	<u>е</u> ,	1	1	8	•

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Total immersion for 96 hours in an acidified chloride-nitrate solution (4 N NaCl + 0.5 N KNO<sub>3</sub> 0.1 N HNO<sub>3</sub> at pH 0.4) ASTM G34-72. (a)

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Exposed for 4 weeks in acidified salt spray test MIL-A-8978, 8979, and 8980. (q)

Exposed to the seacoast atmosphere at Point Judith, Rhode Island 5/14/76. <u></u>

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RESULTS OF TESTS TO EVALUATE THE RESISTANCE TO EXFOLIATION OF SAMPLES OF 2048-T851 ALLOY PLATE

			EXCO (a						
		T/10		T/2					
	,	Electrical		Electrical		MASTMA	ASIS	Poin	t,
Thickness Inches	Sample Number	Conductivity (% IACS)	Results	Conductivity (% IACS)	Results	(b) T/10	T/2	Judi T/10	$\frac{th}{T/2}$
0.500	421378	40.6	ይ	40.8	ъ		-	1	
0.500	421379	41.0	Ъ	41.4	<u>с</u> ,	2		6	
1.000	421380	40.5	д	41.0	р,	Å	д	(c)	(c)
1.000	421108	41.0	ф	41.2	Ċ4	1		1	
2.000	421381	41.0	д	41.3	<u>р</u>	ሲ	д	(c)	(c)
2.000	421382	41.9	Ъ	41.3	Q.	**		8	-
з.000	421083	41.6	д	41.8	С4	2		5	
3.000	421084	42.0	Ъ	42.2	¢,	2	1		1
4.600	421383	41.2	ф,	41.6	д,	А	<u>д</u>	(c)	(c)
4.000	421384	41.4	ሲ	41.7	<u>с</u>	1		1	1
(a) Total 0.1 N	immersion f HNO3 at pH	or 96 hours in a 0.4) ASTM G34-72	n acidifie	d chloride-nit	rate solutio	n (4 N l	NaCl + 0	-5 KNO3 -	

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Exposed for 4 weeks in acidified salt spray test MIL-A-8978, 8978, and 8980. (q

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Exposed to the seacoast atmosphere at Point Judith, Rhode Island 5/14/76. (c)

RESULTS OF TESTS TO EVALUATE THE RESISTANCE TO EXFOLIATION OF SAMPLES OF 7475-T7351 ALLOY PLATE

<u> </u>	<u>T/10</u>	10	EXCO	0 (a) <u>T/2</u>					
Elect. Sample Cond. Number & LACS	Elect. Cond. & IACS		Results	Elect. Cond. & IACS	Results	MASTMA $(b)$	ASIS T/2	Poir Judi T/10	t $_{T/2}$
429422 41.3	41.3		<u>م</u>	42.1	E-A	8		1	
429423 41.3	41.3		Сł	41.8	E-A	4 1	8	1	1
429387 41.9	41.9		сı	42.8	E-A		1	1	1
429388 41.6	41.6		ф	42.6	E-A	ዋ	ዲ	(c)	(c)
429389 41.9	41.9		ሲ	42.8	E-A	գ	ዋ	(c)	(c)
429390 41.7	41.7		д	42.9	E-A	1		     	1 1 1
429391 41.5	41.5			42.7	E-A			1	l i t
429392 41.9	41.9		C4	42.8	E-A	1	8	   	
429393 41.6	41.6		<b>Ω</b> ,	42.7	E-A	д,	ዋ	(c)	(c)
429394 41.8	41.8		д	42.7	E-A			1	
		Ι.							

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Total immersion for 96 hours in an acidified chloride-nitrate solution (4N NaCl + 0.5N KNO<sub>3</sub> + 0.1N HNO<sub>3</sub> at pH 0.4) ASTM G34-72. Notes (a)

Exposed for 4 weeks in acidified salt spray test MIL-A-8978, 8979, and 8980. (q)

Exposed to seacoast atmosphere at Point Judith, Rhode Island on July 11, 1975. <u>0</u>

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TABLE 31

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RESULTS OF STRESS-CORREGION TESTING OF 0.125-INCH DIAMETER TENSION SPECIMERS OF 2219-T852 ALLOY HAND FORGINGS BY ALTERNATE IMMESSION IN A 3.5% SODIUM CHLORIDE SOLUTION FOR 84 DAYS (A2T9 644-75)

