

NIOSH POCKET GUIDE TO CHEMICAL HAZARDS

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
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PREFACE

The *NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards* presents information taken from the *NIOSH/OSHA Occupational Health Guidelines for Chemical Hazards*, from National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) criteria documents and Current Intelligence Bulletins, and from recognized references in the fields of industrial hygiene, occupational medicine, toxicology, and analytical chemistry. The information is presented in tabular form to provide a quick, convenient source of information on general industrial hygiene practices. The information in the *Pocket Guide* includes chemical structures or formulas, identification codes, synonyms, exposure limits, chemical and physical properties, incompatibilities and reactivities, measurement methods, respirator selections, signs and symptoms of exposure, and procedures for emergency treatment.

The information assembled in the original 1978 printing of the *Pocket Guide* was the result of the Standards Completion Program, a joint effort by NIOSH and the Department of Labor to develop supplemental requirements for the approximately 380 workplace environmental exposure standards adopted by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) in 1971.

Listed below are changes that were made for this edition (2005-149) of the *Pocket Guide*:

- New layout for the Chemical Listing section.
- Recommendations for particulate respirators have been revised to incorporate “Part 84” terminology. See “Recommendations for Respirator Selection” on page xiv for a more thorough explanation of these changes.
- The Synonym and Trade Name Index has been expanded. This index is now called the Chemical, Synonym, and Trade Name Index (page 383).
- Some ID and Guide Numbers were changed to reflect changes made in the *2004 Emergency Response Guidebook* (<http://hazmat.dot.gov/pubs/erg/gydebook.htm>).
- Appendix E (page 351) has been revised. It now contains OSHA respirator requirements for 28 chemicals or hazardous substances that were identified in the preamble to the OSHA Respiratory Protection Standard (29 CFR 1910.134).
- Other minor technical changes have also been made since the February 2004 edition. (For the most current information and updates, consult the electronic version on the NIOSH Web site: <http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/npg/npg.html>.)

Listed below are changes made for the 3rd printing of this edition of the *Pocket Guide*:

- Changes were made to reflect the new OSHA PEL for hexavalent chromium.
- The NIOSH REL for coal mine dust was added to the coal dust entry.
- A few other minor technical changes have been made.

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The following people, who constitute the *Pocket Guide* Editorial Board, have contributed greatly by providing guidance and review of the content and style of this new edition: Steven Ahrenholz (Division of Surveillance, Hazard Evaluations and Field Studies, DSHEFS), Roland BerryAnn (National Personal Protective Technology Laboratory, NPPTL), Joseph Bowman (Division of Applied Research and Technology, DART), Pamela Drake (Spokane Research Laboratory, SRL), Gerald Joy (Pittsburgh Research Laboratory, PRL), Alan Lunsford (DART), Nancy Nilsen (DSHEFS), Paula Fey O'Connor (DART), Carl Ornot (Office of Administrative and Management Services, OAMS), Jay Snyder (NPPTL), Sidney Soderholm (Health Effects Laboratory Division, HELD), David Sylvain (DSHEFS), Ainsley Weston (HELD), and Anthony Zimmer (DART).

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Also, thanks are due to all of the people who have reviewed and commented on the *Pocket Guide* during its initial development and subsequent revisions.

Michael E. Barsan
(Technical Editor)

INTRODUCTION

The *NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards* provides a concise source of general industrial hygiene information for workers, employers, and occupational health professionals. The *Pocket Guide* presents key information and data in abbreviated tabular form for 677 chemicals or substance groupings commonly found in the work environment (e.g., manganese compounds, tellurium compounds, inorganic tin compounds, etc.). The industrial hygiene information found in the *Pocket Guide* assists users to recognize and control occupational chemical hazards. The chemicals or substances contained in this revision include all substances for which the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) has recommended exposure limits (RELs) and those with permissible exposure limits (PELs) as found in the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Occupational Safety and Health Standards (29 CFR 1910.1000 – 1052).

Background

In 1974, NIOSH (which is responsible for recommending health and safety standards) joined OSHA (whose jurisdictions include promulgation and enforcement activities) in developing a series of occupational health standards for substances with existing PELs. This joint effort was labeled the Standards Completion Program and involved the cooperative efforts of several contractors and personnel from various divisions within NIOSH and OSHA. The Standards Completion Program developed 380 substance-specific draft standards with supporting documentation that contained technical information and recommendations needed for the promulgation of new occupational health regulations. The *Pocket Guide* was developed to make the technical information in those draft standards more conveniently available to workers, employers, and occupational health professionals. The *Pocket Guide* is updated periodically to reflect new data regarding the toxicity of various substances and any changes in exposure standards or recommendations. (For the most current information and updates, consult the electronic version on the NIOSH Web site: <http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/npg/npg.html>.)

Data Collection and Application

The data collected for this revision were derived from a variety of sources, including NIOSH policy documents such as Criteria Documents and Current Intelligence Bulletins (CIBs), and recognized references in the fields of industrial hygiene, occupational medicine, toxicology, and analytical chemistry.

NIOSH RECOMMENDATIONS

Acting under the authority of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 USC Chapter 15) and the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977 (30 USC Chapter 22), NIOSH develops and periodically revises recommended exposure limits (RELs) for hazardous substances or conditions in the workplace. NIOSH also recommends appropriate preventive measures to reduce or eliminate the adverse health and safety effects of these

hazards. To formulate these recommendations, NIOSH evaluates all known and available medical, biological, engineering, chemical, trade, and other information relevant to the hazard. These recommendations are then published and transmitted to OSHA and the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) for use in promulgating legal standards.

NIOSH recommendations are published in a variety of documents. Criteria documents recommend workplace exposure limits and appropriate preventive measures to reduce or eliminate adverse health effects and accidental injuries.

Current Intelligence Bulletins (CIBs) are issued to disseminate new scientific information about occupational hazards. A CIB may draw attention to a formerly unrecognized hazard, report new data on a known hazard, or present information on hazard control.

Alerts, Special Hazard Reviews, Occupational Hazard Assessments, and Technical Guidelines support and complement the other standard development activities of the Institute. Their purpose is to assess the safety and health problems associated with a given agent or hazard (e.g., the potential for injury or for carcinogenic, mutagenic, or teratogenic effects) and to recommend appropriate control and surveillance methods. Although these documents are not intended to supplant the more comprehensive criteria documents, they are prepared in order to assist OSHA and MSHA in the formulation of regulations.

In addition to these publications, NIOSH periodically presents testimony before various Congressional committees and at OSHA and MSHA rulemaking hearings.

Recommendations made through 1992 are available in a single compendium entitled *NIOSH Recommendations for Occupational Safety and Health: Compendium of Policy Documents and Statements* [DHHS (NIOSH) Publication No. 92-100] (<http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/92-100.html>). More recent recommendations are available on the NIOSH Web site (<http://www.cdc.gov/niosh>). Copies of the *Compendium* may be ordered from the NIOSH Publications office (800-356-4674).

HOW TO USE THIS POCKET GUIDE

The *Pocket Guide* has been designed to provide chemical-specific data to supplement general industrial hygiene knowledge. Individual tables for each chemical present this data in the Chemical Listing section (page 1). To maximize the amount of data provided in the limited space in these tables, abbreviations and codes have been used extensively. These abbreviations and codes, which have been designed to permit rapid comprehension by the regular user, are discussed for each field in these chemical tables in the following subsections.

Chemical Name

The chemical name found in the OSHA General Industry Air Contaminants Standard (29 CFR 1910.1000) is listed in the blue box in the top left portion of each chemical table. This name is referred to as the “primary name” in the Chemical, Synonym, and Trade Name Index (page 383).

Structure/Formula

The chemical structure or formula is listed in the field to the right of the chemical name in each chemical table. Carbon-carbon double bonds (-C=C-) and carbon-carbon triple bonds (-C≡C-) have been indicated where applicable.

CAS Number

This section lists the Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) registry number. The CAS number, in the format xxx-xx-x, is unique for each chemical and allows efficient searching on computerized data bases. A page index for all CAS registry numbers listed is included at the back of the *Pocket Guide* (page 374) to help the user locate a specific substance.

RTECS Number

This section lists the NIOSH Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS[®]) number, in the format ABxxxxxxx. RTECS[®] may be useful for obtaining additional toxicologic information on a specific substance.

RTECS[®] is a compendium of data extracted from the open scientific literature. On December 18, 2001, CDC's Technology Transfer Office, on behalf of NIOSH, successfully completed negotiating a "PHS Trademark Licensing Agreement" for RTECS[®]. This non-exclusive licensing agreement provides for the transfer and continued development of the "RTECS[®] database and its trademark" to MDL Information Systems, Inc. (MDL), a wholly owned subsidiary of Elsevier Science, Inc. Under this agreement, MDL will be responsible for updating, licensing, marketing, and distributing RTECS[®]. For more information visit the MDL Web site (<http://www.mdli.com>).

The RTECS[®] entries for chemicals listed in the *Pocket Guide* can be viewed on the NIOSH Web site (<http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/npng/npng.html>) or on the CD-ROM version of the *Pocket Guide* (see page iii for ordering information).

IDLH

This section lists the immediately dangerous to life or health concentrations (IDLHs). For the June 1994 Edition of the *Pocket Guide*, NIOSH reviewed and in many cases revised the IDLH values. The criteria utilized to determine the adequacy of the original IDLH values were a combination of those used during the Standards Completion Program and a newer methodology developed by NIOSH. These "interim" criteria formed a tiered approach, preferentially using acute human toxicity data, followed by acute animal inhalation toxicity data, and then by acute animal oral toxicity data to determine a preliminary updated IDLH value. When relevant acute toxicity data were insufficient or unavailable, NIOSH also considered using chronic toxicity data or an analogy to a chemically similar substance. NIOSH then compared these preliminary values with the following criteria to determine the updated IDLH value: 10% of lower explosive limit (LEL); acute animal respiratory irritation data (RD₅₀); other short-term exposure guidelines; and the *NIOSH Respirator Selection Logic* (DHHS [NIOSH] Publication No. 2005-100;

<http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/docs/2005-100>). The *Documentation for Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations* (NTIS Publication Number PB-94-195047) further describes these criteria and provides information sources for both the original and revised IDLH values (<http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/idlh/idlh-1.html>). NIOSH currently is assessing the various uses of IDLHs, whether the criteria used to derive the IDLH values are valid, and if other information or criteria should be utilized.

The purpose for establishing an IDLH value in the Standards Completion Program was to determine the airborne concentration from which a worker could escape without injury or irreversible health effects from an IDLH exposure in the event of the failure of respiratory protection equipment. The IDLH was considered a maximum concentration above which only a highly reliable breathing apparatus providing maximum worker protection should be permitted. In determining IDLH values, NIOSH considered the ability of a worker to escape without loss of life or irreversible health effects along with certain transient effects, such as severe eye or respiratory irritation, disorientation, and incoordination, which could prevent escape. As a safety margin, IDLH values are based on effects that might occur as a consequence of a 30-minute exposure. However, the 30-minute period was NOT meant to imply that workers should stay in the work environment any longer than necessary; in fact, EVERY EFFORT SHOULD BE MADE TO EXIT IMMEDIATELY!

The *NIOSH Respirator Selection Logic* defines IDLH exposure conditions as “conditions that pose an immediate threat to life or health, or conditions that pose an immediate threat of severe exposure to contaminants, such as radioactive materials, which are likely to have adverse cumulative or delayed effects on health.” The purpose of establishing an IDLH exposure concentration is to ensure that the worker can escape from a given contaminated environment in the event of failure of the respiratory protection equipment. The *Respirator Selection Logic* uses IDLH values as one of several respirator selection criteria. Under the *Respirator Selection Logic*, the most protective respirators (e.g., a self-contained breathing apparatus equipped with a full facepiece and operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode) would be selected for firefighting, exposure to carcinogens, entry into oxygen-deficient atmospheres, in emergency situations, during entry into an atmosphere that contains a substance at a concentration greater than 2,000 times the NIOSH REL or OSHA PEL, and for entry into IDLH atmospheres. IDLH values are listed in the *Pocket Guide* for over 380 substances.

The notation “Ca” appears in the IDLH field for all substances that NIOSH considers potential occupational carcinogens. However, IDLH values that were originally determined in the Standards Completion Program or were subsequently revised are shown in brackets following the “Ca” designations. “10%LEL” indicates that the IDLH was based on 10% of the lower explosive limit for safety considerations even though the relevant toxicological data indicated that irreversible health effects or impairment of escape existed only at higher concentrations. “N.D.” indicates that an IDLH value has not been determined for that substance. Appendix F (page 361) contains an explanation of the “Effective” IDLHs used for four chloronaphthalene compounds.

Conversion Factors

This section lists factors for the conversion of ppm (parts of vapor or gas per million parts of contaminated air by volume) to mg/m³ (milligrams of vapor or gas per cubic meter of contaminated air) at 25°C and 1 atmosphere for chemicals with exposure limits expressed in ppm.

DOT ID and Guide Number

This section lists the U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) Identification numbers and the corresponding Guide numbers. Their format is xxxx yyy. The Identification (ID) number (xxxx) indicates that the chemical is regulated by DOT. The Guide number (yyy) refers to actions to be taken to stabilize an emergency situation; this information can be found in the *2004 Emergency Response Guidebook* (Office of Hazardous Materials Initiatives and Training [DHM-50], Research and Special Programs Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation, 400 7th Street, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20590-0001; for sale by the U.S. Government Printing Office, Superintendent of Documents, P.O. Box 371954, Pittsburgh, PA 15250-7954). This information is also available on the CD-ROM and Web site versions of the *Pocket Guide* (<http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/npg/npg.html>). A page index for all DOT ID numbers listed is provided on page 379 to help the user locate a specific substance; please note however, that many DOT numbers are **not** unique for a specific substance.

Synonyms and Trade Names

This section contains an alphabetical list of common synonyms and trade names for each chemical. A page index for all chemical names, synonyms, and trade names listed in the *Pocket Guide* is included on page 383.

Exposure Limits

The NIOSH recommended exposure limits (**RELs**) are listed first in this section. For NIOSH RELs, “**TWA**” indicates a time-weighted average concentration for up to a 10-hour workday during a 40-hour workweek. A short-term exposure limit (STEL) is designated by “**ST**” preceding the value; unless noted otherwise, the STEL is a 15-minute TWA exposure that should not be exceeded at any time during a workday. A ceiling REL is designated by “**C**” preceding the value; unless noted otherwise, the ceiling value should not be exceeded at any time. Any substance that NIOSH considers to be a potential occupational carcinogen is designated by the notation “**Ca**” (see Appendix A [page 342], which contains a brief discussion of potential occupational carcinogens).

The OSHA permissible exposure limits (**PELs**), as found in Tables Z-1, Z-2, and Z-3 of the OSHA General Industry Air Contaminants Standard (29 CFR 1910.1000), that were effective on July 1, 1993* and which are currently enforced by OSHA are listed next.

*In July 1992, the 11th Circuit Court of Appeals in its decision in *AFL-CIO v. OSHA*, 965 F.2d 962 (11th Cir., 1992) vacated more protective PELs set by OSHA in 1989 for 212 substances, moving them back to PELs

established in 1971. The appeals court also vacated new PELs for 164 substances that were not previously regulated. Enforcement of the court decision began on June 30, 1993. Although OSHA is currently enforcing exposure limits in Tables Z-1, Z-2, and Z-3 of 29 CFR 1910.1000 which were in effect before 1989, violations of the “general duty clause” as contained in Section 5(a) (1) of the Occupational Safety and Health Act may be considered when worker exposures exceed the 1989 PELs for the 164 substances that were not previously regulated. The substances for which OSHA PELs were vacated on June 30, 1993 are indicated by the symbol “†” following OSHA in this section and previous values (the PELs that were vacated) are listed in Appendix G (page 362).

TWA concentrations for OSHA **PELs** must not be exceeded during any 8-hour workshift of a 40-hour workweek. A STEL is designated by “**ST**” preceding the value and is measured over a 15-minute period unless noted otherwise. OSHA ceiling concentrations (designated by “**C**” preceding the value) must not be exceeded during any part of the workday; if instantaneous monitoring is not feasible, the ceiling must be assessed as a 15-minute TWA exposure. In addition, there are a number of substances from Table Z-2 (e.g., beryllium, ethylene dibromide) that have PEL ceiling values that must not be exceeded except for specified excursions. For example, a “5-minute maximum peak in any 2 hours” means that a 5-minute exposure above the ceiling value, but never above the maximum peak, is allowed in any 2 hours during an 8-hour workday. Appendix B (page 344) contains a brief discussion of substances regulated as carcinogens by OSHA.

Concentrations are given in ppm, mg/m³, mppcf (millions of particles per cubic foot of air as determined from counting an impinger sample), or fibers/cm³ (fibers per cubic centimeter). The “[**skin**]” designation indicates the potential for dermal absorption; skin exposure should be prevented as necessary through the use of good work practices, gloves, coveralls, goggles, and other appropriate equipment. The “(**total**)” designation indicates that the REL or PEL listed is for “total particulate” versus the “(**resp**)” designation which refers to the “respirable fraction” of the airborne particulate.

Appendix C (page 345) contains more detailed discussions of the specific exposure limits for certain low-molecular-weight aldehydes, asbestos, various dyes (benzidine-, o-tolidine-, and o-dianisidine-based), carbon black, chloroethanes, the various chromium compounds (chromic acid and chromates, chromium(II) and chromium(III) compounds, and chromium metal), coal tar pitch volatiles, coke oven emissions, cotton dust, lead, mineral dusts, NIAX® Catalyst ESN, trichloroethylene, and tungsten carbide (cemented). Appendix D (page 350) contains a brief discussion of substances included in the *Pocket Guide* with no established RELs at this time. Appendix F (page 361) contains miscellaneous notes regarding the OSHA PEL for benzene, and Appendix G (page 362) lists the OSHA PELs that were vacated on June 30, 1993.

Measurement Methods

The section provides a source (NIOSH or OSHA) and the corresponding method number for measurement methods which can be used to determine the exposure for the chemical or

substance. Unless otherwise noted, the NIOSH methods are from the 4th edition of the *NIOSH Manual of Analytical Methods* (DHHS [NIOSH] Publication No. 94-113 [<http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/nmam>]) and supplements. If a different edition of the *NIOSH Manual of Analytical Methods* is cited, the appropriate edition and, where applicable, the volume number are noted [e.g., II-4 (2nd edition, volume 4)]. The OSHA methods are from the OSHA Web site (<http://www.osha-slc.gov/dts/sltc/methods>). “None available” means that no method is available from NIOSH or OSHA. Table 1 (page xvii) lists the editions, volumes, and supplements of the *NIOSH Manual of Analytical Methods*.

Each method listed is the recommended method for the analysis of the compound of interest. However, the method may not have been fully optimized to meet the specific sampling situation. Note that some methods are only partially evaluated and have been used in very limited sampling situations. Review the details of the method and consult with the laboratory performing the analysis regarding the applicability of the method and the need for further modifications to the method in order to adjust for the particular conditions.

Physical Description

A brief description of the appearance and odor of each substance is provided in the physical description section. Notations are made as to whether a substance can be shipped as a liquefied compressed gas or whether it has major use as a pesticide.

Chemical and Physical Properties

The following abbreviations are used for the chemical and physical properties given for each substance. “NA” indicates that a property is not applicable, and a question mark (?) indicates that it is unknown.

MW.....	Molecular weight
BP.....	Boiling point at 1 atmosphere, °F
Sol.....	Solubility in water at 68°F*, % by weight (i.e., g/100 ml)
Fl.P.....	Flash point (i.e., the temperature at which the liquid phase gives off enough vapor to flash when exposed to an external ignition source), closed cup (unless annotated “(oc)” for open cup), °F
IP.....	Ionization potential, eV (electron volts) (Ionization potentials are given as a guideline for the selection of photoionization detector lamps used in some direct-reading instruments.)
Sp.Gr.....	Specific gravity at 68°F* referenced to water at 39.2°F (4°C)
RGasD.....	Relative density of gases referenced to air = 1 (indicates how many times a gas is heavier than air at the same temperature)
VP.....	Vapor pressure at 68°F*, mm Hg; “approx” indicates approximately
FRZ.....	Freezing point for liquids and gases, °F
MLT.....	Melting point for solids, °F

UEL.....	Upper explosive (flammable) limit in air, % by volume (at room temperature*)
LEL.....	Lower explosive (flammable) limit in air, % by volume (at room temperature*)
MEC.....	Minimum explosive concentration, g/m ³ (when available)

*If noted after a specific entry, these properties may be reported at other temperatures.

When available, the flammability/combustibility of a substance is listed at the bottom of the chemical and physical properties section. The following OSHA criteria (29 CFR 1910.106) were used to classify flammable or combustible liquids:

Class IA flammable liquid.....	Fl.P below 73°F and BP below 100°F.
Class IB flammable liquid.....	Fl.P below 73°F and BP at or above 100°F.
Class IC flammable liquid.....	Fl.P at or above 73°F and below 100°F.
Class II combustible liquid.....	Fl.P at or above 100°F and below 140°F.
Class IIIA combustible liquid.....	Fl.P at or above 140°F and below 200°F.
Class IIIB combustible liquid.....	Fl.P at or above 200°F.

Personal Protection and Sanitation

This section presents a summary of recommended practices for each substance. These recommendations supplement general work practices (e.g., no eating, drinking, or smoking where chemicals are used) and should be followed if additional controls are needed after using all feasible process, equipment, and task controls. Table 2 (page xviii) explains the codes used. Each category is described as follows:

SKIN.....	Recommends the need for personal protective clothing.
EYES.....	Recommends the need for eye protection.
WASH SKIN.....	Recommends when workers should wash the spilled chemical from the body in addition to normal washing (e.g., before eating).
REMOVE.....	Advises workers when to remove clothing that has accidentally become wet or significantly contaminated.
CHANGE.....	Recommends whether routine changing of clothing is needed.
PROVIDE.....	Recommends the need for eyewash fountains and/or quick drench facilities.

Recommendations for Respirator Selection

This section provides a condensed table of allowable respirators to be used for those substances for which IDLH values have been determined, or for which NIOSH has previously provided respirator recommendations (e.g., in criteria documents or Current Intelligence Bulletins) for certain chemicals. There are, however, 186 chemicals listed in

the *Pocket Guide* for which IDLH values have yet to be determined. Since the IDLH is a critical component for completing the Respirator Selection Logic for a given chemical, the *Pocket Guide* does not provide respiratory recommendations for those 186 chemicals without IDLH values. As new or revised IDLH values are developed for those and other chemicals, NIOSH will provide appropriate respirator recommendations. (Updated information on the *Pocket Guide* can be found on the NIOSH Web site (<http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/npg/npg.html>) and incorporated into subsequent editions of the *Pocket Guide*. [Appendix F (page 361) contains an explanation of the “Effective” IDLHs used for four chloronaphthalene compounds.]

In 1995, NIOSH developed a new set of regulations in 42 CFR 84 (also referred to as “Part 84”) for testing and certifying non-powered, air-purifying, particulate-filter respirators. The new Part 84 respirators have passed a more demanding certification test than the old respirators (e.g., dust; dust and mist; dust, mist, and fume; spray paint; pesticide) certified under 30 CFR 11 (also referred to as “Part 11”). Recommendations for non-powered, air-purifying particulate respirators have been updated from previous editions of the *Pocket Guide* to incorporate Part 84 respirators; Part 11 terminology has been removed. See Table 4 (page xxv) for information concerning the selection of N-, R-, or P-series (Part 84) particulate respirators.

In January 1998, OSHA revised its respiratory protection standard (29 CFR 1910.134). Among the provisions in the revised standard is the requirement for an end-of-service-life indicator (ESLI) or a change schedule when air-purifying respirators with chemical cartridges or canisters are used for protection against gases and vapors [29 CFR 1910.134(d)(3)(iii)]. (*Note: All respirator codes containing “Ccr” or “Ov” are covered by this requirement.*) In the *Pocket Guide*, air-purifying respirators (without ESLIs) for protection against gases and vapors are recommended only for chemicals with adequate warning properties, but now these respirators may be selected regardless of the warning properties. Respirator recommendations in the *Pocket Guide* have not been revised in this edition to reflect the OSHA requirements for ESLIs or change schedules.

Appendix A (page 342) lists the NIOSH carcinogen policy. Respirator recommendations for carcinogens in the *Pocket Guide* have not been revised to reflect this policy; these recommendations will be revised in future editions.

The first line in the entry indicates whether the “NIOSH” or the “OSHA” exposure limit is used on which to base the respirator recommendations. The more protective limit between the NIOSH REL or the OSHA PEL is always used. “NIOSH/OSHA” indicates that the limits are equivalent.

Each subsequent line lists a maximum use concentration (MUC) followed by the classes of respirators that are acceptable for use up to the MUC. Codes for the various categories of respirators, and Assigned Protection Factors (APFs) for these respirators, are listed in Table 3 (page xx). Individual respirator classes are separated by diagonal lines (/). More protective respirators may be worn. The symbol “§” is followed by the classes of respirators that are acceptable for emergency or planned entry into unknown concentrations or entry into IDLH conditions. “**Escape**” indicates that the respirators are to be used only

for escape purposes. For each MUC or condition, this entry lists only those respirators with the required APF and other use restrictions based on the *NIOSH Respirator Selection Logic*.

All respirators selected must be approved by NIOSH under the provisions of 42 CFR 84. The current listing of NIOSH/MSHA certified respirators can be found in the *NIOSH Certified Equipment List*, which is available on the NIOSH Web site (<http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/npptl/topics/respirators/cel>).

A complete respiratory protection program must be implemented and must fulfill all requirements of 29 CFR 1910.134. A respiratory protection program must include a written standard operating procedure covering regular training, fit-testing, fit-checking, periodic environmental monitoring, maintenance, medical monitoring, inspection, cleaning, storage and periodic program evaluation. Selection of a specific respirator within a given class of recommended respirators depends on the particular situation; this choice should be made only by a knowledgeable person. REMEMBER: Air-purifying respirators will not protect users against oxygen-deficient atmospheres, and they are not to be used in IDLH conditions. The only respirators recommended for fire fighting are self-contained breathing apparatuses that have full facepieces and are operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode. Additional information on the selection and use of respirators can be found in the *NIOSH Respirator Selection Logic* (DHHS [NIOSH] Publication No. 2005-100) and the *NIOSH Guide to Industrial Respiratory Protection* (DHHS [NIOSH] Publication No. 87-116), which are available on the Respirator Topic Page on the NIOSH Web site (<http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/npptl/topics/respirators>).

Incompatibilities and Reactivities

This section lists important hazardous incompatibilities or reactivities for each substance.

Exposure Routes, Symptoms, and Target Organs

The first row for each substance in this section lists the toxicologically important entry routes (**ER**) and whether contact with the skin or eyes is potentially hazardous. The second row lists the potential symptoms of exposure (**SY**) and whether NIOSH considers the substance a potential occupational carcinogen (**[carc]**). The third row lists target organs (**TO**) affected by exposure to the substance (for carcinogens, the types of cancer are listed in brackets). Information in this section reflects human data unless otherwise noted. Abbreviations are defined in Table 5 (page xxvi).

First Aid

This section lists emergency procedures for eye and skin contact, inhalation, and ingestion of the toxic substance. Abbreviations are defined in Table 6 (page xxviii).

Table 1
NIOSH Manual of Analytical Methods

Edition	Volume	Supplement	Publication No.
2	1		77-157-A
2	2		77-157-B
2	3		77-157-C
2	4		78-175
2	5		79-141
2	6		80-125
2	7		82-100
3			84-100
3		1	85-117
3		2	87-117
3		3	89-127
3		4	90-121
4			94-113
4		1	96-135
4		2	98-119
4		3	2003-154

See **Measurement Methods** section on page xii for more information. The *NIOSH Manual of Analytical Methods* is available on the NIOSH Web site (<http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/nmam>).

Table 2
Personal Protection and Sanitation Codes

Code	Definition
Skin:	Prevent skin contact Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to prevent skin contact.
	Frostbite Compressed gases may create low temperatures when they expand rapidly. Leaks and uses that allow rapid expansion may cause a frostbite hazard. Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to prevent the skin from becoming frozen.
	N.R. No recommendation is made specifying the need for personal protective equipment for the body.
Eyes:	Prevent eye contact Wear appropriate eye protection to prevent eye contact.
	Frostbite Wear appropriate eye protection to prevent eye contact with the liquid that could result in burns or tissue damage from frostbite.
	N.R. No recommendation is made specifying the need for eye protection.
Wash skin:	When contam The worker should immediately wash the skin when it becomes contaminated.
	Daily The worker should wash daily at the end of each work shift, and prior to eating, drinking, smoking, etc.
	N.R. No recommendation is made specifying the need for washing the substance from the skin (either immediately or at the end of the work shift).
Remove:	When wet or contam Work clothing that becomes wet or significantly contaminated should be removed and replaced.
	When wet (flamm) Work clothing that becomes wet should be immediately removed due to its flammability hazard (i.e., for liquids with a flash point <100°F).
	N.R. No recommendation is made specifying the need for removing clothing that becomes wet or contaminated.

Table 2 (Continued)
Personal Protection and Sanitation Codes

Code	Definition
Change:	Daily Workers whose clothing may have become contaminated should change into uncontaminated clothing before leaving the work premises.
	N.R. No recommendation is made specifying the need for the worker to change clothing after the workshift.
Provide:	Eyewash Eyewash fountains should be provided in areas where there is any possibility that workers could be exposed to the substances; this is irrespective of the recommendation involving the wearing of eye protection.
	Quick drench Facilities for quickly drenching the body should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use where there is a possibility of exposure. [Note: It is intended that these facilities provide a sufficient quantity or flow of water to quickly remove the substance from any body areas likely to be exposed. The actual determination of what constitutes an adequate quick drench facility depends on the specific circumstances. In certain instances, a deluge shower should be readily available, whereas in others, the availability of water from a sink or hose could be considered adequate.]
	Frostbite wash Quick drench facilities and/or eyewash fountains should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use where there is any possibility of exposure to liquids that are extremely cold or rapidly evaporating.
Other codes:	Liq Liquid
	Molt Molten
	Sol Solid
	Soln Solution containing the contaminant
	Vap Vapor

Table 3
Symbols, Code Components, and Codes
Used for Respirator Selection

Symbol	Description
¥	At concentrations above the NIOSH REL, or where there is no REL, at any detectable concentration
§	Emergency or planned entry into unknown concentrations or IDLH conditions
*	Substance reported to cause eye irritation or damage; may require eye protection
£	Substance causes eye irritation or damage; eye protection needed
¿	Only nonoxidizable sorbents allowed (not charcoal)
†	End of service life indicator (ESLI) required
APF	Assigned protection factor

Code Component	Description
95	Particulate respirator or filter that is 95% efficient. See Table 4 (page xxv) to select N95, R95, or P95.
99	Particulate respirator or filter that is 99% efficient. See Table 4 (page xxv) to select N99, R99, or P99.
100	Particulate respirator or filter that is 99.97% efficient. See Table 4 (page xxv) to select N100, R100, or P100.
Ccr	Chemical cartridge respirator
F	Full facepiece
GmF	Air-purifying, full-facepiece respirator (gas mask) with a chin-style, front- or back-mounted canister
Papr	Powered, air-purifying respirator
Sa	Supplied-air respirator
Scba	Self-contained breathing apparatus
Ag	Acid gas cartridge or canister
Cf	Continuous flow mode
Hie	High-efficiency particulate filter
Ov	Organic vapor cartridge or canister
Pd,Pp	Pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode
Qm	Quarter-mask respirator
S	Chemical cartridge or canister providing protection against the compound of concern
T	Tight-fitting facepiece
XQ	Except quarter-mask respirator

Table 3 (Continued)
Symbols, Code Components, and Codes
Used for Respirator Selection

Code	APF	Description
95F	10	Any air-purifying full-facepiece respirator equipped with an N95, R95, or P95 filter. The following filters may also be used: N99, R99, P99, N100, R100, P100. See Table 4 (page xxv) for information on selection of N, R, or P filters.
95XQ	10	Any particulate respirator equipped with an N95, R95, or P95 filter (including N95, R95, and P95 filtering facepieces) except quarter-mask respirators. The following filters may also be used: N99, R99, P99, N100, R100, P100. See Table 4 (page xxv) for information on selection of N, R, or P filters.
100F	50	Any air-purifying, full-facepiece respirator with an N100, R100, or P100 filter. See Table 4 (page xxv) for information on selection of N, R, or P filters.
100XQ	10	Any air-purifying respirator with an N100, R100, or P100 filter (including N100, R100, and P100 filtering facepieces) except quarter-mask respirators. See Table 4 (page xxv) for information on selection of N, R, or P filters.
CcrFAG100	50	Any chemical cartridge respirator with a full facepiece and acid gas cartridge(s) in combination with an N100, R100, or P100 filter. See Table 4 (page xxv) for information on selection of N, R, or P filters.
CcrFOv	50	Any air-purifying full-facepiece respirator equipped with organic vapor cartridge(s).
CcrFOv95	10	Any full-facepiece respirator with organic vapor cartridge(s) in combination with an N95, R95, or P95 filter. The following filters may also be used: N99, R99, P99, N100, R100, P100. See Table 4 (page xxv) for information on selection of N, R, or P filters.
CcrFOv100	50	Any air-purifying full-facepiece respirator equipped with organic vapor cartridge(s) in combination with an N100, R100, or P100 filter. See Table 4 (page xxv) for information on selection of N, R, or P filters.
CcrFS	50	Any air-purifying full-facepiece respirator equipped with cartridge(s) providing protection against the compound of concern.
CcrFS100	50	Any air-purifying full-facepiece respirator equipped with cartridge(s) providing protection against the compound of concern in combination with an N100, R100, or P100 filter. See Table 4 (page xxv) for information on selection of N, R, or P filters.
CcrOv	10	Any air-purifying half-mask respirator equipped with organic vapor cartridge(s).

Table 3 (Continued)
Symbols, Code Components, and Codes
Used for Respirator Selection

Code	APF	Description
CcrOv95	10	Any air-purifying half-mask respirator with organic vapor cartridge(s) in combination with an N95, R95, or P95 filter. The following filters may also be used: N99, R99, P99, N100, R100, P100. See Table 4 (page xxv) for information on selection of N, R, or P filters.
CcrOv100	10	Any air-purifying half-mask respirator with organic vapor cartridge(s) in combination with an N100, R100, or P100 filter. See Table 4 (page xxv) for information on selection of N, R, or P filters.
CcrOvAg	10	Any air-purifying half-mask respirator equipped with organic vapor and acid gas cartridge(s).
CcrS	10	Any air-purifying half-mask respirator equipped with cartridge(s) providing protection against the compound of concern.
GmFAG	50	Any air-purifying, full-facepiece respirator (gas mask) with a chin-style, front- or back-mounted acid gas canister.
GmFAG100	50	Any air-purifying, full-facepiece respirator (gas mask) with a chin-style, front- or back-mounted acid gas canister having an N100, R100, or P100 filter. See Table 4 (page xxv) for information on selection of N, R, or P filters.
GmFOv	50	Any air-purifying, full-facepiece respirator (gas mask) with a chin-style, front- or back-mounted organic vapor canister.
GmFOv95	10	Any air-purifying, full-facepiece respirator (gas mask) with a chin-style, front- or back-mounted organic vapor canister in combination with an N95, R95, or P95 filter. The following filters may also be used: N99, R99, P99, N100, R100, P100. See Table 4 (page xxv) for information on selection of N, R, or P filters.
GmFOv100	50	Any air-purifying, full-facepiece respirator (gas mask) with a chin-style, front- or back-mounted organic vapor canister having an N100, R100, or P100 filter. See Table 4 (page xxv) for information on selection of N, R, or P filters.
GmFOvAg	50	Any air-purifying, full facepiece respirator (gas mask) with a chin-style, front- or back-mounted organic vapor and acid gas canister.
GmFOvAg100	50	Any air-purifying, full facepiece respirator (gas mask) with a chin-style, front- or back-mounted organic vapor and acid gas canister having an N100, R100, or P100 filter. See Table 4 (page xxv) for information on selection of N, R, or P filters.
GmFS	50	Any air-purifying, full-facepiece respirator (gas mask) with a chin-style, front- or back-mounted canister providing protection against the compound of concern.

Table 3 (Continued)
Symbols, Code Components, and Codes
Used for Respirator Selection

Code	APF	Description
GmFS100	50	Any air-purifying, full-facepiece respirator (gas mask) with a chin-style, front- or back-mounted canister providing protection against the compound of concern and having an N100, R100, or P100 filter. See Table 4 (page xxv) for information on selection of N, R, or P filters.
PaprAg	25	Any powered air-purifying respirator with acid gas cartridge(s).
PaprAgHie	25	Any powered air-purifying respirator with acid gas cartridge(s) in combination with a high-efficiency particulate filter.
PaprHie	25	Any powered air-purifying respirator with a high-efficiency particulate filter.
PaprOv	25	Any powered air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge(s).
PaprOvAg	25	Any powered air-purifying respirator with organic vapor and acid gas cartridge(s).
PaprOvHie	25	Any powered air-purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge in combination with a high-efficiency particulate filter.
PaprS	25	Any powered air-purifying respirator with cartridge(s) providing protection against the compound of concern.
PaprTHie	50	Any powered air-purifying respirator with a tight-fitting facepiece and a high-efficiency particulate filter.
PaprTOv	50	Any powered air-purifying respirator with a tight-fitting facepiece and organic vapor cartridge(s).
PaprTOvHie	50	Any powered air-purifying respirator with a tight-fitting facepiece and organic vapor cartridge(s) in combination with a high-efficiency particulate filter.
PaprTS	50	Any powered air-purifying respirator with a tight-fitting facepiece and cartridge(s) providing protection against the compound of concern.
Qm	5	Any quarter-mask respirator. See Table 4 (page xxv) for information on selection of N, R, or P particulate filters.
Sa	10	Any supplied-air respirator.
Sa:Cf	25	Any supplied-air respirator operated in a continuous-flow mode.
Sa:Pd,Pp	1,000	Any supplied-air respirator operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode.

Table 3 (Continued)
Symbols, Code Components, and Codes
Used for Respirator Selection

Code	APF	Description
SaF	50	Any supplied-air respirator with a full facepiece.
SaF:Pd,Pp	2,000	Any supplied-air respirator that has a full facepiece and is operated in a pressure-demand or other positive pressure mode.
SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba	10,000	Any supplied-air respirator that has a full-facepiece and is operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode in combination with an auxiliary self-contained breathing apparatus operated in pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode.
SaT:Cf	50	Any supplied-air respirator that has a tight-fitting facepiece and is operated in a continuous-flow mode.
ScbaE		Any appropriate escape-type, self-contained breathing apparatus.
ScbaF	50	Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.
ScbaF:Pd,Pp	10,000	Any self-contained breathing apparatus that has a full facepiece and is operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode.

Table 4

Selection of N-, R-, or P-Series Particulate Respirators

1. The selection of N-, R-, and P-series filters depends on the presence of oil particles as follows:
 - If no oil particles are present in the work environment, use a filter of any series (i.e., N-, R-, or P-series).
 - If oil particles (e.g., lubricants, cutting fluids, glycerine) are present, use an R- or P-series filter. **Note: N-series filters cannot be used if oil particles are present.**
 - If oil particles are present and the filter is to be used for more than one work shift, use only a P-series filter.

Note: To help you remember the filter series, use the following guide:

N for **N**ot resistant to oil,
R for **R**esistant to oil,
P for oil **P**roof.

2. Selection of filter efficiency (i.e., 95%, 99%, or 99.97%) depends on how much filter leakage can be accepted. Higher filter efficiency means lower filter leakage.
3. The choice of facepiece depends on the level of protection needed – that is, the assigned protection factor (APF) needed. See **Table 3** (page xx) for APFs of respirator classes, and see **Recommendations for Respirator Selection** (page xiv) for more information.

Table 5
Abbreviations for Exposure Routes, Symptoms, and Target Organs

Code	Definition	Code	Definition
abdom	Abdominal	dizz	Dizziness
abnor	Abnormal/Abnormalities	drow	Drowsiness
abs	Skin absorption	dysp	Dyspnea (breathing difficulty)
album	Albuminuria	emphy	Emphysema
anes	Anesthesia	eosin	Eosinophilia
anor	Anorexia	epilep	Epileptiform
anos	Anosmia (loss of the sense of smell)	epis	Epistaxis (nosebleed)
anxi	Anxiety	equi	Equilibrium
arrhy	Arrhythmias	eryt	Erythema (skin redness)
aspir	Aspiration	euph	Euphoria
asphy	Asphyxia	fail	Failure
BP	Blood pressure	fasc	Fasciculation
breath	Breath/breathing	FEV	Forced expiratory volume
bron	Bronchitis	fib	Fibrosis
BUN	Blood urea nitrogen	ftg	Fatigue
[carc]	Potential occupational carcinogen	func	Function
card	Cardiac	GI	Gastrointestinal
chol	Cholinesterase	halu	Hallucinations
cirr	Cirrhosis	head	Headache
CNS	Central nervous system	hema	Hematuria (blood in the urine)
conc	Concentration	hemato	Hematopoietic
con	Skin and/or eye contact	hemorr	Hemorrhage
conf	Confusion	hyperpig	Hyperpigmentation
conj	Conjunctivitis	hypox	Hypoxemia (reduced O ₂ in the blood)
constip	Constipation	inco	Incoordination
convuls	Convulsions	incr	Increased
corn	Corneal	inebri	Inebriation
CVS	Cardiovascular system	inflamm	Inflammation
cyan	Cyanosis	ing	Ingestion
decr	Decreased	inh	Inhalation
depres	Depressed/Depression	inj	Injury
derm	Dermatitis	insom	Insomnia
diarr	Diarrhea	irreg	Irregular/Irregularities
dist	Disturbance	irrit	Irritation

Table 5 (Continued)
Abbreviations for Exposure Routes, Symptoms, and Target Organs

Code	Definition	Code	Definition
irrity	Irritability	prot	Proteinuria
jaun	Jaundice	pulm	Pulmonary
kera	Keratitis (inflammation of the cornea)	RBC	Red blood cell
lac	Lacrimation (discharge of tears)	repro	Reproductive
lar	Laryngeal	resp	Respiratory/respiration
lass	Lassitude (weakness, exhaustion)	restless	Restlessness
leucyt	Leukocytosis (increased blood leukocytes)	retster	Retrosternal (occurring behind the sternum)
leupen	Leukopenia (reduced blood leukocytes)	rhin	Rhinorrhea (discharge of thin nasal mucus)
liq	Liquid	salv	Salivation
local	Localized	sens	Sensitization
low-wgt	Weight loss	short	Shortness
mal	Malaise (vague feeling of discomfort)	sneez	Sneezing
malnut	Malnutrition	sol	Solid
methemo	Methemoglobinemia	soln	Solution
muc memb	Mucous membrane	subs	Substernal (occurring beneath the sternum)
musc	Muscle	sweat	Sweating
narco	Narcosis	swell	Swelling
nau	Nausea	sys	System
nec	Necrosis	taclar	Tachycardia
neph	Nephritis	tend	Tenderness
numb	Numb/numbness	terato	Teratogenic
opac	Opacity	throb	Throbbing
palp	Palpitations	tight	Tightness
para	Paralysis	twitch	Twitching
pares	Paresthesia	uncon	Unconsciousness
perf	Perforation	vap	Vapor
peri neur	Peripheral neuropathy	vesic	Vesiculation
periorb	Periorbital (situated around the eye)	vis	Visual
phar	Pharyngeal	vomit	Vomiting
photo	Photophobia (abnormal visual intolerance to light)	weak	Weak/weakness
pneu	Pneumonitis	wheelz	Wheezing
PNS	Peripheral nervous system		
polyneur	Polyneuropathy		

Table 6
Codes for First Aid Data

Code	Definition
Eye:	
Irr immed	If this chemical contacts the eyes, immediately wash (irrigate) the eyes with large amounts of water, occasionally lifting the lower and upper lids. Get medical attention immediately.
Irr prompt	If this chemical contacts the eyes, promptly wash (irrigate) the eyes with large amounts of water, occasionally lifting the lower and upper lids. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Frostbite	If eye tissue is frozen, seek medical attention immediately; if tissue is not frozen, immediately and thoroughly flush the eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the lower and upper eyelids. If irritation, pain, swelling, lacrimation, or photophobia persist, get medical attention as soon as possible.
Medical attention	Get medical attention.
Skin:	
Blot/brush away	If irritation occurs, gently blot or brush away excess.
Dust off solid; water flush	If this solid chemical contacts the skin, dust it off immediately and then flush the contaminated skin with water. If this chemical or liquids containing this chemical penetrate the clothing, promptly remove the clothing and flush the skin with water. Get medical attention immediately.
Frostbite	If frostbite has occurred, seek medical attention immediately; do NOT rub the affected areas or flush them with water. In order to prevent further tissue damage, do NOT attempt to remove frozen clothing from frostbitten areas. If frostbite has NOT occurred, immediately and thoroughly wash contaminated skin with soap and water.
Molten flush immed/ sol-liq soap wash prompt	If this molten chemical contacts the skin, immediately flush the skin with large amounts of water. Get medical attention immediately. If this chemical (or liquids containing this chemical) contacts the skin, promptly wash the contaminated skin with soap and water. If this chemical or liquids containing this chemical penetrate the clothing, immediately remove the clothing and wash the skin with soap and water. If irritation persists after washing, get medical attention.
Soap flush immed	If this chemical contacts the skin, immediately flush the contaminated skin with soap and water. If this chemical penetrates the clothing, immediately remove the clothing and flush the skin with water. If irritation persists after washing, get medical attention.
Soap flush prompt	If this chemical contacts the skin, promptly flush the contaminated skin with soap and water. If this chemical penetrates the clothing, promptly remove the clothing and flush the skin with water. If irritation persists after washing, get medical attention.

Table 6 (Continued)
Codes for First Aid Data

Code	Definition
Skin (continued):	
Soap prompt/molten flush immed	If this solid chemical or a liquid containing this chemical contacts the skin, promptly wash the contaminated skin with soap and water. If irritation persists after washing, get medical attention. If this molten chemical contacts the skin or nonimpervious clothing, immediately flush the affected area with large amounts of water to remove heat. Get medical attention immediately.
Soap wash	If this chemical contacts the skin, wash the contaminated skin with soap and water.
Soap wash immed	If this chemical contacts the skin, immediately wash the contaminated skin with soap and water. If this chemical penetrates the clothing, immediately remove the clothing, wash the skin with soap and water, and get medical attention promptly.
Soap wash prompt	If this chemical contacts the skin, promptly wash the contaminated skin with soap and water. If this chemical penetrates the clothing, promptly remove the clothing and wash the skin with soap and water. Get medical attention promptly.
Water flush	If this chemical contacts the skin, flush the contaminated skin with water. Where there is evidence of skin irritation, get medical attention.
Water flush immed	If this chemical contacts the skin, immediately flush the contaminated skin with water. If this chemical penetrates the clothing, immediately remove the clothing and flush the skin with water. Get medical attention promptly.
Water flush prompt	If this chemical contacts the skin, flush the contaminated skin with water promptly. If this chemical penetrates the clothing, immediately remove the clothing and flush the skin with water promptly. If irritation persists after washing, get medical attention.
Water wash	If this chemical contacts the skin, wash the contaminated skin with water.
Water wash immed	If this chemical contacts this skin, immediately wash the contaminated skin with water. If this chemical penetrates the clothing, immediately remove the clothing and wash the skin with water. If symptoms occur after washing, get medical attention immediately.
Water wash prompt	If this chemical contacts the skin, promptly wash the contaminated skin with water. If this chemical penetrates the clothing, promptly remove the clothing and wash the skin with water. If irritation persists after washing, get medical attention.

Table 6 (Continued)
Codes for First Aid Data

Code	Definition
Breath:	
Resp support	If a person breathes large amounts of this chemical, move the exposed person to fresh air at once. If breathing has stopped, perform artificial respiration. Keep the affected person warm and at rest. Get medical attention as soon as possible.
Fresh air	If a person breathes large amounts of this chemical, move the exposed person to fresh air at once. Other measures are usually unnecessary.
Fresh air; 100% O ₂	If a person breathes large amounts of this chemical, move the exposed person to fresh air at once. If breathing has stopped, perform artificial respiration. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist the affected person by administering 100% oxygen. Keep the affected person warm and at rest. Get medical attention as soon as possible.
Swallow:	
Medical attention immed	If this chemical has been swallowed, get medical attention immediately.

CHEMICAL LISTING

A

Acetaldehyde		Formula: CH ₃ CHO	CAS#: 75-07-0	RTECS#: AB1925000	IDLH: Ca [2000 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 1.80 mg/m ³		DOT: 1089 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Acetic aldehyde, Ethanal, Ethyl aldehyde					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A See Appendix C (Aldehydes)			OSHA PEL†: TWA 200 ppm (360 mg/m ³)		Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2018, 2538, 3507 OSHA 68
Physical Description: Colorless liquid or gas (above 69°F) with a pungent, fruity odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 44.1 BP: 69°F Sol: Miscible F.I.P.: -36°F IP: 10.22 eV Sp.Gr: 0.79 VP: 740 mmHg FRZ: -190°F UEL: 60% LEL: 4.0% Class IA Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ‡: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, acids, bases, alcohols, ammonia & amines, phenols, ketones, HCN, H ₂ S [Note: Prolonged contact with air may cause formation of peroxides that may explode and burst containers; easily undergoes polymerization.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose, throat; eye, skin burns; dermatitis; conj; cough; CNS depress; delayed pulm edema; in animals: kidney, repro, terato effects; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, kidneys, CNS, repro sys [in animals: nasal cancer]				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Acetic acid		Formula: CH ₃ COOH	CAS#: 64-19-7	RTECS#: AF1225000	IDLH: 50 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.46 mg/m ³		DOT: 2790 153 (10-80% acid); 2789 132 (>80% acid)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Acetic acid (aqueous), Ethanoic acid, Glacial acetic acid (pure compound), Methanecarboxylic acid [Note: Can be found in concentrations of 5-8% in vinegar.]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 ppm (25 mg/m ³) ST 15 ppm (37 mg/m ³)			OSHA PEL: TWA 10 ppm (25 mg/m ³)		Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1603 OSHA ID186SG
Physical Description: Colorless liquid or crystals with a sour, vinegar-like odor. [Note: Pure compound is a solid below 62°F. Often used in an aqueous solution.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 60.1 BP: 244°F Sol: Miscible F.I.P.: 103°F IP: 10.66 eV Sp.Gr: 1.05 VP: 11 mmHg FRZ: 62°F UEL(200°F): 19.9% LEL: 4.0% Class II Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact (>10%) Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam (>10%) Remove: When wet or contam (>10%) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash (>5%) Quick drench (>50%)		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 50 ppm: Sa:CfE/PaprovE/CrFOv/ GmFOv/ScbaF/SaF ‡: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers (especially chromic acid, sodium peroxide & nitric acid), strong caustics [Note: Corrosive to metals.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; eye, skin burns; skin sens; dental erosion; black skin, hyperkeratosis; conj, lac; phar edema, chronic bron TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, teeth				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Acetic anhydride		Formula: (CH ₃ CO) ₂ O	CAS#: 108-24-7	RTECS#: AK1925000	IDLH: 200 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.18 mg/m ³		DOT: 1715 137			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Acetic acid anhydride, Acetic oxide, Acetyl oxide, Ethanoic anhydride					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 5 ppm (20 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 5 ppm (20 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 3506 OSHA 82, 102	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a strong, pungent, vinegar-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 102.1 BP: 282°F Sol: 12% Fl.P: 120°F IP: 10.00 eV Sp.Gr: 1.08 VP: 4 mmHg FRZ: -99°F UEL: 10.3% LEL: 2.7% Class II Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 125 ppm: Sa:Cf£/PaprvOv£ 200 ppm: CcrFOv/GmFOv/PaprvOv£/ ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Water, alcohols, strong oxidizers (especially chromic acid), amines, strong caustics [Note: Corrosive to iron, steel & other metals. Reacts with water to form acetic acid.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Conj, lac, corn edema, opac, photo; nasal, phar irrit; cough, dysp, bron; skin burns, vesic, sens derm TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Acetone		Formula: (CH ₃) ₂ CO	CAS#: 67-64-1	RTECS#: AL3150000	IDLH: 2500 ppm [10%LEL]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.38 mg/m ³		DOT: 1090 127			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Dimethyl ketone, Ketone propane, 2-Propanone					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 250 ppm (590 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 1000 ppm (2400 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1300, 2555, 3800 OSHA 69	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a fragrant, mint-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 58.1 BP: 133°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P: 0°F IP: 9.69 eV Sp.Gr: 0.79 VP: 180 mmHg FRZ: -140°F UEL: 12.8% LEL: 2.5% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 2500 ppm: CcrOv*/PaprvOv*/GmFOv/ Sa*/ScbaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, acids					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose, throat; head, dizz, CNS depres; derm TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

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Acetone cyanohydrin		Formula: CH ₃ C(OH)CNCH ₃	CAS#: 75-86-5	RTECS#: OD9275000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.48 mg/m ³		DOT: 1541 155 (stabilized)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Cyanohydrin-2-propanone, 2-Cyano-2-propanol, α-Hydroxyisobutyronitrile, 2-Hydroxy-2-methyl-propionitrile, 2-Methylactonitrile					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 1 ppm (4 mg/m ³) [15-minute] OSHA PEL: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2506	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a faint odor of bitter almond. [Note: Forms cyanide in the body.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 85.1 BP: 203°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P: 165°F IP: ? Sp.Gr(77°F): 0.93 VP: 0.8 mmHg FRZ: -4°F UEL: 12.0% LEL: 2.2% Class IIIA Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 10 ppm: Sa 25 ppm: Sa:Cf 50 ppm: ScbaF/SaF 250 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Sulfuric acid, caustics [Note: Slowly decomposes to acetone & HCN at room temperatures; rate is accelerated by an increase in pH, water content, or temperature.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; dizz, lass, head, conf, convuls; liver, kidney inj; pulm edema, asphy TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, CVS, liver, kidneys, GI tract			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Acetonitrile		Formula: CH ₃ CN	CAS#: 75-05-8	RTECS#: AL7700000	IDLH: 500 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 1.68 mg/m ³		DOT: 1648 127			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Cyanomethane, Ethyl nitrile, Methyl cyanide [Note: Forms cyanide in the body.]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 20 ppm (34 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 40 ppm (70 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1606	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with an aromatic odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 41.1 BP: 179°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P(oc): 42°F IP: 12.20 eV Sp.Gr: 0.78 VP: 73 mmHg FRZ: -49°F UEL: 16.0% LEL: 3.0% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 200 ppm: CcrOv/Sa 500 ppm: Sa:Cf/PaprvOv/CcrFOv/GmFOv/ ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit nose, throat; asphy; nau, vomit; chest pain; lass; stupor, convuls; in animals: liver, kidney damage TO: Resp sys, CVS, CNS, liver, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

2-Acetylaminofluorene	Formula: C ₁₅ H ₁₃ NO	CAS#: 53-96-3	RTECS#: AB9450000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: AAF, 2-AAF, 2-Acetaminofluorene, N-Acetyl-2-aminofluorene, FAA, 2-FAA, 2-Fluorenylacetamide				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL: [1910.1014] See Appendix B			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Tan, crystalline powder.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 223.3 BP: ? Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: ? VP: ? MLT: 381°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE See Appendix E (page 351)	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Reduced function of liver, kidneys, bladder, pancreas; [carc] TO: Liver, bladder, kidneys, pancreas, skin [in animals: tumors of the liver, bladder, lungs, skin & pancreas]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Acetylene	Formula: HC≡CH	CAS#: 74-86-2	RTECS#: AO9600000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 1.06 mg/m ³	DOT: 1001 116			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Ethine, Ethyne [Note: A compressed gas used in the welding & cutting of metals.]				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 2500 ppm (2662 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH Acetylene Criteria Document	
Physical Description: Colorless gas with a faint, ethereal odor. [Note: Commercial grade has a garlic-like odor. Shipped under pressure dissolved in acetone.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 26.0 BP: Sublimes Sol: 2% Fl.P: NA (Gas) IP: 11.40 eV RGasD: 0.91 VP: 44.2 atm FRZ: -119°F (Sublimes) UEL: 100% LEL: 2.5% Flammable Gas	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Frostbite Eyes: Frostbite Wash skin: N.R. Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Frostbite wash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Zinc; oxygen & other oxidizing agents such as halogens [Note: Forms explosive acetylide compounds with copper, mercury, silver & brasses (containing more than 66% copper).]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con (liquid) SY: Head, dizz; asphy; liquid: frostbite TO: CNS, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Frostbite Skin: Frostbite Breath: Fresh air	

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Acetylene tetrabromide		Formula: CHBr ₂ CHBr ₂	CAS#: 79-27-6	RTECS#: KI8225000	IDLH: 8 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 14.14 mg/m ³		DOT: 2504 159			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Symmetrical tetrabromoethane, TBE, Tetrabromoacetylene, Tetrabromoethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrabromoethane					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: See Appendix D OSHA PEL: TWA 1 ppm (14 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2003	
Physical Description: Pale-yellow liquid with a pungent odor similar to camphor or iodoform. [Note: A solid below 32°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 345.7 BP: 474°F (Decomposes) Sol: 0.07% Fl.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 2.97 VP: 0.02 mmHg FRZ: 32°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): OSHA 8 ppm: Sa/ScbaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong caustics; hot iron; reducing metals such as aluminum, magnesium, and zinc					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose; anor, nau; head; abdom pain; jaun; leucyt; CNS depres TO: Eyes, resp sys, liver, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Acetylsalicylic acid		Formula: CH ₃ COOC ₆ H ₄ COOH	CAS#: 50-78-2	RTECS#: VO0700000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: o-Acetoxybenzoic acid, 2-Acetoxybenzoic acid, Aspirin					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500	
Physical Description: Odorless, colorless to white, crystal-line powder. [aspirin] [Note: Develops the vinegar-like odor of acetic acid on contact with moisture.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 180.2 BP: 284°F (Decomposes) Sol(77°F): 0.3% Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 1.35 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 275°F UEL: NA LEL: NA MEC: 40 g/m ³ Combustible Powder; explosion hazard if dispersed in air.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: N.R. Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Solutions of alkali hydroxides or carbonates, strong oxidizers, moisture [Note: Slowly hydrolyzes in moist air to salicylic & acetic acids.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, upper resp sys; incr blood clotting time; nau, vomit; liver, kidney inj TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, blood, liver, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Acrolein	Formula: CH ₂ =CHCHO	CAS#: 107-02-8	RTECS#: AS1050000	IDLH: 2 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.29 mg/m ³		DOT: 1092 131P (inhibited)		
Synonyms/Trade Names: Acraldehyde, Acrylaldehyde, Acrylic aldehyde, Allyl aldehyde, Propenal, 2-Propenal				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.1 ppm (0.25 mg/m ³) ST 0.3 ppm (0.8 mg/m ³) See Appendix C (Aldehydes) OSHA PEL†: TWA 0.1 ppm (0.25 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2501 OSHA 52	
Physical Description: Colorless or yellow liquid with a piercing, disagreeable odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 56.1 BP: 127°F Sol: 40% Fl.P: -15°F IP: 10.13 eV Sp.Gr: 0.84 VP: 210 mmHg FRZ: -126°F UEL: 31% LEL: 2.8% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 2 ppm: Sa:Cf*/PaprOv*/CcrFOw/ GmFOv/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, acids, alkalis, ammonia, amines [Note: Polymerizes readily unless inhibited—usually with hydroquinone. May form shock-sensitive peroxides over time.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; decr pulm func; delayed pulm edema; chronic resp disease TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, heart			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Acrylamide	Formula: CH ₂ =CHCONH ₂	CAS#: 79-06-1	RTECS#: AS3325000	IDLH: Ca [60 mg/m ³]
Conversion:		DOT: 2074 153P		
Synonyms/Trade Names: Acrylamide monomer, Acrylic amide, Propenamide, 2-Propenamide				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA 0.03 mg/m ³ [skin] See Appendix A OSHA PEL†: TWA 0.3 mg/m ³ [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA 21, PV2004	
Physical Description: White crystalline, odorless solid.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 71.1 BP: 347-572°F (Decomposes) Sol(86°F): 216% Fl.P: 280°F IP: 9.50 eV Sp.Gr: 1.12 VP: 0.007 mmHg MLT: 184°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid (may also be dissolved in flammable liquids).		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ¥: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers [Note: May polymerize violently upon melting.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; ataxia, numb limbs, pares; musc weak; absent deep tendon reflex; hand sweat; lass, drow; repro effects; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, CNS, PNS, repro sys [in animals: tumors of the lungs, testes, thyroid & adrenal glands]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

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Acrylic acid	Formula: CH ₂ =CHCOOH	CAS#: 79-10-7	RTECS#: AS4375000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.95 mg/m ³		DOT: 2218 132P (inhibited)		
Synonyms/Trade Names: Acroleic acid, Aqueous acrylic acid (technical grade is 94%), Ethylenecarboxylic acid, Glacial acrylic acid (98% in aqueous solution), 2-Propenoic acid				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 2 ppm (6 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA 28, PV2005	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid or solid (below 55°F) with a distinctive, acrid odor. [Note: Shipped with an inhibitor (e.g., hydroquinone) since it readily polymerizes.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 72.1 BP: 286°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P: 121°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.05 VP: 3 mmHg FRZ: 55°F UEL: 8.02% LEL: 2.4% Class II Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
		Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, amines, alkalis, ammonium hydroxide, chloro-sulfonic acid, oleum, ethylene diamine, ethyleneimine, 2-aminoethanol [Note: Corrosive to many metals.]		
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; eye, skin burns; skin sens; in animals: lung, liver, kidney inj TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Acrylonitrile	Formula: CH ₂ =CHCN	CAS#: 107-13-1	RTECS#: AT5250000	IDLH: Ca [85 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.17 mg/m ³		DOT: 1093 131P (inhibited)		
Synonyms/Trade Names: Acrylonitrile monomer, AN, Cyanoethylene, Propenenitrile, 2-Propenenitrile, VCN, Vinyl cyanide				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA 1 ppm C 10 ppm [15-minute] [skin] See Appendix A OSHA PEL: [1910.1045] TWA 2 ppm C 10 ppm [15-minute] [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1604 OSHA 37	
Physical Description: Colorless to pale-yellow liquid with an unpleasant odor. [Note: Odor can only be detected above the PEL.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 53.1 BP: 171°F Sol: 7% Fl.P: 30°F IP: 10.91 eV Sp.Gr: 0.81 VP: 83 mmHg FRZ: -116°F UEL: 17% LEL: 3.0% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH * ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE See Appendix E (page 351)
		Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, acids & alkalis; bromine; amines [Note: Unless inhibited (usually with methylhydroquinone), may polymerize spontaneously or when heated or in presence of strong alkali. Attacks copper.]		
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; asphy; head; sneez; nau, vomit; lass, dizz; skin vesic; scaling derm; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, CVS, liver, kidneys, CNS [brain tumors, lung & bowel cancer]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Adiponitrile	Formula: NC(CH ₂) ₄ CN	CAS#: 111-69-3	RTECS#: AV2625000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.43 mg/m ³	DOT: 2205 153			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1,4-Dicyanobutane, Hexanedinitrile, Tetramethylene cyanide				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 4 ppm (18 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH Nitriles Criteria Document	
Physical Description: Water-white, practically odorless, oily liquid. [Note: A solid below 34°F. Forms cyanide in the body.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 108.2 BP: 563°F Sol: 4.5% Fl.P(oc): 199°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.97 VP: 0.002 mmHg FRZ: 34°F UEL: 5.0% LEL: 1.7% Class IIIA Combustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 40 ppm: Sa 100 ppm: Sa:Cf 200 ppm: ScbaF/SaF 250 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers (e.g., perchlorates, nitrates), strong acids (e.g., sulfuric acid) [Note: Decomposes above 194°F, forming hydrogen cyanide.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; head, dizz, lass, conf, convuls; blurred vision; dysp; abdom pain, nau, vomit TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, CVS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Aldrin	Formula: C ₁₂ H ₈ Cl ₆	CAS#: 309-00-2	RTECS#: IO2100000	IDLH: Ca [25 mg/m ³]
Conversion:	DOT: 2761 151			
Synonyms/Trade Names: HHDN, Octalene, 1,2,3,4,10,10-Hexachloro-1,4,4a,5,8,8a-hexahydro-endo-1,4-exo-5,8-dimethanonaphthalene				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA 0.25 mg/m ³ [skin] See Appendix A OSHA PEL: TWA 0.25 mg/m ³ [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5502	
Physical Description: Colorless to dark-brown crystalline solid with a mild chemical odor. [Note: Formerly used as an insecticide.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 364.9 BP: Decomposes Sol: 0.003% Fl.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.60 VP: 0.00008 mmHg MLT: 219°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid, but may be dissolved in flammable liquids.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ¥: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Concentrated mineral acids, active metals, acid catalysts, acid oxidizing agents, phenol				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Head, dizz; nau, vomit, mal; myoclonic jerks of limbs; clonic, tonic convuls; coma; hema, azotemia; [carc] TO: CNS, liver, kidneys, skin [in animals: tumors of the lungs, liver, thyroid & adrenal glands]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

A

Allyl alcohol		Formula: CH ₂ =CHCH ₂ OH	CAS#: 107-18-6	RTECS#: BA5075000	IDLH: 20 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.38 mg/m ³		DOT: 1098 131			
Synonyms/Trade Names: AA, Allylic alcohol, Propenol, 1-Propen-3-ol, 2-Propenol, Vinyl carbinol					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 2 ppm (5 mg/m ³) ST 4 ppm (10 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL†: TWA 2 ppm (5 mg/m ³) [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1402, 1405	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a pungent, mustard-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 58.1 BP: 205°F Sol: Miscible F.I.P.: 70°F IP: 9.63 eV Sp.Gr.: 0.85 VP: 17 mmHg FRZ: -200°F UEL: 18.0% LEL: 2.5% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 20 ppm: Sa:Cf*/Pap/Ov*/CcrFOv/ GmFOv/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, acids, carbon tetrachloride [Note: Polymerization may be caused by elevated temperatures, oxidizers, or peroxides.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Eye irrit, tissue damage; irrit upper resp sys, skin; pulm edema TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Allyl chloride		Formula: CH ₂ =CHCH ₂ Cl	CAS#: 107-05-1	RTECS#: UC7350000	IDLH: 250 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.13 mg/m ³		DOT: 1100 131			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 3-Chloropropene, 1-Chloro-2-propene, 3-Chloropropylene					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1 ppm (3 mg/m ³) ST 2 ppm (6 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 1 ppm (3 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1000 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless, brown, yellow, or purple liquid with a pungent, unpleasant odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 76.5 BP: 113°F Sol: 0.4% F.I.P.: -25°F IP: 10.05 eV Sp.Gr.: 0.94 VP: 295 mmHg MLT: -210°F UEL: 11.1% LEL: 2.9% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 25 ppm: Sa:Cf* 50 ppm: ScbaF/SaF 250 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, acids, amines, iron & aluminum chlorides, magnesium, zinc					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, muc memb; pulm edema; in animals: liver, kidney inj TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, liver, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Allyl glycidyl ether	Formula: C ₆ H ₁₀ O ₂	CAS#: 106-92-3	RTECS#: RR0875000	IDLH: 50 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.67 mg/m ³	DOT: 2219 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: AGE, 1-Allyloxy-2,3-epoxypropane, Glycidyl allyl ether, [(2-Propenyloxy)methyl] oxirane				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 ppm (22 mg/m ³) [skin] ST 10 ppm (44 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: C 10 ppm (45 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2545	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a pleasant odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 114.2 BP: 309°F Sol: 14% F.I.P.: 135°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.97 VP: 2 mmHg FRZ: -148°F [forms glass] UEL: ? LEL: ? Class II Combustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 50 ppm: CcrOv/PapRov/ GmFOv/Sa/ScbaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, resp sys; derm; pulm edema; narco; possible hemato, repro effects TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, blood, repro sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Allyl propyl disulfide	Formula: H ₂ C=CHCH ₂ S ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CAS#: 2179-59-1	RTECS#: JO0350000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 6.07 mg/m ³	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 4,5-Dithia-1-octene, Onion oil, 2-Propenyl propyl disulfide, Propyl allyl disulfide				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 2 ppm (12 mg/m ³) ST 3 ppm (18 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 2 ppm (12 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA PV2086	
Physical Description: Pale-yellow liquid with a strong & irritating onion-like odor. [Note: The chief volatile component of onion oil.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 148.3 BP: ? Sol: Insoluble F.I.P.: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr(59°F): 0.93 VP: ? FRZ: 5°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: N.R. Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose, resp sys; lac TO: Eyes, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

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α-Alumina	Formula: Al ₂ O ₃	CAS#: 1344-28-1	RTECS#: BD1200000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Alumina, Aluminum oxide, Aluminum trioxide [Note: α -Alumina is the main component of technical grade alumina. Corundum is natural Al ₂ O ₃ . Emery is an impure crystalline variety of Al ₂ O ₃ .]				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: See Appendix D OSHA PEL†: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500, 0600 OSHA ID109SG, ID198SG	
Physical Description: White, odorless, crystalline powder.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 101.9 BP: 5396°F Sol: Insoluble F.I.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 4.0 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 3632°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible solid, but dusts may form explosive mixtures in air.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Chlorine trifluoride, hot chlorinated rubber, acids, oxidizers [Note: Hydrogen gas may be formed when finely divided iron contacts moisture during crushing & milling operations.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Blot/brush away Breath: Fresh air Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Aluminum	Formula: Al	CAS#: 7429-90-5	RTECS#: BD0330000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT: 1309 170 (powder, coated); 1396 138 (powder, uncoated); 9260 169 (molten)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Aluminium, Aluminum metal, Aluminum powder, Elemental aluminum				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp) OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7013, 7300, 7301, 7303 OSHA ID121	
Physical Description: Silvery-white, malleable, ductile, odorless metal.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 27.0 BP: 4221°F Sol: Insoluble F.I.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 2.70 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 1220°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Combustible Solid, finely divided dust is easily ignited; may cause explosions.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers & acids, halogenated hydrocarbons [Note: Corrodes in contact with acids & other metals. Ignition may occur if powders are mixed with halogens, carbon disulfide, or methyl chloride.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Fresh air	

Aluminum (pyro powders and welding fumes, as Al)		Formula:	CAS#:	RTECS#:	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT: 1383 135 (powder, pyrophoric)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Synonyms vary depending upon the specific aluminum compound.					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7300, 7301, 7303	
Physical Description: Appearance and odor vary depending upon the specific aluminum compound.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: Properties vary depending upon the specific aluminum compound.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Varies					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit skin, resp sys; pulm fib TO: Skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Aluminum (soluble salts and alkyls, as Al)		Formula:	CAS#:	RTECS#:	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT: 3051 135 (Aluminum alkyls)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Synonyms vary depending upon the specific aluminum compound.					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 2 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7013, 7300, 7301, 7303 OSHA ID121	
Physical Description: Appearance and odor vary depending upon the specific aluminum compound.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: Properties vary depending upon the specific aluminum compound.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Varies					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit skin, resp sys; skin burns TO: Skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

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4-Aminodiphenyl		Formula: C ₈ H ₉ C ₆ H ₄ NH ₂	CAS#: 92-67-1	RTECS#: DU8925000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 4-Aminobiphenyl, p-Aminobiphenyl, p-Aminodiphenyl, 4-Phenylaniline					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL: [1910.1011] See Appendix B				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH P&CAM269 (II-4) OSHA 93	
Physical Description: Colorless crystals with a floral odor. [Note: Turns purple on contact with air.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 169.2 BP: 576°F Sol: Slight Fl.P.: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.16 VP(227°F): 1 mmHg MLT: 127°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid, but must be preheated before ignition possible.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE See Appendix E (page 351)	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidized by air					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Head, dizz; drow, dysp; ataxia, lass; methemo; urinary burning; acute hemorrhagic cystitis; [carc] TO: Bladder, skin [bladder cancer]				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

2-Aminopyridine		Formula: NH ₂ C ₅ H ₄ N	CAS#: 504-29-0	RTECS#: US1575000	IDLH: 5 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.85 mg/m ³		DOT: 2671 153			
Synonyms/Trade Names: α-Aminopyridine, α-Pyridylamine					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.5 ppm (2 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 0.5 ppm (2 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S158 (II-4)	
Physical Description: White powder, leaflets, or crystals with a characteristic odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 94.1 BP: 411°F Sol: >100% Fl.P: 154°F IP: 8.00 eV Sp.Gr: ? VP(77°F): 0.8 mmHg MLT: 137°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 5 ppm: Sa*/ScbaF ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOV100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose, throat; head, dizz; excitement; nau; high BP; resp distress; lass; convuls; stupor TO: CNS, resp sys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Amitrole	Formula: C ₂ H ₄ N ₄	CAS#: 61-82-5	RTECS#: XZ3850000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Aminotriazole; 3-Aminotriazole; 2-Amino-1,3,4-triazole; 3-Amino-1,2,4-triazole				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA 0.2 mg/m ³ See Appendix A		OSHA PEL†: none		Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500 OSHA PV2006
Physical Description: Colorless to white, crystalline powder. [herbicide] [Note: Odorless when pure.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 84.1 BP: ? Sol(77°F): 28% Fl.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.14 VP: <0.000008 mmHg MLT: 318°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid, but may be dissolved in flammable liquids.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Light (decomposes), strong oxidizers [Note: Corrosive to iron, aluminum & copper.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; dysp, musc spasms, ataxia, anor, salv, incr body temperature; lass, skin dryness, depres (thyroid func suppression) TO: Eyes, skin, thyroid [in animals: liver, thyroid & pituitary gland tumors]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Ammonia	Formula: NH ₃	CAS#: 7664-41-7	RTECS#: BO0875000	IDLH: 300 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 0.70 mg/m ³	DOT: 1005 125 (anhydrous); 2672 154 (10-35% solution); 2073 125 (>35-50% solution); 1005 125 (>50% solution)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Anhydrous ammonia, Aqua ammonia, Aqueous ammonia [Note: Often used in an aqueous solution.]				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 25 ppm (18 mg/m ³) ST 35 ppm (27 mg/m ³)		OSHA PEL†: TWA 50 ppm (35 mg/m ³)		Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 3800, 6015, 6016 OSHA ID188
Physical Description: Colorless gas with a pungent, suffocating odor. [Note: Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas. Easily liquefied under pressure.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 17.0 BP: -28°F Sol: 34% Fl.P: NA (Gas) IP: 10.18 eV RGasD: 0.60 VP: 8.5 atm FRZ: -108°F UEL: 28% LEL: 15% [Note: Although NH ₃ does not meet the DOT definition of a Flammable Gas (for labeling purposes), it should be treated as one.]		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam (solution) Remove: When wet or contam (solution) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash (>10%) Quick drench (>10%)		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 250 ppm: CcrS*/Sa* 300 ppm: Sa:C*/Paprs*/CcrFs/ GmFS/ScbaF/SaF ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS/ScbaE
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, acids, halogens, salts of silver & zinc [Note: Corrosive to copper & galvanized surfaces.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing (solution), Con (solution/liquid) SY: Irrit eyes, nose, throat; dysp, wheez, chest pain; pulm edema; pink frothy sputum; skin burns, vesic; liquid: frostbite TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed (solution/liquid) Skin: Water flush immed (solution/liquid) Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed (solution)	

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Ammonium chloride fume		Formula: NH ₄ Cl	CAS#: 12125-02-9	RTECS#: BP4550000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Ammonium chloride, Ammonium muriate fume, Sal ammoniac fume					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ ST 20 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA ID188	
Physical Description: Finely divided, odorless, white particulate dispersed in air.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 53.5 BP: Sublimes Sol: 37% F.I.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 1.53 VP(321°F): 1 mmHg MLT: 662°F (Sublimes) UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Alkalis & their carbonates, lead & silver salts, strong oxidizers, ammonium nitrate, potassium chlorate, bromine trifluoride [Note: Corrodes most metals at high (i.e., fire) temperatures.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; cough, dysp, pulm sens TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support		

Ammonium sulfamate		Formula: NH ₄ OSO ₂ NH ₂	CAS#: 7773-06-0	RTECS#: WO6125000	IDLH: 1500 mg/m ³
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Ammate herbicide, Ammonium amidosulfonate, AMS, Monoammonium salt of sulfamic acid, Sulfamate					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp) OSHA PEL†: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S348 (II-5)	
Physical Description: Colorless to white crystalline, odorless solid. [herbicide]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 114.1 BP: 320°F (Decomposes) Sol: 200% F.I.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.77 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 268°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 50 mg/m³: Qm 100 mg/m³: 95XQ/Sa 250 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/PaprHie 500 mg/m³: SaT:Cf/PaprTHie/100F/ ScbaF/SaF 1500 mg/m³: Sa:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Acids, hot water [Note: Elevated temperatures cause a highly exothermic reaction with water.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose, throat; cough, dysp TO: Eyes, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

n-Amyl acetate	Formula: CH ₃ COO(CH ₂) ₄ CH ₃	CAS#: 628-63-7	RTECS#: AJ9250000	IDLH: 1000 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.33 mg/m ³	DOT: 1104 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Amyl acetic ester, Amyl acetic ether, 1-Pentanol acetate, Pentyl ester of acetic acid, Primary amyl acetate				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 100 ppm (525 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 100 ppm (525 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1450, 2549 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a persistent banana-like odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 130.2 BP: 301°F Sol: 0.2% Fl.P: 77°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.88 VP: 4 mmHg FRZ: -95°F UEL: 7.5% LEL: 1.1% Class IC Flammable Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 1000 ppm: CcrOv*/GmFOv/PaprvOv/ Sa*/ScbaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Nitrates; strong oxidizers, alkalis & acids				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose; dermat; possible CNS depres, narco TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

sec-Amyl acetate	Formula: CH ₃ COOCH(CH ₃)C ₃ H ₇	CAS#: 626-38-0	RTECS#: AJ2100000	IDLH: 1000 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.33 mg/m ³	DOT: 1104 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1-Methylbutyl acetate, 2-Pentanol acetate, 2-Pentyl ester of acetic acid				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 125 ppm (650 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 125 ppm (650 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1450, 2549 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a mild odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 130.2 BP: 249°F Sol: Slight Fl.P: 89°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.87 VP: 7 mmHg FRZ: -109°F UEL: 7.5% LEL: 1% Class IC Flammable Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 1000 ppm: CcrOv*/GmFOv/PaprvOv/ Sa*/ScbaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Nitrates; strong oxidizers, alkalis & acids				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose; narco; dermat; possible kidney, liver inj; possible CNS depres TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, kidneys, liver, CNS		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

A

Aniline (and homologs)		Formula: C ₆ H ₅ NH ₂	CAS#: 62-53-3	RTECS#: BW6650000	IDLH: Ca [100 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.81 mg/m ³		DOT: 1547 153			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Aminobenzene, Aniline oil, Benzenamine, Phenylamine					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL†: TWA 5 ppm (19 mg/m ³) [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2002, 2017, 8317 OSHA PV2079	
Physical Description: Colorless to brown, oily liquid with an aromatic amine-like odor. [Note: A solid below 21°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 93.1 BP: 363°F Sol: 4% Fl.P: 158°F IP: 7.70 eV Sp.Gr: 1.02 VP: 0.6 mmHg FRZ: 21°F UEL: 11% LEL: 1.3% Class IIIA Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, strong acids, toluene diisocyanate, alkalis					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Head, lass, dizz; cyan; ataxia; dysp on effort; tacar; irrit eyes; methemo; cirr; [carc] TO: Blood, CVS, eyes, liver, kidneys, resp sys [bladder cancer]				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

o-Anisidine		Formula: NH ₂ C ₆ H ₄ OCH ₃	CAS#: 90-04-0	RTECS#: BZ5410000	IDLH: Ca [50 mg/m ³]
Conversion:		DOT: 2431 153			
Synonyms/Trade Names: ortho-Aminoanisole, 2-Anisidine, o-Methoxyaniline [Note: o-Anisidine has been used as a basis for many dyes.]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca 0.5 mg/m ³ [skin] See Appendix A OSHA PEL: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2514	
Physical Description: Red or yellow, oily liquid with an amine-like odor. [Note: A solid below 41°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 123.2 BP: 437°F Sol(77°F): 1% Fl.P(oc): 244°F IP: 7.44 eV Sp.Gr: 1.10 VP: <0.1 mmHg FRZ: 41°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIB Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Head, dizz; cyan; RBC Heinz bodies; [carc] TO: Blood, kidneys, liver, CVS, CNS [in animals: tumors of the thyroid gland, bladder & kidneys]				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

p-Anisidine	Formula: NH ₂ C ₆ H ₄ OCH ₃	CAS#: 104-94-9	RTECS#: BZ5450000	IDLH: 50 mg/m ³
Conversion:	DOT: 2431 153			
Synonyms/Trade Names: para-Aminoanisole, 4-Anisidine, p-Methoxyaniline				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2514	
Physical Description: Yellow to brown, crystalline solid with an amine-like odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 123.2 BP: 475°F Sol: Moderate Fl.P.: ? IP: 7.44 eV Sp.Gr: 1.07 VP(77°F): 0.006 mmHg MLT: 135°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Quick drench	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 5 mg/m³: 95XQ/Sa 12.5 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/PaprHie 25 mg/m³: 100F/PaprTHie*/ScbaF/SaF 50 mg/m³: Sa:Pd,Pp* §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Head, dizz; cyan; RBC Heinz bodies TO: Blood, kidneys, liver, CVS, CNS		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Antimony	Formula: Sb	CAS#: 7440-36-0	RTECS#: CC4025000	IDLH: 50 mg/m ³ (as Sb)
Conversion:	DOT: 1549 157 (inorganic compounds, n.o.s.); 2871 170 (powder); 3141 157 (inorganic liquid compounds, n.o.s.)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Antimony metal, Antimony powder, Stibium				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL*: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL*: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ [*Note: The REL and PEL also apply to other antimony compounds (as Sb).]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7301, 7303, P&CAM 261 (II-4) OSHA ID121, ID125G, ID206	
Physical Description: Silver-white, lustrous, hard, brittle solid; scale-like crystals; or a dark-gray, lustrous powder.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 121.8 BP: 2975°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P.: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 6.69 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 1166°F UEL: NA LEL: NA	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 5 mg/m³: 95XQ/Sa 12.5 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/PapHie 25 mg/m³: 100F/SaT:Cf/PaprTHie/ScbaF/SaF 50 mg/m³: Sa:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE		
Noncombustible Solid in bulk form, but a moderate explosion hazard in the form of dust when exposed to flame.				
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, acids, halogenated acids [Note: Stibine is formed when antimony is exposed to nascent (freshly formed) hydrogen.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat, mouth; cough; dizz; head; nau, vomit, diarr; stomach cramps; insom; anor; unable to smell properly TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CVS		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

A

ANTU		Formula: C ₁₀ H ₇ NHC(NH ₂)S	CAS#: 86-88-4	RTECS#: YT9275000	IDLH: 100 mg/m ³
Conversion:		DOT: 1651 153			
Synonyms/Trade Names: α-Naphthyl thiocarbamide, 1-Naphthyl thiourea, α-Naphthyl thiourea					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.3 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL: TWA 0.3 mg/m ³				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S276 (II-5)	
Physical Description: White crystalline or gray, odorless powder. [rodenticide]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 202.3 BP: Decomposes SoI: 0.06% Fl.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: ? VP: Low MLT: 388°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 3 mg/m³: CcrOv95/Sa 7.5 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/PapRovHie 15 mg/m³: CcrFOv100/GmFOv100/ PapRTOvHie/SaT:Cf/ScbaF/SaF 100 mg/m³: Sa:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, silver nitrate					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing SY: After ingestion of large doses: vomit, dysp, cyan, coarse pulm rales; liver damage TO: Resp sys, blood, liver				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Arsenic (inorganic compounds, as As)		Formula: As (metal)	CAS#: 7440-38-2 (metal)	RTECS#: CG0525000 (metal)	IDLH: Ca [5 mg/m ³ (as As)]
Conversion:		DOT: 1558 152 (metal); 1562 152 (dust)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Arsenia Other synonyms vary depending upon the specific As compound. [Note: OSHA considers "Inorganic Arsenic" to mean copper acetoarsenite & all inorganic compounds containing arsenic except ARSINE.]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca C 0.002 mg/m ³ [15-minute] See Appendix A OSHA PEL: [1910.1018] TWA 0.010 mg/m ³				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7300, 7301, 7303, 9102, 7900 OSHA ID105	
Physical Description: Metal: Silver-gray or tin-white, brittle, odorless solid.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 74.9 BP: Sublimes SoI: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 5.73 (metal) VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 1135°F (Sublimes) UEL: NA LEL: NA		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ✕: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFAg100/ScbaE See Appendix E (page 351)	
Metal: Noncombustible Solid in bulk form, but a slight explosion hazard in the form of dust when exposed to flame.					
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, bromine azide [Note: Hydrogen gas can react with inorganic arsenic to form the highly toxic gas arsine.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Con, Ing SY: Ulceration of nasal septum, derm, GI disturbances, peri neur, resp irrit, hyperpig of skin, [carc] TO: Liver, kidneys, skin, lungs, lymphatic sys [lung & lymphatic cancer]				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Arsenic (organic compounds, as As)		Formula:	CAS#:	RTECS#:	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Synonyms vary depending upon the specific organic arsenic compound.					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: none OSHA PEL: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5022	
Physical Description: Appearance and odor vary depending upon the specific organic arsenic compound.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: Properties vary depending upon the specific organic arsenic compound.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Recommendations regarding personal protective clothing vary depending upon the specific compound.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Varies					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: In animals: irrit skin, possible derm; resp distress; diarr; kidney damage; musc tremor, convuls; possible GI tract, repro effects; possible liver damage TO: Skin, resp sys, kidneys, CNS, liver, GI tract, repro sys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Arsine		Formula: AsH ₃	CAS#: 7784-42-1	RTECS#: CG6475000	IDLH: Ca [3 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.19 mg/m ³		DOT: 2188 119			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Arsenic hydride, Arsenic trihydride, Arseniuretted hydrogen, Arsenous hydride, Hydrogen arsenide					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca C 0.002 mg/m ³ [15-minute] See Appendix A OSHA PEL: TWA 0.05 ppm (0.2 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 6001 OSHA ID105	
Physical Description: Colorless gas with a mild, garlic-like odor. [Note: Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 78.0 BP: -81°F Sol: 20% F.L.P: NA (Gas) IP: 9.89 eV RGasD: 2.69 VP(70°F): 14.9 atm FRZ: -179°F UEL: 78% LEL: 5.1% Flammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Frostbite Eyes: Frostbite Wash skin: N.R. Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Frostbite wash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☞ ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp/AScBa Escape: GmFS/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, chlorine, nitric acid [Note: Decomposes above 446°F. There is a high potential for the generation of arsine gas when inorganic arsenic is exposed to nascent (freshly formed) hydrogen.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con (liquid) SY: Head, mal, lass, dizz; dysp; abdom, back pain; nau, vomit; bronze skin; hema; jaun; peri neur; liquid: frostbite; [carc] TO: Blood, kidneys, liver [lung & lymphatic cancer]				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Frostbite Skin: Frostbite Breath: Resp support	

A

Asbestos	Formula: Hydrated mineral silicates	CAS#: 1332-21-4	RTECS#: Cl6475000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion:	DOT: 2212 171 (blue, brown); 2590 171 (white)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Actinolite, Actinolite asbestos, Amosite (cummingtonite-grunerite), Anthophyllite, Anthophyllite asbestos, Chrysotile, Crocidolite (Riebeckite), Tremolite, Tremolite asbestos				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A See Appendix C OSHA PEL: [1910.1001] [1926.1101] See Appendix C			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7400, 7402 OSHA ID160, ID191	
Physical Description: White or greenish (chrysotile), blue (crocidolite), or gray-green (amosite) fibrous, odorless solids.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: Varies BP: Decomposes Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr.? VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 1112°F (Decomposes) UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solids	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: Daily Remove: N.R. Change: Daily	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE See Appendix E (page 351)		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Asbestosis (chronic exposure); dysp, interstitial fib, restricted pulm function, finger clubbing; irrit eyes; [carc] TO: Resp sys, eyes [lung cancer]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Fresh air	

Asphalt fumes	Formula:	CAS#: 8052-42-4	RTECS#: Cl9900000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion:	DOT: 1999 130 (asphalt)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Asphalt: Asphaltum, Bitumen (European term), Petroleum asphalt, Petroleum bitumen, Road asphalt, Roofing asphalt				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca C 5 mg/m ³ [15-minute] See Appendix A See Appendix C OSHA PEL: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5042	
Physical Description: Fumes generated during the production or application of asphalt (a dark-brown to black cement-like substance manufactured by the vacuum distillation of crude petroleum oil).				
Chemical & Physical Properties: Properties vary depending upon the specific asphalt formulation or mixture. Asphalt: Combustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: Daily Remove: N.R. Change: Daily	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOV100/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported [Note: Asphalt becomes molten at about 200°F.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Con SY: Irrit eyes, resp sys; [carc] TO: Eyes, resp sys [in animals: skin tumors]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Resp support	

Atrazine	Formula: C ₈ H ₁₄ ClN ₅	CAS#: 1912-24-9	RTECS#: XY5600000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT: 2763 151 (triazine pesticide)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 2-Chloro-4-ethylamino-6-isopropylamino-s-triazine; 6-Chloro-N-ethyl-N'-(1-methylethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5602, 8315	
Physical Description: Colorless or white, odorless, crystalline powder. [herbicide]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 215.7 BP: Decomposes Sol: 0.003% F.I.P.: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 1.19 VP: 0.0000003 mmHg MLT: 340°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid, but may be mixed with flammable liquids.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong acids, strong bases				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; derm, sens skin; dysp, lass, inco, salv; hypothermia; liver inj TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, liver			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Azinphos-methyl	Formula: C ₁₀ H ₁₂ O ₃ PS ₂ N ₃ [(CH ₃ O) ₂ P(S)SCH ₂ (N ₂ C ₇ H ₄ O)]	CAS#: 86-50-0	RTECS#: TE1925000	IDLH: 10 mg/m ³
Conversion:	DOT: 2783 152 (organophosphorus pesticide, solid, toxic)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: O,O-Dimethyl-S 4-oxo-1,2,3-benzotriazin-3(4H)-ylmethyl phosphorodithioate; Guthion®; Methyl azinphos				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.2 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 0.2 mg/m ³ [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5600 OSHA PV2087	
Physical Description: Colorless crystals or a brown, waxy solid. [insecticide]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 317.3 BP: Decomposes Sol: 0.003% F.I.P.: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.44 VP: 8 x 10 ⁻⁹ mmHg MLT: 163°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 2 mg/m³: CcrOv95/Sa 5 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/Pap/Ov/Hie 10 mg/m³: CcrFOv100/GmFOv100/ Pap/Tov/Hie/SaT:Cf/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:Ascba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, acids				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Miosis; ache eyes; blurred vision, lac, rhin; head; chest tight, wheez, lar spasm; salv; cyan; anor; nau, vomit, diarr; sweat; twitch, para, convuls; low BP, card irreg TO: Resp sys, CNS, CVS, blood chol			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