			1	onaitu	idinal Tel	dS uotsu	ectmens		ы ,	TT- Pro-	ansverse	rens 10n	Specime	JIS DIS	Short-	-Transv	erse Ten	sion S <sub>E</sub>	ecimans	
District         Applied         Date: District from the production of the prod	Hand			Failu	tre Data	Aver Icss i	age %	le		Failu	re Data	Aver Loss	age <b>s</b> in Tenst	Je Je		Failur	e Data	Avera Loss	ige & n Tens:	ile
Matrix         Matrix<	Dimen- sions	Sample	Applied Stress	E/N	Days to Fallure	Prope	d Spect	f aens	Applied Strees kei	F/N	Days to Failure (b)	Prope Unfail Vield	rties of ed 3peci Ult.	E1.	pplied tress ksi	F/N (a)	Days to Failure (b)	Prope Unfail Yield	ed Speed	of cimens El.
255 x 22 0 001       37 0 02       11 1 1 0 02       37 0 02       11 2 2 2 2 2 0         255 x 14 0 0591       37 0 02       11 1 0 03       37 0 02       11 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 2         255 x 14 0 05911       35 0 01       37 0 02       11 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 2       20 0 1 2 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 2         255 x 14 0 05911       31 5 x 14 0 05911       31 0 02       11 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 2       31 0 02       11 1 2 2 2 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Z.0 × 8 2.0 × 8 2.0 × 8	429246 429246 429246	x81 0 37	0 3		15 15 18	20	50 43	0 37	0/2	**	17 18	33	78 78	33 50	0/3 0/3	:::	52 53 73 53	34 37 28	57 80 57
15 × 14       43911         15 × 14       43911         15 × 14       43911         15 × 14       43911         15 × 14       43911         15 × 14       43911         15 × 22       43911 <td< td=""><td>2.5 × 22 2.5 × 22 2.5 × 22</td><td>478817 478817 478817</td><td>37</td><td>0/2 0/3</td><td>* * * * *</td><td>17</td><td>19</td><td>69 48</td><td>37</td><td>0/3 0/3</td><td>* * * * *</td><td>22 14</td><td>24 13</td><td> 60 60</td><td>0 25 37</td><td>0/3 0/3</td><td>* * * * * * * *</td><td>26 21 17</td><td>23 29 27</td><td>75 75 75</td></td<>	2.5 × 22 2.5 × 22 2.5 × 22	478817 478817 478817	37	0/2 0/3	* * * * *	17	19	69 48	37	0/3 0/3	* * * * *	22 14	24 13	 60 60	0 25 37	0/3 0/3	* * * * * * * *	26 21 17	23 29 27	75 75 75
15 x 22 43911       15 x 22 43911         15 x 22 43911       15 x 22 43911         15 x 22 43913       15 x 22 43913         15 x 22 43914       15 x 22 43914         15 x 22 43914       15 x 22 43914         15 x 22 43914       15 x 22 43914         15 x 22 43914       17 x 2 x 2 x 2 1 x	3.5 × 14 3.5 × 14 3.5 × 14	429512 429512 429512													0 37 37	0/3 0/3	+ * * *	30 23 23	45 26 25	75 50 50
4.5       2.5       2.2       4.23       2.2       2.2       2.2       2.2       2.2       2.2       2.2       2.2       2.2       2.2       2.3	3.5 × 22 3.5 × 22 3.5 × 22	429513 429513 429513													0 25 37	0/2 0/3	*+ *** 52 *+	(c) 27 27	40 9 60	100 56 56
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4.5 x 22 4.5 x 22 4.5 x 22	429249 429249 429249													21 32 32	0/3 0/3	::1	29 24 27	45 26	60 60 60
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4.5 x 22 4.5 x 22 4.5 x 22	429514 429514 429514													21 32	0/2 0/3 0/3		40 30 31	60 41 41	75 49 49
5.5 x 22 429248       0       0/2 $\cdots$ 35       43       53         5.5 x 22 429248       5.5 x 22 429248       0 $\cdots$ 17       17       33       0/3 $\cdots$ 24       30       77         5.5 x 22 429244       0 $\cdots$ 17       17       33       0 $0/3$ $\cdots$ 24       30       77         7.5 x 22 429244       0 $\cdots$ 17       17       33       0 $0/2$ $\cdots$ 24       30       77         7.5 x 22 429244       0 $\cdots$ 14       13       29 $0/7$ $\cdots$ 21       21       0       24       32       33       77         7.5 x 22 429245 $\cdots$ 14       13       29 $0/7$ $\cdots$ 21       21       0       20       31       33       33       37         7.5 x 22 429245 $\frac{1}{29}$ $\frac{1}{27}$ $\frac{1}{29}$ $\frac{1}{29}$ $\frac{1}{29}$ $\frac{1}{29}$ $\frac{3}{29}$ $\frac{3}{$	5. 5 × 22 5. 5 × 22 5. 5 × 22	429247 429247 429247												<u></u>	0 32 32	0/2 2/3 0/3	:::	55 B #	46 26 28	72 15 44
7.5 x 22 429244 0 ••• 17 17 33 0 0/2 •• 27 34 20 0 0/2 •• 30 41 69 7.5 x 22 429244 29 •• 14 14 33 29 0/7 ••• 21 21 0 20 0/3 ••• 24 32 38 7.5 x 22 429245 ~ •• 16 20 27 0 0/2 •• 18 21 0 20 0/3 ••• 23 31 59 7.5 x 22 429245 ~ ••• 16 20 27 0 0/3 ••• 18 21 0 0 0/2 •• 24 31 33 7.5 x 22 429245 ~ 1/3 ••• 9 14 27 29 0/3 ••• 13 15 0 20 0/3 ••• 26 31 33 7.5 x 22 429245 ~ 1/3 ••• 9 14 27 29 0/3 ••• 13 15 0 20 0/3 ••• 16 24 47	5.5 × 22 5.5 × 22 5.5 × 22	429248 429248 429248													32 20	0/2 0/3 0/3	:	36 24 24	<b>43</b> 33 33	53 77 77
7.5 x 22 429245 ~ ** 16 20 27 0 0/2 ** 18 21 0 0 0/2 ** 24 31 33 7.5 x 22 429245 /9 n/3 *** 9 14 27 29 0/3 *** 13 15 0 20 0/3 *** 22 28 47 7.5 x 22 429245 /9 n/3 *** 9 14 27 29 0/3 *** 13 15 0 20 0/3 *** 16 24 47	7.5 × 22 7.5 × 22 7.5 × 22	429244 429244 429244	59 0		: 1	17	17 14	33	50 0	2/0 F/0	::	27 21	34 21	0 S0	20 29	0/2 0/3	:::	30 24 23	41 31 31 31	69 38 59
	7.5 × 22 7.5 × 22 7.5 × 22	429245 429245 429245	ور	C/3	::	16 9	20	27	0 6 7	0/2 0/3	**	18 13	21 15	00	20 29 29	0/2 0/3 0/3	:::	24 22 16	31 26 24	33 47 47

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(b) For day to failure

Indicates that the specimen did not fuil during the 84 day test
 Indicates that the specimen completed the 84 day test but suffered mechanical type failure during removal from the testing fixture.