B

Barium chloride (as Ba)		Formula: BaCl ₂	CAS#: 10361-37-2	RTECS#: CQ8750000	IDLH: 50 mg/m ³ (as Ba)
Conversion:		DOT: 1564 154 (barium compound, n.o.s.)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Barium dichloride					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL*: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL*: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ [*Note: The REL and PEL also apply to other soluble barium compounds (as Ba) except Barium sulfate.]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7056, 7303 OSHA ID121	
Physical Description: White, odorless solid.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 208.2 BP: 2840°F Sol: 38% Fl.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 3.86 VP: Low MLT: 1765°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 5 mg/m³: 95XQ/Sa 12.5 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/PapRHe 25 mg/m³: 100F/SaT:Cf/PapRThie/ ScbaF/SaF 50 mg/m³: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Acids, oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, upper resp sys; skin burns; gastroenteritis; musc spasm; slow pulse, extrasystoles; hypokalemia TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, heart, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Barium nitrate (as Ba)		Formula: Ba(NO ₃) ₂	CAS#: 10022-31-8	RTECS#: CQ9625000	IDLH: 50 mg/m ³ (as Ba)
Conversion:		DOT: 1446 141			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Barium dinitrate, Barium(II) nitrate (1:2), Barium salt of nitric acid					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL*: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL*: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ [*Note: The REL and PEL also apply to other soluble barium compounds (as Ba) except Barium sulfate.]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7056 OSHA ID121	
Physical Description: White, odorless solid.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 261.4 BP: Decomposes Sol: 9% Fl.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 3.24 VP: Low MLT: 1094°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid, but will accelerate the burning of combustible materials.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 5 mg/m³: 95XQ/Sa 12.5 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/PapRHe 25 mg/m³: 100F/SaT:Cf/PapRThie/ ScbaF/SaF 50 mg/m³: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Acids, oxidizers, aluminum-magnesium alloys. (barium dioxide + zinc) [*Note: Contact with combustible material may cause fire.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, upper resp sys; skin burns; gastroenteritis; musc spasm; slow pulse, extrasystoles; hypokalemia TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, heart, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Barium sulfate	Formula: BaSO ₄	CAS#: 7727-43-7	RTECS#: CR0600000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT: 1564 154 (barium compound, n.o.s.)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Artificial barite, Barite, Barium salt of sulfuric acid, Barytes (natural)				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp) OSHA PEL†: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500, 0600	
Physical Description: White or yellowish, odorless powder.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 233.4 BP: 2912°F (Decomposes) Sol(64°F): 0.0002% Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 4.25-4.5 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 2876°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: Daily Remove: N.R. Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Phosphorus, aluminum [Note: Aluminum in the presence of heat can cause an explosion.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose, upper resp sys; benign pneumoconiosis (baritosis) TO: Eyes, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

B

Benomyl	Formula: C ₁₄ H ₁₈ N ₄ O ₃	CAS#: 17804-35-2	RTECS#: DD6475000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT: 2757 151 (carbamate pesticide, solid)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Methyl 1-(butylcarbamoyl)-2-benzimidazolecarbamate				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: See Appendix D OSHA PEL†: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500, 0600 OSHA PV2107	
Physical Description: White crystalline solid with a faint, acrid odor. [fungicide] [Note: Decomposes without melting above 572°F.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 290.4 BP: Decomposes Sol: 0.0004% Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: ? VP: <0.00001 mmHg MLT: >572°F (Decomposes) UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Heat, strong acids, strong alkalis				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, upper resp sys; skin sens; possible repro, terato effects TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, repro sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

B

Benzene		Formula: C ₆ H ₆	CAS#: 71-43-2	RTECS#: CY1400000	IDLH: Ca [500 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.19 mg/m ³		DOT: 1114 130			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Benzol, Phenyl hydride					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA 0.1 ppm ST 1 ppm See Appendix A			OSHA PEL: [1910.1028] TWA 1 ppm ST 5 ppm See Appendix F		Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1500, 1501, 3700, 3800 OSHA 12, 1005
Physical Description: Colorless to light-yellow liquid with an aromatic odor. [Note: A solid below 42°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 78.1 BP: 176°F Sol: 0.07% Fl.P: 12°F IP: 9.24 eV Sp.Gr: 0.88 VP: 75 mmHg FRZ: 42°F UEL: 7.8% LEL: 1.2% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE See Appendix E (page 351)	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, many fluorides & perchlorates, nitric acid					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, resp sys; dizz; head, nau, staggered gait; anor, lass; derm; bone marrow depres; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, blood, CNS, bone marrow [leukemia]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Benzenethiol		Formula: C ₆ H ₅ SH	CAS#: 108-98-5	RTECS#: DC0525000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.51 mg/m ³		DOT: 2337 131			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Mercaptobenzene, Phenyl mercaptan, Thiophenol					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 0.1 ppm (0.5 mg/m ³) [15-minute] OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA PV2075		
Physical Description: Water-white liquid with an offensive, garlic-like odor. [Note: A solid below 5°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 110.2 BP: 336°F Sol(77°F): 0.08% Fl.P: 132°F IP: 8.33 eV Sp.Gr: 1.08 VP(65°F): 1 mmHg FRZ: 5°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class II Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 1 ppm: CcrOv/Sa 2.5 ppm: Sa:Cf/PapOv 5 ppm: CcrFOv/GmFOv/PapTOv/ ScbaF/SaF ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong acids & bases, calcium hypochlorite, alkali metals [Note: Oxidizes on exposure to air.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; derm; cyan; cough, wheez, dysp, pulm edema, pneu; head, dizz, CNS depres; nau, vomit; kidney, liver, spleen damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, kidneys, liver, spleen			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Benzidine	Formula: NH ₂ C ₆ H ₄ C ₆ H ₄ NH ₂	CAS#: 92-87-5	RTECS#: DC9625000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion:	DOT: 1885 153			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Benzidine-based dyes; 4,4'-Bianiline; 4,4'-Biphenyldiamine; 1,1'-Biphenyl-4,4'-diamine; 4,4'-Diaminobiphenyl; p-Diaminodiphenyl [Note: Benzidine has been used as a basis for many dyes.]				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A See Appendix C			OSHA PEL: [1910.1010] See Appendix B See Appendix C	
Physical Description: Grayish-yellow, reddish-gray, or white crystalline powder. [Note: Darkens on exposure to air and light.]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5509 OSHA 65	
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 184.3 BP: 752°F Sol(54°F): 0.04% Fl.P.: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.25 VP: Low MLT: 239°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid, but difficult to burn.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE See Appendix E (page 351)
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Red fuming nitric acid				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Hema; secondary anemia from hemolysis; acute cystitis; acute liver disorders; derm; painful, irreg urination; [carc] TO: Bladder, skin, kidneys, liver, blood [liver, kidney & bladder cancer]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

B

Benzoyl peroxide	Formula: (C ₆ H ₅ CO) ₂ O ₂	CAS#: 94-36-0	RTECS#: DM8575000	IDLH: 1500 mg/m ³
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Benzoperoxide, Dibenzoyl peroxide				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/m ³			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5009	
Physical Description: Colorless to white crystals or a granular powder with a faint, benzaldehyde-like odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 242.2 BP: Decomposes explosively Sol: <1% Fl.P.: 176°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.33 VP: <1 mmHg MLT: 217°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid (easily ignited and burns very rapidly).		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 50 mg/m³: 95XQ*/Sa* 125 mg/m³: Sa:Cf*/PapriHie* 250 mg/m³: 100F/PapriTHie*/ScbaF/SaF 1500 mg/m³: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Combustible substances (wood, paper, etc.), acids, alkalis, alcohols, amines, ethers [Note: Containers may explode when heated. Extremely explosion-sensitive to shock, heat & friction.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; sens derm TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

B

Benzyl chloride	Formula: C ₆ H ₅ CH ₂ Cl	CAS#: 100-44-7	RTECS#: XS8925000	IDLH: 10 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.18 mg/m ³	DOT: 1738 156			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Chloromethylbenzene, α-Chlorotoluene				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 1 ppm (5 mg/m ³) [15-minute] OSHA PEL: TWA 1 ppm (5 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1003 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless to slightly yellow liquid with a pungent, aromatic odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 126.6 BP: 354°F Sol: 0.05% Fl.P: 153°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.10 VP: 1 mmHg FRZ: -38°F UEL: ? LEL: 1.1% Class IIIA Combustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 10 ppm: CcrOvAg*/GmFOvAg/ PapRovAg*/Sa*/ScbaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOvAg/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, acids, copper, aluminum, magnesium, iron, zinc, tin [Note: Can polymerize when in contact with all common metals except nickel & lead. Hydrolyzes in H ₂ O to benzyl alcohol.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose; lass; irrity; head; skin eruption; pulm edema TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Beryllium & beryllium compounds (as Be)	Formula: Be (metal)	CAS#: 7440-41-7 (metal)	RTECS#: DS1750000 (metal)	IDLH: Ca [4 mg/m ³ (as Be)]
Conversion:	DOT: 1566 154 (compounds); 1567 134 (powder)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Beryllium metal Other synonyms vary depending upon the specific beryllium compound.				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca Not to exceed 0.0005 mg/m ³ See Appendix A OSHA PEL: TWA 0.002 mg/m ³ C 0.005 mg/m ³ 0.025 mg/m ³ [30-minute maximum peak]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7102, 7300, 7301, 7303, 9102 OSHA ID125G, ID206	
Physical Description: Metal: A hard, brittle, gray-white solid.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 9.0 BP: 4532°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 1.85 (metal) VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 2349°F UEL: NA LEL: NA	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
Metal: Noncombustible Solid in bulk form, but a slight explosion hazard in the form of a powder or dust.				
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Acids, caustics, chlorinated hydrocarbons, oxidizers, molten lithium				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Berylliosis (chronic exposure): anor, low-wgt, lass, chest pain, cough, clubbing of fingers, cyan, pulm insufficiency; irrit eyes; derm; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys [lung cancer]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Fresh air	

Bismuth telluride, doped with Selenium sulfide (as Bi₂Te₃)		Formula:	CAS#:	RTECS#:	IDLH:
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Doped bismuth sesquiterelluride, Doped bismuth telluride, Doped bismuth tritelluride, Doped tellurobismuthite [Note: Doped with selenium sulfide. Commercial mix may contain 80% Bi ₂ Te ₃ , 20% stannous telluride, plus some tellurium.]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500 OSHA ID121	
Physical Description: Gray, crystalline solid that has been enhanced (doped) with a small amount of selenium sulfide (SeS). [Note: Doping alters the conductivity of a semiconductor.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: Properties are unavailable but should be similar to Bismuth telluride, undoped. Sp.Gr: ? Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, moisture					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, upper resp sys; garlic breath; in animals: pulm lesions (nonfibrotic) TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

B

Bismuth telluride, undoped		Formula:	CAS#:	RTECS#:	IDLH:
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Bismuth sesquiterelluride, Bismuth telluride, Bismuth tritelluride, Tellurobismuthite					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp) OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500, 0600 OSHA ID121	
Physical Description: Gray, crystalline solid.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 800.8 BP: ? Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 7.7 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 1063°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers (e.g., bromine, chlorine, or fluorine), moisture, nitric acid (decomposes)					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, upper resp sys; garlic breath TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

B	Borates, tetra, sodium salts (Anhydrous)	Formula: Na ₂ B ₄ O ₇	CAS#: 1330-43-4	RTECS#: ED4588000	IDLH: N.D.
	Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Anhydrous borax, Borax dehydrated, Disodium salt of boric acid, Disodium tetraborate, Fused borax, Sodium borate (anhydrous), Sodium tetraborate					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500 OSHA ID125G	
Physical Description: White to gray, odorless powder. [herbicide] [Note: Becomes opaque on exposure to air.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 201.2 BP: 2867°F (Decomposes) Sol: 4% FI.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 2.37 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 1366°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: Daily Remove: N.R. Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Moisture [Note: Forms partial hydrate in moist air.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, upper resp sys; derm; epis; cough, dysp TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

B	Borates, tetra, sodium salts (Decahydrate)	Formula: Na ₂ B ₄ O ₇ ·10H ₂ O	CAS#: 1303-96-4	RTECS#: VZ2275000	IDLH: N.D.
	Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Borax, Borax decahydrate, Sodium borate decahydrate, Sodium tetraborate decahydrate					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500 OSHA ID125G	
Physical Description: White, odorless, crystalline solid. [herbicide] [Note: Becomes anhydrous at 608°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 381.4 BP: 608°F Sol: 6% FI.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 1.73 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 167°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid (an inherent fire retardant).		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: Daily Remove: N.R. Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Zirconium, strong acids, metallic salts					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, upper resp sys; derm; epis; cough, dysp TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Borates, tetra, sodium salts (Pentahydrate)	Formula: Na ₂ B ₄ O ₇ ·5H ₂ O	CAS#: 12179-04-3	RTECS#: VZ2540000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Borax pentahydrate, Sodium borate pentahydrate, Sodium tetraborate pentahydrate				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500 OSHA ID125G	
Physical Description: Colorless or white, odorless crystals or free-flowing powder. [herbicide] [Note: Begins to lose water of hydration at 252°F.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 291.4 BP: ? Sol: 3% Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 1.82 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 392°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: Daily Remove: N.R. Change: Daily	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported [Note: See the reactivities & incompatibilities reported for the related substance Borax decahydrate above.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, upper resp sys; derm; epis; cough, dysp TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

B

Boron oxide	Formula: B ₂ O ₃	CAS#: 1303-86-2	RTECS#: ED7900000	IDLH: 2000 mg/m ³
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Boric anhydride, Boric oxide, Boron trioxide				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: TWA 15 mg/m ³			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500	
Physical Description: Colorless, semitransparent lumps or hard, white, odorless crystals.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 69.6 BP: 3380°F Sol: 3% Fl.P: NA IP: 13.50 eV Sp.Gr: 2.46 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 842°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 50 mg/m ³ : Qm* 100 mg/m ³ : 95XQ*/Sa* 250 mg/m ³ : Sa:C*/PaprHie* 500 mg/m ³ : 100F/PaprTHie*/ScbaF/SaF 2000 mg/m ³ : SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Water [Note: Reacts slowly with water to form boric acid.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; cough; conj; skin eryt TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Fresh air Swallow: Medical attention immed	

B

Boron tribromide	Formula: BBr ₃	CAS#: 10294-33-4	RTECS#: ED7400000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 10.25 mg/m ³	DOT: 2692 157			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Boron bromide, Tribromoborane				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 1 ppm (10 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless, fuming liquid with a sharp, irritating odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 250.5 BP: 194°F Sol: Decomposes F.L.P: NA IP: 9.70 eV Sp.Gr(65°F): 2.64 VP(57°F): 40 mmHg FRZ: -51°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Moisture, water, heat, potassium, sodium, alcohols [Note: Attacks metals, wood & rubber. Reacts with water to form boric acid and hydrogen bromide.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; eye, skin burns; dysp, pulm edema TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Boron trifluoride	Formula: BF ₃	CAS#: 7637-07-2	RTECS#: ED2275000	IDLH: 25 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.77 mg/m ³	DOT: 1008 125			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Boron fluoride, Trifluoroborane				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 1 ppm (3 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: C 1 ppm (3 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless gas with a pungent, suffocating odor. [Note: Forms dense white fumes in moist air. Shipped as a nonliquefied compressed gas.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 67.8 BP: -148°F Sol: 106% (in cold H ₂ O) F.L.P: NA IP: 15.50 eV RGasD: 2.38 VP: >50 atm FRZ: -196°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Nonflammable Gas	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 10 ppm: Sa* 25 ppm: Sa;C*/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF;Pd,Pp/SaF;Pd,Pp;AScba Escape: GmFS/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Alkali metals, calcium oxide [Note: Hydrolyzes in moist air or hot water to form boric acid, hydrogen fluoride & fluoboric acid.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, resp sys; epis; eye, skin burns; in animals: pneu; kidney damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support	

Bromacil		Formula: C ₉ H ₁₃ BrN ₂ O ₂	CAS#: 314-40-9	RTECS#: YQ9100000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 10.68 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 5-Bromo-3-sec-butyl-6-methyluracil, 5-Bromo-6-methyl-3-(1-methylpropyl)uracil					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1 ppm (10 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500	
Physical Description: Odorless, colorless to white, crystalline solid. [herbicide] [Note: Commercially available as a wettable powder or in liquid formulations.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 261.2 BP: Sublimes Sol(77°F): 0.08% F.I.P.: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.55 VP(212°F): 0.0008 mmHg MLT: 317°F (Sublimes) UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid, but may be dissolved in flammable liquids.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong acids (decomposes slowly), oxidizers, heat, sparks, open flames					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, upper resp sys; in animals: thyroid inj TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, thyroid				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

B

Bromine		Formula: Br ₂	CAS#: 7726-95-6	RTECS#: EF9100000	IDLH: 3 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 6.54 mg/m ³		DOT: 1744 154			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Molecular bromine					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.1 ppm (0.7 mg/m ³) ST 0.3 ppm (2 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 0.1 ppm (0.7 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 6011 OSHA ID108	
Physical Description: Dark reddish-brown, fuming liquid with suffocating, irritating fumes.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 159.8 BP: 139°F Sol: 4% F.I.P.: NA IP: 10.55 eV Sp.Gr: 3.12 VP: 172 mmHg FRZ: 19°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Liquid, but accelerates the burning of combustibles.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 2.5 ppm: Sa:CfE/PapRS ₂ E 3 ppm: CrFS ₂ /GmFS ₂ /PapTS ₂ E/L ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFS ₂ /ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Combustible organics (sawdust, wood, cotton, straw, etc.), aluminum, readily oxidizable materials, ammonia, hydrogen, acetylene, phosphorus, potassium, sodium [Note: Corrodes iron, steel, stainless steel & copper.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Dizz, head, lac, epis; cough, feeling of oppression, pulm edema, pneu; abdom pain, diarr; measles-like eruptions; eye, skin burns TO: Resp sys, eyes, CNS, skin				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

B

Bromine pentafluoride	Formula: BrF ₅	CAS#: 7789-30-2	RTECS#: EF9350000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 7.15 mg/m ³	DOT: 1745 144			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Bromine fluoride				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.1 ppm (0.7 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless to pale-yellow, fuming liquid with a pungent odor. [Note: A colorless gas above 105°F. Shipped as a compressed gas.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 174.9 BP: 105°F Sol: Reacts violently F.I.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 2.48 VP: 328 mmHg FRZ: -77°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Liquid, but a very powerful oxidizer.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Acids, halogens, arsenic, selenium, sulfur, glass, organic materials, water [Note: Reacts with all elements except inert gases, nitrogen & oxygen.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; corn nec; skin burns; cough, dysp, pulm edema; liver, kidney inj TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, liver, kidneys		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Bromoform	Formula: CHBr ₃	CAS#: 75-25-2	RTECS#: PB5600000	IDLH: 850 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 10.34 mg/m ³	DOT: 2515 159			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Methyl tribromide, Tribromomethane				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.5 ppm (5 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 0.5 ppm (5 mg/m ³) [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1003 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless to yellow liquid with a chloroform-like odor. [Note: A solid below 47°F.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 252.8 BP: 301°F Sol: 0.1% F.I.P: NA IP: 10.48 eV Sp.Gr: 2.89 VP: 5 mmHg FRZ: 47°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 12.5 ppm: Sa:Cff/Pap/OvE 25 ppm: CcrFOV/GmFOV/PaprTOvE/ ScbaF/SaF 850 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScBa Escape: GmFOV/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Lithium, sodium, potassium, calcium, aluminum, zinc, magnesium, strong caustics, acetone [Note: Gradually decomposes, acquiring yellow color; air & light accelerate decomposition.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; CNS depres; liver, kidney damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, liver, kidneys		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

1,3-Butadiene		Formula: CH ₂ =CHCH=CH ₂	CAS#: 106-99-0	RTECS#: EI9275000	IDLH: Ca [2000 ppm] [10%LEL]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.21 mg/m ³		DOT: 1010 116P (inhibited)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Biethylene, Bivinyll, Butadiene, Divinyll, Erythrene, Vinyl ethylene					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL: [1910.1051] TWA 1 ppm ST 5 ppm				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1024 OSHA 56	
Physical Description: Colorless gas with a mild aromatic or gasoline-like odor. [Note: A liquid below 24°F. Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 54.1 BP: 24°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA (Gas) -105°F (Liquid) IP: 9.07 eV RGasD: 1.88 Sp.Gr: 0.65 (Liquid at 24°F) VP: 2.4 atm FRZ: -164°F UEL: 12.0% LEL: 2.0% Flammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Frostbite Eyes: Frostbite Wash skin: N.R. Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Frostbite wash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☞: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/ SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFS/ScbaE See Appendix E (page 351)	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Phenol, chlorine dioxide, copper, crotonaldehyde [Note: May contain inhibitors (e.g., tributylcatechol) to prevent self-polymerization. May form explosive peroxides upon exposure to air.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con (liquid) SY: Irrit eyes, nose, throat; drow, dizz; liquid: frostbite; terato, repro effects; [carc] TO: Eyes, resp sys, CNS, repro sys [hemato cancer]				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Frostbite Skin: Frostbite Breath: Resp support	

n-Butane		Formula: CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CAS#: 106-97-8	RTECS#: EJ4200000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.38 mg/m ³		DOT: 1011 115; 1075 115			
Synonyms/Trade Names: normal-Butane, Butyl hydride, Diethyl, Methyl ethyl methane [Note: Also see specific listing for Isobutane.]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 800 ppm (1900 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA 56	
Physical Description: Colorless gas with a gasoline-like or natural gas odor. [Note: Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas. A liquid below 31°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 58.1 BP: 31°F Sol: Slight Fl.P: NA (Gas) IP: 10.63 eV RGasD: 2.11 Sp.Gr: 0.6 (Liquid at 31°F) VP: 2.05 atm FRZ: -217°F UEL: 8.4% LEL: 1.6% Flammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Frostbite Eyes: Frostbite Wash skin: N.R. Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Frostbite wash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers (e.g., nitrates and perchlorates), chlorine, fluorine, (nickel carbonyl + oxygen)					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con (liquid) SY: Drow, narco, asphy; liquid: frostbite TO: CNS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Frostbite Skin: Frostbite Breath: Resp support	

B	2-Butanone	Formula: CH ₃ COCH ₂ CH ₃	CAS#: 78-93-3	RTECS#: EL6475000	IDLH: 3000 ppm
	Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.95 mg/m ³	DOT: 1193 127			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Ethyl methyl ketone, MEK, Methyl acetone, Methyl ethyl ketone					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 200 ppm (590 mg/m ³) ST 300 ppm (885 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 200 ppm (590 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2500, 2555, 3800 OSHA 16, 84, 1004		
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a moderately sharp, fragrant, mint- or acetone-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 72.1 BP: 175°F Sol: 28% Fl.P: 16°F IP: 9.54 eV Sp.Gr: 0.81 VP: 78 mmHg FRZ: -123°F UEL(200°F): 11.4% LEL(200°F): 1.4% Class IB Flammable Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 3000 ppm: Sa:Cf£/PapOv£/CcrFOv/ GmFOv/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE			
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, amines, ammonia, inorganic acids, caustics, isocyanates, pyridines					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose; head; dizz; vomit; derm TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water wash immed Breath: Fresh air Swallow: Medical attention immed		

B	2-Butoxyethanol	Formula: C ₄ H ₉ OCH ₂ CH ₂ OH	CAS#: 111-76-2	RTECS#: KJ8575000	IDLH: 700 ppm
	Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.83 mg/m ³	DOT: 2369 152			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Butyl Cellosolve®, Butyl oxtol, Dowanol® EB, EGBE, Ektasolve EB®, Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether, Jeffersol EB					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 ppm (24 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL†: TWA 50 ppm (240 mg/m ³) [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1403 OSHA 83		
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a mild, ether-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 118.2 BP: 339°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P: 143°F IP: 10.00 eV Sp.Gr: 0.90 VP: 0.8 mmHg FRZ: -107°F UEL(275°F): 12.7% LEL(200°F): 1.1% Class IIIA Combustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Quick drench	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 50 ppm: CcrOv*/Sa* 125 ppm: Sa:Cf*/PapOv* 250 ppm: CcrFOv/GmFOv/PapTOv*/ ScbaF/SaF 700 ppm: SaF: Pd, Pp §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE			
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, strong caustics					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; hemolysis, hema; CNS depres, head; vomit TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, hemato sys, blood, kidneys, liver, lymphoid sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

2-Butoxyethanol acetate		Formula: C ₈ H ₁₆ O(CH ₂) ₂ OCOCH ₃	CAS#: 112-07-2	RTECS#: KJ8925000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 6.55 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 2-Butoxyethyl acetate, Butyl Cellosolve® acetate, Butyl glycol acetate, EGBEA, Ektasolve EB® acetate, Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether acetate					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 ppm (33 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA 83	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a pleasant, sweet, fruity odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 160.2 BP: 378°F Sol: 1.5% Fl.P: 160°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.94 VP: 0.3 mmHg FRZ: -82°F UEL(275°F): 8.54% LEL(200°F): 0.88% Class IIIA Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 50 ppm: CcrOv*/Sa* 125 ppm: Sa:Cf*/Paprov* 250 ppm: CcrFOv/GmFOv/PapTOv*/ScbaF/SaF 700 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; hemolysis, hema; CNS depres, head; vomit TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, hemato sys, blood, kidneys, liver, lymphoid sys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

B

n-Butyl acetate		Formula: CH ₃ COO[CH ₂] ₃ CH ₃	CAS#: 123-86-4	RTECS#: AF7350000	IDLH: 1700 ppm [10%LEL]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.75 mg/m ³		DOT: 1123 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Butyl acetate, n-Butyl ester of acetic acid, Butyl ethanoate					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 150 ppm (710 mg/m ³) ST 200 ppm (950 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 150 ppm (710 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1450 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a fruity odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 116.2 BP: 258°F Sol: 1% Fl.P: 72°F IP: 10.00 eV Sp.Gr: 0.88 VP: 10 mmHg FRZ: -107°F UEL: 7.6% LEL: 1.7% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 1500 ppm: CcrOv*/Sa* 1700 ppm: Sa:Cf*/Paprov*/CcrFOv/GmFOv/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Nitrates; strong oxidizers, alkalis & acids					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, upper resp sys; head, drow, narco TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

B

sec-Butyl acetate		Formula: CH ₃ COOCH(CH ₃)CH ₂ CH ₃	CAS#: 105-46-4	RTECS#: AF7380000	IDLH: 1700 ppm [10%LEL]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.75 mg/m ³		DOT: 1123 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: sec-Butyl ester of acetic acid, 1-Methylpropyl acetate					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 200 ppm (950 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 200 ppm (950 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1450 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a pleasant, fruity odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 116.2 BP: 234°F Sol: 0.8% F.I.P.: 62°F IP: 9.91 eV Sp.Gr: 0.86 VP: 10 mmHg FRZ: -100°F UEL: 9.8% LEL: 1.7% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 1700 ppm: Sa:Cf£/PapOV£/CcrFOV/ GmFOV/ScbaF/SaF £: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOV/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Nitrates; strong oxidizers, alkalis & acids					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes; head; drow; dryness upper resp sys, skin; narco TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

tert-Butyl acetate		Formula: CH ₃ COOC(CH ₃) ₃	CAS#: 540-88-5	RTECS#: AF7400000	IDLH: 1500 ppm [10%LEL]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.75 mg/m ³		DOT: 1123 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: tert-Butyl ester of acetic acid					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 200 ppm (950 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 200 ppm (950 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1450 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a fruity odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 116.2 BP: 208°F Sol: Insoluble F.I.P.: 72°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.87 VP: ? FRZ: ? UEL: ? LEL: 1.5% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 1500 ppm: Sa:Cf£/PapOV£/CcrFOV/ GmFOV/ScbaF/SaF £: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOV/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Nitrates; strong oxidizers, alkalis & acids					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Itch, inflamm eyes; irrit upper resp tract; head; narco; derm TO: Resp sys, eyes, skin, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Butyl acrylate		Formula: CH ₂ =CHCOOC ₄ H ₉	CAS#: 141-32-2	RTECS#: UD3150000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.24 mg/m ³		DOT: 2348 130P			
Synonyms/Trade Names: n-Butyl acrylate, Butyl ester of acrylic acid, Butyl-2-propenoate					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 ppm (55 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA PV2011	
Physical Description: Clear, colorless liquid with a strong, fruity odor. [Note: Highly reactive; may contain an inhibitor to prevent spontaneous polymerization.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 128.2 BP: 293°F Sol: 0.1% F.I.P.: 103°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.89 VP: 4 mmHg FRZ: -83°F UEL: 9.9% LEL: 1.5% Class II Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong acids & alkalis, amines, halogens, hydrogen compounds, oxidizers, heat, flame, sunlight [Note: Polymerizes readily on heating.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, upper resp sys; sens derm; dysp TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

B

n-Butyl alcohol		Formula: CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ OH	CAS#: 71-36-3	RTECS#: EO1400000	IDLH: 1400 ppm [10%LEL]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.03 mg/m ³		DOT: 1120 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1-Butanol, n-Butanol, Butyl alcohol, 1-Hydroxybutane, n-Propyl carbinol					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 50 ppm (150 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL†: TWA 100 ppm (300 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1401, 1405 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a strong, characteristic, mildly alcoholic odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 74.1 BP: 243°F Sol: 9% F.I.P.: 84°F IP: 10.04 eV Sp.Gr: 0.81 VP: 6 mmHg FRZ: -129°F UEL: 11.2% LEL: 1.4% Class IC Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 1250 ppm: Sa:CfE/PapRovE 1400 ppm: CcrFOV/GmFOV/PapTOvE/ ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOV/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, strong mineral acids, alkali metals, halogens					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose, throat; head, dizz, drow; corn inflam, blurred vision, lac, photo; derm; possible auditory nerve damage, hearing loss; CNS depres TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

B

sec-Butyl alcohol		Formula: CH ₃ CH(OH)CH ₂ CH ₃	CAS#: 78-92-2	RTECS#: EO1750000	IDLH: 2000 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.03 mg/m ³		DOT: 1120 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 2-Butanol, Butylene hydrate, 2-Hydroxybutane, Methyl ethyl carbinol					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 100 ppm (305 mg/m ³) ST 150 ppm (455 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 150 ppm (450 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1401, 1405 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a strong, pleasant odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 74.1 BP: 211°F Sol: 16% Fl.P: 75°F IP: 10.10 eV Sp.Gr: 0.81 VP: 12 mmHg FRZ: -175°F UEL(212°F): 9.8% LEL(212°F): 1.7% Class IC Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 1000 ppm: CcrOv*/Sa* 2000 ppm: Sa:Cf*/PaprOv*/CcrFOv/ GmFOv/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, organic peroxides, perchloric & permonosulfuric acids					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; narco TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

tert-Butyl alcohol		Formula: (CH ₃) ₃ COH	CAS#: 75-65-0	RTECS#: EO1925000	IDLH: 1600 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.03 mg/m ³		DOT: 1120 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 2-Methyl-2-propanol, Trimethyl carbinol					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 100 ppm (300 mg/m ³) ST 150 ppm (450 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 100 ppm (300 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1400 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless solid or liquid (above 77°F) with a camphor-like odor. [Note: Often used in aqueous solutions.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 74.1 BP: 180°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P: 52°F IP: 9.70 eV Sp.Gr: 0.79 (Solid) VP(77°F): 42 mmHg FRZ: 78°F UEL: 8.0% LEL: 2.4% Combustible Solid Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 1600 ppm: Sa:Cfℓ/PaprOvℓ/CcrFOv/ GmFOv/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong mineral acids, strong hydrochloric acid, oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; drow, narco TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

n-Butylamine	Formula: CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ NH ₂	CAS#: 109-73-9	RTECS#: EO2975000	IDLH: 300 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.99 mg/m ³	DOT: 1125 132			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1-Aminobutane, Butylamine				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 5 ppm (15 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL: C 5 ppm (15 mg/m ³) [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2012	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a fishy, ammonia-like odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 73.2 BP: 172°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P: 10°F IP: 8.71 eV Sp.Gr: 0.74 VP: 82 mmHg FRZ: -58°F UEL: 9.8% LEL: 1.7% Class IB Flammable Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 50 ppm: CrS*/Sa* 125 ppm: Sa: Cf*/PapRS* 250 ppm: CcrFS/GmFS/PapRTS*/ ScbaF/SaF 300 ppm: SaF/Pd,Pp §: ScbaF: Pd,Pp/SaF: Pd,Pp: AScba Escape: GmFS/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, strong acids [Note: May corrode some metals in presence of water.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; head; skin flush, burns TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

B

tert-Butyl chromate	Formula: [(CH ₃) ₃ CO] ₂ CrO ₂	CAS#: 1189-85-1	RTECS#: GB2900000	IDLH: Ca [15 mg/m ³ {as Cr(VI)}]
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: di-tert-Butyl ester of chromic acid				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA 0.001 mg Cr(VI)/m ³ See Appendix A See Appendix C OSHA PEL: TWA 0.005 mg CrO ₂ /m ³ [skin] See Appendix C			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7604 OSHA ID103, ID215	
Physical Description: Liquid. [Note: Solidifies at 32-23°F.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 230.3 BP: ? Sol: ? Fl.P: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: ? VP: ? FRZ: 32-23°F UEL: ? LEL: ?	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ¥: ScbaF: Pd,Pp/SaF: Pd,Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOV100/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Reducing agents, moisture, acids, alcohols, hydrazine, combustible materials				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; eye, skin burns; drow, musc weak; skin ulcers; lung changes; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS [lung cancer]		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

B

n-Butyl glycidyl ether		Formula: C ₇ H ₁₄ O ₂	CAS#: 2426-08-6	RTECS#: TX4200000	IDLH: 250 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.33 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: BGE; 1,2-Epoxy-3-butoxypropane					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 5.6 ppm (30 mg/m ³) [15-minute] OSHA PEL†: TWA 50 ppm (270 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1616 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with an irritating odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 130.2 BP: 327°F Sol: 2% Fl.P: 130°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.91 VP(77°F): 3 mmHg FRZ: ? UEL: ? LEL: ? Class II Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 56 ppm: CcrOv*/Sa* 140 ppm: Sa:Cf*/PaprOv* 250 ppm: CcrFOv/GmFOv/PapTOv*/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, strong caustics					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose; skin sens; narco; possible hemato effects; CNS depres TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, blood			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

n-Butyl lactate		Formula: CH ₂ CH(OH)COOC ₄ H ₉	CAS#: 138-22-7	RTECS#: OD4025000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.98 mg/m ³		DOT: 1993 128 (combustible liquid, n.o.s.)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Butyl ester of 2-hydroxypropanoic acid, Butyl ester of lactic acid, Butyl lactate					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 ppm (25 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Clear, colorless to white liquid with a mild, transient odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 146.2 BP: 370°F Sol: Slight Fl.P: 160°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.98 VP: 0.4 mmHg FRZ: -45°F UEL: ? LEL: 1.15% Class IIIA Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong acids & bases, strong oxidizers, heat, sparks, open flames					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; drow, head, CNS depres; nau, vomit TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

n-Butyl mercaptan		Formula: CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ SH	CAS#: 109-79-5	RTECS#: EK6300000	IDLH: 500 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.69 mg/m ³		DOT: 2347 130			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Butanethiol, 1-Butanethiol, n-Butanethiol, 1-Mercaptobutane					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 0.5 ppm (1.8 mg/m ³) [15-minute] OSHA PEL†: TWA 10 ppm (35 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2525, 2542	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a strong, garlic-, cabbage-, or skunk-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 90.2 BP: 209°F Sol: 0.06% Fl.P: 35°F IP: 9.15 eV Sp.Gr: 0.83 VP: 35 mmHg FRZ: -176°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 5 ppm: CcrOv/Sa 12.5 ppm: Sa:Cff/PaprvOv 25 ppm: CcrFOv/GmFOv/PaprvTOv/ScbaF/SaF 500 ppm: Sa:Pd,Pp* §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers (such as dry bleaches), acids					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; musc weak, mal, sweat, nau, vomit, head, conf; in animals: narco, inco, lass; cyan, pulm irrit; liver, kidney damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, liver, kidneys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

B

o-sec-Butylphenol		Formula: CH ₃ CH ₂ CH(CH ₃)C ₆ H ₄ OH	CAS#: 89-72-5	RTECS#: SJ8920000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 6.14 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 2-sec-Butylphenol; 2-(1-Methylpropyl)phenol					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 ppm (30 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid or solid (below 61°F).					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 150.2 BP: 227°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: 225°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.89 VP: Low FRZ: 61°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIB Combustible Liquid Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; skin burns TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

B

p-tert-Butyltoluene		Formula: (CH ₃) ₃ CC ₆ H ₄ CH ₃	CAS#: 98-51-1	RTECS#: XS8400000	IDLH: 100 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 6.07 mg/m ³		DOT: 2667 152			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 4-tert-Butyltoluene, 1-Methyl-4-tert-butylbenzene					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 ppm (60 mg/m ³) ST 20 ppm (120 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 10 ppm (60 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1501 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a distinct aromatic odor, somewhat like gasoline.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 148.3 BP: 379°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: 155°F IP: 8.28 eV Sp.Gr: 0.86 VP(77°F): 0.7 mmHg FRZ: -62°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIA Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 100 ppm: Sa:Cf£/PaprOv£/CcrFOv/ GmFOv/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; dry nose, throat; head; low BP, tacar, abnor CVS stress; CNS, hemato depres; metallic taste; liver, kidney inj TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CVS, CNS, bone marrow, liver, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

n-Butyronitrile		Formula: CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₂ CN	CAS#: 109-74-0	RTECS#: ET8750000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.83 mg/m ³		DOT: 2411 131			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Butanenitrile, Butyronitrile, 1-Cyanopropane, Propyl cyanide, n-Propyl cyanide					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 8 ppm (22 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1606 (adapt)	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a sharp, suffocating odor. [Note: Forms cyanide in the body.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 69.1 BP: 244°F Sol(77°F): 3% Fl.P: 62°F IP: 11.67 eV Sp.Gr: 0.81 VP: 14 mmHg FRZ: -170°F UEL: ? LEL: 1.65% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 80 ppm: CcrOv/Sa 200 ppm: Sa:Cf/PaprOv 400 ppm: CcrFOv/GmFOv/PaprTOv/ ScbaF/SaF 1000 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers & reducing agents, strong acids & bases					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; head, dizz, lass, conf, convuls; dysp; abdom pain, nau, vomit TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, CVS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Cadmium dust (as Cd)	Formula: Cd (metal)	CAS#: 7440-43-9 (metal)	RTECS#: EU9800000 (metal)	IDLH: Ca [9 mg/m ³ (as Cd)]
Conversion:	DOT: 2570 154 (cadmium compound)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Cadmium metal: Cadmium Other synonyms vary depending upon the specific cadmium compound.				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL*: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL*: [1910.1027] TWA 0.005 mg/m ³ [*Note: The REL and PEL apply to all Cadmium compounds (as Cd).]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7048, 7300, 7301, 7303, 9102 OSHA ID121, ID125G, ID189, ID206	
Physical Description: Metal: Silver-white, blue-tinged lustrous, odorless solid.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 112.4 BP: 1409°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 8.65 (metal) VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 610°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Metal: Noncombustible Solid in bulk form, but will burn in powder form.			Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: Daily Remove: N.R. Change: Daily	
			Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE See Appendix E (page 351)	
			Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers; elemental sulfur, selenium & tellurium	
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing SY: Pulm edema, dysp, cough, chest tight, subs pain; head; chills, musc aches; nau, vomit, diarr; anos, emphy, prot, mild anemia; [carc] TO: Resp sys, kidneys, prostate, blood [prostatic & lung cancer]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

C

Cadmium fume (as Cd)	Formula: CdO/Cd	CAS#: 1306-19-0 (CdO)	RTECS#: EV1930000 (CdO)	IDLH: Ca [9 mg/m ³ (as Cd)]
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: CdO: Cadmium monoxide, Cadmium oxide fume Cd: Cadmium				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL*: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL*: [1910.1027] TWA 0.005 mg/m ³ [*Note: The REL and PEL apply to all Cadmium compounds (as Cd).]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7048, 7300, 7301, 7303 OSHA ID121, ID125G, ID189, ID206	
Physical Description: Odorless, yellow-brown, finely divided particulate dispersed in air. [*Note: See listing for Cadmium dust for properties of Cd.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 128.4 BP: Decomposes Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 8.15 (crystalline form) 6.95 (amorphous form) VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 2599°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid			Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: Daily Remove: N.R. Change: Daily	
			Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE See Appendix E (page 351)	
			Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Not applicable	
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh SY: Pulm edema, dysp, cough, chest tight, subs pain; head; chills, musc aches; nau, vomit, diarr; emphy, prot, anos, mild anemia; [carc] TO: Resp sys, kidneys, blood [prostatic & lung cancer]			First Aid (see Table 6): Breath: Resp support	

Calcium arsenate (as As)		Formula: Ca ₃ (AsO ₄) ₂	CAS#: 7778-44-1	RTECS#: CG0830000	IDLH: Ca [5 mg/m ³ (as As)]
Conversion:		DOT: 1573 151			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Calcium salt (2:3) of arsenic acid, Cucumber dust, Tricalcium arsenate, Tricalcium ortho-arsenate [Note: Also see specific listing for Arsenic (inorganic compounds, as As).]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca C 0.002 mg/m ³ [15-minute] See Appendix A OSHA PEL: [1910.1018] TWA 0.010 mg/m ³				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7900 OSHA ID105	
Physical Description: Colorless to white, odorless solid. [insecticide/herbicide]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 398.1 BP: Decomposes Sol(77°F): 0.01% Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 3.62 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: ? UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScBa Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported [Note: Produces toxic fumes of arsenic when heated to decomposition.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Lass; GI dist; peri neur; skin hyperpig, palmar planter hyperkeratoses; dermat; [carc]; in animals: liver damage TO: Eyes, resp sys, liver, skin, CNS, lymphatic sys [lymphatic & lung cancer]				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Calcium carbonate		Formula: CaCO ₃	CAS#: 471-34-1 (synthetic) 1317-65-3 (natural)	RTECS#: EV9580000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Calcium salt of carbonic acid [Note: Occurs in nature as limestone, chalk, marble, dolomite, aragonite, calcite & oyster shells.]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp) OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7020, 7303 OSHA ID121	
Physical Description: White, odorless powder or colorless crystals.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 100.1 BP: Decomposes Sol: 0.001% Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 2.7-2.95 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 1517-2442°F (Decomposes) UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Acids, alum, ammonium salts, mercury & hydrogen, fluorine, magnesium					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; cough TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Fresh air	

Calcium cyanamide	Formula: CaCN ₂	CAS#: 156-62-7	RTECS#: GS600000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT: 1403 138 (with >0.1% calcium carbide)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Calcium carbimide, Cyanamide, Lime nitrogen, Nitrogen lime [Note: Cyanamide is also a synonym for Hydrogen cyanamide, NH ₂ CN.]				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500	
Physical Description: Colorless, gray, or black crystals or powder. [fertilizer] [Note: Commercial grades may contain calcium carbide.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 80.1 BP: Sublimes Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 2.29 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 2444°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid, but a fire risk if it contains calcium carbide.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Water [Note: May polymerize in water or alkaline solutions to dicyanamide. Decomposes in water to form acetylene & ammonia.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; head, dizz, rapid breath, low BP, nau, vomit; skin burns, sens; cough; Antabuse-like effects TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, vasomotor sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Calcium hydroxide	Formula: Ca(OH) ₂	CAS#: 1305-62-0	RTECS#: EW280000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Calcium hydrate, Caustic lime, Hydrated lime, Slaked lime				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7020 OSHA ID121	
Physical Description: White, odorless powder. [Note: Readily absorbs CO ₂ from the air to form calcium carbonate.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 74.1 BP: Decomposes Sol(32°F): 0.2% Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 2.24 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 1076°F (Decomposes) (Loses H ₂ O) UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Maleic anhydride, phosphorus, nitroethane, nitromethane, nitroparaffins, nitropropane [Note: Attacks some metals.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, upper resp sys; eye, skin burns; skin vesic; cough, bron, pneu TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Calcium oxide		Formula: CaO	CAS#: 1305-78-8	RTECS#: EW3100000	IDLH: 25 mg/m ³
Conversion:		DOT: 1910 157			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Burned lime, Burnt lime, Lime, Pebble lime, Quick lime, Unslaked lime					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 2 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/m ³				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7020, 7303 OSHA ID121	
Physical Description: White or gray, odorless lumps or granular powder.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 56.1 BP: 5162°F Sol: Reacts FLP: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 3.34 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 4662°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid, but will support combustion by liberation of oxygen.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 10 mg/m³: Qm 20 mg/m³: 95XQ/Sa 25 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/Pap/Hie/100F/ ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Water (liberates heat), fluorine, ethano [Note: Reacts with water to form calcium hydroxide.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, upper resp tract; ulcer, perf nasal septum; pneu; derm TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Calcium silicate		Formula: CaSiO ₃	CAS#: 1344-95-2	RTECS#: VV9150000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Calcium hydrosilicate, Calcium metasilicate, Calcium monosilicate, Calcium salt of silicic acid					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp) OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7020 OSHA ID121	
Physical Description: White or cream-colored, free-flowing powder. [Note: The commercial product is prepared from diatomaceous earth & lime.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 116.2 BP: ? Sol: 0.01% FLP: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 2.9 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 2804°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported [Note: After prolonged contact with water, solution reverts to soluble calcium salts & amorphous silica.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, upper resp sys TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Fresh air	

Calcium sulfate	Formula: CaSO ₄	CAS#: 7778-18-9	RTECS#: WS6920000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Anhydrous calcium sulfate, Anhydrous gypsum, Anhydrous sulfate of lime, Calcium salt of sulfuric acid [Note: Gypsum is the dihydrate form & Plaster of Paris is the hemihydrate form.]				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp) OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500, 0600	
Physical Description: Odorless, white powder or colorless, crystalline solid. [Note: May have blue, gray, or reddish tinge.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 136.1 BP: Decomposes Sol: 0.3% Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 2.96 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 2840°F (Decomposes) UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Diazomethane, aluminum, phosphorus, water [Note: Hygroscopic (i.e., absorbs moisture from the air). Reacts with water to form Gypsum & Plaster of Paris.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, upper resp sys; conj; rhinitis, epis TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Fresh air	

Camphor (synthetic)	Formula: C ₁₀ H ₁₆ O	CAS#: 76-22-2	RTECS#: EX1225000	IDLH: 200 mg/m ³
Conversion:	DOT: 2717 133			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 2-Camphonone, Gum camphor, Laurel camphor, Synthetic camphor				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 2 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL: TWA 2 mg/m ³			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1301, 2553 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless or white crystals with a penetrating, aromatic odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: Properties: MW: 152.3 BP: 399°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: 150°F IP: 8.76 eV Sp.Gr: 0.99 VP: 0.2 mmHg MLT: 345°F UEL: 3.5% LEL: 0.6% Combustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 50 mg/m³: Sa:CfE/PapRovHieE 100 mg/m³: CcrFOv100/GmFOv100/ PapRTOvHieE/ScbaF/SaF 200 mg/m³: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers (especially chromic anhydride & potassium permanganate)				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; nau, vomit, diarr; head, dizz, excitement, epilep convuls TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Caprolactam	Formula: C ₂ H ₁₁ NO	CAS#: 105-60-2	RTECS#: CM3675000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.63 mg/m ³	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Aminocaproic lactam, epsilon-Caprolactam, Hexahydro-2H-azepin-2-one, 2-Oxohexamethyleneimine				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Dust: TWA 1 mg/m ³ ST 3 mg/m ³ Vapor: TWA 0.22 ppm (1 mg/m ³) ST 0.66 ppm (3 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA PV2012	
Physical Description: White, crystalline solid or flakes with an unpleasant odor. [Note: Significant vapor concentrations would be expected only at elevated temperatures.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 113.2 BP: 515°F Sol: 53% F.I.P.: 282°F IP: ? Sp.Gr.: 1.01 VP: 0.00000008 mmHg MLT: 156°F UEL: 8.0% LEL: 1.4% Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit skin, eyes, resp sys; epis; derm, skin sens; asthma; irrity, conf, dizz, head; abdom cramps, diarr, nau, vomit; liver, kidney inj TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, CVS, liver, kidneys			Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, (acetic acid + dinitrogen trioxide)	
First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed				

Captafol	Formula: C ₁₀ H ₂ Cl ₁₄ NO ₂ S	CAS#: 2425-06-1	RTECS#: GW4900000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Captofol; Difolatan®; N-((1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethyl)thio)-4-cyclohexene-1,2-dicarboximide				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ [skin] See Appendix A			OSHA PEL†: none Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500	
Physical Description: White, crystalline solid with a slight, characteristic pungent odor. [fungicide] [Note: Available commercially as a wettable powder or in liquid form.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 349.1 BP: Decomposes Sol: 0.0001% F.I.P.: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr.: ? VP: 0.000008 mmHg MLT: 321°F (Decomposes) UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid, but may be dissolved in flammable liquids.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH * ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp, AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; derm, skin sens; conj; bron, wheez; diarr, vomit; liver, kidney inj; high BP; in animals: terato effects; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, liver, kidneys, CVS [in animals: tumors at many sites]			Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Acids, acid vapors, strong oxidizers	
First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed				

Captan	Formula: C ₈ H ₈ Cl ₂ NO ₂ S	CAS#: 133-06-2	RTECS#: GW5075000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Captane; N-Trichloromethylmercapto-4-cyclohexene-1,2-dicarboximide				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA 5 mg/m ³ See Appendix A		OSHA PEL†: none		Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5601, 9202, 9205
Physical Description: Odorless, white, crystalline powder. [fungicide] [Note: Commercial product is a yellow powder with a pungent odor.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 300.6 BP: Decomposes Sol(77°F): 0.0003% Fl.P.? IP: NA Sp.Gr: 1.74 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 352°F (Decomposes) UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid; may be dissolved in flammable liquids.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong alkaline materials (e.g., hydrated lime) [Note: Corrosive to metals.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, upper resp sys; blurred vision; dermatitis; dypsp; diarr, vomit; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, GI tract, liver, kidneys [in animals: duodenal tumors]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Carbaryl	Formula: CH ₃ NHCOOC ₁₀ H ₇	CAS#: 63-25-2	RTECS#: EC5950000	IDLH: 100 mg/m ³
Conversion:	DOT: 2757 151			
Synonyms/Trade Names: α-Naphthyl N-methyl-carbamate, 1-Naphthyl N-Methyl-carbamate, Sevin®				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/m ³		Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5006, 5601 OSHA 63		
Physical Description: White or gray, odorless solid. [pesticide]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 201.2 BP: Decomposes Sol: 0.01% Fl.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.23 VP(77°F): <0.00004 mmHg MLT: 293°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid, but may be dissolved in flammable liquids.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 50 mg/m³: Sa ⁺ 100 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/ScbaF/SaF ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, strongly alkaline pesticides				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Miosis, blurred vision, tear; rhin, saliv; sweat; abdom cramps, nau, vomit, diarr; tremor; cyan; convuls; irrit skin; possible repro effects TO: Resp sys, CNS, CVS, skin, blood chol, repro sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Carbofuran	Formula: C ₁₂ H ₁₆ NO ₃	CAS#: 1563-66-2	RTECS#: FB9450000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT: 2757 151			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 2,3-Dihydro-2,2-dimethyl-7-benzofuranyl methylcarbamate; Furacarb®; Furadan®				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5601	
Physical Description: Odorless, white or grayish, crystalline solid. [insecticide] [Note: May be dissolved in a liquid carrier.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 221.3 BP: ? Sol(77°F): 0.07% F.I.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 1.18 VP(77°F): 0.000003 mmHg MLT: 304°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Miosis, blurred vision; sweat, salv, abdom cramps, diarr, head, nau, vomit; lass, musc twitch, inco, convuls TO: CNS, PNS, blood chol		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush immed Breath: Fresh air Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Carbon black	Formula: C	CAS#: 1333-86-4	RTECS#: FF5800000	IDLH: 1750 mg/m ³
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Acetylene black, Channel black, Furnace black, Lamp black, Thermal black				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 3.5 mg/m ³ Carbon black in presence of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs): Ca TWA 0.1 mg PAHs/m ³ See Appendix A See Appendix C OSHA PEL: TWA 3.5 mg/m ³			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5000 OSHA ID196	
Physical Description: Black, odorless solid.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 12.0 BP: Sublimes Sol: Insoluble F.I.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 1.8-2.1 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: Sublimes UEL: NA LEL: NA Combustible Solid that may contain flammable hydrocarbons.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: Daily Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 17.5 mg/m³: Qm 35 mg/m³: 95XQ/Sa 87.5 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/PapriHe 175 mg/m³: 100F/PapriHie/ScbaF/SaF 1750 mg/m³: Sa:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE In presence of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: NIOSH ‡: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers such as chlorates, bromates & nitrates				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Cough; irrit eyes; in presence of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: [carc] TO: Resp sys, eyes [lymphatic cancer (in presence of PAHs)]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr prompt Breath: Fresh air	

Carbon dioxide	Formula: CO ₂	CAS#: 124-38-9	RTECS#: FF6400000	IDLH: 40,000 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 1.80 mg/m ³		DOT: 1013 120; 1845 120 (dry ice); 2187 120 (liquid)		
Synonyms/Trade Names: Carbonic acid gas, Dry ice [Note: Normal constituent of air (about 300 ppm)].				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5000 ppm (9000 mg/m ³) ST 30,000 ppm (54,000 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 5000 ppm (9000 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 6603 OSHA ID172	
Physical Description: Colorless, odorless gas. [Note: Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas. Solid form is utilized as dry ice.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 44.0 BP: Sublimes Sol(77°F): 0.2% Fl.P: NA IP: 13.77 eV RGasD: 1.53 VP: 56.5 atm MLT: -109°F (Sublimes) UEL: NA LEL: NA Nonflammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Frostbite Eyes: Frostbite Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R. Provide: Frostbite wash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 40,000 ppm: Sa/ScbaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: ScbaE
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con (liquid/solid) SY: Head, dizz, restless, pares; dysp; sweat, mal; incr heart rate, card output, BP; coma; asphy; convuls; frostbite (liq, dry ice) TO: Resp sys, CVS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Frostbite Skin: Frostbite Breath: Resp support	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Dusts of various metals, such as magnesium, zirconium, titanium, aluminum, chromium & manganese are ignitable and explosive when suspended in carbon dioxide. Forms carbonic acid in water.				

Carbon disulfide	Formula: CS ₂	CAS#: 75-15-0	RTECS#: FF6650000	IDLH: 500 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.11 mg/m ³		DOT: 1131 131		
Synonyms/Trade Names: Carbon bisulfide				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1 ppm (3 mg/m ³) ST 10 ppm (30 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL†: TWA 20 ppm C 30 ppm 100 ppm (30-minute maximum peak)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1600, 3800	
Physical Description: Colorless to faint-yellow liquid with a sweet ether-like odor. [Note: Reagent grades are foul smelling.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 76.1 BP: 116°F Sol: 0.3% Fl.P: -22°F IP: 10.08 eV Sp.Gr: 1.26 VP: 297 mmHg FRZ: -169°F UEL: 50.0% LEL: 1.3% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 10 ppm: CcrOv/Sa 25 ppm: Sa:Cf/PapRov 50 ppm: CcrFOv/GmFOv/PapRTOV/ ScbaF/SaF 500 ppm: Sa: Pd, Pp §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Dizz, head, poor sleep, lass, anxi, anor, low-wgt; psychosis; polyneur; Parkinson-like syndrome; ocular changes; coronary heart disease; gastritis; kidney, liver inj; eye, skin burns; dermat; repro effects TO: CNS, PNS, CVS, eyes, kidneys, liver, skin, repro sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers; chemically-active metals such as sodium, potassium & zinc; azides; rust; halogens; amines [Note: Vapors may be ignited by contact with an ordinary light bulb.]				

Carbon monoxide		Formula: CO	CAS#: 630-08-0	RTECS#: FG3500000	IDLH: 1200 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 1.15 mg/m ³		DOT: 1016 119; 9202 168 (cryogenic liquid)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Carbon oxide, Flue gas, Monoxide					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 35 ppm (40 mg/m ³) C 200 ppm (229 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 50 ppm (55 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 6604 OSHA ID209, ID210	
Physical Description: Colorless, odorless gas. [Note: Shipped as a nonliquefied or liquefied compressed gas.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 28.0 BP: -313°F Sol: 2% Fl.P: NA (Gas) IP: 14.01 eV RGasD: 0.97 VP: >35 atm MLT: -337°F UEL: 74% LEL: 12.5% Flammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Frostbite Eyes: Frostbite Wash skin: N.R. Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Frostbite wash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 350 ppm: Sa 875 ppm: Sa:Cf 1200 ppm: GmFS†/ScbaF/SaF ‡: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS†/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, bromine trifluoride, chlorine trifluoride, lithium					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con (liquid) SY: Head, tachypnea, nau, lass, dizz, conf, halu; cyan; depres S-T segment of electrocardiogram, angina, syncope TO: CVS, lungs, blood, CNS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Frostbite Skin: Frostbite Breath: Resp support	

Carbon tetrabromide		Formula: CBr ₄	CAS#: 558-13-4	RTECS#: FG4725000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 13.57 mg/m ³		DOT: 2516 151			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Carbon bromide, Methane tetrabromide, Tetrabromomethane					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.1 ppm (1.4 mg/m ³) ST 0.3 ppm (4 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless to yellow-brown crystals with a slight odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 331.7 BP: 374°F Sol: 0.02% Fl.P: NA IP: 10.31 eV Sp.Gr: 3.42 VP(205°F): 40 mmHg MLT: 194°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: Daily Remove: N.R. Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, hexacyclohexyldilead, lithium					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; lac; lung, liver, kidney inj; in animals: corn damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, liver, kidneys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Carbon tetrachloride		Formula: CCl ₄	CAS#: 56-23-5	RTECS#: FG4900000	IDLH: Ca [200 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 6.29 mg/m ³		DOT: 1846 151			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Carbon chloride, Carbon tet, Freon® 10, Halon® 104, Tetrachloromethane					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca ST 2 ppm (12.6 mg/m ³) [60-minute] See Appendix A OSHA PEL†: TWA 10 ppm C 25 ppm 200 ppm (5-minute maximum peak in any 4 hours)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1003 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a characteristic ether-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 153.8 BP: 170°F Sol: 0.05% Fl.P: NA IP: 11.47 eV Sp.Gr: 1.59 VP: 91 mmHg FRZ: -9°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH *: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOV/ScbaE	
		Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Chemically-active metals such as sodium, potassium & magnesium; fluorine; aluminum [Note: Forms highly toxic phosgene gas when exposed to flames or welding arcs.]			
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; CNS depres; nau, vomit; liver, kidney inj; drow, dizz, inco; [carc] TO: CNS, eyes, lungs, liver, kidneys, skin [in animals: liver cancer]				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Carbonyl fluoride		Formula: COF ₂	CAS#: 353-50-4	RTECS#: FG6125000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.70 mg/m ³		DOT: 2417 125			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Carbon difluoride oxide, Carbon fluoride oxide, Carbon oxyfluoride, Carbonyl difluoride, Fluoroformyl fluoride, Fluorophosgene					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 2 ppm (5 mg/m ³) ST 5 ppm (15 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless gas with a pungent and very irritating odor. [Note: Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 66.0 BP: -118°F Sol: Reacts Fl.P: NA IP: 13.02 eV RGasD: 2.29 VP: 55.4 atm FRZ: -173°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Nonflammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Frostbite Eyes: Frostbite Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R. Provide: Frostbite wash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
		Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Heat, moisture, hexafluoroisopropylideneamino-lithium [Note: Reacts with water to form hydrogen fluoride & carbon dioxide.]			
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb, resp sys; eye, skin burns; lac; cough, pulm edema, dysp; chronic exposure: GI pain, musc fib, skeletal fluorosis; liquid: frostbite TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, bone				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Frostbite Skin: Frostbite Breath: Resp support	

Catechol	Formula: C ₆ H ₄ (OH) ₂	CAS#: 120-80-9	RTECS#: UX1050000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.50 mg/m ³	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1,2-Benzenediol; o-Benzenediol; 1,2-Dihydroxybenzene; o-Dihydroxybenzene; 2-Hydroxyphenol; Pyrocatechol				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 ppm (20 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA PV2014	
Physical Description: Colorless, crystalline solid with a faint odor. [Note: Discolors to brown in air & light.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 110.1 BP: 474°F Sol: 44% Fl.P: 261°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.34 VP(244°F): 10 mmHg MLT: 221°F UEL: ? LEL: 1.4% Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, nitric acid				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; skin sens, derm; lac, burns eyes; convuls, incr BP, kidney inj TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Cellulose	Formula: (C ₆ H ₁₀ O ₅) _n	CAS#: 9004-34-6	RTECS#: FJ5691460	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Hydroxycellulose, Pyrocellulose				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp) OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500, 0600, 7404	
Physical Description: Odorless, white substance. [Note: The principal fiber cell wall material of vegetable tissues (wood, cotton, flax, grass, etc.)]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 160,000-560,000 BP: Decomposes Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 1.27-1.61 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 500-518°F (Decomposes) UEL: NA LEL: NA Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Water, bromine pentafluoride, sodium nitrate, fluorine, strong oxidizers				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Fresh air	

Cesium hydroxide	Formula: CsOH	CAS#: 21351-79-1	RTECS#: FK9800000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT: 2682 157; 2681 154 (solution)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Cesium hydrate, Cesium hydroxide dimer				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 2 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless or yellowish, crystalline solid. [Note: Hygroscopic (i.e., absorbs moisture from the air).]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 149.9 BP: ? Sol(59°F): 395% Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 3.68 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 522°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Water, acids, CO ₂ , metals (e.g., Al, Pb, Sn, Zn), oxygen [Note: CsOH is a strong base, causing the generation of considerable heat in contact with water or moisture.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, upper resp sys; eye, skin burns TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Chlordane	Formula: C ₁₀ H ₆ Cl ₈	CAS#: 57-74-9	RTECS#: PB9800000	IDLH: Ca [100 mg/m ³]
Conversion:	DOT: 2996 151			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Chlordan; Chlordano; 1,2,4,5,6,7,8,8-Octachloro-3a,4,7,7a-tetrahydro-4,7-methanoindane				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ [skin] See Appendix A OSHA PEL: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5510 OSHA 67	
Physical Description: Amber-colored, viscous liquid with a pungent, chlorine-like odor. [insecticide]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 409.8 BP: Decomposes Sol: 0.0001% Fl.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr(77°F): 1.6 VP: 0.00001 mmHg FRZ: 217-228°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Liquid, but may be utilized in flammable solutions.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☞: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFov100/ScbaE
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, alkaline reagents				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Blurred vision; conf; ataxia, delirium; cough; abdom pain, nau, vomit, diarr; irrity, tremor, convuls; anuria; in animals: lung, liver, kidney damage; [carc] TO: CNS, eyes, lungs, liver, kidneys [in animals: liver cancer]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Chlorinated camphene		Formula: C ₁₀ H ₁₀ Cl ₈	CAS#: 8001-35-2	RTECS#: XW5250000	IDLH: Ca [200 mg/m ³]
Conversion:		DOT: 2761 151			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Chlorocamphene, Octachlorocamphene, Polychlorocamphene, Toxaphene					
Exposure Limits:		Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5039			
NIOSH REL: Ca [skin] See Appendix A					
OSHA PEL†: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ [skin]					
Physical Description: Amber, waxy solid with a mild, piney, chlorine- and camphor-like odor. [insecticide]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 413.8 BP: Decomposes Sol: 0.0003% F.L.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.65 VP(77°F): 0.4 mmHg MLT: 149-194°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid, but may be dissolved in flammable liquids.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOV100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers [Note: Slightly corrosive to metals under moist conditions.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Nau, conf, agitation, tremor, convuls, uncon; dry, red skin; [carc] TO: CNS, skin [in animals: liver cancer]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Chlorinated diphenyl oxide		Formula: C ₁₂ H _{10-n} Cl _n O	CAS#:	RTECS#:	IDLH: 5 mg/m ³
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Synonyms depend on the degree of chlorination of diphenyl oxide [(C ₆ H ₅) ₂ O], ranging from monochlorodiphenyl oxide [(C ₆ H ₄ Cl)O(C ₆ H ₅)] to decachlorodiphenyl oxide [(C ₆ Cl ₅)O(C ₆ Cl ₅)].					
Exposure Limits:		Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5025			
NIOSH REL: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³					
OSHA PEL: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³					
Physical Description: Appearance and odor vary depending upon the specific compound.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: Properties vary depending upon the specific compound.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 5 mg/m³: Sa/ScbaF ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOVAg100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Acne-form derm, liver damage TO: Skin, liver			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Chlorine	Formula: Cl ₂	CAS#: 7782-50-5	RTECS#: FO2100000	IDLH: 10 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.90 mg/m ³		DOT: 1017 124		
Synonyms/Trade Names: Molecular chlorine				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 0.5 ppm (1.45 mg/m ³) [15-minute] OSHA PEL†: C 1 ppm (3 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 6011 OSHA ID101, ID126SGX	
Physical Description: Greenish-yellow gas with a pungent, irritating odor. [Note: Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 70.9 BP: -29°F Sol: 0.7% Fl.P: NA IP: 11.48 eV RGasD: 2.47 VP: 6.8 atm FRZ: -150°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Nonflammable Gas, but a strong oxidizer.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Frostbite Eyes: Frostbite Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R. Provide: Frostbite wash	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 5 ppm: CcrS*/Sa* 10 ppm: Sa:Cf*/PaprS*/CcrFS/GmFS/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Reacts explosively or forms explosive compounds with many common substances such as acetylene, ether, turpentine, ammonia, fuel gas, hydrogen & finely divided metals.				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Burning of eyes, nose, mouth; lac, rhin; cough, choking, subs pain; nau, vomit; head, dizz; syncope; pulm edema; pneu; hypox; derm; liquid: frostbite TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Frostbite Skin: Frostbite Breath: Resp support	

Chlorine dioxide	Formula: ClO ₂	CAS#: 10049-04-4	RTECS#: FO3000000	IDLH: 5 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.76 mg/m ³		DOT: 9191 143 (hydrate, frozen)		
Synonyms/Trade Names: Chlorine oxide, Chlorine peroxide				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.1 ppm (0.3 mg/m ³) ST 0.3 ppm (0.9 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 0.1 ppm (0.3 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA ID126SGX, ID202	
Physical Description: Yellow to red gas or a red-brown liquid (below 52°F) with an unpleasant odor similar to chlorine and nitric acid.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 67.5 BP: 52°F Sol(77°F): 0.3% Fl.P: NA (Gas) ? (Liquid) IP: 10.36 eV RGasD: 2.33 Sp.Gr: 1.6 (Liquid at 32°F) VP: >1 atm FRZ: -74°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Flammable Gas, Combustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact (liquid) Eyes: Prevent eye contact (liquid) Wash skin: When contam (liquid) Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash (liquid) Quick drench (liquid)	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 1 ppm: CcrS/Sa 2.5 ppm: Sa:Cf2/PaprSfE 5 ppm: CcrFS/GmFS/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS ₂ /ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Organic materials, heat, phosphorus, potassium hydroxide, sulfur, mercury, carbon monoxide [Note: Unstable in light. A powerful oxidizer.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing (liquid), Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose, throat; cough, wheez, bron, pulm edema; chronic bron TO: Eyes, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed (liquid) Skin: Soap wash immed (liquid) Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed (liquid)	

Chlorine trifluoride		Formula: ClF ₃	CAS#: 7790-91-2	RTECS#: FO2800000	IDLH: 20 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.78 mg/m ³		DOT: 1749 124			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Chlorine fluoride, Chlorotrifluoride					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 0.1 ppm (0.4 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: C 0.1 ppm (0.4 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless gas or a greenish-yellow liquid (below 53°F) with a somewhat sweet, suffocating odor. [Note: Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 92.5 BP: 53°F Sol: Reacts F.I.P: NA IP: 13.00 eV RGasD: 3.21 Sp.Gr: 1.77 (Liquid at 53°F) VP: 1.4 atm FRZ: -105°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Nonflammable Gas Noncombustible Liquid, but contact with organic materials may result in SPONTANEOUS ignition.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam (liquid) Remove: When wet or contam (liquid) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash (liquid) Quick drench (liquid)		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 2.5 ppm: Sa:Cff 5 ppm: ScaF/SaF 20 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScBa Escape: GmFS/ScaBE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, water, acids, combustible materials, sand, glass, metals (corrosive) [Note: Reacts with water to form chlorine & hydrofluoric acid.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing (liquid), Con SY: Eye, skin burns (liq or high vap conc); resp irrit; in animals: lac, corn ulcer; pulm edema TO: Skin, eyes, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed (liquid)		

Chloroacetaldehyde		Formula: ClCH ₂ CHO	CAS#: 107-20-0	RTECS#: AB2450000	IDLH: 45 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.21 mg/m ³		DOT: 2232 153			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Chloroacetaldehyde (40% aqueous solution), 2-Chloroacetaldehyde, 2-Chloroethanal					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 1 ppm (3 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: C 1 ppm (3 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2015 OSHA 76	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with an acrid, penetrating odor. [Note: Typically found as a 40% aqueous solution.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 78.5 BP: 186°F Sol: Miscible F.I.P: NA (40% solution) IP: 10.61 eV Sp.Gr: 1.19 (40% solution) VP: 100 mmHg FRZ: -3°F (40% solution) UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIA Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 10 ppm: CcrOv*/Sa* 25 ppm: Sa:Cf*/PapRov* 45 ppm: CcrFOv/GmFOv/PapRTOv*/ScaB/SaF §: ScaB:F:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScBa Escape: GmFOv/ScaBE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, acids					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit skin, eyes, muc memb; skin burns; eye damage; pulm edema; skin, resp sys sens TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

α-Chloroacetophenone		Formula: C ₈ H ₇ COCH ₂ Cl	CAS#: 532-27-4	RTECS#: AM6300000	IDLH: 15 mg/m ³
Conversion: 1 ppm = 6.32 mg/m ³		DOT: 1697 153			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 2-Chloroacetophenone, Chloromethyl phenyl ketone, Mace®, Phenacyl chloride, Phenyl chloromethyl ketone, Tear gas					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.3 mg/m ³ (0.05 ppm) OSHA PEL: TWA 0.3 mg/m ³ (0.05 ppm)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH P&CAM291 (II-5)	
Physical Description: Colorless to gray crystalline solid with a sharp, irritating odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 154.6 BP: 472°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: 244°F IP: 9.44 eV Sp.Gr: 1.32 VP: 0.005 mmHg MLT: 134°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 3 mg/m³: CcrOv95/Sa 7.5 mg/m³: Sa:CfE/Pap/OvHief 15 mg/m³: CcrFov100/GmFS100/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Water, steam, strong oxidizers [Note: Slowly corrodes metals.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; pulm edema TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

C

Chloroacetyl chloride		Formula: ClCH ₂ COCl	CAS#: 79-04-9	RTECS#: AO6475000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.62 mg/m ³		DOT: 1752 156			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Chloroacetic acid chloride, Chloroacetic chloride, Monochloroacetyl chloride					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.05 ppm (0.2 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless to yellowish liquid with a strong, pungent odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 112.9 BP: 223°F Sol: Decomposes Fl.P: NA IP: 10.30 eV Sp.Gr: 1.42 VP: 19 mmHg FRZ: -7°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Water, alcohols, bases, metals (corrosive), amines [Note: Decomposes in water to form chloroacetic acid & hydrogen chloride gas.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; eye, skin burns; cough, wheez, dysp; lac TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Chlorobenzene		Formula: C ₆ H ₅ Cl	CAS#: 108-90-7	RTECS#: CZ0175000	IDLH: 1000 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.61 mg/m ³		DOT: 1134 130			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Benzene chloride, Chlorobenzol, MCB, Monochlorobenzene, Phenyl chloride					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: See Appendix D OSHA PEL: TWA 75 ppm (350 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1003 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with an almond-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 112.6 BP: 270°F Sol: 0.05% F.I.P.: 82°F IP: 9.07 eV Sp.Gr.: 1.11 VP: 9 mmHg FRZ: -50°F UEL: 9.6% LEL: 1.3% Class IC Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): OSHA 1000 ppm: Sa:Cf£/Pap/Ov£/CcrFOV/ GmFOV/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOV/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose; drow, inco; CNS depres; in animals: liver, lung, kidney inj TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, liver			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

o-Chlorobenzylidene malonitrile		Formula: C ₁₀ H ₇ CH=C(CN) ₂	CAS#: 2698-41-1	RTECS#: OO3675000	IDLH: 2 mg/m ³
Conversion: 1 ppm = 7.71 mg/m ³		DOT: 2810 153			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 2-Chlorobenzalmonitrile, CS, OCBM					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 0.05 ppm (0.4 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL†: TWA 0.05 ppm (0.4 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH P&CAM304 (II-5)	
Physical Description: White crystalline solid with a pepper-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 188.6 BP: 590-599°F Sol: Insoluble F.I.P.: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr.: ? VP: 0.00003 mmHg MLT: 203-205°F UEL: ? LEL: ? MEC: 25 g/m ³ Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 2 mg/m³: Sa:Cf£/GmFS100/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Pain, burn eyes, lac, conj; eryt eyelids, blepharospasm; irrit throat, cough, chest tight; head; eryt, vesic skin TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Chlorobromomethane		Formula: CH ₂ BrCl	CAS#: 74-97-5	RTECS#: PA5250000	IDLH: 2000 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.29 mg/m ³		DOT: 1887 160			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Bromochloromethane, CB, CBM, Fluorocarbon 1011, Halon® 1011, Methyl chlorobromide					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 200 ppm (1050 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 200 ppm (1050 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1003	
Physical Description: Colorless to pale-yellow liquid with a chloroform-like odor. [Note: May be used as a fire extinguishing agent.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 129.4 BP: 155°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: 10.77 eV Sp.Gr: 1.93 VP: 115 mmHg FRZ: -124°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 2000 ppm: Sa:CfE/PaprOvE/CcrFOv/ GmFOv/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Chemically-active metals such as calcium, powdered aluminum, zinc, and magnesium					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, throat; conf, dizz, CNS depres; pulm edema TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, liver, kidneys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

C

Chlorodifluoromethane		Formula: CHClF ₂	CAS#: 75-45-6	RTECS#: PA6390000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.54 mg/m ³		DOT: 1018 126			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Difluorochloromethane, Fluorocarbon-22, Freon® 22, Genetron® 22, Monochlorodifluoromethane, Refrigerant 22					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1000 ppm (3500 mg/m ³) ST 1250 ppm (4375 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1018	
Physical Description: Colorless gas with a faint, sweetish odor. [Note: Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 86.5 BP: -41°F Sol(77°F): 0.3% Fl.P: NA IP: 12.45 eV RGasD: 3.11 VP: 9.4 atm FRZ: -231°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Nonflammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Frostbite Eyes: Frostbite Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R. Provide: Frostbite wash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Alkalis, alkaline earth metals (e.g., powdered aluminum, sodium, potassium, zinc)					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con (liquid) SY: Irrit resp sys; conf, drow, ringing in ears; heart palp, card arrhy; asphy; liver, kidney, spleen inj; liquid: frostbite TO: Resp sys, CVS, CNS, liver, kidneys, spleen			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Frostbite Skin: Frostbite Breath: Resp support		

Chlorodiphenyl (42% chlorine)		Formula: C ₆ H ₄ ClC ₆ H ₃ Cl ₂ (approx)	CAS#: 53469-21-9	RTECS#: TQ1356000	IDLH: Ca [5 mg/m ³]
Conversion:		DOT: 2315 171			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Aroclor® 1242, PCB, Polychlorinated biphenyl					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL*: Ca TWA 0.001 mg/m ³ See Appendix A [*Note: The REL also applies to other PCBs.]			OSHA PEL: TWA 1 mg/m ³ [skin]		Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5503 OSHA PV2089
Physical Description: Colorless to light-colored, viscous liquid with a mild, hydrocarbon odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 258 (approx) BP: 617-691°F Sol: Insoluble F.I.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr(77°F): 1.39 VP: 0.001 mmHg FRZ: -2°F UEL: NA LEL: NA		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE	
Nonflammable Liquid, but exposure in a fire results in the formation of a black soot containing PCBs, polychlorinated dibenzofurans & chlorinated dibenzo-p-dioxins.					
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes; chloracne; liver damage; repro effects; [carc] TO: Skin, eyes, liver, repro sys [in animals: tumors of the pituitary gland & liver, leukemia]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Chlorodiphenyl (54% chlorine)		Formula: C ₆ H ₃ Cl ₂ C ₆ H ₂ Cl ₃ (approx)	CAS#: 11097-69-1	RTECS#: TQ1360000	IDLH: Ca [5 mg/m ³]
Conversion:		DOT: 2315 171			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Aroclor® 1254, PCB, Polychlorinated biphenyl					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL*: Ca TWA 0.001 mg/m ³ See Appendix A [*Note: The REL also applies to other PCBs.]			OSHA PEL: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ [skin]		Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5503 OSHA PV2088
Physical Description: Colorless to pale-yellow, viscous liquid or solid (below 50°F) with a mild, hydrocarbon odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 326 (approx) BP: 689-734°F Sol: Insoluble F.I.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr(77°F): 1.38 VP: 0.00006 mmHg FRZ: 50°F UEL: NA LEL: NA		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE	
Nonflammable Liquid, but exposure in a fire results in the formation of a black soot containing PCBs, polychlorinated dibenzofurans, and chlorinated dibenzo-p-dioxins.					
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, chloracne; liver damage; repro effects; [carc] TO: Skin, eyes, liver, repro sys [in animals: tumors of the pituitary gland & liver, leukemia]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Chloroform		Formula: CHCl ₃	CAS#: 67-66-3	RTECS#: FS9100000	IDLH: Ca [500 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.88 mg/m ³		DOT: 1888 151			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Methane trichloride, Trichloromethane					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca ST 2 ppm (9.78 mg/m ³) [60-minute] See Appendix A OSHA PEL†: C 50 ppm (240 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1003	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a pleasant odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 119.4 BP: 143°F Sol(77°F): 0.5% Fl.P: NA IP: 11.42 eV Sp.Gr: 1.48 VP: 160 mmHg FRZ: -82°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/ SaF: Pd, Pp/ AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong caustics; chemically-active metals such as aluminum or magnesium powder, sodium & potassium; strong oxidizers [Note: When heated to decomposition, forms phosgene gas.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; dizz, mental dullness, nau, conf; head, lass; anes; enlarged liver; [carc] TO: Liver, kidneys, heart, eyes, skin, CNS [in animals: liver & kidney cancer]				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

C

bis-Chloromethyl ether		Formula: (CH ₂ Cl) ₂ O	CAS#: 542-88-1	RTECS#: KN1575000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion:		DOT: 2249 131			
Synonyms/Trade Names: BCME, bis-CME, Chloromethyl ether, Dichlorodimethyl ether, Dichloromethyl ether, Oxybis(chloromethane)					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL: [1910.1008] See Appendix B				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA 10	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a suffocating odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 115.0 BP: 223°F Sol: Reacts Fl.P: <66°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.32 VP(72°F): 30 mmHg FRZ: -43°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/ SaF: Pd, Pp/ AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE See Appendix E (page 351)	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Acids, water [Note: Reacts with water to form hydrochloric acid & formaldehyde.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb, resp sys; pulm congestion, edema; corn damage, nec; decr pulm function, cough, dysp, wheez; blood-stained sputum, bronchial secretions; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys [lung cancer]				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Chloromethyl methyl ether		Formula: CH ₂ OCH ₂ Cl	CAS#: 107-30-2	RTECS#: KN6650000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion:		DOT: 1239 131			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Chlorodimethyl ether, Chloromethoxymethane, CMME, Dimethylchloroether, Methylchloromethyl ether					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL: [1910.1006] See Appendix B				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH P&CAM220 (II-1) OSHA 10	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with an irritating odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 80.5 BP: 138°F Sol: Reacts Fl.P(oc): 32°F IP: 10.25 eV Sp.Gr: 1.06 VP(70°F): 192 mmHg FRZ: -154°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH §: Scbaf:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE See Appendix E (page 351)	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Water [Note: Reacts with water to form hydrochloric acid & formaldehyde.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; pulm edema, pulm congestion, pneu; skin burns, nec; cough, wheez, pulm congestion; blood stained-sputum; low-wgt; bronchial secretions; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys [in animals: skin & lung cancer]				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

1-Chloro-1-nitropropane		Formula: CH ₂ CH ₂ CHClNO ₂	CAS#: 600-25-9	RTECS#: TX5075000	IDLH: 100 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.06 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Korax®, Lanstan®					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 2 ppm (10 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 20 ppm (100 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S211 (II-5)	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with an unpleasant odor. [fungicide]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 123.6 BP: 289°F Sol: 0.5% Fl.P(oc): 144°F IP: 9.90 eV Sp.Gr: 1.21 VP(77°F): 6 mmHg FRZ: ? UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIA Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 20 ppm: Sa* 50 ppm: Sa:Cf*/Paprov* 100 ppm: CcrFOv/GmFOv/PaprtOV*/ScbaF/SaF §: Scbaf:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, acids					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: In animals: irrit eyes; pulm edema; liver, kidney, heart damage TO: Resp sys, liver, kidneys, CVS, eyes				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Chloropentafluoroethane		Formula: CClF ₂ CF ₃	CAS#: 76-15-3	RTECS#: KH7877500	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 6.32 mg/m ³		DOT: 1020 126			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Fluorocarbon-115, Freon® 115, Genetron® 115, Halocarbon 115, Monochloropentafluoroethane					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1000 ppm (6320 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless gas with a slight, ethereal odor. [Note: Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 154.5 BP: -38°F Sol(77°F): 0.006% Fl.P: NA IP: 12.96 eV RGasD: 5.55 VP(70°F): 7.9 atm FRZ: -223°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Nonflammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Frostbite Eyes: Frostbite Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R. Provide: Frostbite wash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Alkalis, alkaline earth metals (e.g., aluminum powder, sodium, potassium, zinc)					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con (liquid) SY: Dysp, dizz, inco, narco; nau, vomit; heart palp, card arrhy, asphy; liquid: frostbite, derm TO: Skin, CNS, CVS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Frostbite Skin: Frostbite Breath: Resp support		

C

Chloropicrin		Formula: CCl ₃ NO ₂	CAS#: 76-06-2	RTECS#: PB6300000	IDLH: 2 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 6.72 mg/m ³		DOT: 1580 154; 1583 154 (mixture, n.o.s.)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Nitrochloroform, Nitrotrichloromethane, Trichloronitromethane					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.1 ppm (0.7 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 0.1 ppm (0.7 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless to faint-yellow, oily liquid with an intensely irritating odor. [pesticide]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 164.4 BP: 234°F Sol: 0.2% Fl.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.66 VP: 18 mmHg FRZ: -93°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 2 ppm: Sa:CfE/PapRovE/CcrFOv/ GmFOv/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers [Note: The material may explode when heated under confinement.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; lac; cough, pulm edema; nau, vomit TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

β-Chloroprene		Formula: CH ₂ =CClCH=CH ₂	CAS#: 126-99-8	RTECS#: E19625000	IDLH: Ca [300 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.62 mg/m ³		DOT: 1991 131P (inhibited)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene; Chlorobutadiene; Chloroprene					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca C 1 ppm (3.6 mg/m ³) [15-minute] See Appendix A OSHA PEL†: TWA 25 ppm (90 mg/m ³) [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1002 OSHA 112	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a pungent, ether-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 88.5 BP: 139°F Sol: Slight Fl.P.: -4°F IP: 8.79 eV Sp.Gr: 0.96 VP: 188 mmHg FRZ: -153°F UEL: 11.3% LEL: 1.9% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF;Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp;AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Peroxides & other oxidizers [Note: Polymerizes at room temperature unless inhibited with antioxidants.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; anxi, irrity; derm; alopecia; repro effects; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, repro sys [lung & skin cancer]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

o-Chlorostyrene		Formula: ClC ₆ H ₄ CH=CH ₂	CAS#: 2039-87-4	RTECS#: WL4160000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.67 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 2-Chlorostyrene, ortho-Chlorostyrene, 1-Chloro-2-ethenylbenzene					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 50 ppm (285 mg/m ³) ST 75 ppm (428 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 138.6 BP: 372°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P.: 138°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.10 VP(77°F): 0.96 mmHg FRZ: -82°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class II Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: In animals: irrit eyes, skin; hema, prot, acidosis; enlarged liver, jaun TO: Eyes, skin, liver, kidneys, CNS, PNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

o-Chlorotoluene		Formula: ClC ₆ H ₄ CH ₃	CAS#: 95-49-8	RTECS#: XS9000000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.18 mg/m ³		DOT: 2238 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1-Chloro-2-methylbenzene, 2-Chloro-1-methylbenzene, 2-Chlorotoluene, o-Tolyl chloride					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 50 ppm (250 mg/m ³) ST 75 ppm (375 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with an aromatic odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 126.6 BP: 320°F Sol(77°F): 0.009% Fl.P: 96°F IP: 8.83 eV Sp.Gr: 1.08 VP(77°F): 4 mmHg FRZ: -31°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IC Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Acids, alkalis, oxidizers, reducing materials, water					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; derm; drow, inco, anes; cough; liver, kidney inj TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, liver, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

2-Chloro-6-trichloromethyl pyridine		Formula: ClC ₂ H ₃ NCCl ₃	CAS#: 1929-82-4	RTECS#: US7525000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 2-Chloro-6-(trichloro-methyl)pyridine; Nitrapyrin; N-serve®; 2,2,2,6-Tetrachloro-2-picoline					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total) ST 20 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp) OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless or white, crystalline solid with a mild, sweet odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 230.9 BP: ? Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: ? VP(73°F): 0.003 mmHg MLT: 145°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid [Explosive]		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Aluminum, magnesium [Note: Emits oxides of nitrogen and chloride ion when heated to decomposition.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: No adverse effects noted in ingestion studies with animals. TO: Eyes, skin			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Chlorpyrifos	Formula: C ₉ H ₁₁ Cl ₃ NO ₃ PS	CAS#: 2921-88-2	RTECS#: TF6300000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT: 2783 152			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Chlorpyrifos-ethyl; O, O-Diethyl O-3,5,6-trichloro-2-pyridyl phosphorothioate; Dursban®				
Exposure Limits:	NIOSH REL: TWA 0.2 mg/m ³ ST 0.6 mg/m ³ [skin]		OSHA PEL†: none	
		Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5600 OSHA 62		
Physical Description: Colorless to white, crystalline solid with a mild, mercaptan-like odor. [pesticide] [Note: Commercial formulations may be combined with combustible liquids.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 350.6 BP: 320°F (Decomposes) Sol: 0.0002% F.I.P.: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.40 (Liquid at 110°F) VP: 0.00002 mmHg MLT: 108°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
		Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong acids, caustics, amines [Note: Corrosive to copper & brass.]		
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Wheez, lar spasms, saliv; bluish lips, skin; miosis, blurred vision; nau, vomit, abdom cramps, diarr TO: Resp sys, CNS, PNS, plasma chol			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Chromic acid and chromates	Formula: CrO ₃ (acid)	CAS#: 1333-82-0 (CrO ₃)	RTECS#: GB6650000 (CrO ₃)	IDLH: Ca [15 mg/m ³ {as Cr(VI)}]
Conversion:	DOT: 1755 154 (acid solution); 1463 141 (acid, solid)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Chromic acid (CrO₃): Chromic anhydride, Chromic oxide, Chromium(VI) oxide (1:3), Chromium trioxide. Synonyms of chromates (i.e., chromium(VI) compounds) such as zinc chromate vary depending upon the specific compound.				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL (as Cr): Ca TWA 0.001 mg/m ³ See Appendix A See Appendix C OSHA PEL (as CrO₃): TWA 0.005 mg/m ³ See Appendix C		Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7600, 7604, 7605 OSHA ID103, ID215, W4001		
Physical Description: CrO ₃ : Dark-red, odorless flakes or powder. [Note: Often used in an aqueous solution (H ₂ CrO ₄).]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 100.0 BP: 482°F (Decomposes) Sol: 63% F.I.P.: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 2.70 (CrO ₃) VP: Very low MLT: 387°F (Decomposes) UEL: NA LEL: NA CrO ₃ : Noncombustible Solid, but will accelerate the burning of combustible materials.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE
		Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Combustible, organic, or other readily oxidizable materials (paper, wood, sulfur, aluminum, plastics, etc.); corrosive to metals		
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit resp sys; nasal septum perf; liver, kidney damage; leucity, leupen, eosin; eye inj, conj; skin ulcer, sens derm; [carc] TO: Blood, resp sys, liver, kidneys, eyes, skin [lung cancer]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Chromium(II) compounds (as Cr)		Formula:	CAS#:	RTECS#:	IDLH: 250 mg/m ³ [as Cr(II)]
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Synonyms vary depending upon the specific Chromium(II) compound. [Note: Chromium(II) compounds include soluble chromous salts.]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ See Appendix C OSHA PEL: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ See Appendix C			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7024, 7300, 7301, 7303, 9102 OSHA ID121, ID125G		
Physical Description: Appearance and odor vary depending upon the specific compound.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: Properties vary depending upon the specific compound.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 2.5 mg/m³: Qm* 5 mg/m³: 95XQ*/Sa* 12.5 mg/m³: Sa:C*/PaprHie* 25 mg/m³: 100F/PaprTHie*/ScbaF/SaF 250 mg/m³: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Varies					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes; sens derm TO: Eyes, skin			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Chromium(III) compounds (as Cr)		Formula:	CAS#:	RTECS#:	IDLH: 25 mg/m ³ [as Cr(III)]
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Synonyms vary depending upon the specific Chromium(III) compound. [Note: Chromium(III) compounds include soluble chromic salts.]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ See Appendix C OSHA PEL: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ See Appendix C			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7024, 7300, 7301, 7303, 9102 OSHA ID121, ID125G		
Physical Description: Appearance and odor vary depending upon the specific compound.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: Properties vary depending upon the specific compound.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 2.5 mg/m³: Qm* 5 mg/m³: 95XQ*/Sa* 12.5 mg/m³: Sa:C*/PaprHie* 25 mg/m³: 100F/PaprTHie*/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Varies					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes; sens derm TO: Eyes, skin			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Chromium metal	Formula: Cr	CAS#: 7440-47-3	RTECS#: GB4200000	IDLH: 250 mg/m ³ (as Cr)
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Chrome, Chromium				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ See Appendix C OSHA PEL*: TWA 1 mg/m ³ See Appendix C [*Note: The PEL also applies to insoluble chromium salts.]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7024, 7300, 7301, 7303, 9102 OSHA ID121, ID125G	
Physical Description: Blue-white to steel-gray, lustrous, brittle, hard, odorless solid.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 52.0 BP: 4788°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 7.14 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 3452°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid in bulk form, but finely divided dust burns rapidly if heated in a flame.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 2.5 mg/m³: Qm* 5 mg/m³: 95XQ*/Sa* 12.5 mg/m³: Sa:C*/PaprHie* 25 mg/m³: 100F/PaprTHie*/ScbaF/SaF 250 mg/m³: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE		
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; lung fib (histologic) TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys		Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers (such as hydrogen peroxide), alkalis		
First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed				

Chromyl chloride	Formula: Cr(OCl) ₂	CAS#: 14977-61-8	RTECS#: GB5775000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion:	DOT: 1758 137			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Chlorochromic anhydride, Chromic oxychloride, Chromium chloride oxide, Chromium dichloride dioxide, Chromium dioxide dichloride, Chromium dioxychloride, Chromium oxychloride, Dichlorodioxochromium				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca 0.001 mg Cr(VI)/m ³ See Appendix A, See Appendix C			OSHA PEL: none	
Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available				
Physical Description: Deep-red liquid with a musty, burning, acrid odor. [Note: Fumes in moist air.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 154.9 BP: 243°F Sol: Reacts Fl.P: NA IP: 12.60 eV Sp.Gr(77°F): 1.91 VP: 20 mmHg FRZ: -142°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Liquid, but a powerful oxidizer.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ‡: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOV/ScbaE		
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, upper resp sys; eye, skin burns [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys [lung cancer]		Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Water, combustible substances, halides, phosphorus, turpentine [Note: Reacts violently in water; forms chromic acid, chromic chloride, hydrochloric acid & chlorine. Corrodes common metals.]		
First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed				

Clopidol	Formula: C ₇ H ₇ Cl ₂ NO	CAS#: 2971-90-6	RTECS#: UU7711500	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Coyden®; 3,5-Dichloro-2,6-dimethyl-4-pyridinol				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total) ST 20 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp) OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500, 0600	
Physical Description: White to light-brown, crystalline solid.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 192.1 BP: ? Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: ? VP: ? MLT: >608°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid, but dust may explode in cloud form.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; cough TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Fresh air	

Coal dust	Formula:	CAS#:	RTECS#: GF8281000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT: 1361 133			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Anthracite coal dust, Bituminous coal dust, Lignite coal dust				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1 mg/m ³ [measured according to MSHA method (CPSU)] TWA 0.9 mg/m ³ [measured according to ISO/CEN/ACGIH criteria] See Appendix C (Coal Dust and Coal Mine Dust) OSHA PEL†: TWA 2.4 mg/m ³ [respirable, < 5% SiO ₂] TWA (10 mg/m ³)/(%SiO ₂ + 2) [respirable, > 5% SiO ₂] See Appendix C (Mineral Dusts) [Note: The Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) PEL for respirable coal mine dust with < 5% silica is 2.0 mg/m ³ , or (10 mg/m ³) / (% respirable quartz + 2) for coal dust with > 5% silica.]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0600, 7500	
Physical Description: Dark-brown to black solid dispersed in air.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: Properties vary depending upon the specific coal type. Combustible Solid; slightly explosive when exposed to flame.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh SY: Chronic bron, decr pulm func, emphy TO: Resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Breath: Fresh air	