(c)Specimen failed in tensile test prior to reaching 0.2% offset.

TABLE 32 RESULTS OF STRESS-CORROSION TESTING OF 0.125-INCH DIAMETER TENSION SPECIMENS OF 7050-F7351 ALLOY PLATE BY ALTERNATE INVERSION TESTING OF 0.125-INCH DIAMETER TENSION SPECIMENS OF 7050-F7351 ALLOY PLATE BY ALTERNATE INVERSION TESTING OF 0.125-INCH DIAMETER TENSION FOR 0.4 0.75

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												the state of the s	T-2.0	fores Tenet	an Sheria	
			NTDD TF	TTENDY TO	Average		- 6107			Average					Average	:
					Loss in Properti	Tensilu es of				Loss in 1 Propertie	rensile se of				Loss in To Properties	nsile of
Plate Thick. In.	Sample Number	Applied Stress ksi	F/N (a)	Days to Failure (b)	Unfail Specim Yield	ed ens Ult.	Applied Stress ksi	F/N (a)	Days to Failure (b)	Unfailed Specimer Yield	ult.	Applied Stress ksi	F/N (a)	Days to Failure (b)	Unfailed Specimer Yield	ult.
2.000 2.000 2.000	421074 421074 421074											32 32	0/2 0/3 0/3	:::	51 51 51	37 56 56
2.000 2.000 2.000	421075 421075 421075											0 32 47	0/2 1/3	** *** 84, **	32 34 <b>X</b> 44 (c)	40 44 63
3.000 3.000 3.000	421076 421076 421076											0 32 47	0/2 0/3 0/3	:::	28 >47(d) >67(d)	32 54 63
3.000 3.000 3.000	421081 421081 421081											0 32 47	0/3 0/3	:::	33 53 53	35 54 59
4.000 4.000 4.000	421077 421077 421077	0.0	0/2 0/3	::	30	24 24 24	04	0/2 0/3	::	24 38	43	31 0 46	0/3 0/3	***	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	34 46 56
4.000 4.000 4.000	421078 421078 421078	46	0/2 0/3	::	25 36	39	<b>4</b> 6	0/2 0/3	* *	28 42	28	0 31 46	0/2 0/3 3/3	** *** 76,78,84	28 46	5 33
5.000 5.000 5.000	421073 421073 421073 421073	04	0/2 0/3	* * * *	33	36 25	44 0	0/3	* * *	28 <b>}</b> 41 (c)	31	0 0 <del>1</del> 4	0/2 1/3	** *** 84,**	30 38 (9)	34 47 57
5.118 5.118 5.118	421276 421278 421278	43	0/2 0/3	::	31 38	31 45	0.4	0/2 0/3	4 4 4 4	32 42	32 48	0 53 63	0/3 0/3		32 38 46	37 41 53
6.000 6.000 6.000	421079 421079 421079											0 67 6 7 9 0	0/2 0/3 0/3	:::	32 36 45	39 41 53
6. 300 6. 000 6. 000	421080 421080 421080											0 29 43	0/3	*** *** 64,**	33 36 47	35 43 54
Notes:	(a) F/N (b) For (c) One (d) Two	denotes day to f specimen specimen	number ailure, failed s failed	of failur * indice 1 in tensi d in tens	res over t ites that ion test f ion test	cotal numb the speci prior to r prior to	per of spi men did 1 reaching ( reaching	scimens not fai 0.2% of 0.2% of	tested. 1 during 1 fset. ffset.	the 84 day	y test.			4.		