Coal tar pitch volatiles		Formula:	CAS#: 65996-93-2	RTECS#: GF8655000	IDLH: Ca [80 mg/m ³]
Conversion:		DOT: 2713 153 (acridine)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Synonyms vary depending upon the specific compound (e.g., pyrene, phenanthrene, acridine, chrysene, anthracene & benzo(a)pyrene). [Note: NIOSH considers coal tar, coal tar pitch, and creosote to be coal tar products.]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ (cyclohexane-extractable fraction) See Appendix A See Appendix C OSHA PEL: TWA 0.2 mg/m ³ (benzene-soluble fraction) [1910.1002] See Appendix C				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA 58	
Physical Description: Black or dark-brown amorphous residue.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: Properties vary depending upon the specific compound. Combustible Solids		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: Daily Remove: N.R. Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF;Pd,Pp/SaF;Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Derm, bron, [carc] TO: Resp sys, skin, bladder, kidneys [lung, kidney & skin cancer]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Cobalt carbonyl (as Co)		Formula: C ₅ Co ₂ O ₈	CAS#: 10210-68-1	RTECS#: GG0300000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: di-mu-Carbonylhexacarbonyldicobalt, Cobalt octacarbonyl, Cobalt tetracarbonyl dimer, Dicobalt carbonyl, Dicobalt Octacarbonyl, Octacarbonyldicobalt					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Orange to dark-brown, crystalline solid. [Note: The pure substance is white.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 341.9 BP: 126°F (Decomposes) Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.87 VP: 0.7 mmHg MLT: 124°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid, but flammable carbon monoxide is emitted during decomposition.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Air [Note: Decomposes on exposure to air or heat; stable in atmosphere of hydrogen & carbon monoxide.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; cough, decr pulm func, wheez, dysp; in animals: liver, kidney inj, pulm edema TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, blood, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Cobalt hydrocarbonyl (as Co)	Formula: HCo(CO) ₄	CAS#: 16842-03-8	RTECS#: GG0900000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Hydrocobalt tetracarbonyl, Tetracarbonylhydridocobalt, Tetracarbonylhydrocobalt				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Gas with an offensive odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 172.0 BP: ? Sol: 0.05% Fl.P: NA (Gas) IP: ? RGasD: 5.93 VP: >1 atm FRZ: -15°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Flammable Gas	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Air [Note: Unstable gas that decomposes rapidly in air at room temperature to cobalt carbonyl & hydrogen.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: In animals: irrit resp sys; dysp, cough, decr pulm func, pulm edema TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support	

Cobalt metal dust and fume (as Co)	Formula: Co	CAS#: 7440-48-4	RTECS#: GF8750000	IDLH: 20 mg/m ³ (as Co)
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Cobalt metal dust, Cobalt metal fume				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.05 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7027, 7300, 7301, 7303, 9102 OSHA ID121, ID125G, ID213	
Physical Description: Odorless, silver-gray to black solid.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 58.9 BP: 5612°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 8.92 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 2719°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid in bulk form, but finely divided dust will burn at high temperatures.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 0.25 mg/m ³ : Qm 0.5 mg/m ³ : 95XQ*/Sa* 1.25 mg/m ³ : Sa:C*/PaprHie* 2.5 mg/m ³ : 100F/ScbaF/SaF 20 mg/m ³ : SaF: Pd, Pp ‡: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, ammonium nitrate				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Cough, dysp, wheez, decr pulm func; low-wgt; dermat; diffuse nodular fib; resp hypersensitivity, asthma TO: Skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Coke oven emissions		Formula:	CAS#:	RTECS#:	IDLH:
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Synonyms vary depending upon the specific constituent.					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA 0.2 mg/m ³ (benzene-soluble fraction) See Appendix A See Appendix C OSHA PEL: [1910.1029] TWA 0.150 mg/m ³ (benzene-soluble fraction)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA 58	
Physical Description: Emissions released during the carbonization of bituminous coal for the production of coke. [Note: See Appendix C for more information.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: Properties vary depending upon the constituent.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: Daily Remove: N.R. Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE See Appendix E (page 351)	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, resp sys; cough, dysp, wheez; [carc] TO: Skin, resp sys, urinary sys [skin, lung, kidney & bladder cancer]				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Resp support	

Copper (dusts and mists, as Cu)		Formula:	CAS#:	RTECS#:	IDLH:
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Copper metal dusts, Copper metal fumes					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL*: TWA 1 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL*: TWA 1 mg/m ³ [* Note: The REL and PEL also apply to other copper compounds (as Cu) except copper fume.]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7029, 7300, 7301, 7303, 9102 OSHA ID121, ID125G	
Physical Description: Reddish, lustrous, malleable, odorless solid.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 63.5 BP: 4703°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 8.94 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 1981°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid in bulk form, but powdered form may ignite.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 5 mg/m³: Qm* 10 mg/m³: 95XQ*/Sa* 25 mg/m³: Sa:Cf*/PaprHie* 50 mg/m³: 100F/PaprTHie*/ScbaF/SaF 100 mg/m³: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, alkalis, sodium azide, acetylene					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose, pharynx; nasal septum perf; metallic taste; derm; in animals: lung, liver, kidney damage; anemia TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, liver, kidneys (incr risk with Wilson's disease)				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Copper fume (as Cu)		Formula: CuO/Cu	CAS#: 1317-38-0 (CuO)	RTECS#: GL7900000 (CuO)	IDLH: 100 mg/m ³ (as Cu)
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Cu: Copper fume CuO: Black copper oxide fume, Copper monoxide fume, Copper(II) oxide fume, Cupric oxide fume [Note: Also see specific listing for Copper (dusts and mists).]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7029, 7300, 7301, 7303 OSHA ID121, ID125G, ID206	
Physical Description: Finely divided black particulate dispersed in air. [Note: Exposure may occur in copper & brass plants and during the welding of copper alloys.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 79.5 BP: Decomposes Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 6.4 (CuO) VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 1879°F (Decomposes) UEL: NA LEL: NA CuO: Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 1 mg/m³: 95XQ/Sa 2.5 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/PaprHie 5 mg/m³: 100F/SaT:Cf/PaprTHie/ ScbaF/SaF 100 mg/m³: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: CuO: Acetylene, zirconium [Note: See Copper (dusts and mists) for properties of Copper metal.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, upper resp sys; metal fume fever: chills, musc ache, nau, fever, dry throat, cough, lass; metallic or sweet taste; discoloration skin, hair TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys (incr risk with Wilson's disease)				First Aid (see Table 6): Breath: Resp support	

Cotton dust (raw)		Formula:	CAS#:	RTECS#: GN2275000	IDLH: 100 mg/m ³
Conversion:		DOT: 1365 133 (cotton)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Raw cotton dust					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA <0.200 mg/m ³ See Appendix C OSHA PEL: [Z-1-A & 1910.1043] See Appendix C				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA [1910.1043]	
Physical Description: Colorless, odorless solid.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: ? BP: Decomposes Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: ? VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: Decomposes UEL: NA LEL: NA Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 1 mg/m³: Qm 2 mg/m³: 95XQ/Sa 5 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/PaprHie 10 mg/m³: 100F/SaT:Cf/PaprTHie/ ScbaF/SaF 100 mg/m³: Sa:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE See Appendix E (page 351)	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh SY: Byssinosis: chest tight, cough, wheez, dysp; decr FEV; bron; mal; fever, chills, upper resp symptoms after initial exposure TO: CVS, resp sys				First Aid (see Table 6): Breath: Fresh air	

Crag® herbicide		Formula: C ₆ H ₃ Cl ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₂ OSO ₃ Na	CAS#: 136-78-7	RTECS#: KK4900000	IDLH: 500 mg/m ³
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Crag® herbicide No. 1; 2-(2,4-Dichlorophenoxy)ethyl sodium sulfate; Sesone					
Exposure Limits:		Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S356 (II-5)			
NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)					
OSHA PEL†: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)					
Physical Description: Colorless to white crystalline, odorless solid. [herbicide]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 309.1 BP: Decomposes Sol(77°F): 26% F.I.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.70 VP: 0.1 mmHg MLT: 473°F (Decomposes) UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 50 mg/m ³ : Qm 100 mg/m ³ : 95XQ/Sa 250 mg/m ³ : Sa:Cf/PapRHe 500 mg/m ³ : 100F/PapRTHie*/SaT:Cf*/ScaF/SaF §: ScaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScBa Escape: 100F/ScaBaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, acids					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; liver, kidney damage; in animals: CNS effects, convuls TO: Eyes, skin, CNS, liver, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

m-Cresol		Formula: CH ₃ C ₆ H ₄ OH	CAS#: 108-39-4	RTECS#: GO6125000	IDLH: 250 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.43 mg/m ³		DOT: 2076 153			
Synonyms/Trade Names: meta-Cresol, 3-Cresol, m-Cresylic acid, 1-Hydroxy-3-methylbenzene, 3-Hydroxytoluene, 3-Methyl phenol					
Exposure Limits:		Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2546 OSHA 32			
NIOSH REL: TWA 2.3 ppm (10 mg/m ³)					
OSHA PEL: TWA 5 ppm (22 mg/m ³) [skin]					
Physical Description: Colorless to yellowish liquid with a sweet, tarry odor. [Note: A solid below 54°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 108.2 BP: 397°F Sol: 2% F.I.P: 187°F IP: 8.98 eV Sp.Gr: 1.03 VP(77°F): 0.14 mmHg FRZ: 54°F UEL: ? LEL(300°F): 1.1% Class IIIA Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 23 ppm: CcrOv95/Sa 57.5 ppm: Sa:Cf/PapRovHie 115 ppm: CcrFOv100/GmFOv100/PapTOvHie*/SaT:Cf*/ScaF/SaF 250 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScBa Escape: GmFOv100/ScaBaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, acids					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; CNS effects: conf, depres, resp fail; dysp, irreg rapid resp, weak pulse; eye, skin burns; derm; lung, liver, kidney, pancreas damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, liver, kidneys, pancreas, CVS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

o-Cresol		Formula: CH ₃ C ₆ H ₄ OH	CAS#: 95-48-7	RTECS#: GO6300000	IDLH: 250 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.43 mg/m ³		DOT: 2076 153			
Synonyms/Trade Names: ortho-Cresol, 2-Cresol, o-Cresylic acid, 1-Hydroxy-2-methylbenzene, 2-Hydroxytoluene, 2-Methyl phenol					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 2.3 ppm (10 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 5 ppm (22 mg/m ³) [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2546 OSHA 32	
Physical Description: White crystals with a sweet, tarry odor. [Note: A liquid above 88°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 108.2 BP: 376°F Sol: 2% F.I.P.: 178°F IP: 8.93 eV Sp.Gr: 1.05 VP(77°F): 0.29 mmHg MLT: 88°F UEL: ? LEL(300°F): 1.4% Combustible Solid Class IIIA Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 23 ppm: CcrOv95/Sa 57.5 ppm: Sa:Cf/PaprvHie 115 ppm: CcrFOv100/GmFOv100/ PaprvTOvHie*/SaT:Cf*/ ScaF/SaF 250 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScBa Escape: GmFOv100/ScaBaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, acids					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; CNS effects: conf, depres, resp fail; dysp, irreg rapid resp, weak pulse; eye, skin burns; dermat; lung, liver, kidney, pancreas damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, liver, kidneys, pancreas, CVS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

p-Cresol		Formula: CH ₃ C ₆ H ₄ OH	CAS#: 106-44-5	RTECS#: GO6475000	IDLH: 250 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.43 mg/m ³		DOT: 2076 153			
Synonyms/Trade Names: para-Cresol, 4-Cresol, p-Cresylic acid, 1-Hydroxy-4-methylbenzene, 4-Hydroxytoluene, 4-Methyl phenol					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 2.3 ppm (10 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 5 ppm (22 mg/m ³) [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2546 OSHA 32	
Physical Description: Crystalline solid with a sweet, tarry odor. [Note: A liquid above 95°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 108.2 BP: 396°F Sol: 2% F.I.P.: 187°F IP: 8.97 eV Sp.Gr: 1.04 VP(77°F): 0.11 mmHg MLT: 95°F UEL: ? LEL(300°F): 1.1% Combustible Solid Class IIIA Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 23 ppm: CcrOv95/Sa 57.5 ppm: Sa:Cf/PaprvHie 115 ppm: CcrFOv100/GmFOv100/ PaprvTOvHie*/SaT:Cf*/ ScaF/SaF 250 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScBa Escape: GmFOv100/ScaBaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, acids					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; CNS effects: conf, depres, resp fail; dysp, irreg rapid resp, weak pulse; eye, skin burns; dermat; lung, liver, kidney, pancreas damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, liver, kidneys, pancreas, CVS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Crotonaldehyde		Formula: CH ₂ CH=CHCHO	CAS#: 4170-30-3	RTECS#: GP9499000	IDLH: 50 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.87 mg/m ³		DOT: 1143 131P (inhibited)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 2-Butenal, β-Methyl acrolein, Propylene aldehyde					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 2 ppm (6 mg/m ³) See Appendix C (Aldehydes) OSHA PEL: TWA 2 ppm (6 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 3516 OSHA 81	
Physical Description: Water-white liquid with a suffocating odor. [Note: Turns pale-yellow on contact with air.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 70.1 BP: 219°F Sol: 18% Fl.P: 45°F IP: 9.73 eV Sp.Gr: 0.87 VP: 19 mmHg FRZ: -101°F UEL: 15.5% LEL: 2.1% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 20 ppm: CcrOv*/Sa* 50 ppm: Sa:Cf*/PaprOv*/CcrFOv/ GmFOv/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Caustics, ammonia, strong oxidizers, nitric acid, amines [Note: Polymerization may occur at elevated temperatures, such as in fire conditions.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, resp sys; in animals: dysp, pulm edema, irrit skin TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Crufomate		Formula: C ₁₂ H ₁₉ ClNO ₃ P	CAS#: 299-86-5	RTECS#: TB3850000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 4-t-Butyl-2-chlorophenylmethyl methylphosphoramidate, Dowco® 132, Ruelene®					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ ST 20 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500 OSHA PV2015	
Physical Description: White, crystalline solid in pure form. [pesticide] [Note: Commercial product is a yellow oil.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 291.7 BP: Decomposes Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.16 VP(243°F): 0.01 mmHg MLT: 140°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strongly alkaline & strongly acidic media [Note: Unstable over long periods in aqueous preparations or above 140°F.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; wheez, dysp; blurred vision, lac; sweat; abdom cramps, diarr, nau, anor TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, blood chol				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Cumene		Formula: C ₆ H ₅ CH(CH ₃) ₂	CAS#: 98-82-8	RTECS#: GR8575000	IDLH: 900 ppm [10%LEL]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.92 mg/m ³		DOT: 1918 130			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Cumol, Isopropyl benzene, 2-Phenyl propane					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 50 ppm (245 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 50 ppm (245 mg/m ³) [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1501	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a sharp, penetrating, aromatic odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 120.2 BP: 306°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: 96°F IP: 8.75 eV Sp.Gr: 0.86 VP: 8 mmHg FRZ: -141°F UEL: 6.5% LEL: 0.9% Class IC Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 500 ppm: CcrOv*/Sa* 900 ppm: Sa:Cf*/PaprOv*/CcrFOv/ GmFOv/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, nitric acid, sulfur acid [Note: Forms cumene hydroperoxide upon long exposure to air.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; dermat; head, narco, coma TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Cyanamide		Formula: NH ₂ CN	CAS#: 420-04-2	RTECS#: GS5950000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Amidocyanogen, Carbimide, Carbodiimide, Cyanogen nitride, Hydrogen cyanamide [Note: Cyanamide is also a synonym for Calcium cyanamide.]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 2 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500	
Physical Description: Crystalline solid.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 42.1 BP: 500°F (Decomposes) Sol(59°F): 78% Fl.P: 286°F IP: 10.65 eV Sp.Gr: 1.28 VP: ? MLT: 113°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Above 104°F: Moisture, acids, or alkalis; 1,2-phenylene diamine salts [Note: Polymerization may occur on evaporation of aqueous solutions.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; eye, skin burns; miosis, salv, lac, twitch; Antabuse-like effects TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Cyanogen		Formula: NCCN	CAS#: 460-19-5	RTECS#: GT1925000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.13 mg/m ³		DOT: 1026 119			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Carbon nitride, Dicyan, Dicyanogen, Ethanedinitrile, Oxalonnitrile					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 ppm (20 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA PV2104	
Physical Description: Colorless gas with a pungent, almond-like odor. [Note: Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas. Forms cyanide in the body.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 52.0 BP: -6°F Sol: 1% Fl.P: NA (Gas) IP: 13.57 eV RGasD: 1.82 Sp.Gr: 0.95 (Liquid at -6°F) VP(70°F): 5.1 atm FRZ: -18°F UEL: 32% LEL: 6.6% Flammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Frostbite Eyes: Prevent eye contact/Frostbite Wash skin: N.R. Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Frostbite wash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Acids, water, strong oxidizers (e.g., dichlorine oxide, fluorine) [Note: Slowly hydrolyzed in water to form hydrogen cyanide, oxalic acid, or ammonia.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose, upper resp sys; lac; cherry red lips, tachypnea, hypernea, bradycardia; head, convuls; dizz, loss of appetite, low-wgt; liquid: frostbite TO: Eyes, resp sys, CNS, CVS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Frostbite Skin: Frostbite Breath: Resp support	

Cyanogen chloride		Formula: CICN	CAS#: 506-77-4	RTECS#: GT2275000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.52 mg/m ³		DOT: 1589 125 (inhibited)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Chlorcyan, Chlorine cyanide, Chlorocyanide, Chlorocyanogen					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 0.3 ppm (0.6 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless gas or liquid (below 55°F) with an irritating odor. [Note: Shipped as a liquefied gas. A solid below 20°F. Forms cyanide in the body.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 61.5 BP: 55°F Sol: 7% Fl.P: NA IP: 12.49 eV RGasD: 2.16 Sp.Gr: 1.22 (Liquid at 32°F) VP: 1010 mmHg FRZ: 20°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Nonflammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact (liquid) Eyes: Prevent eye contact (liquid) Wash skin: When wet or contam (liquid) Remove: When wet or contam (liquid) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash (liquid) Quick drench (liquid)		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Water, acids, alkalis, ammonia, alcohols [Note: Can react very slowly with water to form hydrogen cyanide. May be stabilized to prevent polymerization.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs (liquid), Ing (liquid), Con (liquid) SY: Irrit eyes, upper resp sys; cough, delayed pulm edema; lass, head, dizz, conf, nau, vomit; irreg heartbeat; irrit skin (liquid) TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, CVS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water wash immed (liquid) Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed (liquid)	

Cyclohexane		Formula: C ₆ H ₁₂	CAS#: 110-82-7	RTECS#: GU6300000	IDLH: 1300 ppm [10%LEL]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.44 mg/m ³		DOT: 1145 128			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Benzene hexahydride, Hexahydrobenzene, Hexamethylene, Hexanaphthene					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 300 ppm (1050 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 300 ppm (1050 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1500 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a sweet, chloroform-like odor. [Note: A solid below 44°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 84.2 BP: 177°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: 0°F IP: 9.88 eV Sp.Gr: 0.78 VP: 78 mmHg FRZ: 44°F UEL: 8% LEL: 1.3% Class IB Flammable Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 1300 ppm: Sa:Cf/Pap/Ov/El/CcrFOV/ GmFOV/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOV/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; drow; dermat; narco, coma TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Cyclohexanethiol		Formula: C ₆ H ₁₁ SH	CAS#: 1569-69-3	RTECS#: GV7525000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.75 mg/m ³		DOT: 3054 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Cyclohexylmercaptan, Cyclohexylthiol					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 0.5 ppm (2.4 mg/m ³) [15-minute] OSHA PEL: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a strong, offensive odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 116.2 BP: 316°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: 110°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.98 VP: 10 mmHg FRZ: -181°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class II Combustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 5 ppm: CcrOv/Sa 12.5 ppm: Sa:Cf/Pap/Ov 25 ppm: CcrFOV/GmFOV/Pap/TOV/ ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOV/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, reducing agents, strong acids, alkali metals					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; head, dizz, lass, nau, vomit, convuls; cough, wheez, laryngitis, dysp TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Cyclohexanol		Formula: C ₆ H ₁₁ OH	CAS#: 108-93-0	RTECS#: GV7875000	IDLH: 400 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.10 mg/m ³		DOT: 1993 128 (combustible liquid, n.o.s.)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Anol, Cyclohexyl alcohol, Hexahydrophenol, Hexalin, Hydralin, Hydroxycyclohexane					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 50 ppm (200 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL†: TWA 50 ppm (200 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1402, 1405 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Sticky solid or colorless to light-yellow liquid (above 77°F) with a camphor-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 100.2 BP: 322°F Sol: 4% Fl.P: 154°F IP: 10.00 eV Sp.Gr: 0.96 VP: 1 mmHg MLT: 77°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIA Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 400 ppm: CcrOv*/Paprov*/GmFOv/Sa*/ScbaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers (such as hydrogen peroxide & nitric acid)					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; narco TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Cyclohexanone		Formula: C ₆ H ₁₀ O	CAS#: 108-94-1	RTECS#: GW1050000	IDLH: 700 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.02 mg/m ³		DOT: 1915 127			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Anone, Cyclohexyl ketone, Pimelic ketone					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 25 ppm (100 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL†: TWA 50 ppm (200 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1300, 2555 OSHA 1	
Physical Description: Water-white to pale-yellow liquid with a peppermint- or acetone-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 98.2 BP: 312°F Sol: 15% Fl.P: 146°F IP: 9.14 eV Sp.Gr: 0.95 VP: 5 mmHg FRZ: -49°F UEL: 9.4% LEL(212°F): 1.1% Class IIIA Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 625 ppm: Sa: Cf£/Paprov£ 700 ppm: CcrFOv/GmFOv/PapTOv£/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, nitric acid					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; head; narco, coma; dermat; in animals: liver, kidney damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, liver, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Cyclohexene		Formula: C ₆ H ₁₀	CAS#: 110-83-8	RTECS#: GW2500000	IDLH: 2000 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.36 mg/m ³		DOT: 2256 130			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Benzene tetrahydride, Tetrahydrobenzene					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 300 ppm (1015 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 300 ppm (1015 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1500 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a sweet odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 82.2 BP: 181°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: 11°F IP: 8.95 eV Sp.Gr: 0.81 VP: 67 mmHg FRZ: -154°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 2000 ppm: Sa:CfE/Pap/OvE/CrFOV/ GmFOV/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOV/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers [Note: Forms explosive peroxides with oxygen upon storage.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; drow TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Cyclohexylamine		Formula: C ₆ H ₁₁ NH ₂	CAS#: 108-91-8	RTECS#: GX0700000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.06 mg/m ³		DOT: 2357 132			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Aminocyclohexane, Aminohexahydrobenzene, Hexahydroaniline, Hexahydrobenzenamine					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 ppm (40 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2010 OSHA PV2016	
Physical Description: Colorless or yellow liquid with a strong, fishy, amine-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 99.2 BP: 274°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P: 88°F IP: 8.37 eV Sp.Gr: 0.87 VP: 11 mmHg FRZ: 0°F UEL: 9.4% LEL: 1.5% Class IC Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, organic compounds, acid anhydrides, acid chlorides, acids, lead [Note: Corrosive to copper, aluminum, zinc & galvanized steel.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb, resp sys; eye, skin burns; skin sens; cough, pulm edema; drow, dizz; diarr, nau, vomit TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Cyclonite		Formula: C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆	CAS#: 121-82-4	RTECS#: XY9450000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Cyclotrimethylenetrinitramine; Hexahydro-1,3,5-trinitro-s-triazine; RDX; Trimethylenetrinitramine; 1,3,5-Trinitro-1,3,5-triazacyclohexane					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1.5 mg/m ³ ST 3 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500	
Physical Description: White, crystalline powder. [Note: A powerful high explosive.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 222.2 BP: ? Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: Explodes IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.82 VP(230°F): 0.0004 mmHg MLT: 401°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid [EXPLOSIVE!]		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, combustible materials, heat [Note: Detonates on contact with mercury fulminate.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; head, irrity, lass, tremor, nau, dizz, vomit, insom, convuls TO: Eyes, skin, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Cyclopentadiene		Formula: C ₅ H ₆	CAS#: 542-92-7	RTECS#: GY1000000	IDLH: 750 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.70 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1,3-Cyclopentadiene					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 75 ppm (200 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 75 ppm (200 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2523	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with an irritating, terpene-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 66.1 BP: 107°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P(oc): 77°F IP: 8.56 eV Sp.Gr: 0.80 VP: 400 mmHg FRZ: -121°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IC Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 750 ppm: CcrOv/GmFOv/PapRov/ Sa/ScbaF §: ScbaF/Pd,Pp/SaF/Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, fuming nitric acid, sulfuric acid [Note: Polymerizes to dicyclopentadiene upon standing.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose TO: Eyes, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Cyclopentane	Formula: C ₅ H ₁₀	CAS#: 287-92-3	RTECS#: GY2390000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.87 mg/m ³	DOT: 1146 128			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Pentamethylene				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 600 ppm (1720 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a mild, sweet odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 70.2 BP: 121°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: -35°F IP: 10.52 eV Sp.Gr: 0.75 VP(88°F): 400 mmHg FRZ: -137°F UEL: 8.7% LEL: 1.1% Class IB Flammable Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: Daily Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers (e.g., chlorine, bromine, fluorine)				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; dizz, euph, inco, nau, vomit, stupor; dry, cracking skin TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Cyhexatin	Formula: (C ₆ H ₁₁) ₃ SnOH	CAS#: 13121-70-5	RTECS#: WH8750000	IDLH: 80 mg/m ³ [25 mg/m ³ (as Sn)]
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: TCHH, Tricyclohexylhydroxystannane, Tricyclohexylhydroxytin, Tricyclohexylstannium hydroxide, Tricyclohexyltin hydroxide				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: TWA 0.32 mg/m ³ [0.1 mg/m ³ (as Sn)]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5504	
Physical Description: Colorless to white, nearly odorless, crystalline powder. [insecticide]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 385.2 BP: 442°F (Decomposes) Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: ? VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 383°F UEL: NA LEL: NA	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): OSHA 3.2 mg/m³: CcrOv95/Sa 8 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/PapRovHie 16 mg/m³: CcrFOv100/GmFOv100/ PapRTOvHie/SaT:Cf/ScbaF/SaF 80 mg/m³: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, ultraviolet light				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; head, dizz; sore throat, cough; abdom pain, vomit, skin burns, pruritus; in animals: liver, kidney damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, liver, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

2,4-D	Formula: Cl ₂ C ₆ H ₃ OCH ₂ COOH	CAS#: 94-75-7	RTECS#: AG6825000	IDLH: 100 mg/m ³
Conversion:	DOT: 2765 152			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid; 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL: TWA 10 mg/m ³			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5001	
Physical Description: White to yellow, crystalline, odorless powder. [herbicide]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 221.0 BP: Decomposes Sol: 0.05% Fl.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.57 VP(320°F): 0.4 mmHg MLT: 280°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid, but may be dissolved in flammable liquids.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 100 mg/m³: CcrOv95/GmFOv100/ PaprOvHie/Sa/ScbaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Lass, stupor, hyporeflexia, musc twitch; convuls; dermat; in animals: liver, kidney inj TO: Skin, CNS, liver, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

DDT	Formula: (C ₆ H ₄ Cl) ₂ CHCl ₃	CAS#: 50-29-3	RTECS#: KJ3325000	IDLH: Ca [500 mg/m ³]
Conversion:	DOT: 2761 151			
Synonyms/Trade Names: p,p'-DDT; Dichlorodiphenyltrichloroethane; 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2-bis(p-chlorophenyl)ethane				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ See Appendix A OSHA PEL: TWA 1 mg/m ³ [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S274 (II-3)	
Physical Description: Colorless crystals or off-white powder with a slight, aromatic odor. [pesticide]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 354.5 BP: 230°F (Decomposes) Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: 162-171°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.99 VP: 0.0000002 mmHg MLT: 227°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ¥: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, alkalis				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; pares tongue, lips, face; tremor; anxi, dizz, conf, mal, head, lass; convuls; paresis hands; vomit; [canc] TO: Eyes, skin, CNS, kidneys, liver, PNS [in animals: liver, lung & lymphatic tumors]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Decaborane		Formula: B ₁₀ H ₁₄	CAS#: 17702-41-9	RTECS#: HD1400000	IDLH: 15 mg/m ³
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.00 mg/m ³		DOT: 1868 134			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Decaboron tetradecahydride					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.3 mg/m ³ (0.05 ppm) [skin] ST 0.9 mg/m ³ (0.15 ppm) OSHA PEL†: TWA 0.3 mg/m ³ (0.05 ppm) [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless to white crystalline solid with an intense, bitter, chocolate-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 122.2 BP: 415°F Sol: Slight F.I.P: 176°F IP: 9.88 eV Sp.Gr: 0.94 VP: 0.2 mmHg MLT: 211°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 3 mg/m³: Sa 7.5 mg/m³: Sa:Cf 15 mg/m³: SaT:Cf/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, water, halogenated compounds (especially carbon tetrachloride) [Note: May ignite SPONTANEOUSLY on exposure to air. Decomposes slowly in hot water.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Dizz, head, nau, drow; inco, local musc spasm, tremor, convuls; lass; in animals: dysp; lass; liver, kidney damage TO: CNS; liver, kidneys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

D

1-Decanethiol		Formula: CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₉ SH	CAS#: 143-10-2	RTECS#:	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 7.13 mg/m ³		DOT: 1228 131			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Decylmercaptan, n-Decylmercaptan, 1-Mercaptodecane					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 0.5 ppm (3.6 mg/m ³) [15-minute] OSHA PEL: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a strong odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 174.4 BP: 465°F Sol: Insoluble F.I.P: 209°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.84 VP: ? FRZ: -15°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIB Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 5 ppm: CcrOv/Sa 12.5 ppm: Sa:Cf/PapRov 25 ppm: CcrFOv/GmFOv/PapRTOv/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, strong acids & bases, alkali metals, nitric acid					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; conf, dizz, head, drow, nau, vomit, lass, convuls TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Demeton		Formula: (C ₂ H ₅ O) ₂ PSOC ₂ H ₄ SC ₂ H ₅	CAS#: 8065-48-3	RTECS#: TF3150000	IDLH: 10 mg/m ³
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: O-O-Diethyl-O(and S)-2-(ethylthio)ethyl phosphorothioate mixture, Systox®					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5514	
Physical Description: Amber, oily liquid with a sulfur-like odor. [insecticide]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 258.3 BP: Decomposes Sol: 0.01% F.P.: 113°F IP: ? Sp.Gr.: 1.12 VP: 0.0003 mmHg FRZ: <-13°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class II Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 1 mg/m³: Sa 2.5 mg/m³: Sa:Cf 5 mg/m³: SaT:Cf/ScbaF/SaF 10 mg/m³: Sa:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, alkalis, water					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; miosis, ache eyes, rhin, head; chest tight, wheez, lar spasm, salv, cyan; anor, nau, vomit, abdom cramps, diarr; local sweat; musc fasc, lass, para; dizz, conf, ataxia; convuls, coma; low BP; card irreg TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CVS, CNS, blood chol				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Diacetone alcohol		Formula: CH ₃ COCH ₂ C(CH ₃) ₂ OH	CAS#: 123-42-2	RTECS#: SA9100000	IDLH: 1800 ppm [10%LEL]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.75 mg/m ³		DOT: 1148 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Diacetone, 4-Hydroxy-4-methyl-2-pentanone, 2-Methyl-2-pentanol-4-one					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 50 ppm (240 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 50 ppm (240 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1402, 1405 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a faint, minty odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 116.2 BP: 334°F Sol: Miscible F.P.: 125°F IP: ? Sp.Gr.: 0.94 VP: 1 mmHg FRZ: -47°F UEL: 6.9% LEL: 1.8% Class II Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 1250 ppm: Sa:Cf£/PapRov£ 1800 ppm: CcrFOv/GmFOv/PapTOv£/ ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, strong alkalis					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; corn damage; in animals: narco, liver damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, liver				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

2,4-Diaminoanisole (and its salts)	Formula: (NH ₂) ₂ C ₆ H ₃ OCH ₃	CAS#: 615-05-4	RTECS#: BZ8580500	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1,3-Diamino-4-methoxybenzene; 4-Methoxy-1,3-benzene-diamine; 4-Methoxy-m-phenylene-diamine (Synonyms of salts vary depending upon the specific compound.)				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca Minimize occupational exposure (especially skin exposures) See Appendix A OSHA PEL: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless solid (needles). [Note: The primary use (including its salts such as 2,4-diaminoanisole sulfate) is a component of hair & fur dye formulations.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 138.2 BP: ? Sol: ? Fl.P: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: ? VP: ? MLT: 153°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE
			Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers	
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: In animals: irrit skin; thyroid, liver changes; terato effects; [carc] TO: Skin, thyroid, liver, repro sys [in animals: thyroid, liver, skin & lymphatic sys tumors]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

D

o-Dianisidine	Formula: (NH ₂ C ₆ H ₃ OCH ₃) ₂	CAS#: 119-90-4	RTECS#: DD0875000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Dianisidine; 3,3'-Dianisidine; 3,3'-Dimethoxybenzidine				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A See Appendix C OSHA PEL: See Appendix C			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5013 OSHA 71	
Physical Description: Colorless crystals that turn a violet color on standing. [Note: Used as a basis for many dyes.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 244.3 BP: ? Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: 403°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: ? VP: ? MLT: 279°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE
			Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers	
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit skin; in animals: kidney, liver damage; thyroid, spleen changes; [carc] TO: Skin, kidneys, liver, thyroid, liver [in animals: bladder, liver, stomach & mammary gland tumors]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Diazinon®	Formula: C ₁₂ H ₂₁ N ₂ O ₃ PS	CAS#: 333-41-5	RTECS#: TF3325000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT: 2783 152			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Basudin®; Diazide®; O,O-Diethyl-O-2-isopropyl-4-methyl-6-pyrimidinyl-phosphorothioate; Spectracide®				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5600 OSHA 62	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a faint ester-like odor. [insecticide] [Note: Technical grade is pale to dark brown.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 304.4 BP: Decomposes Sol: 0.004% Fl.P: 180°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.12 VP: 0.0001 mmHg FRZ: ? UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIA Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong acids & alkalis, copper-containing compounds [Note: Hydrolyzes slowly in water & dilute acid.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes; miosis, blurred vision; dizz, conf, lass, convuls; dysp; salv, abdom cramps, nau, vomit TO: Eyes, resp sys, CNS, CVS, blood chol			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Diazomethane	Formula: CH ₂ N ₂	CAS#: 334-88-3	RTECS#: PA7000000	IDLH: 2 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 1.72 mg/m ³	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Azimethylene, Azomethylene, Diazirine				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.2 ppm (0.4 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 0.2 ppm (0.4 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2515	
Physical Description: Yellow gas with a musty odor. [Note: Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 42.1 BP: -9°F Sol: Reacts Fl.P: NA (Gas) IP: 9.00 eV RGasD: 1.45 VP: >1 atm FRZ: -229°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Flammable Gas [EXPLOSIVE!]		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Frostbite Eyes: Frostbite Wash skin: N.R. Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Frostbite wash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 2 ppm: Sa*/ScbaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Alkali metals, water, drying agents such as calcium arsenate [Note: May explode violently on heating, exposure to sunlight, or contact with rough edges such as ground glass.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con (liquid) SY: Irrit eyes; cough, short breath; head, lass; flush skin, fever; chest pain, pulm edema, pneu; asthma; liquid: frostbite TO: Eyes, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Frostbite Skin: Frostbite Breath: Resp support	

Diborane	Formula: B ₂ H ₆	CAS#: 19287-45-7	RTECS#: HQ9275000	IDLH: 15 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 1.13 mg/m ³		DOT: 1911 119		
Synonyms/Trade Names: Boroethane, Boron hydride, Diboron hexahydride				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.1 ppm (0.1 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 0.1 ppm (0.1 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 6006	
Physical Description: Colorless gas with a repulsive, sweet odor. [Note: Usually shipped in pressurized cylinders diluted with hydrogen, argon, nitrogen, or helium.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 27.7 BP: -135°F Sol: Reacts Fl.P: NA (Gas) IP: 11.38 eV RGasD: 0.97 VP(62°F): 39.5 atm FRZ: -265°F UEL: 88% LEL: 0.8% Flammable Gas	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 1 ppm: Sa 2.5 ppm: Sa,Cf 5 ppm: SaT:Cf/ScbaF/SaF 15 ppm: Sa:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Water, halogenated compounds, aluminum, lithium, oxidized surfaces, acids [Note: Will ignite spontaneously in moist air at room temperature. Reacts with water to form hydrogen & boric acid.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh SY: Chest tight, precordial pain, short breath, nonproductive cough, nau; head, dizz, chills, fever, lass, tremor, musc fasc; in animals: liver, kidney damage; pulm edema; hemorr TO: Resp sys, CNS, liver, kidneys		First Aid (see Table 6): Breath: Resp support		

D

1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	Formula: CH ₂ BrCHBrCH ₂ Cl	CAS#: 96-12-8	RTECS#: TX8750000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 9.67 mg/m ³		DOT: 2872 159		
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1-Chloro-2,3-dibromopropane; DBCP; Dibromochloropropane				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL: [1910.1044] TWA 0.001 ppm			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Dense yellow or amber liquid with a pungent odor at high concentrations. [pesticide] [Note: A solid below 43°F.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 236.4 BP: 384°F Sol: 0.1% Fl.P(oc): 170°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 2.05 VP: 0.8 mmHg FRZ: 43°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIA Combustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ¥: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOV100/ScbaE See Appendix E (page 351)		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Chemically-active metals such as aluminum, magnesium & tin alloys [Note: Corrosive to metals.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; drow; nau, vomit; pulm edema; liver, kidney inj; sterility; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, liver, kidneys, spleen, repro sys, digestive sys [in animals: cancer of the nasal cavity, tongue, pharynx, lungs, stomach, adrenal & mammary glands]		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

2-N-Dibutylaminoethanol		Formula: (C ₄ H ₉) ₂ NCH ₂ CH ₂ OH	CAS#: 102-81-8	RTECS#: KK3850000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 7.09 mg/m ³		DOT: 2873 153			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Dibutylaminoethanol; 2-Dibutylaminoethanol; 2-Di-N-butylaminoethanol; 2-Di-N-butylaminoethyl alcohol; N,N-Dibutylethanolamine					
D	Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 2 ppm (14 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2007	
	Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a faint, amine-like odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 173.3 BP: 446°F Sol: 0.4% F.I.P: 195°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.86 VP: 0.1 mmHg FRZ: ? UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIA Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: In animals: irrit eyes, skin, nose; dermat; skin, corn nec; low-wgt TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol		Formula: [C(CH ₃) ₃] ₂ CH ₃ C ₆ H ₂ OH	CAS#: 128-37-0	RTECS#: GO7875000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: BHT; Butylated hydroxytoluene; Dibutylated hydroxytoluene; 4-Methyl-2,6-di-tert-butyl phenol					
D	Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH P&CAM226 (II-1) OSHA PV2108	
	Physical Description: White to pale-yellow, crystalline solid with a slight, phenolic odor. [food preservative]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 220.4 BP: 509°F Sol: 0.00004% F.I.P: 261°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.05 VP: 0.01 mmHg MLT: 158°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIB Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; in animals: decr growth rate, incr liver weight TO: Eyes, skin			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Fresh air Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Dibutyl phosphate		Formula: (C ₄ H ₉ O) ₂ (OH)PO	CAS#: 107-66-4	RTECS#: TB9605000	IDLH: 30 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 8.60 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Dibutyl acid o-phosphate, Di-n-butyl hydrogen phosphate, Dibutyl phosphoric acid					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1 ppm (5 mg/m ³) ST 2 ppm (10 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 1 ppm (5 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5017	
Physical Description: Pale-amber, odorless liquid.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 210.2 BP: 212°F (Decomposes) Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.06 VP: 1 mmHg (approx) FRZ: ? UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 10 ppm: Sa 25 ppm: Sa:Cf 30 ppm: SaT:Cf/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFov100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; head TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

D

Dibutyl phthalate		Formula: C ₆ H ₄ (COOC ₄ H ₉) ₂	CAS#: 84-74-2	RTECS#: TI0875000	IDLH: 4000 mg/m ³
Conversion: 1 ppm = 11.57 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: DBP; Dibutyl-1,2-benzene-dicarboxylate; Di-n-butyl phthalate					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/m ³				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5020 OSHA 104	
Physical Description: Colorless to faint-yellow, oily liquid with a slight, aromatic odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 278.3 BP: 644°F Sol(77°F): 0.001% Fl.P: 315°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.05 VP: 0.00007 mmHg FRZ: -31°F UEL: ? LEL(456°F): 0.5% Class IIIB Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 50 mg/m ³ : 95F 125 mg/m ³ : Sa:Cf£/Paprhief£ 250 mg/m ³ : 100F/ScbaF/SaF 4000 mg/m ³ : SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Nitrates, strong oxidizers, alkalis & acids; liquid chlorine					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, upper resp sys, stomach TO: Eyes, resp sys, GI tract			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Wash regularly Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Dichloroacetylene		Formula: C ₂ Cl ₂	CAS#: 7572-29-4	RTECS#: AP1080000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.88 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: DCA, Dichloroethyne [Note: DCA is a possible decomposition product of trichloroethylene or trichloroethane.]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca C 0.1 ppm (0.4 mg/m ³) See Appendix A OSHA PEL †: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Volatile oil with a disagreeable, sweetish odor. [Note: A gas above 90°F. DCA is not produced commercially.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 94.9 BP: 90°F (Explodes) Sol: ? Fl.P.: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.26 VP: ? FRZ: -58 to -87°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ¥: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, heat, shock					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Head, loss of appetite, nau, vomit, intense jaw pain, cranial nerve palsy; in animals: kidney, liver, brain inj; low-wgt; [carc] TO: CNS [in animals: kidney tumors]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

o-Dichlorobenzene		Formula: C ₆ H ₄ Cl ₂	CAS#: 95-50-1	RTECS#: CZ4500000	IDLH: 200 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 6.01 mg/m ³		DOT: 1591 152			
Synonyms/Trade Names: o-DCB; 1,2-Dichlorobenzene; ortho-Dichlorobenzene; o-Dichlorobenzol					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 50 ppm (300 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: C 50 ppm (300 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1003 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless to pale-yellow liquid with a pleasant, aromatic odor. [herbicide]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 147.0 BP: 357°F Sol: 0.01% Fl.P.: 151°F IP: 9.06 eV Sp.Gr: 1.30 VP: 1 mmHg FRZ: 1°F UEL: 9.2% LEL: 2.2% Class IIIA Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 200 ppm: CcrFOv/PaprvOvE/ ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, aluminum, chlorides, acids, acid fumes					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose; liver, kidney damage; skin blisters TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, liver, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

p-Dichlorobenzene		Formula: C ₆ H ₄ Cl ₂	CAS#: 106-46-7	RTECS#: CZ4550000	IDLH: Ca [150 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 6.01 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: p-DCB; 1,4-Dichlorobenzene; para-Dichlorobenzene; Dichlorocide					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL†: TWA 75 ppm (450 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1003 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless or white crystalline solid with a mothball-like odor. [insecticide]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 147.0 BP: 345°F Sol: 0.008% Fl.P: 150°F IP: 8.98 eV Sp.Gr: 1.25 VP: 1.3 mmHg MLT: 128°F UEL: ? LEL: 2.5% Combustible Solid, but may take some effort to ignite.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers (such as chlorine or permanganate)					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Eye irrit, swell periorb; profuse rhinitis; head, anor, nau, vomit; low-wgt, jaun, cirr; in animals: liver, kidney inj; [carc] TO: Liver, resp sys, eyes, kidneys, skin [in animals: liver & kidney cancer]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

D

3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine (and its salts)		Formula: NH ₂ ClC ₆ H ₃ C ₆ H ₃ ClNH ₂	CAS#: 91-94-1	RTECS#: DD0525000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 4,4'-Diamino-3,3'-dichlorobiphenyl; Dichlorobenzidine base; o,o'-Dichlorobenzidine; 3,3'-Dichlorobiphenyl-4,4'-diamine; 3,3'-Dichloro-4,4'-biphenyldiamine; 3,3'-Dichloro-4,4'-diaminobiphenyl					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL: [1910.1007] See Appendix B				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5509 OSHA 65	
Physical Description: Gray to purple, crystalline solid.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 253.1 BP: 788°F Sol(59°F): 0.07% Fl.P: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: ? VP: ? MLT: 271°F UEL: ? LEL: ?		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE See Appendix E (page 351)	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Skin sens, derm; head, dizz; caustic burns; frequent urination, dysuria; hema; GI upset; upper resp infection; [carc] TO: Bladder, liver, lung, skin, GI tract [in animals: liver & bladder cancer]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Dichlorodifluoromethane		Formula: CCl ₂ F ₂	CAS#: 75-71-8	RTECS#: PA8200000	IDLH: 15,000 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.95 mg/m ³		DOT: 1028 126			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Difluorodichloromethane, Fluorocarbon 12, Freon® 12, Genetron® 12, Halon® 122, Propellant 12, Refrigerant 12					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1000 ppm (4950 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 1000 ppm (4950 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1018	
Physical Description: Colorless gas with an ether-like odor at extremely high concentrations. [Note: Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 120.9 BP: -22°F Sol(77°F): 0.03% Fl.P: NA IP: 11.75 eV RGasD: 4.2 VP: 5.7 atm FRZ: -252°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Nonflammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Frostbite Eyes: Frostbite Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R. Provide: Frostbite wash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 10,000 ppm: Sa 15,000 ppm: Sa:Cf/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Chemically-active metals such as sodium, potassium, calcium, powdered aluminum, zinc & magnesium					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con (liquid) SY: Dizz, tremor, asphy, uncon, card arrhy, card arrest; liquid: frostbite TO: CVS, PNS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Frostbite Skin: Frostbite Breath: Resp support	

1,3-Dichloro-5,5-dimethylhydantoin		Formula: C ₅ H ₆ Cl ₂ N ₂ O ₂	CAS#: 118-52-5	RTECS#: MU0700000	IDLH: 5 mg/m ³
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Dactin, DDH, Halane					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.2 mg/m ³ ST 0.4 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: TWA 0.2 mg/m ³				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: White powder with a chlorine-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 197.0 BP: ? Sol: 0.2% Fl.P: 346°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.5 VP: ? MLT: 270°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 2 mg/m³: Sa 5 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Water, strong acids, easily oxidized materials such as ammonia salts & sulfides					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, muc memb, resp sys TO: Eyes, resp sys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

1,1-Dichloroethane		Formula: CHCl ₂ CH ₃	CAS#: 75-34-3	RTECS#: KI0175000	IDLH: 3000 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.05 mg/m ³		DOT: 2362 130			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Asymmetrical dichloroethane; Ethylidene chloride; 1,1-Ethylidene dichloride					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 100 ppm (400 mg/m ³) See Appendix C (Chloroethanes) OSHA PEL: TWA 100 ppm (400 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1003 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless, oily liquid with a chloroform-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 99.0 BP: 135°F Sol: 0.6% Fl.P: 2°F IP: 11.06 eV Sp.Gr: 1.18 VP: 182 mmHg FRZ: -143°F UEL: 11.4% LEL: 5.4% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 1000 ppm: Sa 2500 ppm: Sa;Cf 3000 ppm: ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, strong caustics					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit skin; CNS depres; liver, kidney, lung damage TO: Skin, liver, kidneys, lungs, CNS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

D

1,2-Dichloroethylene		Formula: ClCH=CHCl	CAS#: 540-59-0	RTECS#: KV9360000	IDLH: 1000 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.97 mg/m ³		DOT: 1150 130P			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Acetylene dichloride, cis-Acetylene dichloride, trans-Acetylene dichloride, sym-Dichloroethylene					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 200 ppm (790 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 200 ppm (790 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1003 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid (usually a mixture of the cis & trans isomers) with a slightly acrid, chloroform-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 97.0 BP: 118-140°F Sol: 0.4% Fl.P: 36-39°F IP: 9.65 eV Sp.Gr(77°F): 1.27 VP: 180-265 mmHg FRZ: -57 to -115°F UEL: 12.8% LEL: 5.6% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 1000 ppm: Sa:Cf£/Paprov£/CcrFOv/ GmFOv/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, strong alkalis, potassium hydroxide, copper [Note: Usually contains inhibitors to prevent polymerization.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, resp sys; CNS depres TO: Eyes, resp sys, CNS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

D	Dichloroethyl ether		Formula: (ClCH ₂ CH ₂) ₂ O	CAS#: 111-44-4	RTECS#: KN0875000	IDLH: Ca [100 ppm]
	Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.85 mg/m ³		DOT: 1916 152			
	Synonyms/Trade Names: bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether; 2,2'-Dichlorodiethyl ether, 2,2'-Dichloroethyl ether					
	Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA 5 ppm (30 mg/m ³) ST 10 ppm (60 mg/m ³) [skin] See Appendix A OSHA PEL†: TWA 15 ppm (90 mg/m ³) [skin]					Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1004 OSHA 7
	Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a chlorinated solvent-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 143.0 BP: 352°F Sol: 1% Fl.P.: 131°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.22 VP: 0.7 mmHg FRZ: -58°F UEL: ? LEL: 2.7% Class II Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp,AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers [Note: Decomposes in presence of moisture to form hydrochloric acid.]						
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit nose, throat, resp sys; lac; cough; nau, vomit; in animals: pulm edema; liver damage; [carc] TO: Eyes, resp sys, liver [in animals: liver tumors]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed			

Dichloromonofluoromethane		Formula: CHCl ₂ F	CAS#: 75-43-4	RTECS#: PA8400000	IDLH: 5000 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.21 mg/m ³		DOT: 1029 126			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Dichlorofluoromethane, Fluorodichloromethane, Freon® 21, Genetron® 21, Halon® 112, Refrigerant 21					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 ppm (40 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 1000 ppm (4200 mg/m ³)					Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2516
Physical Description: Colorless gas with a slight, ether-like odor. [Note: A liquid below 48°F. Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 102.9 BP: 48°F Sol(86°F): 0.7% Fl.P.: NA IP: 12.39 eV RGasD: 3.57 VP(70°F): 1.6 atm FRZ: -211°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Nonflammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Frostbite Eyes: Frostbite Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R. Provide: Frostbite wash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 100 ppm: Sa 250 ppm: Sa:Cf 500 ppm: ScbaF/SaF 5000 ppm: Sa:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp,AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Chemically-active metals such as sodium, potassium, calcium, powdered aluminum, zinc & magnesium; acid; acid fumes					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con (liquid) SY: Asphy, card arrhy, card arrest; liquid: frostbite TO: Resp sys, CVS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Frostbite Skin: Frostbite Breath: Resp support		

1,1-Dichloro-1-nitroethane		Formula: CH ₃ CCl ₂ NO ₂	CAS#: 594-72-9	RTECS#: KI0500000	IDLH: 25 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.89 mg/m ³		DOT: 2650 153			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Dichloronitroethane					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 2 ppm (10 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: C 10 ppm (60 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1601 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with an unpleasant odor. [fumigant]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 143.9 BP: 255°F Sol: 0.3% F.I.P: 136°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.43 VP: 15 mmHg FRZ: ? UEL: ? LEL: ? Class II Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 20 ppm: Sa 25 ppm: Sa:Cf/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF: Pd,Pp/SaF: Pd,Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers [Note: Corrosive to iron in presence of moisture.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: In animals: irrit eyes, skin; liver, heart, kidney damage; pulm edema, hemorrh TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, liver, kidneys, CVS		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed			

D

1,3-Dichloropropene		Formula: ClHC=CHCH ₂ Cl	CAS#: 542-75-6	RTECS#: UC8310000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.54 mg/m ³		DOT: 2047 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 3-Chloroallyl chloride; DCP; 1,3-Dichloro-1-propene; 1,3-Dichloropropylene; Telone®					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA 1 ppm (5 mg/m ³) [skin] See Appendix A OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless to straw-colored liquid with a sharp, sweet, irritating, chloroform-like odor. [insecticide] [Note: Exists as mixture of cis- & trans-isomers.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 111.0 BP: 226°F Sol: 0.2% F.I.P: 77°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.21 VP: 28 mmHg FRZ: -119°F UEL: 14.5% LEL: 5.3% Class IC Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH §: ScbaF: Pd,Pp/SaF: Pd,Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Aluminum, magnesium, halogens, oxidizers [Note: Epichlorohydrin may be added as a stabilizer.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; eye, skin burns; lac; head, dizz; in animals; liver, kidney damage; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, liver, kidneys [in animals: cancer of the bladder, liver, lung & forestomach]				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

2,2-Dichloropropionic acid		Formula: CH ₂ CCl ₂ COOH	CAS#: 75-99-0	RTECS#: UF0690000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.85 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Dalapon; 2,2-Dichloropropanoic acid; α,α-Dichloropropionic acid					
D	Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1 ppm (6 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA PV2017	
	Physical Description: Colorless liquid with an acrid odor. [herbicide] [Note: A white to tan powder below 46°F. The sodium salt, a white powder, is often used.]				
	Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 143.0 BP: 374°F Sol: 50% F.I.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.40 VP: ? FRZ: 46°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Metals [Note: Very corrosive to aluminum & copper alloys. Reacts slowly in water to form hydrochloric & pyruvic acids.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, upper resp sys; skin burns; lass, loss of appetite, diarr, vomit, slowing of pulse; CNS depres TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, GI tract, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Dichlorotetrafluoroethane		Formula: CClF ₂ CClF ₂	CAS#: 76-14-2	RTECS#: K11101000	IDLH: 15,000 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 6.99 mg/m ³		DOT: 1958 126			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1,2-Dichlorotetrafluoroethane; Freon® 114; Genetron® 114; Halon® 242; Refrigerant 114					
D	Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1000 ppm (7000 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 1000 ppm (7000 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1018	
	Physical Description: Colorless gas with a faint, ether-like odor at high concentrations. [Note: A liquid below 38°F. Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas.]				
	Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 170.9 BP: 38°F Sol: 0.01% F.I.P: NA IP: 12.20 eV RGasD: 5.93 VP(70°F): 1.9 atm FRZ: -137°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Nonflammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Frostbite Eyes: Frostbite Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R. Provide: Frostbite wash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 10,000 ppm: Sa 15,000 ppm: Sa:Cf/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Chemically-active metals such as sodium, potassium, calcium, powdered aluminum, zinc & magnesium; acids; acid fumes					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con (liquid) SY: Irrit resp sys; asphy; card arrhy, card arrest; liquid: frostbite TO: Resp sys, CVS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Frostbite Skin: Frostbite Breath: Resp support		

Dichlorvos		Formula: (CH ₃ O) ₂ P(O)OCH=CCl ₂	CAS#: 62-73-7	RTECS#: TC0350000	IDLH: 100 mg/m ³
Conversion: 1 ppm = 9.04 mg/m ³		DOT: 2783 152			
Synonyms/Trade Names: DDVP; 2,2-Dichlorovinyl dimethyl phosphate					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 1 mg/m ³ [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH P&CAM295 (II-5) OSHA 62	
Physical Description: Colorless to amber liquid with a mild, chemical odor. [Note: Insecticide that may be absorbed on a dry carrier.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 221.0 BP: Decomposes Sol: 0.5% Fl.P.: >175°F IP: ? Sp.Gr(77°F): 1.42 VP: 0.01 mmHg FRZ: ? UEL: ? LEL: ? Class III Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 10 mg/m³: Sa 25 mg/m³: Sa:Cf 50 mg/m³: SaT:Cf/ScbaF/SaF 100 mg/m³: Sa:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong acids, strong alkalis [Note: Corrosive to iron & mild steel.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; miosis, ache eyes; rhin; head; chest tight, wheez, lar spasm, saliv; cyan; anor, nau, vomit, diarr; sweat; musc fasc, para, dizz, ataxia; convuls; low BP, card irreg TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CVS, CNS, blood chol				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

D

Dicrotophos		Formula: C ₈ H ₁₆ NO ₃ P	CAS#: 141-66-2	RTECS#: TC3850000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 9.70 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Bidrin®, Carbicron®, 2-Dimethyl-cis-2-dimethylcarbamoyl-1-methylvinylphosphate					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.25 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5600	
Physical Description: Yellow-brown liquid with a mild, ester odor. [insecticide]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 237.2 BP: 752°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P.: >200°F IP: ? Sp.Gr(59°F): 1.22 VP: 0.0001 mmHg FRZ: ? UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIB Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Metals [Note: Corrosive to cast iron, mild steel, brass & stainless steel.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Head, nau, dizz, anxi, restless, musc twitch, lass, tremor, inco, vomit, abdom cramps, diarr; saliv, sweat, lac, rhinitis; anor, mal TO: CNS, blood chol				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Dicyclopentadiene		Formula: C ₁₀ H ₁₂	CAS#: 77-73-6	RTECS#: PC1050000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.41 mg/m ³		DOT: 2048 130			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Bicyclopentadiene; DCPD; 1,3-Dicyclopentadiene dimer; 3a,4,7,7a-Tetrahydro-4,7-methanoindene [Note: Exists in two stereoisomeric forms.]					
D	Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 ppm (30 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA PV2098	
	Physical Description: Colorless, crystalline solid with a disagreeable, camphor-like odor. [Note: A liquid above 90°F.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 132.2 BP: 342°F Sol: 0.02% Fl.P(oc): 90°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.98 (Liquid at 95°F) VP: 1.4 mmHg FRZ: 90°F UEL: 6.3% LEL: 0.8% Class IC Flammable Liquid Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
		Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers [Note: Depolymerizes at boiling point and forms two molecules of cyclopentadiene. Must be inhibited and maintained under an inert atmosphere to prevent polymerization.]			
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; inco, head; sneez, cough; skin blisters; in animals: kidney, lung damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Dicyclopentadienyl iron		Formula: (C ₅ H ₅) ₂ Fe	CAS#: 102-54-5	RTECS#: LK0700000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: bis(Cyclopentadienyl)iron, Ferrocene, Iron dicyclopentadienyl					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp) OSHA PEL†: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA ID125G	
Physical Description: Orange, crystalline solid with a camphor-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 186.1 BP: 480°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: ? IP: 6.88 eV Sp.Gr: ? VP: ? MLT: 343°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Ammonium perchlorate, tetranitromethane, mercury(II) nitrate					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Possible irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; in animals: liver, RBC, testicular changes TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, liver, blood, repro sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Dieldrin	Formula: C ₁₂ H ₆ Cl ₆ O	CAS#: 60-57-1	RTECS#: IO1750000	IDLH: Ca [50 mg/m ³]
Conversion:	DOT: 2761 151			
Synonyms/Trade Names: HEOD; 1,2,3,4,10,10-Hexachloro-6,7-epoxy-1,4,4a,5,6,7,8,8a-octahydro-1,4-endo,exo-5,8-dimethanonaphthalene				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA 0.25 mg/m ³ [skin] See Appendix A OSHA PEL: TWA 0.25 mg/m ³ [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S283 (II-3)	
Physical Description: Colorless to light-tan crystals with a mild, chemical odor. [insecticide]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 380.9 BP: Decomposes Sol: 0.02% Fl.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.75 VP(77°F): 8 x 10 ⁻⁷ mmHg MLT: 349°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, active metals such as sodium, strong acids, phenols				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Head, dizz; nau, vomit, mal, sweat; myoclonic limb jerks; clonic, tonic convuls; coma; [carc]; in animals: liver, kidney damage TO: CNS, liver, kidneys, skin [in animals: lung, liver, thyroid & adrenal gland tumors]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

D

Diesel exhaust	Formula:	CAS#:	RTECS#: HZ1755000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Synonyms vary depending upon the specific diesel exhaust component.				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2560, 5040	
Physical Description: Appearance and odor vary depending upon the specific diesel exhaust component.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: Properties vary depending upon the specific component diesel exhaust component.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Varies				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Eye irrit, pulm func changes; [carc] TO: Eyes, resp sys [in animals: lung tumors]			First Aid (see Table 6): Breath: Resp support	

Diethanolamine		Formula: (HOCH ₂ CH ₂) ₂ NH	CAS#: 111-42-2	RTECS#: KL2975000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.30 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: DEA; Di(2-hydroxyethyl)amine; 2,2'-Dihydroxydiethylamine; Diolamine; bis(2-Hydroxyethyl)amine; 2,2'-Iminodiethanol					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 3 ppm (15 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 3509 OSHA PV2018	
Physical Description: Colorless crystals or a syrupy, white liquid (above 82°F) with a mild, ammonia-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 105.2 BP: 516°F (Decomposes) Sol: 95% Fl.P.: 279°F IP: ? Sp.Gr.: 1.10 VP: <0.01 mmHg MLT: 82°F UEL: 9.8% LEL: 1.6% Class III B Combustible Liquid Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, strong acids, acid anhydrides, halides [Note: Reacts with CO ₂ in the air. Hygroscopic (i.e., absorbs moisture from the air). Corrosive to copper, zinc, and galvanized iron.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; eye burns, corn nec; skin burns; lac, cough, sneez TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Diethylamine		Formula: (C ₂ H ₅) ₂ NH	CAS#: 109-89-7	RTECS#: HZ8750000	IDLH: 200 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.99 mg/m ³		DOT: 1154 132			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Diethamine; N,N-Diethylamine; N-Ethylethanamine					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 ppm (30 mg/m ³) ST 25 ppm (75 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 25 ppm (75 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2010 OSHA 41	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a fishy, ammonia-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 73.1 BP: 132°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P.: -15°F IP: 8.01 eV Sp.Gr.: 0.71 VP: 192 mmHg FRZ: -58°F UEL: 10.1% LEL: 1.8% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash (>0.5%) Quick drench (liquid)		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 200 ppm: Sa:Cf£/PaprS£/CcrFS/GmFS/ ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, strong acids, cellulose nitrate					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; in animals; myocardial degeneration TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CVS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

2-Diethylaminoethanol		Formula: (C ₂ H ₅) ₂ NCH ₂ CH ₂ OH	CAS#: 100-37-8	RTECS#: KK5075000	IDLH: 100 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.79 mg/m ³		DOT: 2686 132			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Diethylaminoethanol; 2-Diethylaminoethyl alcohol; N,N-Diethylethanolamine; Diethyl-(2-hydroxyethyl)amine; 2-Hydroxytriethylamine					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 ppm (50 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 10 ppm (50 mg/m ³) [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2007	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a nauseating, ammonia-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 117.2 BP: 325°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P: 126°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.89 VP: 1 mmHg FRZ: -94°F UEL: 11.7% LEL: 6.7% Class II Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash (>5%) Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 100 ppm: CcrOv*/GmFOv/PapRov*/Sa*/ScbaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:Ascba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, strong acids					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; nau, vomit TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

D

Diethylenetriamine		Formula: (NH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂) ₂ NH	CAS#: 111-40-0	RTECS#: IE1225000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.22 mg/m ³		DOT: 2079 154			
Synonyms/Trade Names: N-(2-Aminoethyl)-1,2-ethanediamine; bis(2-Aminoethyl)amine; DETA; 2,2'-Diaminodiethylamine					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1 ppm (4 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2540 OSHA 60	
Physical Description: Colorless to yellow liquid with a strong, ammonia-like odor. [Note: Hygroscopic (i.e., absorbs moisture from the air).]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 103.2 BP: 405°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P: 208°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.96 VP: 0.4 mmHg FRZ: -38°F UEL: 6.7% LEL: 2% Class IIIB Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, strong acids, cellulose nitrate [Note: May form explosive complexes with silver, cobalt, or chromium compounds. Corrosive to aluminum, copper, brass & zinc.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb, upper resp sys; derm, skin sens; eye, skin nec; cough, dysp, pulm sens TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Diethyl ketone		Formula: CH ₃ CH ₂ COCH ₂ CH ₃	CAS#: 96-22-0	RTECS#: SA8050000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.53 mg/m ³		DOT: 1156 127			
Synonyms/Trade Names: DEK, Dimethylacetone, Ethyl ketone, Metacetone, 3-Pentanone, Propione					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 200 ppm (705 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with an acetone-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 86.2 BP: 215°F Sol: 5% Fl.P(oc): 55°F IP: 9.32 eV Sp.Gr: 0.81 VP(77°F): 35 mmHg FRZ: -44°F UEL: 6.4% LEL: 1.6% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: Daily Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, alkalis, mineral acids, (hydrogen peroxide + nitric acid)					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb, resp sys; cough, sneez TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Diethyl phthalate		Formula: C ₈ H ₄ (COOC ₂ H ₅) ₂	CAS#: 84-66-2	RTECS#: T11050000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: DEP, Diethyl ester of phthalic acid, Ethyl phthalate					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA 104	
Physical Description: Colorless to water-white, oily liquid with a very slight, aromatic odor. [pesticide]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 222.3 BP: 563°F Sol(77°F): 0.1% Fl.P(oc): 322°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.12 VP(77°F): 0.002 mmHg FRZ: -41°F UEL: ? LEL(368°F): 0.7% Class IIIB Combustible Liquid; however, ignition is difficult.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, strong acids, nitric acid, permanganates, water					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; head, dizz, nau; lac; possible polynneur, vestibular dysfunc; pain, numb, lass, spasms in arms & legs; in animals: possible repro effects TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, PNS, repro sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Wash regularly Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Difluorodibromomethane		Formula: CBr ₂ F ₂	CAS#: 75-61-6	RTECS#: PA7525000	IDLH: 2000 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 8.58 mg/m ³		DOT: 1941 171			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Dibromodifluoromethane, Freon® 12B2, Halon® 1202					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 100 ppm (860 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 100 ppm (860 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1012 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless, heavy liquid or gas (above 76°F) with a characteristic odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 209.8 BP: 76°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: 11.07 eV Sp.Gr(59°F): 2.29 VP: 620 mmHg FRZ: -231°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Liquid Nonflammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: N.R. Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 1000 ppm: Sa 2000 ppm: Sa;Cf/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF;Pd,Pp/SaF;Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOV/ScbaE	
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: In animals: irrit resp sys; CNS symptoms; liver damage TO: Resp sys, CNS, liver		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed			
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Chemically-active metals such as sodium, potassium, calcium, powdered aluminum, zinc & magnesium					

D

Diglycidyl ether		Formula: C ₆ H ₁₀ O ₃	CAS#: 2238-07-5	RTECS#: KN2350000	IDLH: Ca [10 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.33 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Diallyl ether dioxide; DGE; Di(2,3-epoxypropyl) ether; 2-Epoxypropyl ether; bis(2,3-Epoxypropyl) ether					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA 0.1 ppm (0.5 mg/m ³) See Appendix A OSHA PEL†: C 0.5 ppm (2.8 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a strong, irritating odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 130.2 BP: 500°F Sol: ? Fl.P: 147°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.12 VP(77°F): 0.09 mmHg FRZ: ? UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIA Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ¥: ScbaF;Pd,Pp/SaF;Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOV/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; skin burns; in animals: hemato sys, lung, liver, kidney damage; repro effects; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, repro sys [in animals: skin tumors]		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed			

Diisobutyl ketone		Formula: [(CH ₃) ₂ CHCH ₂] ₂ CO	CAS#: 108-83-8	RTECS#: MJ5775000	IDLH: 500 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.82 mg/m ³		DOT: 1157 128			
Synonyms/Trade Names: DIBK; sym-Diisopropyl acetone; 2,6-Dimethyl-4-heptanone; Isovalerone; Valerone					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 25 ppm (150 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 50 ppm (290 mg/m ³)					Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1300, 2555 OSHA 7
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a mild, sweet odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 142.3 BP: 334°F Sol: 0.05% F.I.P.: 120°F IP: 9.04 eV Sp.Gr: 0.81 VP: 2 mmHg FRZ: -43°F UEL(200°F): 7.1% LEL(200°F): 0.8% Class II Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 500 ppm: Sa:Cf£/PaprvOv£/CcrFOv/GmFOv/ScbaF/SaF £: ScbaF: Pd,Pp/SaF: Pd,Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; head, dizz; dermat; liver, kidney damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, liver, kidneys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Diisopropylamine		Formula: [(CH ₃) ₂ CH] ₂ NH	CAS#: 108-18-9	RTECS#: IM4025000	IDLH: 200 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.14 mg/m ³		DOT: 1158 132			
Synonyms/Trade Names: DIPPA, N-(1-Methylethyl)-2-propanamine					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 ppm (20 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 5 ppm (20 mg/m ³) [skin]					Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S141 (II-4)
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with an ammonia- or fish-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 101.2 BP: 183°F Sol: Miscible F.I.P.: 20°F IP: 7.73 eV Sp.Gr: 0.72 VP: 70 mmHg FRZ: -141°F UEL: 7.1% LEL: 1.1% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact (>5%) Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash (>5%)		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 125 ppm: Sa:Cf£/PaprvOv£ 200 ppm: CcrFOv/GmFOv/PaprvOv£/ScbaF/SaF £: ScbaF: Pd,Pp/SaF: Pd,Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, strong acids					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; nau, vomit; head; vis dist TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Dimethyl acetamide		Formula: CH ₃ CON(CH ₃) ₂	CAS#: 127-19-5	RTECS#: AB7700000	IDLH: 300 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.56 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: N,N-Dimethyl acetamide; DMAC					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 ppm (35 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 10 ppm (35 mg/m ³) [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2004	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a weak, ammonia- or fish-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 87.1 BP: 329°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P(oc): 158°F IP: 8.81 eV Sp.Gr: 0.94 VP: 2 mmHg FRZ: -4°F UEL(320°F): 11.5% LEL(212°F): 1.8% Class IIIA Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 100 ppm: Sa 250 ppm: Sa:Cf 300 ppm: ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOV/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Carbon tetrachloride, other halogenated compounds when in contact with iron, oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit skin; jaun, liver damage; depres, drow, halu, delusions TO: Skin, liver, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

D

Dimethylamine		Formula: (CH ₃) ₂ NH	CAS#: 124-40-3	RTECS#: IP8750000	IDLH: 500 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 1.85 mg/m ³		DOT: 1032 118 (anhydrous); 1160 132 (solution)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Dimethylamine (anhydrous), N-Methylmethanamine					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 ppm (18 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 10 ppm (18 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2010 OSHA 34	
Physical Description: Colorless gas with an ammonia- or fish-like odor. [Note: A liquid below 44°F. Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 45.1 BP: 44°F Sol(140°F): 24% Fl.P: NA (Gas) 20°F (Liquid) IP: 8.24 eV RGasD: 1.56 Sp.Gr: 0.67 (Liquid at 44°F) VP: 1.7 atm FRZ: -134°F UEL: 14.4% LEL: 2.8% Flammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact (liquid) Frostbite Eyes: Prevent eye contact (liquid) Frostbite Wash skin: When contam (liquid) Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash (liquid) Quick drench (liquid) Frostbite wash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 250 ppm: Sa:Cf£ 500 ppm: ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, chlorine, mercury, acraldehyde, fluorides, maleic anhydride, aluminum, brass, copper, zinc					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con (liquid) SY: Irrit nose, throat; sneez, cough, dysp; pulm edema; conj; derm; liquid: frostbite TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed (liquid)/Frostbite Skin: Water flush immed (liquid)/Frostbite Breath: Resp support		

4-Dimethylaminoazobenzene		Formula: C ₈ H ₉ NNC ₆ H ₄ N(CH ₃) ₂	CAS#: 60-11-7	RTECS#: BX7350000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Butter yellow; DAB; p-Dimethylaminoazobenzene; N,N-Dimethyl-4-aminoazobenzene; Methyl yellow					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL: [1910.1015] See Appendix B				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH P&CAM284 (II-4)	
Physical Description: Yellow, leaf-shaped crystals.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 225.3 BP: Sublimes Sol: 0.001% Fl.P.: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr.: ? VP: 0.0000003 mmHg (est.) MLT: 237°F UEL: ? LEL: ?		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScBa Escape: 100F/ScbaE See Appendix E (page 351)	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Enlarged liver; liver, kidney dist; contact derm; cough, wheez, dysp; bloody sputum; bronchial secretions; frequent urination, hema, dysuria; [carc] TO: Skin, resp sys, liver, kidneys, bladder [in animals: liver & bladder tumors]				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

bis(2-(Dimethylamino)ethyl)ether		Formula: C ₈ H ₂₀ N ₂ O	CAS#: 3033-62-3	RTECS#: KR9460000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: NIAX® A99; NIAX® Catalyst A1; 2,2'-Oxybis(N,N-dimethyl ethylamine) [Note: A component (5%) of NIAX® Catalyst ESN, along with dimethylaminopropionitrile (95%.)]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: See Appendix C (NIAX® Catalyst ESN) OSHA PEL: See Appendix C (NIAX® Catalyst ESN)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Liquid.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 160.3 BP: 372°F Sol: ? Fl.P.: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr.: ? VP: ? FRZ: ? UEL: ? LEL: ?		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScBa Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Possible urinary dist, neurological disorders; in animals: irrit eyes, skin TO: Eyes, skin, urinary tract, PNS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Dimethylaminopropionitrile		Formula: (CH ₃) ₂ NCH ₂ CH ₂ CN	CAS#: 1738-25-6	RTECS#: UG1575000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 3-(Dimethylamino)propionitrile; N,N-Dimethylamino-3-propionitrile [Note: A component (95%) of NIAX® Catalyst ESN, along with bis(2-(dimethylamino)ethyl) ether (5%).]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: See Appendix C (NIAX® Catalyst ESN) OSHA PEL: See Appendix C (NIAX® Catalyst ESN)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 98.2 BP: 342°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P: 147°F IP: ? Sp.Gr(86°F): 0.86 VP(135°F): 10 mmHg FRZ: -48°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIA Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ⚠: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers [Note: Emits toxic oxides of nitrogen and cyanide fumes when heated to decomposition.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; urinary dist; neurological disorders; pins & needles in hands & feet; musc weak, lass, nau, vomit; decr nerve conduction in lower legs TO: Eyes, skin, CNS, urinary tract				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

D

N,N-Dimethylaniline		Formula: C ₆ H ₅ N(CH ₃) ₂	CAS#: 121-69-7	RTECS#: BX4725000	IDLH: 100 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.96 mg/m ³		DOT: 2253 153			
Synonyms/Trade Names: N,N-Dimethylbenzeneamine; N,N-Dimethylphenylamine [Note: Also known as Dimethylaniline which is a correct synonym for Xylidine.]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 ppm (25 mg/m ³) ST 10 ppm (50 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 5 ppm (25 mg/m ³) [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2002 OSHA PV2064	
Physical Description: Pale yellow, oily liquid with an amine-like odor. [Note: A solid below 36°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 121.2 BP: 378°F Sol: 2% Fl.P: 142°F IP: 7.14 eV Sp.Gr: 0.96 VP: 1 mmHg FRZ: 36°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIA Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 50 ppm: Sa 100 ppm: Sa:Cf/ScbaF/SaF ⚠: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, strong acids, benzoyl peroxide					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Anoxia symptoms: cyan, lass, dizz, ataxia; methemo TO: Blood, kidneys, liver, CVS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Dimethylformamide	Formula: HCON(CH ₃) ₂	CAS#: 68-12-2	RTECS#: LQ2100000	IDLH: 500 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.99 mg/m ³		DOT: 2265 129		
Synonyms/Trade Names: Dimethyl formamide; N,N-Dimethylformamide; DMF				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 ppm (30 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 10 ppm (30 mg/m ³) [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2004 OSHA 66	
Physical Description: Colorless to pale-yellow liquid with a faint, amine-like odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 73.1 BP: 307°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P: 136°F IP: 9.12 eV Sp.Gr: 0.95 VP: 3 mmHg FRZ: -78°F UEL: 15.2% LEL(212°F): 2.2% Class II Combustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 100 ppm: Sa* 250 ppm: Sa: Cf* 500 ppm: SaT: Cf*/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFov/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Carbon tetrachloride; other halogenated compounds when in contact with iron; strong oxidizers; alkyl aluminums; inorganic nitrates				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; nau, vomit, colic; liver damage, enlarged liver; high BP; face flush; dermatitis; in animals: kidney, heart damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, liver, kidneys, CVS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

D

1,1-Dimethylhydrazine	Formula: (CH ₃) ₂ NNH ₂	CAS#: 57-14-7	RTECS#: MV2450000	IDLH: Ca [15 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.46 mg/m ³		DOT: 1163 131		
Synonyms/Trade Names: Dimazine, DMH, UDMH, Unsymmetrical dimethylhydrazine				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca C 0.06 ppm (0.15 mg/m ³) [2-hr] See Appendix A OSHA PEL: TWA 0.5 ppm (1 mg/m ³) [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 3515	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with an ammonia- or fish-like odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 60.1 BP: 147°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P: 5°F IP: 8.05 eV Sp.Gr: 0.79 VP: 103 mmHg FRZ: -72°F UEL: 95% LEL: 2% Class IB Flammable Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFS/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, halogens, metallic mercury, fuming nitric acid, hydrogen peroxide [Note: May ignite SPONTANEOUSLY in contact with oxidizers.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; choking, chest pain, dysp; drow; nau; anoxia; convuls; liver inj; [carc] TO: CNS, liver, GI tract, blood, resp sys, eyes, skin [in animals: tumors of the lungs, liver, blood vessels & intestines]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Dimethylphthalate		Formula: C ₈ H ₄ (COOCH ₃) ₂	CAS#: 131-11-3	RTECS#: T11575000	IDLH: 2000 mg/m ³
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Dimethyl ester of 1,2-benzenedicarboxylic acid; DMP					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/m ³				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA 104	
Physical Description: Colorless, oily liquid with a slight, aromatic odor. [Note: A solid below 42°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 194.2 BP: 543°F Sol: 0.4% F.I.P: 295°F IP: 9.64 eV Sp.Gr: 1.19 VP: 0.01 mmHg FRZ: 42°F UEL: ? LEL(358°F): 0.9% Class IIIB Combustible Liquid; however, ignition is difficult.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 50 mg/m³: 95F 125 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/L/Pap/HiefE 250 mg/m³: 100F/ScbaF/SaF 2000 mg/m³: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Nitrates; strong oxidizers, alkalis & acids					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, upper resp sys; stomach pain TO: Eyes, resp sys, GI tract			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr prompt Skin: Wash regularly Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Dimethyl sulfate		Formula: (CH ₃) ₂ SO ₄	CAS#: 77-78-1	RTECS#: WS8225000	IDLH: Ca [7 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.16 mg/m ³		DOT: 1595 156			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Dimethyl ester of sulfuric acid, Dimethylsulfate, Methyl sulfate					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA 0.1 ppm (0.5 mg/m ³) [skin] See Appendix A OSHA PEL†: TWA 1 ppm (5 mg/m ³) [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2524	
Physical Description: Colorless, oily liquid with a faint, onion-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 126.1 BP: 370°F (Decomposes) Sol(64°F): 3% F.I.P: 182°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.33 VP: 0.1 mmHg FRZ: -25°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIA Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ‡: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, ammonia solutions [Note: Decomposes in water to sulfuric acid; corrosive to metals.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose; head; dizz; conj; photo; periorb edema; dysphonia, aphonia, dysphagia, productive cough; chest pain; dyp, cyan; vomit, diarr; dysuria; analgesia; fever; prot, hema; eye, skin burns; delirium; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, liver, kidneys, CNS [in animals: nasal & lung cancer]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Dinitolmide	Formula: (NO ₂) ₂ C ₆ H ₂ (CH ₃)CONH ₂	CAS#: 148-01-6	RTECS#: XS4200000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 3,5-Dinitro-o-toluamide; 2-Methyl-3,5-dinitrobenzamide; Zoalene				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500	
Physical Description: Yellowish, crystalline solid.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 225.2 BP: ? Sol: Slight Fl.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: ? VP: ? MLT: 351°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Contact eczema; in animals: methemo, liver changes TO: Skin, liver, blood			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

D

m-Dinitrobenzene	Formula: C ₆ H ₄ (NO ₂) ₂	CAS#: 99-65-0	RTECS#: CZ7350000	IDLH: 50 mg/m ³
Conversion:	DOT: 1597 152			
Synonyms/Trade Names: meta-Dinitrobenzene; 1,3-Dinitrobenzene				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 1 mg/m ³ [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S214 (II-4)	
Physical Description: Pale-white or yellow solid.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 168.1 BP: 572°F Sol: 0.02% Fl.P: 302°F IP: 10.43 eV Sp.Gr: 1.58 VP: ? MLT: 192°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 5 mg/m³: Qm 10 mg/m³: 95XQ/Sa 25 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/PapRHiE 50 mg/m³: 100F/SaT:Cf/PapRTHie/ ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, caustics, metals such as tin & zinc [Note: Prolonged exposure to fire and heat may result in an explosion due to SPONTANEOUS decomposition.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Anoxia, cyan; vis dist, central scotomas; bad taste, burning mouth, dry throat, thirst; yellowing hair, eyes, skin; anemia; liver damage TO: Eyes, skin, blood, liver, CVS, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

o-Dinitrobenzene		Formula: C ₆ H ₄ (NO ₂) ₂	CAS#: 528-29-0	RTECS#: CZ7450000	IDLH: 50 mg/m ³
Conversion:		DOT: 1597 152			
Synonyms/Trade Names: ortho-Dinitrobenzene; 1,2-Dinitrobenzene					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 1 mg/m ³ [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S214 (II-4)	
Physical Description: Pale-white or yellow solid.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 168.1 BP: 606°F Sol: 0.05% F.I.P.: 302°F IP: 10.71 eV Sp.Gr: 1.57 VP: ? MLT: 244°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 5 mg/m³: Qm 10 mg/m³: 95XQ/Sa 25 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/PaprHie 50 mg/m³: 100F/SaT:Cf/PaprTHie/ ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, caustics, metals such as tin & zinc [Note: Prolonged exposure to fire and heat may result in an explosion due to SPONTANEOUS decomposition.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Anoxia, cyan; vis dist, central scotomas; bad taste, burning mouth, dry throat, thirst; yellowing hair, eyes, skin; anemia; liver damage TO: Eyes, skin, blood, liver, CVS, CNS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

p-Dinitrobenzene		Formula: C ₆ H ₄ (NO ₂) ₂	CAS#: 100-25-4	RTECS#: CZ7525000	IDLH: 50 mg/m ³
Conversion:		DOT: 1597 152			
Synonyms/Trade Names: para-Dinitrobenzene; 1,4-Dinitrobenzene					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 1 mg/m ³ [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S214 (II-4)	
Physical Description: Pale-white or yellow solid.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 168.1 BP: 570°F Sol: 0.01% F.I.P.: ? IP: 10.50 eV Sp.Gr: 1.63 VP: ? MLT: 343°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 5 mg/m³: Qm 10 mg/m³: 95XQ/Sa 25 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/PaprHie 50 mg/m³: 100F/SaT:Cf/PaprTHie/ ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, caustics, metals such as tin & zinc [Note: Prolonged exposure to fire and heat may result in an explosion due to SPONTANEOUS decomposition.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Anoxia, cyan; vis dist, central scotomas; bad taste, burning mouth, dry throat, thirst; yellowing hair, eyes, skin; anemia; liver damage TO: Eyes, skin, blood, liver, CVS, CNS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Dinitro-o-cresol	Formula: CH ₃ C ₆ H ₂ OH(NO ₂) ₂	CAS#: 534-52-1	RTECS#: GO9625000	IDLH: 5 mg/m ³
Conversion:	DOT: 1598 153			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol; 3,5-Dinitro-2-hydroxytoluene; 4,6-Dinitro-2-methyl phenol; DNC; DNOC				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.2 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 0.2 mg/m ³ [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S166 (II-5)	
Physical Description: Yellow, odorless solid. [insecticide]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 198.1 BP: 594°F Sol: 0.01% F.I.P.: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.1 (estimated) VP: 0.00005 mmHg MLT: 190°F UEL: NA LEL: NA MEC: 30 g/m ³ Noncombustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 2 mg/m³: 95F 5 mg/m³: 100F/Sa:CfL/Pap/HiefL/ ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Sense of well being; head, fever, lass, profuse sweat, excess thirst, tacar, hyperpnea, cough, short breath, coma TO: CVS, endocrine sys		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

D

Dinitrotoluene	Formula: CH ₃ C ₆ H ₃ (NO ₂) ₂	CAS#: 25321-14-6	RTECS#: XT1300000	IDLH: Ca [50 mg/m ³]
Conversion:	DOT: 1600 152 (molten); 2038 152 (solid)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Dinitrotoluol, DNT, Methylidinitrobenzene [Note: Various isomers of DNT exist.]				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA 1.5 mg/m ³ [skin] See Appendix A OSHA PEL: TWA 1.5 mg/m ³ [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA 44	
Physical Description: Orange-yellow crystalline solid with a characteristic odor. [Note: Often shipped molten.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 182.2 BP: 572°F Sol: Insoluble F.I.P.: 404°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.32 VP: 1 mmHg MLT: 158°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid, but difficult to ignite.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Quick drench	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, caustics, metals such as tin & zinc [Note: Commercial grades will decompose at 482°F, with self-sustaining decomposition at 536°F.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Anoxia, cyan; anemia, jaun; repro effects; [carc] TO: Blood, liver, CVS, repro sys [in animals: liver, skin & kidney tumors]		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

D	Di-sec octyl phthalate		Formula: C ₂₄ H ₃₈ O ₄	CAS#: 117-81-7	RTECS#: TI0350000	IDLH: Ca [5000 mg/m ³]	
	Conversion:		DOT:				
	Synonyms/Trade Names: DEHP, Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate, DOP, bis-(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate, Octyl phthalate						
	Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA 5 mg/m ³ ST 10 mg/m ³ See Appendix A OSHA PEL†: TWA 5 mg/m ³					Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5020	
	Physical Description: Colorless, oily liquid with a slight odor.						
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 390.5 BP: 727°F Sol(75°F): 0.00003% Fl.P(oc): 420°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.99 VP: <0.01 mmHg FRZ: -58°F UEL: ? LEL(474°F): 0.3% Class IIIB Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH * ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp, AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE			
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Nitrates; strong oxidizers, acids & alkalis							
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, muc memb; in animals: liver damage; terato effects; [carc] TO: Eyes, resp sys, CNS, liver, repro sys, GI tract [in animals: liver tumors]				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed			

Dioxane		Formula: C ₄ H ₈ O ₂	CAS#: 123-91-1	RTECS#: JG8225000	IDLH: Ca [500 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.60 mg/m ³		DOT: 1165 127			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Diethylene dioxide; Diethylene ether; Dioxan; p-Dioxane; 1,4-Dioxane					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca C 1 ppm (3.6 mg/m ³) [30-minute] See Appendix A OSHA PEL†: TWA 100 ppm (360 mg/m ³) [skin]					Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1602 OSHA 7
Physical Description: Colorless liquid or solid (below 53°F) with a mild, ether-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 88.1 BP: 214°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P: 55°F IP: 9.13 eV Sp.Gr: 1.03 VP: 29 mmHg FRZ: 53°F UEL: 22% LEL: 2.0% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH * ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp, AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, decaborane, triethynyl aluminum					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; drow, head; nau, vomit; liver damage; kidney failure; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, liver, kidneys [in animals: lung, liver & nasal cavity tumors]				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Dioxathion	Formula: C ₄ H ₆ O ₂ [SPS(OC ₂ H ₅) ₂] ₂	CAS#: 78-34-2	RTECS#: TE3350000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Delnav®; p-Dioxane-2,3-diyl ethyl phosphorodithioate; Dioxane phosphate; 2,3-p-Dioxanethiol-S,S-bis(O,O-diethyl phosphoro-dithioate); Navadel®				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.2 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Viscous, brown, tan, or dark-amber liquid. [insecticide] [Note: Technical product is a mixture of cis- & trans-isomers.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 456.6 BP: ? Sol: Insoluble F.I.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr(79°F): 1.26 VP: ? FRZ: -4°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Alkalis, iron or tin surfaces, heat				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; head, dizz, lass; rhin, chest tight; miosis; nau, vomit, abdom cramps, diarr, salv; musc fasc; conf, drow TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, CVS, blood chol			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

D

Diphenyl	Formula: C ₆ H ₅ C ₆ H ₅	CAS#: 92-52-4	RTECS#: DU8050000	IDLH: 100 mg/m ³
Conversion: 1 ppm = 6.31 mg/m ³	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Biphenyl, Phenyl benzene				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1 mg/m ³ (0.2 ppm) OSHA PEL: TWA 1 mg/m ³ (0.2 ppm)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2530 OSHA PV2022	
Physical Description: Colorless to pale-yellow solid with a pleasant, characteristic odor. [fungicide]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 154.2 BP: 489°F Sol: Insoluble F.I.P: 235°F IP: 7.95 eV Sp.Gr: 1.04 VP: 0.005 mmHg MLT: 156°F UEL(311°F): 5.8% LEL(232°F): 0.6% Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash (molt) Quick drench (molt)		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 10 mg/m³: CcrOv95/Sa 25 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/PapRovHie* 50 mg/m³: CcrFOv100/GmFOv100/ PapRTOvHie*/ScaF/SaF 100 mg/m³: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScBa Escape: GmFOv100/ScaBE
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, throat; head, nau, lass, numb limbs; liver damage TO: Eyes, resp sys, liver, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Diphenylamine		Formula: (C ₆ H ₅) ₂ NH	CAS#: 122-39-4	RTECS#: JJ7800000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Anilinobenzene, DPA, Phenylaniline, N-Phenylaniline, N-Phenylbenzenamine [Note: The carcinogen 4-Aminodiphenyl may be present as an impurity in the commercial product.]					
D	Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA 22, 78	
	Physical Description: Colorless, tan, amber, or brown crystalline solid with a pleasant, floral odor. [fungicide]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 169.2 BP: 576°F Sol: 0.03% Fl.P.: 307°F IP: 7.40 eV Sp.Gr.: 1.16 VP(227°F): 1 mmHg MLT: 127°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid; explosive if a cloud of dust is exposed to a source of ignition.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, hexachloromelamine, trichloromelamine					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): IR: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; eczema; tacar, hypertension; cough, sneez; methemo; incr BP, heart rate; prot, hema, bladder inj; in animals: terato effects TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CVS, blood, bladder, repro sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Dipropylene glycol methyl ether		Formula: CH ₂ OC ₃ H ₆ OC ₃ H ₆ OH	CAS#: 34590-94-8	RTECS#: JM1575000	IDLH: 600 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 6.06 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether, Dowanol® 50B					
D	Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 100 ppm (600 mg/m ³) ST 150 ppm (900 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL†: TWA 100 ppm (600 mg/m ³) [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2554, S69 (II-2)	
	Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a mild, ether-like odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 148.2 BP: 408°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P.: 180°F IP: ? Sp.Gr.: 0.95 VP: 0.5 mmHg FRZ: -112°F UEL: 3.0% LEL(392°F): 1.1% Class IIIA Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 600 ppm: Sa/ScbaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose, throat; lass, dizz, head TO: Eyes, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Dipropyl ketone	Formula: (CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₂) ₂ CO	CAS#: 123-19-3	RTECS#: MJ5600000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.67 mg/m ³	DOT: 2710 128			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Butyrone, DPK, 4-Heptanone, Heptan-4-one, Propyl ketone				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 50 ppm (235 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a pleasant odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 114.2 BP: 291°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: 120°F IP: 9.10 eV Sp.Gr: 0.82 VP: 5 mmHg FRZ: -27°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class II Combustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; CNS depres, dizz, drow, decr breath; in animals: liver inj; narco TO: Eyes, skin, CNS, liver			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