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	ALTERIATE	(14-15)	3hort-Transverse Tension Specimens         Average N         Average N         Loss in Tensile         Properties of         Palure       Specimens         (a)       (b)       Yield			0/2 ** 17 17 0/3 *** 17 18 2/3 26(c), 54 47,*	0/2 ** 18 22 0/3 *** 19 21 3/3 9(c),33, 63	0/2 •• 20 33 2/3 46,84,* 77 3/3 29,76(c)	0/2 ** 20 21 0/3 *** 19 20 2/3 77,84,* 20 21	0/2 ** 20 22 0/3 *** 18 20 1/3 68,** 29 36	0/2 ** 19 21 0/3 *** 18 16 1/3 53(c),** 29 35	
	048-T851	VYS (AST	e Applico Stress ks:			13 8 0 13 8 0	<b>4</b> 580	41 60	28 0 41	0 28 41	0 41	
	MENS OF 2	FOR 84 DA	pecimens age * in Tensil rties of ailed cimens Ult.	17 14	16 15					20	20 19	day test.
	33 ON SPECT	NOI INION	Intervention Structure Aver Loss Prope Onf	17	16 14					19	19 18	g the 84
	TABLE FER TENSI	ILORIDE S	nsverse T Days t Failur (b)	::	***					* * * *	::	s tested il during
	H DIAMET	Sobiur G	Long-Trar Led ss F/N (a)	0/2 0/3	0/2 0/3					0/2 0/3	0/2 0/3	specimen d not fa
	0.125-7W	1 A 3.54	Appl Stre Ksi		0 <del>4</del>					0 14		umber of ecimen di
	OP The second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second se	ERSION IN	imens age 1 n Tenvile ties of anled cimens Ult.	16 14	17 15					17 16	21	t total n t the sp
		MWI NOT SO	ion Speu Aver Loss 11 Proper Unf Yaeld	17	17 16					19 17	23	ures over cates tha 1.
	2400 2005 2005		final Tens Days to Failure (b)	**	::					**	::	of fail) * indi( examined
	ם איז מריי מריי	als of si	ted ted ted ted to ted to to ted to to to to to to to to to to to to to	0/2 0/3	0/2 0/3					0/2 0/3	0/2 0/3	s numuer failure phícally
	E 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Kesuri	Applı Stres ksi	45	4 5 0					0 1	41	N denote r day to tallogra
;			Samplo Number	<b>421108</b> 421108	421380 421380	421381 421381 421381	421382 421382 421382	421083 421083 421083	<b>421084</b> 421084 42108	421383 421383 421383	421384 421384 421384	(a) F/ (b) Fo (c) Me
			P)ate Ihick.	1.000 1.000	1.000	2.000 2.000 2.000	2.000 2.000 2.000	3.000 3.000 3.000	3.000 3.000 3.000	4 COO 4.000 4.000	<b>4.</b> 000 <b>4</b> .000 <b>4</b> .000	Notes:

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REGULTS OF STRESS-CONDOSION TECTING OF 0.125-INCH DIAMETER TENSION SPECIMENS OF 7475-T7351 ALLOY PLATE BY ALTERNATE INMERSION IN A 3.5% SCOLUM CHIORIDE SCUUTION FOR 84 DAYS (ASTM 544-75)

			3	ngitudina						Long-Tran:	SVOLGC				Shc	ort-Trans	RISE		
					Ave	rage •					Aver	rage 🖡				}	Aver	age 🖡	:
		6	Fail	ure Data	Loss .	un Tens	ile e	hallad	Failu	re Data	Loss J	in Tensi	le Se	bollout	Failu	re Data	Loss	in Tens	⊾le of
Flate Thick. S Inch N	tample humber	Stress ksi	N (B)	Pays to Failure (b)	Unfaile Vield	artics	1 mens	Applied Stress ksi	F/N (a)	Failure (b)	Unfail Vield	led Spec Ult.	imens E1	stress ksi	F/N (a)	Failure (b)	Unfail Yield	ad Spec Ult.	imens El.
											:	:							
1.000 4	129387	۰. ۱	0/2	*	ព	2	44	0 :	0/2		16	16	2;						
1.000 4	129387	43	6/0	***	15	15	37	43	6/0		<b>1</b> 6	18	64						
1.000 4	29388	0	0/2	:	13	11	27	0	0/2	:	15	14	48						
1.000 4	1 8866	43	0/3	***	13	14	21	43	0/3	***	14	15	56						
2,000 4	29389													0	0/2	:	19	18	35
2.000 4	29389													28	0/3	***	24	28	68
2.000 4	129389													42	6/3	***	99	43	68
v 000 c	00200													a	0/2	:	21	19	49
2.000 4	29390													28	0/3	***	24	26	74
2.000 4	129390													42	c/3	:	40	49	74
3.000 4	19592													0	210	*	15	18	50
3.000	1 9 5 9 2													26	0/3	***	16	19	50
3.000 4	166621						·							39	0/3	***	20	28	75
3.000 4	29392													0	0/2	:	61	21	ß
3.000 4	129392													26 30	55	***	55	21	50
3.000 4	765671														~ ~ ~	•	17	ĥ	3
4.000 4	129393	o	0/2	:	9	7	47	0	0/2	*	13	13	45	0	0/2	*	25	22	51
4, 303 4	129393	36	6/3	*	9	2	26	36	6/3	*	14	15	42	24 36	E/0		20	11	1
	66667													2			2	5	;
4.000 4	29394	0	0/2	*	6	21	19	0	0/2	•	14	16	4	0	0/3	**	18	22	ţ;
4.000 4	29394	36	6/0	4	æ	10	5	36	E/0		15	20	44	36 36	6/3 0/3		18 18	26 26	47 73

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Notes: (a) F/N denotes number of failures over total number of specimens tested.

For day to failure 9

· indicates that the specimum did not fail during the 84 day test.

+ indicates that the specimen completed the 84 day test but fractured during removal from the testing fixture.

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RESULTS OF STRESS-CORROSION TESTS OF 0.125-INCH DIAMETER SHORT-TRANSVERSE TENSION SPECIMENS OF 2219-T852 ALLOY HAND FORGINGS IN OUTDOOR

			ATMO	orneres			L
Size	Sample	Applied Stress Vci	Point Jud E/N(a)	ith Seacoast Atmos. Davs to Failure	ATC F/N(a)	Industrial Atmos. Days to Failure	lω
Incnes	TACIIIN	104	12/11/4				
2 O × 8	429246	0	0/2	<b>OK 492 day</b> a	0/2	OK 496 days	
		25	0/3	OK 492 days	0/3	OK 496 days	
		37	0/3	OK 492 dyas	0/3	OK 496 days	
2.5 x 22	478817	0	0/2	(q)	0/2	OK 24 days	
		25	0/3	(q)	0/3	OK 24 days	
		37	0/3	(q)	0/3	OK 24 days	
						CV 101 3200	
3 5 X 14	429512	0	0/2	OK 492 days	0/2	UK 496 days	
		25	0/3	OK 492 deys	0/3	OK 496 days	
		37	0/3	OK 492 days	0/3	UK 496 GAYS	
о п с <u>с</u> с	5120	C	0/2	OK 492 days	0/2	OK 496 days	
37 V C.C		25	0/3	OK 492 days	0/3	OK 496 days	
		2	0/3	OK 492 days	0/3	OK 496 aays	
	01000	c	0/2	OK 492 dvas	0/2	OK £96 days	
4.5 X 2.4	642624			OK 492 davs	0/3	OK 496 days	
		4 4 6	6/0	DK 492 dave	0/3	OK 496 days	
		40					
		c	0/0	OK 492 davs	0/2	OK 496 days	
4.5 X 22	42024	- 2	* ()	27 407 407	0/3	OK 496 davs	
		17			-	OK 496 davs	
		32	د/n	00 476 UL			
					, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	aver Jok VO	
5,5 x 22	429247	0	0/2	OK 422 ayas	2/0	CITER DOF AC	
		21	0/3	OK 492 dyas	6/0 -	UN 490 UAYS	
		32	0/3	OK 492 dyas	6/0	UK 430 GAYS	
<b>F F X 33</b>	A23248	0	0/2	OK 492 days	0/2	OK 496 days	
		21	0/3	OK 492 days	0/3	OK 496 days	
		32	0/3	OK 492 days	0/3	OK 496 days	
		•		I			
1 1 22	479744	c	0/2	UK 492 days	0/2	OK 496 days	
77 X C./			0/3	OK 492 days	0/3	OK 496 days	
		25	0/3	OK 492 days	0/3	OK 496 days	
		1			_ <b>•</b>		
7.5 x 22	429245	0	0/2	OK 492 dyas	0/2	OK 496 days	
		20	0,3	OK 492 dyas	0/3	OK 496 dyas	
		29	0/3	OK 492 dyas	0/3	OK 496 days	
(a) F/N denotes	number of	failures over	r total numbe	r of specimens expos	sed.		
(b) Exposed to	the seacoas	t atmosphere	at Point Jud	ith, Rhode Island, 3	8/28/17.		

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	F STRESS-CORROSION TESTS SPECIMENS OF 7050-2735	ple Applied Point ber Ksi <u>F/N(a)</u>	074 0 0/2 32 0/3 47 0/3	075 0 0/2 32 0/3 47 0/3	076 0 0/2 32 0/3 47 0/3	081 0 0/2 32 0/3 47 0/3	077 0 0/2 31 0/3 46 0/3	078 0 0/2 31 0/3 46 0'3	073 0 0/2 30 0/3 44 0/3	278 0 0/2 0/2 0/3 0/3 0/3 0/3 0/3	079 0 0/2 0/3 0/3 0/3 0/3	080 0 0/2 0/3 0/3 0/3 0/3
	S OF STRESS-CORROSIC SPECIMENS OF	Applied Sample Stress Number ksi	421074 0 32 47	421075 0 32 47	421076 0 32 47	1,21081 0 32 47	421077 0 31 46	421078 0 31 46	421073 0 30 44	421278 0 29 43	421079 0 29 43	421080 0 29 43
•	RESULT	Thickness Inches	2.0	2.0	Э. О	3.0	4.0	4.0	5.0	5.118	6.0	6.0

TABLE 37

RESULTS OF STRESS-CORROSION TESTS OF 0.125-INCH DIAMETER SHORT-TRANSVERSE TENSION SPECIMENS OF 2048-T851 ALLOY PLATES IN OUTDOOR ATMOSPHERES

rial Atmos. Days to Failure	OK 260 Days OK 260 Days OK 260 Days	OK 260 days OK 260 days OK 260 days	OK 260 days OK 260 days OK 260 days	OK 260 days OK 260 days OK 260 days	OK 260 days OK 260 days OK 260 days	OK 260 days OK 260 days OK 260 days
ATC Indust F/N(a)	0/2 0/3 0/3	0/2 0/3 8 0/3	0/2 0/3 0/3	0/2 0/3 3	0/2 0/3 0/3	0/2 0/3 0/3
dith Seacoast Atmos. Days to Failure	OK 288 Days OK 288 Days 71, 128, OK 288 Days	OK 288 days OK 288 days 71, 2 OK 288 day	OK 288 days OK 288 days 73, 128, 1 Ok 288 days	OK 288 days OK 288 days OK 288 days	OK 288 days OK 288 days OK 288 days	OK 288 days OK 288 days OK 288 days
Point Ju F/N(2)	0/2 2/3 2/3	0/2 0/3 1/3	0/2 2/3	0/2 0/3 0/3	0/3 0/3	0/3 0/3
Applied Stress ksi	28 428	0 42 8	41 18	0 41	0 41	0 28 41
Sample Number	421381	421382	421083	421084	421383	421384
Thickness Inches	2.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	4.0	4.0

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F/N denotes number of failure over total number of specimens tested. (a) TIME SHOP