D

Diquat (Diquat dibromide)	Formula: C ₁₂ H ₁₂ N ₂ Br ₂	CAS#: 85-00-7	RTECS#: JM5690000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT: 2781 151 (solid); 2782 131 (liquid)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Diquat dibromide; 1,1'-Ethylene-2,2'-bipyridylium dibromide				
[Note: Diquat is a cation (C ₁₂ H ₁₂ N ₂ ²⁺ ; 1,1'-Ethylene-2,2'-bipyridylium ion). Various diquat salts are commercially available.]				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Dibromide salt: Yellow crystals. [herbicide] [Note: Commercial product may be found in a liquid concentrate or a solution.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 344.1 BP: Decomposes Sol: 70% Fl.P: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.22-1.27 VP: <0.00001 mmHg MLT: 635°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid, but does not readily ignite and burns with difficulty.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Alkalis, UV light, basic solutions [Note: Concentrated diquat solutions corrode aluminum.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb, resp sys; rhin, epis; skin burns; nau, vomit, diarr, mal; kidney, liver inj; cough, chest pain, dysp, pulm edema; tremor, convuls; delayed healing of wounds TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, kidneys, liver, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Disulfiram	Formula: [(C ₂ H ₅) ₂ NCS] ₂ S ₂	CAS#: 97-77-8	RTECS#: JO1225000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Antabuse®, bis(Diethylthiocarbamoyl) disulfide, Ro-Sulfiram®, TETD, Tetraethylthiuram disulfide				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 2 mg/m ³ [Precautions should be taken to avoid concurrent exposure to ethylene dibromide.]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
OSHA PEL†: none				
Physical Description: White, yellowish, or light-gray powder with a slight odor. [fungicide]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 296.6 BP: ? Sol: 0.02% Fl.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.30 VP: ? MLT: 158°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; sens derm; lass, tremor, restless, head, dizz; metallic taste; peri neur; liver damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, PNS, liver			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Disulfoton	Formula: C ₈ H ₁₉ O ₂ PS ₃	CAS#: 298-04-4	RTECS#: TD9275000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT: 2783 152			
Synonyms/Trade Names: O,O-Diethyl S-2-(ethylthio)-ethyl phosphorodithioate; Di-Syston®; Thiodemeton				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5600	
Physical Description: Oily, colorless to yellow liquid with a characteristic, sulfur odor. [insecticide] [Note: Technical product is a brown liquid.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 274.4 BP: ? Sol(73°F): 0.003% Fl.P: >180°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.14 VP: 0.0002 mmHg FRZ: >-13°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Liquid, but will not ignite easily.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Alkalis				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; nau, vomit, abdom cramps, diarr, salv; head, dizz, lass; rhin, chest tight; blurred vision, miosis; card irreg; musc fasc; dysp; eye, skin burns TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, CVS, blood chol			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Diuron	Formula: C ₈ H ₃ Cl ₂ NHCON(CH ₃) ₂	CAS#: 330-54-1	RTECS#: YS8925000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 3-(3,4-Dichlorophenyl)-1,1-dimethylurea; Direx®; Karmex®				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5601 OSHA PV2097	
Physical Description: White, odorless, crystalline solid. [herbicide]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 233.1 BP: 356°F (Decomposes) Sol: 0.004% Fl.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: ? VP: 0.000000002 mmHg MLT: 316°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: Daily Remove: N.R. Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong acids				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; in animals: anemia, methemo TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, blood			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

D

Divinyl benzene	Formula: C ₈ H ₈ (HC=CH ₂) ₂	CAS#: 1321-74-0 (mixed isomers)	RTECS#: CZ9370000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.33 mg/m ³	DOT: 2049 130			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Diethyl benzene, DVB, Vinylstyrene [Note: Commercial product contains all 3 isomers, but m-isomer predominates. Usually contains an inhibitor to prevent polymerization.]				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 ppm (50 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA 89	
Physical Description: Pale, straw-colored liquid.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 130.2 BP: 392°F Sol: 0.005% Fl.P(oc): 169°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.93 VP: 0.7 mmHg FRZ: -88°F UEL: 6.2% LEL: 1.1% Class IIIA Combustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; skin burns; in animals: CNS depres TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

1-Dodecanethiol	Formula: CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₁₁ SH	CAS#: 112-55-0	RTECS#: JR3155000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 8.28 mg/m ³	DOT: 1228 131			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Dodecyl mercaptan, 1-Dodecyl mercaptan, n-Dodecyl mercaptan, Lauryl mercaptan, n-Lauryl mercaptan, 1-Mercaptododecane				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 0.5 ppm (4.1 mg/m ³) [15-minute] OSHA PEL: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless, water-white, or pale-yellow, oily liquid with a mild, skunk-like odor. [Note: A solid below 15°F.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 202.4 BP: 441-478°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P(oc): 190°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.85 VP(77°F): 3 mmHg FRZ: 15°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIA Combustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 5 ppm: CcrOv/Sa 12.5 ppm: Sa:Cf/PapRov 25 ppm: CcrFov/GmFov/PapRTOv/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScBa Escape: GmFov/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers & acids, strong bases, reducing agents, alkali metals, water, steam				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; cough; dizz, dysp, lass, conf, cyan; abdom pain, nau; skin sens TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, blood			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Emery	Formula: Al ₂ O ₃	CAS#: 1302-74-5 (corundum)	RTECS#: GN2310000 (corundum)	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Aluminum oxide, Aluminum trioxide, Corundum, Impure corundum, Natural aluminum oxide [Note: Emery is an impure variety of Al ₂ O ₃ which may contain small impurities of iron, magnesium & silica. Corundum is natural Al ₂ O ₃ .]				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: See Appendix D OSHA PEL†: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500, 0600	
Physical Description: Odorless, white, crystalline powder.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: See α-Alumina for physical & chemical properties.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities:				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Fresh air Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Endosulfan	Formula: C ₉ H ₆ Cl ₆ O ₂ S	CAS#: 115-29-7	RTECS#: RB9275000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT: 2761 151			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Benzoepin; Endosulphan; 6,7,8,9,10-Hexachloro-1,5,5a,6,9,9a-hexachloro-6,9-methano-2,4,3-benzo-dioxathiepin-3-oxide; Thiodan®				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA PV2023	
OSHA PEL†: none				
Physical Description: Brown crystals with a slight, sulfur dioxide odor. [insecticide] [Note: Technical product is a tan, waxy, isomer mixture.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 406.9 BP: Decomposes Sol: 0.00001% Fl.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.74 VP(77°F): 0.00001 mmHg MLT: 223°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid, but may be dissolved in flammable liquids.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Alkalis, acids, water [Note: Corrosive to iron. Hydrolyzes slowly on contact with water or decomposes in presence of alkalis and acids to form sulfur dioxide.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit skin; nau, conf, agitation, flushing, dry mouth, tremor, convuls, head; in animals: kidney, liver inj; decr testis weight TO: Skin, CNS, liver, kidneys, repro sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

E

Endrin	Formula: C ₁₂ H ₈ Cl ₆ O	CAS#: 72-20-8	RTECS#: IO1575000	IDLH: 2 mg/m ³
Conversion:	DOT: 2761 151			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Hexadrin®, 1,2,3,4,10,10-Hexachloro-6,7-epoxy-1,4,4a,5,6,7,8,8a-octahydro-1,4-endo,endo-5,8-dimethanonaphthalene				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5519	
Physical Description: Colorless to tan, crystalline solid with a mild, chemical odor. [insecticide]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 380.9 BP: Decomposes Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.70 VP: Low MLT: 392°F (Decomposes) UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid, but may be dissolved in flammable liquids.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 1 mg/m³: CcrOv95/Sa 2 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/PapRovHie/ CcrFOV100/GmFOV100/ ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOV100/ScbaE
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, strong acids, parathion [Note: May emit hydrogen chloride & phosgene when heated or burned.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Epilep convuls; stupor, head, dizz; abdom discomfort, nau, vomit; insom; aggressiveness, conf, drow, lass; anor; in animals: liver damage TO: CNS, liver			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Enflurane	Formula: CHF ₂ OCF ₂ CHClF	CAS#: 13838-16-9	RTECS#: KN6800000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 7.55 mg/m ³	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 2-Chloro-1-(difluoromethoxy)-1,1,2-trifluoroethane; 2-Chloro-1,1,2-trifluoroethyl difluoromethyl ether; Ethrane®				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL*: C 2 ppm (15.1 mg/m ³) [60-minute] [*Note: REL for exposure to waste anesthetic gas.]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA 29, 103	
OSHA PEL: none				
Physical Description: Clear, colorless liquid with a mild, sweet odor. [inhalation anesthetic]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 184.5 BP: 134°F Sol: Low Fl.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr(77°F): 1.52 VP: 175 mmHg FRZ: ? UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes; CNS depres, analgesia, anes, convuls, resp depres TO: Eyes, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Epichlorohydrin	Formula: C ₃ H ₅ OCl	CAS#: 106-89-8	RTECS#: TX4900000	IDLH: Ca [75 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.78 mg/m ³	DOT: 2023 131P			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1-Chloro-2,3-epoxypropane; 2-Chloropropylene oxide; γ-Chloropropylene oxide				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL†: TWA 5 ppm (19 mg/m ³) [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1010 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a slightly irritating, chloroform-like odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 92.5 BP: 242°F Sol: 7% Fl.P: 93°F IP: 10.60 eV Sp.Gr: 1.18 VP: 13 mmHg FRZ: -54°F UEL: 21.0% LEL: 3.8% Class IC Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ✖: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOvAg/ScbaE
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, strong acids, certain salts, caustics, zinc, aluminum, water [Note: May polymerize in presence of strong acids and bases, particularly when hot.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin with deep pain; nau, vomit; abdom pain; resp distress, cough; cyan; repro effects; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, kidneys, liver, repro sys [in animals: nasal cancer]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

EPN	Formula: C ₁₄ H ₁₄ O ₄ NSP	CAS#: 2104-64-5	RTECS#: TB1925000	IDLH: 5 mg/m ³
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Ethyl p-nitrophenyl benzenethionophosphonate, O-Ethyl O-(4-nitrophenyl) phenylphosphonothioate				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5012	
Physical Description: Yellow solid with an aromatic odor. [pesticide] [Note: A brown liquid above 97°F.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 323.3 BP: ? Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr(77°F): 1.27 VP(212°F): 0.0003 mmHg MLT: 97°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 5 mg/m³: Sa/ScbaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOV100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; miosis, lac; rhin; head; chest tight, wheez, lar spasm; saliv; cyan; anor, nau, abdom cramps, diarr; para, convuls; low BP, card irreg TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CVS, CNS, blood chol			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

E

Ethanolamine	Formula: NH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ OH	CAS#: 141-43-5	RTECS#: KJ5775000	IDLH: 30 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.50 mg/m ³	DOT: 2491 153			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 2-Aminoethanol, β-Aminoethyl alcohol, Ethylolamine, 2-Hydroxyethylamine, Monoethanolamine				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 3 ppm (8 mg/m ³) ST 6 ppm (15 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 3 ppm (6 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2007	
Physical Description: Colorless, viscous liquid or solid (below 51°F) with an unpleasant, ammonia-like odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 61.1 BP: 339°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P: 186°F IP: 8.96 eV Sp.Gr: 1.02 VP: 0.4 mmHg FRZ: 51°F UEL: 23.5% LEL(284°F): 3.0% Class IIIA Combustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 30 ppm: CcrS*/GmFS/PapRS*/Sa*/ScbaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFS/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, strong acids, iron [Note: May attack copper, brass, and rubber.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; drow TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Ethion		Formula: [(C ₂ H ₅ O) ₂ P(S)S] ₂ CH ₂	CAS#: 563-12-2	RTECS#: TE4550000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: O,O,O',O'-Tetraethyl S,S'-methylene di(phosphorodithioate)					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: 0.4 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5600	
Physical Description: Colorless to amber-colored, odorless liquid. [insecticide] [Note: A solid below 10°F. The technical product has a very disagreeable odor.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 384.5 BP: >302°F (Decomposes) Sol: 0.0001% Fl.P: 349°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.22 VP: 0.0000015 mmHg FRZ: 10°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIB Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Acids, alkalis					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; nau, vomit, abdom cramps, diarr, salv; head, dizz, lass; rhin, chest tight; blurred vision, miosis; card irreg; musc fasc; dysp TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, CVS, blood chol				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

2-Ethoxyethanol		Formula: C ₂ H ₅ OCH ₂ CH ₂ OH	CAS#: 110-80-5	RTECS#: KK8050000	IDLH: 500 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.69 mg/m ³		DOT: 1171 127			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Cellosolve®, EGEE, Ethylene glycol monoethyl ether					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.5 ppm (1.8 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 200 ppm (740 mg/m ³) [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1403 OSHA 53, 79	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a sweet, pleasant, ether-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 90.1 BP: 275°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P: 110°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.93 VP: 4 mmHg FRZ: -130°F UEL(200°F): 15.6% LEL(200°F): 1.7% Class II Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 5 ppm: Sa* 12.5 ppm: Sa: Cf* 25 ppm: ScbaF/SaF 500 ppm: Sa: Pd, Pp* ‡: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFov/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: In animals: irrit eyes, resp sys; blood changes; liver, kidney, lung damage; repro, terato effects TO: Eyes, resp sys, blood, kidneys, liver, repro sys, hemato sys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

2-Ethoxyethyl acetate		Formula: CH ₃ COOCH ₂ CH ₂ OC ₂ H ₅	CAS#: 111-15-9	RTECS#: KK8225000	IDLH: 500 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.41 mg/m ³		DOT: 1172 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Cellosolve® acetate, EGEEA, Ethylene glycol monoethyl ether acetate, Glycol monoethyl ether acetate					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.5 ppm (2.7 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 100 ppm (540 mg/m ³) [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1450 OSHA 53	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a mild odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 132.2 BP: 313°F Sol: 23% Fl.P: 124°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.98 VP: 2 mmHg FRZ: -79°F UEL: ? LEL: 1.7% Class II Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 5 ppm: CcrOv*/Sa* 12.5 ppm: Sa:Cf*/PaprOv* 25 ppm: CcrFOv/GmFOv/PaprTOv*/ScbaF/SaF 500 ppm: Sa:Pd,Pp* §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Nitrates; strong oxidizers, alkalis & acids					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose; vomit; kidney damage; para; in animals: repro, terato effects TO: Eyes, resp sys, GI tract, repro sys, hemato sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

E

Ethyl acetate		Formula: CH ₃ COOC ₂ H ₅	CAS#: 141-78-6	RTECS#: AH5425000	IDLH: 2000 ppm [10%LEL]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.60 mg/m ³		DOT: 1173 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Acetic ester, Acetic ether, Ethyl ester of acetic acid, Ethyl ethanoate					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 400 ppm (1400 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 400 ppm (1400 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1457 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with an ether-like, fruity odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 88.1 BP: 171°F Sol(77°F): 10% Fl.P: 24°F IP: 10.01 eV Sp.Gr: 0.90 VP: 73 mmHg FRZ: -117°F UEL: 11.5% LEL: 2.0% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 2000 ppm: Sa:Cf£/PaprOv£/CcrFOv/GmFOv/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Nitrates; strong oxidizers, alkalis & acids					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; narco; derm TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Ethyl acrylate		Formula: CH ₂ =CHCOOC ₂ H ₅	CAS#: 140-88-5	RTECS#: AT0700000	IDLH: Ca [300 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.09 mg/m ³		DOT: 1917 129P (inhibited)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Ethyl acrylate (inhibited), Ethyl ester of acrylic acid, Ethyl propenoate					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL†: TWA 25 ppm (100 mg/m ³) [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1450 OSHA 92	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with an acrid odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 100.1 BP: 211°F Sol: 2% Fl.P: 48°F IP: 10.30 eV Sp.Gr: 0.92 VP: 29 mmHg FRZ: -96°F UEL: 14% LEL: 1.4% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, peroxides, polymerizers, strong alkalis, moisture, chlorosulfonic acid [Note: Polymerizes readily unless an inhibitor such as hydroquinone is added.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys [in animals: tumors of the forestomach]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Ethyl alcohol		Formula: CH ₃ CH ₂ OH	CAS#: 64-17-5	RTECS#: KQ6300000	IDLH: 3300 ppm [10%LEL]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 1.89 mg/m ³		DOT: 1170 127			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Alcohol, Cologne spirit, Ethanol, EtOH, Grain alcohol					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1000 ppm (1900 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 1000 ppm (1900 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1400 OSHA 100	
Physical Description: Clear, colorless liquid with a weak, ethereal, vinous odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 46.1 BP: 173°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P: 55°F IP: 10.47 eV Sp.Gr: 0.79 VP: 44 mmHg FRZ: -173°F UEL: 19% LEL: 3.3% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 3300 ppm: Sa/ScbaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, potassium dioxide, bromine pentafluoride, acetyl bromide, acetyl chloride, platinum, sodium					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose; head, drow, lass, narco; cough; liver damage; anemia; repro, terato effects TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, liver, blood, repro sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Fresh air Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Ethylamine		Formula: CH ₃ CH ₂ NH ₂	CAS#: 75-04-7	RTECS#: KH2100000	IDLH: 600 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 1.85 mg/m ³		DOT: 1036 118			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Aminoethane, Ethylamine (anhydrous), Monoethylamine					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 ppm (18 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 10 ppm (18 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S144 (II-3) OSHA 36	
Physical Description: Colorless gas or water-white liquid (below 62°F) with an ammonia-like odor. [Note: Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 45.1 BP: 62°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P.: 1°F IP: 8.86 eV RGasD: 1.61 Sp.Gr: 0.69 (Liquid) VP: 874 mmHg FRZ: -114°F UEL: 14.0% LEL: 3.5% Flammable Gas	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact (liquid) Eyes: Prevent eye contact (liquid) Wash skin: When contam (liquid) Remove: When wet or contam (liquid) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash (liquid) Quick drench (liquid)		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 250 ppm: Sa:Cf£/PapRSE 500 ppm: CcrFS/GmFS/ScbaF/SaF 600 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong acids; strong oxidizers; copper, tin & zinc in presence of moisture; cellulose nitrate; chlorine; hypochlorites					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs (liquid), Ing (liquid), Con (liquid) SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; skin burns, derm TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed (liquid) Skin: Water flush immed (liquid) Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed (liquid)		

E

Ethyl benzene		Formula: CH ₃ CH ₂ C ₆ H ₅	CAS#: 100-41-4	RTECS#: DA0700000	IDLH: 800 ppm [10%LEL]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.34 mg/m ³		DOT: 1175 130			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Ethylbenzol, Phenylethane					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 100 ppm (435 mg/m ³) ST 125 ppm (545 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 100 ppm (435 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1501 OSHA 7, 1002	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with an aromatic odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 106.2 BP: 277°F Sol: 0.01% Fl.P: 55°F IP: 8.76 eV Sp.Gr: 0.87 VP: 7 mmHg FRZ: -139°F UEL: 6.7% LEL: 0.8% Class IB Flammable Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 800 ppm: CcrOv*/GmFOv/PapRov*/ Sa*/ScbaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; head; derm; narco, coma TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Ethyl bromide		Formula: CH ₃ CH ₂ Br	CAS#: 74-96-4	RTECS#: KH6475000	IDLH: 2000 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.46 mg/m ³		DOT: 1891 131			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Bromoethane, Monobromoethane					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: See Appendix D OSHA PEL†: TWA 200 ppm (890 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1011 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless to yellow liquid with an ether-like odor. [Note: A gas above 101°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 109.0 BP: 101°F Sol: 0.9% Fl.P: <4°F IP: 10.29 eV Sp.Gr: 1.46 VP: 375 mmHg FRZ: -182°F UEL: 8.0% LEL: 6.8% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): OSHA 2000 ppm: Sa/ScbaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFov/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Chemically-active metals such as sodium, potassium, calcium, powdered aluminum, zinc & magnesium					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; CNS depres; pulm edema; liver, kidney disease; card arrhy, card arrest TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, liver, kidneys, CVS, CNS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Ethyl butyl ketone		Formula: CH ₃ CH ₂ CO[CH ₂] ₃ CH ₃	CAS#: 106-35-4	RTECS#: MJ5250000	IDLH: 1000 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.67 mg/m ³		DOT: 1224 127			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Butyl ethyl ketone, 3-Heptanone					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 50 ppm (230 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 50 ppm (230 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1301, 2553 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a powerful, fruity odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 114.2 BP: 298°F Sol: 1% Fl.P(oc): 115°F IP: 9.02 eV Sp.Gr: 0.82 VP: 4 mmHg FRZ: -38°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class II Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 500 ppm: CcrOv*/Sa* 1000 ppm: Sa:Cf*/PaprOv*/CcrFOv/ GmFOv/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, acetaldehyde, perchloric acid					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; head, narco, coma; derm TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Ethyl chloride		Formula: CH ₃ CH ₂ Cl	CAS#: 75-00-3	RTECS#: KH7525000	IDLH: 3800 ppm [10%LEL]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.64 mg/m ³		DOT: 1037 115			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Chloroethane, Hydrochloric ether, Monochloroethane, Muriatic ether					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Handle with caution in the workplace. See Appendix C (Chloroethanes) OSHA PEL: TWA 1000 ppm (2600 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2519	
Physical Description: Colorless gas or liquid (below 54°F) with a pungent, ether-like odor. [Note: Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 64.5 BP: 54°F Sol: 0.6% Fl.P: NA (Gas) -58°F (Liquid) IP: 10.97 eV RGasD: 2.23 Sp.Gr: 0.92 (Liquid at 32°F) VP: 1000 mmHg FRZ: -218°F UEL: 15.4% LEL: 3.8% Flammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact (liquid) Eyes: Prevent eye contact (liquid) Wash skin: N.R. Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): OSHA 3800 ppm: Sa*/ScbaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Chemically-active metals such as sodium, potassium, calcium, powdered aluminum, zinc & magnesium; oxidizers; water or steam [Note: Reacts with water to form hydrochloric acid.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs (liquid), Ing (liquid), Con SY: Inco, inebri; abdom cramps; card arrhy, card arrest; liver, kidney damage TO: Liver, kidneys, resp sys, CVS, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed (liquid) Skin: Water flush prompt (liquid) Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed (liquid)		

E

Ethylene chlorohydrin		Formula: CH ₂ ClCH ₂ OH	CAS#: 107-07-3	RTECS#: KK0875000	IDLH: 7 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.29 mg/m ³		DOT: 1135 131			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 2-Chloroethanol, 2-Chloroethyl alcohol, Ethylene chlorohydrin					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 1 ppm (3 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL†: TWA 5 ppm (16 mg/m ³) [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2513 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a faint, ether-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 80.5 BP: 262°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P: 140°F IP: 10.90 eV Sp.Gr: 1.20 VP: 5 mmHg FRZ: -90°F UEL: 15.9% LEL: 4.9% Class IIIA Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 7 ppm: Sa*/ScbaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, strong caustics, water or steam					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit muc memb; nau, vomit; dizz, inco; numb; vis dist; head; thirst; delirium; low BP; collapse, shock, coma; liver, kidney damage TO: Resp sys, liver, kidneys, CNS, CVS, eyes			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Ethylenediamine		Formula: NH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ NH ₂	CAS#: 107-15-3	RTECS#: KH8575000	IDLH: 1000 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.46 mg/m ³		DOT: 1604 132			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1,2-Diaminoethane; 1,2-Ethanediamine; Ethylenediamine (anhydrous)					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 ppm (25 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 10 ppm (25 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2540 OSHA 60	
Physical Description: Colorless, viscous liquid with an ammonia-like odor. [fungicide] [Note: A solid below 47°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 60.1 BP: 241°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P.: 93°F IP: 8.60 eV Sp.Gr.: 0.91 VP: 11 mmHg FRZ: 47°F UEL(212°F): 12% LEL(212°F): 2.5% Class IC Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash (>5%) Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 250 ppm: Sa:Cf&/PapRSE 500 ppm: CcrFS/GmFS/PapRTSE/ ScbaF/SaF 1000 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS/ScbaE	
		Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong acids & oxidizers, carbon tetrachloride & other chlorinated organic compounds, carbon disulfide [Note: Corrosive to metals.]			
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit nose, resp sys; sens derm; asthma; liver, kidney damage TO: Skin, resp sys, liver, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Ethylene dibromide		Formula: BrCH ₂ CH ₂ Br	CAS#: 106-93-4	RTECS#: KH9275000	IDLH: Ca [100 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 7.69 mg/m ³		DOT: 1605 154			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1,2-Dibromoethane; Ethylene bromide; Glycol dibromide					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA 0.045 ppm C 0.13 ppm [15-minute] See Appendix A OSHA PEL: TWA 20 ppm C 30 ppm 50 ppm [5-minute maximum peak]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1008 OSHA 2	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid or solid (below 50°F) with a sweet odor. [fumigant]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 187.9 BP: 268°F Sol: 0.4% Fl.P.: NA IP: 9.45 eV Sp.Gr.: 2.17 VP: 12 mmHg FRZ: 50°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
		Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Chemically-active metals such as sodium, potassium, calcium, hot aluminum & magnesium; liquid ammonia; strong oxidizers			
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; derm with vesic; liver, heart, spleen, kidney damage; repro effects; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, liver, kidneys, repro sys [in animals: skin & lung tumors]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Ethylene dichloride	Formula: ClCH ₂ CH ₂ Cl	CAS#: 107-06-2	RTECS#: K10525000	IDLH: Ca [50 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.05 mg/m ³	DOT: 1184 131			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1,2-Dichloroethane; Ethylene chloride; Glycol dichloride				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA 1 ppm (4 mg/m ³) ST 2 ppm (8 mg/m ³) See Appendix A, See Appendix C (Chloroethanes) OSHA PEL†: TWA 50 ppm C 100 ppm 200 ppm [5-minute maximum peak in any 3 hours]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1003 OSHA 3	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a pleasant, chloroform-like odor. [Note: Decomposes slowly, becomes acidic & darkens in color.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 99.0 BP: 182°F Sol: 0.9% Fl.P: 56°F IP: 11.05 eV Sp.Gr: 1.24 VP: 64 mmHg FRZ: -32°F UEL: 16% LEL: 6.2% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers & caustics; chemically-active metals such as magnesium or aluminum powder, sodium & potassium; liquid ammonia [Note: Decomposes to vinyl chloride & HCl above 1112°F.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Abs, Con SY: Irrit eyes, corn opac; CNS depres; nau, vomit; dermat; liver, kidney, CVS damage; [canc] TO: Eyes, skin, kidneys, liver, CNS, CVS [in animals: forestomach, mammary gland & circulatory sys cancer]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

E

Ethylene glycol	Formula: HOCH ₂ CH ₂ OH	CAS#: 107-21-1	RTECS#: KW2975000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1,2-Dihydroxyethane; 1,2-Ethandiol; Glycol; Glycol alcohol; Monoethylene glycol				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: See Appendix D OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5523 OSHA PV2024	
Physical Description: Clear, colorless, syrupy, odorless liquid. [antifreeze] [Note: A solid below 9°F.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 62.1 BP: 388°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P: 232°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.11 VP: 0.06 mmHg FRZ: 9°F UEL: 15.3% LEL: 3.2% Class IIIB Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, chromium trioxide, potassium permanganate, sodium peroxide [Note: Hygroscopic (i.e., absorbs moisture from the air).]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; nau, vomit, abdom pain, lass; dizz, stupor, convuls, CNS depres; skin sens TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Ethylene glycol dinitrate		Formula: O ₂ NOCH ₂ CH ₂ ONO ₂	CAS#: 628-96-6	RTECS#: KW5600000	IDLH: 75 mg/m ³
Conversion: 1 ppm = 6.22 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: EGDN; 1,2-Ethanediol dinitrate; Ethylene dinitrate; Ethylene nitrate; Glycol dinitrate; Nitroglycol					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: ST 0.1 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL†: C 0.2 ppm (1 mg/m ³) [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2507 OSHA 43	
Physical Description: Colorless to yellow, oily, odorless liquid. [Note: An explosive ingredient (60-80%) in dynamite along with nitroglycerine (40-20%).]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 152.1 BP: 387°F Sol: Insoluble F.I.P.: 419°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.49 VP: 0.05 mmHg FRZ: -8°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Explosive Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: Daily Provide: Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 1 mg/m³: Sa* 2.5 mg/m³: Sa: Cf* 5 mg/m³: Sa: T: Cf*/ScbaF/SaF 75 mg/m³: Sa: F: Pd, Pp §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/Sa: F: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Acids, alkalis					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Throb head; dizz; nau, vomit, abdom pain; hypotension, flush, palp, angina; methemo; delirium, CNS depres; irrit skin; in animals: anemia; liver, kidney damage TO: Skin, CVS, blood, liver, kidneys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Ethyleneimine		Formula: C ₂ H ₅ N	CAS#: 151-56-4	RTECS#: KX5075000	IDLH: Ca [100 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 1.76 mg/m ³		DOT: 1185 131P (inhibited)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Aminoethylene, Azirane, Aziridine, Dimethyleimine, Dimethylenimine, Ethyleneimine, Ethylimine					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL: [1910.1012] See Appendix B				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 3514	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with an ammonia-like odor. [Note: Usually contains inhibitors to prevent polymerization.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 43.1 BP: 133°F Sol: Miscible F.I.P.: 12°F IP: 9.20 eV Sp.Gr: 0.83 VP: 160 mmHg FRZ: -97°F UEL: 54.8% LEL: 3.3% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ‡: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/Sa: F: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE See Appendix E (page 351)	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Polymerizes explosively in presence of acids [Note: Explosive silver derivatives may be formed with silver alloys (e.g., silver solder).]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; nau, vomit; head, dizz; pulm edema; liver, kidney damage; eye burns; skin sens; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, liver, kidneys [in animals: lung & liver tumors]				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Ethylene oxide		Formula: C ₂ H ₄ O	CAS#: 75-21-8	RTECS#: KX2450000	IDLH: Ca [800 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 1.80 mg/m ³		DOT: 1040 119P			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Dimethylene oxide; 1,2-Epoxy ethane; Oxirane					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA <0.1 ppm (0.18 mg/m ³) C 5 ppm (9 mg/m ³) [10-min/day] See Appendix A OSHA PEL: [1910.1047] TWA 1 ppm 5 ppm [15-minute Excursion]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1614, 3800 OSHA 30, 49, 50	
Physical Description: Colorless gas or liquid (below 51°F) with an ether-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 44.1 BP: 51°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P: NA (Gas) -20°F (Liquid) IP: 10.56 eV RGasD: 1.49 Sp.Gr: 0.82 (Liquid at 50°F) VP: 1.46 atm FRZ: -171°F UEL: 100% LEL: 3.0% Flammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact (liquid) Eyes: Prevent eye contact (liquid) Wash skin: When contam (liquid) Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Quick drench (liquid)		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 5 ppm: GmFS†/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFS†/ScbaE See Appendix E (page 351)	
		Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong acids, alkalis & oxidizers; chlorides of iron, aluminum & tin; oxides of iron & aluminum; water			
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, (liquid), Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; peculiar taste; head; nau, vomit, diarr; dysp, cyan, pulm edema; drow, lass, inco; EKG abnor; eye, skin burns (liq or high vap conc); liquid: frostbite; repro effects; [carc]; in animals: convuls; liver, kidney damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, liver, CNS, blood, kidneys, repro sys [peritoneal cancer, leukemia]				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed (liquid)	
Ethylene thiourea		Formula: C ₃ H ₆ N ₂ S	CAS#: 96-45-7	RTECS#: NI9625000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1,3-Ethylene-2-thiourea; N,N-Ethylenethiourea; ETU; 2-Imidazolidine-2-thione					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca Use encapsulated form. See Appendix A OSHA PEL: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5011 OSHA 95	
Physical Description: White to pale-green, crystalline solid with a faint, amine odor. [Note: Used as an accelerator in the curing of polychloroprene & other elastomers.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 102.2 BP: 446-595°F Sol(86°F): 2% Fl.P: 486°F IP: 8.15 eV Sp.Gr: ? VP: 16 mmHg MLT: 392°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ✦: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE	
		Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Acrolein			
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes; in animals: thickening of the skin; goiter; terato effects; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, thyroid, repro sys [in animals: liver, thyroid & lymphatic sys tumors]				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

E

Ethyl ether		Formula: C ₂ H ₅ OC ₂ H ₅	CAS#: 60-29-7	RTECS#: KI5775000	IDLH: 1900 ppm [10%LEL]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.03 mg/m ³		DOT: 1155 127			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Diethyl ether, Diethyl oxide, Ethyl oxide, Ether, Solvent ether					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: See Appendix D OSHA PEL†: TWA 400 ppm (1200 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1610 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a pungent, sweetish odor. [Note: A gas above 94°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 74.1 BP: 94°F Sol: 8% Fl.P.: -49°F IP: 9.53 eV Sp.Gr: 0.71 VP: 440 mmHg FRZ: -177°F UEL: 36.0% LEL: 1.9% Class IA Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: N.R. Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): OSHA 1900 ppm: CcrOv*/GmFOv/PapRov*/Sa*/ScbaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, halogens, sulfur, sulfur compounds [Note: Tends to form explosive peroxides under influence of air and light.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, upper resp sys; dizz, drow, head, excited, narco; nau, vomit TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Ethyl formate		Formula: CH ₃ CH ₂ OCHO	CAS#: 109-94-4	RTECS#: LQ8400000	IDLH: 1500 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.03 mg/m ³		DOT: 1190 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Ethyl ester of formic acid, Ethyl methanoate					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 100 ppm (300 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 100 ppm (300 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1452 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a fruity odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 74.1 BP: 130°F Sol(64°F): 9% Fl.P.: -4°F IP: 10.61 eV Sp.Gr: 0.92 VP: 200 mmHg FRZ: -113°F UEL: 16.0% LEL: 2.8% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 1500 ppm: Sa:CfE/PapRovE/CcrFOv/GmFOv/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Nitrates; strong oxidizers, alkalis & acids [Note: Decomposes slowly in water to form ethyl alcohol and formic acid.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, upper resp sys; in animals: narco TO: Eyes, resp sys, CNS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Ethylidene norbornene		Formula: C ₉ H ₁₂	CAS#: 16219-75-3	RTECS#: RB9450000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.92 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: ENB, 5-Ethylidenebicyclo(2.2.1)hept-2-ene, 5-Ethylidene-2-norbornene [Note: Due to its reactivity, ENB may be stabilized with tert-butyl catechol.]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 5 ppm (25 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless to white liquid with a turpentine-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 120.2 BP: 298°F Sol: ? Fl.P(oc): 101°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.90 VP: 4 mmHg FRZ: -112°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class II Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxygen [Note: ENB should be stored in a nitrogen atmosphere since it reacts with oxygen.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; head; cough, dysp; nau, vomit; olfactory, taste changes; chemical pneu (aspir liquid); in animals: liver, kidney, urogenital inj; bone marrow effects TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, liver, kidneys, urogenital system, bone marrow				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

E

Ethyl mercaptan		Formula: CH ₃ CH ₂ SH	CAS#: 75-08-1	RTECS#: KI9625000	IDLH: 500 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.54 mg/m ³		DOT: 2363 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Ethanethiol, Ethyl sulfhydrate, Mercaptoethane					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 0.5 ppm (1.3 mg/m ³) [15-minute] OSHA PEL†: C 10 ppm (25 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2542	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a strong, skunk-like odor. [Note: A gas above 95°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 62.1 BP: 95°F Sol: 0.7% Fl.P: -55°F IP: 9.29 eV Sp.Gr: 0.84 VP: 442 mmHg FRZ: -228°F UEL: 18.0% LEL: 2.8% Class IA Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 5 ppm: CcrOv/Sa 12.5 ppm: Sa:Cf/Paprov 25 ppm: CcrFOv/GmFOv/SaT:Cf/PapTOv/ScbaF/SaF 500 ppm: Sa:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers [Note: Reacts violently with calcium hypochlorite.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit muc memb; head, nau; in animals: inco, lass; liver, kidney damage; cyan; narco TO: Eyes, resp sys, liver, kidneys, blood				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

N-Ethylmorpholine		Formula: C ₄ H ₉ ONCH ₂ CH ₃	CAS#: 100-74-3	RTECS#: QE4025000	IDLH: 100 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.71 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 4-Ethylmorpholine					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 ppm (23 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL†: TWA 20 ppm (94 mg/m ³) [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S146 (II-3)	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with an ammonia-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 115.2 BP: 281°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P(oc): 90°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.90 VP: 6 mmHg FRZ: -81°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IC Flammable Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash (>15%) Quick drench	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 50 ppm: CcrOv*/Sa* 100 ppm: Sa:Cf*/PaprOv*/CcrFOv/ GmFOv/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE			
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong acids, strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose, throat; vis dist: corn edema, blue-gray vision, colored haloes TO: Eyes, resp sys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Ethyl silicate		Formula: (C ₂ H ₅) ₂ SiO ₄	CAS#: 78-10-4	RTECS#: VV9450000	IDLH: 700 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 8.52 mg/m ³		DOT: 1292 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Ethyl orthosilicate, Ethyl silicate (condensed), Tetraethoxysilane, Tetraethyl orthosilicate, Tetraethyl silicate					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 ppm (85 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 100 ppm (850 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S264 (II-3)	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a sharp, alcohol-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 208.3 BP: 336°F Sol: Reacts Fl.P: 99°F IP: 9.77 eV Sp.Gr: 0.93 VP: 1 mmHg FRZ: -117°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IC Flammable Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 100 ppm: Sa* 250 ppm: Sa:Cf* 500 ppm: ScbaF/SaF 700 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE			
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, water [Note: Reacts with water to form a silicone adhesive (a milky-white mass).]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose; in animals: lac; dysp, pulm edema; tremor, narco; liver, kidney damage; anemia TO: Eyes, resp sys, liver, kidneys, blood, skin				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Fenamiphos		Formula: C ₁₃ H ₂₂ NO ₃ PS	CAS#: 22224-92-6	RTECS#: TB3675000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Ethyl 3-methyl-4-(methylthio)phenyl-(1-methylethyl)phosphoramidate, Nemacur®, Phenamiphos					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5600	
Physical Description: Off-white to tan, waxy solid. [insecticide] [Note: Found commercially as a granular ingredient (5-15%) or in an emulsifiable concentrate (400 g/l).]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 303.4 BP: ? Sol: 0.03% Fl.P: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.14 VP: 0.00005 mmHg MLT: 121°F UEL: ? LEL: ?		Personal Protection/Sanitization (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported [Note: May hydrolyze under alkaline conditions.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Nau, vomit, abdom cramps, diarr, salv; head, dizz, lass; rhin, chest tight; blurred vision, miosis; card irreg; musc fasc; dysp TO: Resp sys, CNS, CVS, blood chol			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

F

Fensulfothion		Formula: C ₁₇ H ₁₇ O ₄ PS ₂	CAS#: 115-90-2	RTECS#: TF3850000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Dasanit®, O,O-Diethyl O-(p-methylsulfinyl)phenyl)phosphorothioate; Terracur P®					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Brown liquid or yellow oil. [pesticide]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 308.4 BP: ? Sol(77°F): 0.2% Fl.P: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.20 VP: ? FRZ: ? UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitization (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Alkalis					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit skin; nau, vomit, abdom cramps, diarr, salv; head, dizz, lass; rhin, chest tight; blurred vision, miosis; card irreg; musc fasc; dys TO: Skin, resp sys, CNS, CVS, blood chol			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Fenthion		Formula: C ₁₀ H ₁₆ O ₃ PS	CAS#: 55-38-9	RTECS#: TF9625000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Baytex; Entex; O,O-Dimethyl O-3-methyl-4-methylthiophenyl phosphorothioate					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: See Appendix D OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless to brown liquid with a slight, garlic-like odor. [insecticide]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 278.3 BP: ? Sol: 0.006% F.I.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.25 VP: 0.0003 mmHg FRZ: 43°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Nau, vomit, abdom cramps, diarr, salv; head, dizz, lass; rhin, chest tight; blurred vision, miosis; card irregularities; musc fasc; dysp TO: Resp sys, CNS, CVS, plasma chol				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Ferbam		Formula: [(CH ₃) ₂ NCS ₂] ₃ Fe	CAS#: 14484-64-1	RTECS#: NO8750000	IDLH: 800 mg/m ³
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: tris(Dimethyldithiocarbamate)iron, Ferric dimethyl dithiocarbamate					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: TWA 15 mg/m ³				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500	
Physical Description: Dark brown to black, odorless solid. [fungicide]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 416.5 BP: Decomposes Sol: 0.01% F.I.P: ? IP: 7.72 eV Sp.Gr: ? VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: >356°F (Decomposes) UEL: ? LEL: ? MEC: 55 g/m ³ Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 50 mg/m³: Qm 100 mg/m³: 95XQ*/Sa* 250 mg/m³: Sa:Cf*/PaprHie* 500 mg/m³: 100F/SaT:Cf*/PaprTHie*/ ScbaF/SaF 800 mg/m³: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, moisture					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, resp tract; dermat; GI dist TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, GI tract				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Ferrovandium dust		Formula:	CAS#:	RTECS#:	IDLH:
		FeV	12604-58-9	LK2900000	500 mg/m ³
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Ferrovandium					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL*: TWA 1 mg/m ³ ST 3 mg/m ³ [*Note: The REL also applies to Vanadium metal and Vanadium carbide.] OSHA PEL†: TWA 1 mg/m ³				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA ID121, ID125G	
Physical Description: Dark, odorless particulate dispersed in air. [Note: Ferrovandium metal is an alloy usually containing 50-80% vanadium.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 106.8 BP: ? Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: ? VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 2696-2768°F UEL: NA LEL: NA MEC: 1.3 g/m ³ Metal: Noncombustible Solid, but dust may be an explosion hazard.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 5 mg/m ³ : Qm* 10 mg/m ³ : 95XQ*/Sa* 25 mg/m ³ : Sa:Cf*/PaprHie* 50 mg/m ³ : 100F/SaT:Cf*/PaprTHie*/ ScbaF/SaF 500 mg/m ³ : SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, resp sys; in animals: bron, pneu TO: Eyes, resp sys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Resp support	

F

Fibrous glass dust		Formula:	CAS#:	RTECS#:	IDLH:
				LK3651000	N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Fiber glas®, Fiberglass, Glass fibers, Glass wool [Note: Usually produced from borosilicate & low alkali silicate glasses.]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 3 fibers/cm ³ (fibers ≤ 3.5 µm in diameter & ≥ 10 µm in length) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (total) OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7400	
Physical Description: Typically, glass filaments >3 µm in diameter or glass "wool" with diameters down to 0.05 µm & >1 µm in length.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: NA BP: NA Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 2.5 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: ? UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Fibers		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: Daily Remove: N.R. Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 5X REL: Qm 10X REL: 95XQ/Sa 25X REL: Sa:Cf/PaprHie 50X REL: 100F/PaprTHie/ScbaF/SaF 1000X REL: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; dysp TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Fresh air	

Fluorine		Formula: F ₂	CAS#: 7782-41-4	RTECS#: LM6475000	IDLH: 25 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 1.55 mg/m ³		DOT: 1045 124; 9192 167 (cryogenic liquid)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Fluorine-19					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.1 ppm (0.2 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 0.1 ppm (0.2 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Pale-yellow to greenish gas with a pungent, irritating odor.					
F Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 38.0 BP: -307°F Sol: Reacts F.I.P.: NA IP: 15.70 eV RGasD: 1.31 VP: >1 atm FRZ: -363°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Nonflammable Gas, but an extremely strong oxidizer.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact (liquid) Eyes: Prevent eye contact (liquid) Wash skin: When contam (liquid) Remove: When wet or contam (liquid) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash (liquid) Quick drench (liquid)		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 1 ppm: Sa* 2.5 ppm: Sa:Cf* 5 ppm: ScbaF/SaF 25 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS ₂ /ScbaE		
	Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Water, nitric acid, oxidizers, organic compounds [Note: Reacts violently with all combustible materials, except the metal containers in which it is shipped. Reacts with H ₂ O to form hydrofluoric acid.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose, resp sys; lar spasm, wheez; pulm edema; eye, skin burns; in animals: liver, kidney damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, liver, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support		

Fluorotrichloromethane		Formula: CCl ₃ F	CAS#: 75-69-4	RTECS#: PB6125000	IDLH: 2000 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.62 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Freon® 11, Monofluorotrichloromethane, Refrigerant 11, Trichlorofluoromethane, Trichloromonofluoromethane					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 1000 ppm (5600 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 1000 ppm (5600 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1006	
Physical Description: Colorless to water-white, nearly odorless liquid or gas (above 75°F).					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 137.4 BP: 75°F Sol(75°F): 0.1% F.I.P.: NA IP: 11.77 eV RGasD: 4.74 Sp.Gr: 1.47 (Liquid at 75°F) VP: 690 mmHg FRZ: -168°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Liquid Nonflammable Gas	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: N.R. Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 2000 ppm: Sa/ScbaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOV/ScbaE		
	Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Chemically-active metals such as sodium, potassium, calcium, powdered aluminum, zinc, magnesium & lithium shavings; granular barium				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Inco, tremor; derm; card arrhy, card arrest; asphy; liquid: frostbite TO: Skin, resp sys, CVS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Fluoroxene		Formula: CF ₃ CH ₂ OCH=CH ₂	CAS#: 406-90-6	RTECS#: KO4250000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.16 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 2,2,2-Trifluoroethoxyethene; 2,2,2-Trifluoroethyl vinyl ether					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL*: C 2 ppm (10.3 mg/m ³) [60-minute] [*Note: REL for exposure to waste anesthetic gas.]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
OSHA PEL: none					
Physical Description: Liquid. [inhalation anesthetic] [Note: A gas above 109°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 126.1 BP: 109°F Sol: ? Fl.P.: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.14 VP: 286 mmHg FRZ: ? UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Liquid [Potentially EXPLOSIVE!]		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes; CNS depres, analgesia, anes, convuls, resp depres TO: Eyes, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

F

Fonofos		Formula: C ₁₀ H ₁₅ OPS ₂	CAS#: 944-22-9	RTECS#: TA5950000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 10.07 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Dyfonate®, Dyphonate, O-Ethyl-S-phenyl ethylphosphorothioate, Fonofos					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5600 OSHA PV2027	
Physical Description: Light-yellow liquid with an aromatic odor. [insecticide]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 246.3 BP: ? Sol: 0.001% Fl.P.: >201°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.15 VP(77°F): 0.0002 mmHg FRZ: ? UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIB Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Nau, vomit, abdom cramps, diarr, salv; head, dizz, lass; rhin, chest tight; blurred vision, miosis; card irreg; musc fasc; dysp TO: Resp sys, CNS, CVS, blood chol			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Formaldehyde		Formula: HCHO	CAS#: 50-00-0	RTECS#: LP8925000	IDLH: Ca [20 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 1.23 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Methanal, Methyl aldehyde, Methylene oxide					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA 0.016 ppm C 0.1 ppm [15-minute] See Appendix A OSHA PEL: [1910.1048] TWA 0.75 ppm ST 2 ppm			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2016, 2541, 3500, 3800 OSHA ID205, 52		
Physical Description: Nearly colorless gas with a pungent, suffocating odor. [Note: Often used in an aqueous solution (see specific listing for Formalin).]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 30.0 BP: -6°F Sol: Miscible F.I.P.: NA (Gas) IP: 10.88 eV RGasD: 1.04 VP: >1 atm FRZ: -134°F UEL: 73% LEL: 7.0% Flammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS/ScbaE See Appendix E (page 351)	
		Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, alkalis & acids; phenols; urea [Note: Pure formaldehyde has a tendency to polymerize. Reacts with HCl to form bis-Chloromethyl ether.]			
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose, throat, resp sys; lac; cough; wheez; [carc] TO: Eyes, resp sys [nasal cancer]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Resp support		

Formalin (as formaldehyde)		Formula:	CAS#:	RTECS#:	IDLH: Ca [20 ppm]
Conversion:		DOT: 1198 132; 2209 132			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Formaldehyde solution [Note: Formalin is an aqueous solution that is 37% formaldehyde by weight; inhibited solutions usually contain 6-12% methyl alcohol. Also see specific listings for Formaldehyde and Methyl alcohol.]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA 0.016 ppm C 0.1 ppm [15-minute] See Appendix A			OSHA PEL: [1910.1048] TWA 0.75 ppm ST 2 ppm		
Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2016, 2541, 3500, 3800 OSHA ID205, 52					
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a pungent odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: Varies BP: 214°F Sol: Miscible F.I.P.: 185°F IP: ? Sp.Gr(77°F): 1.08 VP: 1 mmHg FRZ: ? UEL: 73% LEL: 7% Class IIIA Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS/ScbaE See Appendix E (page 351)	
		Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, alkalis & acids; phenols; urea; oxides; isocyanates; caustics; anhydrides			
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose, throat, resp sys; lac; cough; wheez, derm; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys [nasal cancer]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Formamide		Formula: HCONH ₂	CAS#: 75-12-7	RTECS#: LQ0525000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 1.85 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Carbamaldehyde, Methanamide					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 ppm (15 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless, oily liquid. [Note: A solid below 37°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 45.1 BP: 411°F (Decomposes) Sol: Miscible Fl.P(oc): 310°F IP: 10.20 eV Sp.Gr: 1.13 VP(86°F): 0.1 mmHg FRZ: 37°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIB Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, iodine, pyridine, sulfur trioxide, copper, brass, lead [Note: Hygroscopic (i.e., absorbs moisture from the air).]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; drow, lass; nau; acidosis; skin eruptions; in animals: repro effects TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, repro sys		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed			

F

Formic acid		Formula: HCOOH	CAS#: 64-18-6	RTECS#: LQ4900000	IDLH: 30 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 1.88 mg/m ³		DOT: 1779 153			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Formic acid (85-95% in aqueous solution); Hydrogen carboxylic acid; Methanoic acid					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 ppm (9 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 5 ppm (9 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2011 OSHA ID186SG	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a pungent, penetrating odor. [Note: Often used in an aqueous solution.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 46.0 BP: 224°F (90% solution) Sol: Miscible Fl.P(oc): 122°F (90% solution) IP: 11.05 eV Sp.Gr: 1.22 (90% solution) VP: 35 mmHg FRZ: 20°F (90% solution) UEL: 57% (90% solution) LEL: 18% (90% solution) Class II Combustible Liquid (90% solution)		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 30 ppm: Sa*/ScbaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/ SaF:Pd,Pp;AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, strong caustics, concentrated sulfuric acid [Note: Corrosive to metals.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes; skin, throat; skin burns, dermatitis; lac; rhin; cough, dysp; nau TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed			

Furfural		Formula: C ₅ H ₄ O ₂	CAS#: 98-01-1	RTECS#: LT7000000	IDLH: 100 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.93 mg/m ³		DOT: 1199 132P			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Fural, 2-Furancarboxaldehyde, Furfuraldehyde, 2-Furfuraldehyde					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: See Appendix D OSHA PEL†: TWA 5 ppm (20 mg/m ³) [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2529 OSHA 72	
Physical Description: Colorless to amber liquid with an almond-like odor. [Note: Darkens in light and air.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 96.1 BP: 323°F Sol: 8% Fl.P: 140°F IP: 9.21 eV Sp.Gr: 1.16 VP: 2 mmHg FRZ: -34°F UEL: 19.3% LEL: 2.1% Class IIIA Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): OSHA 50 ppm: CcrOv*/Sa* 100 ppm: Sa:Cf*/CcrFOv/PapOv*/GmFOv/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong acids, oxidizers, strong alkalis [Note: May polymerize on contact with strong acids or strong alkalis.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, upper resp sys; head; derm TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Furfuryl alcohol		Formula: C ₅ H ₆ O ₂	CAS#: 98-00-0	RTECS#: LU9100000	IDLH: 75 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.01 mg/m ³		DOT: 2874 153			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 2-Furylmethanol, 2-Hydroxymethylfuran					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 ppm (40 mg/m ³) [skin] ST 15 ppm (60 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 50 ppm (200 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2505	
Physical Description: Colorless to amber liquid with a faint, burning odor. [Note: Darkens on exposure to light.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 98.1 BP: 338°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P: 149°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.13 VP(77°F): 0.6 mmHg FRZ: 6°F UEL: 16.3% LEL: 1.8% Class IIIA Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 75 ppm: CcrOv*/GmFOv/PapOv*/Sa*/ScbaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers & acids [Note: Contact with organic acids may lead to polymerization.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, muc memb; dizz; nau, diarr; diuresis; resp, body temperature depres; vomit; derm TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Gasoline		Formula:	CAS#:	RTECS#:	IDLH:
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.5 mg/m ³ (approx)		DOT: 1203 128			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Motor fuel, Motor spirits, Natural gasoline, Petrol [Note: A complex mixture of volatile hydrocarbons (paraffins, cycloparaffins & aromatics).]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA PV2028	
Physical Description: Clear liquid with a characteristic odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 110 (approx) BP: 102°F Sol: Insoluble F.I.P: -45°F IP: ? Sp.Gr(60°F): 0.72-0.76 VP: 38-300 mmHg FRZ: ? UEL: 7.6% LEL: 1.4% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOV/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers such as peroxides, nitric acid & perchlorates					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; derm; head, lass, blurred vision, dizz, slurred speech, conf, convuls; chemical pneu (aspir liquid); possible liver, kidney damage; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, liver, kidneys [in animals: liver & kidney cancer]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

G

Germanium tetrahydride		Formula:	CAS#:	RTECS#:	IDLH:
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.13 mg/m ³		DOT: 2192 119			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Germane, Germanium hydride, Germanomethane, Monogermane [Note: Used chiefly for the production of high purity germanium for use in semiconductors.]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.2 ppm (0.6 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless gas with a pungent odor. [Note: Shipped as a compressed gas.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 76.6 BP: -127°F Sol: Insoluble F.I.P: NA (Gas) IP: 11.34 eV RGasD: 2.65 VP: >1 atm FRZ: -267°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Flammable Gas (may ignite SPONTANEOUSLY in air).		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Bromine					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh SY: Mal, head, dizz, fainting; dysp; nau, vomit; kidney inj; hemolytic effects TO: CNS, kidneys, blood			First Aid (see Table 6): Breath: Resp support		

Glutaraldehyde		Formula: OCH(CH ₂) ₃ CHO	CAS#: 111-30-8	RTECS#: MA2450000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.09 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Glutaric dialdehyde; 1,5-Pentanedial					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 0.2 ppm (0.8 mg/m ³) See Appendix C (Aldehydes) OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2532 OSHA 64	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a pungent odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 100.1 BP: 212°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.10 VP: 17 mmHg FRZ: 7°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, strong bases [Note: Alkaline solutions of glutaraldehyde (i.e., activated glutaraldehyde) react with alcohol, ketones, amines, hydrazines & proteins.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; dermat, sens skin; cough, asthma; nau, vomit TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Glycerin (mist)		Formula: HOCH ₂ CH(OH)CH ₂ OH	CAS#: 56-81-5	RTECS#: MA8050000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Glycerin (anhydrous); Glycerol; Glycyl alcohol; 1,2,3-Propanetriol; Trihydroxypropane					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: See Appendix D OSHA PEL†: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500, 0600	
Physical Description: Clear, colorless, odorless, syrupy liquid or solid (below 64°F). [Note: The solid form melts above 64°F but the liquid form freezes at a much lower temperature.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 92.1 BP: 554°F (Decomposes) Sol: Miscible Fl.P: 320°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.26 VP(122°F): 0.003 mmHg MLT: 64°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIB Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers (e.g., chromium trioxide, potassium chlorate, potassium permanganate) [Note: Hygroscopic (i.e., absorbs moisture from the air).]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; head, nau, vomit; kidney inj TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, kidneys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water wash Breath: Fresh air	

Glycidol		Formula: C ₃ H ₆ O ₂	CAS#: 556-52-5	RTECS#: UB4375000	IDLH: 150 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.03 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 2,3-Epoxy-1-propanol; Epoxypropyl alcohol; Glycide; Hydroxymethyl ethylene oxide; 2-Hydroxymethyl oxiran; 3-Hydroxypropylene oxide					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 25 ppm (75 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 50 ppm (150 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1608 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 74.1 BP: 320°F (Decomposes) Sol: Miscible Fl.P: 162°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.12 VP(77°F): 0.9 mmHg FRZ: -49°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIA Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 150 ppm: Sa*/ScbaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, nitrates					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; narco TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

G

Glycolonitrile		Formula: HOCH ₂ CN	CAS#: 107-16-4	RTECS#: AM0350000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.34 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Cyanomethanol, Formaldehyde cyanohydrin, Glycolic nitrile, Glyconitrile, Hydroxyacetonitrile					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 2 ppm (5 mg/m ³) [15-minute] OSHA PEL: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless, odorless, oily liquid. [Note: Forms cyanide in the body.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 57.1 BP: 361°F (Decomposes) Sol: Soluble Fl.P: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr(66°F): 1.10 VP(145°F): 1 mmHg FRZ: <-98°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 20 ppm: Sa 50 ppm: Sa:Cf 100 ppm: ScbaF/SaF 250 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Traces of alkalis (promote violent polymerization)					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; head, dizz, lass, conf, convuls; dysp; abdom pain, nau, vomit TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, CVS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Grain dust (oat, wheat, barley)		Formula:	CAS#:	RTECS#: MD7900000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: None [Note: Grain dust consists of 60-75% organic materials (cereal grains) & 25-40% inorganic materials (soil), and includes fertilizers, pesticides & microorganisms.]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 4 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL: TWA 10 mg/m ³				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500	
Physical Description: Mixture of grain and all the other substances associated with its cultivation & harvesting.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: Properties depend upon the specific component of the grain dust.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, upper resp sys; cough, dysp, wheez, asthma, bron, chronic obstructive pulm disease; conj, derm, rhinitis, grain fever TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Fresh air	

Graphite (natural)		Formula: C	CAS#: 7782-42-5	RTECS#: MD9659600	IDLH: 1250 mg/m ³
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Black lead, Mineral carbon, Plumbago, Silver graphite, Stove black [Note: Also see specific listing for Graphite (synthetic).]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 2.5 mg/m ³ (resp) OSHA PEL†: TWA 15 mppcf				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500, 0600	
Physical Description: Steel gray to black, greasy feeling, odorless solid.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 12.0 BP: Sublimes Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 2.0-2.25 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 6602°F (Sublimes) UEL: NA LEL: NA Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 12.5 mg/m ³ : Qm 25 mg/m ³ : 95XQ/Sa 62.5 mg/m ³ : Papr/Hie/Sa:Cf 125 mg/m ³ : 100F/PaprTHie/SaT:Cf/ - ScaF/SaF 1250 mg/m ³ : SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:ASca Escape: 100F/ScaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Very strong oxidizers such as fluorine, chlorine trifluoride & potassium peroxide					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Cough, dysp, black sputum, decr pulm func, lung fib TO: Resp sys, CVS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Fresh air	

Graphite (synthetic)	Formula: C	CAS#: 7440-44-0 (synthetic)	RTECS#: FF5250100 (synthetic)	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Acheson graphite, Artificial graphite [Note: Also see specific listing for Graphite (natural).]				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: See Appendix D OSHA PEL†: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500, 0600	
Physical Description: Steel gray to black, greasy feeling, odorless solid.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 12.0 BP: Sublimes Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 1.5-1.8 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 6602°F (Sublimes) UEL: NA LEL: NA Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Very strong oxidizers such as fluorine, chlorine trifluoride & potassium peroxide				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Cough, dysp, black sputum, decr pulm func, lung fib TO: Resp sys, CVS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Fresh air	

G

Gypsum	Formula: CaSO ₄ ×2H ₂ O	CAS#: 13397-24-5	RTECS#: MG2360000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Calcium(II) sulfate dihydrate, Gypsum stone, Hydrated calcium sulfate, Mineral white [Note: Gypsum is the dihydrate form of calcium sulfate; Plaster of Paris is the hemihydrate form.]				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp) OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500, 0600	
Physical Description: White or nearly white, odorless, crystalline solid.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 172.2 BP: ? Sol(77°F): 0.2% Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 2.32 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 262-325°F (Loses H ₂ O) UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Aluminum (at high temperatures), diazomethane				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb, upper resp sys; cough, sneez, rhin TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Fresh air	

Hafnium	Formula: Hf	CAS#: 7440-58-6	RTECS#: MG4600000	IDLH: 50 mg/m ³ (as Hf)
Conversion:	DOT: 1326 170 (powder, wet); 2545 135 (powder, dry)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Celtium, Elemental hafnium, Hafnium metal				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL*: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL*: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ [*Note: The REL and PEL also apply to other hafnium compounds (as Hf).]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S194 (II-5) OSHA ID121	
Physical Description: Highly lustrous, ductile, grayish solid.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 178.5 BP: 8316°F Sol: Insoluble F.I.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 13.31 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 4041°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Explosive in powder form (either dry or with <25% water); finely divided powder can be ignited by static electricity or even SPONTANEOUSLY.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 2.5 mg/m³: Qm 5 mg/m³: 95XQ/Sa 12.5 mg/m³: Sa:C*/PaprHie* 25 mg/m³: 100F/SaT:C*/PaprTHie*/ ScbaF/SaF 50 mg/m³: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, chlorine				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: In animals: irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; liver damage TO: Eyes, skin, muc memb, liver		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Halothane	Formula: CF ₃ CHBrCl	CAS#: 151-67-7	RTECS#: KH6550000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 8.07 mg/m ³	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1-Bromo-1-chloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane; 2-Bromo-2-chloro-1,1,1-trifluoroethane; 1,1,1-Trifluoro-2-bromo-2-chloroethane; 2,2,2-Trifluoro-1-bromo-1-chloroethane				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL*: C 2 ppm (16.2 mg/m ³) [60-minute] [*Note: REL for exposure to waste anesthetic gas.] OSHA PEL: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA 29	
Physical Description: Clear, colorless liquid with a sweetish, pleasant odor. [inhalation anesthetic]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 197.4 BP: 122°F Sol: 0.3% F.I.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.87 VP: 243 mmHg FRZ: -180°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: May attack rubber & some plastics; sensitive to light. [Note: Light causes decomposition. May be stabilized with 0.01% thymol.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; conf, drow, dizz, nau, analgesia, anes; card arrhy; liver, kidney damage; decr audio-visual performance; in animals: repro effects TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CVS, CNS, liver, kidneys, repro sys		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Heptachlor		Formula: C ₁₀ H ₅ Cl ₇	CAS#: 76-44-8	RTECS#: PC0700000	IDLH: Ca [35 mg/m ³]
Conversion:		DOT: 2761 151 (organochlorine pesticide, solid)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1,4,5,6,7,8,8-Heptachloro-3a,4,7,7a-tetrahydro-4,7-methanoindene					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ [skin] See Appendix A OSHA PEL: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S287 (II-5) OSHA PV2029	
Physical Description: White to light-tan crystals with a camphor-like odor. [insecticide]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 373.4 BP: 293°F (Decomposes) Sol: 0.0006% F.I.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.66 VP(77°F): 0.0003 mmHg MLT: 203°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid, but may be dissolved in flammable liquids.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOV100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Iron, rust					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: In animals: tremor, convuls; liver damage; [carc] TO: CNS,liver [in animals: liver cancer]				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

H

n-Heptane		Formula: CH ₃ [CH ₂] ₅ CH ₃	CAS#: 142-82-5	RTECS#: MI7700000	IDLH: 750 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.10 mg/m ³		DOT: 1206 128			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Heptane, normal-Heptane					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 85 ppm (350 mg/m ³) C 440 ppm (1800 mg/m ³) [15-minute] OSHA PEL†: TWA 500 ppm (2000 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1500 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a gasoline-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 100.2 BP: 209°F Sol: 0.0003% F.I.P: 25°F IP: 9.90 eV Sp.Gr: 0.68 VP(72°F): 40 mmHg FRZ: -131°F UEL: 6.7% LEL: 1.05% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 750 ppm: CcrOv/GmFOv/PapRov/ Sa/ScbaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Dizz, stupor, inco; loss of appetite, nau; derm; chemical pneu (aspir liquid); uncon TO: Skin, resp sys, CNS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

1-Heptanethiol		Formula: CH ₃ [CH ₂] ₆ SH	CAS#: 1639-09-4	RTECS#: MJ1400000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.41 mg/m ³		DOT: 1228 131			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Heptyl mercaptan, n-Heptyl mercaptan					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 0.5 ppm (2.7 mg/m ³) [15-minute] OSHA PEL: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a strong odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 132.3 BP: 351°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P.: 115°F IP: ? Sp.Gr.: 0.84 VP: ? FRZ: -46°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class II Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 5 ppm: CcrOv/Sa 12.5 ppm: Sa:Cf/PapRov 25 ppm: CcrFOv/GmFOv/PapTOv/ ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, reducing agents, strong acids & bases, alkali metals					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; lass, cyan, incr respiration, nau, drow, head, vomit TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, blood			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Hexachlorobutadiene		Formula: Cl ₂ C=CClCl=CCl ₂	CAS#: 87-68-3	RTECS#: EJ07000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 10.66 mg/m ³		DOT: 2279 151			
Synonyms/Trade Names: HCBd; Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene; 1,3-Hexachlorobutadiene; Perchlorobutadiene					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA 0.02 ppm (0.24 mg/m ³) [skin] See Appendix A OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2543	
Physical Description: Clear, colorless liquid with a mild, turpentine-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 260.7 BP: 419°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P.: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr.: 1.55 VP: 0.2 mmHg FRZ: -6°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: In animals: irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; kidney damage; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, kidneys [in animals: kidney tumors]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Hexachlorocyclopentadiene		Formula: C ₅ Cl ₆	CAS#: 77-47-4	RTECS#: GY1225000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 11.16 mg/m ³		DOT: 2646 151			
Synonyms/Trade Names: HCCPD; Hexachloro-1,3-cyclopentadiene; 1,2,3,4,5,5-Hexachloro-1,3-cyclopentadiene; Perchlorocyclopentadiene					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.01 ppm (0.1 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2518	
Physical Description: Pale-yellow to amber-colored liquid with a pungent, unpleasant odor. [Note: A solid below 16°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 272.8 BP: 462°F Sol(77°F): 0.0002% (Reacts) Fl.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.71 VP(77°F): 0.08 mmHg FRZ: 16°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Water, light [Note: Reacts slowly with water to form hydrochloric acid; will corrode iron & most metals in presence of moisture. Explosive hydrogen gas may collect in enclosed spaces in the presence of moisture.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; eye, skin burns; lac; sneez, cough, dysp, saly, pulm edema; nau, vomit, diarr; in animals: liver, kidney inj TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, liver, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

H

Hexachloroethane		Formula: Cl ₂ CCl ₃	CAS#: 67-72-1	RTECS#: KI4025000	IDLH: Ca [300 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 9.68 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Carbon hexachloride, Ethane hexachloride, Perchloroethane					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA 1 ppm (10 mg/m ³) [skin] See Appendix A See Appendix C (Chloroethanes) OSHA PEL: TWA 1 ppm (10 mg/m ³) [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1003 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless crystals with a camphor-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 236.7 BP: Sublimes Sol(72°F): 0.005% Fl.P: NA IP: 11.22 eV Sp.Gr: 2.09 VP: 0.2 mmHg MLT: 368°F (Sublimes) UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Alkalis; metals such as zinc, cadmium, aluminum, hot iron & mercury					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; in animals: kidney damage; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, kidneys [in animals: liver cancer]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Hexachloronaphthalene		Formula: C ₁₀ H ₂ Cl ₆	CAS#: 1335-87-1	RTECS#: QJ7350000	IDLH: 2 mg/m ³
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Halowax® 1014					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.2 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 0.2 mg/m ³ [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S100 (II-2)	
Physical Description: White to light-yellow solid with an aromatic odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 334.9 BP: 650-730°F Sol: Insoluble F.I.P.: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.78 VP: <1 mmHg MLT: 279°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 2 mg/m³: Sa*/ScbaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Acne-form derm, nau, conf, jaun, coma TO: Skin, liver			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

1-Hexadecanethiol		Formula: CH ₂ [CH ₂] ₁₄ SH	CAS#: 2917-26-2	RTECS#:	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 10.59 mg/m ³		DOT: 1228 131 (liquid)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Cetyl mercaptan, Hexadecanethiol-1, n-Hexadecanethiol, Hexadecyl mercaptan					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 0.5 ppm (5.3 mg/m ³) [15-minute] OSHA PEL: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid or solid (below 64-68°F) with a strong odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 258.5 BP: ? Sol: Insoluble F.I.P.: 215°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.85 VP: 0.1 mmHg FRZ: 64-68°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIB Combustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 5 ppm: CcrOv/Sa 12.5 ppm: Sa: Cf/PaprvOv 25 ppm: CcrFOv/GmFOv/PaprvTOv ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, strong acids & bases, alkali metals, reducing agents					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; head, dizz, lass, cyan, nau, convuls TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, blood			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Hexafluoroacetone		Formula: (CF ₃) ₂ CO	CAS#: 684-16-2	RTECS#: UC2450000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 6.79 mg/m ³		DOT: 2420 125			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Hexafluoro-2-propanone; 1,1,1,3,3,3-Hexafluoro-2-propanone; HFA; Perfluoroacetone					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.1 ppm (0.7 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless gas with a musty odor. [Note: Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 166.0 BP: -18°F Sol: Reacts F.I.P: NA IP: 11.81 eV RGasD: 5.76 VP: 5.8 atm FRZ: -188°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Nonflammable Gas, but highly reactive with water & other substances, releasing heat.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact/Frostbite Eyes: Prevent eye contact/Frostbite Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R. Provide: Frostbite wash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Water, acids [Note: Hygroscopic (i.e., absorbs moisture from the air); reacts with moisture to form a highly acidic sesquihydrate.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb, resp sys; pulm edema; liquid; frostbite; in animals: terato, repro effects; kidney inj TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, kidneys, repro sys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Frostbite Skin: Frostbite Breath: Resp support	

H

Hexamethylene diisocyanate		Formula: OCN[CH ₂] ₆ NCO	CAS#: 822-06-0	RTECS#: MO1740000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 6.88 mg/m ³		DOT: 2281 156			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1,6-Diisocyanatohexane; HDI; Hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate; 1,6-Hexamethylene diisocyanate; HMDI					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.005 ppm (0.035 mg/m ³) C 0.020 ppm (0.140 mg/m ³) [10-minute] OSHA PEL: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5521, 5522, 5525 OSHA 42	
Physical Description: Clear, colorless to slightly yellow liquid with a sharp, pungent odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 168.2 BP: 415°F Sol: Low (Reacts) F.I.P: 284°F IP: ? Sp.Gr(77°F): 1.04 VP(77°F): 0.05 mmHg FRZ: -89°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIB Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 0.05 ppm: Sa* 0.125 ppm: Sa:Cf* 0.25 ppm: ScbaF/SaF 1 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Water, alcohols, strong bases, amines, carboxylic acids, organotin catalysts [Note: Reacts slowly with water to form carbon dioxide. Avoid heating above 392°F (polymerizes).]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; cough, dysp, bron, wheez, pulm edema, asthma; corn damage, skin blisters TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Hexamethyl phosphoramide	Formula: [(CH ₃) ₂ N] ₃ PO	CAS#: 680-31-9	RTECS#: TD0875000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion:		DOT:		
Synonyms/Trade Names: Hexamethylphosphoric triamide, Hexamethylphosphorotriamide, HMPA, Tris(dimethylamino)phosphine oxide				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Clear, colorless liquid with an aromatic or mild, amine-like odor. [Note: A solid below 43°F.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 179.2 BP: 451°F Sol: Miscible F.I.P.: 220°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.03 VP: 0.03 mmHg FRZ: 43°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIB Combustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH * ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, strong acids, chemically-active metals (e.g., potassium, sodium, magnesium, zinc)				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; dysp; abdom pain; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, GI tract [in animals: cancer of the nasal cavity]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

n-Hexane	Formula: CH ₂ (CH ₂) ₄ CH ₃	CAS#: 110-54-3	RTECS#: MN9275000	IDLH: 1100 ppm [10%LEL]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.53 mg/m ³		DOT: 1208 128		
Synonyms/Trade Names: Hexane, Hexyl hydride, normal-Hexane				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 50 ppm (180 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 500 ppm (1800 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1500, 3800 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a gasoline-like odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 86.2 BP: 156°F Sol: 0.002% F.I.P.: -7°F IP: 10.18 eV Sp.Gr: 0.66 VP: 124 mmHg FRZ: -219°F UEL: 7.5% LEL: 1.1% Class IB Flammable Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 500 ppm: Sa* 1100 ppm: Sa:C*/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose; nau, head; peri neur: numb extremities, musc weak; dermat; dizz; chemical pneu (aspir liquid) TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, PNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Hexane isomers (excluding n-Hexane)		Formula: C ₆ H ₁₄	CAS#:	RTECS#:	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.53 mg/m ³		DOT: 1208 128			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Diethylmethylmethane; Diisopropyl; 2,2-Dimethylbutane; 2,3-Dimethylbutane; Isohexane; 2-Methylpentane; 3-Methylpentane [Note: Also see specific listing for n-Hexane.]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 100 ppm (350 mg/m ³) C 510 ppm (1800 mg/m ³) [15-minute] OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Clear liquids with mild, gasoline-like odors. [Note: Includes all the isomers of hexane except n-hexane.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 86.2 BP: 122-145°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: -54 to 19°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.65-0.66 VP: ? FRZ: -245 to -148°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IB Flammable Liquids		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 1000 ppm: Sa* 2500 ppm: Sa:Cf* 5000 ppm: SaT:Cf*/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; head, dizz; nau; chemical pneu (aspir liquid); derm TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

H

n-Hexanethiol		Formula: CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₅ SH	CAS#: 111-31-9	RTECS#: MO4550000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.83 mg/m ³		DOT: 1228 131			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1-Hexanethiol, Hexyl mercaptan, n-Hexyl mercaptan, n-Hexylthiol					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 0.5 ppm (2.7 mg/m ³) [15-minute] OSHA PEL: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with an unpleasant odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 118.2 BP: 304°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: 68°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.84 VP: ? FRZ: -113°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 5 ppm: CrOv/Sa 12.5 ppm: Sa:Cf/PapRov 25 ppm: CrFOv/GmFOv/PapRTOv/ ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, reducing agents, strong acids & bases, alkali metals					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; lass, cyan, incr respiration, nau, drow, head, vomit TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, blood			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

2-Hexanone		Formula: CH ₃ CO[CH ₂] ₃ CH ₃	CAS#: 591-78-6	RTECS#: MP1400000	IDLH: 1600 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.10 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Butyl methyl ketone, MBK, Methyl butyl ketone, Methyl n-butyl ketone					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1 ppm (4 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 100 ppm (410 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1300, 2555 OSHA PV2031	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with an acetone-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 100.2 BP: 262°F Sol: 2% F.I.P: 77°F IP: 9.34 eV Sp.Gr: 0.81 VP: 11 mmHg FRZ: -71°F UEL: 8% LEL: ? Class IC Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 10 ppm: Sa 25 ppm: Sa:Cf 50 ppm: SaT:Cf/ScbaF/SaF 1600 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose; peri neur: lass, pares; dermat; head, drow TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, PNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Hexone		Formula: CH ₃ COCH ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂	CAS#: 108-10-1	RTECS#: SA9275000	IDLH: 500 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.10 mg/m ³		DOT: 1245 127			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Isobutyl methyl ketone, Methyl isobutyl ketone, 4-Methyl 2-pentanone, MIBK					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 50 ppm (205 mg/m ³) ST 75 ppm (300 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 100 ppm (410 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1300, 2555 OSHA 1004	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a pleasant odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 100.2 BP: 242°F Sol: 2% F.I.P: 64°F IP: 9.30 eV Sp.Gr: 0.80 VP: 16 mmHg FRZ: -120°F UEL(200°F): 8.0% LEL(200°F): 1.2% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 500 ppm: CcrOv*/GmFOv/PaprTOv*/Sa*/ScbaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, potassium tert-butoxide					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; head, narco, coma; dermat; in animals: liver, kidney damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, liver, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

sec-Hexyl acetate	Formula: C ₈ H ₁₆ O ₂	CAS#: 108-84-9	RTECS#: SA7525000	IDLH: 500 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.90 mg/m ³	DOT: 1233 130			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1,3-Dimethylbutyl acetate; Methylisoamyl acetate				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 50 ppm (300 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 50 ppm (300 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1450 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a mild, pleasant, fruity odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 144.2 BP: 297°F Sol: 0.08% Fl.P: 113°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.86 VP: 3 mmHg FRZ: -83°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class II Combustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 500 ppm: CcrOv*/GmFOv/PapRov*/Sa*/ScbaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Nitrates; strong oxidizers, alkalis & acids				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; head; in animals: narco TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

H

Hexylene glycol	Formula: (CH ₃) ₂ COHCH ₂ CHOHCH ₃	CAS#: 107-41-5	RTECS#: SA0810000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.83 mg/m ³	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 2,4-Dihydroxy-2-methylpentane; 2-Methyl-2,4-pentanediol; 4-Methyl-2,4-pentanediol; 2-Methylpentane-2,4-diol				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 25 ppm (125 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA PV2101	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a mild, sweetish odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 118.2 BP: 388°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P: 209°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.92 VP: 0.05 mmHg FRZ: -58°F (Sets to glass) UEL(est): 7.4% LEL(calc): 1.3% Class IIIB Combustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, strong acids [Note: Hygroscopic (i.e., absorbs moisture from the air).]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; head, dizz, nau, inco, CNS depres; derm, skin sens TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Hydrazine	Formula: H ₂ NNH ₂	CAS#: 302-01-2	RTECS#: MU7175000	IDLH: Ca [50 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 1.31 mg/m ³	DOT: 2029 132 (anhydrous); 3293 152 (≤ 37% solution); 2030 153 (37-64% solution); 2029 132 (>64% solution)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Diamine, Hydrazine (anhydrous), Hydrazine base				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca C 0.03 ppm (0.04 mg/m ³) [2-hour] See Appendix A OSHA PEL†: TWA 1 ppm (1.3 mg/m ³) [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 3503 OSHA 20, 108	
Physical Description: Colorless, fuming, oily liquid with an ammonia-like odor. [Note: A solid below 36°F.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 32.1 BP: 236°F Sol: Miscible F.I.P.: 99°F IP: 8.93 eV Sp.Gr: 1.01 VP: 10 mmHg FRZ: 36°F UEL: 98% LEL: 2.9% Class IC Flammable Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, hydrogen peroxide, nitric acid, metallic oxides, acids [Note: Can ignite SPONTANEOUSLY on contact with oxidizers or porous materials such as earth, wood & cloth.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; temporary blindness; dizz, nau; dermat; eye, skin burns; in animals: bron, pulm edema; liver, kidney damage; convuls; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, liver, kidneys [in animals: tumors of the lungs, liver, blood vessels & intestine]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Hydrogenated terphenyls	Formula: (C ₆ H _n) ₃	CAS#: 61788-32-7	RTECS#: WZ6535000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 12.19 mg/m ³ (40% hydrogenated)	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Hydrogenated diphenylbenzenes, Hydrogenated phenylbiphenyls, Hydrogenated triphenyls [Note: Complex mixture of terphenyl isomers that are partially hydrogenated.]				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.5 ppm (5 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Clear, oily, pale-yellow liquids with a faint odor. [plasticizer/heat-transfer media]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 298 (40% hydrogenated) BP: 644°F (40% hydrogenated) Sol: Insoluble F.I.P.: 315°F (40% hydrogenated) IP: ? Sp.Gr(77°F): 1.003-1.009 (40% hydrogenated) VP: ? FRZ: ? UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIB Combustible Liquids	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported [Note: When heated, irritating vapors will be released.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; liver, kidney, hemato damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, liver, kidneys, hemato sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Hydrogen bromide		Formula: HBr	CAS#: 10035-10-6	RTECS#: MW3850000	IDLH: 30 ppm	
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.31 mg/m ³		DOT: 1048 125 (anhydrous); 1788 154 (solution)				
Synonyms/Trade Names: Anhydrous hydrogen bromide; Aqueous hydrogen bromide (i.e., Hydrobromic acid)						
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 3 ppm (10 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 3 ppm (10 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7903 OSHA ID165SG		
Physical Description: Colorless gas with a sharp, irritating odor. [Note: Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas. Often used in an aqueous solution.]						
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 80.9 BP: -88°F Sol: 49% Fl.P: NA IP: 11.62 eV RGasD: 2.81 VP: 20 atm FRZ: -124°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Nonflammable Gas	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact (solution)/Frostbite Eyes: Prevent eye contact (solution)/Frostbite Wash skin: When contam (solution) Remove: When wet or contam (solution) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash (liquid) Quick drench (solution) Frostbite wash			Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 30 ppm: Sa:CfE/PapAgE/GmFag/ScaF/SaF §: ScaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScBa Escape: GmFag/ScaBE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, strong caustics, moisture, copper, brass, zinc [Note: Hydrobromic acid is highly corrosive to most metals.]						
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing (solution), Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; solution: eye, skin burns; liquid: frostbite TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed (solution)/Frostbite Skin: Water flush immed (solution)/Frostbite Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed (solution)			

H

Hydrogen chloride		Formula: HCl	CAS#: 7647-01-0	RTECS#: MW4025000	IDLH: 50 ppm	
Conversion: 1 ppm = 1.49 mg/m ³		DOT: 1050 125 (anhydrous); 1789 157 (solution)				
Synonyms/Trade Names: Anhydrous hydrogen chloride; Aqueous hydrogen chloride (i.e., Hydrochloric acid, Muriatic acid) [Note: Often used in an aqueous solution.]						
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 5 ppm (7 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: C 5 ppm (7 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7903 OSHA ID174SG		
Physical Description: Colorless to slightly yellow gas with a pungent, irritating odor. [Note: Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas.]						
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 36.5 BP: -121°F Sol(86°F): 67% Fl.P: NA IP: 12.74 eV RGasD: 1.27 VP: 40.5 atm FRZ: -174°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Nonflammable Gas	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact (solution)/Frostbite Eyes: Prevent eye contact/Frostbite Wash skin: When contam (solution) Remove: When wet or contam (solution) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash (solution) Quick drench (solution) Frostbite wash			Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 50 ppm: CcrS*/GmFS/PapRS*/Sa*/ScaF §: ScaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScBa Escape: GmFag/ScaBE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Hydroxides, amines, alkalis, copper, brass, zinc [Note: Hydrochloric acid is highly corrosive to most metals.]						
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing (solution), Con SY: Irrit nose, throat, larynx; cough, choking; derm; solution: eye, skin burns; liquid: frostbite; in animals: lar spasm; pulm edema TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed (solution)/Frostbite Skin: Water flush immed (solution)/Frostbite Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed (solution)			

Hydrogen cyanide		Formula: HCN	CAS#: 74-90-8	RTECS#: MW6825000	IDLH: 50 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 1.10 mg/m ³		DOT: 1051 117 (>20% solution); 1051 117 (anhydrous); 1613 154 (20% solution)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Formonitrile, Hydrocyanic acid, Prussic acid					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: ST 4.7 ppm (5 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL†: TWA 10 ppm (11 mg/m ³) [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 6010, 6017	
Physical Description: Colorless or pale-blue liquid or gas (above 78°F) with a bitter, almond-like odor. [Note: Often used as a 96% solution in water.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 27.0 BP: 78°F (96%) Sol: Miscible F.I.P.: 0°F (96%) IP: 13.60 eV Sp.Gr: 0.69 VP: 630 mmHg FRZ: 7°F (96%) UEL: 40.0% LEL: 5.6% Class IA Flammable Liquid Flammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 47 ppm: Sa 50 ppm: Sa:Cf/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Amines, oxidizers, acids, sodium hydroxide, calcium hydroxide, sodium carbonate, caustics, ammonia [Note: Can polymerize at 122-140°F.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Asphy; lass, head, conf; nau, vomit; incr rate and depth of respiration or respiration slow and gasping; thyroid, blood changes TO: CNS, CVS, thyroid, blood				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Hydrogen fluoride		Formula: HF	CAS#: 7664-39-3	RTECS#: MW7875000	IDLH: 30 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 0.82 mg/m ³		DOT: 1052 125 (anhydrous); 1790 157 (solution)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Anhydrous hydrogen fluoride; Aqueous hydrogen fluoride (i.e., Hydrofluoric acid); HF-A					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 3 ppm (2.5 mg/m ³) C 6 ppm (5 mg/m ³) [15-minute] OSHA PEL†: TWA 3 ppm				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 3800, 7902, 7903, 7906 OSHA ID110	
Physical Description: Colorless gas or fuming liquid (below 67°F) with a strong, irritating odor. [Note: Shipped in cylinders.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 20.0 BP: 67°F Sol: Miscible F.I.P.: NA IP: 15.98 eV RGasD: 0.69 Sp.Gr: 1.00 (Liquid at 67°F) VP: 783 mmHg FRZ: -118°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Nonflammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact (liquid) Eyes: Prevent eye contact (liquid) Wash skin: When contam (liquid) Remove: When wet or contam (liquid) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash (liquid) Quick drench (liquid)		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 30 ppm: CcrS*/PaprS*/GmFS/Sa*/ScbaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Metals, water or steam [Note: Corrosive to metals. Will attack glass and concrete.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs (liquid), Ing (solution), Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; pulm edema; eye, skin burns; rhinitis; bron; bone changes TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, bones				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed (solution/liquid) Skin: Water flush immed (solution/liquid) Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed (solution)	

Hydrogen peroxide		Formula: H ₂ O ₂	CAS#: 7722-84-1	RTECS#: MX0900000	IDLH: 75 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 1.39 mg/m ³		DOT: 2984 140 (8-20% solution); 2014 140 (20-60% solution); 2015 143 (>60% solution)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: High-strength hydrogen peroxide, Hydrogen dioxide, Hydrogen peroxide (aqueous), Hydroperoxide, Peroxide					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1 ppm (1.4 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 1 ppm (1.4 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA ID126SG	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a slightly sharp odor. [Note: The pure compound is a crystalline solid below 12°F. Often used in an aqueous solution.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 34.0 BP: 286°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P: NA IP: 10.54 eV Sp.Gr: 1.39 VP(86°F): 5 mmHg FRZ: 12°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Liquid, but a powerful oxidizer.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 10 ppm: Sa* 25 ppm: Sa:Cf* 50 ppm: ScbaF/SaF 75 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizable materials, iron, copper, brass, bronze, chromium, zinc, lead, silver, manganese [Note: Contact with combustible material may result in SPONTANEOUS combustion.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose, throat; corn ulcer; eryt, vesic skin; bleaching hair TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

H

Hydrogen selenide		Formula: H ₂ Se	CAS#: 7783-07-5	RTECS#: MX1050000	IDLH: 1 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.31 mg/m ³		DOT: 2202 117 (anhydrous)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Selenium dihydride, Selenium hydride					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.05 ppm (0.2 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 0.05 ppm (0.2 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless gas with an odor resembling decayed horseradish. [Note: Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 81.0 BP: -42°F Sol(73°F): 0.9% Fl.P: NA (Gas) IP: 9.88 eV RGasD: 2.80 VP(70°F): 9.5 atm FRZ: -87°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Flammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Frostbite Eyes: Frostbite Wash skin: N.R. Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Frostbite wash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 0.5 ppm: Sa 1 ppm: Sa:Cf*/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS ₂ /ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, acids, water, halogenated hydrocarbons					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose, throat; nau, vomit, diarr; metallic taste, garlic breath; dizz, lass; liquid: frostbite; in animals: pneu; liver damage TO: Eyes, resp sys, liver				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Frostbite Skin: Frostbite Breath: Resp support	

Hydrogen sulfide		Formula: H ₂ S	CAS#: 7783-06-4	RTECS#: MX1225000	IDLH: 100 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 1.40 mg/m ³		DOT: 1053 117			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Hydrosulfuric acid, Sewer gas, Sulfuretted hydrogen					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 10 ppm (15 mg/m ³) [10-minute] OSHA PEL†: C 20 ppm 50 ppm [10-minute maximum peak]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 6013 OSHA ID141	
Physical Description: Colorless gas with a strong odor of rotten eggs. [Note: Sense of smell becomes rapidly fatigued & can NOT be relied upon to warn of the continuous presence of H ₂ S. Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 34.1 BP: -77°F Sol: 0.4% Fl.P: NA (Gas) IP: 10.46 eV RGasD: 1.19 VP: 17.6 atm FRZ: -122°F UEL: 44.0% LEL: 4.0% Flammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Frostbite Eyes: Frostbite Wash skin: N.R. Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Frostbite wash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 100 ppm: PaprS/GmFS/Sa*/ScbaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, strong nitric acid, metals					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, resp sys; apnea, coma, convuls; conj, eye pain, lac, photo, corn vesic; dizz, head, lass, irrity, insom; GI dist; liquid: frostbite TO: Eyes, resp sys, CNS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Frostbite Skin: Frostbite Breath: Resp support	

Hydroquinone		Formula: C ₆ H ₄ (OH) ₂	CAS#: 123-31-9	RTECS#: MX3500000	IDLH: 50 mg/m ³
Conversion:		DOT: 2662 153			
Synonyms/Trade Names: p-Benzenediol; 1,4-Benzenediol; Dihydroxybenzene; 1,4-Dihydroxybenzene; Quinol					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 2 mg/m ³ [15-minute] OSHA PEL: TWA 2 mg/m ³				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5004 OSHA PV2094	
Physical Description: Light-tan, light-gray, or colorless crystals.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 110.1 BP: 545°F Sol: 7% Fl.P: 329°F (Molten) IP: 7.95 eV Sp.Gr: 1.33 VP: 0.00001 mmHg MLT: 338°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid; dust cloud may explode if ignited in an enclosed area.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash (>7%)		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 50 mg/m³: PaprHieL/100F/SaT:CfE/ ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, alkalis					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes; conj; kera; CNS excitement; colored urine, nau, dizz, suffocation, rapid breath; musc twitch, delirium; collapse; skin irrit, sens, derm TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

2-Hydroxypropyl acrylate		Formula: CH ₂ =CHCOOCH ₂ CHOHCH ₃	CAS#: 999-61-1	RTECS#: AT1925000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.33 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: HPA, β-Hydroxypropyl acrylate, Propylene glycol monoacrylate					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.5 ppm (3 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Clear to light-yellow liquid with a sweetish, solvent odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 130.2 BP: 376°F Sol: ? Fl.P: 149°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.05 VP: ? FRZ: ? UEL: ? LEL: 1.8% Class IIIA Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Water [Note: Can become unstable at high temperatures & pressures or may react with water with some release of energy, but not violently.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; eye, skin burns; cough, dysp TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed			

Indene		Formula: C ₉ H ₈	CAS#: 95-13-6	RTECS#: NK8225000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.75 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Indonaphthene					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 ppm (45 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid. [Note: A solid below 29°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 116.2 BP: 359°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: 173°F IP: 8.81 eV Sp.Gr: 0.997 VP: ? FRZ: 29°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIA Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported [Note: Polymerizes & oxidizes on standing. It has exploded during nitration with (H ₂ SO ₄ + HNO ₃).]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: In animals: irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; derm, skin sens; chemical pneu (aspir liquid); liver, kidney, spleen inj TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, liver, kidneys, spleen		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed			

Indium	Formula: In	CAS#: 7440-74-6	RTECS#: NL1050000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:		
Synonyms/Trade Names: Indium metal				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL*: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ [*Note: The REL also applies to other indium compounds (as In).] OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7303, P&CAM173 (II-5) OSHA ID121	
Physical Description: Ductile, shiny, silver-white metal that is softer than lead.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 114.8 BP: 3767°F Sol: Insoluble F.I.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 7.31 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 314°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid in bulk form, but may ignite in powdered or dust form.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: (Dinitrogen tetraoxide + acetonitrile), mercury(II) bromide (at 662°F), sulfur (mixtures ignite when heated) [*Note: oxidizes readily at higher temperatures.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; possible liver, kidney, heart, blood effects; pulm edema TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, liver, kidneys, heart, blood			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Iodine	Formula: I ₂	CAS#: 7553-56-2	RTECS#: NN1575000	IDLH: 2 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 10.38 mg/m ³		DOT:		
Synonyms/Trade Names: Iodine crystals, Molecular iodine				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 0.1 ppm (1 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: C 0.1 ppm (1 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 6005 OSHA ID212	
Physical Description: Violet solid with a sharp, characteristic odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 253.8 BP: 365°F Sol: 0.01% F.I.P: NA IP: 9.31 eV Sp.Gr: 4.93 VP(77°F): 0.3 mmHg MLT: 236°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash (>7%) Quick drench (>7%)		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 1 ppm: Sa* 2 ppm: Sa: Cf*/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFAg100/ScbaE
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Ammonia, acetylene, acetaldehyde, powdered aluminum, active metals, liquid chlorine				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose; lac; head; chest tight; skin burns, rash; cutaneous hypersensitivity TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, CVS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Iodoform	Formula: CHI ₃	CAS#: 75-47-8	RTECS#: PB7000000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 16.10 mg/m ³		DOT:		
Synonyms/Trade Names: Triiodomethane				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.6 ppm (10 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Yellow to greenish-yellow powder or crystalline solid with a pungent, disagreeable odor. [antiseptic for external use]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 393.7 BP: 410°F (Decomposes) Sol: 0.01% Fl.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 4.01 VP: ? MLT: 246°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, lithium, metallic salts (e.g., mercuric oxide, silver nitrate), strong bases, calomel, tannin				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; lass, dizz, nau, inco, CNS depres; dysp; liver, kidney, heart damage; vis dist TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, liver, kidneys, heart		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Iron oxide dust and fume (as Fe)	Formula: Fe ₂ O ₃	CAS#: 1309-37-1	RTECS#: NO7400000 NO7525000 (fume)	IDLH: 2500 mg/m ³ (as Fe)
Conversion:		DOT: 1376 135 (spent)		
Synonyms/Trade Names: Ferric oxide, Iron(III) oxide				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL: TWA 10 mg/m ³			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7300, 7301, 7303, 9102 OSHA ID121, ID125G	
Physical Description: Reddish-brown solid. [Note: Exposure to fume may occur during the arc-welding of iron.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 159.7 BP: ? Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 5.24 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 2664°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 50 mg/m³: 95XQ/Sa 125 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/PapRHe 250 mg/m³: 100F/SaT:Cf/PapRTHie/ ScbaF/SaF 2500 mg/m³: Sa:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Calcium hypochlorite				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh SY: Benign pneumoconiosis with X-ray shadows indistinguishable from fibrotic pneumoconiosis (siderosis) TO: Resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Breath: Resp support	