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RESULTS OF STRESS-CORPOSION TESTS OF 0.125-INCH DIAMETER SHORT-TRANSVERSE TENSION SPECIMENS OF 7475-T7351 ALLOY PLATES IN OUTDOOR ATMOSPHERES

Thickness Inches	Sample Number	Applied Stress ksi	Point Jud F/N(a)	lith Seacoast Atm Days to Failur	os. A1 e F/N	rc Industrial (a) Days t	L Atmo	s. Iure
2.0	429389	0 28 42	9/2 0/3 0/3	OK 617 days OK 617 days OK 617 days	0/3 0/3	OK OK	622 đ 622 đ 622 đ	ays ays ays
2.0	429390	0 428	0/2 0/3 0/3	OK 617 days OK 617 days OK 617 days	0/3 0/3	OK OK OK	622 đ 622 đ 622 đ	ays ays ays
3.0	429391	0 39 39	0/3 0/3	OK 617 days OK 617 days OK 617 days	0/3	OK OK OK	622 d 622 d 622 d	ауs ауs ауs
3.0	429392	0 39	0/3 0/3	OK 617 days OK 617 days OK 617 days	0/3	OK OK OK	622 d 622 d 622 d	ays ays ays
4.0	429393	0 36	0/2 0/3 0/3	OK 617 days OK 617 days OK 617 days	0/3	OK OK	ଟ୍ଟିଟ୍ ଟ୍ଟେମ ଟ୍ଟେମ ଟ୍ଟେମ	ays yas ays
4.0	429394	0 36	0/3 0/3	OK 617 days OK 617 days OK 617 days	0/3	OK OK	622 g 622 g 622 g 625 g	ays ays ays

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(a) F/N denotes number of failures over total number of specimens exposed.

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		nos. 1 S-L b) K <sub>I1</sub> (b) ksi Min.	12 23.8 15 24.4 13 24.0 13 25.0	15 25.3 11 24.8 18 25.9	11 27.3 15 26.1	39 23.0 38 24.3	17 27.5 17 26.3	56 32.3	10 22.7 11 22.0	15 26.0	88 20.6 42 21.4	
		strial Atm ck Tota gth V (< n. In.	119 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	000 000 000 000 000	92 000	23 0.0	84 20 0.00 0.00	10 °0 68	00 0.04	63 0.00	50 0.03 86 0.02	
		ATC Indu Cra Dash Ler Number J		ст. 1.1.		4 6 4		. <b>4</b>	6 - T		4 N	
	VER	8-L S-L KI1 (b) 1 231 VIn. 1	26.5 25.8 25.5 25.9	27.1 29.5 29.8	28.1	26.2 24.3 22.5	27.1	32.8	21.5	21.6	23.4 24.1	
	LE CANTILE	Total S Total S V (c) 1 In. k	0.044 0.043 0.043 6.044	0.043 0.046 0.046	0.043	0.03/ 0.036 0.035	0.048 0.048	0.056	0.039 0.038	0.041 0.041	0.043 0.041	
	LDS OF DOUB	Judith Sea Crack Length In.	1.260 1.282 1.272 1.276	1.224	1.190	1.134 1.170 1.196	1.315	1.285	1.327	1.362 1.393	1.337 1.263	
BLE 39	, K <sub>1</sub> , LOA	Point Dash Number	ە مە ە مە	س ص د <i>ی</i>	ה יט ה 	<u>م</u> س م	، ن ن ن 	ი დ 	<u>ب</u> مر	ە مە د	<u>م</u> م	
TAI	MATENS ITY BEAM	-Dropwise 1 S-L KI (b) ksi Tin.	5 30.7 2 28.8 3 28.3 50 25.7	59 31.4 52 27.8	17 28.3 17 28.3 14 25.1	12 26.3 16 23.5 19 25.2	5 29.9 53 31.0	6 29.3 2 31.1	18 20.6 6 21 2	8 22.0	1 21.3	ซ
	TIAL STRESS	Cl Solution Crack Tota Length V(c) In. In.	1.332 0.05 1.339 0.05 1.363 0.05 1.405 0.05	1.366 0.05 1.362 0.05	1.315 0.04 1.315 0.04	1.231 0.04 1.196 0.03 1.202 0.03	1.345 0.05 1.292 0.05	1.373 0.05 1.256 0.05	1.331 0.03	1.284 0.03	1.406 0.04 1.387 0.04	ghness test ations.
	LTS OF INI	3 1/2% Na( Dash 1 Number	- 2 - 2	- 0	- 10	0 1 0	- 0	-	40	1 <b>-</b> 1	1	acture toug ity calcula
	RESU	Product	Platc Plate	Plate	Plate Plate	Plate	Plate	Plate	Hand	Hand Forging	Forging	strain fr sed intens int - V.
		S-L (a) KIC ksi VIN.	24.9 25.5	27.0	29.02	26.5	28.7	31.0	21.7	23.7	26.1	erse plane tial stres displaceme
		ample k. Number	421381 421383	421074	421077	421083	429389	429393	5 479817	5 429249	5 429245	lort-transv sverse ini k opening
		& Thic	T851 2 T851 4	T7351 2	T7351 4 T7351 6	T/351 6	T7351 2	T7351 4	T852 2.	T852 4.	T852 7.	Average sh Short-tran Total crac
		Alloy Tempe	2048-1 2048-1	7050-1	7050-1	7050-1	7475-5	7475-1	2219-1	2219-1	2219-1	(p) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c
					17	2						