Iron pentacarbonyl (as Fe)		Formula: Fe(CO) ₅	CAS#: 13463-40-6	RTECS#: NO4900000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.28 mg/m ³ (as Fe)		DOT: 1994 131			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Iron carbonyl, Pentacarbonyl iron					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.1 ppm (0.23 mg/m ³) ST 0.2 ppm (0.45 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless to yellow to dark-red, oily liquid.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 195.9 BP(749 mmHg): 217°F Sol: Insoluble F.P.: 5°F IP: ? Sp.Gr.: 1.46-1.52 VP(87°F): 40 mmHg FRZ: -6°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, nitrogen oxide, (zinc + cobalt halides) [Note: Pyrophoric (i.e., ignites spontaneously in air). Decomposed by light or air, releasing carbon monoxide.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, muc memb, resp sys; head, dizz, nau, vomit; fever, cyan, cough, dysp; liver, kidney, lung inj; degenerative changes in CNS TO: Eyes, resp sys, CNS, liver, kidneys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Iron salts (soluble, as Fe)		Formula:	CAS#:	RTECS#:	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: FeSO ₄ : Ferrous sulfate, Iron(II) sulfate; FeCl ₂ : Ferrous chloride, Iron(II) chloride; Fe(NO ₃) ₃ : Ferric nitrate, Iron(III) nitrate; Fe(SO ₄) ₃ : Ferric sulfate, Iron(III) sulfate; FeCl ₃ : Ferric chloride, Iron(III) chloride					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7300, 7301, 7303, 9102 OSHA ID121, ID125G	
Physical Description: Appearance and odor vary depending upon the specific soluble iron salt.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: Properties vary depending upon the specific soluble iron salt. Noncombustible Solids		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: Daily Remove: N.R. Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Varies					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; abdom pain, diarr, vomit; possible liver damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, liver, GI tract				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Isoamyl acetate	Formula: CH ₃ COOCH ₂ CH ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂	CAS#: 123-92-2	RTECS#: NS9800000	IDLH: 1000 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.33 mg/m ³	DOT: 1104 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Banana oil, Isopentyl acetate, 3-Methyl-1-butanol acetate, 3-Methylbutyl ester of acetic acid, 3-Methylbutyl ethanoate				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 100 ppm (525 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 100 ppm (525 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1450 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a banana-like odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 130.2 BP: 288°F Sol: 0.3% Fl.P: 77°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.87 VP: 4 mmHg FRZ: -109°F UEL: 7.5% LEL(212°F): 1.0% Class IC Flammable Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 1000 ppm: CcrOv/PaprOv/GmFOv/ Sa/ScbaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Nitrates; strong oxidizers, alkalis & acids				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; dermat; in animals: narco TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Isoamyl alcohol (primary)	Formula: (CH ₃) ₂ CHCH ₂ CH ₂ OH	CAS#: 123-51-3	RTECS#: EL5425000	IDLH: 500 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.61 mg/m ³	DOT: 1105 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Fermentation amyl alcohol, Fusel oil, Isobutyl carbinol, Isopentyl alcohol, 3-Methyl-1-butanol, Primary isoamyl alcohol				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 100 ppm (360 mg/m ³) ST 125 ppm (450 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 100 ppm (360 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1402, 1405	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a disagreeable odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 88.2 BP: 270°F Sol(57°F): 2% Fl.P: 109°F IP: ? Sp.Gr(57°F): 0.81 VP: 28 mmHg FRZ: -179°F UEL(212°F): 9.0% LEL: 1.2% Class II Combustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 500 ppm: Sa:Cf£/CcrFOv/GmFOv/ PaprOv£/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; head, dizz; cough, dysp, nau, vomit, diarr; skin cracking; in animals: narco TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Isoamyl alcohol (secondary)		Formula: (CH ₃) ₂ CHCH(OH)CH ₃	CAS#: 6032-29-7	RTECS#: SA4900000	IDLH: 500 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.61 mg/m ³		DOT: 1105 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 3-Methyl-2-butanol, Secondary isoamyl alcohol					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 100 ppm (360 mg/m ³) ST 125 ppm (450 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 100 ppm (360 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1402	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a disagreeable odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 88.2 BP: 234°F Sol: ? Fl.P(oc): 95°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.82 VP: 1 mmHg FRZ: ? UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IC Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 500 ppm: Sa:Cf£/CcrFOv/GmFOv/ PapOv£/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; head, dizz; cough, dysp, nau, vomit, diarr; skin cracking; in animals: narco TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Isobutane		Formula: CH ₃ CH(CH ₃) ₂	CAS#: 75-28-5	RTECS#: TZ4300000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.38 mg/m ³		DOT: 1075 115; 1969 115			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 2-Methylpropane [Note: Also see specific listing for n-Butane.]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 800 ppm (1900 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless gas with a gasoline-like or natural gas odor. [Note: Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas. A liquid below 11°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 58.1 BP: 11°F Sol: Slight Fl.P: NA (Gas) IP: 10.74 eV RGasD: 2.06 VP(70°F): 3.1 atm FRZ: -255°F UEL: 8.4% LEL: 1.6% Flammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Frostbite Eyes: Frostbite Wash skin: N.R. Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Frostbite wash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers (e.g., nitrates & perchlorates), chlorine, fluorine, (nickel carbonyl + oxygen)					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con (liquid) SY: Drow, narco, asphy; liquid: frostbite TO: CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Frostbite Skin: Frostbite Breath: Resp support		

Isobutyl acetate		Formula: CH ₃ COOCH ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂	CAS#: 110-19-0	RTECS#: A14025000	IDLH: 1300 ppm [10%LEL]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.75 mg/m ³		DOT: 1213 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Isobutyl ester of acetic acid, 2-Methylpropyl acetate, 2-Methylpropyl ester of acetic acid, β-Methylpropyl ethanoate					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 150 ppm (700 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 150 ppm (700 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1450 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a fruity, floral odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 116.2 BP: 243°F Sol(77°F): 0.6% Fl.P: 64°F IP: 9.97 eV Sp.Gr: 0.87 VP: 13 mmHg FRZ: -145°F UEL: 10.5% LEL: 1.3% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 1300 ppm: Sa:CfE/CcrFOv/GmFOv/ PapOvE/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Nitrates; strong oxidizers, alkalis & acids					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, upper resp sys; head, drow, anes; in animals: narco TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Isobutyl alcohol		Formula: (CH ₃) ₂ CHCH ₂ OH	CAS#: 78-83-1	RTECS#: NP9625000	IDLH: 1600 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.03 mg/m ³		DOT: 1212 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: IBA, Isobutanol, Isopropylcarbinol, 2-Methyl-1-propanol					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 50 ppm (150 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 100 ppm (300 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1401, 1405 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless, oily liquid with a sweet, musty odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 74.1 BP: 227°F Sol: 10% Fl.P: 82°F IP: 10.12 eV Sp.Gr: 0.80 VP: 9 mmHg FRZ: -162°F UEL(202°F): 10.6% LEL(123°F): 1.7% Class IC Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 500 ppm: CcrOv*/Sa* 1250 ppm: Sa:Cf*/PapOv* 1600 ppm: CcrFOv/GmFOv/PapTOv*/ ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, throat; head, drow; skin cracking; in animals: narco TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Isobutyronitrile		Formula: (CH ₃) ₂ CHCN	CAS#: 78-82-0	RTECS#: TZ4900000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.83 mg/m ³		DOT: 2284 131			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Isopropyl cyanide, 2-Methylpropanenitrile, 2-Methylpropionitrile					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 8 ppm (22 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1606 (adapt)	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with an almond-like odor. [Note: Forms cyanide in the body.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 69.1 BP: 219°F Sol: Slight Fl.P.: 47°F IP: ? Sp.Gr.: 0.76 VP(130°F): 100 mmHg FRZ: -97°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 80 ppm: CcrOv/Sa 200 ppm: Sa:Cf/Pap/Ov 400 ppm: CcrFOv/GmFOv/Pap/TOV/ScbaF/SaF 1000 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp S: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScBa Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, reducing agents, strong acids & bases					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; head, dizz, lass, conf, convuls; dysp; abdom pain, nau, vomit TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, CVS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Isooctyl alcohol		Formula: C ₇ H ₁₅ CH ₂ OH	CAS#: 26952-21-6	RTECS#: NS7700000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.33 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Isooctanol, Oxoocetyl alcohol [Note: A mixture of closely related isomeric, primary alcohols with branched chains such as 2-Ethylhexanol, CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₃ CH(CH ₂ CH ₃)CH ₂ OH.]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 50 ppm (270 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA PV2033	
Physical Description: Clear, colorless liquid.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 130.3 BP: 367°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P(oc): 180°F IP: ? Sp.Gr.: 0.83 VP: 0.4 mmHg FRZ: <-105°F UEL(est.): 5.7% LEL(calc.): 0.9% Class IIIA Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; eye, skin burns TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Isophorone	Formula: C ₉ H ₁₄ O	CAS#: 78-59-1	RTECS#: GW7700000	IDLH: 200 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.65 mg/m ³		DOT: 1993 128 (combustible liquid, n.o.s.)		
Synonyms/Trade Names: Isoacetophorone; 3,5,5-Trimethyl-2-cyclohexenone; 3,5,5-Trimethyl-2-cyclo-hexen-1-one				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 4 ppm (23 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 25 ppm (140 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2508, 2556 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless to white liquid with a peppermint-like odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 138.2 BP: 419°F Sol: 1% Fl.P: 184°F IP: 9.07 eV Sp.Gr: 0.92 VP: 0.3 mmHg FRZ: 17°F UEL: 3.8% LEL: 0.8% Class IIIA Combustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 40 ppm: CcrOv*/Sa* 100 ppm: Sa:Cf*/PaprOv* 200 ppm: CcrFOv/GmFOv/PaprTOv*/ SaT:Cf*/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, strong alkalis, amines				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose, throat; head, nau, dizz, lass, mal, narco; derm; in animals: kidney, liver damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, liver, kidneys		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Isophorone diisocyanate	Formula: C ₁₂ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂	CAS#: 4098-71-9	RTECS#: NQ9370000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 9.09 mg/m ³		DOT: 2290 156		
Synonyms/Trade Names: IPDI; 3-Isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl-isocyanate; Isophorone diamine diisocyanate				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.005 ppm (0.045 mg/m ³) [skin] ST 0.02 ppm (0.180 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5525 OSHA PV2034	
Physical Description: Colorless to slightly yellow liquid with a pungent odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 222.3 BP: ? Sol: Decomposes Fl.P: 311°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.06 VP: 0.0003 mmHg FRZ: -76°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIB Combustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Quick drench	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 0.05 ppm: Sa* 0.125 ppm: Sa:Cf* 0.25 ppm: ScbaF/SaF 1 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Water, alcohols, phenols, amines, mercaptans, amides, urethanes, ureas [Note: Reacts with water to form carbon dioxide.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; chest tight, dysp, cough, sore throat; bron, wheez, pulm edema; possible resp sens, asthma TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

2-Isopropoxyethanol		Formula: (CH ₃) ₂ CHOCH ₂ CH ₂ OH	CAS#: 109-59-1	RTECS#: KL5075000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Ethylene glycol isopropyl ether, β-Hydroxyethyl isopropyl ether, Isopropyl Cellosolve®, Isopropyl glycol					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: See Appendix D OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a mild, ethereal odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 104.2 BP: 283°F Sol: Miscible F.I.P(oc): 92°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.90 VP: 3 mmHg FRZ: ? UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IC Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: In animals: irrit eyes, skin; hema, anemia, pulm edema TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, blood			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Isopropyl acetate		Formula: CH ₃ COOCH(CH ₃) ₂	CAS#: 108-21-4	RTECS#: A14930000	IDLH: 1800 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.18 mg/m ³		DOT: 1220 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Isopropyl ester of acetic acid, 1-Methylethyl ester of acetic acid, 2-Propyl acetate					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: See Appendix D OSHA PEL†: TWA 250 ppm (950 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1454, 1460 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a fruity odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 102.2 BP: 194°F Sol: 3% F.I.P: 36°F IP: 9.95 eV Sp.Gr: 0.87 VP: 42 mmHg FRZ: -92°F UEL: 8% LEL(100°F): 1.8% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): OSHA 1800 ppm: Sa:Cf£/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Nitrates; strong oxidizers, alkalis & acids					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose; dermat; in animals: narco TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Isopropyl alcohol		Formula: (CH ₃) ₂ CHOH	CAS#: 67-63-0	RTECS#: NT8050000	IDLH: 2000 ppm [10%LEL]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.46 mg/m ³		DOT: 1219 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Dimethyl carbinol, IPA, Isopropanol, 2-Propanol, sec-Propyl alcohol, Rubbing alcohol					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 400 ppm (980 mg/m ³) ST 500 ppm (1225 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 400 ppm (980 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1400 OSHA 109	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with the odor of rubbing alcohol.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 60.1 BP: 181°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P: 53°F IP: 10.10 eV Sp.Gr: 0.79 VP: 33 mmHg FRZ: -127°F UEL(200°F): 12.7% LEL: 2.0% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 2000 ppm: Sa:CfE/CcrFOv/GmFOv/ PapOvE/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, acetaldehyde, chlorine, ethylene oxide, acids, isocyanates					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose, throat; drow, dizz, head; dry cracking skin; in animals: narco TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Isopropylamine		Formula: (CH ₃) ₂ CHNH ₂	CAS#: 75-31-0	RTECS#: NT8400000	IDLH: 750 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.42 mg/m ³		DOT: 1221 132			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 2-Aminopropane, Monoisopropylamine, 2-Propylamine, sec-Propylamine					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: See Appendix D OSHA PEL†: TWA 5 ppm (12 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S147 (II-3)	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with an ammonia-like odor. [Note: A gas above 91°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 59.1 BP: 91°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P(oc): -35°F IP: 8.72 eV Sp.Gr: 0.69 VP: 460 mmHg FRZ: -150°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IA Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): OSHA 125 ppm: Sa:CfE/PapRSE 250 ppm: CcrFS/GmFS/PapRTSE/ ScbaF/SaF 750 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong acids, strong oxidizers, aldehydes, ketones, epoxides					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; pulm edema; vis dist; eye, skin burns; derm TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

N-Isopropylaniline		Formula: C ₈ H ₉ NHCH(CH ₃) ₂	CAS#: 768-52-5	RTECS#: BY4190000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.53 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: N-IPA, Isopropylaniline, N-(1-Methylethyl)-benzenamine, N-Phenylisopropylamine					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 2 ppm (10 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA 78	
Physical Description: Clear, yellowish liquid with a sweet, aromatic odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 135.2 BP: 397°F Sol: ? Fl.P(oc): 190°F IP: ? Sp.Gr(60°F): 0.93 VP(77°F): 0.03 mmHg FRZ: -58°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class III B Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; head, lass, dizz; cyan; ataxia; dysp on effort; tacar; methemo TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, blood, CVS, liver, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Isopropyl ether		Formula: (CH ₃) ₂ CHOCH(CH ₃) ₂	CAS#: 108-20-3	RTECS#: TZ5425000	IDLH: 1400 ppm [10%LEL]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.18 mg/m ³		DOT: 1159 127			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Diisopropyl ether, Diisopropyl oxide, 2-Isopropoxy propane					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 500 ppm (2100 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 500 ppm (2100 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1618 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a sharp, sweet, ether-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 102.2 BP: 154°F Sol: 0.2% Fl.P: -18°F IP: 9.20 eV Sp.Gr: 0.73 VP: 119 mmHg FRZ: -76°F UEL: 7.9% LEL: 1.4% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 1400 ppm: CcrOv*/PaprOv*/GmFOv/ Sa*/ScbaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, acids [Note: Unstable peroxides may form on long contact with air.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose; resp discomfort; dermat; in animals: drow, dizz, uncon, narco TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Isopropyl glycidyl ether	Formula: C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₂	CAS#: 4016-14-2	RTECS#: TZ3500000	IDLH: 400 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.75 mg/m ³	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1,2-Epoxy-3-isopropoxypropane; IGE; Isopropoxymethyl oxirane				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 50 ppm (240 mg/m ³) [15-minute] OSHA PEL†: TWA 50 ppm (240 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1620 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 116.2 BP: 279°F Sol: 19% Fl.P: 92°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.92 VP(77°F): 9 mmHg FRZ: ? UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IC Flammable Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 400 ppm: Sa:Cf£/ScbaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, strong caustics [Note: May form explosive peroxides upon exposure to air or light.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, upper resp sys; skin sens; possible hemato, repro effects TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, blood, repro sys		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

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Kaolin	Formula:	CAS#: 1332-58-7	RTECS#: GF1670500	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: China clay, Clay, Hydrated aluminum silicate, Hydrite, Porcelain clay [Note: Main constituent of Kaolin is Kaolinite (Al ₂ Si ₂ O ₅ (OH) ₄ .]				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp) OSHA PEL†: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500, 0600	
Physical Description: White to yellowish or grayish powder. [Note: When moistened, darkens & develops a clay-like odor.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: varies BP: ? Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 1.8-2.6 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: ? UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Chronic pulm fib, stomach granuloma TO: Resp sys, stomach		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Fresh air		

Kepona		Formula: C ₁₀ Cl ₁₀ O	CAS#: 143-50-0	RTECS#: PC8575000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Chlordecone; Decachlorooctahydro-1,3,4-metheno-2H-cyclobuta(cd)-pentalen-2-one; Decachlorooctahydro-kepona-2-one; Decachlorotetrahydro-4,7-methanoindeneone					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA 0.001 mg/m ³ See Appendix A OSHA PEL: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5508	
Physical Description: Tan to white, crystalline, odorless solid. [insecticide]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 490.6 BP: Sublimes Sol(212°F): 0.5% Fl.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: ? VP(77°F): 3 x 10 ⁻⁷ mmHg MLT: 662°F (Sublimes) UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp,AScBa Escape: GmFOV100/ScaBE	
Physical Description: Tan to white, crystalline, odorless solid. [insecticide]				Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Acids, acid fumes	
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Head, anxi, tremor; liver, kidney damage; vis dist; ataxia, chest pain, skin eryt; testicular atrophy, low sperm count; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, liver, kidneys, repro sys [in animal: liver cancer]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

K

Kerosene		Formula:	CAS#: 8008-20-6	RTECS#: OA5500000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT: 1223 128			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Fuel Oil No. 1, Range oil [Note: A refined petroleum solvent (predominantly C ₉ -C ₁₆), which typically is 25% normal paraffins, 11% branched paraffins, 30% monocycloparaffins, 12% dicycloparaffins, 1% tricycloparaffins, 16% mononuclear aromatics, and 5% dinuclear aromatics.]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 100 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1550	
Physical Description: Colorless to yellowish, oily liquid with a strong, characteristic odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 170 (approx) BP: 347-617°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: 100-162°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.81 VP(100°F): 5 mmHg FRZ: -50°F UEL: 5% LEL: 0.7% Class II Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 1000 mg/m³: CcrOv/Sa 2500 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/PapRov 5000 mg/m³: CcrFOV/GmFOV/ PapRTOv/ScaF/SaF §: ScaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp,AScBa Escape: GmFOV/ScaBE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; burning sensation in chest; head, nau, lass, restless, inco, conf, drow; vomit, diarr; dermat; chemical pneu (aspir liquid) TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Ketene		Formula: CH ₂ =CO	CAS#: 463-51-4	RTECS#: OA7700000	IDLH: 5 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 1.72 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Carbomethene, Ethenone, Keto-ethylene					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.5 ppm (0.9 mg/m ³) ST 1.5 ppm (3 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 0.5 ppm (0.9 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S92 (II-2)	
Physical Description: Colorless gas with a penetrating odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 42.0 BP: -69°F Sol: Reacts Fl.P: NA (Gas) IP: 9.61 eV RGasD: 1.45 VP: >1 atm FRZ: -238°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Flammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 5 ppm: Sa*/ScbaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Water, alcohols, ammonia [Note: Readily polymerizes. Reacts with water to form acetic acid.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat, resp sys; pulm edema TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys				First Aid (see Table 6): Breath: Resp support	

Lead		Formula: Pb	CAS#: 7439-92-1	RTECS#: OF7525000	IDLH: 100 mg/m ³ (as Pb)
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Lead metal, Plumbum					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL*: TWA 0.050 mg/m ³ See Appendix C OSHA PEL*: [1910.1025] TWA 0.050 mg/m ³ See Appendix C [* Note: The REL and PEL also apply to other lead compounds (as Pb) -- see Appendix C.]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7082, 7105, 7300, 7301, 7303, 7700, 7701, 7702, 9102, 9105 OSHA ID121, ID125G, ID206	
Physical Description: A heavy, ductile, soft, gray solid.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 207.2 BP: 3164°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 11.34 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 621°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid in bulk form.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 0.5 mg/m³: 100XQ/Sa 1.25 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/PapRHiE 2.5 mg/m³: 100F/SaT:Cf/PapRTHie/ ScbaF/SaF 50 mg/m³: Sa:Pd,Pp 100 mg/m³: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE See Appendix E (page 351)	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, hydrogen peroxide, acids					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Lass, insom; facial pallor; anor, low-wgt, malnut; constip, abdom pain, colic; anemia; gingival lead line; tremor; para wrist, ankles; encephalopathy; kidney disease; irrit eyes; hypotension TO: Eyes, GI tract, CNS, kidneys, blood, gingival tissue				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Limestone	Formula: CaCO ₃	CAS#: 1317-65-3	RTECS#:	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Calcium carbonate, Natural calcium carbonate [Note: Calcite & aragonite are commercially important natural calcium carbonates.]				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp) OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500, 0600	
Physical Description: Odorless, white to tan powder.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 100.1 BP: Decomposes Sol: 0.001% Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 2.7-2.9 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 1517-2442°F (Decomposes) UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Fluorine, magnesium, acids, alum, ammonium salts				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; cough, sneez, rhin; lac TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Fresh air	

Lindane	Formula: C ₆ H ₆ Cl ₆	CAS#: 58-89-9	RTECS#: GV4900000	IDLH: 50 mg/m ³
Conversion:	DOT: 2761 151			
Synonyms/Trade Names: BHC; HCH; γ-Hexachlorocyclohexane; gamma isomer of 1,2,3,4,5,6-Hexachlorocyclohexane				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5502	
Physical Description: White to yellow, crystalline powder with a slight, musty odor. [pesticide]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 290.8 BP: 614°F Sol: 0.001% Fl.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.85 VP: 0.00001 mmHg MLT: 235°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid, but may be dissolved in flammable liquids.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 12.5 mg/m³: CcrOv95/Sa 12.5 mg/m³: Sa:C*/Pap/OvHie* 25 mg/m³: CcrFOv100/GmFOv100/ Pap/TovHie*/ScaB/SaF 50 mg/m³: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScaB:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp,AScaB Escape: GmFOv100/ScaB	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Corrosive to metals				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; head; nau; clonic convuls; resp difficulty; cyan; aplastic anemia; musc spasm; in animals: liver, kidney damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, blood, liver, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Lithium hydride	Formula: LiH	CAS#: 7580-67-8	RTECS#: OJ6300000	IDLH: 0.5 mg/m ³
Conversion:	DOT: 1414 138; 2805 138 (fused, solid)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Lithium monohydride				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.025 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL: TWA 0.025 mg/m ³			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA ID121	
Physical Description: Odorless, off-white to gray, translucent, crystalline mass or white powder.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 7.95 BP: Decomposes Sol: Reacts Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 0.78 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 1256°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Combustible Solid that can form airborne dust clouds which may explode on contact with flame, heat, or oxidizers.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: Brush (DO NOT WASH) Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench (>0.5 mg/m ³)	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 0.25 mg/m³: 100XQ/Sa 0.5 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/100F/Pap/Hie/ ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, halogenated hydrocarbons, acids, water [Note: May ignite SPONTANEOUSLY in air and may reignite after fire is extinguished. Reacts with water to form hydrogen & lithium hydroxide.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; eye, skin burns; mouth, esophagus burns (if ingested); nau; musc twitches; mental conf; blurred vision TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Brush (DO NOT WASH) Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

L.P.G.	Formula: C ₃ H ₈ /C ₃ H ₆ /C ₄ H ₁₀ /C ₄ H ₈	CAS#: 68476-85-7	RTECS#: SE7545000	IDLH: 2000 ppm [10%LEL]
Conversion:	DOT: 1075 115			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Bottled gas, Compressed petroleum gas, Liquefied hydrocarbon gas, Liquefied petroleum gas, LPG [Note: A fuel mixture of propane, propylene, butanes & butylenes.]				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1000 ppm (1800 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 1000 ppm (1800 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S93 (II-2)	
Physical Description: Colorless, noncorrosive, odorless gas when pure. [Note: A foul-smelling odorant is usually added. Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 42-58 BP: >44°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA (Gas) IP: 10.95 eV RGasD: 1.45-2.00 VP: >1 atm FRZ: ? UEL: 9.5% (Propane) 8.5% (Butane) LEL: 2.1% (Propane) 1.9% (Butane) Flammable Gas	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Frostbite Eyes: Frostbite Wash skin: N.R. Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Frostbite wash	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 2000 ppm: Sa/ScbaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, chlorine dioxide				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con (liquid) SY: Dizz, drow, asphy; liquid: frostbite TO: Resp sys, CNS		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed (liquid) Skin: Water flush immed (liquid) Breath: Resp support		

Magnesite		Formula: MgCO ₃	CAS#: 546-93-0	RTECS#: OM2470000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Carbonate magnesium, Hydromagnesite, Magnesium carbonate, Magnesium(II) carbonate [Note: Magnesite is a naturally-occurring form of magnesium carbonate.]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp) OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500, 0600	
Physical Description: White, odorless, crystalline powder.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 84.3 BP: Decomposes Sol: 0.01% Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 2.96 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 662°F (Decomposes) UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Acids, formaldehyde					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; cough TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Fresh air		

M

Magnesium oxide fume		Formula: MgO	CAS#: 1309-48-4	RTECS#: OM3850000	IDLH: 750 mg/m ³
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Magnesia fume					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: See Appendix D OSHA PEL†: TWA 15 mg/m ³				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7300, 7301, 7303 OSHA ID121	
Physical Description: Finely divided white particulate dispersed in air. [Note: Exposure may occur when magnesium is burned, thermally cut, or welded upon.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 40.3 BP: 6512°F Sol(86°F): 0.009% Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 3.58 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 5072°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): OSHA 150 mg/m³: 95XQ/Sa 375 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/PaprHie 750 mg/m³: 100F/PaprTHie*/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Chlorine trifluoride, phosphorus pentachloride					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose; metal fume fever: cough, chest pain, flu-like fever TO: Eyes, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Breath: Resp support		

Malathion	Formula: C ₁₀ H ₁₉ O ₆ PS ₂	CAS#: 121-75-5	RTECS#: WM8400000	IDLH: 250 mg/m ³
Conversion:	DOT: 2783 152			
Synonyms/Trade Names: S-[1,2-bis(ethoxycarbonyl) ethyl]O,O-dimethyl-phosphorodithioate; Diethyl (dimethoxyphosphinothioylthio) succinate				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL†: TWA 15 mg/m ³ [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5600 OSHA 62	
Physical Description: Deep-brown to yellow liquid with a garlic-like odor. [insecticide] [Note: A solid below 37°F.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 330.4 BP: 140°F (Decomposes) Sol: 0.02% Fl.P(oc): >325°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.21 VP: 0.00004 mmHg FRZ: 37°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class III B Combustible Liquid, but may be difficult to ignite.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 100 mg/m³: CcrOv95/Sa 250 mg/m³: Sa:Cf*/CcrFOv100/ GmFOv100/PaprvHie*/ ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE	
	Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, magnesium, alkaline pesticides [Note: Corrosive to metals.]			
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; miosis, aching eyes, blurred vision, lac; salv; anor, nau, vomit, abdom cramps, diarr, dizz, conf, ataxia; rhin, head; chest tight, wheez, lar spasm TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, liver, blood chol, CNS, CVS, GI tract			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

M

Maleic anhydride	Formula: C ₄ H ₂ O ₃	CAS#: 108-31-6	RTECS#: ON3675000	IDLH: 10 mg/m ³
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.01 mg/m ³	DOT: 2215 156			
Synonyms/Trade Names: cis-Butenedioidic anhydride; 2,5-Furanedione; Maleic acid anhydride; Toxicic anhydride				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1 mg/m ³ (0.25 ppm) OSHA PEL: TWA 1 mg/m ³ (0.25 ppm)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 3512 OSHA 25, 86	
Physical Description: Colorless needles, white lumps, or pellets with an irritating, choking odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 98.1 BP: 396°F Sol: Reacts Fl.P: 218°F IP: 9.90 eV Sp.Gr: 1.48 VP: 0.2 mmHg MLT: 127°F UEL: 7.1% LEL: 1.4% Combustible Solid, but may be difficult to ignite.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 10 mg/m³: Sa:Cfē/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE	
	Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, water, alkalis, metals, caustics, and amines above 150°F [Note: Reacts slowly with water (hydrolyzes) to form maleic acid.]			
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit nose, upper resp sys; conj; photo, double vision; bronchial asthma; derm TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Malonaldehyde		Formula: CHOCH ₂ CHO	CAS#: 542-78-9	RTECS#: TX6475000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Malonic aldehyde; Malonodialdehyde; Propanedial; 1,3-Propanedial [Note: Pure Malonaldehyde is unstable and may be used as its sodium salt.]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A See Appendix C (Aldehydes) OSHA PEL: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Solid (needles).					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 72.1 BP: ? Sol: ? Fl.P.: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr.: ? VP: ? MLT: 161°F UEL: ? LEL: ?		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Proteins [Note: Pure compound is stable under neutral conditions, but not under acidic conditions.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; CNS depres; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS [in animals: thyroid gland tumors]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

M

Malononitrile		Formula: NCCH ₂ CN	CAS#: 109-77-3	RTECS#: OO3150000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.70 mg/m ³		DOT: 2647 153			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Cyanoacetoneitrile, Dicyanomethane, Malonic dinitrile					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 3 ppm (8 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH Nitriles Criteria Document	
Physical Description: White powder or colorless crystals. [Note: Melts above 90°F. Forms cyanide in the body.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 66.1 BP: 426°F Sol: 13% Fl.P(oc): 266°F IP: 12.88 eV Sp.Gr.: 1.19 VP: ? MLT: 90°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 80 mg/m³: Sa 200 mg/m³: Sa:Cf 400 mg/m³: ScbaF/SaF 667 mg/m³: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong bases [Note: May polymerize violently on prolonged heating at 265°F, or in contact with strong bases at lower temperatures.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; head, dizz, lass, conf, convuls; dysp; abdom pain, nau, vomit TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, CVS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Manganese compounds and fume (as Mn)		Formula: Mn (metal)	CAS#: 7439-96-5 (metal)	RTECS#: OO9275000 (metal)	IDLH: 500 mg/m ³ (as Mn)
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Manganese metal: Colloidal manganese, Manganese-55 Synonyms of other compounds vary depending upon the specific manganese compound.					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL*: TWA 1 mg/m ³ ST 3 mg/m ³ [*Note: Also see specific listings for Manganese cyclopentadienyl tricarbonyl, Methyl cyclopentadienyl manganese tricarbonyl, and Manganese tetroxide.] OSHA PEL*: C 5 mg/m ³ [*Note: Also see specific listings for Manganese cyclopentadienyl tricarbonyl and Methyl cyclopentadienyl manganese tricarbonyl.]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7300, 7301, 7303, 9102 OSHA ID121, ID125G	
Physical Description: A lustrous, brittle, silvery solid.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 54.9 BP: 3564°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 7.20 (metal) VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 2271°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Metal: Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 10 mg/m ³ : 95XQ/Sa 25 mg/m ³ : Sa:Cf/PapRHe 50 mg/m ³ : 100F/SaT:Cf/PapRThie/ ScbaF/SaF 500 mg/m ³ : Sa:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
		Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers [Note: Will react with water or steam to produce hydrogen.]			
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing SY: Parkinson's; asthenia, insom, mental conf; metal fume fever: dry throat, cough, chest tight, dysp, rales, flu-like fever; low-back pain; vomit; mal; lass; kidney damage TO: Resp sys, CNS, blood, kidneys				First Aid (see Table 6): Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

M

Manganese cyclopentadienyl tricarbonyl (as Mn)		Formula: C ₅ H ₅ Mn(CO) ₃	CAS#: 12079-65-1	RTECS#: OO9720000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Cyclopentadienylmanganese tricarbonyl, Cyclopentadienyl tricarbonyl manganese, MCT					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL†: C 5 mg/m ³				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Yellow, crystalline solid with a characteristic odor. [Note: An antiknock additive for gasoline. May be found in an oil & gaseous solution.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 204.1 BP: Sublimes Sol: Slight Fl.P: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: ? VP: ? MLT: 167°F (Sublimes) UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
		Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxygen			
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: In animals: irrit skin; pulm edema; convuls; CNS, resp sys, kidney changes; decr resistance to infection TO: Skin, resp sys, CNS, kidneys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Manganese tetroxide (as Mn)	Formula: Mn ₃ O ₄	CAS#: 1317-35-7	RTECS#: OP0895000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Manganese oxide, Manganomanganic oxide, Trimanganese tetroxide, Trimanganese tetroxide				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: See Appendix D OSHA PEL†: C 5 mg/m ³			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7300, 7301, 7303, 9102 OSHA ID121, ID125G	
Physical Description: Brownish-black powder. [Note: Fumes are generated whenever manganese oxides are heated strongly in air.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 228.8 BP: ? Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 4.88 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 2847°F UEL: NA LEL: NA		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Soluble in hydrochloric acid (liberates chlorine gas)				
M	Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Asthenia, insom, mental conf; low-back pain; vomit; mal, lass; kidney damage; pneu TO: Resp sys, CNS, blood, kidneys		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Marble	Formula: CaCO ₃	CAS#: 1317-65-3	RTECS#: EV9580000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Calcium carbonate, Natural calcium carbonate [Note: Marble is a metamorphic form of calcium carbonate.]				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp) OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500, 0600	
Physical Description: Odorless, white powder.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 100.1 BP: Decomposes Sol: 0.001% Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 2.7-2.9 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 1517-2442°F (Decomposes) UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Fluorine, magnesium, acids, alum, ammonium salts				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb, upper resp sys; cough, sneez, rhin; lac TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Fresh air	

Mercury compounds [except (organo) alkyls] (as Hg)		Formula: Hg (metal)	CAS#: 7439-97-6 (metal)	RTECS#: OV4550000 (metal)	IDLH: 10 mg/m ³ (as Hg)
Conversion:		DOT: 2809 172 (metal)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Mercury metal: Colloidal mercury, Metallic mercury, Quicksilver Synonyms of "other" Hg compounds vary depending upon the specific compound.					
Exposure Limits:		NIOSH REL: Hg Vapor: TWA 0.05 mg/m ³ [skin] Other: C 0.1 mg/m ³ [skin]		OSHA PEL†: C 0.1 mg/m ³	
Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 6009 OSHA ID140					
Physical Description: Metal: Silver-white, heavy, odorless liquid. [Note: "Other" Hg compounds include all inorganic & aryl Hg compounds except (organo) alkyls.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 200.6 BP: 674°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 13.6 (metal) VP: 0.0012 mmHg FRZ: -38°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Metal: Noncombustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Mercury vapor: NIOSH 0.5 mg/m³: CcrS†/Sa 1.25 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/Pap†S†(canister) 2.5 mg/m³: CcrFS†/GmFS†/SaT:Cf/Pap†TS(canister)/ScbaF/SaF 10 mg/m³: Sa:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS/ScbaE Other mercury compounds: NIOSH/OSHA 1 mg/m³: CcrS†/Sa 2.5 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/Pap†S†(canister) 5 mg/m³: CcrFS†/GmFS†/SaT:Cf/Pap†TS(canister)/ScbaF/SaF 10 mg/m³: Sa:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Acetylene, ammonia, chlorine dioxide, azides, calcium (amalgam formation), sodium carbide, lithium, rubidium, copper					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; cough, chest pain, dysp, bron, pneu; tremor, insom, irrity, indecision, head, lass; stomatitis, saliv; GI dist, anor, low-wgt; prot TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, kidneys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	



Mercury (organo) alkyl compounds (as Hg)		Formula:	CAS#:	RTECS#:	IDLH: 2 mg/m ³ (as Hg)
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Synonyms vary depending upon the specific (organo) alkyl mercury compound.					
Exposure Limits:		NIOSH REL: TWA 0.01 mg/m ³ ST 0.03 mg/m ³ [skin]		OSHA PEL†: TWA 0.01 mg/m ³ C 0.04 mg/m ³	
Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available					
Physical Description: Appearance and odor vary depending upon the specific (organo) alkyl mercury compound.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: Properties vary depending upon the specific (organo) alkyl mercury compound.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 0.1 mg/m³: Sa 0.25 mg/m³: Sa:Cf 0.5 mg/m³: SaT:Cf/ScbaF/SaF 2 mg/m³: Sa:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers such as chlorine					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Pares; ataxia, dysarthria; vision, hearing dist; spasticity, jerking limbs; dizz; saliv; lac; nau, vomit, diarr, constip; skin burns; emotional dist; kidney inj; possible terato effects TO: Eyes, skin, CNS, PNS, kidneys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Mesityl oxide		Formula: (CH ₃) ₂ C=CHCOCH ₃	CAS#: 141-79-7	RTECS#: SB4200000	IDLH: 1400 ppm [10%LEL]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.02 mg/m ³		DOT: 1229 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Isobutenyl methyl ketone, Isopropylideneacetone, Methyl isobutenyl ketone, 4-Methyl-3-penten-2-one					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 ppm (40 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 25 ppm (100 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1301, 2553 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Oily, colorless to light-yellow liquid with a peppermint- or honey-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 98.2 BP: 266°F Sol: 3% Fl.P: 87°F IP: 9.08 eV Sp.Gr(59°F): 0.86 VP: 9 mmHg FRZ: -52°F UEL: 7.2% LEL: 1.4% Class IC Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 250 ppm: Sa:Cf/ PaprOv£ 500 ppm: CcrFOv/GmFOv/PaprTOv£/ ScbaF/SaF 1400 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp £: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScBa Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, acids					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; narco, coma; in animals: liver, kidney damage; CNS effects TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, liver, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

M

Methacrylic acid		Formula: CH ₂ =C(CH ₃)COOH	CAS#: 79-41-4	RTECS#: OZ2975000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.52 mg/m ³		DOT: 2531 153P (inhibited)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Methacrylic acid (glacial), Methacrylic acid (inhibited), α-Methacrylic acid, 2-Methylacrylic acid, 2-Methylpropenoic acid					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 20 ppm (70 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA PV2005	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid or solid (below 61°F) with an acrid, repulsive odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 86.1 BP: 325°F Sol(77°F): 9% Fl.P(oc): 171°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.02 (Liquid) VP: 0.7 mmHg FRZ: 61°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIA Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, elevated temperatures, hydrochloric acid [Note: Typically contains 100 ppm of the monomethyl ether of hydroquinone to prevent polymerization.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; eye, skin burns TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Methomyl	Formula: CH ₃ C(SCH ₃)NOC(O)NHCH ₃	CAS#: 16752-77-5	RTECS#: AK2975000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT: 2757 151 (carbamate pesticide, solid, toxic)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Lannate®, Methyl N-((methylamino)carbonyloxy)ethanimidothioate, S-Methyl-N-(methylcarbamoyloxy)thioacetimidate				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 2.5 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5601	
Physical Description: White, crystalline solid with a slight, sulfur-like odor. [insecticide]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 162.2 BP: ? Sol(77°F): 6% Fl.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr(75°F): 1.29 VP(77°F): 0.00005 mmHg MLT: 172°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid, but may be dissolved in flammable liquids.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong bases				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes; blurred vision, miosis; saliv; abdom cramps, nau, vomit; dysp; lass, musc twitch; liver, kidney damage TO: Eyes, resp sys, CNS, CVS, liver, kidneys, blood chol			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

M

Methoxychlor	Formula: (C ₆ H ₄ OCH ₃) ₂ CHCCl ₃	CAS#: 72-43-5	RTECS#: KJ3675000	IDLH: Ca [5000 mg/m ³]
Conversion:	DOT: 2761 151 (organochlorine pesticide, solid, toxic)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: p,p'-Dimethoxydiphenyltrichloroethane; DMDT; Methoxy-DDT; 2,2-bis(p-Methoxyphenyl)-1,1,1-trichloroethane; 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2-bis-(p-methoxyphenyl)ethane				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL†: TWA 15 mg/m ³			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S371 (II-4) OSHA PV2038	
Physical Description: Colorless to light-yellow crystals with a slight, fruity odor. [insecticide]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 345.7 BP: Decomposes Sol: 0.00001% Fl.P: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.41 VP: Very low MLT: 171°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid, but difficult to burn.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing SY: In animals: fasc, trembling, convuls; kidney, liver damage; [carc] TO: CNS, liver, kidneys [in animals: liver & ovarian cancer]			First Aid (see Table 6): Skin: Soap wash Breath: Fresh air Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Methoxyflurane		Formula: CHCl ₂ CF ₂ OCH ₃	CAS#: 76-38-0	RTECS#: KN7820000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 6.75 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 2,2-Dichloro-1,1-difluoroethyl methyl ether; 2,2-Dichloro-1,1-difluoro-1-methoxyethane; Methoxyflurane; Methoxyfluorane; Penthrane					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL*: C 2 ppm (13.5 mg/m ³) [60-minute] [*Note: REL for exposure to waste anesthetic gas.] OSHA PEL: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a fruity odor. [inhalation anesthetic]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 165.0 BP: 220°F Sol: Slight Fl.P.: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr(77°F): 1.42 VP: 23 mmHg FRZ: -31°F UEL: ? LEL(176°F): 7% Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: N.R. Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes; CNS depres, analgesia, anes, convuls, resp depres; liver, kidney inj; in animals: repro, terato effects TO: Eyes, CNS, liver, kidneys, repro sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

M

4-Methoxyphenol		Formula: CH ₃ OC ₆ H ₄ OH	CAS#: 150-76-5	RTECS#: SL7700000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Hydroquinone monomethyl ether, p-Hydroxyanisole, Mequinol, p-Methoxyphenol, Monomethyl ether hydroquinone					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless to white, waxy solid with an odor of caramel & phenol.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 124.2 BP: 469°F Sol(77°F): 4% Fl.P(oc): 270°F IP: 7.50 eV Sp.Gr: 1.55 VP: <0.01 mmHg MLT: 135°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid; under certain conditions, a dust cloud can probably explode if ignited by a spark or flame.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, strong bases, acid chlorides, acid anhydrides					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat, upper resp sys; eye, skin burns; CNS depres TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Methyl acetate		Formula: CH ₃ COOCH ₃	CAS#: 79-20-9	RTECS#: AI9100000	IDLH: 3100 ppm [10%LEL]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.03 mg/m ³		DOT: 1231 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Methyl ester of acetic acid, Methyl ethanoate					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 200 ppm (610 mg/m ³) ST 250 ppm (760 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 200 ppm (610 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1458 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a fragrant, fruity odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 74.1 BP: 135°F Sol: 25% Fl.P: 14°F IP: 10.27 eV Sp.Gr: 0.93 VP: 173 mmHg FRZ: -145°F UEL: 16% LEL: 3.1% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 2000 ppm: CcrOv*/Sa* 3100 ppm: Sa:Cf*/CcrFOv/GmFOv/ PapOv*/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Nitrates; strong oxidizers, alkalis & acids; water [Note: Reacts slowly with water to form acetic acid & methanol.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; head, drow; optic nerve atrophy; chest tight; in animals: narco TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

M

Methyl acetylene		Formula: CH ₃ C≡CH	CAS#: 74-99-7	RTECS#: UK4250000	IDLH: 1700 ppm [10%LEL]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 1.64 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Allylene, Propine, Propyne, 1-Propyne					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1000 ppm (1650 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 1000 ppm (1650 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S84 (II-5)	
Physical Description: Colorless gas with a sweet odor. [Note: A fuel that is shipped as a liquefied compressed gas.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 40.1 BP: -10°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA (Gas) IP: 10.36 eV RGasD: 1.41 VP: 5.2 atm FRZ: -153°F UEL: ? LEL: 1.7% Flammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Frostbite Eyes: Frostbite Wash skin: N.R. Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Frostbite wash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 1700 ppm: Sa/ScbaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers (such as chlorine), copper alloys [Note: Can decompose explosively at 4.5 to 5.6 atmospheres of pressure.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con (liquid) SY: Irrit resp sys; tremor, hyperexcitability, anes; liquid: frostbite TO: Resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Frostbite Skin: Frostbite Breath: Resp support		

Methyl acetylene-propadiene mixture		Formula: CH ₃ ≡CH/CH ₂ =C=CH ₂	CAS#: 59355-75-8	RTECS#: UK4920000	IDLH: 3400 ppm [10%LEL]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 1.64 mg/m ³		DOT: 1060 116P (stabilized)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: MAPP gas, Methyl acetylene-allene mixture, Propadiene-methyl acetylene, Methyl acetylene-propadiene mixture (stabilized), Propyne-allene mixture, Propyne-propadiene mixture					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1000 ppm (1800 mg/m ³) ST 1250 ppm (2250 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 1000 ppm (1800 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S85 (II-6) OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless gas with a strong, characteristic, foul odor. [Note: A fuel that is shipped as a liquefied compressed gas.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 40.1 BP: -36 to -4°F Sol: Insoluble FI.P: NA (Gas) IP: ? RGasD: 1.48 VP: >1 atm FRZ: -213°F UEL: 10.8% LEL: 3.4% Flammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Frostbite Eyes: Frostbite Wash skin: N.R. Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Frostbite wash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 3400 ppm: Sa/ScbaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFS/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, copper alloys [Note: Forms explosive compounds at high pressure in contact with alloys containing more than 67% copper.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con (liquid) SY: Irrit resp sys; excitement, conf, anes; liquid: frostbite TO: Resp sys, CNS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Frostbite Skin: Frostbite Breath: Resp support	

Methyl acrylate		Formula: CH ₂ =CHCOOCH ₃	CAS#: 96-33-3	RTECS#: AT2800000	IDLH: 250 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.52 mg/m ³		DOT: 1919 129P (inhibited)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Methoxycarbonylethylene, Methyl ester of acrylic acid, Methyl propenoate					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 ppm (35 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 10 ppm (35 mg/m ³) [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1459, 2552 OSHA 92	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with an acid odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 86.1 BP: 176°F Sol: 6% FI.P: 27°F IP: 9.90 eV Sp.Gr: 0.96 VP: 65 mmHg FRZ: -106°F UEL: 25% LEL: 2.8% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 100 ppm: Sa* 250 ppm: Sa:Cf/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Nitrates, oxidizers such as peroxides, strong alkalis [Note: Polymerizes easily; usually contains an inhibitor such as hydroquinone.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, upper resp sys TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Methylacrylonitrile		Formula: CH ₂ =C(CH ₃)CN	CAS#: 126-98-7	RTECS#: UD1400000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.74 mg/m ³		DOT: 3079 131P (inhibited)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 2-Cyanopropene-1, 2-Cyano-1-propene, Isoprene cyanide, Isopropenyl nitrile, Methacrylonitrile, α -Methylacrylonitrile, 2-Methylpropenenitrile					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1 ppm (3 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with an odor like bitter almonds.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 67.1 BP: 195°F Sol: 3% Fl.P: 34°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.80 VP(77°F): 71 mmHg FRZ: -32°F UEL: 6.8% LEL: 2% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong acids, strong oxidizers, alkali, light [Note: Polymerization may occur due to elevated temperature, visible light, or contact with a concentrated alkali.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; lac; in animals: convuls, loss of motor control in hind limbs TO: Eyes, skin, CNS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

M

Methylal		Formula: CH ₃ OCH ₂ OCH ₃	CAS#: 109-87-5	RTECS#: PA8750000	IDLH: 2200 ppm [10%LEL]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.11 mg/m ³		DOT: 1234 127			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Dimethoxymethane, Formal, Formaldehyde dimethylacetal, Methoxymethyl methyl ether, Methylene dimethyl ether					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1000 ppm (3100 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 1000 ppm (3100 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1611	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a chloroform-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 76.1 BP: 111°F Sol: 33% Fl.P(oc): -26°F IP: 10.00 eV Sp.Gr: 0.86 VP: 330 mmHg FRZ: -157°F UEL: 13.8% LEL: 2.2% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 2200 ppm: Sa/ScbaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, acids					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, upper resp sys; anes TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Methyl alcohol		Formula: CH ₃ OH	CAS#: 67-56-1	RTECS#: PC1400000	IDLH: 6000 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 1.31 mg/m ³		DOT: 1230 131			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Carbinol, Columbian spirits, Methanol, Pyroligneous spirit, Wood alcohol, Wood naphtha, Wood spirit					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 200 ppm (260 mg/m ³) ST 250 ppm (325 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL†: TWA 200 ppm (260 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2000, 3800 OSHA 91	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a characteristic pungent odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 32.1 BP: 147°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P: 52°F IP: 10.84 eV Sp.Gr: 0.79 VP: 96 mmHg FRZ: -144°F UEL: 36% LEL: 6.0% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 2000 ppm: Sa 5000 ppm: Sa: Cf 6000 ppm: Sa:T: Cf/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, upper resp sys; head, drow, dizz, nau, vomit; vis dist, optic nerve damage (blindness); derm TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, GI tract			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

M

Methylamine		Formula: CH ₃ NH ₂	CAS#: 74-89-5	RTECS#: PF6300000	IDLH: 100 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 1.27 mg/m ³		DOT: 1061 118 (anhydrous); 1235 132 (aqueous)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Aminomethane, Methylamine (anhydrous), Methylamine (aqueous), Monomethylamine					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 ppm (12 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 10 ppm (12 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA 40	
Physical Description: Colorless gas with a fish- or ammonia-like odor. [Note: A liquid below 21°F. Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 31.1 BP: 21°F Sol: Soluble Fl.P: NA (Gas) 14°F (Liquid) IP: 8.97 eV RGasD: 1.08 Sp.Gr: 0.70 (Liquid at 13°F) VP: 3.0 atm FRZ: -136°F UEL: 20.7% LEL: 4.9% Flammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact (solution) Frostbite Eyes: Prevent eye contact (solution) Frostbite Wash skin: When contam (solution) Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Frostbite wash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 100 ppm: CcrFS/GmFS/PapRSE/ ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFS/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Mercury, strong oxidizers, nitromethane [Note: Corrosive to copper & zinc alloys, aluminum & galvanized surfaces.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs (solution), Ing (solution), Con (solution/liquid) SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; cough; skin, muc memb burns; derm; conj; liquid: frostbite TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed (solution)/Frostbite Skin: Water flush immed (solution)/Frostbite Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed (solution)		

Methyl (n-amyl) ketone	Formula: CH ₃ CO[CH ₂] ₄ CH ₃	CAS#: 110-43-0	RTECS#: MJ5075000	IDLH: 800 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.67 mg/m ³	DOT: 1110 127			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Amyl methyl ketone, n-Amyl methyl ketone, 2-Heptanone				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 100 ppm (465 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 100 ppm (465 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1301, 2553	
Physical Description: Colorless to white liquid with a banana-like, fruity odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 114.2 BP: 305°F Sol: 0.4% Fl.P: 102°F IP: 9.33 eV Sp.Gr: 0.81 VP: 3 mmHg FRZ: -32°F UEL(250°F): 7.9% LEL(151°F): 1.1% Class II Combustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 800 ppm: CcrOv*/PaprOv*/GmFOv/ Sa*/ScbaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong acids, alkalis & oxidizers [Note: Will attack some forms of plastic.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; head; narco, coma; derm TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, PNS		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Fresh air Swallow: Medical attention immed		

M

Methyl bromide	Formula: CH ₃ Br	CAS#: 74-83-9	RTECS#: PA4900000	IDLH: Ca [250 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.89 mg/m ³	DOT: 1062 123			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Bromomethane, Monobromomethane				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL†: C 20 ppm (80 mg/m ³) [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2520 OSHA PV2040	
Physical Description: Colorless gas with a chloroform-like odor at high concentrations. [Note: A liquid below 38°F. Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 95.0 BP: 38°F Sol: 2% Fl.P: NA (Gas) IP: 10.54 eV RGasD: 3.36 Sp.Gr: 1.73 (Liquid at 32°F) VP: 1.9 atm FRZ: -137°F UEL: 16.0% LEL: 10% Flammable Gas, but only in presence of a high energy ignition source.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact (liquid) Eyes: Prevent eye contact (liquid) Wash skin: When contam (liquid) Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Quick drench (liquid)	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Aluminum, magnesium, strong oxidizers [Note: Attacks aluminum to form aluminum trimethyl, which is SPONTANEOUSLY flammable.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs (liquid), Con (liquid) SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; musc weak, inco, vis dist, dizz; nau, vomit, head; mal; hand tremor; convuls; dysp; skin vesic; liquid: frostbite; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS [in animals: lung, kidney & forestomach tumors]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed (liquid) Skin: Water flush immed (liquid) Breath: Resp support	

Methyl Cellosolve®		Formula: CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₂ OH	CAS#: 109-86-4	RTECS#: KL5775000	IDLH: 200 ppm	
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.11 mg/m ³		DOT: 1188 127				
Synonyms/Trade Names: EGME, Ethylene glycol monomethyl ether, Glycol monomethyl ether, 2-Methoxyethanol						
Exposure Limits:					Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1403 OSHA 53, 79	
NIOSH REL: TWA 0.1 ppm (0.3 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 25 ppm (80 mg/m ³) [skin]						
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a mild, ether-like odor.						
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 76.1 BP: 256°F Sol: Miscible F.I.P: 102°F IP: 9.60 eV Sp.Gr: 0.96 VP: 6 mmHg FRZ: -121°F UEL: 14% LEL: 1.8% Class II Combustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Quick drench			Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 1 ppm: Sa* 2.5 ppm: Sa:Cf* 5 ppm: ScbaF/SaF 100 ppm: Sa:Pd,Pp* 200 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, caustics						
M	Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5):					First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed
	ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con					
	SY: Irrit eyes, nose, throat; head, drow, lass; ataxia, tremor; anemic pallor; in animals: repro, terato effects					
	TO: Eyes, resp sys, CNS, blood, kidneys, repro sys, hemato sys					

Methyl Cellosolve® acetate		Formula: CH ₂ COOCH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₃	CAS#: 110-49-6	RTECS#: KL5950000	IDLH: 200 ppm	
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.83 mg/m ³		DOT: 1189 129				
Synonyms/Trade Names: EGMEA, Ethylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate, Glycol monomethyl ether acetate, 2-Methoxyethyl acetate						
Exposure Limits:					Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1451 OSHA 53, 79	
NIOSH REL: TWA 0.1 ppm (0.5 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 25 ppm (120 mg/m ³) [skin]						
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a mild, ether-like odor.						
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 118.1 BP: 293°F Sol: Miscible F.I.P: 120°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.01 VP: 2 mmHg FRZ: -85°F UEL: 8.2% LEL: 1.7% Class II Combustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.			Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 1 ppm: Sa* 2.5 ppm: Sa:Cf* 5 ppm: ScbaF/SaF 100 ppm: Sa:Pd,Pp* 200 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Nitrates; strong oxidizers, alkalis & acids						
M	Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5):					First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed
	ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con					
	SY: Irrit eyes, nose, throat; kidney, brain damage; in animals: narco; repro, terato effects					
	TO: Eyes, resp sys, kidneys, brain, CNS, PNS, repro sys, hemato sys					

Methyl chloride		Formula: CH ₃ Cl	CAS#: 74-87-3	RTECS#: PA6300000	IDLH: Ca [2000 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.07 mg/m ³		DOT: 1063 115			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Chloromethane, Monochloromethane					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL†: TWA 100 ppm C 200 ppm 300 ppm (5-minute maximum peak in any 3 hours)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1001	
Physical Description: Colorless gas with a faint, sweet odor which is not noticeable at dangerous concentrations. [Note: Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 50.5 BP: -12°F Sol: 0.5% F.I.P: NA (Gas) IP: 11.28 eV RGasD: 1.78 VP: 5.0 atm FRZ: -144°F UEL: 17.4% LEL: 8.1% Flammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Frostbite Eyes: Frostbite Wash skin: N.R. Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Frostbite wash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH * ScaBaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScaBa Escape: ScaBaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Chemically-active metals such as potassium, powdered aluminum, zinc, and magnesium; water [Note: Reacts with water (hydrolyzes) to form hydrochloric acid.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con (liquid) SY: Dizz, nau, vomit; vis dist, stagger, slurred speech, convuls, coma; liver, kidney damage; liquid: frostbite; repro, terato effects; [carc] TO: CNS, liver, kidneys, repro sys [in animals: lung, kidney & forestomach tumors]				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Frostbite Skin: Frostbite Breath: Resp support	

M

Methyl chloroform		Formula: CH ₃ CCl ₃	CAS#: 71-55-6	RTECS#: KJ2975000	IDLH: 700 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.46 mg/m ³		DOT: 2831 160			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Chloroethene; 1,1,1-Trichloroethane; 1,1,1-Trichloroethane (stabilized)					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 350 ppm (1900 mg/m ³) [15-minute] See Appendix C (Chloroethanes) OSHA PEL†: TWA 350 ppm (1900 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1003	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a mild, chloroform-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 133.4 BP: 165°F Sol: 0.4% F.I.P: ? IP: 11.00 eV Sp.Gr: 1.34 VP: 100 mmHg FRZ: -23°F UEL: 12.5% LEL: 7.5% Combustible Liquid, but burns with difficulty.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 700 ppm: Sa*/ScaBaF S: ScaBaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScaBa Escape: GmFov/ScaBaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong caustics; strong oxidizers; chemically-active metals such as zinc, aluminum, magnesium powders, sodium & potassium; water [Note: Reacts slowly with water to form hydrochloric acid.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; head, lass, CNS depres, poor equi; derm; card arrhy; liver damage TO: Eyes, skin, CNS, CVS, liver				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Methyl-2-cyanoacrylate		Formula: CH ₂ =C(CN)COOCH ₃	CAS#: 137-05-3	RTECS#: AS7000000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.54 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Mecrylate, Methyl cyanoacrylate, Methyl α-cyanoacrylate, Methyl ester of 2-cyanoacrylic acid					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 2 ppm (8 mg/m ³) ST 4 ppm (16 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA 55	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a characteristic odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 111.1 BP: ? Sol: 30% Fl.P: 174°F IP: ? Sp.Gr(81°F): 1.10 VP(77°F): 0.2 mmHg FRZ: ? UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIA Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: Daily Remove: N.R. Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Moisture [Note: Contact with moisture causes rapid polymerization.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose; blurred vision, lac; rhinitis TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

M

Methylcyclohexane		Formula: CH ₂ C ₆ H ₁₁	CAS#: 108-87-2	RTECS#: GV6125000	IDLH: 1200 ppm [LEL]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.02 mg/m ³		DOT: 2296 128			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Cyclohexylmethane, Hexahydrotholuene					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 400 ppm (1600 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 500 ppm (2000 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1500 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a faint, benzene-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 98.2 BP: 214°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: 25°F IP: 9.85 eV Sp.Gr: 0.77 VP: 37 mmHg FRZ: -196°F UEL: 6.7% LEL: 1.2% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 1200 ppm: Sa/ScbaF §: ScbaF;Pd,Pp/SaF;Pd,Pp;AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; dizz, drow; in animals: narco TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Methylcyclohexanol		Formula: CH ₃ C ₆ H ₁₀ OH	CAS#: 25639-42-3	RTECS#: GW0175000	IDLH: 500 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.67 mg/m ³		DOT: 2617 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Hexahydrodrescol, Hexahydromethylphenol					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 50 ppm (235 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 100 ppm (470 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1404	
Physical Description: Straw-colored liquid with a weak odor like coconut oil.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 114.2 BP: 311-356°F Sol: 4% Fl.P: 149-158°F IP: 9.80 eV Sp.Gr: 0.92 VP(86°F): 2 mmHg FRZ: -58°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIA Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 500 ppm: Sa*/ScbaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, upper resp sys; head; in animals: narco; liver, kidney damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, kidneys, liver			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

M

o-Methylcyclohexanone		Formula: CH ₃ C ₆ H ₁₀ O	CAS#: 583-60-8	RTECS#: GW1750000	IDLH: 600 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.59 mg/m ³		DOT: 2297 128			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 2-Methylcyclohexanone					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 50 ppm (230 mg/m ³) [skin] ST 75 ppm (345 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 100 ppm (460 mg/m ³) [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2521	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a weak, peppermint-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 112.2 BP: 325°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: 118°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.93 VP: 1 mmHg FRZ: 7°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class II Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 500 ppm: Sa* 600 ppm: Sa:C*/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: In animals: irrit eyes, muc memb; narco; derm TO: Skin, resp sys, liver, kidneys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Methyl cyclopentadienyl manganese tricarbonyl (as Mn)		Formula: CH ₃ C ₅ H ₄ Mn(CO) ₃	CAS#: 12108-13-3	RTECS#: OP1450000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Cl-2, Combustion Improver-2, Manganese tricarbonylmethylcyclopentadienyl, 2-Methylcyclopentadienyl manganese tricarbonyl, MMT					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.2 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL†: C 5 mg/m ³				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Yellow to dark-orange liquid with a faint, pleasant odor. [Note: A solid below 36°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 218.1 BP: 449°F Sol: Insoluble FLP: 230°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.39 VP(212°F): 7 mmHg FRZ: 36°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIB Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Light (decomposes)					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes; dizz, nau, head; in animals: tremor, severe clonic spasms, lass, slow respiration; liver, kidney inj TO: Eyes, CNS, liver, kidneys		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed			

M

Methyl demeton		Formula: C ₆ H ₁₅ O ₃ PS ₂	CAS#: 8022-00-2	RTECS#: TG1760000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Demeton methyl; O,O-Dimethyl 2-ethylmercaptoethyl thiophosphate; Metasystox®; Methyl mercaptophos; Methyl systox®					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Oily, colorless to pale-yellow liquid with an unpleasant odor. [insecticide] [Note: Technical grade consists of 2 isomers: thiono & thio.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 230.3 BP: Decomposes Sol: 0.03-0.3% FLP: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.20 VP: 0.0004 mmHg FRZ: ? UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, alkalis, water					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; ache eyes, rhin; nau, head, dizz, vomit TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, CVS, blood chol		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed			

4,4'-Methylenebis(2-chloroaniline)		Formula: CH ₂ (C ₆ H ₄ ClNH ₂) ₂	CAS#: 101-14-4	RTECS#: CY1050000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: DACPM; 3,3'-Dichloro-4,4'-diaminodiphenylmethane; MBOCA; 4,4'-Methylenebis(o-chloro aniline); 4,4'-Methylenebis(2-chlorobenzeneamine); MOCA					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA 0.003 mg/m ³ [skin] See Appendix A OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA 24, 71	
Physical Description: Tan-colored pellets or flakes with a faint, amine-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 267.2 BP: ? Sol: Slight Fl.P.: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.44 VP(77°F): 0.00001 mmHg MLT: 230°F UEL: ? LEL: ?		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☞: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOV100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Chemically-active metals (e.g., potassium, sodium, magnesium, zinc)					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Hema, cyan, nau, methemo, kidney irrit; [carc] TO: Liver, blood, kidneys [in animals: liver, lung & bladder tumors]				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

M

Methylene bis(4-cyclohexylisocyanate)		Formula: CH ₂ [(C ₆ H ₁₀)NCO] ₂	CAS#: 5124-30-1	RTECS#: NQ9250000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 10.73 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Dicyclohexylmethane 4,4'-diisocyanate; DMDI; bis(4-Isocyanatocyclohexyl)methane; HMDI; Hydrogenated MDI; Reduced MDI; Saturated MDI					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 0.01 ppm (0.11 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5525 OSHA PV2092	
Physical Description: Clear, colorless to light-yellow liquid.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 262.4 BP: ? Sol: Reacts Fl.P.: >395°F IP: ? Sp.Gr(77°F): 1.07 VP(77°F): 0.001 mmHg FRZ: <14°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIB Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 0.1 ppm: Sa* 0.25 ppm: Sa:CF* 0.5 ppm: ScbaF/SaF 1 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp ☞: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOV/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Water, ethanol, alcohols, amines, bases, acids, organotin catalysts [Note: May slowly polymerize if heated above 122°F.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; skin, resp sens; chest tight, dysp, cough, dry throat, wheez, pulm edema; skin blisters TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Methylene bisphenyl isocyanate		Formula: CH ₂ (C ₆ H ₄ NCO) ₂	CAS#: 101-68-8	RTECS#: NQ9350000	IDLH: 75 mg/m ³
Conversion: 1 ppm = 10.24 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 4,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocyanate; MDI; Methylene bis(4-phenyl isocyanate); Methylene di-p-phenylene ester of isocyanic acid					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.05 mg/m ³ (0.005 ppm) C 0.2 mg/m ³ (0.020 ppm) [10-minute] OSHA PEL: C 0.2 mg/m ³ (0.02 ppm)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5521, 5522, 5525 OSHA 18	
Physical Description: White to light-yellow, odorless flakes. [Note: A liquid above 99°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 250.3 BP: 597°F Sol: 0.2% Fl.P: 390°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.23 (Solid at 77°F) 1.19 (Liquid at 122°F) VP(77°F): 0.000005 mmHg MLT: 99°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 0.5 mg/m³: Sa* 1.25 mg/m³: Sa:Cf* 2.5 mg/m³: ScbaF/SaF 75 mg/m³: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong alkalis, acids, alcohol [Note: Polymerizes at 450°F.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose, throat; resp sens; cough, pulm secretions, chest pain, dysp; asthma TO: Eyes, resp sys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

M

Methylene chloride		Formula: CH ₂ Cl ₂	CAS#: 75-09-2	RTECS#: PA8050000	IDLH: Ca [2300 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.47 mg/m ³		DOT: 1593 160			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Dichloromethane, Methylene dichloride					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL: [1910.1052] TWA 25 ppm ST 125 ppm				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1005, 3800 OSHA 59, 80	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a chloroform-like odor. [Note: A gas above 104°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 84.9 BP: 104°F Sol: 2% Fl.P: ? IP: 11.32 eV Sp.Gr: 1.33 VP: 350 mmHg FRZ: -139°F UEL: 23% LEL: 13% Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH *: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE See Appendix E (page 351)	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers; caustics; Chemically-active metals such as aluminum, magnesium powders, potassium & sodium; concentrated nitric acid					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; lass, drow, dizz; numb, tingle limbs; nau; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, CVS, CNS [in animals: lung, liver, salivary & mammary gland tumors]				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

4,4'-Methylenedianiline		Formula: CH ₂ (C ₆ H ₄ NH ₂) ₂	CAS#: 101-77-9	RTECS#: BY5425000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 4,4'-Diaminodiphenylmethane; para, para'-Diaminodiphenyl-methane; Dianilinomethane; 4,4'-Diphenylmethanediamine; MDA					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL: [1910.1050] TWA 0.010 ppm ST 0.100 ppm				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5029	
Physical Description: Pale-brown, crystalline solid with a faint, amine-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 198.3 BP: 748°F Sol: 0.1% Fl.P: 374°F IP: 10.70 eV Sp.Gr: 1.06 (Liquid at 212°F) VP(77°F): 0.0000002 mmHg MLT: 198°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☞: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOV100/ScbaE See Appendix E (page 351)	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes; jaun, hepatitis; myocardial damage; in animals: heart, liver, spleen damage; [carc] TO: Eyes, liver, CVS, spleen [in animals: bladder cancer]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

M

Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide		Formula: C ₈ H ₁₆ O ₄	CAS#: 1338-23-4	RTECS#: EL9450000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 7.21 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 2-Butanone peroxide, Ethyl methyl ketone peroxide, MEKP, MEK peroxide, Methyl ethyl ketone hydroperoxide					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 0.2 ppm (1.5 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 3508 OSHA 77	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a characteristic odor. [Note: Explosive decomposition occurs at 230°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 176.2 BP: 244°F (Decomposes) Sol: Soluble Fl.P(oc): 125-200°F (60% MEKP) IP: ? Sp.Gr(59°F): 1.12 VP: ? FRZ: ? UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Organic materials, heat, flames, sunlight, trace contaminants [Note: A strong oxidizing agent. Pure MEKP is shock sensitive. Commercial product is diluted with 40% dimethyl phthalate, cyclohexane peroxide, or diallyl phthalate to reduce sensitivity to shock.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; cough, dysp, pulm edema; blurred vision; blisters, scars skin; abdom pain, vomit, diarr; dermat; in animals: liver, kidney damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, liver, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Methyl formate		Formula: HCOOCH ₃	CAS#: 107-31-3	RTECS#: LQ8925000	IDLH: 4500 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.46 mg/m ³		DOT: 1243 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Methyl ester of formic acid, Methyl methanoate					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 100 ppm (250 mg/m ³) ST 150 ppm (375 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 100 ppm (250 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S291 (II-5) OSHA PV2041	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a pleasant odor. [Note: A gas above 89°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 60.1 BP: 89°F Sol: 30% F.I.P.: -2°F IP: 10.82 eV Sp.Gr: 0.98 VP: 476 mmHg FRZ: -148°F UEL: 23% LEL: 4.5% Class IA Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 1000 ppm: Sa* 2500 ppm: Sa: Cf* 4500 ppm: ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers [Note: Reacts slowly with water to form methanol & formic acid.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose; chest tight, dysp; vis dist; CNS depres; in animals: pulm edema; narco TO: Eyes, resp sys, CNS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

M

5-Methyl-3-heptanone		Formula: C ₂ H ₅ COCH ₂ CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ CH ₃	CAS#: 541-85-5	RTECS#: MJ7350000	IDLH: 100 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.24 mg/m ³		DOT: 2271 127			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Amyl ethyl ketone, Ethyl amyl ketone, 3-Methyl-5-heptanone					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 25 ppm (130 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 25 ppm (130 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1301, 2553	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a pungent odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 128.2 BP: 315°F Sol: Insoluble F.I.P.: 138°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.82 VP: 2 mmHg FRZ: -70°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class II Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 100 ppm: CcrOv*/Paprv*/GmFOv/ Sa*/ScbaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; head; narco, coma; derm TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Methyl hydrazine	Formula: CH ₃ NHNH ₂	CAS#: 60-34-4	RTECS#: MV5600000	IDLH: Ca [20 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 1.89 mg/m ³	DOT: 1244 131			
Synonyms/Trade Names: MMH, Monomethylhydrazine				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca C 0.04 ppm (0.08 mg/m ³) [2-hr] See Appendix A OSHA PEL: C 0.2 ppm (0.35 mg/m ³) [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 3510	
Physical Description: Fuming, colorless liquid with an ammonia-like odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 46.1 BP: 190°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P: 17°F IP: 8.00 eV Sp.Gr(77°F): 0.87 VP: 38 mmHg FRZ: -62°F UEL: 92% LEL: 2.5% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: ScbaE
		Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxides of iron; copper; manganese; lead; copper alloys; porous materials such as earth, asbestos, wood & cloth; strong oxidizers such as fluorine & chlorine; nitric acid; hydrogen peroxide		
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; vomit, diarr, tremor, ataxia; anoxia, cyan; convuls; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, liver, blood, CVS [in animals: lung, liver, blood vessel & intestine tumors]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

M

Methyl iodide	Formula: CH ₃ I	CAS#: 74-88-4	RTECS#: PA9450000	IDLH: Ca [100 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.80 mg/m ³	DOT: 2644 151			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Iodomethane, Monoiodomethane				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA 2 ppm (10 mg/m ³) [skin] See Appendix A OSHA PEL: TWA 5 ppm (28 mg/m ³) [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1014	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a pungent, ether-like odor. [Note: Turns yellow, red, or brown on exposure to light & moisture.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 141.9 BP: 109°F Sol: 1% Fl.P: NA IP: 9.54 eV Sp.Gr: 2.28 VP: 400 mmHg FRZ: -88°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers [Note: Decomposes at 518°F.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; nau, vomit; dizz, ataxia; slurred speech, drow; dermat; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS [in animals: lung, kidney & forestomach tumors]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Methyl isoamyl ketone		Formula: CH ₃ COCH ₂ CH ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂	CAS#: 110-12-3	RTECS#: MP3850000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.67 mg/m ³		DOT: 2302 127			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Isoamyl methyl ketone, Isopentyl methyl ketone, 2-Methyl-5-hexanone, 5-Methyl-2-hexanone, MIAK					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 50 ppm (240 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 100 ppm (475 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA PV2042	
Physical Description: Colorless, clear liquid with a pleasant, fruity odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 114.2 BP: 291°F Sol: 0.5% Fl.P: 97°F IP: 9.284 eV Sp.Gr: 0.81 VP: 5 mmHg FRZ: -101°F UEL(200°F): 8.2% LEL(200°F): 1.0% Class IC Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 500 ppm: CcrOv*/Sa* 1250 ppm: Sa:Cf*/PaprOv* 2500 ppm: CcrFOv/GmFOv/PaprTOv*/ SaT:Cf*/ScbaF/SaF 5000 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; head, narco, coma; derm; in animals: liver, kidney damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, liver, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

M

Methyl isobutyl carbinol		Formula: (CH ₃) ₂ CHCH ₂ CH(OH)CH ₃	CAS#: 108-11-2	RTECS#: SA7350000	IDLH: 400 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.18 mg/m ³		DOT: 2053 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Isobutylmethylcarbinol, Methyl amyl alcohol, 4-Methyl-2-pentanol, MIBC					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 25 ppm (100 mg/m ³) ST 40 ppm (165 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL†: TWA 25 ppm (100 mg/m ³) [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1402, 1405 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a mild odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 102.2 BP: 271°F Sol: 2% Fl.P: 106°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.81 VP: 3 mmHg FRZ: -130°F UEL: 5.5% LEL: 1.0% Class II Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 250 ppm: Sa* 400 ppm: Sa:Cf*/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; head, drow; derm; in animals: narco TO: Eyes, skin, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Methyl isocyanate		Formula: CH ₃ NCO	CAS#: 624-83-9	RTECS#: NQ9450000	IDLH: 3 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.34 mg/m ³		DOT: 2480 155			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Methyl ester of isocyanic acid, MIC					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.02 ppm (0.05 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 0.02 ppm (0.05 mg/m ³) [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA 54	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a sharp, pungent odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 57.1 BP: 102-104°F Sol(59°F): 10% F.L.P: 19°F IP: 10.67 eV Sp.Gr: 0.96 VP: 348 mmHg FRZ: -49°F UEL: 26% LEL: 5.3% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 0.2 ppm: Sa* 0.5 ppm: Sa:Cf* 1 ppm: ScaF/SaF 3 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScBa Escape: GmFOv/ScaBE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Water, oxidizers, acids, alkalis, amines, iron, tin, copper [Note: Usually contains inhibitors to prevent polymerization.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; resp sens, cough, pulm secretions, chest pain, dysp; asthma; eye, skin damage; in animals: pulm edema TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

M

Methyl isopropyl ketone		Formula: CH ₃ COCH(CH ₃) ₂	CAS#: 563-80-4	RTECS#: EL9100000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.53 mg/m ³		DOT: 2397 127			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 2-Acetyl propane, Isopropyl methyl ketone, 3-Methyl-2-butanone, 3-Methyl butan-2-one, MIPK					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 200 ppm (705 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with an acetone-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 86.2 BP: 199°F Sol: Very slight F.L.P: ? IP: 9.32 eV Sp.Gr: 0.81 VP: 42 mmHg FRZ: -134°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb, resp sys; cough TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Methyl mercaptan		Formula: CH ₃ SH	CAS#: 74-93-1	RTECS#: PB4375000	IDLH: 150 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 1.97 mg/m ³		DOT: 1064 117			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Mercaptomethane, Methanethiol, Methyl sulphydrate					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 0.5 ppm (1 mg/m ³) [15-minute] OSHA PEL†: C 10 ppm (20 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2542 OSHA 26	
Physical Description: Colorless gas with a disagreeable odor like garlic or rotten cabbage. [Note: A liquid below 43°F. Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 48.1 BP: 43°F Sol: 2% Fl.P: NA (Gas) (oc) 0°F (Liquid) IP: 9.44 eV RGasD: 1.66 Sp.Gr: 0.90 (Liquid at 32°F) VP: 1.7 atm FRZ: -186°F UEL: 21.8% LEL: 3.9% Flammable Gas	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact (liquid) Frostbite Eyes: Prevent eye contact (liquid) Frostbite Wash skin: N.R. Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash (liquid) Quick drench (liquid) Frostbite wash	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 5 ppm: CcrOv/Sa 12.5 ppm: Sa:Cf/Paprov 25 ppm: CcrFov/GmFov/Paprov/SaT:Cf/ScbaF/SaF 150 ppm: Sa:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScBa Escape: GmFov/ScbaE			
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, bleaches, copper, aluminum, nickel-copper alloys					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con (liquid) SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; narco; cyan; convuls; liquid: frostbite TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, blood				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed (liquid)/Frostbite Skin: Water flush immed (liquid)/Frostbite Breath: Resp support	

Methyl methacrylate		Formula: CH ₂ =C(CH ₃)COOCH ₃	CAS#: 80-62-6	RTECS#: OZ5075000	IDLH: 1000 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.09 mg/m ³		DOT: 1247 129P (inhibited)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Methacrylate monomer, Methyl ester of methacrylic acid, Methyl-2-methyl-2-propenoate					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 100 ppm (410 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 100 ppm (410 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2537 OSHA 94	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with an acrid, fruity odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 100.1 BP: 214°F Sol: 1.5% Fl.P(oc): 50°F IP: 9.70 eV Sp.Gr: 0.94 VP: 29 mmHg FRZ: -54°F UEL: 8.2% LEL: 1.7% Class IB Flammable Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 1000 ppm: Sa:Cf£/CcrFov/GmFov/ Paprov£/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScBa Escape: GmFov/ScbaE			
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Nitrates, oxidizers, peroxides, strong alkalis, moisture [Note: May polymerize if subjected to heat, oxidizers, or ultraviolet light. Usually contains an inhibitor such as hydroquinone.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; derm TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Methyl parathion		Formula: (CH ₃ O) ₂ P(S)OC ₆ H ₄ NO ₂	CAS#: 298-00-0	RTECS#: TG0175000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT: 2783 152 (solid); 3018 152 (liquid)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Azophos®; O,O-Dimethyl-O-p-nitrophenylphosphorothioate; Parathion methyl					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.2 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5600 OSHA PV2112	
Physical Description: White to tan, crystalline solid or powder with a pungent, garlic-like odor. [pesticide] [Note: The commercial product in xylene is a tan liquid.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 263.2 BP: 289°F Sol(77°F): 0.006% Fl.P: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.36 VP: 0.00001 mmHg MLT: 99°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 2 mg/m³: CcrOv95/Sa 5 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/Pap/OvHie 10 mg/m³: CcrFOv100/GmFOv100/ PaprTOvHie/SaT:Cf/ ScbaF/SaF 200 mg/m³: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, water [Note: Explosive risk when heated above 122°F.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; nau, vomit, abdom cramps, diarr, salv; head, dizz, lass; rhin, chest tight; blurred vision, miosis; card irreg; musc fasc; dypsp TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, CVS, blood chol				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

M

Methyl silicate		Formula: (CH ₃ O) ₂ Si	CAS#: 681-84-5	RTECS#: VV9800000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 6.23 mg/m ³		DOT: 2606 155			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Methyl orthosilicate, Tetramethoxysilane, Tetramethyl ester of silicic acid, Tetramethyl silicate					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1 ppm (6 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Clear, colorless liquid. [Note: A solid below 28°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 152.3 BP: 250°F Sol: Soluble Fl.P: 205°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.02 VP(77°F): 12 mmHg FRZ: 28°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIB Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers; hexafluorides of rhenium, molybdenum & tungsten					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, corn damage (following even short-term exposure to the vapor); lung, kidney inj; pulm edema TO: Eyes, resp sys, kidneys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

α-Methyl styrene		Formula: C ₈ H ₈ C(CH ₃)=CH ₂	CAS#: 98-83-9	RTECS#: WL5075300	IDLH: 700 ppm	
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.83 mg/m ³		DOT:				
Synonyms/Trade Names: AMS, Isopropenyl benzene, 1-Methyl-1-phenylethylene, 2-Phenyl propylene						
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 50 ppm (240 mg/m ³) ST 100 ppm (485 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: C 100 ppm (480 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1501 OSHA 7		
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a characteristic odor.						
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 118.2 BP: 330°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: 129°F IP: 8.35 eV Sp.Gr: 0.91 VP: 2 mmHg FRZ: -10°F UEL: 6.1% LEL: 1.9% Class II Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 500 ppm: CcrOv*/Sa* 700 ppm: Sa:Cf*/CcrFOv/GmFOv/ PapOv*/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, peroxides, halogens, catalysts for vinyl or ionic polymers; aluminum, iron chloride, copper [Note: Usually contains an inhibitor such as tert-butyl catechol.]						
M	Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; drow; derm TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Metribuzin		Formula: C ₈ H ₁₄ N ₄ OS	CAS#: 21087-64-9	RTECS#: XZ2990000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 4-Amino-6-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-3-(methylthio)-1,2,4-triazin-5(4H)-one					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA PV2044	
Physical Description: Colorless, crystalline solid. [herbicide]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 214.3 BP: ? Sol: 0.1% Fl.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.31 VP: 0.0000004 mmHg MLT: 257°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: In animals: CNS depress; thyroid, liver enzyme changes TO: CNS, thyroid, liver			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Fresh air Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Mica (containing less than 1% quartz)		Formula:	CAS#: 12001-26-2	RTECS#: VV8760000	IDLH: 1500 mg/m ³
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Biotite, Lepidolite, Margarite, Muscovite, Phlogopite, Roscoelite, Zimwaldite					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 3 mg/m ³ (resp) OSHA PEL†: TWA 20 mppcf				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0600	
Physical Description: Colorless, odorless flakes or sheets of hydrous silicates.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 797 (approx) BP: ? Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 2.6-3.2 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: ? UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 15 mg/m³: Qm 30 mg/m³: 95XQ/Sa 75 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/PaprHie 150 mg/m³: 100F/SaT:Cf/PaprTHie/ ScbaF/SaF 1500 mg/m³: Sa:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE			
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes; pneumoconiosis, cough, dysp; lass; low-wgt TO: Resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Fresh air		

M

Mineral wool fiber		Formula:	CAS#:	RTECS#: PY8070000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Manmade mineral fibers, Rock wool, Slag wool, Synthetic vitreous fibers [Note: Produced by blowing steam or air through molten rock (rock wool) or various furnace slags that are by-products of metal smelting or refining processes (slag wool).]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 3 fibers/cm ³ (fibers ≤ 3.5 µm diameter & ≥ 10 µm in length) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (total) OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500, 7400	
Physical Description: Typically, a mineral "wool" with diameters >0.5 µm & >1.5 µm in length.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: varies BP: NA Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: ? VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: ? UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Fibers	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: Daily Remove: N.R. Change: Daily	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 5X REL: Qm 10X REL: 95XQ/Sa 25X REL: Sa:Cf/PaprHie 50X REL: 100F/PaprTHie/ScbaF/SaF 1000X REL: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE			
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; dysp TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Fresh air		

Molybdenum		Formula: Mo	CAS#: 7439-98-7	RTECS#: QA4680000	IDLH: 5000 mg/m ³ (as Mo)
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Molybdenum metal					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL*: See Appendix D OSHA PEL*†: TWA 15 mg/m ³ [*Note: The REL and PEL also apply to other insoluble molybdenum compounds (as Mo).]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7300, 7301, 7303, 9102 OSHA ID121, ID125G	
Physical Description: Dark gray or black powder with a metallic luster.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 95.9 BP: 8717°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 10.28 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 4752°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Combustible Solid in form of dust or powder.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): OSHA 75 mg/m³: Qm 150 mg/m³: 95XQ/Sa 375 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/PaprHie 750 mg/m³: 100F/SaT:Cf/PaprTHie/ ScbaF/SaF 5000 mg/m³: Sa:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: In animals: irrit eyes, nose, throat; anor, diarr, low-wgt; listlessness; liver, kidney damage TO: Eyes, resp sys, liver, kidneys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

M

Molybdenum (soluble compounds, as Mo)		Formula:	CAS#:	RTECS#:	IDLH: 1000 mg/m ³ (as Mo)
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Synonyms vary depending upon the specific soluble molybdenum compound.					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: See Appendix D OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/m ³				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7300, 7301, 7303, 9102 OSHA ID121, ID125G	
Physical Description: Appearance and odor vary depending upon the specific soluble molybdenum compound.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: Properties vary depending upon the specific soluble molybdenum compound.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): OSHA 25 mg/m³: Qm* 50 mg/m³: 95XQ*/Sa* 125 mg/m³: Sa:Cf*/PaprHie* 250 mg/m³: 100F/SaT:Cf*/PaprTHie*/ ScbaF/SaF 1000 mg/m³: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Varies					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: In animals: irrit eyes, nose, throat; anor; inco; dysp; anemia TO: Eyes, resp sys, kidneys, blood				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Monocrotophos		Formula: C ₇ H ₁₄ NO ₅ P	CAS#: 6923-22-4	RTECS#: TC4375000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT: 2783 152 (organophosphorus pesticide, solid)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Azodrin®, 3-Hydroxy-N-methylcrotonamide dimethylphosphate, Monocron					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.25 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5600 OSHA PV2045	
Physical Description: Colorless to reddish-brown solid with a mild, ester odor. [insecticide]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 223.2 BP: 257°F Sol: Miscible F.L.P.: >200°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: ? VP: 0.000007 mmHg MLT: 129°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Metals, low molecular weight alcohols & glycols [Note: Corrosive to black iron, drum steel, stainless steel 304 & brass. Should be stored at 70-80°F.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, miosis, blurred vision; dizz, convuls; dysp; salv, abdom cramps, nau, diarr, vomit; in animals: possible terato effects TO: Eyes, resp sys, CNS, CVS, blood chol, repro sys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

M

Monomethyl aniline		Formula: C ₆ H ₅ NHCH ₃	CAS#: 100-61-8	RTECS#: BY4550000	IDLH: 100 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.38 mg/m ³		DOT: 2294 153			
Synonyms/Trade Names: MA, (Methylamino)benzene, N-Methyl aniline, Methylphenylamine, N-Phenylmethylamine					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.5 ppm (2 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL†: TWA 2 ppm (9 mg/m ³) [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 3511	
Physical Description: Yellow to light-brown liquid with a weak, ammonia-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 107.2 BP: 384°F Sol: Insoluble F.L.P.: 175°F IP: 7.32 eV Sp.Gr: 0.99 VP: 0.3 mmHg FRZ: -71°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIA Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 5 ppm: Sa 12.5 ppm: Sa:Cf 25 ppm: SaT:Cf/ScbaF/SaF 100 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong acids, strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Lass, dizz, head; dysp, cyan; methemo; pulm edema; liver, kidney damage TO: Resp sys, liver, kidneys, blood, CNS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Morpholine		Formula: C ₄ H ₉ ON	CAS#: 110-91-8	RTECS#: QD6475000	IDLH: 1400 ppm [10%LEL]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.56 mg/m ³		DOT: 2054 132			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Diethylene imidoxide; Diethylene oximide; Tetrahydro-1,4-oxazine; Tetrahydro-p-oxazine					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 20 ppm (70 mg/m ³) [skin] ST 30 ppm (105 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 20 ppm (70 mg/m ³) [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S150 (II-3)	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a weak, ammonia- or fish-like odor. [Note: A solid below 23°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 87.1 BP: 264°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P(oc): 98°F IP: 8.88 eV Sp.Gr: 1.007 VP: 6 mmHg FRZ: 23°F UEL: 11.2% LEL: 1.4% Class IC Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash (>15%) Quick drench (>25%)		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 500 ppm: Sa:Cf£/PapOV£ 1000 ppm: CcrFOv/GmFOv/PapTOv£/ScbaF/SaF 1400 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong acids, strong oxidizers, metals, nitro compounds [Note: Corrosive to metals.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, resp sys; vis dist; cough; in animals: liver, kidney damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, liver, kidneys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Naphtha (coal tar)		Formula:	CAS#: 8030-30-6	RTECS#: DE3030000	IDLH: 1000 ppm [10%LEL]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.50 mg/m ³ (approx)		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Crude solvent coal tar naphtha, High solvent naphtha, Naphtha					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 100 ppm (400 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 100 ppm (400 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1550	
Physical Description: Reddish-brown, mobile liquid with an aromatic odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 110 (approx) BP: 320-428°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: 100-109°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.89-0.97 VP: <5 mmHg FRZ: ? UEL: ? LEL: ? Class II Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 1000 ppm: Sa:Cf£/CcrFOv/GmFOv/PapOV£/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose; dizz, drow; dermat; in animals: liver, kidney damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, liver, kidneys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Naphthalene		Formula: C ₁₀ H ₈	CAS#: 91-20-3	RTECS#: QJ0525000	IDLH: 250 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.24 mg/m ³		DOT: 1334 133 (crude or refined); 2304 133 (molten)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Naphthalin, Tar camphor, White tar					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 ppm (50 mg/m ³) ST 15 ppm (75 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 10 ppm (50 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1501 OSHA 35	
Physical Description: Colorless to brown solid with an odor of mothballs. [Note: Shipped as a molten solid.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 128.2 BP: 424°F Sol: 0.003% Fl.P: 174°F IP: 8.12 eV Sp.Gr: 1.15 VP: 0.08 mmHg MLT: 176°F UEL: 5.9% LEL: 0.9% Combustible Solid, but will take some effort to ignite.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 100 ppm: CcrOv95*/Sa* 250 ppm: Sa:Cf*/CcrFOv100/ PaprOvHie*/ ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, chromic anhydride					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes; head, conf, excitement, mal; nau, vomit, abdom pain; irrit bladder; profuse sweat; jaun; hema, renal shutdown; derm, optical neuritis, corn damage TO: Eyes, skin, blood, liver, kidneys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Molten flush immed/sol-liq soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

N

Naphthalene diisocyanate		Formula: C ₁₀ H ₆ (NCO) ₂	CAS#: 3173-72-6	RTECS#: NQ9600000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 8.60 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1,5-Diisocyanatonaphthalene; 1,5-Naphthalene diisocyanate; 1,5-Naphthalene ester of isocyanic acid; NDI					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.040 mg/m ³ (0.005 ppm) C 0.170 mg/m ³ (0.020 ppm) [10-minute] OSHA PEL: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5525 OSHA PV2046	
Physical Description: White to light-yellow, crystalline flakes.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 210.2 BP: 505°F Sol: ? Fl.P(oc): 311°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: ? VP(75°F): 0.003 mmHg MLT: 261°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 0.05 ppm: Sa* 0.125 ppm: Sa:Cf* 0.25 ppm: ScbaF/SaF 1 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose, throat; resp sens, cough, pulm secretions, chest pain, dysp; asthma TO: Eyes, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

α-Naphthylamine		Formula: C ₁₀ H ₇ NH ₂	CAS#: 134-32-7	RTECS#: QM1400000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion:		DOT: 2077 153			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1-Aminonaphthalene, 1-Naphthylamine					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL: [1910.1004] See Appendix B				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5518 OSHA 93	
Physical Description: Colorless crystals with an ammonia-like odor. [Note: Darkens in air to a reddish-purple color.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 143.2 BP: 573°F Sol: 0.002% Fl.P: 315°F IP: 7.30 eV Sp.Gr: 1.12 VP(220°F): 1 mmHg MLT: 122°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE See Appendix E (page 351)	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizes in air					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Derm; hemorrhagic cystitis; dysp, ataxia, methemo, hema; dysuria; [carc] TO: Bladder, skin [bladder cancer]				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