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AVERAGE CAACK GROWTE VELOCITILS FOR DOUBLE CANTILEVER BEAM SPECIMENS EXPOSED TO 3.5% NACJ SOLUTION DROPWISE FOR 30 DAYS

6 Temper	No.	4000		Thickness	KI J	KI 15 Da.	KI 20 Da.	Velocity	Mean Velocity	K <sub>I</sub> th ()	ST)
Tadmar a	Jacon	nasn	Product	In.	Kst Gn.	KsıVIn.	KsıVin.	In/Hr (a)	In/Hr (a)	Ksılın.	KI,
2219-T852	478817	SLI	Hand Forging	2.5	20.6	19 6	1 01	4-01 : 01 1			
2219-T852	478817	SL2	Hard Forging		21.2	19.7	19.61	1.75 × 10-4	0T X 9.T	19.4	63
2219-T852	429249	SLI	Hanú Forging	4.5	22.0	21.7	9.01	3 80 4 10 5 11	<pre>&lt; 1 10<sup>-5</sup></pre>		
2219-T852	429249	SL2	Hand Forging	4.5	22.3	5	A 10		(a) ULX 1.0	(q) 5 .0Z	93(b)
2219-T952	429245	SLI	Hand Forging	7.5	20.4	19.6			2 " · ·		
221 <b>9-</b> T852	429245	SL2	Hand Forging	7.5	21.3	21.2	21.2	$1.39 \times 10^{-5}$ (b)		20.4(D)	(q)86
2048-T851	421381	SLI	Place		30.7	24 4	1 66	4	r 4		:
2048-T851	421381	SL2	Plat	2	28.8	22.0	215		07 V 0.C	8-12	5
2048-T851	421383	51.1	Plate	4	28.3	27.0	26.7	0. 73 x 10 4	4-0-1		;
2048-r851	421383	SL2	Plate	4	25.7	24.8	24.4	8.97 x 10 <sup>-5</sup>	1. V 10	9.62	95
7050-T7351	421-74	SLI	Plate	2	31.4	3 90	2 00	4-01 - 2 - 1	9 - C		1
705L -T7351	421074	SL2	Plate		8 LC			2 07 X 07 7	0T X A.C	28.1	95
7050-T7351	421077	SLI	Plate	14	28.1	25.7	1.02	5 15 5 10 4	4-01 T C		:
7050-T7351	421077	SL2	Plate	4	28.3	25.2	25.0	2.68 4 10 4	OT X	1.62	68
7050-T7351	4.1079	SLI	Plate		25.1	24.8	24.7	2 01 × 10 <sup>-5</sup>	3 0 c 10 - 5		00
7050-27351	421079	SL2	Plate	v	26.3	25.9	25.7	2 28 ¢ 10 5	6T X 6.7	7.07	86
7050-77351	421080	SLI	Plate	9	23.5	19.1	18.9	4.78 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	4 5 4 10-4	6 OI	5
7050-T7351	421080	SL2	Plate	9	25.2	21.0	20.5	4.26 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>		1.61	10
7475-T7351	429389	SLI	Fiate	77	30.0	29.7	29.6	2 14 × 10 <sup>-5</sup>	3 - 10-5		ŝ
7475-T7351	429389	SL2	Plate	7	31.0	30.6	30.6	3.29 × 10 5		1.00	תת
7475-T7351	429393	SLI	Plate	4	29.3	29.2	29.2	1.19 × 10 <sup>-5</sup> (h)	2 2 2 10 <sup>-5</sup> (b)	20 0/1/	11,00
7475-T7351	420393	S1.2	Plute	4	31.1	30.7	30.6	3.28 x 1C <sup>-5</sup> (b)		(1) ( ) (7	(11) 66

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(b) Presence of actual SCC is gucstionable based on Jual examination.

AVERAGE CRACK GROWTH VELOCITIES OF REDUCED THICKNESS DCB SPECIMENS EXPOSED TO 3.5% Naci solution Dropwise for 30 Days

	~	Spectren								
E Temper	Number	Dash	Thick. In.	KI i KI	KI 15 Da.	K1 20 Da.	Avg. 15 Day Velocity	Mean Velocitu	Krth	(EST)
2048-4061				UTATEV	VB1 VIU.	Ksi VIn.	In/Hr (2)	In/Hr (b)		
2048-T851	421383 471383	SL7 (a)	0.25	37.3	35,8	35.6	2 22 2 22 2			
2048-T851	421383	51.0 51.0	0.25	39.3	37.3	37.3	1.11 × 20-4	9.7 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	36.5	95
2048-T85J	421383	SLIC	0.50	28.5 27 0	28.2	28.1	2.58 × 10 5	6.3 × 10 <sup>-5</sup>	5	
1010 - 1111					1.07	26.7	1.01 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>		5.12	97
7050-77351	421077	SL7(a)	0.25	38.8	57.3	د 12	5	5		
7050-T7351	421077	SL8(4)	0.25	39.0	38.4	38.4	8,33 × 10 5	5.6 × 10 <sup>-5</sup>	37.9	97
7050-T7351	421077	610	0.20	28.3	27.6	27.5	6.11 × 10 <sup>-5</sup>			
		0110	 nc*n	27.7	26.6	26.6	8.97 x 10 <sup>-5</sup>	7.5 × 10 2	27.1	97
7475-T7351	429393	SL7(a)	0.25				I			
7475-T7351	429393	SL8 (8)	0.25	0.0c	0.87	47.6	8.33 × 10 <sup>-5</sup>	4.2 × 10 <sup>-5</sup>		
7475-T7351	429393	67S	0.50	11.4	2.50	53.2	0 2	01 6 4 5	<b>9.</b> 00	86
165/T-C/4/	429393	SLIO	0.50	35.8	20.00	5. 5 1 - 75	6.94 × 10 °	1.08 × 10 <sup>-5</sup>	A 45	
165/T-C/4/	429393	SLII	0.80	2.92	2.00	5.55 5.55	1.47 × 10_5			7
196/J-C/#/	429393	SL12	0.80	31.9	a .02	5. 42 0. 05	1.75 x 10 5	5.0 × 10 <sup>-5</sup>	30.1	90
						9.00	8.25 × 10 °			00