N

β-Naphthylamine		Formula: C ₁₀ H ₇ NH ₂	CAS#: 91-59-8	RTECS#: QM2100000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion:		DOT: 1650 153			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 2-Aminonaphthalene, 2-Naphthylamine					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL: [1910.1009] See Appendix B				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5518 OSHA 93	
Physical Description: Odorless, white to red crystals with a faint, aromatic odor. [Note: Darkens in air to a reddish-purple color.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 143.2 BP: 583°F Sol: Miscible in hot water Fl.P: 315°F IP: 9.71 eV Sp.Gr(208°F): 1.06 VP(226°F): 1 mmHg MLT: 232°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE See Appendix E (page 351)	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Derm; hemorrhagic cystitis; dysp; ataxia; methemo, hema; dysuria; [carc] TO: Bladder, skin [bladder cancer]				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Niax® Catalyst ESN		Formula:	CAS#: 62765-93-9	RTECS#: QR3900000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: None [Note: A mixture of 95% dimethylaminopropionitrile & 5% bis(2-dimethylamino)ethyl ether.]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: See Appendix C OSHA PEL: See Appendix C				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: A liquid mixture. [Note: Used in the past as a catalyst in the manufacture of flexible polyurethane foams.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: mixture BP: ? Sol: ? Fl.P: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: ? VP: ? FRZ: ? UEL: ? LEL: ?		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/ SaF: Pd, Pp/ AScba Escape: GmFOV/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; urinary dist; neurological disorders; pins & needles in hands & feet; musc weak, lass, nau, vomit; decr nerve conduction in lower legs TO: Eyes, skin, urinary tract, PNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

N

Nickel carbonyl		Formula: Ni(CO) ₄	CAS#: 13463-39-3	RTECS#: QR6300000	IDLH: Ca [2 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 6.98 mg/m ³		DOT: 1259 131			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Nickel tetracarbonyl, Tetracarbonyl nickel					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA 0.001 ppm (0.007 mg/m ³) See Appendix A OSHA PEL: TWA 0.001 ppm (0.007 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 6007	
Physical Description: Colorless to yellow liquid with a musty odor. [Note: A gas above 110°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 170.7 BP: 110°F Sol: 0.05% Fl.P: <-4°F IP: 8.28 eV Sp.Gr(63°F): 1.32 VP: 315 mmHg FRZ: -13°F UEL: ? LEL: 2% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/ SaF: Pd, Pp/ AScba Escape: GmFS/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Nitric acid, bromine, chlorine & other oxidizers; flammable materials					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Abs, Con SY: Head, dizz; nau, vomit, epigastric pain; substernal pain; cough, hyperpnea; cyan; lass; leucyt, pneu; delirium, convuls; [carc]; in animals: repro, terato effects TO: Lungs, paranasal sinus, CNS, repro sys [lung & nasal cancer]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Nickel metal and other compounds (as Ni)	Formula: Ni (metal)	CAS#: 7440-02-0 (metal)	RTECS#: QR5950000 (metal)	IDLH: Ca [10 mg/m ³ (as Ni)]
Conversion:		DOT:		
Synonyms/Trade Names: Nickel metal: Elemental nickel, Nickel catalyst Synonyms of other nickel compounds vary depending upon the specific compound.				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL*: Ca TWA 0.015 mg/m ³ See Appendix A OSHA PEL*†: TWA 1 mg/m ³ [*Note: The REL and PEL do not apply to Nickel carbonyl.]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7300, 7301, 7303, 9102 OSHA ID121, ID125G	
Physical Description: Metal: Lustrous, silvery, odorless solid.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 58.7 BP: 5139°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 8.90 (Metal) VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 2831°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Metal: Combustible Solid; nickel sponge catalyst may ignite SPONTANEOUSLY in air.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong acids, sulfur, selenium, wood & other combustibles, nickel nitrate				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Sens derm, allergic asthma, pneu; [carc] TO: Nasal cavities, lungs, skin [lung and nasal cancer]			First Aid (see Table 6): Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Nicotine	Formula: C ₅ H ₇ NC ₂ H ₇ NCH ₃	CAS#: 54-11-5	RTECS#: QS5250000	IDLH: 5 mg/m ³
Conversion:		DOT: 1654 151		
Synonyms/Trade Names: 3-(1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidyl)pyridine				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2544, 2551	
Physical Description: Pale-yellow to dark-brown liquid with a fish-like odor when warm. [insecticide]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 162.2 BP: 482°F (Decomposes) Sol: Miscible Fl.P: 203°F IP: 8.01 eV Sp.Gr: 1.01 VP: 0.08 mmHg FRZ: -110°F UEL: 4.0% LEL: 0.7% Class IIIB Combustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 5 mg/m ³ : Sa/ScbaF ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, strong acids				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Nau, salv, abdom pain, vomit, diarr; head, dizz, hearing, vis dist; conf, lass, inco; card arrhy; convuls, dysp; in animals: terato effects TO: CNS, CVS, lungs, GI tract, repro sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Nitric acid	Formula: HNO ₃	CAS#: 7697-37-2	RTECS#: QU5775000	IDLH: 25 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.58 mg/m ³		DOT: 2032 157 (fuming); 2031 157 (other than red fuming)		
Synonyms/Trade Names: Aqua fortis, Engravers acid, Hydrogen nitrate, Red fuming nitric acid (RFNA), White fuming nitric acid (WFNA)				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 2 ppm (5 mg/m ³) ST 4 ppm (10 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 2 ppm (5 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7903 OSHA ID165SG	
Physical Description: Colorless, yellow, or red, fuming liquid with an acrid, suffocating odor. [Note: Often used in an aqueous solution. Fuming nitric acid is concentrated nitric acid that contains dissolved nitrogen dioxide.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 63.0 BP: 181°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P: NA IP: 11.95 eV Sp.Gr(77°F): 1.50 VP: 48 mmHg FRZ: -44°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Liquid, but increases the flammability of combustible materials.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash (pH<2.5) Quick drench (pH<2.5)		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 25 ppm: Sa:Cf*/CcrFS ₂ /GmFS ₂ /ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF: Pd,Pp/SaF: Pd,Pp: AScba Escape: GmFS ₂ /ScbaE	
	Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Combustible materials, metallic powders, hydrogen sulfide, carbides, alcohols [Note: Reacts with water to produce heat. Corrosive to metals.]			
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; delayed pulm edema, pneu, bron; dental erosion TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, teeth			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

N

Nitric oxide	Formula: NO	CAS#: 10102-43-9	RTECS#: QX0525000	IDLH: 100 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 1.23 mg/m ³		DOT: 1660 124		
Synonyms/Trade Names: Mononitrogen monoxide, Nitrogen monoxide				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 25 ppm (30 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 25 ppm (30 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 6014 OSHA ID190	
Physical Description: Colorless gas. [Note: Shipped as a nonliquefied compressed gas.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 30.0 BP: -241°F Sol: 5% Fl.P: NA IP: 9.27 eV RGasD: 1.04 VP: 34.2 atm FRZ: -263°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Nonflammable Gas, but will accelerate the burning of combustible materials.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 100 ppm: Sa:C*/CcrFS ₂ /PaprS* ₂ /GmFS ₂ /Sa*/ScbaF §: ScbaF: Pd,Pp/SaF: Pd,Pp: AScba Escape: GmFS ₂ /ScbaE	
	Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Fluorine, combustible materials, ozone, NH ₃ , chlorinated hydrocarbons, metals, carbon disulfide [Note: Reacts with water to form nitric acid. Rapidly converted in air to nitrogen dioxide.]			
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh SY: Irrit eyes, wet skin, nose, throat; drow, uncon; methemo TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, blood, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Breath: Resp support	

p-Nitroaniline		Formula: NO ₂ C ₆ H ₄ NH ₂	CAS#: 100-01-6	RTECS#: BY7000000	IDLH: 300 mg/m ³
Conversion:		DOT: 1661 153			
Synonyms/Trade Names: para-Aminonitrobenzene, 4-Nitroaniline, 4-Nitrobenzenamine, p-Nitrophenylamine, PNA					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 3 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL†: TWA 6 mg/m ³ (1 ppm) [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5033	
Physical Description: Bright yellow, crystalline powder with a slight ammonia-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 138.1 BP: 630°F Sol: 0.08% Fl.P: 390°F IP: 8.85 eV Sp.Gr: 1.42 VP: 0.00002 mmHg MLT: 295°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 30 mg/m³: Sa* 75 mg/m³: Sa;Cf* 150 mg/m³: ScbaF/SaF 300 mg/m³: SaF;Pd,Pp §: ScbaF;Pd,Pp/SaF;Pd,Pp;AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, strong reducers [Note: May result in spontaneous heating of organic materials in the presence of moisture.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit nose, throat; cyan, ataxia; tacar, tachypnea; dysp; irrity; vomit, diarr; convuls; resp arrest; anemia; methemo; jaundice TO: Resp sys, blood, heart, liver				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

N

Nitrobenzene		Formula: C ₆ H ₅ NO ₂	CAS#: 98-95-3	RTECS#: DA6475000	IDLH: 200 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.04 mg/m ³		DOT: 1662 152			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Essence of mirbane, Nitrobenzol, Oil of mirbane					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1 ppm (5 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 1 ppm (5 mg/m ³) [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2005, 2017	
Physical Description: Yellow, oily liquid with a pungent odor like paste shoe polish. [Note: A solid below 42°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 123.1 BP: 411°F Sol: 0.2% Fl.P: 190°F IP: 9.92 eV Sp.Gr: 1.20 VP(77°F): 0.3 mmHg FRZ: 42°F UEL: ? LEL(200°F): 1.8% Class IIIA Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: N.R. Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 10 ppm: CcrOv*/Sa* 25 ppm: Sa;Cf*/PaprOv* 50 ppm: CcrFOv/GmFOv/PaprTOv*/ ScbaF/SaF 200 ppm: SaF;Pd,Pp §: ScbaF;Pd,Pp/SaF;Pd,Pp;AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Concentrated nitric acid, nitrogen tetroxide, caustics, phosphorus pentachloride, chemically-active metals such as tin or zinc					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; anoxia; dermat; anemia; methemo; in animals: liver, kidney damage; testicular effects TO: Eyes, skin, blood, liver, kidneys, CVS, repro sys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

4-Nitrobiphenyl	Formula: C ₆ H ₅ C ₆ H ₄ NO ₂	CAS#: 92-93-3	RTECS#: DV5600000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: p-Nitrobiphenyl, p-Nitrodiphenyl, 4-Nitrodiphenyl, p-Phenylnitrobenzene, 4-Phenylnitrobenzene, PNB				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL: [1910.1003] See Appendix B			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH P&CAM273 (II-4) OSHA PV2082	
Physical Description: White to yellow, needle-like, crystalline solid with a sweetish odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 199.2 BP: 644°F Sol: Insoluble F.I.P: 290°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: ? VP: ? MLT: 237°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE See Appendix E (page 351)		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong reducers				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Head, drow, dizz; dysp; ataxia, lass; methemo; urinary burning; acute hemorrhagic cystitis; [carc] TO: Bladder, blood [in animals: bladder tumors]		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

N

p-Nitrochlorobenzene	Formula: ClC ₆ H ₄ NO ₂	CAS#: 100-00-5	RTECS#: CZ1050000	IDLH: Ca [100 mg/m ³]
Conversion:	DOT: 1578 152			
Synonyms/Trade Names: p-Chloronitrobenzene, 4-Chloronitrobenzene, 1-Chloro-4-nitrobenzene, 4-Nitrochlorobenzene, PCNB, PNCB				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 1 mg/m ³ [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2005	
Physical Description: Yellow, crystalline solid with a sweet odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 157.6 BP: 468°F Sol: Slight F.I.P: 261°F IP: 9.96 eV Sp.Gr: 1.52 VP(86°F): 0.2 mmHg MLT: 182°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Solid that does not burn, or burns with difficulty.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, alkalis				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Anoxia; unpleasant taste; anemia; methemo; in animals: hema; spleen, kidney, bone marrow changes; repro effects; [carc] TO: Blood, liver, kidneys, CVS, spleen, bone marrow, repro sys [in animals: vascular & liver tumors]		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Nitroethane	Formula: CH ₃ CH ₂ NO ₂	CAS#: 79-24-3	RTECS#: KI5600000	IDLH: 1000 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.07 mg/m ³		DOT: 2842 129		
Synonyms/Trade Names: Nitroetan				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 100 ppm (310 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 100 ppm (310 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2526	
Physical Description: Colorless, oily liquid with a mild, fruity odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 75.1 BP: 237°F Sol: 5% FLP: 82°F IP: 10.88 eV Sp.Gr: 1.05 VP(77°F): 21 mmHg FRZ: -130°F UEL: ? LEL: 3.4% Class IC Flammable Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 1000 ppm: ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Amines; strong acids, alkalis & oxidizers; hydrocarbons; combustibles; metal oxides				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Derm; in animals: lac; dysp, pulm rales, edema; liver, kidney inj; narco TO: Skin, resp sys, CNS, kidneys, liver			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	
N				
Nitrogen dioxide	Formula: NO ₂	CAS#: 10102-44-0	RTECS#: QW9800000	IDLH: 20 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 1.88 mg/m ³		DOT: 1067 124		
Synonyms/Trade Names: Dinitrogen tetroxide (N ₂ O ₄), Nitrogen peroxide				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: ST 1 ppm (1.8 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: C 5 ppm (9 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 6014 OSHA ID182	
Physical Description: Yellowish-brown liquid or reddish-brown gas (above 70°F) with a pungent, acrid odor. [Note: In solid form (below 15°F) it is found structurally as N ₂ O ₄ .]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 46.0 BP: 70°F Sol: Reacts FLP: NA IP: 9.75 eV RGasD: 2.62 Sp.Gr: 1.44 (Liquid at 68°F) VP: 720 mmHg FRZ: 15°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Liquid/Gas, but will accelerate the burning of combustible materials.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 20 ppm: Sa:CfE/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS ₂ /ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Combustible material, water, chlorinated hydrocarbons, carbon disulfide, ammonia [Note: Reacts with water to form nitric acid.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose, throat; cough, mucoid frothy sputum, decr pulm func, chronic bron, dysp; chest pain; pulm edema, cyan, tachypnea, tacar TO: Eyes, resp sys, CVS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Nitrogen trifluoride		Formula: NF ₃	CAS#: 7783-54-2	RTECS#: QX1925000	IDLH: 1000 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.90 mg/m ³		DOT: 2451 122			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Nitrogen fluoride, Trifluoramine, Trifluorammonia					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 ppm (29 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 10 ppm (29 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless gas with a moldy odor. [Note: Shipped as a nonliquefied compressed gas.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 71.0 BP: -200°F Sol: Slight F.L.P.: NA IP: 12.97 eV RGasD: 2.46 VP: >1 atm FRZ: -340°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Nonflammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 100 ppm: CcrS/Sa 250 ppm: Sa:Cf/PapR/S 500 ppm: CcrFS/GmFS/PapRTS*/ SaT:C*/ScbaF/SaF 1000 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Water, oil, grease, oxidizable materials, ammonia, carbon monoxide, methane, hydrogen, hydrogen sulfide, activated charcoal, diborane					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh SY: In animals: anoxia, cyan; methemo; lass, dizz, head; liver, kidney inj TO: Blood, liver, kidneys				First Aid (see Table 6): Breath: Resp support	

N

Nitroglycerine		Formula: CH ₂ NO ₃ CHNO ₂ CH ₂ NO ₃	CAS#: 55-63-0	RTECS#: QX2100000	IDLH: 75 mg/m ³
Conversion: 1 ppm = 9.29 mg/m ³		DOT: 1204 127 (≤ 1% solution in alcohol); 3064 127 (1-5% solution in alcohol)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Glyceryl trinitrate; NG; 1,2,3-Propanetriol trinitrate; Trinitroglycerine					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: ST 0.1 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL†: C 0.2 ppm (2 mg/m ³) [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2507 OSHA 43	
Physical Description: Colorless to pale-yellow, viscous liquid or solid (below 56°F). [Note: An explosive ingredient in dynamite (20-40%) with ethylene glycol dinitrate (80-60%).]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 227.1 BP: Begins to decompose at 122-140°F Sol: 0.1% F.L.P.: Explodes IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.60 VP: 0.0003 mmHg FRZ: 56°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Explosive Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: Daily Provide: Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 1 mg/m³: Sa* 2.5 mg/m³: Sa:Cf* 5 mg/m³: SaT:Cf*/ScbaF/SaF 75 mg/m³: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Heat, ozone, shock, acids [Note: An OSHA Class A Explosive (1910.109).]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Throb head; dizz; nau, vomit, abdom pain; hypotension; flush; palp; methemo; delirium, CNS depres; angina; skin irrit TO: CVS, blood, skin, CNS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Nitromethane		Formula: CH ₃ NO ₂	CAS#: 75-52-5	RTECS#: PA9800000	IDLH: 750 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.50 mg/m ³		DOT: 1261 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Nitrocarbol					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: See Appendix D OSHA PEL: TWA 100 ppm (250 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2527	
Physical Description: Colorless, oily liquid with a disagreeable odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 61.0 BP: 214°F Sol: 10% FLP: 95°F IP: 11.08 eV Sp.Gr: 1.14 VP: 28 mmHg FRZ: -20°F UEL: ? LEL: 7.3% Class IC Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): OSHA 750 ppm: Sa:CfE/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Amines; strong acids, alkalis & oxidizers; hydrocarbons & other combustible materials; metallic oxides [Note: Slowly corrodes steel & copper when wet.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Derm; in animals: irrit eyes, resp sys; convuls, narco; liver damage TO: Eyes, skin, CNS, liver				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	
2-Nitronaphthalene		Formula: C ₁₀ H ₇ NO ₂	CAS#: 581-89-5	RTECS#: QJ9760000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion:		DOT: 2538 133			
Synonyms/Trade Names: β-Nitronaphthalene					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca* See Appendix A [* Note: Since metabolized to β-Naphthylamine.]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
OSHA PEL: none					
Physical Description: Colorless solid.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 178.2 BP: ? Sol: Insoluble FLP: ? IP: 8.67 eV Sp.Gr: ? VP: ? MLT: 174°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ¥: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: For "Nitrates" in general: Aluminum, cyanides, esters, phosphorus, tin chlorides, thiocyanates, sodium hypophosphite					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit skin, resp sys; derm; [carc] TO: Skin, resp sys [bladder cancer]				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

1-Nitropropane	Formula: CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₂ NO ₂	CAS#: 108-03-2	RTECS#: TZ5075000	IDLH: 1000 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.64 mg/m ³	DOT: 2608 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Nitropropane, 1-NP				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 25 ppm (90 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 25 ppm (90 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA 46	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a somewhat disagreeable odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 89.1 BP: 269°F Sol: 1% Fl.P: 96°F IP: 10.81 eV Sp.Gr: 1.00 VP: 8 mmHg FRZ: -162°F UEL: ? LEL: 2.2% Class IC Flammable Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: N.R. Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 250 ppm: Sa* 625 ppm: Sa: Cf* 1000 ppm: ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Amines; strong acids, alkalis & oxidizers; hydrocarbons & other combustible materials; metal oxides				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes; head, nau, vomit, diarr; in animals: liver, kidney damage TO: Eyes, CNS, liver, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

N

2-Nitropropane	Formula: (CH ₃) ₂ CH(NO ₂)	CAS#: 79-46-9	RTECS#: TZ5250000	IDLH: Ca [100 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.64 mg/m ³	DOT: 2608 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Dimethylnitromethane, iso-Nitropropane, 2-NP				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL†: TWA 25 ppm (90 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2528 OSHA 15, 46	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a pleasant, fruity odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 89.1 BP: 249°F Sol: 2% Fl.P: 75°F IP: 10.71 eV Sp.Gr: 0.99 VP: 13 mmHg FRZ: -135°F UEL: 11.0% LEL: 2.6% Class IC Flammable Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ¥: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Amines; strong acids, alkalis & oxidizers; metal oxides; combustible materials				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, resp sys; head, anor, nau, vomit, diarr; kidney, liver damage; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, kidneys, liver [in animals: liver tumors]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

N-Nitrosodimethylamine		Formula: (CH ₃) ₂ N ₂ O	CAS#: 62-75-9	RTECS#: IQ0525000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Dimethylnitrosamine; N,N-Dimethylnitrosamine; DMNA; N-Methyl-N-nitroso-methanamine; NDMA; N-Nitroso-N,N-dimethylamine					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL: [1910.1016] See Appendix B				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2522 OSHA 38	
Physical Description: Yellow, oily liquid with a faint, characteristic odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 74.1 BP: 306°F Sol: Soluble Fl.P.: ? IP: 8.69 eV Sp.Gr: 1.005 VP: 3 mmHg FRZ: ? UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE See Appendix E (page 351)	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers [Note: Should be stored in dark bottles.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Nau, vomit, diarr, abdom cramps; head; fever; enlarged liver, jaun; decr liver, kidney, pulm func; [carc] TO: Liver, kidneys,lungs [in animals; lung, kidney, liver & nasal cavity tumors]				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

N

m-Nitrotoluene		Formula: NO ₂ C ₆ H ₄ CH ₃	CAS#: 99-08-1	RTECS#: XT2975000	IDLH: 200 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.61 mg/m ³		DOT: 1664 152			
Synonyms/Trade Names: m-Methylnitrobenzene, 3-Methylnitrobenzene, meta-Nitrotoluene, 3-Nitrotoluene					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 2 ppm (11 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL†: TWA 5 ppm (30 mg/m ³) [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2005	
Physical Description: Yellow liquid with a weak, aromatic odor. [Note: A solid below 59°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 137.1 BP: 450°F Sol: 0.05% Fl.P: 223°F IP: 9.48 eV Sp.Gr: 1.16 VP: 0.1 mmHg FRZ: 59°F UEL: ? LEL: 1.6% Class IIIB Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 20 ppm: Sa* 50 ppm: Sa:Cf* 100 ppm: SaT:Cf*/ScbaF/SaF 200 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOV100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, sulfuric acid					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Anoxia, cyan; head, lass, dizz; ataxia; dysp; tacar; nau, vomit TO: Blood, CNS, CVS, skin, GI tract				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

o-Nitrotoluene		Formula: NO ₂ C ₆ H ₄ CH ₃	CAS#: 88-72-2	RTECS#: XT3150000	IDLH: 200 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.61 mg/m ³		DOT: 1664 152			
Synonyms/Trade Names: o-Methylnitrobenzene, 2-Methylnitrobenzene, ortho-Nitrotoluene, 2-Nitrotoluene					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 2 ppm (11 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL†: TWA 5 ppm (30 mg/m ³) [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2005	
Physical Description: Yellow liquid with a weak, aromatic odor. [Note: A solid below 25°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 137.1 BP: 432°F Sol: 0.07% Fl.P: 223°F IP: 9.43 eV Sp.Gr: 1.16 VP: 0.1 mmHg FRZ: 25°F UEL: ? LEL: 2.2% Class IIIB Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 20 ppm: Sa* 50 ppm: Sa:Cf* 100 ppm: SaT:Cf*/ScbaF/SaF 200 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, sulfuric acid					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Anoxia, cyan; head, lass, dizz; ataxia; dysp; tacar; nau, vomit TO: Blood, CNS, CVS, skin, GI tract				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

N

p-Nitrotoluene		Formula: NO ₂ C ₆ H ₄ CH ₃	CAS#: 99-99-0	RTECS#: XT3325000	IDLH: 200 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.61 mg/m ³		DOT: 1664 152			
Synonyms/Trade Names: p-Methylnitrobenzene, 4-Methylnitrobenzene, para-Nitrotoluene, 4-Nitrotoluene					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 2 ppm (11 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL†: TWA 5 ppm (30 mg/m ³) [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2005	
Physical Description: Crystalline solid with a weak, aromatic odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 137.1 BP: 460°F Sol: 0.04% Fl.P: 223°F IP: 9.50 eV Sp.Gr: 1.12 VP: 0.1 mmHg MLT: 126°F UEL: ? LEL: 1.6% Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 20 ppm: Sa* 50 ppm: Sa:Cf* 100 ppm: SaT:Cf*/ScbaF/SaF 200 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, sulfuric acid					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Anoxia, cyan; head, lass, dizz; ataxia; dysp; tacar; nau, vomit TO: Blood, CNS, CVS, skin, GI tract				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Nitrous oxide	Formula: N ₂ O	CAS#: 10024-97-2	RTECS#: QX1350000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 1.80 mg/m ³		DOT: 1070 122; 2201 122 (refrigerated liquid)		
Synonyms/Trade Names: Dinitrogen monoxide, Hyponitrous acid anhydride, Laughing gas				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL*: TWA 25 ppm (46 mg/m ³) (TWA over the time exposed) [*Note: REL for exposure to waste anesthetic gas.] OSHA PEL: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 3800, 6600 OSHA ID166	
Physical Description: Colorless gas with a slightly sweet odor. [inhalation anesthetic] [Note: Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 44.0 BP: -127°F Sol(77°F): 0.1% F.I.P: NA IP: 12.89 eV RGasD: 1.53 VP: 51.3 atm FRZ: -132°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Nonflammable Gas, but supports combustion at elevated temperatures.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Frostbite Eyes: Frostbite Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R. Provide: Frostbite wash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Aluminum, boron, hydrazine, lithium hydride, phosphine, sodium				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con (liquid) SY: Dysp; drow, head; asphy; repro effects; liquid: frostbite TO: Resp sys, CNS, repro sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Frostbite Skin: Frostbite Breath: Fresh air	

Nonane	Formula: CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₇ CH ₃	CAS#: 111-84-2	RTECS#: RA6115000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.25 mg/m ³		DOT: 1920 128		
Synonyms/Trade Names: n-Nonane, Nonyl hydride				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 200 ppm (1050 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a gasoline-like odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 128.3 BP: 303°F Sol: Insoluble F.I.P: 88°F IP: 10.21 eV Sp.Gr: 0.72 VP: 3 mmHg FRZ: -60°F UEL: 2.9% LEL: 0.8% Class IC Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: Daily Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers (e.g., peroxides, nitrates, perchlorates)				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; head, drow, dizz, conf, nau, tremor, inco; chemical pneu (aspir liquid) TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

1-Nonanethiol		Formula: CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₈ SH	CAS#: 1455-21-6	RTECS#:	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 6.56 mg/m ³		DOT: 1228 131			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1-Mercaptononane, n-Nonyl mercaptan, Nonylthiol					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 0.5 ppm (3.3 mg/m ³) [15-minute] OSHA PEL: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Liquid.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 160.3 BP: ? Sol: Insoluble Fl.P.: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr.: ? VP: ? FRZ: ? UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 5 ppm: CcrOv/Sa 12.5 ppm: Sa:Cf/PaprOv 25 ppm: CcrFOv/GmFOv/PaprTOv/ ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, reducing agents, strong acids & bases, alkali metals					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; lass, cyan, incr respiration, nau, drow, head, vomit TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, blood, CNS		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed			

Octachloronaphthalene		Formula: C ₁₀ Cl ₈	CAS#: 2234-13-1	RTECS#: QK0250000	IDLH: See Appendix F
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Halowax® 1051; 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8-Octachloronaphthalene; Perchloronaphthalene					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ ST 0.3 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL†: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S97 (II-2)	
Physical Description: Waxy, pale-yellow solid with an aromatic odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 403.7 BP: 770°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P.: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr.: 2.00 VP: <1 mmHg MLT: 365°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 1 mg/m³: Sa/ScbaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE See Appendix F	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Acne-form dermat; liver damage, jaun TO: Skin, liver		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed			

1-Octadecanethiol		Formula: CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₁₇ SH	CAS#: 2885-00-9	RTECS#:	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 11.72 mg/m ³		DOT: 1228 131 (liquid)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1-Mercaptooctadecane, Octadecyl mercaptan, Stearyl mercaptan					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 0.5 ppm (5.9 mg/m ³) [15-minute] OSHA PEL: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Solid or liquid (above 77°F).					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 286.6 BP: ? Sol: Insoluble F.I.P.: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.85 VP: ? MLT: 77°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 5 ppm: CcrOv/Sa 12.5 ppm: Sa:Cf/Pap/Ov 25 ppm: CcrFOv/GmFOv/PapTOv/ ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, reducing agents, strong acids & bases, alkali metals					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; head, dizz, lass, cyan, nau, convuls TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, blood			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		
Octane		Formula: CH ₃ [CH ₂] ₆ CH ₃	CAS#: 111-65-9	RTECS#: RG8400000	IDLH: 1000 ppm [10%LEL]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.67 mg/m ³		DOT: 1262 128			
Synonyms/Trade Names: n-Octane, normal-Octane					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 75 ppm (350 mg/m ³) C 385 ppm (1800 mg/m ³) [15-minute] OSHA PEL†: TWA 500 ppm (2350 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1500 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a gasoline-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 114.2 BP: 258°F Sol(77°F): 0.00007% F.I.P.: 56°F IP: 9.82 eV Sp.Gr: 0.70 VP: 10 mmHg FRZ: -70°F UEL: 6.5% LEL: 1.0% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 750 ppm: Sa* 1000 ppm: Sa:Cf/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose; drow; derm; chemical pneu (aspir liquid); in animals: narco TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

1-Octanethiol	Formula: CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₇ SH	CAS#: 111-88-6	RTECS#:	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.98 mg/m ³	DOT: 1228 131			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1-Mercaptooctane, n-Octyl mercaptan, Octylthiol, 1-Octylthiol				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 0.5 ppm (3.0 mg/m ³) [15-minute] OSHA PEL: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2510	
Physical Description: Water-white liquid with a mild odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 146.3 BP: 390°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P(oc): 115°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.84 VP(212°F): 3 mmHg FRZ: -57°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class II Combustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 5 ppm: CcrOv/Sa 12.5 ppm: Sa:Cf/PaprvOv 25 ppm: CcrFOv/GmFOv/PaprvTOv/ ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, reducing agents, strong acids & bases, alkali metals				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; lass, cyan, incr respiration, nau, drow, head, vomit TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, blood, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Oil mist (mineral)	Formula:	CAS#: 8012-95-1	RTECS#: PY8030000	IDLH: 2500 mg/m ³
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Heavy mineral oil mist, Paraffin oil mist, White mineral oil mist				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ ST 10 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/m ³			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5026, 5524	
Physical Description: Colorless, oily liquid aerosol dispersed in air. [Note: Has an odor like burned lubricating oil.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: Varies BP: 680°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P(oc): 380°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.90 VP: <0.5 mmHg FRZ: 0°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIB Combustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 50 mg/m³: 100XQ/Sa 125 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/PaprvHie 250 mg/m³: 100F/SaT:Cf/PaprvTHie/ ScbaF/SaF 2500 mg/m³: Sa:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Skin: Soap wash Breath: Fresh air	

Osmium tetroxide	Formula: OsO ₄	CAS#: 20816-12-0	RTECS#: RN1140000	IDLH: 1 mg/m ³
Conversion: 1 ppm = 10.40 mg/m ³	DOT: 2471 154			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Osmic acid anhydride, Osmium oxide				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.002 mg/m ³ (0.0002 ppm) ST 0.006 mg/m ³ (0.0006 ppm) OSHA PEL†: TWA 0.002 mg/m ³			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless, crystalline solid or pale-yellow mass with an unpleasant, acrid, chlorine-like odor. [Note: A liquid above 105°F.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 254.2 BP: 266°F Sol(77°F): 6% Fl.P: NA IP: 12.60 eV Sp.Gr: 5.10 VP: 7 mmHg MLT: 105°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 0.1 mg/m³: CcrFS100/GmFS100/ ScbaF/SaF 1 mg/m³: SaF: Pd, Pp §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFS100/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Hydrochloric acid, easily oxidized organic materials [Note: Begins to sublime below BP. Contact with other materials may cause fire.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, resp sys; lac, vis dist; conj; head; cough, dysp; derm TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	
Oxalic acid	Formula: HOCCOOH×2H ₂ O	CAS#: 144-62-7	RTECS#: RO2450000	IDLH: 500 mg/m ³
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Ethanedioic acid, Oxalic acid (aqueous), Oxalic acid dihydrate				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1 mg/m ³ ST 2 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: TWA 1 mg/m ³			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless, odorless powder or granular solid. [Note: The anhydrous form (COOH) ₂ is an odorless, white solid.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 126.1 BP: Sublimes Sol: 14% Fl.P: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.90 VP: <0.001 mmHg MLT: 215°F (Sublimes) UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 25 mg/m³: Sa: CfE/PapriHieE 50 mg/m³: 100F/ScbaF/SaF 500 mg/m³: SaF: Pd, Pp §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, silver compounds, strong alkalis, chlorites [Note: Gives off water of crystallization at 215°F and begins to sublime.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; eye burns; local pain, cyan; shock, collapse, convuls; kidney damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Oxygen difluoride	Formula: OF ₂	CAS#: 7783-41-7	RTECS#: RS2100000	IDLH: 0.5 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.21 mg/m ³	DOT: 2190 124			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Difluorine monoxide, Fluorine monoxide, Oxygen fluoride				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 0.05 ppm (0.1 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 0.05 ppm (0.1 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless gas with a peculiar, foul odor. [Note: Shipped as a nonliquefied compressed gas.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 54.0 BP: -230°F Sol: 0.02% F.I.P: NA IP: 13.11 eV RGasD: 1.88 VP: >1 atm FRZ: -371°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Nonflammable Gas, but a strong oxidizer.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 0.5 ppm: Sa/ScbaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFS ₂ /ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Combustible materials, chlorine, bromine, iodine, platinum, metal oxides, moist air, hydrogen sulfide, hydrocarbons, water [Note: Reacts very slowly with water to form hydrofluoric acid.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; head; pulm edema; eye, skin burns (from contact with the gas under pressure) TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support	

Ozone	Formula: O ₃	CAS#: 10028-15-6	RTECS#: RS8225000	IDLH: 5 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 1.96 mg/m ³	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Triatomic oxygen				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 0.1 ppm (0.2 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 0.1 ppm (0.2 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA ID214	
Physical Description: Colorless to blue gas with a very pungent odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 48.0 BP: -169°F Sol(32°F): 0.001% F.I.P: NA IP: 12.52 eV RGasD: 1.66 VP: >1 atm FRZ: -315°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Nonflammable Gas, but a powerful oxidizer.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 1 ppm: CcrS ₂ /Sa 2.5 ppm: Sa; Cf/Paprs ₂ 5 ppm: CcrFS ₂ /GmFS ₂ /SaT: Cf/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFS ₂ /ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: All oxidizable materials (both organic & inorganic)				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, muc memb; pulm edema; chronic resp disease TO: Eyes, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Medical attention Breath: Fresh air; 100% O ₂	

Paraffin wax fume	Formula: C _n H _{2n+2}	CAS#: 8002-74-2	RTECS#: RV0350000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Paraffin fume, Paraffin scale fume				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 2 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA PV2047	
Physical Description: Paraffin wax is a white to slightly yellowish, odorless solid. [Note: Consists of a mixture of high molecular weight hydrocarbons (e.g., C ₃₀ H ₇₄).]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 350-420 BP: ? Sol: Insoluble FI.P: 390°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.88-0.92 VP: ? MLT: 115-154°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; discomfort, nau TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Resp support	

Paraquat (Paraquat dichloride)	Formula: CH ₃ (C ₅ H ₄ N) ₂ CH ₃ ×2Cl	CAS#: 1910-42-5	RTECS#: DW2275000	IDLH: 1 mg/m ³
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1,1'-Dimethyl-4,4'-bipyridinium dichloride; N,N'-Dimethyl-4,4'-bipyridinium dichloride; Paraquat chloride; Paraquat dichloride [Note: Paraquat is a cation (C ₁₂ H ₁₄ N ₂ ⁺⁺ ; 1,1-Dimethyl-4,4-bipyridinium ion); the commercial product is the dichloride salt of paraquat.]				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ (resp) [skin] OSHA PEL†: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ (resp) [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5003	
Physical Description: Yellow solid with a faint, ammonia-like odor. [herbicide] [Note: Paraquat may also be found commercially as a methyl sulfate salt C ₁₂ H ₁₄ N ₂ ×2CH ₃ SO ₄ .]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 257.2 BP: Decomposes Sol: Miscible FI.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.24 VP: <0.0000001 mmHg MLT: 572°F (Decomposes) UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 1 mg/m³: CcrOv95*/PapOvHie*/ Sa*/ScbaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, alkylaryl-sulfonate wetting agents [Note: Corrosive to metals. Decomposes in presence of ultraviolet light.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat, resp sys; epis; derm; fingernail damage; irrit GI tract; heart, liver, kidney damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, heart, liver, kidneys, GI tract			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Parathion	Formula: (C ₂ H ₅ O) ₂ P(S)OC ₆ H ₄ NO ₂	CAS#: 56-38-2	RTECS#: TF4550000	IDLH: 10 mg/m ³
Conversion:	DOT: 2783 152			
Synonyms/Trade Names: O,O-Diethyl-O(p-nitrophenyl) phosphorothioate; Diethyl parathion; Ethyl parathion; Parathion-ethyl				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.05 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5600 OSHA 62	
Physical Description: Pale-yellow to dark-brown liquid with a garlic-like odor. [Note: A solid below 43°F. Pesticide that may be absorbed on a dry carrier.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 291.3 BP: 707°F Sol: 0.001% Fl.P(oc): 392°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.27 VP: 0.00004 mmHg FRZ: 43°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIB Combustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 0.5 mg/m³: CcrOv95/Sa 1.25 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/PapRovHie 2.5 mg/m³: CcrFOv100/SaT:Cf/ PapRTOvHie/ScbaF/SaF 10 mg/m³: Sa:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, alkaline materials				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; miosis; rhin; head; chest tight, wheez, lar spasm, salv, cyan; anor, nau, vomit, abdom cramps, diarr; sweat; musc fasc, lass, para; dizz, conf, ataxia; convuls, coma; low BP; card irreg TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, CVS, blood chol			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Particulates not otherwise regulated	Formula:	CAS#:	RTECS#:	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: "Inert" dusts, Nuisance dusts, PNOR [Note: Includes all inert or nuisance dusts, whether mineral, inorganic, not listed specifically in 1910.1000.]				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: See Appendix D OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500, 0600	
Physical Description: Dusts from solid substances without specific occupational exposure standards.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: Properties vary depending upon the specific solid.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Varies				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, throat, upper resp sys TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Fresh air	

P

Pentaborane	Formula: B ₅ H ₉	CAS#: 19624-22-7	RTECS#: RY8925000	IDLH: 1 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.58 mg/m ³	DOT: 1380 135			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Pentaboron nonahydride				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.005 ppm (0.01 mg/m ³) ST 0.015 ppm (0.03 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 0.005 ppm (0.01 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a pungent odor like sour milk.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 63.1 BP: 140°F Sol: Reacts Fl.P: 86°F IP: 9.90 eV Sp.Gr: 0.62 VP: 171 mmHg FRZ: -52°F UEL: ? LEL: 0.42% Class IC Flammable Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 0.05 ppm: Sa 0.125 ppm: Sa:Cf 0.25 ppm: Sa:T:Cf/ScbaF/SaF 1 ppm: Sa:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, halogens, water, halogenated hydrocarbons [Note: May ignite SPONTANEOUSLY in moist air. Corrosive to natural rubber. Hydrolyzes slowly with heat in water to form boric acid.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; dizz, head, drow, inco, tremor, convuls, behavioral changes; tonic spasm face, neck, abdom, limbs TO: Eyes, skin, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	
P				
Pentachloroethane	Formula: CHCl ₂ CCl ₃	CAS#: 76-01-7	RTECS#: Kl6300000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT: 1669 151			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Ethane pentachloride, Pentalin				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Handle with care in the workplace. See Appendix C (Chloroethanes) OSHA PEL: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2517	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a sweetish, chloroform-like odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 202.3 BP: 322°F Sol: 0.05% Fl.P: ? IP: 11.28 eV Sp.Gr: 1.68 VP: 3 mmHg FRZ: -20°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: (Sodium-potassium alloy + bromoform), alkalis, metals, water [Note: Hydrolysis produces dichloroacetic acid. Reaction with alkalis & metals produces spontaneously explosive chloroacetylenes.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: In animals: irrit eyes, skin; lass, restless, irreg respiration, musc inco; liver, kidney, lung changes TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, liver, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Pentachloronaphthalene		Formula: C ₁₀ H ₃ Cl ₅	CAS#: 1321-64-8	RTECS#: QK0300000	IDLH: See Appendix F
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Halowax® 1013; 1,2,3,4,5-Pentachloronaphthalene					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S96 (II-2)	
Physical Description: Pale-yellow or white solid or powder with an aromatic odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 300.4 BP: 636°F Sol: Insoluble F.I.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.67 VP: <1 mmHg MLT: 248°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 5 mg/m³: Sa*/ScbaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE See Appendix F	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Head, lass, dizz, anor; pruritus, acne-form skin eruptions; jaun, liver nec TO: Skin, liver, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap prompt/molten flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical Attention immed		

Pentachlorophenol		Formula: C ₆ Cl ₅ OH	CAS#: 87-86-5	RTECS#: SM6300000	IDLH: 2.5 mg/m ³
Conversion:		DOT: 3155 154			
Synonyms/Trade Names: PCP; Penta; 2,3,4,5,6-Pentachlorophenol					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5512	
Physical Description: Colorless to white, crystalline solid with a benzene-like odor. [fungicide]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 266.4 BP: 588°F (Decomposes) Sol: 0.001% F.I.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 1.98 VP(77°F): 0.0001 mmHg MLT: 374°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 2.5 mg/m³: CcrOv95*/PaprOvHie*/Sa*/ScbaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, acids, alkalis					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose, throat; sneez, cough; lass, anor, low-wgt; sweat; head, dizz; nau, vomit; dysp, chest pain; high fever; derm TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CVS, liver, kidneys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

P

Pentaerythritol		Formula: C(CH ₂ OH) ₄	CAS#: 115-77-5	RTECS#: RZ2490000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 2,2-bis(Hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol; Methane tetramethylol; Monopentaerythritol; PE; Tetrahydroxymethylolmethane; Tetramethylolmethane					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp) OSHA PEL†: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500, 0600	
Physical Description: Colorless to white, crystalline, odorless powder. [Note: Technical grade is 88% monopentaerythritol & 12% dipentaerythritol.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 136.2 BP: Sublimes Sol(59°F): 6% Fl.P.? ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.38 VP: 0.00000008 mmHg MLT: 500°F (Sublimes) UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Organic acids, oxidizers [Note: Explosive compound is formed when a mixture of PE & thiophosphoryl chloride is heated.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, resp sys TO: Eyes, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water wash Breath: Fresh air Swallow: Medical attention immed		
P					
n-Pentane		Formula: CH ₃ [CH ₂] ₃ CH ₃	CAS#: 109-66-0	RTECS#: RZ9450000	IDLH: 1500 ppm [10%LEL]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.95 mg/m ³		DOT: 1265 128			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Pentane, normal-Pentane					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 120 ppm (350 mg/m ³) C 610 ppm (1800 mg/m ³) [15-minute] OSHA PEL†: TWA 1000 ppm (2950 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1500 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a gasoline-like odor. [Note: A gas above 97°F. May be utilized as a fuel.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 72.2 BP: 97°F Sol: 0.04% Fl.P.: -57°F IP: 10.34 eV Sp.Gr: 0.63 VP: 420 mmHg FRZ: -202°F UEL: 7.8% LEL: 1.5% Class IA Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 1200 ppm: Sa 1500 ppm: Sa:Cf/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose; derm; chemical pneu (aspir liquid); drow; in animals: narco TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

1-Pentanethiol	Formula: CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₄ SH	CAS#: 110-66-7	RTECS#: SA3150000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.26 mg/m ³	DOT: 1111 130			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Amyl hydrosulfide, Amyl mercaptan, Amyl sulfhydrate, Pentyl mercaptan				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 0.5 ppm (2.1 mg/m ³) [15-minute] OSHA PEL: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Water-white to yellowish liquid with a strong, garlic-like odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 104.2 BP: 260°F Sol: Insoluble FLP(oc): 65°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.84 VP(77°F): 14 mmHg FRZ: -104°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IB Flammable Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 5 ppm: CcrOv/Sa 12.5 ppm: Sa:Cf/PaprvOv 25 ppm: CcrFOv/GmFOv/PaprvOv/ ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, reducing agents, alkali metals, calcium hypochlorite, concentrated nitric acid				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat, resp sys; head, nau, dizz; vomit, diarr; dermat, skin sens TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

2-Pentanone	Formula: CH ₃ COCH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CAS#: 107-87-9	RTECS#: SA7875000	IDLH: 1500 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.52 mg/m ³	DOT: 1249 127			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Ethyl acetone, Methyl propyl ketone, MPK				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 150 ppm (530 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 200 ppm (700 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1300, 2555	
Physical Description: Colorless to water-white liquid with a characteristic acetone-like odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 86.1 BP: 215°F Sol: 6% FLP: 45°F IP: 9.39 eV Sp.Gr: 0.81 VP: 27 mmHg FRZ: -108°F UEL: 8.2% LEL: 1.5% Class IB Flammable Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 1500 ppm: CcrOv*/PaprvOv*/GmFOv/ Sa*/ScbaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, bromine trifluoride				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; head; dermat; narco, coma TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

P

Perchloromethyl mercaptan		Formula: Cl ₃ CSCI	CAS#: 594-42-3	RTECS#: PB0370000	IDLH: 10 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 7.60 mg/m ³		DOT: 1670 157			
Synonyms/Trade Names: PCM, PMM, Trichloromethane sulfenyl chloride, Trichloromethyl sulfur chloride					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.1 ppm (0.8 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 0.1 ppm (0.8 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Pale-yellow, oily liquid with an unbearable, acrid odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 185.9 BP: 297°F (Decomposes) Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.69 VP: 3 mmHg FRZ: ? UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Liquid, but will support combustion.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 1 ppm: CcrOv*/Sa* 2.5 ppm: Sa:Cf*/Paprov* 5 ppm: CcrFov/GmFov/Paprov*/ SaT:Cf*/ScbaF/SaF 10 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFov/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Alkalis, amines, hot iron, water [Note: Corrosive to most metals. Forms HCl, sulfur & CO ₂ on contact with water.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; lac; cough, dysp, deep breath pain, coarse rales; vomit; pallor, tacar; acidosis; anuria; liver, kidney damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, liver, kidneys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

P

Perchloryl fluoride		Formula: ClO ₂ F	CAS#: 7616-94-6	RTECS#: SD1925000	IDLH: 100 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.19 mg/m ³		DOT: 3083 124			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Chlorine fluoride oxide, Chlorine oxyfluoride, Trioxychlorofluoride					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 3 ppm (14 mg/m ³) ST 6 ppm (28 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 3 ppm (13.5 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless gas with a characteristic, sweet odor. [Note: Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 102.5 BP: -52°F Sol: 0.06% Fl.P: NA IP: 13.60 eV RGasD: 3.64 VP: 10.5 atm FRZ: -234°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Nonflammable Gas, but will support combustion.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Frostbite Eyes: Frostbite Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R. Provide: Frostbite wash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 30 ppm: Sa 75 ppm: Sa:Cf* 100 ppm: ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS ₂ /ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Combustibles, strong bases, amines, finely divided metals, reducing agents, alcohols					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con (liquid) SY: Irrit resp sys; liquid: frostbite; in animals: methemo; cyan; lass, dizz, head; pulm edema; pneu; anoxia TO: Skin, resp sys, blood				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Frostbite Skin: Frostbite Breath: Resp support	

Perlite	Formula:	CAS#: 93763-70-3	RTECS#: SD5254000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Expanded perlite [Note: An amorphous material consisting of fused sodium potassium aluminum silicate.]				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp) OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500, 0600	
Physical Description: Odorless, light-gray to glassy-black solid. [Note: Expanded perlite is a fluffy, white particulate.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: varies BP: ? Sol: <1% Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 2.2 - 2.4 (crude) 0.05 - 0.3 (expanded) VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: >2000°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, throat, upper resp sys TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Fresh air	

Petroleum distillates (naphtha)	Formula:	CAS#: 8002-05-9	RTECS#: SE7449000	IDLH: 1100 ppm [10%LEL]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.05 mg/m ³	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Aliphatic petroleum naphtha, Petroleum naphtha, Rubber solvent				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 350 mg/m ³ C 1800 mg/m ³ [15-minute] OSHA PEL†: TWA 500 ppm (2000 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1550	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a gasoline- or kerosene-like odor. [Note: A mixture of paraffins (C ₅ to C ₁₃) that may contain a small amount of aromatic hydrocarbons.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 99 (approx) BP: 86-460°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: -40 to -86°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.63-0.66 VP: 40 mmHg (approx) FRZ: -99°F UEL: 5.9% LEL: 1.1% Flammable Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 850 ppm: Sa 1100 ppm: Sa:Cf*/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFov/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose, throat; dizz, drow, head, nau; dry cracked skin; chemical pneu (aspir liquid) TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Phenol	Formula: C ₆ H ₅ OH	CAS#: 108-95-2	RTECS#: SJ3325000	IDLH: 250 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.85 mg/m ³	DOT: 1671 153 (solid); 2312 153 (molten); 2821 153 (solution)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Carboic acid, Hydroxybenzene, Monohydroxybenzene, Phenyl alcohol, Phenyl hydroxide				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 ppm (19 mg/m ³) [skin] C 15.6 ppm (60 mg/m ³) [15-minute] OSHA PEL: TWA 5 ppm (19 mg/m ³) [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2546 OSHA 32	
Physical Description: Colorless to light-pink, crystalline solid with a sweet, acrid odor. [Note: Phenol liquefies by mixing with about 8% water.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 94.1 BP: 359°F Sol(77°F): 9% FLP: 175°F IP: 8.50 eV Sp.Gr: 1.06 VP: 0.4 mmHg MLT: 109°F UEL: 8.6% LEL: 1.8% Combustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 50 ppm: CcrOv95/Sa 125 ppm: Sa:Cf/PapR/OvHie 250 ppm: CcrFOv100/GmFOv100/ PapRTOvHie/Scbaf/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, calcium hypochlorite, aluminum chloride, acids				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose, throat; anor, low-wgt; lass, musc ache, pain; dark urine; cyan; liver, kidney damage; skin burns; dermatitis; ochronosis; tremor, convuls, twitch TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, liver, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	
P				
Phenothiazine	Formula: S(C ₆ H ₄) ₂ NH	CAS#: 92-84-2	RTECS#: SN5075000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Dibenzothiazine, Fenothiazine, Thiodiphenylamine				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA PV2048	
Physical Description: Grayish-green to greenish-yellow solid. [insecticide]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 199.3 BP: 700°F Sol: Insoluble FLP: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: ? VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 365°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid, but not a high fire risk.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Itching, irrit, reddening skin; hepatitis, hemolytic anemia, abdom cramps, tacar; kidney damage; skin photo sens TO: Skin, CVS, liver, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

p-Phenylene diamine		Formula: C ₆ H ₄ (NH ₂) ₂	CAS#: 106-50-3	RTECS#: SS8050000	IDLH: 25 mg/m ³
Conversion:		DOT: 1673 153			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 4-Aminoaniline; 1,4-Benzenediamine; p-Diaminobenzene; 1,4-Diaminobenzene; 1,4-Phenylene diamine					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA 87	
Physical Description: White to slightly red, crystalline solid.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 108.2 BP: 513°F Sol(75°F): 4% Fl.P: 312°F IP: 6.89 eV Sp.Gr: ? VP: <1 mmHg MLT: 295°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 2.5 mg/m³: Sa:CfE 5 mg/m³: ScaF/SaF 25 mg/m³: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScBa Escape: GmFS100/ScaBE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit pharynx, larynx; bronchial asthma; sens derm TO: Resp sys, skin			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Phenyl ether (vapor)		Formula: C ₆ H ₅ OC ₆ H ₅	CAS#: 101-84-8	RTECS#: KN8970000	IDLH: 100 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 6.96 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Diphenyl ether, Diphenyl oxide, Phenoxy benzene, Phenyl oxide					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1 ppm (7 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 1 ppm (7 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1617 OSHA PV2022	
Physical Description: Colorless, crystalline solid or liquid (above 82°F) with a geranium-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 170.2 BP: 498°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: 239°F IP: 8.09 eV Sp.Gr: 1.08 VP(77°F): 0.02 mmHg MLT: 82°F UEL: 6.0% LEL: 0.7% Combustible Solid Class IIIB Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 25 ppm: Sa:CfE/PapOvHieE 50 ppm: CrFOv100/GmFOv100/ ScaF/SaF 100 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScBa Escape: GmFOv100/ScaBE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose, skin; nau TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support		

P

Phenyl ether-biphenyl mixture (vapor)		Formula: C ₆ H ₅ OC ₆ H ₅ /C ₆ H ₅ C ₆ H ₅	CAS#: 8004-13-5	RTECS#: DV1500000	IDLH: 10 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 6.79 mg/m ³ (approx)		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Diphenyl oxide-diphenyl mixture, Dowtherm® A					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1 ppm (7 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 1 ppm (7 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2013	
Physical Description: Colorless to straw-colored liquid or solid (below 54°F) with a disagreeable, aromatic odor. [Note: A mixture typically contains 75% phenyl ether & 25% biphenyl.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 166 (approx) BP: 495°F Sol: Insoluble F.I.P: 239°F IP: ? Sp.Gr(77°F): 1.06 VP(77°F): 0.08 mmHg FRZ: 54°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIB Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 10 ppm: Sa:CfE/CcrFOv100/GmFOv100/ PaprOvHie£/ScbaF/SaF £: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose, skin; nau TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support		

P

Phenyl glycidyl ether		Formula: C ₉ H ₁₀ O ₂	CAS#: 122-60-1	RTECS#: TZ3675000	IDLH: Ca [100 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 6.14 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1,2-Epoxy-3-phenoxy propane; Glycidyl phenyl ether; PGE; Phenyl 2,3-epoxypropyl ether					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca C 1 ppm (6 mg/m ³) [15-minute] See Appendix A OSHA PEL†: TWA 10 ppm (60 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1619 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid. [Note: A solid below 38°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 150.1 BP: 473°F Sol: 0.2% F.I.P: 248°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.11 VP: 0.01 mmHg FRZ: 38°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIB Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH £: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, amines, strong acids, strong bases					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; upper resp sys; skin sens; narco; possible hemato, repro effects; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, CNS, hemato sys, repro sys [in animals: nasal cancer]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Phenylhydrazine	Formula: C ₆ H ₅ NHNH ₂	CAS#: 100-63-0	RTECS#: MV8925000	IDLH: Ca [15 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.42 mg/m ³	DOT: 2572 153			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Hydrazinobenzene, Monophenylhydrazine				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca C 0.14 ppm (0.6 mg/m ³) [2-hr] [skin] See Appendix A OSHA PEL†: TWA 5 ppm (22 mg/m ³) [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 3518	
Physical Description: Colorless to pale-yellow liquid or solid (below 67°F) with a faint, aromatic odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 108.1 BP: 470°F (Decomposes) Sol: Slight Fl.P: 190°F IP: 7.64 eV Sp.Gr: 1.10 VP(77°F): 0.04 mmHg FRZ: 67°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIA Combustible Liquid Combustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: Scbaf:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScBa Escape: ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, lead dioxide				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Skin sens, hemolytic anemia, dysp, cyan; jaun; kidney damage; vascular thrombosis; [carc] TO: Blood, resp sys, liver, kidneys, skin [in animals: tumors of the lungs, liver, blood vessels & intestine]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

N-Phenyl-β-naphthylamine	Formula: C ₁₀ H ₇ NHC ₆ H ₅	CAS#: 135-88-6	RTECS#: QM4550000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 2-Anilino-naphthalene, β-Naphthylphenylamine, PBNA, 2-Phenylaminonaphthalene, Phenyl-β-naphthylamine				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca* See Appendix A [*Note: Since metabolized to β-Naphthylamine.] OSHA PEL: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA 96	
Physical Description: White to yellow crystals or gray to tan flakes or powder. [*Note: Commercial product may contain 20-30 ppm of β-Naphthylamine.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 219.3 BP: 743°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.24 VP: ? MLT: 226°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: Scbaf:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScBa Escape: GmFOV100/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irritation; leucoplakia; acne, hypersensitivity to sunlight; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, bladder [bladder cancer]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

P

Phenylphosphine	Formula: C ₆ H ₅ PH ₂	CAS#: 638-21-1	RTECS#: SZ2100000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.50 mg/m ³	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Fenylfosfin, PF, Phosphaniline				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 0.05 ppm (0.25 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Clear, colorless liquid with a foul odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 110.1 BP: 320°F Sol: Insoluble FLP(oc): ? IP: ? Sp.Gr(59°F): 1.001 VP: ? FRZ: ? UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported [Note: Spontaneously combustible in high concentrations in air. Potential exposure to gaseous PF when polyphosphinates are heated above 392°F.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: In animals: blood changes, anemia, testicular degeneration; loss of appetite, diarr, lac, hind leg tremor; derm TO: Blood, CNS, skin, repro sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

P

Phorate	Formula: (C ₂ H ₅ O) ₂ P(S)SCH ₂ SC ₂ H ₅	CAS#: 298-02-2	RTECS#: TD9450000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT: 3018 152 (organophosphorus pesticide, liquid, toxic)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: O,O-Diethyl S-(ethylthio)methylphosphorodithioate; O,O-Diethyl S-ethylthiomethylthionophosphate; Thimet; Timet				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.05 mg/m ³ ST 0.2 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5600	
Physical Description: Clear liquid with a skunk-like odor. [insecticide]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 260.4 BP: ? Sol: 0.005% FLP(oc): 320°F IP: ? Sp.Gr(77°F): 1.16 VP: 0.0008 mmHg FRZ: -45°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIB Combustible Liquid, but does not readily ignite.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Water, alkalis [Note: Hydrolyzed in the presence of moisture and by alkalis.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; miosis; rhin; head; chest tight, wheez, lar spasm, salv, cyan; anor, nau, vomit, abdom cramps, diarr; sweat; musc fasc, lass, para; dizz, conf, ataxia; convuls, coma; low BP; card irreg TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, CVS, blood chol			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Phosdrin	Formula: C ₇ H ₁₃ PO ₆	CAS#: 7786-34-7	RTECS#: GQ5250000	IDLH: 4 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 9.17 mg/m ³	DOT: 2783 152			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 2-Carbomethoxy-1-methylvinyl dimethyl phosphate, Mevinphos [Note: Commercial product is a mixture of the cis- & trans-isomers.]				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.01 ppm (0.1 mg/m ³) [skin] ST 0.03 ppm (0.3 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5600	
Physical Description: Pale-yellow to orange liquid with a weak odor. [Note: Insecticide that may be absorbed on a dry carrier.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 224.2 BP: Decomposes Sol: Miscible Fl.P(oc): 347°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.25 VP: 0.003 mmHg FRZ: 44°F (trans-) 70°F (cis-) UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIB Combustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 0.1 ppm: Sa 0.25 ppm: Sa:Cf 0.5 ppm: SaT:Cf/ScbaF/SaF 4 ppm: Sa:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOV100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers [Note: Corrosive to cast iron, some stainless steels & brass.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; miosis; rhin; head; chest tight, wheez, lar spasms, saliv, cyan; anor, nau, vomit, abdom cramps, diarr; para; ataxia, convuls; low BP, card irreg TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, CVS, blood chol			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

P

Phosgene	Formula: COCl ₂	CAS#: 75-44-5	RTECS#: SY5600000	IDLH: 2 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.05 mg/m ³	DOT: 1076 125			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Carbon oxychloride, Carbonyl chloride, Carbonyl dichloride, Chloroformyl chloride				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.1 ppm (0.4 mg/m ³) C 0.2 ppm (0.8 mg/m ³) [15-minute] OSHA PEL: TWA 0.1 ppm (0.4 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA 61	
Physical Description: Colorless gas with a suffocating odor like musty hay. [Note: A fuming liquid below 47°F. Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 98.9 BP: 47°F Sol: Slight Fl.P: NA IP: 11.55 eV RGasD: 3.48 Sp.Gr: 1.43 (Liquid at 32°F) VP: 1.6 atm FRZ: -198°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Nonflammable Gas	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact (liquid) Eyes: Prevent eye contact (liquid) Wash skin: When contam (liquid) Remove: When wet or contam (liquid) Change: N.R. Provide: Quick drench (liquid)		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 1 ppm: Sa* 2 ppm: ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Moisture, alkalis, ammonia, alcohols, copper [Note: Reacts slowly in water to form hydrochloric acid & carbon dioxide.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con (liquid) SY: Irrit eyes; dry burning throat; vomit; cough, foamy sputum, dysp, chest pain, cyan; liquid: frostbite TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed (liquid) Skin: Water flush immed (liquid) Breath: Resp support	

Phosphine		Formula: PH ₃	CAS#: 7803-51-2	RTECS#: SY7525000	IDLH: 50 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 1.39 mg/m ³		DOT: 2199 119			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Hydrogen phosphide, Phosphorated hydrogen, Phosphorus hydride, Phosphorus trihydride					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.3 ppm (0.4 mg/m ³) ST 1 ppm (1 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 0.3 ppm (0.4 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA 1003, ID180	
Physical Description: Colorless gas with a fish- or garlic-like odor. [pesticide] [Note: Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas. Pure compound is odorless.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 34.0 BP: -126°F Sol: Slight Fl.P: NA (Gas) IP: 9.96 eV RGasD: 1.18 VP: 41.3 atm FRZ: -209°F UEL: ? LEL: 1.79% Flammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Frostbite Eyes: Frostbite Wash skin: N.R. Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Frostbite wash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 3 ppm: Sa 7.5 ppm: Sa:Cf 15 ppm: GmFS/ScbaF/SaF 50 ppm: Sa:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Air, oxidizers, chlorine, acids, moisture, halogenated hydrocarbons, copper [Note: May ignite SPONTANEOUSLY on contact with air.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con (liquid) SY: Nau, vomit, abdom pain, diarr; thirst; chest tight, dysp; muscul pain, chills; stupor or syncope; pulm edema; liquid: frostbite TO: Resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Frostbite Skin: Frostbite Breath: Resp support		
P					
Phosphoric acid		Formula: H ₃ PO ₄	CAS#: 7664-38-2	RTECS#: TB6300000	IDLH: 1000 mg/m ³
Conversion:		DOT: 1805 154 (liquid or solution); 3453 154 (solid)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Orthophosphoric acid, Phosphoric acid (aqueous), White phosphoric acid					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1 mg/m ³ ST 3 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: TWA 1 mg/m ³				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7903 OSHA ID165SG	
Physical Description: Thick, colorless, odorless, crystalline solid. [Note: Often used in an aqueous solution.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 98.0 BP: 415°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr(77°F): 1.87 (pure) 1.33 (50% solution) VP: 0.03 mmHg MLT: 108°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash (>1.6%) Quick drench (>1.6%)		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 25 mg/m³: Sa:Cf* 50 mg/m³: 100F/ScbaF/SaF 1000 mg/m³: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong caustics, most metals [Note: Readily reacts with metals to form flammable hydrogen gas. DO NOT MIX WITH SOLUTIONS CONTAINING BLEACH OR AMMONIA.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, upper resp sys; eye, skin, burns; derm TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush Immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Phosphorus (yellow)	Formula: P ₄	CAS#: 7723-14-0	RTECS#: TH3500000	IDLH: 5 mg/m ³
Conversion:	DOT: 1381 136			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Elemental phosphorus, White phosphorus				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7905	
Physical Description: White to yellow, soft, waxy solid with acrid fumes in air. [Note: Usually shipped or stored in water.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 124.0 BP: 536°F Sol: 0.0003% Fl.P: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.82 VP: 0.03 mmHg MLT: 111°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Flammable Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact* [*Note: Flame retardant personal protective equipment should be provided.] Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 1 mg/m³: Sa 2.5 mg/m³: Sa,CfE 5 mg/m³: ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Air, oxidizers (including elemental sulfur & strong caustics), halogens [Note: Ignites SPONTANEOUSLY in moist air.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, resp tract; eye, skin burns; abdom pain, nau, jaun; anemia; cachexia; dental pain, salv, jaw pain, swell TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, liver, kidneys, jaw, teeth, blood			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Phosphorus oxychloride	Formula: POCl ₃	CAS#: 10025-87-3	RTECS#: TH4897000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 6.27 mg/m ³	DOT: 1810 137			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Phosphorus chloride, Phosphorus oxytrichloride, Phosphoryl chloride				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.1 ppm (0.6 mg/m ³) ST 0.5 ppm (3 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Clear, colorless to yellow, oily liquid with a pungent & musty odor. [Note: A solid below 34°F.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 153.3 BP: 222°F Sol: Decomposes Fl.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr(77°F): 1.65 VP(81°F): 40 mmHg FRZ: 34°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Liquid, but may set fire to combustible materials.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Water, combustible materials, carbon disulfide, dimethyl-formamide, metals (except nickel & lead) [Note: Decomposes in water to hydrochloric & phosphoric acids.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; eye, skin burns; dysp, cough, pulm edema; dizz, head, lass; abdom pain, nau, vomit; neph TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Phosphorus pentachloride		Formula: PCl ₅	CAS#: 10026-13-8	RTECS#: TB6125000	IDLH: 70 mg/m ³
Conversion:		DOT: 1806 137			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Pentachlorophosphorus, Phosphoric chloride, Phosphorus perchloride					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL: TWA 1 mg/m ³				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S257 (II-5)	
Physical Description: White to pale-yellow, crystalline solid with a pungent, unpleasant odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 208.3 BP: Sublimes Sol: Reacts F.I.P.: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 3.60 VP(132°F): 1 mmHg MLT: 324°F (Sublimes) UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 10 mg/m ³ : Sa* 25 mg/m ³ : Sa:Cf* 50 mg/m ³ : ScbaF/SaF 70 mg/m ³ : SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Water, magnesium oxide, chemically-active metals such as sodium and potassium, alkalis, amines [Note: Hydrolyzes in water (even in humid air) to form hydrochloric acid & phosphoric acid. Corrosive to metals.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; bron; derm TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

P

Phosphorus pentasulfide		Formula: P ₂ S ₅ /P ₄ S ₁₀	CAS#: 1314-80-3	RTECS#: TH4375000	IDLH: 250 mg/m ³
Conversion:		DOT: 1340 139			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Phosphorus persulfide, Phosphorus sulfide, Sulfur phosphide					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1 mg/m ³ ST 3 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: TWA 1 mg/m ³				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Greenish-gray to yellow, crystalline solid with an odor of rotten eggs.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 222.3 (P ₂ S ₅) 444.6 (P ₄ S ₁₀) BP: 957°F Sol: Reacts F.I.P.: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: 2.09 VP(572°F): 1 mmHg MLT: 550°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Flammable Solid, which may SPONTANEOUSLY ignite in presence of moisture.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 10 mg/m ³ : Sa* 25 mg/m ³ : Sa:Cf* 50 mg/m ³ : ScbaF/SaF 250 mg/m ³ : SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Water, alcohols, strong oxidizers, acids, alkalis [Note: Reacts with water to form hydrogen sulfide, sulfur dioxide, and phosphoric acid.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; apnea, coma, convuls; conj pain, lac, photo, kerato-conj, corn vesic; dizz; head; lass; irritable, insom; GI dist TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Dust off solid; water flush Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Phosphorus trichloride		Formula: PCl ₃	CAS#: 7719-12-2	RTECS#: TH3675000	IDLH: 25 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.62 mg/m ³		DOT: 1809 137			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Phosphorus chloride					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.2 ppm (1.5 mg/m ³) ST 0.5 ppm (3 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 0.5 ppm (3 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 6402	
Physical Description: Colorless to yellow, fuming liquid with an odor like hydrochloric acid.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 137.4 BP: 169°F Sol: Reacts Fl.P: NA IP: 9.91 eV Sp.Gr: 1.58 VP: 100 mmHg FRZ: -170°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Liquid; however, a strong oxidizer that may ignite combustibles upon contact.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 10 ppm: ScbaF/SaF 25 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScBa Escape: GmFS ₂ /ScbaE	
		Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Water, chemically-active metals such as sodium & potassium, aluminum, strong nitric acid, acetic acid, organic matter [Note: Hydrolyzes in water to form hydrochloric acid and phosphoric acid.]			
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; pulm edema; eye, skin burns TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Phthalic anhydride		Formula: C ₈ H ₄ (CO) ₂ O	CAS#: 85-44-9	RTECS#: TI3150000	IDLH: 60 mg/m ³
Conversion: 1 ppm = 6.06 mg/m ³		DOT: 2214 156			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic anhydride; PAN; Phthalic acid anhydride					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 6 mg/m ³ (1 ppm) OSHA PEL†: TWA 12 mg/m ³ (2 ppm)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S179 (II-3) OSHA 90	
Physical Description: White solid (flake) or a clear, colorless, mobile liquid (molten) with a characteristic, acrid odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 148.1 BP: 563°F Sol: 0.6% Fl.P: 305°F IP: 10.00 eV Sp.Gr: 1.53 (Flake) 1.20 (Molten) VP: 0.0015 mmHg MLT: 267°F UEL: 10.5% LEL: 1.7% Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 30 mg/m³: Qm* 60 mg/m³: 95XQ*/95F/Pap/Hie*/ Sa*/ScbaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScBa Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, water [Note: Converted to phthalic acid in hot water.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, upper resp sys; conj; nasal ulcer bleeding; bron, bronchial asthma; derm; in animals: liver, kidney damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, liver, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

m-Phthalodinitrile		Formula: C ₆ H ₄ (CN) ₂	CAS#: 626-17-5	RTECS#: CZ1900000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1,3-Benzenedicarbonitrile; m-Dicyanobenzene; 1,3-Dicyanobenzene; Isophthalodinitrile; m-PDN					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Needle-like, colorless to white, crystalline, flaky solid with an almond-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 128.1 BP: Sublimes Sol: Slight Fl.P.: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: 4.42 VP: 0.01 mmHg MLT: 324°F (Sublimes) UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid and a severe explosion hazard.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers (e.g., chlorine, bromine, fluorine)					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Head, nau, conf; in animals: irrit eyes, skin TO: Eyes, skin, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

P

Picloram		Formula: C ₆ H ₃ Cl ₃ O ₂ N ₂	CAS#: 1918-02-1	RTECS#: TJ7525000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 4-Amino-3,5,6-trichloropicolinic acid; 4-Amino-3,5,6-trichloro-2-picolinic acid; ATCP; Tordon®					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: See Appendix D OSHA PEL†: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500, 0600	
Physical Description: Colorless to white crystals with a chlorine-like odor. [herbicide]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 241.5 BP: Decomposes Sol: 0.04% Fl.P.: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: ? VP(95°F): 0.0000006 mmHg MLT: 424°F (Decomposes) UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: N.R. Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Hot concentrated alkali (hydrolyzes)					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; nau; in animals: liver, kidney changes TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, liver, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Fresh air Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Picric acid	Formula: (NO ₂) ₃ C ₆ H ₂ OH	CAS#: 88-89-1	RTECS#: TJ7875000	IDLH: 75 mg/m ³
Conversion: 1 ppm = 9.37 mg/m ³	DOT: 1344 113 (wet, ≥ 10% water); 3364 113 (wetted, ≥ 10% water)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Phenol trinitrate; 2,4,6-Trinitrophenol [Note: An OSHA Class A Explosive (1910.109).]				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ ST 0.3 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S228 (II-4)	
Physical Description: Yellow, odorless solid. [Note: Usually used as an aqueous solution.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 229.1 BP: Explodes above 572°F Sol: 1% Fl.P: 302°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.76 VP(383°F): 1 mmHg MLT: 252°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 0.5 mg/m³: Qm 1 mg/m³: 95XQ/Sa 2.5 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/PaprHie 5 mg/m³: 100F/SaT:Cf/PaprTHie/ ScbaF/SaF 75 mg/m³: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Copper, lead, zinc & other metals; salts; plaster; concrete; ammonia [Note: Corrosive to metals. An explosive mixture results when the aqueous solution crystallizes.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; sens derm; yellow-stained hair, skin; lass, myalgia, anuria, polyuria; bitter taste, GI dist; hepatitis, hema, album, neph TO: Eyes, skin, kidneys, liver, blood			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Pindone	Formula: C ₉ H ₅ O ₂ C(O)C(CH ₃) ₃	CAS#: 83-26-1	RTECS#: NK6300000	IDLH: 100 mg/m ³
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: tert-Butyl valone; 1,3-Dioxo-2-pivaloy-lindane; Pival®; Pivalyl; 2-Pivalyl-1,3-indandione				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Bright-yellow powder with almost no odor. [rodenticide]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 230.3 BP: Decomposes Sol(77°F): 0.002% Fl.P: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.06 VP: Very low MLT: 230°F UEL: ? LEL: ?	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: Daily	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 0.5 mg/m³: Qm 1 mg/m³: 95XQ/Sa 2.5 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/PaprHie 5 mg/m³: 100F/SaT:Cf/PaprTHie/ ScbaF/SaF 100 mg/m³: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing SY: Epis, excess bleeding from minor cuts, bruises; smoky urine, black tarry stools; abdom, back pain TO: Blood prothrombin			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Piperazine dihydrochloride		Formula: C ₄ H ₁₀ N ₂ ×2HCl	CAS#: 142-64-3	RTECS#: TL4025000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Piperazine hydrochloride [Note: The monochloride, C ₄ H ₁₀ N ₂ ×HCl is also commercially available.]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: White to cream-colored needles or powder.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 159.1 BP: ? Sol: 41% Fl.P.: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr.: ? VP: ? MLT: 635°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid, but does not ignite easily.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Water [Note: Slightly hygroscopic (i.e., absorbs moisture from the air).]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; skin burns, sens; asthma; GI upset, head, nau, vomit, inco, musc weak TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

P

Plaster of Paris		Formula: CaSO ₄ •0.5H ₂ O	CAS#: 26499-65-0	RTECS#: TP0700000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Calcium sulfate hemihydrate, Dried calcium sulfate, Gypsum hemihydrate, Hemihydrate gypsum [Note: Plaster of Paris is the hemihydrate form of Calcium Sulfate & Gypsum is the dihydrate form.]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp) OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500, 0600	
Physical Description: White or yellowish, finely divided, odorless powder.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 145.2 BP: ? Sol(77°F): 0.3% Fl.P.: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr.: 2.5 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 325°F (Loses H ₂ O) UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Moisture, water [Note: Hygroscopic (i.e., absorbs moisture from the air). Reacts with water to form Gypsum.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb, resp sys; cough TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Platinum	Formula: Pt	CAS#: 7440-06-4	RTECS#: TP2160000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Platinum black, Platinum metal, Platinum sponge				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7300, 7303 OSHA ID121, ID130SG	
Physical Description: Silvery, whitish-gray, malleable, ductile metal.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 195.1 BP: 6921°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 21.45 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 3222°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid in bulk form, but finely divided powder can be dangerous to handle.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Aluminum, acetone, arsenic, ethane, hydrazine, hydrogen peroxide, lithium, phosphorus, selenium, tellurium, various fluorides				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit skin, resp sys; derm TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Platinum (soluble salts, as Pt)	Formula:	CAS#:	RTECS#:	IDLH: 4 mg/m ³ (as Pt)
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Synonyms vary depending upon the specific soluble platinum salt.				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.002 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL: TWA 0.002 mg/m ³			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7300, 7303, S191 (II-7)	
Physical Description: Appearance and odor vary depending upon the specific soluble platinum salt.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: Properties vary depending upon the specific soluble platinum salt.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 0.05 mg/m ³ : Sa:CfE 0.1 mg/m ³ : 100F/ScaF/SaF 4 mg/m ³ : SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScBa Escape: 100F/ScaBaE
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Varies				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose; cough, dysp, wheez, cyan; derm, sens skin; lymphocytosis TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Portland cement	Formula:	CAS#: 65997-15-1	RTECS#: VV8770000	IDLH: 5000 mg/m ³
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Cement, Hydraulic cement, Portland cement silicate [Note: A class of hydraulic cements containing tri- and dicalcium silicate in addition to alumina, tricalcium aluminate, and iron oxide.]				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp) OSHA PEL†: TWA 50 mppcf			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500 OSHA ID207	
Physical Description: Gray, odorless powder.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: ? BP: NA Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: ? VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: NA UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 50 mg/m³: Qm 100 mg/m³: 95XQ/Sa 250 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/PaprHie 500 mg/m³: 100F/SaT:Cf/PaprTHie/ - ScbaF/SaF 5000 mg/m³: Sa:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose; cough, expectoration; exertional dysp, wheez, chronic bron; derm TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Fresh air Swallow: Medical attention immed		

P

Potassium cyanide (as CN)	Formula: KCN	CAS#: 151-50-8	RTECS#: TS8750000	IDLH: 25 mg/m ³ (as CN)
Conversion:	DOT: 1680 157 (solid); 3413 157 (solution)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Potassium salt of hydrocyanic acid				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL*: C 5 mg/m ³ (4.7 ppm) [10-minute] OSHA PEL*: TWA 5 mg/m ³ [* Note: The REL and PEL also apply to other cyanides (as CN) except Hydrogen cyanide.]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 6010, 7904	
Physical Description: White, granular or crystalline solid with a faint, almond-like odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 65.1 BP: 2957°F Sol(77°F): 72% Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 1.55 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 1173°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid, but contact with acids releases highly flammable hydrogen cyanide.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 25 mg/m³: Sa/ScbaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS100/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers (such as acids, acid salts, chlorates & nitrates) [Note: Absorbs moisture from the air forming a syrup.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, upper resp sys; asphy; lass, head, conf; nau, vomit; incr resp rate, slow gasping respiration; thyroid, blood changes TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CVS, CNS, thyroid, blood		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Potassium hydroxide	Formula: KOH	CAS#: 1310-58-3	RTECS#: TT2100000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT: 1813 154 (dry, solid); 1814 154 (solution)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Caustic potash, Lye, Potassium hydrate				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 2 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7401	
Physical Description: Odorless, white or slightly yellow lumps, rods, flakes, sticks, or pellets. [Note: May be used as an aqueous solution.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 56.1 BP: 2415°F Sol(59°F): 107% Fl.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 2.04 VP(131°F): 1 mmHg MLT: 716°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid; however, may react with H ₂ O & other substances and generate sufficient heat to ignite combustible materials.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Acids, water, metals (when wet), halogenated hydrocarbons, maleic anhydride [Note: Heat is generated if KOH comes in contact with H ₂ O & CO ₂ from the air.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; cough, sneez; eye, skin burns; vomit, diarr TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

P

Propane	Formula: CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₃	CAS#: 74-98-6	RTECS#: TX2275000	IDLH: 2100 ppm [10%LEL]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 1.80 mg/m ³	DOT: 1075 115; 1978 115			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Bottled gas, Dimethyl methane, n-Propane, Propyl hydride				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1000 ppm (1800 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 1000 ppm (1800 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S87 (II-2) OSHA PV2077	
Physical Description: Colorless, odorless gas. [Note: A foul-smelling odorant is often added when used for fuel purposes. Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 44.1 BP: -44°F Sol: 0.01% Fl.P: NA (Gas) IP: 11.07 eV RGasD: 1.55 VP(70°F): 8.4 atm FRZ: -306°F UEL: 9.5% LEL: 2.1% Flammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Frostbite Eyes: Frostbite Wash skin: N.R. Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Frostbite wash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 2100 ppm: Sa/ScbaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: ScbaE
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con (liquid) SY: Dizz, conf, excitation, asphy; liquid: frostbite TO: CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Frostbite Skin: Frostbite Breath: Resp support	

Propane sulfone		Formula: C ₃ H ₆ O ₃ S	CAS#: 1120-71-4	RTECS#: RP5425000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 3-Hydroxy-1-propanesulphonic acid sulfone; 1,3-Propane sulfone					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: White, crystalline solid or a colorless liquid (above 86°F). [Note: Releases a foul odor as it melts.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 122.2 BP: ? Sol: 10% Fl.P: >235°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.39 VP: ? MLT: 86°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys [in animals: skin tumors, leukemia, gliomas]				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

P

1-Propanethiol		Formula: CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₂ SH	CAS#: 107-03-9	RTECS#: TZ7300000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.12 mg/m ³		DOT: 2402 130			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 3-Mercaptopropane, Propane-1-thiol, Propyl mercaptan, n-Propyl mercaptan					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 0.5 ppm (1.6 mg/m ³) [15-minute] OSHA PEL: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with an offensive, cabbage-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 76.2 BP: 153°F Sol: Slight Fl.P: -5°F IP: 9.195 eV Sp.Gr: 0.84 VP(77°F): 155 mmHg FRZ: -172°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: N.R. Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 5 ppm: CcrOv/Sa 12.5 ppm: Sa:Cf/PaprvOv 25 ppm: CcrFOv/GmFOv/PaprvTOv/ScbaF/SaF ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, reducing agents, strong acids & bases, alkali metals, calcium hypochlorite					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat, resp sys; head, nau, dizz, cyan; in animals: liver, kidney damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, blood, liver, kidneys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Propargyl alcohol	Formula: C ₃ H ₃ OH	CAS#: 107-19-7	RTECS#: UK5075000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.29 mg/m ³	DOT: 1986 131			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1-Propyn-3-ol; 2-Propyn-1-ol; 2-Propynyl alcohol				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1 ppm (2 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA 97	
Physical Description: Colorless to straw-colored liquid with a mild, geranium odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 56.1 BP: 237°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P(oc): 97°F IP: 10.51 eV Sp.Gr: 0.97 VP: 12 mmHg FRZ: -62°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IC Flammable Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Phosphorus pentoxide, oxidizers				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit skin, muc memb; CNS depres; in animals: liver, kidney damage TO: Skin, resp sys, CNS, liver, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

β-Propiolactone	Formula: C ₃ H ₄ O ₂	CAS#: 57-57-8	RTECS#: RQ7350000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: BPL; Hydroacrylic acid, β-lactone; 3-Hydroxy-β-lactone; 3-Hydroxy-propionic acid; β-Lactone; 2-Oxetanone; 3-Propiolactone				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL: [1910.1013] See Appendix B			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a slightly sweet odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 72.1 BP: 323°F (Decomposes) Sol: 37% Fl.P: 165°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.15 VP(77°F): 3 mmHg FRZ: -28°F UEL: ? LEL: 2.9% Class IIIA Combustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF;Pd,Pp/SaF;Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOV/ScbaE See Appendix E (page 351)	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Acetates, halogens, thiocyanates, thiosulfates [Note: May polymerize upon storage.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Skin irrit, blistering, burns; corn opac; frequent urination; dysuria; hema; [carc] TO: Kidneys, skin, lungs, eyes [in animals: tumors of the liver, skin & stomach]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Propionic acid		Formula: CH ₃ CH ₂ COOH	CAS#: 79-09-4	RTECS#: UE5950000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.03 mg/m ³		DOT: 1848 132			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Carboxyethane, Ethanecarboxylic acid, Ethylformic acid, Metacetic acid, Methyl acetic acid, Propanoic acid					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 ppm (30 mg/m ³) ST 15 ppm (45 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless, oily liquid with a pungent, disagreeable, rancid odor. [Note: A solid below 5°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 74.1 BP: 286°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P.: 126°F IP: 10.24 eV Sp.Gr: 0.99 VP: 3 mmHg FRZ: 5°F UEL: 12.1% LEL: 2.9% Class II Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Alkalis, strong oxidizers (e.g., chromium trioxide) [Note: Corrosive to steel.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; blurred vision, corn burns; skin burns; abdom pain, nau, vomit TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

P

Propionitrile		Formula: CH ₃ CH ₂ CN	CAS#: 107-12-0	RTECS#: UF9625000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.25 mg/m ³		DOT: 2404 131			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Cyanoethane, Ethyl cyanide, Propanenitrile, Propionic nitrile, Propionitrile					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 6 ppm (14 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1606 (adapt)	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a pleasant, sweetish, ethereal odor. [Note: Forms cyanide in the body.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 55.1 BP: 207°F Sol: 11.9% Fl.P.: 36°F IP: 11.84 eV Sp.Gr: 0.78 VP: 35 mmHg FRZ: -133°F UEL: ? LEL: 3.1% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 60 ppm: CrOv/Sa 150 ppm: Sa:Cf/PaprvOv 300 ppm: CrFOv/GmFOv/PaprvTOv/ ScbaF/SaF 1000 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers & reducing agents, strong acids & bases [Note: Hydrogen cyanide is produced when propionitrile is heated to decomposition.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; nau, vomit; chest pain; lass; stupor, convuls; in animals: liver, kidney damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CVS, CNS, liver, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Propoxur		Formula: CH ₃ NHCOOC ₆ H ₄ OCH(CH ₃) ₂	CAS#: 114-26-1	RTECS#: FC3150000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Aprocarb®, o-Isopropoxyphenyl-N-methylcarbamate, N-Methyl-2-isopropoxyphenyl-carbamate					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5601 OSHA PV2007	
Physical Description: White to tan, crystalline powder with a faint, characteristic odor. [insecticide]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 209.3 BP: Decomposes Sol: 0.2% Fl.P.: >300°F IP: ? Sp.Gr.: ? VP: 0.000007 mmHg MLT: 187-197°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIB Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, alkalis [Note: Emits highly toxic methyl isocyanate fumes when heated to decomposition.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Miosis, blurred vision; sweat, saliv; abdom cramps, nau, diarr, vomit; head, lass, musc twitch TO: CNS, liver, kidneys, GI tract, blood chol			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

n-Propyl acetate		Formula: CH ₃ COOCH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CAS#: 109-60-4	RTECS#: AJ3675000	IDLH: 1700 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.18 mg/m ³		DOT: 1276 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Propylacetate, n-Propyl ester of acetic acid					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 200 ppm (840 mg/m ³) ST 250 ppm (1050 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 200 ppm (840 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1450 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a mild, fruity odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 102.2 BP: 215°F Sol: 2% Fl.P.: 55°F IP: 10.04 eV Sp.Gr.: 0.84 VP: 25 mmHg FRZ: -134°F UEL: 8% LEL(100°F): 1.7% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 1700 ppm: Sa:CfE/CcrFOv/GmFOv/ PaprOvE/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Nitrates; strong oxidizers, alkalis & acids					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: In animals: irrit eyes, nose, throat; narco; derm TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

P

n-Propyl alcohol		Formula: CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₂ OH	CAS#: 71-23-8	RTECS#: UH8225000	IDLH: 800 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.46 mg/m ³		DOT: 1274 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Ethyl carbinol, 1-Propanol, n-Propanol, Propyl alcohol					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 200 ppm (500 mg/m ³) [skin] ST 250 ppm (625 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 200 ppm (500 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1401, 1405 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a mild, alcohol-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 60.1 BP: 207°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P: 72°F IP: 10.15 eV Sp.Gr: 0.81 VP: 15 mmHg FRZ: -196°F UEL: 13.7% LEL: 2.2% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 800 ppm: CcrOv*/Paprov*/GmFOv/Sa*/ScbaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose, throat; dry cracking skin; drow, head; ataxia, GI pain; abdom cramps, nau, vomit, diarr; in animals: narco TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, GI tract, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

P Propylene dichloride		Formula: CH ₂ CHClCH ₂ Cl	CAS#: 78-87-5	RTECS#: TX9625000	IDLH: Ca [400 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.62 mg/m ³		DOT: 1279 130			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Dichloro-1,2-propane; 1,2-Dichloropropane					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL†: TWA 75 ppm (350 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1013 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a chloroform-like odor. [pesticide]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 113.0 BP: 206°F Sol: 0.3% Fl.P: 60°F IP: 10.87 eV Sp.Gr: 1.16 VP: 40 mmHg FRZ: -149°F UEL: 14.5% LEL: 3.4% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ✖: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, strong acids, active metals					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; drow, dizz; liver, kidney damage; in animals: CNS depres; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, liver, kidneys, CNS [in animals: liver & mammary gland tumors]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Propylene glycol dinitrate		Formula: CH ₃ CNO ₂ OHCHNO ₂ OH	CAS#: 6423-43-4	RTECS#: TY6300000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 6.79 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: PGDN; Propylene glycol-1,2-dinitrate; 1,2-Propylene glycol dinitrate					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.05 ppm (0.3 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a disagreeable odor. [Note: A solid below 18°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 166.1 BP: ? Sol: 0.1% F.I.P.: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr(77°F): 1.23 VP(72°F): 0.07 mmHg FRZ: 18°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Ammonia compounds, amines, oxidizers, reducing agents, combustible materials [Note: Similar to Ethylene glycol dinitrate in explosion potential.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes; conj; methemo; head, impaired balance, vis dist; in animals: liver, kidney damage TO: Eyes, CNS, blood, liver, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Propylene glycol monomethyl ether		Formula: CH ₃ OCH ₂ CHOHCH ₃	CAS#: 107-98-2	RTECS#: UB7700000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.69 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Dowtherm® 209, 1-Methoxy-2-hydroxypropane, 1-Methoxy-2-propanol, 2-Methoxy-1-methylethanol, Propylene glycol methyl ether					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 100 ppm (360 mg/m ³) ST 150 ppm (540 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2554 OSHA 99	
Physical Description: Clear, colorless liquid with a mild, ethereal odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 90.1 BP: 248°F Sol: Miscible F.I.P.: 97°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.96 VP(77°F): 12 mmHg FRZ: -139°F (Sets to glass) UEL(calc.): 13.8% LEL(calc.): 1.6% Class IC Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: N.R. Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, strong acids [Note: Hygroscopic (i.e., absorbs moisture from air). May slowly form reactive peroxides during prolonged storage.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; head, nau, dizz, drow, inco; vomit, diarr TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

P

Propylene imine		Formula: C ₃ H ₇ N	CAS#: 75-55-8	RTECS#: CM8050000	IDLH: Ca [100 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.34 mg/m ³		DOT: 1921 131P (inhibited)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 2-Methylaziridine, 2-Methylethyleneimine, Propyleneimine, Propylene imine (inhibited), Propylenimine					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA 2 ppm (5 mg/m ³) [skin] See Appendix A OSHA PEL: TWA 2 ppm (5 mg/m ³) [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless, oily liquid with an ammonia-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 57.1 BP: 152°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P: 25°F IP: 9.00 eV Sp.Gr: 0.80 VP: 112 mmHg FRZ: -85°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Acids, strong oxidizers, water, carbonyl compounds, quinones, sulfonyl halides [Note: Subject to violent polymerization in contact with acids. Hydrolyzes in water to form methylethanolamine.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Eye, skin burns; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin [in animals: nasal tumors]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

P

Propylene oxide		Formula: C ₃ H ₆ O	CAS#: 75-56-9	RTECS#: TZ2975000	IDLH: Ca [400 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.38 mg/m ³		DOT: 1280 127P			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1,2-Epoxy propane; Methyl ethylene oxide; Methyloxirane; Propene oxide; 1,2-Propylene oxide					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL†: TWA 100 ppm (240 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1612 OSHA 88	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a benzene-like odor. [Note: A gas above 94°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 58.1 BP: 94°F Sol: 41% Fl.P: -35°F IP: 9.81 eV Sp.Gr: 0.83 VP: 445 mmHg FRZ: -170°F UEL: 36% LEL: 2.3% Class IA Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Anhydrous chlorides of iron, tin, and aluminum; peroxides of iron and aluminum; alkali metal hydroxides; iron; strong acids, caustics & peroxides [Note: Polymerization may occur due to high temperatures or contamination with alkalis, aqueous acids, amines & acidic alcohols.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; skin blisters, burns; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys [in animals: nasal tumors]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

n-Propyl nitrate	Formula: CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₂ ONO ₂	CAS#: 627-13-4	RTECS#: UK0350000	IDLH: 500 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.30 mg/m ³	DOT: 1865 131			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Propyl ester of nitric acid				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 25 ppm (105 mg/m ³) ST 40 ppm (170 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 25 ppm (110 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S227 (II-3) OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless to straw-colored liquid with an ether-like odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 105.1 BP: 231°F Sol: Slight Fl.P: 68°F IP: 11.07 eV Sp.Gr: 1.07 VP: 18 mmHg FRZ: -148°F UEL: 100% LEL: 2% Class IB Flammable Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 250 ppm: Sa 500 ppm: Sa:Cf/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS ₂ /ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, combustible materials [Note: Forms explosive mixtures with combustible materials.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: In animals: irrit eyes, skin; methemo, anoxia, cyan; dysp, lass, dizz, head TO: Eyes, skin, blood		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Pyrethrum	Formula: C ₂₀ H ₂₈ O ₃ /C ₂₁ H ₂₈ O ₃ /C ₂₁ H ₃₀ O ₃ / C ₂₂ H ₃₀ O ₃ /C ₂₁ H ₂₈ O ₃ /C ₂₂ H ₂₈ O ₃	CAS#: 8003-34-7	RTECS#: UR4200000	IDLH: 5000 mg/m ³
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Cinerin I or II, Jasmolin I or II, Pyrethrin I or II, Pyrethrum I or II [Note: Pyrethrum is a variable mixture of Cinerin, Jasmolin, and Pyrethrin.]				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/m ³			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5008 OSHA 70	
Physical Description: Brown, viscous oil or solid. [insecticide]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 316-374 BP: ? Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: 180-190°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1 (approx) VP: Low MLT: ? UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIA Combustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 50 mg/m³: CcrOv95*/Sa* 125 mg/m³: Sa:C*/PaprovHie* 250 mg/m³: CcrFOv100/PaprovHie*/ ScbaF/SaF 5000 mg/m³: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Erythema, derm, papules, pruritus, rhin; sneez; asthma TO: Resp sys, skin, CNS		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Pyridine		Formula: C ₅ H ₅ N	CAS#: 110-86-1	RTECS#: UR8400000	IDLH: 1000 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.24 mg/m ³		DOT: 1282 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Azabenzene, Azine					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 ppm (15 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 5 ppm (15 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1613 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless to yellow liquid with a nauseating, fish-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 79.1 BP: 240°F Sol: Miscible F.P.: 68°F IP: 9.27 eV Sp.Gr: 0.98 VP: 16 mmHg FRZ: -44°F UEL: 12.4% LEL: 1.8% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 125 ppm: Sa:Cf£/PapOv£ 50 ppm: CcrFOv/GmFOv/PapTov£/ ScbaF/SaF 1000 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScBa Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, strong acids					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes; head, anxi, dizz, insom; nau, anor; dermat; liver, kidney damage TO: Eyes, skin, CNS, liver, kidneys, GI tract,				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Quinone		Formula: OC ₆ H ₄ O	CAS#: 106-51-4	RTECS#: DK2625000	IDLH: 100 mg/m ³
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.42 mg/m ³		DOT: 2587 153			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1,4-Benzoquinone; p-Benzoquinone; 1,4-Cyclohexadiene dioxide; p-Quinone					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.4 mg/m ³ (0.1 ppm) OSHA PEL: TWA 0.4 mg/m ³ (0.1 ppm)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S181 (II-4)	
Physical Description: Pale-yellow solid with an acrid, chlorine-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 108.1 BP: Sublimes Sol: Slight F.P.: 100-200°F IP: 9.68 eV Sp.Gr: 1.32 VP(77°F): 0.1 mmHg MLT: 240°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 10 mg/m³: Sa:Cf£ 20 mg/m³: ScbaF/SaF 100 mg/m³: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScBa Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Eye irrit, conj; kera; skin irrit TO: Eyes, skin				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Resorcinol	Formula: C ₆ H ₄ (OH) ₂	CAS#: 108-46-3	RTECS#: VG9625000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.50 mg/m ³	DOT: 2876 153			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1,3-Benzenediol; m-Benzenediol; 1,3-Dihydroxybenzene; m-Dihydroxybenzene; 3-Hydroxyphenol; m-Hydroxyphenol				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 ppm (45 mg/m ³) ST 20 ppm (90 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5701 OSHA PV2053	
Physical Description: White needles, plates, crystals, flakes, or powder with a faint odor. [Note: Turns pink on exposure to air or light, or contact with iron.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 110.1 BP: 531°F Sol: 110% Fl.P: 261°F IP: 8.63 eV Sp.Gr: 1.27 VP(77°F): 0.0002 mmHg MLT: 228°F UEL: ? LEL(392°F): 1.4% Class IIIB Combustible Liquid, but may be difficult to ignite.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
		Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Acetanilide, albumin, alkalis, antipyrine, camphor, ferric salts, menthol, spirit nitrous ether, strong oxidizers & bases [Note: Hygroscopic (i.e., absorbs moisture from the air).]		
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat, upper resp sys; methemo; cyan, convuls; restless, bluish skin, incr heart rate, dysp; dizz, drow, hypothermia, hema; spleen, kidney, liver changes; derm TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CVS, CNS, blood, spleen, liver, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Rhodium (metal fume and insoluble compounds, as Rh)	Formula: Rh (metal)	CAS#: 7440-16-6 (metal)	RTECS#: VI9069000	IDLH: 100 mg/m ³ (as Rh)
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Rhodium metal: Elemental rhodium Synonyms of other insoluble rhodium compounds vary depending upon the specific compound.				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S188 (II-3)	
Physical Description: Metal: White, hard, ductile, malleable solid with a bluish-gray luster.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 102.9 BP: 6741°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 12.41 (metal) VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 3571°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Metal: Noncombustible Solid in bulk form, but flammable as dust or powder.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 0.5 mg/m³: Qm 1 mg/m³: 95XQ/Sa 2.5 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/PapR/Hie 5 mg/m³: 100F/SaT:Cf/PapR/Hie/SaF/SaF 100 mg/m³: Sa:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Chlorine trifluoride, oxygen difluoride				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh SY: Possible resp sens TO: Resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

R

Rhodium (soluble compounds, as Rh)		Formula:	CAS#:	RTECS#:	IDLH: 2 mg/m ³ (as Rh)
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Synonyms vary depending upon the specific soluble rhodium compound.					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.001 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL: TWA 0.001 mg/m ³				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S189 (II-3)	
Physical Description: Appearance and odor vary depending upon the specific soluble rhodium compound.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: Properties vary depending upon the specific soluble rhodium compound.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 0.01 mg/m³: 100XQ*/Sa* 0.025 mg/m³: Sa:Cf*/PaprHie* 0.05 mg/m³: 100F/PaprTHie*/ScbaF/SaF 2 mg/m³: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE			
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Varies					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: In animals: irrit eyes; CNS damage TO: Eyes, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Ronnel		Formula: (CH ₃ O) ₂ P(S)OC ₆ H ₄ Cl ₃	CAS#: 299-84-3	RTECS#: TG0525000	IDLH: 300 mg/m ³
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: O,O-Dimethyl O-(2,4,5-trichlorophenyl) phosphorothioate; Fenchlorophos					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: TWA 15 mg/m ³				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5600 OSHA PV2054	
Physical Description: White to light-tan, crystalline solid. [insecticide] [Note: A liquid above 106°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 321.6 BP: Decomposes SoI(77°F): 0.004% Fl.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr(77°F): 1.49 VP(77°F): 0.0008 mmHg MLT: 106°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 100 mg/m³: CcrOv95/Sa 250 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/PaprvHie 300 mg/m³: CcrFOv100/GmFOv100/PaprvTOvHie*/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE			
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: In animals: irrit eyes; chol inhibition; liver, kidney damage TO: Eyes, liver, kidneys, blood plasma			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Rosin core solder, pyrolysis products (as formaldehyde)		Formula:	CAS#:	RTECS#:	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Rosin flux pyrolysis products, Rosin core soldering flux pyrolysis products					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL*: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ [*Note: "Ca" in the presence of formaldehyde, acetaldehyde, or malonaldehyde. See Appendices A & C (Aldehydes).]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2541, 3500	
OSHA PEL†: none					
Physical Description: Pyrolysis products of rosin core solder include acetone, aliphatic aldehydes, methyl alcohol, methane, ethane, various abietic acids (the major components of rosin), CO & CO ₂ .					
Chemical & Physical Properties: Properties vary depending upon the specific rosin core solder being used.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available. In the presence of Formaldehyde, Acetaldehyde, or Malonaldehyde: NIOSH ¥: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFov100/ScbaE			
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Varies					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh SY: Irrit eyes, nose, throat, upper resp sys [carc (in the presence of Formaldehyde, Acetaldehyde, or Malonaldehyde)] TO: Eyes, resp sys [nasal cancer; thyroid gland tumors in animals (in the presence of Formaldehyde, Acetaldehyde, or Malonaldehyde)]				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Resp support	

Rotenone		Formula: C ₂₃ H ₂₂ O ₆	CAS#: 83-79-4	RTECS#: DJ2800000	IDLH: 2500 mg/m ³
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1,2,12,12a-Tetrahydro-8,9-dimethoxy-2-(1-methylethenyl)-[1]benzopyrano[3,4-b]furo[2,3-h][1]benzopyran-6(6aH)-one					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/m ³				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5007	
Physical Description: Colorless to red, odorless, crystalline solid. [insecticide]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 394.4 BP: Decomposes Sol: Insoluble Fl.P.: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.27 VP: <0.00004 mmHg MLT: 330°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 5 mg/m³: CrOv95/Sa 125 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/PaprovHie 250 mg/m³: CrFov100/GmFov100/PaprovHie/SaT:Cf/ScbaF/SaF 2500 mg/m³: Sa:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFov100/ScbaE			
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, alkalis					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; numb muc memb; nau, vomit, abdom pain; musc tremor, inco, clonic convuls, stupor TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

R

Rouge	Formula: Fe ₂ O ₃	CAS#: 1309-37-1	RTECS#: NO7400000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:		
Synonyms/Trade Names: Iron(III)oxide, Iron oxide red, Red iron oxide, Red oxide				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: See Appendix D OSHA PEL†: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500, 0600	
Physical Description: A fine, red powder of ferric oxide. [Note: Usually used in cake form or impregnated in paper or cloth.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 159.7 BP: ? Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 5.24 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 2849°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Calcium hypochlorite, carbon monoxide, hydrogen peroxide				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Fresh air	

Selenium	Formula: Se	CAS#: 7782-49-2	RTECS#: VS7700000	IDLH: 1 mg/m ³ (as Se)
Conversion:		DOT: 2658 152 (powder)		
Synonyms/Trade Names: Elemental selenium, Selenium alloy				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL*: TWA 0.2 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL*: TWA 0.2 mg/m ³ [* Note: The REL and PEL also apply to other selenium compounds (as Se) except Selenium hexafluoride.]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7300, 7301, 7303, 9102, S190 (II-7) OSHA ID121	
Physical Description: Amorphous or crystalline, red to gray solid. [Note: Occurs as an impurity in most sulfide ores.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 79.0 BP: 1265°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 4.28 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 392°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 1 mg/m³: Qm*/95XQ*/100F/Pap/Hie*/ Pap/Hie*/Sa*/ScbaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Acids, strong oxidizers, chromium trioxide, potassium bromate, cadmium				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; vis dist; head; chills, fever; dysp, bron; metallic taste, garlic breath, GI dist; derm; eye, skin burns; in animals: anemia; liver nec, cirr; kidney, spleen damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, liver, kidneys, blood, spleen			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Selenium hexafluoride	Formula: SeF ₆	CAS#: 7783-79-1	RTECS#: VS9450000	IDLH: 2 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 7.89 mg/m ³	DOT: 2194 125			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Selenium fluoride				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.05 ppm OSHA PEL: TWA 0.05 ppm (0.4 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless gas.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 193.0 BP: -30°F Sol: Insoluble F.L.P.: NA IP: ? RGasD: 6.66 VP: >1 atm FRZ: -59°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Nonflammable Gas	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 0.5 ppm: Sa 1.25 ppm: Sa: Cf 2 ppm: Sa: T: Cf/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFS/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Water [Note: Hydrolyzes very slowly in cold water.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh SY: In animals: pulm irrit, edema TO: Resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Breath: Resp support	

Silica, amorphous	Formula: SiO ₂	CAS#: 7631-86-9	RTECS#: VV7310000	IDLH: 3000 mg/m ³
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Diatomaceous earth, Diatomaceous silica, Diatomite, Precipitated amorphous silica, Silica gel, Silicon dioxide (amorphous)				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 6 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: TWA 20 mppcf [(80 mg/m ³)/%SiO ₂]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7501	
Physical Description: Transparent to gray, odorless powder. [Note: Amorphous silica is the non-crystalline form of SiO ₂ .]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 60.1 BP: 4046°F Sol: Insoluble F.L.P.: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 2.20 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 3110°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 30 mg/m³: Qm 60 mg/m³: 95XQ/Sa 150 mg/m³: Sa: Cf/Paprhie 300 mg/m³: 100F/Sa: T: Cf/Paprhie/ ScbaF/SaF 3000 mg/m³: Sa: Pd, Pp §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Fluorine, oxygen difluoride, chlorine trifluoride				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, pneumoconiosis TO: Eyes, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Fresh air	

S

Silica, crystalline (as respirable dust)	Formula: SiO ₂	CAS#: 14808-60-7	RTECS#: VV7330000	IDLH: Ca [25 mg/m ³ (cristobalite, tridymite); 50 mg/m ³ (quartz, tripoli)]
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Cristobalite, Quartz, Tridymite, Tripoli				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA 0.05 mg/m ³ See Appendix A OSHA PEL†: See Appendix C (Mineral Dusts)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7500, 7601, 7602 OSHA ID142	
Physical Description: Colorless, odorless solid. [Note: A component of many mineral dusts.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 60.1 BP: 4046°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 2.66 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 3110°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 0.5 mg/m³: 95XQ 1.25 mg/m³: PaprHie/Sa:Cf 2.5 mg/m³: 100F/PaprTHie 25 mg/m³: Sa:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
	Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Powerful oxidizers: fluorine, chlorine trifluoride, manganese trioxide, oxygen difluoride, hydrogen peroxide, etc.; acetylene; ammonia			
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Cough, dysp, wheez; decr pulm func, progressive resp symptoms (silicosis); irrit eyes; [carc] TO: Eyes, resp sys [in animals: lung cancer]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Fresh air	

Silicon	Formula: Si	CAS#: 7440-21-3	RTECS#: VW0400000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT: 1346 170 (amorphous powder)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Elemental silicon [Note: Does not occur free in nature, but is found in silicon dioxide (silica) & in various silicates.]				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp) OSHA PEL†: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)	Physical Description: Black to gray, lustrous, needle-like crystals. [Note: The amorphous form is a dark-brown powder.]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500, 0600
	Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 28.1 BP: 4271°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr(77°F): 2.33 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 2570°F UEL: NA LEL: NA MEC: 160 g/m ³ Combustible Solid in powder form.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Chlorine, fluorine, oxidizers, calcium, cesium carbide, alkaline carbonates				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, upper resp sys; cough TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Fresh air Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Silicon carbide	Formula: SiC	CAS#: 409-21-2	RTECS#: VW0450000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Carbon silicide, Carborundum®, Silicon monocarbide				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp) OSHA PEL†: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500, 0600	
Physical Description: Yellow to green to bluish-black, iridescent crystals.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 40.1 BP: Sublimes Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: 9.30 eV Sp.Gr: 3.23 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 4892°F (Sublimes) UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported [Note: Sublimes with decomposition at 4892°F.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, upper resp sys; cough TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Fresh air Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Silicon tetrahydride	Formula: SiH ₄	CAS#: 7803-62-5	RTECS#: VV1400000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 1.31 mg/m ³	DOT: 2203 116			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Monosilane, Silane, Silicane				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 ppm (7 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless gas with a repulsive odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 32.1 BP: -169°F Sol: Decomposes Fl.P: NA (Gas) IP: ? RGasD: 1.11 VP: >1 atm FRZ: -301°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Flammable Gas (may ignite SPONTANEOUSLY in air).		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Halogens (bromine, chlorine, carbonyl chloride, antimony pentachloride, tin(IV) chloride), water				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; nau, head TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Breath: Resp support	

S

Silver (metal dust and soluble compounds, as Ag)		Formula: Ag (metal)	CAS#: 7440-22-4 (metal)	RTECS#: VW3500000 (metal)	IDLH: 10 mg/m ³ (as Ag)
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Silver metal; Argentum Synonyms of soluble silver compounds such as Silver nitrate (AgNO ₃) vary depending upon the specific compound.					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.01 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL: TWA 0.01 mg/m ³				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7300, 7301, 9102 OSHA ID121	
Physical Description: Metal: White, lustrous solid.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 107.9 BP: 3632°F Sol: Insoluble F.I.P.: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 10.49 (metal) VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 1761°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Metal: Noncombustible Solid, but flammable in form of dust or powder.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam (AgNO ₃) Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 0.25 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/Pap/HieE 0.5 mg/m³: 100F/ScbaF/SaF 10 mg/m³: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Acetylene, ammonia, hydrogen peroxide, bromoazide, chlorine trifluoride, ethyleneimine, oxalic acid, tartaric acid					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Blue-gray eyes, nasal septum, throat, skin; irrit, ulceration skin; GI dist TO: Nasal septum, skin, eyes			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Soapstone (containing less than 1% quartz)		Formula: 3MgO·4SiO ₂ ·H ₂ O	CAS#:	RTECS#: VV8780000	IDLH: 3000 mg/m ³
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Massive talc, Soapstone silicate, Steatite					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 6 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 3 mg/m ³ (resp) OSHA PEL†: TWA 20 mppcf				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500	
Physical Description: Odorless, white-gray powder.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 379.3 BP: ? Sol: Insoluble F.I.P.: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 2.7-2.8 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: ? UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 30 mg/m³: Qm 60 mg/m³: 95XQ/Sa 150 mg/m³: PaprHie 300 mg/m³: 100F/SaT:Cf/PaprThie*/ScbaF/SaF 3000 mg/m³: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Pneumoconiosis: cough, dysp; digital clubbing; cyan; basal crackles, cor pulmonale TO: Resp sys, CVS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Resp support		

Sodium aluminum fluoride (as F)		Formula: Na ₃ AlF ₆	CAS#: 15096-52-3	RTECS#: WA9625000	IDLH: 250 mg/m ³ (as F)
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Cryocide, Cryodust, Cryolite, Sodium hexafluoroaluminate					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL*: TWA 2.5 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL*: TWA 2.5 mg/m ³ [*Note: The REL and PEL also apply to other inorganic, solid fluorides (as F).]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7902 OSHA ID110	
Physical Description: Colorless to dark odorless solid. [pesticide] [Note: Loses color on heating.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 209.9 BP: Decomposes Sol: 0.04% Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 2.90 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 1832°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 12.5 mg/m ³ : Qm 25 mg/m ³ : 95XQ*/Sa* 62.5 mg/m ³ : Sa:C*/Pap/Hie*+ 125 mg/m ³ : 100F*/ScbaF/SaF 250 mg/m ³ : SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F*/ScbaE +Note: May need acid gas sorbent	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, resp sys; nau, abdom pain, diarr, salv, thirst, sweat; stiff spine; dermat; calcification of ligaments of ribs, pelvis TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, skeleton, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Fresh air Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Sodium azide		Formula: NaN ₃	CAS#: 26628-22-8	RTECS#: VY8050000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT: 1687 153			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Azide, Azium, Sodium salt of hydrazoic acid					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 0.1 ppm (as HN ₃) [skin] C 0.3 mg/m ³ (as NaN ₃) [skin] OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA ID121, ID211	
Physical Description: Colorless to white, odorless, crystalline solid. [pesticide] [Note: Forms hydrazoic acid (HN ₃) in water.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 65.0 BP: Decomposes Sol(63°F): 42% Fl.P: ? IP: 11.70 eV Sp.Gr: 1.85 VP: ? MLT: 527°F (Decomposes) UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid (if heated above 572°F).		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Acids, metals, water [Note: Over a period of time, sodium azide may react with copper, lead, brass, or solder in plumbing systems to form an accumulation of the HIGHLY EXPLOSIVE compounds of lead azide & copper azide.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; head, dizz, lass, blurred vision; low BP, bradycardia; kidney changes TO: Eyes, skin, CNS, CVS, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

S

Sodium bisulfite	Formula: NaHSO ₃	CAS#: 7631-90-5	RTECS#: VZ2000000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT: 2693 154 (solution)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Monosodium salt of sulfurous acid, Sodium acid bisulfite, Sodium bisulphite, Sodium hydrogen sulfite				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500	
Physical Description: White crystals or powder with a slight odor of sulfur dioxide.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 104.1 BP: Decomposes Sol: 29% F.P.: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr.: 1.48 VP: ? MLT: Decomposes UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Heat (decomposes) [Note: Slowly oxidized to the sulfate on exposure to air.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Fresh air Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Sodium cyanide (as CN)	Formula: NaCN	CAS#: 143-33-9	RTECS#: VZ7525000	IDLH: 25 mg/m ³ (as CN)
Conversion:	DOT: 1689 157 (solid); 3414 157 (solution)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Sodium salt of hydrocyanic acid				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL*: C 5 mg/m ³ (4.7 ppm) [10-minute] OSHA PEL*: TWA 5 mg/m ³ [*Note: The REL and PEL also apply to other cyanides (as CN) except Hydrogen cyanide.]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 6010, 7904	
Physical Description: White, granular or crystalline solid with a faint, almond-like odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 49.0 BP: 2725°F Sol(77°F): 58% F.P.: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr.: 1.60 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 1047°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid, but contact with acids releases highly flammable hydrogen cyanide.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 25 mg/m³: Sa/ScbaF §: ScbaF;Pd,Pp/SaF;Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS100/ScbaE
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers (such as acids, acid salts, chlorates & nitrates) [Note: Absorbs moisture from the air forming a syrup.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; asphy; lass, head, conf; nau, vomit; incr resp rate; slow gasping respiration; thyroid, blood changes TO: Eyes, skin, CVS, CNS, thyroid, blood			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Sodium fluoride (as F)		Formula: NaF	CAS#: 7681-49-4	RTECS#: WB0350000	IDLH: 250 mg/m ³ (as F)
Conversion:		DOT: 1690 154			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Floridine, Sodium monofluoride					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL*: TWA 2.5 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL*: TWA 2.5 mg/m ³ [*Note: The REL and PEL also apply to other inorganic, solid fluorides (as F).]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7902, 7906 OSHA ID110	
Physical Description: Odorless, white powder or colorless crystals. [Note: Pesticide grade is often dyed blue.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 42.0 BP: 3099°F Sol: 4% Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 2.78 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 1819°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 12.5 mg/m ³ : Qm 25 mg/m ³ : 95XQ*/Sa* 62.5 mg/m ³ : Sa:C*/PaprHie*+ 125 mg/m ³ : 100F+/ScbaF/SaF 250 mg/m ³ : SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F+/ScbaE +Note: May need acid gas sorbent	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, resp sys; nau, abdom pain, diarr; salv, thirst, sweat; stiff spine; dermat; calcification of ligaments of ribs, pelvis TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, skeleton, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Fresh air Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Sodium fluoroacetate		Formula: FCH ₂ COONa	CAS#: 62-74-8	RTECS#: AH9100000	IDLH: 2.5 mg/m ³
Conversion:		DOT: 2629 151			
Synonyms/Trade Names: SFA, Sodium monofluoroacetate					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.05 mg/m ³ ST 0.15 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL†: TWA 0.05 mg/m ³ [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S301 (II-5)	
Physical Description: Fluffy, colorless to white (sometimes dyed black), odorless powder. [Note: A liquid above 95°F.] [rodenticide]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 100.0 BP: Decomposes Sol: Miscible Fl.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: ? VP: Low MLT: 392°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 0.25 mg/m ³ : Qm 0.5 mg/m ³ : 95XQ/Sa 1.25 mg/m ³ : Sa:Cf/PapHie 2.5 mg/m ³ : 100F/SaT:Cf/PaprTHie/ ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Vomit; anxi, auditory halu; facial pares; twitch face musc; pulsus alternans, ectopic heartbeat, tacar, card arrhy; pulm edema; nystagmus; convuls; liver, kidney damage TO: Resp sys, CVS, liver, kidneys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

S

Sodium hydroxide	Formula: NaOH	CAS#: 1310-73-2	RTECS#: WB4900000	IDLH: 10 mg/m ³
Conversion:	DOT: 1823 154 (dry, solid); 1824 154 (solution)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Caustic soda, Lye, Soda lye, Sodium hydrate				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 2 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: TWA 2 mg/m ³			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7401	
Physical Description: Colorless to white, odorless solid (flakes, beads, granular form).				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 40.0 BP: 2534°F Sol: 111% F.I.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 2.13 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 605°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid, but when in contact with water may generate sufficient heat to ignite combustible materials.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 10 mg/m³: Sa:CfE/100F/Pap/Hie/L/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Water; acids; flammable liquids; organic halogens; metals such as aluminum, tin & zinc; nitromethane [Note: Corrosive to metals.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; pneu; eye, skin burns; temporary loss of hair TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Sodium metabisulfite	Formula: Na ₂ S ₂ O ₅	CAS#: 7681-57-4	RTECS#: UX8225000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Disodium pyrosulfite, Sodium metabisulphite, Sodium pyrosulfite				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500	
Physical Description: White to yellowish crystals or powder with an odor of sulfur dioxide.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 190.1 BP: Decomposes Sol: 54% F.I.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 1.4 VP: ? MLT: >302°F (Decomposes) UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Heat (decomposes) [Note: Slowly oxidized to the sulfate on exposure to air & moisture.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Fresh air Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Starch	Formula: (C ₆ H ₁₀ O ₅) _n	CAS#: 9005-25-8	RTECS#: GM5090000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Corn starch, Rice starch, Sorghum gum, α-Starch, Starch gum, Tapioca starch				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp) OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500, 0600	
Physical Description: Fine, white, odorless powder. [Note: A carbohydrate polymer composed of 25% amylose & 75% amylopectin.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: varies BP: Decomposes Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 1.45 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: Decomposes UEL: NA LEL: NA MEC: 50 g/m ³ Noncombustible Solid, but may form explosive mixture with air.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, acids, iodine, alkalis				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; cough, chest pain; dermat; rhin TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Fresh air Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Stibine	Formula: SbH ₃	CAS#: 7803-52-3	RTECS#: WJ0700000	IDLH: 5 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.10 mg/m ³	DOT: 2676 119			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Antimony hydride, Antimony trihydride, Hydrogen antimonide				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.1 ppm (0.5 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 0.1 ppm (0.5 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 6008	
Physical Description: Colorless gas with a disagreeable odor like hydrogen sulfide.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 124.8 BP: -1°F Sol: Slight Fl.P: NA (Gas) IP: 9.51 eV RGasD: 4.31 VP: >1 atm FRZ: -126°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Flammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 1 ppm: Sa 2.5 ppm: Sa:Cf 5 ppm: SaT:Cf/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp/AScba Escape: GmFS/ScbaE
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Acids, halogenated hydrocarbons, oxidizers, moisture, chlorine, ozone, ammonia				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh SY: Head, lass; nau, abdom pain; lumbar pain, hema, hemolytic anemia; jaun; pulm irrit TO: Blood, liver, kidneys, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Breath: Resp support	

S

Stoddard solvent	Formula:	CAS#:	RTECS#:	IDLH:
		8052-41-3	WJ8925000	20,000 mg/m ³
Conversion:	DOT: 1268 128 (petroleum distillates, n.o.s.)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Dry cleaning safety solvent, Mineral spirits, Petroleum solvent, Spotting naphtha [Note: A refined petroleum solvent with a flash point of 102-110°F, boiling point of 309-396°F, and containing >65% C ₁₀ or higher hydrocarbons.]				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 350 mg/m ³ C 1800 mg/m ³ [15-minute] OSHA PEL†: TWA 500 ppm (2900 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1550	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a kerosene-like odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: Varies BP: 309-396°F Sol: Insoluble F.L.P.: 102-110°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.78 VP: ? FRZ: ? UEL: ? LEL: ? Class II Combustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 3500 mg/m³: CcrOv*/Sa* 8750 mg/m³: Sa:Cf*/PaprvOv* 17,500 mg/m³: CcrFOv/GmFOv/PaprvTOv*/ScbaF/SaF 20,000 mg/m³: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose, throat; dizz; dermat; chemical pneu (aspir liquid); in animals: kidney damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, kidneys		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Strychnine	Formula:	CAS#:	RTECS#:	IDLH:
	C ₂₁ H ₂₂ N ₂ O ₂	57-24-9	WL2275000	3 mg/m ³
Conversion:	DOT: 1692 151			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Nux vomica, Strychnos				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.15 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL: TWA 0.15 mg/m ³			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5016	
Physical Description: Colorless to white, odorless, crystalline solid. [pesticide]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 334.4 BP: Decomposes Sol: 0.02% F.L.P.: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.36 VP: Low MLT: 514°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid, but difficult to ignite.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: When contam Remove: N.R. Change: Daily	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 0.75 mg/m³: Qm 1.5 mg/m³: 95XQ/Sa 3 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/PaprvHie/100F/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Stiff neck, facial musc; restless, anxi, incr acuity of perception; incr reflex excitability; cyan; tetanic convuls with opisthotonos TO: CNS		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Styrene	Formula: C ₆ H ₅ CH=CH ₂	CAS#: 100-42-5	RTECS#: WL3675000	IDLH: 700 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.26 mg/m ³		DOT: 2055 128P (inhibited)		
Synonyms/Trade Names: Ethenyl benzene, Phenylethylene, Styrene monomer, Styrol, Vinyl benzene				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 50 ppm (215 mg/m ³) ST 100 ppm (425 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 100 ppm C 200 ppm 600 ppm (5-minute maximum peak in any 3 hours)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1501, 3800 OSHA 9, 89	
Physical Description: Colorless to yellow, oily liquid with a sweet, floral odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 104.2 BP: 293°F Sol: 0.03% Fl.P: 88°F IP: 8.40 eV Sp.Gr: 0.91 VP: 5 mmHg FRZ: -23°F UEL: 6.8% LEL: 0.9% Class IC Flammable Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 500 ppm: CcrOv*/Sa* 700 ppm: Sa:Cf*/CcrFOv/GmFOv/ PapOv*/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, catalysts for vinyl polymers, peroxides, strong acids, aluminum chloride [Note: May polymerize if contaminated or subjected to heat. Usually contains an inhibitor such as tert-butylcatechol.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose, resp sys; head, lass, dizz, conf, mal, drow, unsteady gait; narco; defatting derm; possible liver inj; repro effects TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, liver, repro sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Subtilisin	Formula:	CAS#: 1395-21-7 (BPN) 9014-01-1 (Carlsburg)	RTECS#: CO9450000 (BPN) CO9550000 (Carlsburg)	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:		
Synonyms/Trade Names: Bacillus subtilis, Bacillus subtilis BPN, Bacillus subtilis Carlsburg, Proteolytic enzymes, Subtilisin BPN, Subtilisin Carlsburg [Note: Commercial proteolytic enzymes are used in laundry detergents.]				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: ST 0.00006 mg/m ³ [60-minute] OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Light-colored, free-flowing powders. [Note: A protein containing numerous amino acids.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 28,000 (approx) BP: ? Sol: ? Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: ? VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: ? UEL: NA LEL: NA	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; resp sens (enzyme asthma); sweat, head, chest pain, flu-like symptoms, cough, breathlessness, wheez TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

S

Succinonitrile	Formula: NCCH ₂ CH ₂ CN	CAS#: 110-61-2	RTECS#: WN3850000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.28 mg/m ³	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Butanedinitrile; 1,2-Dicyanoethane; Dinile; Ethylene cyanide; Ethylene dicyanide; Succinic dinitrile				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 6 ppm (20 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH Nitriles Criteria Document	
Physical Description: Colorless, odorless, waxy solid. [Note: Forms cyanide in the body.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 80.1 BP: 509°F Sol: 13% Fl.P: 270°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.99 VP(212°F): 2 mmHg MLT: 134°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 60 ppm: Sa 150 ppm: Sa:Cf 250 ppm: ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; head, dizz, lass, conf, convuls; blurred vision; dysp; abdom pain, nau, vomit TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, CVS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Sucrose	Formula: C ₁₂ H ₂₂ O ₁₁	CAS#: 57-50-1	RTECS#: WN6500000	IDLH: N.D.	
Conversion:	DOT:				
Synonyms/Trade Names: Beet sugar, Cane sugar, Confectioner's sugar, Granulated sugar, Rock candy, Saccarose, Sugar, Table sugar					
S	Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp) OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500, 0600	
	Physical Description: Hard, white, odorless crystals, lumps, or powder. [Note: May have a characteristic, caramel odor when heated.]				
	Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 342.3 BP: Decomposes Sol: 200% Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 1.59 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 320-367°F (Decomposes) UEL: NA LEL: NA MEC: 45 g/m ³ Noncombustible Solid, but fine airborne dust may explode.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, sulfuric acid, nitric acid					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, upper resp sys; cough TO: Eyes, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Fresh air		

Sulfur dioxide		Formula: SO ₂	CAS#: 7446-09-5	RTECS#: WS44550000	IDLH: 100 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.62 mg/m ³		DOT: 1079 125			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Sulfurous acid anhydride, Sulfurous oxide, Sulfur oxide					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 2 ppm (5 mg/m ³) ST 5 ppm (13 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 5 ppm (13 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 3800, 6004 OSHA ID104, ID200	
Physical Description: Colorless gas with a characteristic, irritating, pungent odor. [Note: A liquid below 14°F. Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 64.1 BP: 14°F Sol: 10% F.I.P: NA IP: 12.30 eV RGasD: 2.26 VP: 3.2 atm FRZ: -104°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Nonflammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Frostbite Eyes: Frostbite Wash skin: N.R. Remove: When wet or contam (liquid) Change: N.R. Provide: Frostbite wash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 20 ppm: CcrS*/Sa* 50 ppm: Sa:Cf*/PapR*S* 100 ppm: CcrFS/GmFS/PapRTS*/ SaT:Cf*/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp/AScBa Escape: GmFS/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Powdered alkali metals (such as sodium & potassium), water, ammonia, zinc, aluminum, brass, copper [Note: Reacts with water to form sulfurous acid (H ₂ SO ₃).]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose, throat; rhin; choking, cough; reflex bronchoconstriction; liquid: frostbite TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Frostbite Skin: Frostbite Breath: Resp support		

Sulfur hexafluoride		Formula: SF ₆	CAS#: 2551-62-4	RTECS#: WS4900000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.98 mg/m ³		DOT: 1080 126			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Sulfur fluoride [Note: May contain highly toxic sulfur pentafluoride as an impurity.]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1000 ppm (6000 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 1000 ppm (6000 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 6602	
Physical Description: Colorless, odorless gas. [Note: Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas. Condenses directly to a solid upon cooling.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 146.1 BP: Sublimes Sol(77°F): 0.003% F.I.P: NA IP: 19.30 eV RGasD: 5.11 VP: 21.5 atm FRZ: -83°F (Sublimes) UEL: NA LEL: NA Nonflammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Frostbite Eyes: Frostbite Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R. Provide: Frostbite wash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Disilane					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh SY: Asphy: incr breath rate, pulse rate; slight musc inco, emotional upset; lass, nau, vomit, convuls; liquid: frostbite TO: Resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Frostbite Skin: Frostbite Breath: Resp support		

S

Sulfuric acid	Formula: H ₂ SO ₄	CAS#: 7664-93-9	RTECS#: WS5600000	IDLH: 15 mg/m ³
Conversion:	DOT: 1830 137; 1831 137 (fuming); 1832 137 (spent)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Battery acid, Hydrogen sulfate, Oil of vitriol, Sulfuric acid (aqueous)				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL: TWA 1 mg/m ³			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7903 OSHA ID113, ID165SG	
Physical Description: Colorless to dark-brown, oily, odorless liquid. [Note: Pure compound is a solid below 51°F. Often used in an aqueous solution.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 98.1 BP: 554°F Sol: Miscible F.I.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.84 (96-98% acid) VP: 0.001 mmHg FRZ: 51°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Liquid, but capable of igniting finely divided combustible materials.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash (>1%) Quick drench (>1%)		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 15 mg/m³: Sa:CfE/PapRAgHieE/ CcrFAg100/GmFAg100/ ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFAg100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Organic materials, chlorates, carbides, fulminates, water, powdered metals [Note: Reacts violently with water with evolution of heat. Corrosive to metals.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; pulm edema, bron; emphy; conj; stomatis; dental erosion; eye, skin burns; derm TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, teeth			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Sulfur monochloride	Formula: S ₂ Cl ₂	CAS#: 10025-67-9	RTECS#: WS4300000	IDLH: 5 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.52 mg/m ³	DOT: 1828 137			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Sulfur chloride, Sulfur subchloride, Thiosulfurous dichloride				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 1 ppm (6 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 1 ppm (6 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Light-amber to yellow-red, oily liquid with a pungent, nauseating, irritating odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 135.0 BP: 280°F Sol: Decomposes F.I.P: 245°F IP: 9.40 eV Sp.Gr: 1.68 VP: 7 mmHg FRZ: -107°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIB Combustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 5 ppm: CcrFS/GmFS/PapRSE/ ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Peroxides, oxides of phosphorous, organics, water [Note: Decomposes violently in water to form hydrochloric acid, sulfur dioxide, sulfur, sulfite, thiosulfate, and hydrogen sulfide. Corrosive to metals.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; lac; cough; eye, skin burns; pulm edema TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Sulfur pentafluoride	Formula: S ₂ F ₁₀	CAS#: 5714-22-7	RTECS#: WS4480000	IDLH: 1 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 10.39 mg/m ³	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Disulfur decafluoride, Sulfur decafluoride				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 0.01 ppm (0.1 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 0.025 ppm (0.25 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid or gas (above 84°F) with an odor like sulfur dioxide.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 254.1 BP: 84°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: ? RGasD: 8.77 Sp.Gr(32°F): 2.08 VP: 561 mmHg FRZ: -134°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Liquid Nonflammable Gas	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: N.R. Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 0.1 ppm: Sa 0.25 ppm: Sa:Cf 0.5 ppm: Sa:T:Cf/ScbaF/SaF 1 ppm: Sa:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFAg/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; in animals: pulm edema, hemorrh TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Sulfur tetrafluoride	Formula: SF ₄	CAS#: 7783-60-0	RTECS#: WT4800000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.42 mg/m ³	DOT: 2418 125			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Tetrafluorosulfurane				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 0.1 ppm (0.4 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA ID110	
Physical Description: Colorless gas with an odor like sulfur dioxide. [Note: Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 108.1 BP: -41°F Sol: Reacts Fl.P: NA IP: 12.63 eV RGasD: 3.78 VP(70°F): 10.5 atm FRZ: -185°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Nonflammable Gas	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Frostbite Eyes: Frostbite Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R. Provide: Frostbite wash	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Moisture, concentrated sulfuric acid, dioxygen difluoride [Note: Readily hydrolyzed by moisture, forming hydrofluoric acid & thionyl fluoride.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; eye, skin burns (from SF ₄ releasing hydrofluoric acid on exposure to moisture); liquid: frostbite; in animals: dysp, lass, rhin TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Frostbite Skin: Frostbite Breath: Resp support		

S

Sulfuryl fluoride		Formula: SO ₂ F ₂	CAS#: 2699-79-8	RTECS#: WT5075000	IDLH: 200 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.18 mg/m ³		DOT: 2191 123			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Sulfur difluoride dioxide, Vikane®					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 ppm (20 mg/m ³) ST 10 ppm (40 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 5 ppm (20 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 6012	
Physical Description: Colorless, odorless gas. [insecticide/fumigant] [Note: Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 102.1 BP: -68°F Sol(32°F): 0.2% Fl.P: NA IP: 13.04 eV RGasD: 3.72 VP(70°F): 15.8 atm FRZ: -212°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Nonflammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Frostbite Eyes: Frostbite Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R. Provide: Frostbite wash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 50 ppm: Sa* 125 ppm: Sa;Cf* 200 ppm: ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF;Pd,Pp/SaF;Pd,Pp;AScba Escape: GmFS/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con (liquid) SY: Conj, rhinitis, pharyngitis, pares; liquid: frostbite: in animals: narco, tremor, convuls; pulm edema; kidney inj TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, kidneys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Frostbite Skin: Frostbite Breath: Resp support	

Sulprofos		Formula: C ₁₂ H ₁₀ O ₂ PS ₃	CAS#: 35400-43-2	RTECS#: TE4165000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 13.19 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Bolstar®, O-Ethyl O-(4-methylthio)phenyl S-propylphosphorodithioate					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5600 OSHA PV2037	
Physical Description: Tan-colored liquid with a sulfide-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 322.5 BP: ? Sol: Low Fl.P: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.20 VP: <8 mmHg FRZ: ? UEL: ? LEL: ?		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing SY: Nau, vomit, abdom cramps, diarr, salv; head, dizz, lass; rhin, chest tight; blurred vision, miosis; card irreg; musc fasc; dysp TO: Resp sys, CNS, CVS, blood chol				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

2,4,5-T	Formula: Cl ₂ C ₆ H ₂ OCH ₂ COOH	CAS#: 93-76-5	RTECS#: AJ8400000	IDLH: 250 mg/m ³
Conversion:	DOT: 2765 152			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxyacetic acid				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL: TWA 10 mg/m ³			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5001	
Physical Description: Colorless to tan, odorless, crystalline solid. [herbicide]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 255.5 BP: Decomposes Sol(77°F): 0.03% Fl.P: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.80 VP: 1 x 10 ⁻⁷ mmHg MLT: 307°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid, but burns with difficulty.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 50 mg/m ³ : Qm 100 mg/m ³ : 95XQ/Sa 250 mg/m ³ : Sa:Cf/100F/PaprHie/ ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: In animals: ataxia; skin irrit, acne-like rash; liver damage TO: Skin, liver, GI tract		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Talc (containing no asbestos and less than 1% quartz)	Formula: Mg ₃ Si ₄ O ₁₀ (OH) ₂	CAS#: 14807-96-6	RTECS#: WWW2710000	IDLH: 1000 mg/m ³
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Hydrous magnesium silicate, Steatite talc				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 2 mg/m ³ (resp) OSHA PEL†: TWA 20 mppcf			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH P&CAM355 (III)	
Physical Description: Odorless, white powder.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: Varies BP: ? Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 2.70-2.80 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 1652°F to 1832°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 10 mg/m ³ : Qm 20 mg/m ³ : 95XQ/Sa 50 mg/m ³ : PaprHie/Sa:Cf 100 mg/m ³ : 100F/SaT:Cf/PaprTHie/ ScbaF/SaF 1000 mg/m ³ : Sa:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Fibrotic pneumoconiosis, irrit eyes TO: Eyes, resp sys, CVS		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Fresh air		

T

Tantalum (metal and oxide dust, as Ta)	Formula: Ta (metal)	CAS#: 7440-25-7 (metal)	RTECS#: WW5505000 (metal)	IDLH: 2500 mg/m ³ (as Ta)
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Tantalum metal: Tantalum-181 Synonyms of other tantalum dusts (including oxide dusts) vary depending upon the specific compound.				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ ST 10 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/m ³	Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500			
Physical Description: Metal: Steel-blue to gray solid or black, odorless powder.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 180.9 BP: 9797°F Sol: Insoluble F.L.P.: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 16.65 (metal) 14.40 (powder) VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 5425°F UEL: NA LEL: NA MEC: <200 g/m ³ Metal: Combustible Solid; powder ignites SPONTANEOUSLY in air.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 25 mg/m ³ : Qm 50 mg/m ³ : 95XQ/Sa 125 mg/m ³ : Sa:Cf/PaprHie 250 mg/m ³ : 100F/SaT:Cf/PaprTHie/ ScbaF/SaF 2500 mg/m ³ : Sa:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: HieF/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, bromine trifluoride, fluorine				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; in animals: pulm irrit TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Resp support	

TEDP	Formula: [(CH ₃ CH ₂ O) ₂ PS] ₂ O	CAS#: 3689-24-5	RTECS#: XN4375000	IDLH: 10 mg/m ³
Conversion: 1 ppm = 13.18 mg/m ³	DOT: 1704 153			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Bladafum®, Dithion®, Sulfotep, Tetraethyl dithionopyrophosphate, Tetraethyl dithiopyrophosphate, Thiotep®				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.2 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 0.2 mg/m ³ [skin]	Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available			
Physical Description: Pale-yellow liquid with a garlic-like odor. [Note: A pesticide that may be absorbed on a solid carrier or mixed in a more flammable liquid.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 322.3 BP: Decomposes Sol: 0.0007% F.L.P.: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr(77°F): 1.20 VP: 0.0002 mmHg FRZ: ? UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 2 mg/m ³ : Sa 5 mg/m ³ : Sa:Cf 10 mg/m ³ : ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, iron [Note: Corrosive to iron.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; eye pain, blurred vision, lac; rhin; head; cyan; anor; nau, vomit, diarr; local sweat, lass, twitch, para, Cheyne-Stokes respiration, convuls, low BP, card irreg TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, CVS, blood chol			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Tellurium	Formula: Te	CAS#: 13494-80-9	RTECS#: WY2625000	IDLH: 25 mg/m ³ (as Te)
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Aurum paradoxum, Metallum problematum				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL*: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL*: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ [*Note: The REL and PEL also apply to other tellurium compounds (as Te) except Tellurium hexafluoride and Bismuth telluride.]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7300, 7301, 7303, 9102 OSHA ID121	
Physical Description: Odorless, dark-gray to brown, amorphous powder or grayish-white, brittle solid.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 127.6 BP: 1814°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 6.24 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 842°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Combustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 0.5 mg/m ³ : Qm 1 mg/m ³ : 95XQ/Sa 2.5 mg/m ³ : Sa:Cf/PaprHie 5 mg/m ³ : 100F/SaT:Cf/PaprTHie/ScbaF/SaF 25 mg/m ³ : Sa:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, chlorine, cadmium				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Garlic breath, sweat; dry mouth, metallic taste; drow; anor, nau, no sweat; derm; in animals: CNS, red blood cell changes TO: Skin, CNS, blood			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Tellurium hexafluoride	Formula: TeF ₆	CAS#: 7783-80-4	RTECS#: WY2800000	IDLH: 1 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 9.88 mg/m ³	DOT: 2195 125			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Tellurium fluoride				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.02 ppm (0.2 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 0.02 ppm (0.2 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S187 (II-3)	
Physical Description: Colorless gas with a repulsive odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 241.6 BP: Sublimes Sol: Decomposes Fl.P: NA IP: ? RGasD: 8.34 VP: >1 atm FRZ: -36°F (Sublimes) UEL: NA LEL: NA Nonflammable Gas	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 0.2 ppm: Sa 0.5 ppm: Sa:Cf 1 ppm: SaT:Cf/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Water [Note: Hydrolyzes slowly in water to telluric acid.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh SY: Head; dysp; garlic breath; in animals: pulm edema TO: Resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Breath: Resp support	

Temephos	Formula: S[C ₆ H ₄ OP(S)(OCH ₃) ₂] ₂	CAS#: 3383-96-8	RTECS#: TF6890000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Abate®; Temefos; O, O, O'-Tetramethyl O, O'-thiodi-p-phenylene phosphorothioate				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp) OSHA PEL†: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500, 0600 OSHA PV2056	
Physical Description: White, crystalline solid or liquid (above 87°F). [insecticide] [Note: Technical grade is a viscous, brown liquid.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 466.5 BP: 248-257°F (Decomposes) Sol: Insoluble Fl.P.: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.32 VP(77°F): 0.00000007 mmHg MLT: 87°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, blurred vision; dizz; dysp; saliv; abdom cramps, nau, diarr, vomit TO: Eyes, resp sys, CNS, CVS, blood chol			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

TEPP	Formula: [(CH ₃ CH ₂ O) ₂ PO] ₂ O	CAS#: 107-49-3	RTECS#: UX6825000	IDLH: 5 mg/m ³
Conversion: 1 ppm = 11.87 mg/m ³	DOT: 2783 152 (solid); 3018 152 (liquid)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Ethyl pyrophosphate, Tetraethyl pyrophosphate, Tetron®				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.05 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 0.05 mg/m ³ [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2504	
Physical Description: Colorless to amber liquid with a faint, fruity odor. [insecticide] [Note: A solid below 32°F.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 290.2 BP: Decomposes Sol: Miscible Fl.P.: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.19 VP: 0.0002 mmHg FRZ: 32°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 0.5 mg/m³: Sa 1.25 mg/m³: Sa:Cf 2.5 mg/m³: SaT:Cf/ScbaF/SaF 5 mg/m³: Sa:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, alkalis, water [Note: Hydrolyzes quickly in water to form pyrophosphoric acid.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Eye pain, blurred vision, lac; rhin; head, chest tight, cyan; anor, nau, vomit, diarr; lass, twitch, para, Cheyne-Stokes respiration, convuls; low BP, card irreg; sweat TO: Eyes, resp sys, CNS, CVS, GI tract, blood chol			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

m-Terphenyl		Formula: C ₆ H ₅ C ₆ H ₄ C ₆ H ₅	CAS#: 92-06-8	RTECS#: WZ6470000	IDLH: 500 mg/m ³
Conversion: 1 ppm = 9.57 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: m-Diphenylbenzene; 1,3-Diphenylbenzene; Isodiphenylbenzene; 3-Phenylbiphenyl; 1,3-Terphenyl; meta-Terphenyl; m-Triphenyl					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 5 mg/m ³ (0.5 ppm) OSHA PEL†: C 9 mg/m ³ (1 ppm)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5021	
Physical Description: Yellow solid (needles).					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 230.3 BP: 689°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P(oc): 375°F IP: 8.01 Sp.Gr: 1.23 VP(200°F): 0.01 mmHg MLT: 192°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 25 mg/m³: Qm£ 50 mg/m³: 95XQ£/Sa£ 125 mg/m³: Sa:Cf£/PapHie£ 250 mg/m³: 100F/ScbaF/SaF 500 mg/m³: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; thermal skin burns; head; sore throat; in animals: liver, kidney damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, liver, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

o-Terphenyl		Formula: C ₆ H ₅ C ₆ H ₄ C ₆ H ₅	CAS#: 84-15-1	RTECS#: WZ6472000	IDLH: 500 mg/m ³
Conversion: 1 ppm = 9.42 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: o-Diphenylbenzene; 1,2-Diphenylbenzene; 2-Phenylbiphenyl; 1,2-Terphenyl; ortho-Terphenyl; o-Triphenyl					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 5 mg/m ³ (0.5 ppm) OSHA PEL†: C 9 mg/m ³ (1 ppm)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5021	
Physical Description: Colorless or light-yellow solid.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 230.3 BP: 630°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P(oc): 325°F IP: 7.99 eV Sp.Gr: 1.1 VP(200°F): 0.09 mmHg MLT: 136°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 25 mg/m³: Qm£ 50 mg/m³: 95XQ£/Sa£ 125 mg/m³: Sa:Cf£/PapHie£ 250 mg/m³: 100F/ScbaF/SaF 500 mg/m³: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; thermal skin burns; head; sore throat; in animals: liver, kidney damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, liver, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

p-Terphenyl		Formula: C ₆ H ₅ C ₆ H ₄ C ₆ H ₅	CAS#: 92-94-4	RTECS#: WZ6475000	IDLH: 500 mg/m ³
Conversion: 1 ppm = 9.57 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: p-Diphenylbenzene; 1,4-Diphenylbenzene; 4-Phenylbiphenyl; 1,4-Terphenyl; para-Terphenyl; p-Triphenyl					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 5 mg/m ³ (0.5 ppm) OSHA PEL†: C 9 mg/m ³ (1 ppm)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5021	
Physical Description: White or light-yellow solid.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 230.3 BP: 761°F Sol: Insoluble F.I.P.: 405°F IP: 7.78 Sp.Gr.: 1.23 VP: Very low MLT: 415°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 25 mg/m³: QmE 50 mg/m³: Sa:CfE/PapR/HieE 125 mg/m³: Sa:CfE/PapR/HieE 250 mg/m³: 100F/ScbaF/SaF 500 mg/m³: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; thermal skin burns; head; sore throat; in animals: liver, kidney damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, liver, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

2,3,7,8-Tetrachloro-dibenzo-p-dioxin		Formula: C ₁₂ H ₄ Cl ₄ O ₂	CAS#: 1746-01-6	RTECS#: HP3500000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Dioxin; Dioxine; TCDBD; TCDD; 2,3,7,8-TCDD [Note: Formed during past production of 2,4,5-trichlorophenol, 2,4,5-T & 2(2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy)propionic acid.]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless to white, crystalline solid. [Note: Exposure may occur through contact at previously contaminated worksites.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 322.0 BP: Decomposes Sol: 0.00000002% F.I.P.: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr.: ? VP(77°F): 0.000002 mmHg MLT: 581°F UEL: ? LEL: ?		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ¥: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: UV light (decomposes)					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes; allergic derm, chloracne; porphyria; GI dist; possible repro, terato effects; in animals: liver, kidney damage; hemorr; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, liver, kidneys, repro sys [in animals: tumors at many sites]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro-2,2-difluoroethane		Formula: CCl ₃ CClF ₂	CAS#: 76-11-9	RTECS#: K11425000	IDLH: 2000 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 8.34 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 2,2-Difluoro-1,1,1,2-tetrachloroethane; Freon® 112a; Halocarbon 112a; Refrigerant 112a					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 500 ppm (4170 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 500 ppm (4170 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1016 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless solid with a slight, ether-like odor. [Note: A liquid above 105°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 203.8 BP: 197°F Sol: 0.01% Fl.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.65 VP: 40 mmHg MLT: 105°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 2000 ppm: Sa/ScbaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOV/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Chemically-active metals such as potassium, beryllium, powdered aluminum, zinc, calcium, magnesium & sodium; acids					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; CNS depres; pulm edema; drow; dysp TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro-1,2-difluoroethane		Formula: CCl ₂ FCCl ₂ F	CAS#: 76-12-0	RTECS#: K11420000	IDLH: 2000 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 8.34 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1,2-Difluoro-1,1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane; Freon® 112; Halocarbon 112; Refrigerant 112					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 500 ppm (4170 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 500 ppm (4170 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1016 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless solid or liquid (above 77°F) with a slight, ether-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 203.8 BP: 199°F Sol(77°F): 0.01% Fl.P: NA IP: 11.30 eV Sp.Gr: 1.65 VP: 40 mmHg MLT: 77°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 2000 ppm: Sa/ScbaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOV/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Chemically-active metals such as potassium, beryllium, powdered aluminum, zinc, magnesium, calcium & sodium; acids					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: In animals: irrit eyes, skin; conj; pulm edema; narco TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	Formula: CCl ₃ CH ₂ Cl	CAS#: 630-20-6	RTECS#: K18450000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT: 1702 151		
Synonyms/Trade Names: None				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Handle with caution in the workplace. See Appendix C (Chloroethanes) OSHA PEL: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Yellowish-red liquid.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 167.9 BP: 267°F Sol: 0.1% Fl.P.: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.54 VP(77°F): 14 mmHg FRZ: -94°F UEL: ? LEL: ?		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Potassium; sodium; dinitrogen tetraoxide; potassium hydroxide; nitrogen tetroxide; sodium potassium alloy; 2,4-dinitrophenyl disulfide				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; lass, restless, irreg respiration, musc inco; in animals: liver changes TO: Eyes, skin, CNS, liver			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	Formula: CHCl ₂ CHCl ₂	CAS#: 79-34-5	RTECS#: K18575000	IDLH: Ca [100 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 6.87 mg/m ³		DOT: 1702 151		
Synonyms/Trade Names: Acetylene tetrachloride, Symmetrical tetrachloroethane				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA 1 ppm (7 mg/m ³) [skin] See Appendix A See Appendix C (Chloroethanes) OSHA PEL†: TWA 5 ppm (35 mg/m ³) [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1019, 2562 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless to pale-yellow liquid with a pungent, chloroform-like odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 167.9 BP: 296°F Sol: 0.3% Fl.P: NA IP: 11.10 eV Sp.Gr(77°F): 1.59 VP: 5 mmHg FRZ: -33°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ✖: ScbaF;Pd,Pp/SaF;Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Chemically-active metals, strong caustics, fuming sulfuric acid [Note: Degrades slowly when exposed to air.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Nau, vomit, abdom pain; tremor fingers; jaun, hepatitis, liver tend; derm; leucyt; kidney damage; [carc] TO: Skin, liver, kidneys, CNS, GI tract [in animals: liver tumors]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Tetrachloroethylene	Formula: Cl ₂ C=CCl ₂	CAS#: 127-18-4	RTECS#: KX3850000	IDLH: Ca [150 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 6.78 mg/m ³	DOT: 1897 160			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Perchloroethylene, Perchloroethylene, Perk, Tetrachlorethylene				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca Minimize workplace exposure concentrations. See Appendix A OSHA PEL†: TWA 100 ppm C 200 ppm (for 5 mins. in any 3-hr. period), with a maximum peak of 300 ppm			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1003 OSHA 1001	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a mild, chloroform-like odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 165.8 BP: 250°F Sol: 0.02% Fl.P: NA IP: 9.32 eV Sp.Gr: 1.62 VP: 14 mmHg FRZ: -2°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Liquid, but decomposes in a fire to hydrogen chloride and phosgene.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☞: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOV/ScbaE	
	Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers; chemically-active metals such as lithium, beryllium & barium; caustic soda; sodium hydroxide; potash			
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat, resp sys; nau; flush face, neck; dizz, inco; head, drow; skin eryt; liver damage; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, liver, kidneys, CNS [in animals: liver tumors]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Tetrachloronaphthalene	Formula: C ₁₀ H ₄ Cl ₄	CAS#: 1335-88-2	RTECS#: QK3700000	IDLH: See Appendix F
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Halowax®, Nibren wax, Seekay wax				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 2 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 2 mg/m ³ [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S130 (II-2)	
Physical Description: Colorless to pale-yellow solid with an aromatic odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 265.9 BP: 599-680°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P(oc): 410°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.59-1.65 VP: <1 mmHg MLT: 360°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 20 mg/m³: ScbaF/SaF ☞: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOV100/ScbaE See Appendix F	
	Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers			
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Acne-form derm; head, lass, anor, dizz; jaun, liver inj TO: Liver, skin, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Tetraethyl lead (as Pb)		Formula: Pb(C ₂ H ₅) ₄	CAS#: 78-00-2	RTECS#: TP4550000	IDLH: 40 mg/m ³ (as Pb)
Conversion:		DOT: 1649 131			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Lead tetraethyl, TEL, Tetraethylplumbane					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.075 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 0.075 mg/m ³ [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2533	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid (unless dyed red, orange, or blue) with a pleasant, sweet odor. [Note: Main usage is in anti-knock additives for gasoline.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 323.5 BP: 228°F (Decomposes) Sol: 0.00002% Fl.P: 200°F IP: 11.10 eV Sp.Gr: 1.65 VP: 0.2 mmHg FRZ: -202°F UEL: ? LEL: 1.8% Class IIIB Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact (>0.1%) Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam (>0.1%) Remove: When wet or contam (>0.1%) Change: Daily Provide: Quick drench (>0.1%)		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 0.75 mg/m³: Sa 1.875 mg/m³: Sa: Cf 3.75 mg/m³: Sa: T: Cf/ScbaF/SaF 40 mg/m³: Sa: Pd, Pp §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, sulfuryl chloride, rust, potassium permanganate [Note: Decomposes slowly at room temperature and more rapidly at higher temperatures.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Insom, lass, anxiety; tremor, hyper-reflexia, spasticity; bradycardia, hypotension, hypothermia, pallor, nau, anor, low-wgt; conf, halu, psychosis, mania, convuls, coma; eye irrit TO: CNS, CVS, kidneys, eyes				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Tetrahydrofuran		Formula: C ₄ H ₈ O	CAS#: 109-99-9	RTECS#: LU5950000	IDLH: 2000 ppm [10%LEL]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.95 mg/m ³		DOT: 2056 127			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Diethylene oxide; 1,4-Epoxybutane; Tetramethylene oxide; THF					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 200 ppm (590 mg/m ³) ST 250 ppm (735 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 200 ppm (590 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1609, 3800 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with an ether-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 72.1 BP: 151°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P: 6°F IP: 9.45 eV Sp.Gr: 0.89 VP: 132 mmHg FRZ: -163°F UEL: 11.8% LEL: 2% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 2000 ppm: Sa: Cf£/CcrFOv/GmFOv/Paprov£/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, lithium-aluminum alloys [Note: Peroxides may accumulate upon prolonged storage in presence of air.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con, Ing SY: Irrit eyes, upper resp sys; nau, dizz, head, CNS depres TO: Eyes, resp sys, CNS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Tetramethyl lead (as Pb)	Formula: Pb(CH ₃) ₄	CAS#: 75-74-1	RTECS#: TP4725000	IDLH: 40 mg/m ³ (as Pb)
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Lead tetramethyl, Tetramethylplumbane, TML				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.075 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 0.075 mg/m ³ [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2534	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid (unless dyed red, orange, or blue) with a fruity odor. [Note: Main usage is in anti-knock additives for gasoline.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 267.3 BP: 212°F (Decomposes) Sol: 0.0022% Fl.P: 100°F IP: 8.50 eV Sp.Gr: 2.00 VP: 23 mmHg FRZ: -15°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class II Combustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact (>0.1%) Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam (>0.1%) Remove: When wet or contam (>0.1%) Change: Daily Provide: Quick drench (>0.1%)		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 0.75 mg/m³: Sa 1.875 mg/m³: Sa:Cf 3.75 mg/m³: Sa:T:Cf/ScbaF/SaF 40 mg/m³: Sa:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers such as sulfuryl chloride or potassium permanganate				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Insom, bad dreams, restless, anxious; hypotension; nau, anor; delirium, mania, convuls; coma TO: CNS, CVS, kidneys		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Tetramethyl succinonitrile	Formula: (CH ₃) ₂ C(CN)C(CN)(CH ₃) ₂	CAS#: 3333-52-6	RTECS#: WN4025000	IDLH: 5 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.57 mg/m ³	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Tetramethyl succinodinitrile, TMSN				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 3 mg/m ³ (0.5 ppm) [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 3 mg/m ³ (0.5 ppm) [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S155 (II-3) OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless, odorless solid. [Note: Forms cyanide in the body.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 136.2 BP: Sublimes Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.07 VP: ? MLT: 338°F (Sublimes) UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 28 mg/m³: Sa/ScbaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Head, nau; convuls, coma; liver, kidney, GI effects TO: CNS, liver, kidneys, GI tract		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Tetranitromethane		Formula: C(NO ₂) ₄	CAS#: 509-14-8	RTECS#: PB4025000	IDLH: 4 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 8.02 mg/m ³		DOT: 1510 143			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Tetan, TNM					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1 ppm (8 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 1 ppm (8 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 3513	
Physical Description: Colorless to pale-yellow liquid or solid (below 57°F) with a pungent odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 196.0 BP: 259°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P.: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.62 VP: 8 mmHg FRZ: 57°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Liquid, but difficult to ignite.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 4 ppm: Sa:Cf£/CcrFS _£ /GmFS _£ / PaprS _£ £/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS _£ /ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Hydrocarbons, alkalis, metals, oxidizers, aluminum, toluene, cotton [Note: Combustible material wet with tetranitromethane may be highly explosive.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; dizz, head; chest pain, dysp; methemo, cyan; skin burns TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, blood, CNS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Tetrasodium pyrophosphate		Formula: Na ₄ P ₂ O ₇	CAS#: 7722-88-5	RTECS#: UX7350000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Pyrophosphate, Sodium pyrophosphate, Tetrasodium diphosphate, Tetrasodium pyrophosphate (anhydrous), TSPP					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500	
Physical Description: Odorless, white powder or granules. [Note: The decahydrate (Na ₄ P ₂ O ₇ ×10H ₂ O) is in the form of colorless, transparent crystals.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 265.9 BP: Decomposes Sol(77°F): 7% Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 2.45 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 1810°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash (solution)		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong acids					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; derm TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Tetryl	Formula: (NO ₂) ₃ C ₆ H ₂ N(NO ₂)CH ₃	CAS#: 479-45-8	RTECS#: BY6300000	IDLH: 750 mg/m ³
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: N-Methyl-N,2,4,6-tetranitroaniline; Nitramine; 2,4,6-Tetryl; 2,4,6-Trinitrophenyl-N-methylnitramine				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1.5 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 1.5 mg/m ³ [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S225 (II-3)	
Physical Description: Colorless to yellow, odorless, crystalline solid.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 287.2 BP: 356-374°F (Explodes) Sol: 0.02% Fl.P: Explodes IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.57 VP: <1 mmHg MLT: 268°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid (Class A Explosive)	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 7.5 mg/m³: Qm 15 mg/m³: 95XQ*/Sa* 37.5 mg/m³: Sa:C*/PaprHie* 75 mg/m³: 100F/ScbaF/SaF 750 mg/m³: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizable materials, hydrazine				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Sens derm, itch, eryt; edema on nasal folds, cheeks, neck; kera; sneez; anemia; cough, coryza; irrity; mal, head, lass, insom; nau, vomit; liver, kidney damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, liver, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Thallium (soluble compounds, as TI)	Formula:	CAS#:	RTECS#:	IDLH: 15 mg/m ³ (as TI)
Conversion:	DOT: 1707 151 (compounds, n.o.s.)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Synonyms vary depending upon the specific soluble thallium compound.				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7300, 7301, 7303, 9102 OSHA ID121	
Physical Description: Appearance and odor vary depending upon the specific soluble thallium compound.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: Properties vary depending upon the specific soluble thallium compound.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 0.5 mg/m³: Qm 1 mg/m³: 95XQ/Sa 2.5 mg/m³: Sa:C/PapHie 5 mg/m³: 100F/SaT:Cf/PaprTHie/ScbaF/SaF 15 mg/m³: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Varies				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Nau, diarr, abdom pain, vomit; ptosis, strabismus; peri neuritis, tremor; retster tight, chest pain, pulm edema; convuls, chorea, psychosis; liver, kidney damage; alopecia; pares legs TO: Eyes, resp sys, CNS, liver, kidneys, GI tract, body hair			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

4,4'-Thiobis(6-tert-butyl-m-cresol)		Formula: [CH ₃ (OH)C ₆ H ₂ C(CH ₃) ₃] ₂ S	CAS#: 96-69-5	RTECS#: GP3150000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 4,4'-Thiobis(3-methyl-6-tert-butylphenol); 1,1'-Thiobis(2-methyl-4-hydroxy-5-tert-butylbenzene)					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp) OSHA PEL†: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500, 0600	
Physical Description: Light-gray to tan powder with a slightly aromatic odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 358.6 BP: ? Sol: 0.08% Fl.P.: 420°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.10 VP: 0.0000006 mmHg MLT: 302°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Fresh air Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Thioglycolic acid		Formula: HSCH ₂ COOH	CAS#: 68-11-1	RTECS#: AI5950000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.77 mg/m ³		DOT: 1940 153			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Acetyl mercaptan, Mercaptoacetate, Mercaptoacetic acid, 2-Mercaptoacetic acid, 2-Thioglycolic acid, Thiovanic acid					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1 ppm (4 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a strong, disagreeable odor characteristic of mercaptans. [Note: Olfactory fatigue may occur after short exposures.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 92.1 BP: ? Sol: Miscible Fl.P.: >230°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.32 VP(64°F): 10 mmHg FRZ: 2°F UEL: ? LEL: 5.9% Class IIIB Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Air, strong oxidizers, bases, active metals (e.g., sodium potassium, magnesium, calcium) [Note: Readily oxidized by air.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; lac, corn damage; skin burns, blisters; in animals: lass; gasping respirations; convuls TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Thionyl chloride		Formula: SOCl ₂	CAS#: 7719-09-7	RTECS#: XM5150000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.87 mg/m ³		DOT: 1836 137			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Sulfanyl chloride, Sulfur chloride oxide, Sulfurous dichloride, Sulfurous oxychloride, Thionyl dichloride					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 1 ppm (5 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless to yellow to reddish liquid with a pungent odor like sulfur dioxide. [Note: Fumes form when exposed to moist air.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 119.0 BP: 169°F Sol: Reacts Fl.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.64 VP(70°F): 100 mmHg FRZ: -156°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Water, acids, alkalis, ammonia, chloryl perchlorate [Note: Reacts violently with water to form sulfur dioxide & hydrogen chloride.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; eye, skin burns TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Thiram		Formula: C ₆ H ₁₂ N ₂ S ₄	CAS#: 137-26-8	RTECS#: JO1400000	IDLH: 100 mg/m ³
Conversion:		DOT: 2771 151			
Synonyms/Trade Names: bis(Dimethylthiocarbamoyl) disulfide, Tetramethylthiuram disulfide					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/m ³				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5005	
Physical Description: Colorless to yellow, crystalline solid with a characteristic odor. [Note: Commercial pesticide products may be dyed blue.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 240.4 BP: Decomposes Sol: 0.003% Fl.P: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.29 VP: 0.000008 mmHg MLT: 312°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 50 mg/m³: CcrOv95*/Sa* 100 mg/m³: Sa:Cf*/CcrFOv100/GmFOv100/ PapOvHie*/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:Ascba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, strong acids, oxidizable materials					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; dermat; Antabuse-like effects TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Tin	Formula: Sn	CAS#: 7440-31-5	RTECS#: XP7320000	IDLH: 100 mg/m ³ (as Sn)
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Metallic tin, Tin flake, Tin metal, Tin powder				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL*: TWA 2 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL*: TWA 2 mg/m ³ [*Note: The REL and PEL also apply to other inorganic tin compounds (as Sn) except tin oxides.]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7300, 7301, 7303 OSHA ID121, ID206	
Physical Description: Gray to almost silver-white, ductile, malleable, lustrous solid.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 118.7 BP: 4545°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 7.28 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 449°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid, but powdered form may ignite.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 10 mg/m ³ : Qm* 20 mg/m ³ : 95XQ*/Sa* 50 mg/m ³ : Sa:Cf*/PaprHie* 100 mg/m ³ : 100F/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Chlorine, turpentine, acids, alkalis				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; in animals: vomit, diarr, para with musc twitch TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Tin (organic compounds, as Sn)	Formula:	CAS#:	RTECS#:	IDLH: 25 mg/m ³ (as Sn)
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Synonyms vary depending upon the specific organic tin compound. [*Note: Also see specific listing for Cyhexatin.]				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL*: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ [skin] [*Note: The REL applies to all organic tin compounds except Cyhexatin.] OSHA PEL*: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ [*Note: The PEL applies to all organic tin compounds.]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5504	
Physical Description: Appearance and odor vary depending upon the specific organic tin compound.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: Properties vary depending upon the specific organic tin compound.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Recommendations regarding personal protective clothing vary depending upon the specific compound.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 1 mg/m ³ : CrOv95/Sa 2.5 mg/m ³ : Sa:Cf/PaprovHie 5 mg/m ³ : CrFOv100/GmFOv100/ PaprovHie/SaT:Cf/ScbaF/SaF 25 mg/m ³ : SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Varies				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; head, dizz; psycho-neurologic dist; sore throat, cough; abdom pain, vomit; urine retention; paresis, focal anes; skin burns, pruritus; in animals: hemolysis; hepatic nec; kidney damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, liver, kidneys, urinary tract, blood			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Tin(II) oxide (as Sn)		Formula: SnO	CAS#: 21651-19-4	RTECS#: XQ3700000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Stannous oxide, Tin protoxide [Note: Also see specific listing for Tin(IV) oxide (as Sn).]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 2 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7300, 7301, 7303	
Physical Description: Brownish-black powder.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 134.7 BP: Decomposes Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 6.3 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT(600 mmHg): 1976°F (Decomposes) UEL: NA LEL: NA		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Stannosis (benign pneumoconiosis): dysp, decr pulm func TO: Resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Fresh air		

Tin(IV) oxide (as Sn)		Formula: SnO ₂	CAS#: 18282-10-5	RTECS#: XQ4000000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Stannic dioxide, Stannic oxide, White tin oxide [Note: Also see specific listing for Tin(II) oxide (as Sn).]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 2 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7300, 7301, 7303	
Physical Description: White or slightly gray powder.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 150.7 BP: Decomposes Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 6.95 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 2966°F (Decomposes) UEL: NA LEL: NA		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Chlorine trifluoride					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Stannosis (benign pneumoconiosis): dysp, decr pulm func TO: Resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Fresh air		

T

Titanium dioxide	Formula: TiO ₂	CAS#: 13463-67-7	RTECS#: XR2275000	IDLH: Ca [5000 mg/m ³]
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Rutile, Titanium oxide, Titanium peroxide				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL†: TWA 15 mg/m ³			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S385 (II-3)	
Physical Description: White, odorless powder.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 79.9 BP: 4532-5432°F Sol: Insoluble F.I.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 4.26 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 3326-3362°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: Daily	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh SY: Lung fib; [carc] TO: Resp sys [in animals: lung tumors]			First Aid (see Table 6): Breath: Resp support	

o-Tolidine	Formula: C ₁₄ H ₁₆ N ₂	CAS#: 119-93-7	RTECS#: DD1225000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 4,4'-Diamino-3,3'-dimethylbiphenyl; Diaminoditolyol; 3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine; 3,3'-Dimethyl-4,4'-diphenyldiamine; 3,3'-Tolidine				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca C 0.02 mg/m ³ [60-minute] [skin] See Appendix A See Appendix C OSHA PEL: See Appendix C			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5013 OSHA 71	
Physical Description: White to reddish crystals or powder. [Note: Darkens on exposure to air. Often used in paste or wet cake form. Used as a basis for many dyes.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 212.3 BP: 572°F Sol: 0.1% F.I.P: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: ? VP: ? MLT: 264°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose; in animals: liver, kidney damage; [carc] TO: Eyes, resp sys, liver, kidneys [in animals: liver, bladder & mammary gland tumors]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Toluene		Formula: C ₆ H ₅ CH ₃	CAS#: 108-88-3	RTECS#: XS2520000	IDLH: 500 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.77 mg/m ³		DOT: 1294 130			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Methyl benzene, Methyl benzol, Phenyl methane, Toluol					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 100 ppm (375 mg/m ³) ST 150 ppm (560 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 200 ppm C 300 ppm 500 ppm (10-minute maximum peak)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1500, 1501, 3800, 4000 OSHA 111		
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a sweet, pungent, benzene-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 92.1 BP: 232°F Sol(74°F): 0.07% Fl.P: 40°F IP: 8.82 eV Sp.Gr: 0.87 VP: 21 mmHg FRZ: -139°F UEL: 7.1% LEL: 1.1% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 500 ppm: CcrOv*/PapOv*/ GmFOv/Sa*/ScbaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose; lass, conf, euph, dizz, head; dilated pupils, lac; anxi, musc ftg, insom; pares; derm; liver, kidney damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, liver, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Toluenediamine		Formula: CH ₂ C ₆ H ₃ (NH ₂) ₂	CAS#: 25376-45-8 95-80-7 (2,4-TDA)	RTECS#: XS9445000 XS9625000 (2,4-TDA)	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion:		DOT: 1709 151 (2,4-Toluenediamine)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Diaminotoluene, Methylphenylene diamine, TDA, Toluenediamine isomers, Tolylenediamine [Note: Various isomers of TDA exist.]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca (all isomers) See Appendix A OSHA PEL: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5516 OSHA 65		
Physical Description: Colorless to brown, needle-shaped crystals or powder. [Note: Tends to darken on storage and exposure to air. Properties given are for 2,4-TDA.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 122.2 BP: 558°F Sol: Soluble Fl.P: 300°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.05 (Liquid at 212°F) VP(224°F): 1 mmHg MLT: 210°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ‡: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; derm; ataxia, tacar, nau, vomit, convuls, resp depres; methemo, cyan, head, lass, dizz, bluish skin; liver inj; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, blood, CVS, liver [in animals: liver, skin & mammary gland tumors]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Toluene-2,4-diisocyanate		Formula: CH ₂ C ₆ H ₃ (NCO) ₂	CAS#: 584-84-9	RTECS#: CZ6300000	IDLH: Ca [2.5 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 7.13 mg/m ³		DOT: 2078 156			
Synonyms/Trade Names: TDI; 2,4-TDI; 2,4-Toluene diisocyanate					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL†: C 0.02 ppm (0.14 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2535, 5521, 5522, 5525 OSHA 18, 33, 42		
Physical Description: Colorless to pale-yellow solid or liquid (above 71°F) with a sharp, pungent odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 174.2 BP: 484°F Sol: Insoluble F.I.P.: 260°F IP: ? Sp.Gr.: 1.22 VP(77°F): 0.01 mmHg MLT: 71°F UEL: 9.5% LEL: 0.9% Class IIIB Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF;Pd,Pp/SaF;Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, water, acids, bases & amines (may cause foam & spatter); alcohols [Note: Reacts slowly with water to form carbon dioxide and polyureas.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; choke, paroxysmal cough; chest pain, restler soreness; nau, vomit, abdom pain; bron, bronchospasm, pulm edema; dysp, asthma; conj, lac; derm, skin sens; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys [in animals: pancreas, liver, mammary gland, circulatory sys & skin tumors]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

m-Toluidine		Formula: CH ₃ C ₆ H ₄ NH ₂	CAS#: 108-44-1	RTECS#: XU2800000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT: 1708 153			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 3-Amino-1-methylbenzene, 1-Aminophenylmethane, m-Aminotoluene, 3-Methylaniline, 3-Methylbenzenamine, 3-Toluidine, meta-Toluidine, m-Tolylamine					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: See Appendix D OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2002 OSHA 73		
Physical Description: Colorless to light-yellow liquid with an aromatic, amine-like odor. [Note: Used as a basis for many dyes.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 107.2 BP: 397°F Sol: 2% F.I.P.: 187°F IP: 7.50 eV Sp.Gr.: 0.999 VP(106°F): 1 mmHg FRZ: -23°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIA Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, acids					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; derm; hema, methemo; cyan, nau, vomit, low BP, convuls; anemia, lass TO: Eyes, skin, blood, CVS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

o-Toluidine		Formula: CH ₃ C ₆ H ₄ NH ₂	CAS#: 95-53-4	RTECS#: XU2975000	IDLH: Ca [50 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.38 mg/m ³		DOT: 1708 153			
Synonyms/Trade Names: o-Aminotoluene, 2-Aminotoluene, 1-Methyl-2-aminobenzene, o-Methylaniline, 2-Methylaniline, ortho-Toluidine, o-Tolylamine					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca [skin] See Appendix A OSHA PEL: TWA 5 ppm (22 mg/m ³) [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2002, 2017, 8317 OSHA 73	
Physical Description: Colorless to pale-yellow liquid with an aromatic, aniline-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 107.2 BP: 392°F Sol: 2% Fl.P: 185°F IP: 7.44 eV Sp.Gr: 1.01 VP: 0.3 mmHg FRZ: 6°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIA Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScBa Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, nitric acid, bases					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes; anoxia, head, cyan; lass, dizz, drow; micro hema; eye burns; derm; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, blood, kidneys, liver, CVS [bladder cancer]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

p-Toluidine		Formula: CH ₃ C ₆ H ₄ NH ₂	CAS#: 106-49-0	RTECS#: XU3150000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion:		DOT: 1708 153			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 4-Aminotoluene, 4-Methylaniline, 4-Methylbenzenamine, 4-Toluidine, para-Toluidine, p-Tolylamine					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2002 OSHA 73	
Physical Description: White solid with an aromatic odor. [Note: Used as a basis for many dyes.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 107.2 BP: 393°F Sol: 0.7% Fl.P: 188°F IP: 7.50 eV Sp.Gr: 1.05 VP(108°F): 1 mmHg MLT: 111°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScBa Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, acids					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; derm; hema, methemo; cyan, nau, vomit, low BP, convuls; anemia, lass; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, blood, CVS [in animals: liver tumors]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

T

Tributyl phosphate	Formula: (CH ₃ CH ₂) ₃ O) ₃ PO	CAS#: 126-73-8	RTECS#: TC7700000	IDLH: 30 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 10.89 mg/m ³		DOT:		
Synonyms/Trade Names: Butyl phosphate, TBP, Tributyl ester of phosphoric acid, Tri-n-butyl phosphate				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.2 ppm (2.5 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 5 mg/m ³			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5034	
Physical Description: Colorless to pale-yellow, odorless liquid.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 266.3 BP: 552°F (Decomposes) Sol: 0.6% Fl.P(oc): 295°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.98 VP(77°F): 0.004 mmHg FRZ: -112°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIB Combustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 2 ppm: Sa 5 ppm: Sa:Cf 10 ppm: ScbaF/SaF 30 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Alkalis, oxidizers, water, moist air				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys, head; nau TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Trichloroacetic acid	Formula: CCl ₃ COOH	CAS#: 76-03-9	RTECS#: AJ7875000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 6.68 mg/m ³		DOT: 1839 153 (solid); 2564 153 (solution)		
Synonyms/Trade Names: TCA, Trichloroethanoic acid				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1 ppm (7 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA PV2017	
Physical Description: Colorless to white, crystalline solid with a sharp, pungent odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 163.4 BP: 388°F Sol: Miscible Fl.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.62 VP(124°F): 1 mmHg MLT: 136°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash Quick drench	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Moisture, iron, zinc, aluminum, strong oxidizers [Note: Decomposes on heating to form phosgene & hydrogen chloride. Corrosive to metals.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat, resp sys; cough, dysp, delayed pulm edema; eye, skin burns; derm; salv, vomit, diarr TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, GI tract			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene		Formula: C ₆ H ₃ Cl ₃	CAS#: 120-82-1	RTECS#: DC2100000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 7.42 mg/m ³		DOT: 2321 153 (liquid)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: unsym-Trichlorobenzene; 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzol					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 5 ppm (40 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5517	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid or crystalline solid (below 63°F) with an aromatic odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 181.4 BP: 416°F Sol: 0.003% Fl.P: 222°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.45 VP: 1 mmHg FRZ: 63°F UEL(302°F): 6.6% LEL(302°F): 2.5% Class IIIB Combustible Liquid Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Acids, acid fumes, oxidizers, steam					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, muc memb; in animals: liver, kidney damage; possible terato effects TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, liver, repro sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

1,1,2-Trichloroethane		Formula: CHCl ₂ CH ₂ Cl	CAS#: 79-00-5	RTECS#: KJ3150000	IDLH: Ca [100 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.46 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Ethane trichloride, β-Trichloroethane, Vinyl trichloride					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA 10 ppm (45 mg/m ³) [skin] See Appendix A See Appendix C (Chloroethanes) OSHA PEL: TWA 10 ppm (45 mg/m ³) [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1003 OSHA 11	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a sweet, chloroform-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 133.4 BP: 237°F Sol: 0.4% Fl.P: ? IP: 11.00 eV Sp.Gr: 1.44 VP: 19 mmHg FRZ: -34°F UEL: 15.5% LEL: 6% Combustible Liquid, forms dense soot.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☞: ScaBaF;Pd,Pp/SaF;Pd,Pp:AScBa Escape: GmFOv/ScaBaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers & caustics; chemically-active metals (such as aluminum, magnesium powders, sodium & potassium)					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose; CNS depres; liver, kidney damage; derm; [carc] TO: Eyes, resp sys, CNS, liver, kidneys [in animals: liver cancer]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Trichloroethylene		Formula: ClCH=CCl ₂	CAS#: 79-01-6	RTECS#: KX4550000	IDLH: Ca [1000 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.37 mg/m ³		DOT: 1710 160			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Ethylene trichloride, TCE, Trichloroethene, Triene					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A See Appendix C OSHA PEL†: TWA 100 ppm C 200 ppm 300 ppm (5-minute maximum peak in any 2 hours)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1022, 3800 OSHA 1001	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid (unless dyed blue) with a chloroform-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 131.4 BP: 189°F Sol: 0.1% Fl.P.: ? IP: 9.45 eV Sp.Gr: 1.46 VP: 58 mmHg FRZ: -99°F UEL(77°F): 10.5% LEL(77°F): 8% Combustible Liquid, but burns with difficulty.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong caustics & alkalis; chemically-active metals (such as barium, lithium, sodium, magnesium, titanium & beryllium)					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; head, vis dist, lass, dizz, tremor, drow, nau, vomit; derm; card arrhy, pares; liver inj; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, heart, liver, kidneys, CNS [in animals: liver & kidney cancer]				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Trichloronaphthalene		Formula: C ₁₀ H ₅ Cl ₃	CAS#: 1321-65-9	RTECS#: QK4025000	IDLH: See Appendix F
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Halowax®, Nibren wax, Seekay wax					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S128 (II-2)	
Physical Description: Colorless to pale-yellow solid with an aromatic odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 231.5 BP: 579-669°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P(oc): 392°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.58 VP: <1 mmHg MLT: 199°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 50 mg/m³: ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv100/ScbaE See Appendix F	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Anor, nau, dizz; jaun, liver inj TO: Liver				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

1,2,3-Trichloropropane	Formula: CH ₂ ClCHClCH ₂ Cl	CAS#: 96-18-4	RTECS#: TZ9275000	IDLH: Ca [100 ppm]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 6.03 mg/m ³		DOT:		
Synonyms/Trade Names: Allyl trichloride, Glycerol trichlorohydrin, Glyceryl trichlorohydrin, Trichlorohydrin				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA 10 ppm (60 mg/m ³) [skin] See Appendix A OSHA PEL†: TWA 50 ppm (300 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1003 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a chloroform-like odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 147.4 BP: 314°F Sol: 0.1% Fl.P: 160°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.39 VP: 3 mmHg FRZ: 6°F UEL(302°F): 12.6% LEL(248°F): 3.2% Class IIIA Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScBa Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Chemically-active metals, strong caustics & oxidizers				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, nose, throat; CNS depres; in animals: liver, kidney inj; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, liver, kidneys [in animals: forestomach, liver & mammary gland cancer]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	Formula: CCl ₂ FCClF ₂	CAS#: 76-13-1	RTECS#: KJ4000000	IDLH: 2000 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 7.67 mg/m ³		DOT:		
Synonyms/Trade Names: Chlorofluorocarbon-113, CFC-113, Freon® 113, Genetron® 113, Halocarbon 113, Refrigerant 113, TTE				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1000 ppm (7600 mg/m ³) ST 1250 ppm (9500 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 1000 ppm (7600 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1020 OSHA 113	
Physical Description: Colorless to water-white liquid with an odor like carbon tetrachloride at high concentrations. [Note: A gas above 118°F.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 187.4 BP: 118°F Sol(77°F): 0.02% Fl.P: ? IP: 11.99 eV Sp.Gr(77°F): 1.56 VP: 285 mmHg FRZ: -31°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Noncombustible Liquid at ordinary temperatures, but the gas will ignite and burn weakly at 1256°F.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 2000 ppm: Sa/ScbaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScBa Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Chemically-active metals such as calcium, powdered aluminum, zinc, magnesium & beryllium [Note: Decomposes if in contact with alloys containing >2% magnesium.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit skin, throat, drow, dermat; CNS depres; in animals: card arrhy, narco TO: Skin, heart, CNS, CVS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

T

Triethylamine		Formula: (C ₂ H ₅) ₃ N	CAS#: 121-44-8	RTECS#: YE0175000	IDLH: 200 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.14 mg/m ³		DOT: 1296 132			
Synonyms/Trade Names: TEA					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: See Appendix D OSHA PEL†: TWA 25 ppm (100 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH S152 (II-3) OSHA PV2060	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a strong, ammonia-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 101.2 BP: 193°F Sol: 2% FLP: 20°F IP: 7.50 eV Sp.Gr: 0.73 VP: 54 mmHg FRZ: -175°F UEL: 8.0% LEL: 1.2% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash (>1%) Quick drench (>1%)		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): OSHA 200 ppm: Sa:Cf/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, strong acids, chlorine, hypochlorite, halogenated compounds					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; in animals: myocardial, kidney, liver damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CVS, liver, kidneys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Trifluorobromomethane		Formula: CBrF ₃	CAS#: 75-63-8	RTECS#: PA5425000	IDLH: 40,000 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 6.09 mg/m ³		DOT: 1009 126			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Bromotrifluoromethane, Fluorocarbon 1301, Freon® 13B1, Halocarbon 13B1, Halon® 1301, Monobromotrifluoromethane, Refrigerant 13B1, Trifluoromonobromomethane					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1000 ppm (6100 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 1000 ppm (6100 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1017	
Physical Description: Colorless, odorless gas. [Note: Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 148.9 BP: -72°F Sol: 0.03% FLP: NA IP: 11.78 eV RGasD: 5.14 VP: >1 atm FRZ: -267°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Nonflammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Frostbite Eyes: Frostbite Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R. Provide: Frostbite wash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 10,000 ppm: Sa 25,000 ppm: Sa:Cf 40,000 ppm: SaT:Cf/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Chemically-active metals (such as calcium, powdered aluminum, zinc, and magnesium)					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con (liquid) SY: Dizz; card arrhy; liquid: frostbite TO: CNS, heart				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Frostbite Skin: Frostbite Breath: Resp support	

Trimellitic anhydride	Formula: C ₉ H ₄ O ₅	CAS#: 552-30-7	RTECS#: DC2050000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 7.86 mg/m ³	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1,2,4-Benzenetricarboxylic anhydride; 4-Carboxyphthalic anhydride; TMA; TMAN; Trimellitic acid anhydride [Note: TMA is also a synonym for Trimethylamine.]				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.005 ppm (0.04 mg/m ³) Should be handled in the workplace as an extremely toxic substance. OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5036 OSHA 98	
Physical Description: Colorless solid.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 192.1 BP: ? Sol: ? Fl.P: NA IP: ? Sp.Gr: ? VP: 0.000004 mmHg MLT: 322°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, resp sys; pulm edema, resp sens; rhinitis, asthma, cough, wheez, dysp, mal, fever, musc aches, sneez TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Trimethylamine	Formula: (CH ₃) ₃ N	CAS#: 75-50-3	RTECS#: PA0350000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.42 mg/m ³	DOT: 1083 118 (anhydrous); 1297 132 (aqueous solution)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: N,N-Dimethylmethanamine; TMA [Note: May be used in an aqueous solution (typically 25%, 30%, or 40% TMA.)]				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 ppm (24 mg/m ³) ST 15 ppm (36 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA PV2060	
Physical Description: Colorless gas with a fishy, amine odor. [Note: A liquid below 37°F. Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 59.1 BP: 37°F Sol(86°F): 48% Fl.P: NA (Gas) 20°F (Liquid) IP: 7.82 eV RGasD: 2.09 VP(70°F): 1454 mmHg FRZ: -179°F UEL: 11.6% LEL: 2.0% Flammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact (liquid/solution) Frostbite Eyes: Prevent eye contact (liquid/solution) Frostbite Wash skin: When contam (solution) Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash (liquid/solution) Quick drench (liquid/solution) Frostbite wash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers (including bromine), ethylene oxide, nitrosating agents (e.g., sodium nitrite), mercury, strong acids [Note: Corrosive to many metals (e.g., zinc, brass, aluminum, copper).]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing (solution), Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat, resp sys; cough, dysp, delayed pulm edema; blurred vision, corn nec; skin burns; liquid: frostbite TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed (liquid/solution)/Frostbite Skin: Water flush immed (liquid/solution)/Frostbite Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed (solution)	

1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene		Formula: C ₆ H ₃ (CH ₃) ₃	CAS#: 526-73-8	RTECS#: DC3300000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.92 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Hemellitrol [Note: Hemimellitene is a mixture of the 1,2,3-isomer with up to 10% of related aromatics such as the 1,2,4-isomer.]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 25 ppm (125 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA PV2091	
Physical Description: Clear, colorless liquid with a distinctive, aromatic odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 120.2 BP: 349°F Sol: Low F.I.P.: ? IP: 8.48 eV Sp.Gr: 0.89 VP(62°F): 1 mmHg FRZ: -14°F UEL: 6.6% LEL: 0.8% Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, nitric acid					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat, resp sys; bron; hypochromic anemia; head, drow, lass, dizz, nau, inco; vomit, conf; chemical pneu (aspir liquid) TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, blood				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		Formula: C ₆ H ₃ (CH ₃) ₃	CAS#: 95-63-6	RTECS#: DC3325000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.92 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Asymmetrical trimethylbenzene, psi-Cumene, Pseudocumene [Note: Hemimellitene is a mixture of the 1,2,3-isomer with up to 10% of related aromatics such as the 1,2,4-isomer.]					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 25 ppm (125 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA PV2091	
Physical Description: Clear, colorless liquid with a distinctive, aromatic odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 120.2 BP: 337°F Sol: 0.006% F.I.P.: 112°F IP: 8.27 eV Sp.Gr: 0.88 VP(56°F): 1 mmHg FRZ: -77°F UEL: 6.4% LEL: 0.9% Class II Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, nitric acid					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat, resp sys; bron; hypochromic anemia; head, drow, lass, dizz, nau, inco; vomit, conf; chemical pneu (aspir liquid) TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, blood				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene		Formula: C ₆ H ₃ (CH ₃) ₃	CAS#: 108-67-8	RTECS#: OX6825000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.92 mg/m ³		DOT: 2325 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Mesitylene, Symmetrical trimethylbenzene, sym-Trimethylbenzene					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 25 ppm (125 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA PV2091	
Physical Description: Clear, colorless liquid with a distinctive, aromatic odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 120.2 BP: 329°F Sol: 0.002% Fl.P: 122°F IP: 8.39 eV Sp.Gr: 0.86 VP: 2 mmHg FRZ: -49°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class II Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, nitric acid					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat, resp sys; bron; hypochromic anemia; head, drow, lass, dizz, nau, inco; vomit, conf; chemical pneu (aspir liquid) TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, blood				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Trimethyl phosphite		Formula: (CH ₃ O) ₃ P	CAS#: 121-45-9	RTECS#: TH1400000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.08 mg/m ³		DOT: 2329 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Methyl phosphite, Trimethoxyphosphine, Trimethyl ester of phosphorous acid					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 2 ppm (10 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a distinctive, pungent odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 124.1 BP: 232°F Sol: Reacts Fl.P: 82°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.05 VP(77°F): 24 mmHg FRZ: -108°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IC Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Magnesium perchlorate, water [Note: Reacts (hydrolyzes) with water.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, upper resp sys; dermat; in animals: terato effects TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, repro sys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