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(a) Results based on surface measurements only.

(b) Overail average velocity for the first 15 days of exposure.

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## RESULTS OF STRESS-CORROSION TESTING OF 0.125-INCH DIAMETER SHORT-TRANSVERSE TENSION SFECIMENS OF 7475-T7351 ALLOY PLATE BY ALTERNATE IMMERSION IN A 3.5% SODIUM CHLORIDE SOLUTION FOR 84 DAYS (ASTM G44-75)

Thickness Inches	Sample Number	Appl.ied Stress ksi	F/N (a)	Days to Failure <sup>(b)</sup>	Average in Tensi of Unfai Vield	<pre>% Loss % Loss le Propert: led Specime Ult.</pre>	ies ens E1.
2.25	478826	4 1 1	0/3 0/3	* * *	18 26 35	19 33 46	50 75 75
3 ° 2	478961	38 38 38 0	0/3 0/3	* * * * * * *	21 27 27	23 35	58 65 79

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F/N denotes number of failures over total number of specimens exposed. (a)

For day to failure â \* Indicates that the specimen did not fail during the 84 day test.

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## RESULTS OF STRESS-CORROSION TESTS OF 0.125-INCH DIAMETER SHORT-TKANSVERSE TENSION SPECIMENS OF 7475-T7351 ALLOY PLATES IN OUTDOOR ATMOSPHERES

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lustrisl Atmos.	Days to Failure OK 24 Days OK 24 Days OK 24 Days	OK 24 Days OK 24 Days OK 24 Days OK 24 Days	
ATC ING	5/M(a) 0/3 0/3	0/3 0/3	
ith Seacoast Atmos. Dave to Failure	(b) (b) (c)	(a) (a) (a)	
Point Jud. F/N(a)	/32	332	
Applied Stress ksi	0 41 41	38 4 J	
Sample Number	478826	¢78961	
Thickness Inches	2.25	3.5	

F/N denotes number of failures over total number of specimens exposed. (a)

Exposed to the seacoast atmosphere at Point Judith, Rhode Island, 3/28/77. (q)

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RESULTS OF INITIAL STRFSS INTENSITY, KII, LOAD OF DOUBLE CANTILEVER BEAM SPECIMENS

					3 1/20	NaCl Solu	ition-Dr	opwise	Point	Judith Se	acoast 7	tmos.	ATC Ind	ustrial 1	-	
			S-L(a)			Crack	Total	S-L		Crack	Total	S-L		Crack	Neta 1	
Litoy Lemper	In.	Number	ksiVII.	Pa oduct	Pash Number	Length In.	V(c) In.	K <sub>II</sub> (b) ksiUIn.	Dash Number	Length In.	V (c) In.		Dash	Length	(c)	(a) 11
7475-17351	2.25	478826	33. 1	Plate	1	1.2270	0.051	31.7	2	1.3063	0.057	11111 400				
					7	1.3123	0.054	30.6	v	1.2710	0.056	33.0	1 - 7	1.2297	0.054	33.4
7475-T7351	3.5	478961	32.0	Plate	-4 1	1.2453	0.057	35.0	5	1.2230	0.052	32.8	n	1.3300	0.065	36.0
					N	1.2760	0.056	32.9	9	1.2603	0.057	34.6	-	1.2773	0.059	34.8

(a) Average short-transverse plain strain fracture toughness tests.

vb) Short-transverse initial stress intensity calculations.

(c) Total crack opening displacements - V.

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AVERAGE CRACK VELOCITIES FOR DOUBLE CANTILEVER BEAM SPECIMENS FROM 7475-F7351 ALLOY PLATES AND EXPOSED TO 3.5% NACL SOLUTION DROPHISE

Specia Number	ten Dash	Plate Thick. In.	Ksi\In.	K <sub>I</sub> 15 Day KsiVIn.	K <sub>I</sub> 20 Day KsiVIn.	Average 15 Day Velocity In/Hr(a)	Mean Velocity In/Hr.	KIth () Ksi VIn.	SST)
478876	SL1 SL2	2.25 2.25	31.7 30.6	30.5 30.2	30.2 29.8	8.61 × 10 <sup>-5</sup> 3.14 × 10 <sup>-5</sup>	5.9 x 10 <sup>-5</sup>	30.0	96
478961	SL1 SL2	3.50 3.50	35.0 32.9	33.7 32.4	33.6 32.3	{ 51 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> 3.14 x 10 <sup>-5</sup>	5.9 x 10 <sup>-5</sup>	33.0	-6

(a) Overall average velocity for the first 15 days of exposure.

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