T

2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene		Formula: CH ₂ C ₆ H ₂ (NO ₂) ₃	CAS#: 118-96-7	RTECS#: XU0175000	IDLH: 500 mg/m ³
Conversion:		DOT: 1356 113 (wet)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1-Methyl-2,4,6-trinitrobenzene; TNT; Trinitrotoluene; sym-Trinitrotoluene; Trinitrotoluol					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL†: TWA 1.5 mg/m ³ [skin]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA 44	
Physical Description: Colorless to pale-yellow, odorless solid or crushed flakes.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 227.1 BP: 464°F (Explodes) Sol(77°F): 0.01% FLP: ? (Explodes) IP: 10.59 eV Sp.Gr: 1.65 VP: 0.0002 mmHg MLT: 176°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid (Class A Explosive)		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 5 mg/m³: Sa* 12.5 mg/m³: Sa:C* 25 mg/m³: ScaF/SaF 500 mg/m³: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScBa Escape: GmFOv100/ScaBE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, ammonia, strong alkalis, combustible materials, heat [Note: Rapid heating will result in detonation.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit skin, muc memb; liver damage, jaun; cyan; sneez; cough, sore throat; peri neur, musc pain; kidney damage; cataract; sens derm; leucyt; anemia; card irreg TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, blood, liver, CVS, CNS, kidneys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Triorthocresyl phosphate		Formula: (CH ₃ C ₆ H ₄ O) ₃ PO	CAS#: 78-30-8	RTECS#: TD0350000	IDLH: 40 mg/m ³
Conversion:		DOT: 2574 151			
Synonyms/Trade Names: TCP, TOCP, Tri-o-cresyl ester of phosphoric acid, Tri-o-cresyl phosphate					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL†: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5037	
Physical Description: Colorless to pale-yellow, odorless liquid or solid (below 52°F).					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 368.4 BP: 770°F (Decomposes) Sol: Slight FLP: 437°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.20 VP(77°F): 0.00002 mmHg FRZ: 52°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIB Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 0.5 mg/m³: Qm 1 mg/m³: 95XQ/Sa 2.5 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/PaprHie 5 mg/m³: 100F/SaT:Cf/PaprTHie/ ScaF/SaF 40 mg/m³: Sa:Pd,Pp §: ScaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScBa Escape: 100F/ScaBE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: GI dist; peri neur; cramps in calves, pares in feet or hands; weak feet, wrist drop, para TO: PNS, CNS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Triphenylamine		Formula: (C ₆ H ₅) ₃ N	CAS#: 603-34-9	RTECS#: YK2680000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: N,N-Diphenylaniline; N,N-Diphenylbenzenamine					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless solid.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 245.3 BP: 689°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: ? IP: 7.60 eV Sp.Gr: 0.77 VP: ? MLT: 261°F UEL: ? LEL: ?		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: Daily Remove: N.R. Change: Daily		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: In animals: irrit skin TO: Skin			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Triphenyl phosphate		Formula: (C ₆ H ₅ O) ₃ PO	CAS#: 115-86-6	RTECS#: TC8400000	IDLH: 1000 mg/m ³
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Phenyl phosphate, TPP, Triphenyl ester of phosphoric acid					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 3 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL: TWA 3 mg/m ³				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5038	
Physical Description: Colorless, crystalline powder with a phenol-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 326.3 BP: 776°F Sol(129°F): 0.002% Fl.P: 428°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.29 VP(380°F): 1 mmHg MLT: 120°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 15 mg/m ³ : Qm 30 mg/m ³ : 95XQ/Sa 75 mg/m ³ : Sa:Cf/PapRHi 150 mg/m ³ : 100F/SaT:Cf/PapRTHie/ ScbaF/SaF 1000 mg/m ³ : Sa:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScBa Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing SY: Minor changes in blood enzymes; in animals: musc weak, para TO: Blood, PNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

T

Tungsten		Formula: W	CAS#: 7440-33-7	RTECS#: YO7175000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Tungsten metal, Wolfram					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL*: TWA 5 mg/m ³ ST 10 mg/m ³ [*Note: The REL also applies to other insoluble tungsten compounds (as W).] OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7074, 7300, 7301 OSHA ID213	
Physical Description: Hard, brittle, steel-gray to tin-white solid.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 183.9 BP: 10,701°F Sol: Insoluble FI.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 19.3 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 6170°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Combustible in the form of finely divided powder; may ignite spontaneously.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 50 mg/m ³ : 100XQ/Sa/ScbaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100XQ/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Bromine trifluoride, chlorine trifluoride, fluorine, iodine pentafluoride					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; diffuse pulm fib; loss of appetite, nau, cough; blood changes TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, blood				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Fresh air Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Tungsten (soluble compounds, as W)		Formula:	CAS#:	RTECS#:	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Synonyms vary depending upon the specific soluble tungsten compound.					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1 mg/m ³ ST 3 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7074, 7300, 7301 OSHA ID213	
Physical Description: Appearance and odor vary depending upon the specific soluble tungsten compound.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: Properties vary depending upon the specific soluble tungsten compound.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Recommendations regarding personal protective clothing vary depending upon the specific compound.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 10 mg/m ³ : 100XQ/Sa 25 mg/m ³ : Sa:Cf 50 mg/m ³ : 100F/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Varies					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; in animals: CNS disturbances; diarr; resp failure; behavioral, body weight, blood changes TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, GI tract				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Tungsten carbide (cemented)	Formula: WC/Co/Ni/Ti	CAS#: 1: 11107-01-0 2: 12718-69-3 3: 37329-49-0	RTECS#: 1: YO7350000 2: YO7525000 3: YO7700000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Cemented tungsten carbide, Cemented WC, Hard metal [Note: The tungsten carbide (WC) content is generally 85-95% & the cobalt content is generally 5-15%.] [1: 85% WC, 15% Co; 2: 92% WC, 8% Co; 3: 78% WC, 14% Co, 8% Ti]				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: See Appendix C OSHA PEL†: See Appendix C			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: A mixture of tungsten carbide, cobalt, and sometimes other metals & metal oxides or carbides.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: Properties vary depending upon the specific mixture.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily (Ni) Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 0.25 mg Co/m³: Qm 0.5 mg Co/m³: 95XQ*/Sa* 1.25 mg Co/m³: Sa:Cf*/Pap/Hie*/Pap/Hie* 2.5 mg Co/m³: 100F/ScbaF/SaF 20 mg Co/m³: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE Tungsten carbide (cemented) containing Nickel: NIOSH ‡:ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Tungsten carbide: Fluorine, chlorine trifluoride, oxides of nitrogen, lead dioxide				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; possible skin sens to cobalt, nickel; diffuse pulm fib; loss of appetite, nau, cough; blood changes TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, blood		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Fresh air Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Turpentine	Formula: C ₁₀ H ₁₆ (approx)	CAS#: 8006-64-2	RTECS#: YO8400000	IDLH: 800 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.56 mg/m ³ (approx)	DOT: 1299 128			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Gumsprits, Gum turpentine, Spirits of turpentine, Steam distilled turpentine, Sulfate wood turpentine, Turps, Wood turpentine				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 100 ppm (560 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 100 ppm (560 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1551	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a characteristic odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 136 (approx) BP: 309-338°F Sol: Insoluble F.L.P.: 95°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.86 VP: 4 mmHg FRZ: -58 to -76°F UEL: ? LEL: 0.8% Class IC Flammable Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 800 ppm: Sa:Cf£/Pap/Ov£/CcrFOV/ GmFOV/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOV/ScbaE		
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; head, dizz, convuls; skin sens; hema, prot; kidney damage; abdom pain, nau, vomit, diarr; chemical pneu (aspir liquid) TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, kidneys		Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, chlorine, chromic anhydride, stannic chloride, chromyl chloride		
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; head, dizz, convuls; skin sens; hema, prot; kidney damage; abdom pain, nau, vomit, diarr; chemical pneu (aspir liquid) TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, kidneys		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

1-Undecanethiol		Formula: CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₁₀ SH	CAS#: 5332-52-5	RTECS#:	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 7.71 mg/m ³		DOT: 1228 131			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Undecyl mercaptan					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 0.5 ppm (3.9 mg/m ³) [15-minute] OSHA PEL: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Liquid.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 188.4 BP: 495°F Sol: Insoluble FLP: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.84 VP: ? FRZ: 27°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 5 ppm: CcrOv/Sa 12.5 ppm: Sa:Cf/Pap/Ov 25 ppm: CcrFOv/GmFOv/PapTOv/ ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, reducing agents, strong acids & bases, alkali metals					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; conf, dizz, head, drow, nau, vomit, lass, convuls TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Uranium (insoluble compounds, as U)		Formula: U (metal)	CAS#: 7440-61-1 (metal)	RTECS#: YR3490000 (metal)	IDLH: Ca [10 mg/m ³ (as U)]
Conversion:		DOT: 2979 162 (metal, pyrophoric)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Uranium metal: Uranium I Synonyms of other insoluble uranium compounds vary depending upon the specific compound.					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA 0.2 mg/m ³ ST 0.6 mg/m ³ See Appendix A OSHA PEL†: TWA 0.25 mg/m ³				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Metal: Silver-white, malleable, ductile, lustrous solid. [Note: Weakly radioactive.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 238.0 BP: 6895°F Sol: Insoluble FLP: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 19.05 (metal) VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 2097°F UEL: NA LEL: NA MEC: 60 g/m ³ Metal: Combustible Solid, especially turnings and powder.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ‡: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
		Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Carbon dioxide, carbon tetrachloride, nitric acid, fluorine [Note: Complete coverage of uranium metal scrap with oil is essential for prevention of fire.]			
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Derm; kidney damage; blood changes; [carc]; in animals: lung, lymph node damage; [carc] Potential for cancer is a result of alpha-emitting properties & radioactive decay products (e.g., radon). TO: Skin, kidneys, bone marrow, lymphatic sys [lung cancer]				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Uranium (soluble compounds, as U)		Formula:	CAS#:	RTECS#:	IDLH: Ca [10 mg/m ³ (as U)]
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Synonyms vary depending upon the specific soluble uranium compound.					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA 0.05 mg/m ³ See Appendix A OSHA PEL: TWA 0.05 mg/m ³				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Appearance and odor vary depending upon the specific soluble uranium compound.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: Properties vary depending upon the specific soluble uranium compound.		Personal Protection/Sanitization (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam/Daily Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily Provide: Eyewash (UF ₆), Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape (Halides): GmFag100/ScbaE Escape (Non-halides): 100F/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Uranyl nitrate: combustibles; Uranium hexafluoride: water					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Lac, conj; short breath, cough, chest rales; nau, vomit; skin burns; RBC, casts in urine; prot; high BUN; [carc] Potential for cancer is a result of alpha-emitting properties & radioactive decay products (e.g., radon). TO: Resp sys, blood, liver, kidneys, lymphatic sys, skin, bone marrow [lung cancer]				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

n-Valeraldehyde		Formula: CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₃ CHO	CAS#: 110-62-3	RTECS#: YV3600000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.53 mg/m ³		DOT: 2058 129			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Amyl aldehyde, Pentanal, Valeral, Valeraldehyde, Valeric aldehyde					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 50 ppm (175 mg/m ³) See Appendix C (Aldehydes) OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2018, 2536 OSHA 85	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a strong, acrid, pungent odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 86.2 BP: 217°F Sol: Slight Fl.P: 54°F IP: 9.82 eV Sp.Gr: 0.81 VP: 26 mmHg FRZ: -133°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitization (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

V

Vanadium dust		Formula: V ₂ O ₅	CAS#: 1314-62-1	RTECS#: YW2450000	IDLH: 35 mg/m ³ (as V)
Conversion:		DOT: 2862 151			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Divanadium pentoxide dust, Vanadic anhydride dust, Vanadium oxide dust, Vanadium pentaoxide dust. Other synonyms vary depending upon the specific vanadium compound.					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL*: C 0.05 mg V/m ³ [15-minute] [*Note: The REL applies to all vanadium compounds except Vanadium metal and Vanadium carbide (see Ferrovandium dust).] OSHA PEL†: C 0.5 mg V ₂ O ₅ /m ³ (resp)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7300, 7301, 7303, 7504, 9102 OSHA ID185	
Physical Description: Yellow-orange powder or dark-gray, odorless flakes dispersed in air.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 181.9 BP: 3182°F (Decomposes) Sol: 0.8% F.I.P.: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr.: 3.36 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 1274°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid, but may increase intensity of fire when in contact with combustible materials.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH (as V) 0.5 mg/m³: 100XQ*/Sa* 1.25 mg/m³: Sa:C*/PapRHi* 2.5 mg/m³: 100F/PapRTHie*/ScbaF/SaF 35 mg/m³: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Lithium, chlorine trifluoride					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, throat; green tongue, metallic taste, eczema; cough; fine rales, wheez, bron, dysp TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Vanadium fume		Formula: V ₂ O ₅	CAS#: 1314-62-1	RTECS#: YW2460000	IDLH: 35 mg/m ³ (as V)
Conversion:		DOT: 2862 151			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Divanadium pentoxide fume, Vanadic anhydride fume, Vanadium oxide fume, Vanadium pentaoxide fume. Other synonyms vary depending upon the specific vanadium compound.					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 0.05 mg V/m ³ [15-minute] OSHA PEL†: C 0.1 mg V ₂ O ₅ /m ³				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7300, 7301, 7303, 7504 OSHA ID185	
Physical Description: Finely divided particulate dispersed in air.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 181.9 BP: 3182°F (Decomposes) Sol: 0.8% F.I.P.: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr.: 3.36 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 1274°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH (as V) 0.5 mg/m³: 100XQ*/Sa* 1.25 mg/m³: Sa:C*/PapRHi* 2.5 mg/m³: 100F/PapRTHie*/ScbaF/SaF 35 mg/m³: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Lithium, chlorine trifluoride					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, throat; green tongue, metallic taste; cough, fine rales, wheez, bron, dysp; eczema TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Breath: Resp support		

Vegetable oil mist	Formula:	CAS#: 68956-68-3	RTECS#: YX1850000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Vegetable mist				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp) OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500, 0600	
Physical Description: An oil extracted from the seeds, fruit, or nuts of vegetables or other plant matter.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: varies BP: ? Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: 323-540°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 0.91-0.95 VP: ? FRZ: ? UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; lac TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys Determine based on working conditions			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Breath: Fresh air	

Vinyl acetate	Formula: CH ₂ =CHOOCCH ₃	CAS#: 108-05-4	RTECS#: AK0875000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 3.52 mg/m ³	DOT: 1301 129P			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1-Acetoxyethylene, Ethenyl acetate, Ethenyl ethanoate, VAC, Vinyl acetate monomer, Vinyl ethanoate				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 4 ppm (15 mg/m ³) [15-minute] OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1453 OSHA 51	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a pleasant, fruity odor. [Note: Raw material for many polyvinyl resins.]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 86.1 BP: 162°F Sol: 2% Fl.P: 18°F IP: 9.19 eV Sp.Gr: 0.93 VP: 83 mmHg FRZ: -136°F UEL: 13.4% LEL: 2.6% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 40 ppm: CcrOv*/Sa* 100 ppm: Sa:Cf*/PaprOv* 200 ppm: CcrFOv/GmFOv/PaprTOv*/ ScbaF/SaF 4000 ppm: Sa:Pd,Pp* §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Acids, bases, silica gel, alumina, oxidizers, azo compounds, ozone [Note: Usually contains a stabilizer (e.g., hydroquinone or diphenylamine) to prevent polymerization.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; hoarseness, cough; loss of smell; eye burns, skin blisters TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Vinyl bromide		Formula: CH ₂ =CHBr	CAS#: 593-60-2	RTECS#: KU8400000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.38 mg/m ³		DOT: 1085 116P (inhibited)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Bromoethene, Bromoethylene, Monobromoethylene					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1009 OSHA 8	
Physical Description: Colorless gas or liquid (below 60°F) with a pleasant odor. [Note: Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas with 0.1% phenol added to prevent polymerization.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 107.0 BP: 60°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA (Gas) IP: 9.80 eV RGasD: 3.79 Sp.Gr: 1.49 (Liquid at 60°F) VP: 1.4 atm FRZ: -219°F UEL: 15% LEL: 9% Flammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact (liquid) Eyes: Prevent eye contact (liquid) Wash skin: When contam (liquid) Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
		Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers (e.g., perchlorates, peroxides, chlorates, permanganates & nitrates.) [Note: May polymerize in sunlight.]			
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing (liquid), Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin; dizz, conf, inco, narco, nau, vomit; liquid; frostbite; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, CNS, liver [in animals: liver & lymph node tumors]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed (liquid) Skin: Water flush immed (liquid) Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed (liquid)		

Vinyl chloride		Formula: CH ₂ =CHCl	CAS#: 75-01-4	RTECS#: KU9625000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.56 mg/m ³		DOT: 1086 116P (inhibited)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Chloroethene, Chloroethylene, Ethylene monochloride, Monochloroethene, Monochloroethylene, VC, Vinyl chloride monomer (VCM)					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL: [1910.1017] TWA 1 ppm C 5 ppm [15-minute]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1007 OSHA 4, 75	
Physical Description: Colorless gas or liquid (below 7°F) with a pleasant odor at high concentrations. [Note: Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 62.5 BP: 7°F Sol(77°F): 0.1% Fl.P: NA (Gas) IP: 9.99 eV RGasD: 2.21 VP: 3.3 atm FRZ: -256°F UEL: 33.0% LEL: 3.6% Flammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Frostbite Eyes: Frostbite Wash skin: N.R. Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Frostbite wash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFS/ScbaE See Appendix E (page 351)	
		Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Copper, oxidizers, aluminum, peroxides, iron, steel [Note: Polymerizes in air, sunlight, or heat unless stabilized by inhibitors such as phenol. Attacks iron & steel in presence of moisture.]			
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con (liquid) SY: Lass; abdom pain, GI bleeding; enlarged liver; pallor or cyan of extremities; liquid: frostbite; [carc] TO: Liver, CNS, blood, resp sys, lymphatic sys [liver cancer]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Frostbite Skin: Frostbite Breath: Resp support		

Vinyl cyclohexene dioxide		Formula: C ₈ H ₁₂ O ₂	CAS#: 106-87-6	RTECS#: RN8640000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion: 1 ppm = 5.73 mg/m ³		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1-Epoxyethyl-3,4-epoxy-cyclohexane; 4-Vinylcyclohexene diepoxide; 4-Vinyl-1-cyclohexene dioxide					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA 10 ppm (60 mg/m ³) [skin] See Appendix A OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA PV2083	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 140.2 BP: 441°F Sol: High Fl.P(oc): 230°F IP: ? Sp.Gr: 1.10 VP: 0.1 mmHg FRZ: -164°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIB Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Alcohols, amines, water [Note: Slowly hydrolyzes in water.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: In animals: irrit eyes, skin, resp sys; testicular atrophy; leupen, nec thymus; skin sens; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, blood, thymus, repro sys [in animals: skin tumors]				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Vinyl fluoride		Formula: CH ₂ =CHF	CAS#: 75-02-5	RTECS#: YZ3510000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 1.89 mg/m ³		DOT: 1860 116P (inhibited)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Fluoroethene, Fluoroethylene, Monofluoroethylene, Vinyl fluoride monomer					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1 ppm C 5 ppm [use 1910.1017] OSHA PEL: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): None available	
Physical Description: Colorless gas with a faint, ethereal odor. [Note: Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 46.1 BP: -98°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA (Gas) IP: 10.37 eV RGasD: 1.60 VP: 25.2 atm FRZ: -257°F UEL: 21.7% LEL: 2.6% Flammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Frostbite Eyes: Frostbite Wash skin: N.R. Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Frostbite wash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 10 ppm: CcrOv/Sa 25 ppm: Sa:Cf/PapRov 50 ppm: CcrFOv/GmFOv/PapRTOV/ ScbaF/SaF 200 ppm: SaF:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported [Note: Inhibited with 0.2% terpenes to prevent polymerization.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con (liquid) SY: Head, dizz, conf, inco, narco, nau, vomit; liquid: frostbite TO: CNS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Frostbite Skin: Frostbite Breath: Resp support	

Vinylidene chloride		Formula: CH ₂ =CCl ₂	CAS#: 75-35-4	RTECS#: KV9275000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion:		DOT: 1303 130P (inhibited)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1,1-DCE; 1,1-Dichloroethene; 1,1-Dichloroethylene; VDC; Vinylidene chloride monomer; Vinylidene dichloride					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1015 OSHA 19	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid or gas (above 89°F) with a mild, sweet, chloroform-like odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 96.9 BP: 89°F Sol: 0.04% Fl.P: -2°F IP: 10.00 eV Sp.Gr: 1.21 VP: 500 mmHg FRZ: -189°F UEL: 15.5% LEL: 6.5% Class IA Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ☒: ScbaF;Pd,Pp/SaF;Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOV/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Aluminum, sunlight, air, copper, heat [Note: Polymerization may occur if exposed to oxidizers, chlorosulfonic acid, nitric acid, or oleum. Inhibitors such as the monomethyl ether of hydroquinone are added to prevent polymerization.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, throat; dizz, head, nau, dysp; liver, kidney dist; pneu; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, liver, kidneys [in animals: liver & kidney tumors]				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Vinylidene fluoride		Formula: CH ₂ =CF ₂	CAS#: 75-38-7	RTECS#: KW0560000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion: 1 ppm = 2.62 mg/m ³		DOT: 1959 116P			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Difluoro-1,1-ethylene; 1,1-Difluoroethene; 1,1-Difluoroethylene; Halocarbon 1132A; VDF; Vinylidene difluoride					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1 ppm C 5 ppm [use 1910.1017] OSHA PEL: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 3800	
Physical Description: Colorless gas with a faint, ethereal odor. [Note: Shipped as a liquefied compressed gas.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 64.0 BP: -122°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA (Gas) IP: 10.29 eV RGasD: 2.21 VP: 35.2 atm FRZ: -227°F UEL: 21.3% LEL: 5.5% Flammable Gas		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Frostbite Eyes: Frostbite Wash skin: N.R. Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R. Provide: Frostbite wash		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 10 ppm: CcrOv/Sa 25 ppm: Sa;Cf/Paprov 50 ppm: CcrFOV/GmFOV/PapTOV/ ScbaF/SaF 200 ppm: SaF;Pd,Pp ☒: ScbaF;Pd,Pp/SaF;Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOV/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, aluminum chloride [Note: Violent reaction with hydrogen chloride when heated under pressure.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con (liquid) SY: Dizz, head, nau; liquid: frostbite TO: CNS				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Frostbite Skin: Frostbite Breath: Resp support	

Vinyl toluene		Formula: CH ₂ =CHC ₆ H ₄ CH ₃	CAS#: 25013-15-4 (inhibited)	RTECS#: WL5075000	IDLH: 400 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.83 mg/m ³		DOT: 2618 130P (inhibited)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Ethenylmethylbenzene, Methylstyrene, Tolyethylene					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 100 ppm (480 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL: TWA 100 ppm (480 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1501 OSHA 7	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with a strong, disagreeable odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 118.2 BP: 339°F Sol: 0.009% F.L.P: 127°F IP: 8.20 eV Sp.Gr: 0.89 VP: 1 mmHg FRZ: -106°F UEL: 11.0% LEL: 0.8% Class II Combustible Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 400 ppm: CcrOv*/PaprOv*/ GmFOv/Sa*/ScbaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, peroxides, strong acids, iron or aluminum salts [Note: Usually inhibited with tert-butyl catechol to prevent polymerization.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, upper resp sys; drow; in animals: narco TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap flush prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

VM & P Naphtha		Formula:	CAS#: 8032-32-4	RTECS#: O16180000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT: 1268 128 (petroleum distillates, n.o.s.)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Ligroin, Painters naphtha, Petroleum ether, Petroleum spirit, Refined solvent naphtha, Varnish makers' & painters' naphtha					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 350 mg/m ³ C 1800 mg/m ³ [15-minute] OSHA PEL†: none				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1550 OSHA 48	
Physical Description: Clear to yellowish liquid with a pleasant, aromatic odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 87-114 (approx) BP: 203-320°F Sol: Insoluble F.L.P: 20-55°F IP: ? Sp.Gr(60°F): 0.73-0.76 VP: 2-20 mmHg FRZ: ? UEL: 6.0% LEL: 1.2% Class IB Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 3500 mg/m³: CcrOv/Sa 8750 mg/m³: Sa: Cf/Pap/Ov 17,500 mg/m³: CcrFOv/GmFOv/PaprTOv/ ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF: Pd, Pp/SaF: Pd, Pp: AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported [Note: VM&P Naphtha is a refined petroleum solvent predominantly C ₇ -C ₁₁ which is typically 55% paraffins, 30% monocycloparaffins, 2% dicycloparaffins & 12% alkybenzenes.]					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, upper resp sys; dermat; CNS depres; chemical pneu (aspir liquid) TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Warfarin	Formula: C ₁₉ H ₁₆ O ₄	CAS#: 81-81-2	RTECS#: GN4550000	IDLH: 100 mg/m ³
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 3-(α -Acetyl)-benzyl-4-hydroxycoumarin; 4-Hydroxy-3-(3-oxo-1-phenyl butyl)-2H-1-benzopyran-2-one; WARF				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 5002	
Physical Description: Colorless, odorless, crystalline powder. [rodenticide]				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 308.3 BP: Decomposes Sol: 0.002% F.I.P.: ? IP: ? Sp.Gr.: ? VP(71°F): 0.09 mmHg MLT: 322°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Combustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: Daily	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 0.5 mg/m³: Qm 1 mg/m³: 95XQ/Sa 2.5 mg/m³: Sa:Cf/PapRHiE 5 mg/m³: 100F/SaT:Cf/PapRTHiE/ ScbaF/SaF 100 mg/m³: Sa:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScBa Escape: 100F/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Hema, back pain; hematoma arms, legs; epis, bleeding lips, muc memb hemorr; abdom pain, vomit, fecal blood; petechial rash; abnor hematologic indices TO: Blood, CVS			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Welding fumes	Formula:	CAS#:	RTECS#: ZC2550000	IDLH: Ca [N.D.]
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Synonyms vary depending upon the specific component of the welding fumes.				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca See Appendix A OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7300, 7301, 7303	
Physical Description: Fumes generated by the process of joining or cutting pieces of metal by heat, pressure, or both.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: Properties vary depending upon the specific component of the welding fumes.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH ¥: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScBa Escape: GmFOV100/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Varies				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Symptoms vary depending upon the specific component of the welding fumes; metal fume fever: flu-like symptoms, dysp, cough, musc pain, fever, chills; interstitial pneu; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS [lung cancer]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support	

Wood dust	Formula:	CAS#:	RTECS#:	IDLH:
			ZC9850000	Ca [N.D.]
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Hard wood dust, Soft wood dust, Western red cedar dust				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Ca TWA 1 mg/m ³ See Appendix A OSHA PEL†: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500	
Physical Description: Dust from various types of wood.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: varies BP: NA Sol: ? Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: ? VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: NA UEL: NA LEL: NA Combustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes; epis; dermat; resp hypersensitivity; granulomatous pneu; asthma, cough, wheez, sinusitis; prolonged colds; [carc] TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys [nasal cancer]			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Fresh air	

m-Xylene	Formula:	CAS#:	RTECS#:	IDLH:
	C ₈ H ₄ (CH ₃) ₂	108-38-3	ZE2275000	900 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.34 mg/m ³	DOT: 1307 130			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1,3-Dimethylbenzene; meta-Xylene; m-Xylol				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 100 ppm (435 mg/m ³) ST 150 ppm (655 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 100 ppm (435 mg/m ³)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1501, 3800 OSHA 1002	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with an aromatic odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 106.2 BP: 282°F Sol: Slight Fl.P: 82°F IP: 8.56 eV Sp.Gr: 0.86 VP: 9 mmHg FRZ: -54°F UEL: 7.0% LEL: 1.1% Class IC Flammable Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.	Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 900 ppm: CcrOv*/PapPrOv*/ Sa*/ScbaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE		
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, strong acids				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; dizz, excitement, drow, inco, staggering gait; corn vacuolization; anor, nau, vomit, abdom pain; dermat TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, GI tract, blood, liver, kidneys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

X

o-Xylene		Formula: C ₈ H ₄ (CH ₃) ₂	CAS#: 95-47-6	RTECS#: ZE2450000	IDLH: 900 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.34 mg/m ³		DOT: 1307 130			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1,2-Dimethylbenzene; ortho-Xylene; o-Xylol					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 100 ppm (435 mg/m ³) ST 150 ppm (655 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 100 ppm (435 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1501, 3800 OSHA 1002	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with an aromatic odor.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 106.2 BP: 292°F Sol: 0.02% Fl.P: 90°F IP: 8.56 eV Sp.Gr: 0.88 VP: 7 mmHg FRZ: -13°F UEL: 6.7% LEL: 0.9% Class IC Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 900 ppm: CcrOv*/PapRov*/ Sa*/ScbaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOV/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, strong acids					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; dizz, excitement, drow, inco, staggering gait; corn vacuolization; anor, nau, vomit, abdom pain; derm TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, GI tract, blood, liver, kidneys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

p-Xylene		Formula: C ₈ H ₄ (CH ₃) ₂	CAS#: 106-42-3	RTECS#: ZE2625000	IDLH: 900 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.41 mg/m ³		DOT: 1307 130			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1,4-Dimethylbenzene; para-Xylene; p-Xylol					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 100 ppm (435 mg/m ³) ST 150 ppm (655 mg/m ³) OSHA PEL†: TWA 100 ppm (435 mg/m ³)				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 1501, 3800 OSHA 1002	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid with an aromatic odor. [Note: A solid below 56°F.]					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 106.2 BP: 281°F Sol: 0.02% Fl.P: 81°F IP: 8.44 eV Sp.Gr: 0.86 VP: 9 mmHg FRZ: 56°F UEL: 7.0% LEL: 1.1% Class IC Flammable Liquid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet (flamm) Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 900 ppm: CcrOv*/PapRov*/ Sa*/ScbaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOV/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, strong acids					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; dizz, excitement, drow, inco, staggering gait; corn vacuolization; anor, nau, vomit, abdom pain; derm TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CNS, GI tract, blood, liver, kidneys				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

m-Xylene <i>o,o'</i>-diamine	Formula: C ₈ H ₄ (CH ₂ NH ₂) ₂	CAS#: 1477-55-0	RTECS#: PF8970000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:	DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: 1,3-bis(Aminomethyl)benzene; 1,3-Benzenedimethanamine; MXDA; m-Phenylenebis(methylamine); m-Xylylenediamine				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: C 0.1 mg/m ³ [skin] OSHA PEL†: none			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA 105	
Physical Description: Colorless liquid.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 136.2 BP: 477°F Sol: Miscible F.L.P.: 243°F IP: ? Sp.Gr.: 1.032 VP(77°F): 0.03 mmHg FRZ: 58°F UEL: ? LEL: ? Class IIIB Combustible Liquid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: None reported				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: In animals: irrit eyes, skin; liver, kidney, lung damage TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, liver, kidneys		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Water flush immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

Xylidine	Formula: (CH ₃) ₂ C ₆ H ₃ NH ₂	CAS#: 1300-73-8	RTECS#: ZE8575000	IDLH: 50 ppm
Conversion: 1 ppm = 4.96 mg/m ³	DOT: 1711 153			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Aminodimethylbenzene, Aminoxylene, Dimethylaminobenzene, Dimethylaniline, Xylidine isomers (e.g., 2,4-Dimethylaniline) [Note: Dimethylaniline is also used as a synonym for N,N-Dimethylaniline.]				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 2 ppm (10 mg/m ³) [skin] OSHA PEL†: TWA 5 ppm (25 mg/m ³) [skin]			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 2002	
Physical Description: Pale-yellow to brown liquid with a weak, aromatic, amine-like odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 121.2 BP: 415-439°F Sol: Slight F.L.P.: 206°F (2,3-) IP: 7.65 eV (2,4-) 7.30 eV (2,6-) Sp.Gr.: 0.98 VP: <1 mmHg FRZ: -33°F UEL: ? LEL: 1.0% (o-isomer) Class IIIB Combustible Liquid (2,3-)	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: Prevent skin contact Eyes: Prevent eye contact Wash skin: When contam Remove: When wet or contam Change: N.R. Provide: Eyewash Quick drench		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH 20 ppm: CrOv/Sa 50 ppm: Sa:Cf/CrFOv/GmFOv/ PapOv/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: GmFOv/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Strong oxidizers, hypochlorite salts				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Abs, Ing, Con SY: Anoxia, cyan, methemo; lung, liver, kidney damage TO: Resp sys, blood, liver, kidneys, CVS		First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash immed Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed		

X

Yttrium		Formula:	CAS#:	RTECS#:	IDLH:
		Y	7440-65-5	ZG2980000	500 mg/m ³ (as Y)
Conversion:		DOT:			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Yttrium metal					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL*: TWA 1 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL*: TWA 1 mg/m ³ [*Note: The REL and PEL also apply to other yttrium compounds (as Y).]				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7300, 7301, 7303, 9102 OSHA ID121	
Physical Description: Dark-gray to black, odorless solid.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 88.9 BP: 5301°F Sol: Soluble in hot H ₂ O F.P.: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 4.47 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 2732°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid in bulk form.		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 5 mg/m ³ : Qm 10 mg/m ³ : 95XQ/Sa 25 mg/m ³ : Sa:Cf/PaprHie 50 mg/m ³ : 100F/SaT:Cf/PaprTHie/ ScbaF/SaF 500 mg/m ³ : Sa:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes; in animals: pulm irrit; eye inj; possible liver damage TO: Eyes, resp sys, liver				First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash prompt Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Zinc chloride fume		Formula:	CAS#:	RTECS#:	IDLH:
		ZnCl ₂	7646-85-7	ZH1400000	50 mg/m ³
Conversion:		DOT: 2331 154			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Zinc dichloride fume					
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 1 mg/m ³ ST 2 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: TWA 1 mg/m ³				Measurement Methods (see Table 1): OSHA ID121	
Physical Description: White particulate dispersed in air.					
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 136.3 BP: 1350°F Sol(70°F): 435% F.P.: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr(77°F): 2.91 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 554°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid		Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 10 mg/m ³ : 95XQ*/Sa* 25 mg/m ³ : Sa:C*/PaprHie* 50 mg/m ³ : 100F/PaprTHie*/ScbaF/SaF §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Potassium					
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, nose, throat; conj; cough, copious sputum; dysp, chest pain, pulm edema, pneu; pulm fib, cor pulmonale; fever; cyan; tachypnea; skin burns TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys, CVS				First Aid (see Table 6): Breath: Resp support	

Zinc oxide	Formula: ZnO	CAS#: 1314-13-2	RTECS#: ZH4810000	IDLH: 500 mg/m ³
Conversion:		DOT: 1516 143		
Synonyms/Trade Names: Zinc peroxide				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: Dust: TWA 5 mg/m ³ C 15 mg/m ³ Fume: TWA 5 mg/m ³ ST 10 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL†: TWA 5 mg/m ³ (fume) TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total dust) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp dust)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7303, 7502 OSHA ID121, ID143	
Physical Description: White, odorless solid.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 81.4 BP: ? Sol(64°F): 0.0004% F.I.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 5.61 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 3587°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Noncombustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 50 mg/m ³ : 95XQ/Sa 125 mg/m ³ : Sa:Cf/PaprHie 250 mg/m ³ : 100F/SaT:Cf/PaprTHie/ ScbaF/SaF 500 mg/m ³ : Sa:Pd,Pp §: ScbaF:Pd,Pp/SaF:Pd,Pp:AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
	Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Chlorinated rubber (at 419°F), water [Note: Slowly decomposed by water.]			
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh SY: Metal fume fever: chills, musc ache, nau, fever, dry throat, cough; lass; metallic taste; head; blurred vision; low back pain; vomit; mal; chest tight; dysp, rales, decr pulm func TO: Resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Breath: Resp support	

Zinc stearate	Formula: Zn(C ₁₈ H ₃₅ O ₂) ₂	CAS#: 557-05-1	RTECS#: ZH5200000	IDLH: N.D.
Conversion:		DOT:		
Synonyms/Trade Names: Dibasic zinc stearate, Zinc salt of stearic acid, Zinc distearate				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total) TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 0500, 0600	
Physical Description: Soft, white powder with a slight, characteristic odor.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 632.4 BP: ? Sol: Insoluble F.I.P(oc): 530°F IP: NA Sp.Gr: 1.10 VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 266°F UEL: ? LEL: ? MEC: 20 g/m ³ Combustible Solid	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Skin: N.R. Eyes: N.R. Wash skin: N.R. Remove: N.R. Change: N.R.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): Not available.	
	Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Oxidizers, dilute acids [Note: Hydrophobic (i.e., repels water).]			
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Ing, Con SY: Irrit eyes, skin, upper resp sys; cough TO: Eyes, skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Fresh air Swallow: Medical attention immed	

Z

Zirconium compounds (as Zr)	Formula: Zr (metal)	CAS#: 7440-67-7 (metal)	RTECS#: ZH7070000 (metal)	IDLH: 50 mg/m ³ (as Zr)
Conversion:	DOT: 1358 170 (powder, wet); 1932 135 (scrap); 2008 135 (powder, dry)			
Synonyms/Trade Names: Zirconium metal: Zirconium Synonyms of other zirconium compounds vary depending upon the specific compound.				
Exposure Limits: NIOSH REL*: TWA 5 mg/m ³ ST 10 mg/m ³ [*Note: The REL applies to all zirconium compounds (as Zr) except Zirconium tetrachloride.] OSHA PEL†: TWA 5 mg/m ³			Measurement Methods (see Table 1): NIOSH 7300, 7301, 9102 OSHA ID121	
Physical Description: Metal: Soft, malleable, ductile, solid or gray to gold, amorphous powder.				
Chemical & Physical Properties: MW: 91.2 BP: 6471°F Sol: Insoluble Fl.P: NA IP: NA Sp.Gr: 6.51 (Metal) VP: 0 mmHg (approx) MLT: 3375°F UEL: NA LEL: NA Metal: Combustible, but solid form is difficult to ignite; however, powder form may ignite SPONTANEOUSLY and can continue burning under water.	Personal Protection/Sanitation (see Table 2): Recommendations regarding personal protective clothing vary depending upon the specific compound.		Respirator Recommendations (see Tables 3 and 4): NIOSH/OSHA 25 mg/m³: Qm 50 mg/m³: 95XQ/PapriHie/100F/Sa/ScbaF §: ScbaF;Pd,Pp/SaF;Pd,Pp;AScba Escape: 100F/ScbaE	
Incompatibilities and Reactivities: Potassium nitrate, oxidizers [Note: Fine powder may be stored completely immersed in water.]				
Exposure Routes, Symptoms, Target Organs (see Table 5): ER: Inh, Con SY: Skin, lung granulomas; in animals: irrit skin, muc memb; X-ray evidence of retention in lungs TO: Skin, resp sys			First Aid (see Table 6): Eye: Irr immed Skin: Soap wash Breath: Resp support Swallow: Medical attention immed	

APPENDICES

Appendix A

NIOSH POTENTIAL OCCUPATIONAL CARCINOGENS

New Policy (Adopted September 1995)

For the past 20 plus years, NIOSH has subscribed to a carcinogen policy that was published in 1976 by Edward J. Fairchild, II, Associate Director for Cincinnati Operations, which called for “no detectable exposure levels for proven carcinogenic substances” (Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 271:200-207, 1976). This was in response to a generic OSHA rulemaking on carcinogens. Because of advances in science and in approaches to risk assessment and risk management, NIOSH has adopted a more inclusive policy. NIOSH recommended exposure limits (RELs) will be based on risk evaluations using human or animal health effects data, and on an assessment of what levels can be feasibly achieved by engineering controls and measured by analytical techniques. To the extent feasible, NIOSH will project not only a no effect exposure, but also exposure levels at which there may be residual risks. This policy applies to all workplace hazards, including carcinogens, and is responsive to Section 20(a)(3) of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970, which charges NIOSH to “. . . describe exposure levels that are safe for various periods of employment, including but not limited to the exposure levels at which no employee will suffer impaired health or functional capacities or diminished life expectancy as a result of his work experience.”

The effect of this new policy will be the development, whenever possible, of quantitative RELs that are based on human and/or animal data, as well as on the consideration of technological feasibility for controlling workplace exposures to the REL. Under the old policy, RELs for most carcinogens were non-quantitative values labeled “lowest feasible concentration (LFC).” [Note: There are a few exceptions to LFC RELs for carcinogens (e.g., RELs for asbestos, formaldehyde, benzene, and ethylene oxide are quantitative values based primarily on analytical limits of detection or technological feasibility). Also, in 1989, NIOSH adopted several quantitative RELs for carcinogens from OSHA's permissible exposure limit (PEL) update.]

Under the new policy, NIOSH will also recommend the complete range of respirators (as determined by the NIOSH Respirator Decision Logic) for carcinogens with quantitative RELs. In this way, respirators will be consistently recommended regardless of whether a substance is a carcinogen or a non-carcinogen.

Appendix A (Continued)

NIOSH POTENTIAL OCCUPATIONAL CARCINOGENS

Old Policy

In the past, NIOSH identified numerous substances that should be treated as potential occupational carcinogens even though OSHA might not have identified them as such. In determining their carcinogenicity, NIOSH used the OSHA classification outlined in 29 CFR 1990.103, which states in part:

Potential occupational carcinogen means any substance, or combination or mixture of substances, which causes an increased incidence of benign and/or malignant neoplasms, or a substantial decrease in the latency period between exposure and onset of neoplasms in humans or in one or more experimental mammalian species as the result of any oral, respiratory or dermal exposure, or any other exposure which results in the induction of tumors at a site other than the site of administration. This definition also includes any substance which is metabolized into one or more potential occupational carcinogens by mammals.

When thresholds for carcinogens that would protect 100% of the population had not been identified, NIOSH usually recommended that occupational exposures to carcinogens be limited to the lowest feasible concentration. To ensure maximum protection from carcinogens through the use of respiratory protection, NIOSH also recommended that only the most reliable and protective respirators be used. These respirators include (1) a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) that has a full facepiece and is operated in a positive pressure mode, or (2) a supplied air respirator that has a full facepiece and is operated in a pressure demand or other positive pressure mode in combination with an auxiliary SCBA operated in a pressure demand or other positive pressure mode.

Recommendations to be Revised

The RELs and respirator recommendations for carcinogens listed in this edition of the *Pocket Guide* still reflect the old policy. Changes in the RELs and respirator recommendations that reflect the new policy will be included in future editions.

Appendix B

THIRTEEN OSHA-REGULATED CARCINOGENS

Without establishing PELs, OSHA promulgated standards in 1974 to regulate the industrial use of the following 13 chemicals identified as potential occupational carcinogens:

- 2-Acetylaminofluorene
- 4-Aminodiphenyl
- Benzidine
- bis-Chloromethyl ether
- 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine
- 4-Dimethylaminoazobenzene
- Ethyleneimine
- Methyl chloromethyl ether
- α -Naphthylamine
- β -Naphthylamine
- 4-Nitrobiphenyl
- N-Nitrosodimethylamine
- β -Propiolactone

Exposures of workers to these 13 chemicals are to be controlled through the required use of engineering controls, work practices, and personal protective equipment, including respirators. OSHA respirator requirements for these chemicals are provided in Appendix E (page 351). See 29 CFR 1910.1003 - 1910.1016 for more specific details of these requirements.

Appendix C

SUPPLEMENTARY EXPOSURE LIMITS

Aldehydes (Low-Molecular-Weight)

Exposure to acetaldehyde has produced nasal tumors in rats and laryngeal tumors in hamsters, and exposure to malonaldehyde has produced thyroid gland and pancreatic islet cell tumors in rats. NIOSH therefore recommends that acetaldehyde and malonaldehyde be considered potential occupational carcinogens in conformance with the OSHA carcinogen policy. Testing has not been completed to determine the carcinogenicity of the following nine related low-molecular-weight aldehydes:

- Acrolein (CAS# 107-02-8)
- Butyraldehyde (CAS# 123-72-8)
- Crotonaldehyde (CAS# 4170-30-3)
- Glutaraldehyde (CAS# 111-30-8)
- Glyoxal (CAS# 107-22-2)
- Paraformaldehyde (CAS# 30525-89-4)
- Propionaldehyde (CAS# 624-67-9)
- Propionaldehyde (CAS# 123-38-6)
- n-Valeraldehyde (CAS# 110-62-3)

However, the limited studies to date indicate that these substances have chemical reactivity and mutagenicity similar to acetaldehyde and malonaldehyde. Therefore, NIOSH recommends that careful consideration should be given to reducing exposures to these nine related aldehydes. Further information can be found in *NIOSH Current Intelligence Bulletin 55: Carcinogenicity of Acetaldehyde and Malonaldehyde, and Mutagenicity of Related Low-Molecular-Weight Aldehydes* [DHHS (NIOSH) Publication No. 91-112]. This document is available on the NIOSH Web site (http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/91112_55.html).

Asbestos

NIOSH considers asbestos to be a potential occupational carcinogen and recommends that exposures be reduced to the lowest feasible concentration. For asbestos fibers >5 micrometers in length, NIOSH recommends a REL of 100,000 fibers per cubic meter of air (100,000 fibers/m³), which is equal to 0.1 fiber per cubic centimeter of air (0.1 fiber/cm³), as determined by a 400-liter air sample collected over 100 minutes in accordance with NIOSH Analytical Method #7400. Airborne asbestos fibers are defined as those particles having (1) an aspect ratio of 3 to 1 or greater and (2) the mineralogic characteristics (that is, the crystal structure and elemental composition) of the asbestos minerals and their nonasbestiform analogs. The asbestos minerals are defined as chrysotile, crocidolite, amosite (cummingtonite-grunerite), anthophyllite, tremolite, and actinolite. In addition, airborne cleavage fragments from the nonasbestiform habits of the serpentine minerals antigorite and lizardite, and the amphibole minerals contained in the series cummingtonite-grunerite, tremolite-ferroactinolite, and glaucophane-riebeckite should also be counted as fibers provided they meet the criteria for a fiber when viewed microscopically.

As found in 29 CFR 1910.1001, the OSHA PEL for asbestos fibers (i.e., actinolite asbestos, amosite, anthophyllite asbestos, chrysotile, crocidolite, and tremolite asbestos) is an 8-hour TWA airborne concentration of 0.1 fiber (longer than 5 micrometers and having a length to diameter ratio of at least 3 to 1) per cubic centimeter of air (0.1 fiber/cm³), as determined by the membrane filter method at approximately 400X magnification with phase contrast illumination. No worker should be exposed in excess of 1 fiber/cm³ (excursion limit) as averaged over a sampling period of 30 minutes.

Appendix C (Continued)

SUPPLEMENTARY EXPOSURE LIMITS

Asphalt Fumes

The recommendations provided below are from *Health Effects of Occupational Exposure to Asphalt* [DHHS (NIOSH) Publication No. 2001-110] (<http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/01-110pd.html>).

Occupational exposure to asphalt fumes shall be controlled so that employees are not exposed to the airborne particulates at a concentration greater than 5 mg/m³, determined during any 15-minute period.

Data regarding the potential carcinogenicity of paving asphalt fumes in humans are limited, and no animal studies have examined the carcinogenic potential of either field- or laboratory-generated samples of paving asphalt fume condensates. NIOSH concludes that the collective data currently available from studies on paving asphalt provide insufficient evidence for an association between lung cancer and exposure to asphalt during paving.

The results from epidemiologic studies indicate that roofers are at an increased risk of lung cancer, but it is uncertain whether this increase can be attributed to asphalt and/or to other exposures such as coal tar or asbestos. Data from experimental studies in animals and cultured mammalian cells indicate that laboratory-generated roofing asphalt fume condensates are genotoxic and cause skin tumors in mice when applied dermally. Furthermore, a known carcinogen (Benzo(a)pyrene) was detected in field-generated roofing fumes. The collective health and exposure data provide sufficient evidence for NIOSH to conclude that roofing asphalt fumes are a potential occupational carcinogen.

The available data indicate that although not all asphalt-based paint formulations may exert genotoxicity, some are genotoxic and carcinogenic in animals. No published data examine the carcinogenic potential of asphalt-based paints in humans, but NIOSH concludes that asphalt-based paints are potential occupational carcinogens.

Benzidine-, o-Tolidine-, and o-Dianisidine-based Dyes

In December 1980, OSHA and NIOSH jointly published the *Health Hazard Alert: Benzidine-, o-Tolidine-, and o-Dianisidine-based Dyes* [DHHS (NIOSH) Publication No. 81-106] (<http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/81-106.html>). In this Alert, OSHA and NIOSH concluded that benzidine and benzidine-based dyes were potential occupational carcinogens and recommended that worker exposure be reduced to the lowest feasible level. OSHA and NIOSH further concluded that o-tolidine and o-dianisidine (and dyes based on them) may present a cancer risk to workers and should be handled with caution and exposure minimized.

Carbon Black

NIOSH considers "Carbon Black" to be the material consisting of more than 80% elemental carbon, in the form of near-spherical colloidal particles and coalesced particle aggregates of colloidal size, that is obtained by the partial combustion or thermal decomposition of hydrocarbons. The NIOSH REL (10-hour TWA) for carbon black is 3.5 mg/m³. Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), particulate polycyclic organic material (PPOM), and polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PNAs) are terms frequently used to describe various petroleum-based substances that NIOSH considers to be potential occupational carcinogens. Since some of these aromatic hydrocarbons may be formed during the manufacture of carbon black (and become adsorbed on the carbon black), the NIOSH REL (10-hour TWA) for carbon black in the presence

Appendix C (Continued)

SUPPLEMENTARY EXPOSURE LIMITS

of PAHs is 0.1 mg PAHs/m³ (measured as the cyclohexane-extractable fraction). The OSHA PEL (8-hour TWA) for carbon black is 3.5 mg/m³.

Chloroethanes

NIOSH considers the following four chemicals to be potential occupational carcinogens:

- Ethylene dichloride
- Hexachloroethane
- 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane
- 1,1,2-Trichloroethane

Additionally, NIOSH recommends that the following five other chloroethane compounds be treated in the workplace with caution because of their structural similarity to the four chloroethanes shown to be carcinogenic in animals:

- 1,1-Dichloroethane
- Methyl chloroform
- 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane
- Ethyl chloride
- Pentachloroethane

Chromic Acid and Chromates (as CrO₃), Chromium(II) and Chromium(III) Compounds (as Cr), and Chromium Metal (as Cr)

The NIOSH REL (10-hour TWA) is 0.001 mg Cr(VI)/m³ for all hexavalent chromium [Cr(VI)] compounds. NIOSH considers all Cr(VI) compounds (including chromic acid, tert-butyl chromate, zinc chromate, and chromyl chloride) to be potential occupational carcinogens. The NIOSH REL (8-hour TWA) is 0.5 mg Cr/m³ for chromium metal and chromium(II) and chromium(III) compounds.

The OSHA PEL is 0.005 mg CrO₃/m³ (8-hour TWA) for chromic acid and chromates (including tert-butyl chromate with a “skin” designation and zinc chromate); 0.5 mg Cr/m³ (8-hour TWA) for chromium(II) and chromium(III) compounds; and 1 mg Cr/m³ (8-hour TWA) for chromium metal and insoluble salts.

Coal Dust and Coal Mine Dust

The NIOSH REL (10-hour TWA) for respirable coal mine dust is 1 mg/m³, measured using a coal mine personal sampler unit (CPSU) as defined in 30 CFR 74.2. The REL is equivalent to 0.9 mg/m³ measured according to the ISO/CEN/ACGIH (International Standards Organization/Comité Européen de Normalisation/American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists) definition of respirable dust. The REL applies to respirable coal mine dust and respirable coal dust in occupations other than mining. NIOSH recommends a separate REL for crystalline silica. See NIOSH publication 95-106 (*Criteria for a Recommended Standard - Occupational Exposure to Respirable Coal Mine Dust*) for more detailed information.

Coal Tar Pitch Volatiles

NIOSH considers coal tar products (i.e., coal tar, coal tar pitch, or creosote) to be potential occupational carcinogens; the NIOSH REL (10-hour TWA) for coal tar products is 0.1 mg/m³ (cyclohexane-extractable fraction).

The OSHA PEL (8-hour TWA) for coal tar pitch volatiles is 0.2 mg/m³ (benzene-soluble fraction). OSHA defines “coal tar pitch volatiles” in 29 CFR 1910.1002 as the fused polycyclic hydrocarbons that volatilize from the distillation residues of coal, petroleum (excluding asphalt),

Appendix C (Continued)

SUPPLEMENTARY EXPOSURE LIMITS

wood, and other organic matter and includes substances such as anthracene, benzo(a)pyrene (BaP), phenanthrene, acridine, chrysene, pyrene, etc.

Coke Oven Emissions

APPENDIX C

The production of coke by the carbonization of bituminous coal leads to the release of chemically-complex emissions from coke ovens that include both gases and particulate matter of varying chemical composition. The emissions include coal tar pitch volatiles (e.g., particulate polycyclic organic matter [PPO], polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons [PAHs], and polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons [PNAs]), aromatic compounds (e.g., benzene and β -naphthylamine), trace metals (e.g., arsenic, beryllium, cadmium, chromium, lead, and nickel), and gases (e.g., nitric oxides and sulfur dioxide).

Cotton Dust (raw)

NIOSH recommends reducing exposures to cotton dust to the lowest feasible concentration to reduce the prevalence and severity of byssinosis; the REL is $<0.200 \text{ mg/m}^3$ (as lint free cotton dust).

As found in OSHA Table Z-1 (29 CFR 1910.1000), the PEL for cotton dust (raw) is 1 mg/m^3 for the cotton waste processing operations of waste recycling (sorting, blending, cleaning, and willowing) and ginning. PELs for other sectors (as found in 29 CFR 1910.1043) are 0.200 mg/m^3 for yarn manufacturing and cotton washing operations, 0.500 mg/m^3 for textile mill waste house operations or for dust from “lower grade washed cotton” used during yarn manufacturing, and 0.750 mg/m^3 for textile slashing and weaving operations. The OSHA standard 29 CFR 1910.1043 does not apply to cotton harvesting, ginning, or the handling and processing of woven or knitted materials and washed cotton. All PELs for cotton dust are mean concentrations of lint-free, respirable cotton dust collected by a vertical elutriator or an equivalent method and averaged over an 8-hour period.

Lead

NIOSH considers “Lead” to mean metallic lead, lead oxides, and lead salts (including organic salts such as lead soaps but excluding lead arsenate). The NIOSH REL for lead (8-hour TWA) is 0.050 mg/m^3 ; air concentrations should be maintained so that worker blood lead remains less than $0.060 \text{ mg Pb/100 g}$ of whole blood.

OSHA considers “Lead” to mean metallic lead, all inorganic lead compounds (lead oxides and lead salts), and a class of organic compounds called soaps; all other lead compounds are excluded from this definition. The OSHA PEL (8-hour TWA) is 0.050 mg/m^3 ; other OSHA requirements can be found in 29 CFR 1910.1025. The OSHA PEL (8 hour-TWA) for lead in “non-ferrous foundries with less than 20 employees” is 0.075 mg/m^3 .

Mineral Dusts

The OSHA PELs for “mineral dusts” listed below are from Table Z-3 of 29 CFR 1910.1000. The OSHA PEL (8-hour TWA) for crystalline silica (as respirable quartz) is either 250 mppcf divided by the value “%SiO₂ + 5” or 10 mg/m^3 divided by the value

Appendix C (Continued)

SUPPLEMENTARY EXPOSURE LIMITS

“%SiO₂ + 2.” The OSHA PEL (8-hour TWA) for crystalline silica (as total quartz) is 30 mg/m³ divided by the value “%SiO₂ + 2.” The OSHA PELs (8-hour TWAs) for cristobalite and tridymite are ½ the values calculated above using the count or mass formulae for quartz.

The OSHA PEL (8-hour TWA) for amorphous silica (including diatomaceous earth) is either 80 mg/m³ divided by the value “%SiO₂,” or 20 mppcf.

The OSHA PELs (8-hour TWAs) for talc (not containing asbestos), mica, and soapstone are 20 mppcf. The OSHA PEL (8-hour TWA) for portland cement is 50 mppcf. The OSHA PEL (8-hour TWA) for graphite (natural) is 15 mppcf. The PELs for talc (not containing asbestos), mica, soapstone, and portland cement are applicable if the material contains less than 1% crystalline silica.

The OSHA PEL (8-hour TWA) for coal dust (as the respirable fraction) containing less than 5% SiO₂ is 2.4 mg/m³ divided by the value “%SiO₂ + 2.” The OSHA PEL (8-hour TWA) for coal dust (as the respirable fraction) containing greater than or equal to 5% SiO₂ is 10 mg/m³ divided by the value “%SiO₂ + 2.”

NIAX® Catalyst ESN

In May 1978, OSHA and NIOSH jointly published *Current Intelligence Bulletin (CIB) 26: NIAX® Catalyst ESN*. In this CIB, OSHA and NIOSH recommended that occupational exposure to NIAX® Catalyst ESN, its components, dimethylaminopropionitrile and bis(2-(dimethylamino)ethyl)ether, as well as formulations containing either component, be minimized. Exposures should be limited to as few workers as possible, while minimizing workplace exposure concentrations with effective work practices and engineering controls. Exposed workers should be carefully monitored for potential disorders of the nervous and genitourinary system. Although substitution is a possible control measure, alternatives to NIAX® Catalyst ESN or its components should be carefully evaluated with regard to possible adverse health effects.

Trichloroethylene

NIOSH considers trichloroethylene (TCE) to be a potential occupational carcinogen and recommends a REL of 2 ppm (as a 60-minute ceiling) during the use of TCE as an anesthetic agent, and 25 ppm (as a 10-hour TWA) during all other exposures.

Tungsten Carbide (Cemented)

“Cemented tungsten carbide” or “hard metal” refers to a mixture of tungsten carbide, cobalt, and sometimes metal oxides or carbides and other metals (including nickel). When the cobalt (Co) content exceeds 2%, its contribution to the potential hazard is judged to exceed that of tungsten carbide. Therefore, the NIOSH REL (10-hour TWA) for cemented tungsten carbide containing >2% Co is 0.05 mg Co/m³; the applicable OSHA PEL is 0.1 mg Co/m³ (8-hour TWA). Nickel (Ni) may sometimes be used as a binder rather than cobalt. NIOSH considers cemented tungsten carbide containing nickel to be a potential occupational carcinogen and recommends a REL of 0.015 mg Ni/m³ (10-hour TWA). The OSHA PEL for Insoluble Nickel (i.e., a 1 mg Ni/m³ 8-hour TWA) applies to mixtures of tungsten carbide and nickel.

Appendix D

SUBSTANCES WITH NO ESTABLISHED RELs

After reviewing available published literature, NIOSH provided comments to OSHA on August 1, 1988, regarding the “Proposed Rule on Air Contaminants” (29 CFR 1910, Docket No. H-020). In these comments, NIOSH questioned whether the PELs proposed (and listed below) for the following substances included in the *Pocket Guide* were adequate to protect workers from recognized health hazards. The current PEL for each of these compounds is listed on the chemical page for each substance in the *Pocket Guide*. See pages *xi-xii* for a discussion of the vacated PELs.

APPENDIX D

- Acetylene tetrabromide [TWA 1 ppm]
- Chlorobenzene [TWA 75 ppm]
- Ethyl bromide [TWA 200 ppm, STEL 250 ppm]
- Ethylene glycol [C 50 ppm]
- Ethyl ether [TWA 400 ppm, STEL 500 ppm]
- Fenthion [TWA 0.2 mg/m³ (skin)]
- Furfural [TWA 2 ppm (skin)]
- 2-Isopropoxyethanol [TWA 25 ppm]
- Isopropyl acetate [TWA 250 ppm, STEL 310 ppm]
- Isopropylamine [TWA 5 ppm, STEL 10 ppm]
- Manganese tetroxide (as Mn) [TWA 1 mg/m³]
- Molybdenum (soluble compounds as Mo) [TWA 5 mg/m³]
- Nitromethane [TWA 100 ppm]
- m-Toluidine [TWA 2 ppm (skin)]
- Triethylamine [TWA 10 ppm, STEL 15 ppm]

At that time, NIOSH also conducted a limited evaluation of the literature and concluded that the documentation cited by OSHA was inadequate to support the proposed PEL (as an 8-hour TWA) of 10 mg/m³ for the compounds listed below. The current PEL for magnesium oxide fume is 15 mg/m³ (8-hour TWA, total particulate), and the current PEL for molybdenum (insoluble compounds as Mo) is 15 mg/m³ (8-hour TWA, total dust). For the other compounds listed below the current PEL is 15 mg/m³ (8-hour TWA, total dust) and 5 mg/m³ (8-hour TWA, respirable dust).

- α -Alumina
- Benomyl
- Emery
- Glycerine (mist)
- Graphite (synthetic)
- Magnesium oxide fume
- Molybdenum (insoluble compounds as Mo)
- Particulates not otherwise regulated
- Picloram
- Rouge

Appendix E

OSHA Respirator Requirements for Selected Chemicals

Revisions to the OSHA Respiratory Protection Standard (29 CFR 1910.134) became effective on April 8, 1998. Incorporated within the preamble of this ruling were changes to OSHA regulations for several chemicals or substances, which are listed as subheadings in blue text throughout this appendix. These subheadings, which are also the titles of the affected standards within 29 CFR 1910 and 29 CFR 1926, are followed by the standard number(s) in parentheses and the OSHA respirator requirements. Fit testing is required by OSHA for all tight-fitting air-purifying respirators. *Please consult 29 CFR 1910.134 for the full content of the changes that apply.* For all of the chemicals listed in this appendix, any respirators that are permitted at higher environmental concentrations can be used at lower concentrations.

13 Carcinogens (4-Nitrobiphenyl, etc.) (1910.1003)

Employees engaged in handling operations involving the carcinogens listed below must be provided with, and required to wear and use, a *half-mask* filter-type respirator for dusts, mists, and fumes. A respirator affording higher levels of protection than this respirator may be substituted.

- 2-Acetylaminofluorene
- 4-Aminodiphenyl
- Benzidine
- bis-Chloromethyl ether
- 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine (and its salts)
- 4-Dimethylaminoazobenzene
- Ethyleneimine
- Methyl chloromethyl ether
- α -Naphthylamine
- β -Naphthylamine
- 4-Nitrobiphenyl
- N-Nitrosodimethylamine
- β -Propiolactone

Acrylonitrile (1910.1045)

Airborne Concentration or Condition of Use	Respirator Type
≤ 20 ppm (parts per million)	(1) Chemical cartridge respirator with organic vapor cartridge(s) and half-mask facepiece; or (2) Supplied-air respirator with half-mask facepiece.
≤ 100 ppm or maximum use concentration of cartridges or canisters, whichever is lower	(1) Full-facepiece respirator with (A) organic vapor cartridges, (B) organic vapor gas mask, chin-style, or (C) organic vapor gas mask canister, front- or back-mounted; (2) Supplied-air respirator with full facepiece; or (3) Self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece.
$\leq 4,000$ ppm	Supplied-air respirator operated in positive-pressure mode with full facepiece, helmet, suit, or hood.
$> 4,000$ ppm or unknown concentration	(1) Supplied-air and auxiliary self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece in positive-pressure mode; or (2) Self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece in positive-pressure mode.
Firefighting	Self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece in positive-pressure mode.
Escape	(1) Any organic vapor respirator; or (2) Any self-contained breathing apparatus.

Appendix E (Continued)

OSHA Respirator Requirements for Selected Chemicals

Arsenic, inorganic (1910.1018)

Requirements for Respiratory Protection for Inorganic Arsenic Particulate *Except for Those With Significant Vapor Pressure*

Airborne Concentration (as As) or Condition of Use	Required Respirator
$\leq 100 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ (micrograms per cubic meter)	(1) Half-mask air-purifying respirator equipped with high-efficiency filter*; or (2) Any half-mask supplied air respirator.
$\leq 500 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$	(1) Full facepiece air-purifying respirator equipped with high-efficiency filter*; (2) Any full-facepiece supplied-air respirator; or (3) Any full-facepiece self-contained breathing apparatus.
$\leq 10,000 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$	(1) Powered air-purifying respirators in all inlet face coverings with high-efficiency filters*; or (2) Half-mask supplied-air respirators operated in positive-pressure mode.
$\leq 20,000 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$	Supplied-air respirator with full facepiece, hood, or helmet or suit, operated in positive-pressure mode.
$> 20,000 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$, unknown concentrations, or firefighting	Any full-facepiece self-contained breathing apparatus operated in positive-pressure mode.

* A high-efficiency filter means a filter that is at least 99.97% efficient against mono-dispersed particles of $0.3 \mu\text{m}$ (micrometers) in diameter or higher.

Requirements for Respiratory Protection for Inorganic Arsenicals *With Significant Vapor Pressure*

Airborne Concentration (as As) or Condition of Use	Required Respirator
$\leq 100 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ (micrograms per cubic meter)	(1) Half-mask* air-purifying respirator equipped with high-efficiency filter** and acid gas cartridge; or (2) Any half-mask* supplied-air respirator.
$\leq 500 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$	(1) Front- or back-mounted gas mask equipped with high-efficiency filter** and acid gas canister; (2) Any full-facepiece supplied-air respirator; or (3) Any full-facepiece self-contained breathing apparatus.
$\leq 10,000 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$	Half-mask* supplied-air respirator operated in positive-pressure mode.
$\leq 20,000 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$	Supplied-air respirator with full facepiece, hood, or helmet or suit, operated in positive-pressure mode.
$> 20,000 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$, unknown concentrations, or firefighting	Any full-facepiece self-contained breathing apparatus operated in positive-pressure mode.

* Half-mask respirators shall not be used for protection against arsenic trichloride, as it is rapidly absorbed through the skin.

** A high-efficiency filter means a filter that is at least 99.97% efficient against mono-dispersed particles of $0.3 \mu\text{m}$ (micrometers) in diameter or higher.

Appendix E (Continued)

OSHA Respirator Requirements for Selected Chemicals

Asbestos (1910.1001 & 1926.1101)

Airborne Concentration or Condition of Use	Required Respirator
≤ 1 f/cm ³ (fibers per cubic centimeter) (10 X PEL)	Half-mask air-purifying respirator other than a disposable respirator, equipped with high-efficiency filters*.
≤ 5 f/cm ³ (50 X PEL)	Full-facepiece air-purifying respirator equipped with high-efficiency filters*.
≤ 10 f/cm ³ (100 X PEL)	Any powered air-purifying respirator equipped with high-efficiency filters* or any supplied-air respirator operated in continuous-flow mode.
≤ 100 f/cm ³ (1,000 X PEL)	Full-facepiece supplied air respirator operated in pressure-demand mode.
> 100 f/cm ³ (1,000 X PEL), or unknown concentrations	Full-facepiece supplied-air respirator operated in pressure-demand mode, equipped with an auxiliary positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.
* A high-efficiency filter means a filter that is at least 99.97% efficient against mono-dispersed particles of 0.3 μm (micrometers) in diameter or higher.	

Benzene (1910.1028)

Airborne Concentration or Condition of Use	Required Respirator
≤ 10 ppm (parts per million)	Half-mask air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge.
≤ 50 ppm	(1) Full-facepiece respirator with organic vapor cartridges; or (2) Full-facepiece gas mask with chin-style canisters*.
≤ 100 ppm	Full-facepiece powered air-purifying respirator with organic vapor canister*.
≤ 1,000 ppm	Supplied-air respirator with full facepiece in positive-pressure mode.
> 1,000 ppm or unknown concentration	(1) Self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece in positive-pressure mode; or (2) Full-facepiece positive-pressure supplied-air respirator with auxiliary self-contained air supply.
Escape	(1) Any organic vapor gas mask; or (2) Any self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece.
Firefighting	Full-facepiece self-contained breathing apparatus in positive-pressure mode.

* Canisters must have a minimum service life of four (4) hours when tested at 150 ppm benzene, at a flow rate of 64 liters per minute (LPM), 25°C, and 85% relative humidity for non-powered air-purifying respirators. The flow rate shall be 115 LPM and 170 LPM, respectively, for tight-fitting and loose-fitting powered air-purifying respirators.

Appendix E (Continued)

OSHA Respirator Requirements for Selected Chemicals

1,3-Butadiene (1910.1051)

Airborne Concentration or Condition of Use	Required Respirator
≤ 5 ppm (parts per million)	Air-purifying half-mask or full-facepiece respirator equipped with approved butadiene or organic vapor cartridges or canisters. Cartridges or canisters shall be replaced every 4 hours.
≤ 10 ppm	Air-purifying half-mask or full-facepiece respirator equipped with approved butadiene or organic vapor cartridges or canisters. Cartridges or canisters shall be replaced every 3 hours.
≤ 25 ppm	(1) Air-purifying half-mask or full-facepiece respirator equipped with approved butadiene or organic vapor cartridges or canisters. Cartridges or canisters shall be replaced every 2 hours; (2) Any powered air-purifying respirator equipped with approved butadiene or organic vapor cartridges or canisters. Cartridges or canisters shall be replaced every [1] hour; or (3) Continuous-flow supplied-air respirator equipped with a hood or helmet.
≤ 50 ppm	(1) Air-purifying full-facepiece respirator equipped with approved butadiene or organic vapor cartridges or canisters. Cartridges or canisters shall be replaced every [1] hour; or (2) Powered air-purifying respirator (PAPR) equipped with a tight-fitting facepiece and approved butadiene or organic vapor cartridges. PAPR cartridges shall be replaced every [1] hour.
≤ 1,000 ppm	Supplied-air respirator equipped with a half-mask or full facepiece and operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode.
> 1,000 ppm, unknown concentration, or firefighting	(1) Self-contained breathing apparatus equipped with a full facepiece and operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode; or (2) Any supplied-air respirator equipped with a full facepiece and operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode in combination with an auxiliary self-contained breathing apparatus operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode.
Escape from IDLH conditions (IDLH is 2,000 ppm)	(1) Any positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus with an appropriate service life; or (2) Any air-purifying full-facepiece respirator equipped with a front- or back-mounted butadiene or organic vapor canister.

Appendix E (Continued)

OSHA Respirator Requirements for Selected Chemicals

Cadmium (1910.1027 & 1926.1127)

Airborne Concentration or Condition of Use	Required Respirator
≤ 50 µg/m ³ (micrograms per cubic meter)	Half-mask, air-purifying respirator equipped with a high-efficiency filter*.
≤ 125 µg/m ³	(1) Powered air-purifying respirator with a loose-fitting hood or helmet equipped with a high-efficiency filter*; or (2) Supplied-air respirator with a loose-fitting hood or helmet facepiece operated in continuous-flow mode.
≤ 250 µg/m ³	(1) Full-facepiece air-purifying respirator equipped with a high-efficiency filter*; (2) Powered air-purifying respirator with a tight-fitting half-mask equipped with a high-efficiency filter*; or (3) Supplied-air respirator with a tight-fitting half-mask operated in continuous-flow mode.
≤ 1,250 µg/m ³	(1) Powered air-purifying respirator with a tight-fitting full facepiece equipped with a high-efficiency filter*; or (2) Supplied-air respirator with a tight-fitting full facepiece operated in continuous-flow mode.
≤ 5,000 µg/m ³	Supplied-air respirator with half-mask or full facepiece operated in pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode.
> 5,000 µg/m ³ or unknown concentration	(1) Self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece operated in pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode; or (2) Supplied-air respirator with a full facepiece operated in pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode and equipped with an auxiliary escape-type self-contained breathing apparatus operated in pressure-demand mode.
Firefighting	Self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece operated in pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode.

Note: Quantitative fit testing is required for all tight-fitting air-purifying respirators where airborne concentration of cadmium exceeds 10 times the TWA PEL (10 X 5 µg/m³ = 50 µg/m³). A full-facepiece respirator is required when eye irritation is expected.

* A high-efficiency filter means a filter that is at least 99.97% efficient against mono-dispersed particles of 0.3 µm (micrometers) in diameter or higher.

Coke oven emissions (1910.1029)

Airborne Concentration	Required Respirator
≤ 1500 µg/m ³ (micrograms per cubic meter)	(1) Any particulate filter respirator for dust and mist except single-use respirator; or (2) Any particulate filter respirator or combination chemical cartridge and particulate filter respirator for coke oven emissions.
Any concentrations	(1) Type C supplied-air respirator [see page 360] operated in pressure-demand or continuous-flow mode; (2) Powered air-purifying particulate filter respirator for dust and mist; or (3) Powered air-purifying particulate filter respirator or combination chemical cartridge and particulate filter respirator for coke oven emissions.

Appendix E (Continued)

OSHA Respirator Requirements for Selected Chemicals

Cotton dust (1910.1043)

Airborne Concentration	Required Respirator
≤ 5 X PEL	Disposable respirator* with a particulate filter.
≤ 10 X PEL	Quarter- or half-mask respirator, other than a disposable respirator, equipped with particulate filters.
≤ 100 X PEL	Full-facepiece respirator equipped with high-efficiency particulate filters**.
> 100 X PEL	Powered air-purifying respirator equipped with high-efficiency particulate filters.

* A disposable respirator means the filter element is an inseparable part of the respirator.

** A high-efficiency filter means a filter that is at least 99.97% efficient against mono-dispersed particles of 0.3 μm (micrometers) in diameter or higher.

Notes:

Self-contained breathing apparatus are not required but are permitted respirators.

Supplied-air respirators are not required but are permitted under the following conditions:

Cotton dust concentration not greater than 10X the PEL: Any supplied air respirator; not greater than 100X the PEL: Any supplied-air respirator with full facepiece, helmet, or hood; greater than 100X the PEL: Supplied-air respirator operated in positive-pressure mode.

APPENDIX E

1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (1910.1044)

Airborne Concentration or Condition of Use	Required Respirator
≤ 10 ppb (parts per billion)	(1) Any supplied-air respirator; or (2) any self-contained breathing apparatus.
≤ 50 ppb	(1) Any supplied-air respirator with full facepiece, helmet, or hood; or (2) any self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece.
≤ 1,000 ppb	Type C supplied-air respirator [see page 360] operated in pressure-demand or other positive-pressure or continuous-flow mode.
≤ 2,000 ppb	Type C supplied-air respirator [see page 360] with full facepiece operated in pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode, or with full facepiece, helmet, or hood operated in continuous-flow mode.
> 2,000 ppb or entry and escape from unknown concentrations	(1) A combination respirator which includes a Type C supplied-air respirator [see page 360] with full facepiece operated in pressure-demand or other positive pressure or continuous-flow mode and an auxiliary self-contained breathing apparatus operated in pressure-demand or positive-pressure mode; or (2) Self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece operated in pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode.
Firefighting	Self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece operated in pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode.

Appendix E (Continued)

OSHA Respirator Requirements for Selected Chemicals

Ethylene oxide (1910.1047)

Airborne Concentration or Condition of Use	Required Respirator
≤ 50 ppm (parts per million)	Full-facepiece respirator with ethylene oxide approved canister, front- or back-mounted.
≤ 2,000 ppm	(1) Positive-pressure supplied-air respirator equipped with full facepiece, hood, or helmet; or (2) Continuous-flow supplied-air respirator (positive-pressure) equipped with hood, helmet, or suit.
> 2,000 ppm or unknown concentrations	(1) Positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus equipped with full facepiece; or (2) Positive-pressure full-facepiece supplied-air respirator equipped with an auxiliary positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.
Firefighting	Positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus equipped with full facepiece.
Escape	Any respirator described above.

Formaldehyde (1910.1048)

Airborne Concentration or Condition of Use	Required Respirator
≤ 7.5 ppm (parts per million) (10 X PEL)	Full-facepiece respirator with cartridges or canisters specifically approved for protection against formaldehyde*.
≤ 75 ppm (100 X PEL)	(1) Full-face mask respirator with chin style or chest- or back-mounted type with industrial size canister specifically approved for protection against formaldehyde; or (2) Type C supplied-air respirator [see page 360], demand type or continuous flow type, with full facepiece, hood, or helmet.
> 75 ppm (100 X PEL) or unknown concentrations (emergencies)	(1) Self-contained breathing apparatus with positive-pressure full-facepiece; or (2) Combination supplied-air, full-facepiece positive-pressure respirator with auxiliary self-contained air supply.
Firefighting	Self-contained breathing apparatus with positive-pressure in full facepiece. (1) Self-contained breathing apparatus in demand or pressure-demand mode; or (2) Full-face mask respirator with chin-style or front- or back-mounted type industrial size canister specifically approved for protection against formaldehyde.
Escape	(1) Self-contained breathing apparatus in demand or pressure-demand mode; or (2) Full-face mask respirator with chin-style or front- or back-mounted type industrial size canister specifically approved for protection against formaldehyde.

* A half-mask respirator with cartridges specifically approved for protection against formaldehyde can be substituted for the full-facepiece respirator providing that effective gas-proof goggles are provided and used in combination with the half-mask respirator.

Appendix E (Continued)

OSHA Respirator Requirements for Selected Chemicals

Lead (1910.1025 & 1926.62)

Respirator Requirements of 1910.1025 (General Industry Lead Standard)

Airborne Concentration or Condition of Use	Required Respirator
$\leq 0.5 \text{ mg/m}^3$ (milligrams per cubic meter) (10 X PEL)	Half-mask* air-purifying respirator equipped with high-efficiency filters**.
$\leq 2.5 \text{ mg/m}^3$ (50 X PEL)	Full-facepiece air-purifying respirator with high-efficiency filters**.
$\leq 50 \text{ mg/m}^3$ (1000 X PEL)	(1) Any powered air-purifying respirator with high-efficiency filters**; or (2) Half-mask* supplied-air respirator operated in positive-pressure mode.
$\leq 100 \text{ mg/m}^3$ (2000 X PEL)	Supplied-air respirators with full facepiece, hood, helmet, or suit, operated in positive-pressure mode.
$> 100 \text{ mg/m}^3$, unknown concentration, or firefighting	Full-facepiece, self-contained breathing apparatus operated in positive-pressure mode.

* Full facepiece is required if the lead aerosols cause eye or skin irritation at the use concentrations.

** A high-efficiency filter means a filter that is at least 99.97% efficient against mono-dispersed particles of 0.3 μm (micrometers) in diameter or higher.

Respirator Requirements of 1926.62 (Construction Lead Standard)

Airborne Concentration or Condition of Use	Required Respirator
$\leq 0.5 \text{ mg/m}^3$ (milligrams per cubic meter)	(1) Half-mask* air-purifying respirator with high-efficiency filters**; or (2) Half-mask* supplied-air respirator operated in demand (negative pressure) mode.
$\leq 1.25 \text{ mg/m}^3$	(1) Loose-fitting hood or helmet powered air-purifying respirator with high-efficiency filters**; or (2) Hood or helmet supplied-air respirator operated in a continuous-flow mode (e.g., Type CE abrasive blasting respirators [see page 360] operated in a continuous-flow mode).
$\leq 2.5 \text{ mg/m}^3$	(1) Full-facepiece air-purifying respirator with high-efficiency filters**; (2) Tight-fitting powered air-purifying respirator with high-efficiency filters**; (3) Full-facepiece supplied-air respirator operated in demand mode; (4) Half-mask* or full-facepiece supplied-air respirator operated in a continuous-flow mode; or (5) Full-facepiece self-contained breathing apparatus operated in demand mode.
$\leq 50 \text{ mg/m}^3$	Half-mask* supplied-air respirator operated in pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode.
$\leq 100 \text{ mg/m}^3$	Full-facepiece supplied-air respirator operated in pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode (e.g., Type CE abrasive blasting respirators [see page 360] operated in a continuous-flow mode).
$> 100 \text{ mg/m}^3$, unknown concentration, or firefighting	Full-facepiece self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode.

* Full facepiece is required if the lead aerosols cause eye or skin irritation at the use concentrations.

** A high-efficiency filter means a filter that is at least 99.97% efficient against mono-dispersed particles of 0.3 μm (micrometers) in diameter or higher.

Appendix E (Continued)

OSHA Respirator Requirements for Selected Chemicals

Methylene chloride (1910.1052)

Airborne Concentration or Condition of Use	Required Respirator
≤ 625 ppm (parts per million) (25 X PEL)	Continuous-flow supplied-air respirator, hood or helmet.
≤ 1250 ppm (50 X PEL)	(1) Full-facepiece supplied-air respirator operated in negative-pressure (demand) mode; or (2) Full-facepiece self-contained breathing apparatus operated in negative-pressure (demand) mode.
≤ 5,000 ppm (200 X PEL)	(1) Continuous-flow supplied-air respirator, full-facepiece; (2) Pressure-demand supplied-air respirator, full-facepiece; or (3) Positive-pressure full-facepiece self-contained breathing apparatus.
> 5,000 ppm or unknown concentration	(1) Positive-pressure full-facepiece self-contained breathing apparatus; or (2) Full-facepiece pressure-demand supplied-air respirator with an auxiliary self-contained air supply.
Firefighting	Positive-pressure full-facepiece self-contained breathing apparatus.
Emergency escape	(1) Any continuous-flow or pressure-demand self-contained breathing apparatus; or (2) Gas mask with organic vapor canister.

4,4'-Methylenedianiline (1910.1050 & 1926.60)

Airborne Concentration or Condition of Use	Required Respirator
≤ 10 X PEL	Half-mask respirator with high-efficiency* cartridge**.
≤ 50 X PEL	Full-facepiece respirator with high-efficiency* cartridge or canister**.
≤ 1,000 X PEL	Full-facepiece powered air-purifying respirator with high-efficiency* cartridge**.
> 1,000 X PEL or unknown concentration	(1) Self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece in positive-pressure mode; or (2) Full-facepiece positive-pressure demand supplied-air respirator with auxiliary self-contained air supply.
Escape	(1) Any full-facepiece air-purifying respirator with high-efficiency* cartridges**; or (2) Any positive-pressure or continuous-flow self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece or hood.
Firefighting	Full-facepiece self-contained breathing apparatus in positive-pressure demand mode.

* A high-efficiency filter means a filter that is at least 99.97% efficient against mono-dispersed particles of 0.3 μm (micrometers) in diameter or higher.

** Combination High-Efficiency/Organic Vapor Cartridges shall be used whenever Methylenedianiline is in liquid form or a process requiring heat is used.

Appendix E (Continued)

OSHA Respirator Requirements for Selected Chemicals

Vinyl Chloride (1910.1017)

Airborne Concentration or Condition of Use	Required Respirator
≤ 10 ppm (parts per million)	(1) Combination Type C supplied-air respirator [see below], demand type, with half facepiece, and auxiliary self-contained air supply; (2) Type C supplied-air respirator [see below], demand type, with half facepiece; or (3) Any chemical cartridge respirator with an organic vapor cartridge which provides a service life of at least 1 hour for concentrations of vinyl chloride up to 10 ppm.
≤ 25 ppm	(1) Powered air-purifying respirator with hood, helmet, full or half facepiece, and a canister which provides a service life of at least 4 hours for concentrations of vinyl chloride up to 25 ppm; or (2) Gas mask with front- or back-mounted canister which provides a service life of at least 4 hours for concentrations of vinyl chloride up to 25 ppm.
≤ 100 ppm	(1) Combination Type C supplied-air respirator [see below], demand type, with full facepiece, and auxiliary self-contained air supply; or (2) Open-circuit self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece, in demand mode; or (3) Type C supplied-air respirator [see below], demand type, with full facepiece.
≤ 1,000 ppm	Type C supplied-air respirator [see below], continuous-flow type, with full or half facepiece, helmet, or hood.
≤ 3,600 ppm	(1) Combination Type C supplied-air respirator [see below], pressure demand type, with full or half facepiece, and auxiliary self-contained air supply; or (2) Combination type continuous-flow supplied-air respirator with full or half facepiece and auxiliary self-contained air supply.
> 3,600 ppm or unknown concentration	Open-circuit self-contained breathing apparatus, pressure-demand type, with full facepiece.

Definitions for Type C and Type CE Respirators

The definitions below were obtained from the NIOSH Certified Equipment List, which is available on the NIOSH Web site (<http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/npptl/topics/respirators/cel>).

Type C Respirator: An airline respirator, for entry into and escape from atmospheres not immediately dangerous to life or health, which consists of a source of respirable breathing air, a hose, a detachable coupling, a control valve, orifice, a demand valve or pressure demand valve, and arrangement for attaching the hose to the wearer and a facepiece, hood, or helmet.

Type CE Respirator: A Type C supplied-air respirator equipped with additional devices designed to protect the wearer's head and neck against impact and abrasion from rebounding abrasive material, and with shielding material such as plastic, glass, woven wire, sheet metal, or other suitable material to protect the window(s) of facepieces, hoods, and helmets which do not unduly interfere with the wearer's vision and permit easy access to the external surface of such window(s) for cleaning.

Appendix F

MISCELLANEOUS NOTES

Benzene

The final OSHA Benzene standard in 1910.1028 applies to all occupational exposures to benzene except some subsegments of industry where exposures are consistently under the action level (i.e., distribution and sales of fuels, sealed containers and pipelines, coke production, oil and gas drilling and production, natural gas processing, and the percentage exclusion for liquid mixtures); for the excepted subsegments, the benzene limits in Table Z-2 apply (i.e., an 8-hour TWA of 10 ppm, an acceptable ceiling of 25 ppm, and 50 ppm for a maximum duration of 10 minutes as an acceptable maximum peak above the acceptable ceiling).

Octachloronaphthalene

Pentachloronaphthalene

Tetrachloronaphthalene

Trichloronaphthalene

IDLH values for these four chloronaphthalene compounds are unknown. The *Documentation for Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations* (NTIS Publication Number PB-94-195047) identified “Effective” IDLH values, based on analogy with other chloronaphthalenes and the then-effective *NIOSH Respirator Decision Logic* (DHHS [NIOSH] Publication No. 87-108; <http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/docs/87-108>). These values for respirator recommendations were determined by multiplying the NIOSH REL or OSHA PEL by an assigned protection factor of 10. This assigned protection factor was used during the Standards Completion Program for deciding when the “most protective” respirators should be used for these four chemicals. Listed below are the “Effective” IDLH values that were determined using 10 times the REL or PEL for each chemical. For more information please consult the *IDLH Documentation* on the NIOSH Web site (<http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/idlh/idlh-1.html>).

Chemical	NIOSH REL/OSHA PEL	“Effective” IDLH (10 X REL/PEL)
Octachloronaphthalene	TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ *	1 mg/m ³
Pentachloronaphthalene	TWA 0.5 mg/m ³	5 mg/m ³
Tetrachloronaphthalene	TWA 5 mg/m ³	50 mg/m ³
Trichloronaphthalene	TWA 2 mg/m ³	20 mg/m ³

* NIOSH also recommends a STEL of 0.3 mg/m³ for octachloronaphthalene; the TWA of 0.1 mg/m³ was used to calculate the “Effective” IDLH of 1 mg/m³.

Appendix G

VACATED 1989 OSHA PELs

(See pages xi and xii for an explanation of the vacated 1989 OSHA PELs.)

Chemical	Vacated 1989 OSHA PEL
Acetaldehyde	TWA 100 ppm (180 mg/m ³), ST 150 ppm (270 mg/m ³)
Acetic anhydride	C 5 ppm (20 mg/m ³)
Acetone	TWA 750 ppm (1800 mg/m ³), ST 1000 ppm (2400 mg/m ³)
Acetonitrile	TWA 40 ppm (70 mg/m ³), ST 60 ppm (105 mg/m ³)
Acetylsalicylic acid	TWA 5 mg/m ³
Acrolein	TWA 0.1 ppm (0.25 mg/m ³), ST 0.3 ppm (0.8 mg/m ³)
Acrylamide	TWA 0.03 mg/m ³ [skin]
Acrylic acid	TWA 10 ppm (30 mg/m ³) [skin]
Allyl alcohol	TWA 2 ppm (5 mg/m ³), ST 4 ppm (10 mg/m ³) [skin]
Allyl chloride	TWA 1 ppm (3 mg/m ³), ST 2 ppm (6 mg/m ³)
Allyl glycidyl ether	TWA 5 ppm (22 mg/m ³), ST 10 ppm (44 mg/m ³)
Allyl propyl disulfide	TWA 2 ppm (12 mg/m ³), ST 3 ppm (18 mg/m ³)
α-Alumina	TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total), TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)
Aluminum (pyro powders & welding fumes, as Al)	TWA 5 mg/m ³
Aluminum (soluble salts & alkyls, as Al)	TWA 2 mg/m ³
Amitrole	TWA 0.2 mg/m ³
Ammonia	ST 35 ppm (27 mg/m ³)
Ammonium chloride fume	TWA 10 mg/m ³ , ST 20 mg/m ³
Ammonium sulfamate	TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total), TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)
Aniline (and homologs)	TWA 2 ppm (8 mg/m ³) [skin]
Atrazine	TWA 5 mg/m ³
Barium sulfate	TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total), TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)
Benomyl	TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total), TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)
Benzenethiol	TWA 0.5 ppm (2 mg/m ³)
Bismuth telluride (doped with selenium sulfide, as Bi ₂ Te ₃)	TWA 5 mg/m ³
Borates, tetra, sodium salts (Anhydrous)	TWA 10 mg/m ³
Borates, tetra, sodium salts (Decahydrate)	TWA 10 mg/m ³
Borates, tetra, sodium salts (Pentahydrate)	TWA 10 mg/m ³
Boron oxide	TWA 10 mg/m ³
Boron tribromide	C 1 ppm (10 mg/m ³)
Bromacil	TWA 1 ppm (10 mg/m ³)
Bromine	TWA 0.1 ppm (0.7 mg/m ³), ST 0.3 ppm (2 mg/m ³)

Appendix G (Continued)

VACATED 1989 OSHA PELs

(See pages xi and xii for an explanation of the vacated 1989 OSHA PELs.)

Chemical	Vacated 1989 OSHA PEL
Bromine pentafluoride	TWA 0.1 ppm (0.7 mg/m ³)
n-Butane	TWA 800 ppm (1900 mg/m ³)
2-Butanone	TWA 200 ppm (590 mg/m ³), ST 300 ppm (885 mg/m ³)
2-Butoxyethanol	TWA 25 ppm (120 mg/m ³) [skin]
n-Butyl acetate	TWA 150 ppm (710 mg/m ³), ST 200 ppm (950 mg/m ³)
Butyl acrylate	TWA 10 ppm (55 mg/m ³)
n-Butyl alcohol	C 50 ppm (150 mg/m ³) [skin]
sec-Butyl alcohol	TWA 100 ppm (305 mg/m ³)
tert-Butyl alcohol	TWA 100 ppm (300 mg/m ³), ST 150 ppm (450 mg/m ³)
n-Butyl glycidyl ether	TWA 25 ppm (135 mg/m ³)
n-Butyl lactate	TWA 5 ppm (25 mg/m ³)
n-Butyl mercaptan	TWA 0.5 ppm (1.5 mg/m ³)
o-sec-Butylphenol	TWA 5 ppm (30 mg/m ³) [skin]
p-tert-Butyltoluene	TWA 10 ppm (60 mg/m ³), ST 20 ppm (120 mg/m ³)
Calcium cyanamide	TWA 0.5 mg/m ³
Caprolactam	Dust: TWA 1 mg/m ³ , ST 3 mg/m ³ Vapor: TWA 5 ppm (20 mg/m ³), ST 10 ppm (40 mg/m ³)
Captafol	TWA 0.1 mg/m ³
Captan	TWA 5 mg/m ³
Carbofuran	TWA 0.1 mg/m ³
Carbon dioxide	TWA 10,000 ppm (18,000 mg/m ³) ST 30,000 ppm (54,000 mg/m ³)
Carbon disulfide	TWA 4 ppm (12 mg/m ³), ST 12 ppm (36 mg/m ³) [skin]
Carbon monoxide	TWA 35 ppm (40 mg/m ³), C 200 ppm (229 mg/m ³)
Carbon tetrabromide	TWA 0.1 ppm (1.4 mg/m ³), ST 0.3 ppm (4 mg/m ³)
Carbon tetrachloride	TWA 2 ppm (12.6 mg/m ³)
Carbonyl fluoride	TWA 2 ppm (5 mg/m ³), ST 5 ppm (15 mg/m ³)
Catechol	TWA 5 ppm (20 mg/m ³) [skin]
Cesium hydroxide	TWA 2 mg/m ³
Chlorinated camphene	TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ , ST 1 mg/m ³ [skin]
Chlorine	TWA 0.5 ppm (1.5 mg/m ³), ST 1 ppm (3 mg/m ³)
Chlorine dioxide	TWA 0.1 ppm (0.3 mg/m ³), ST 0.3 ppm (0.9 mg/m ³)
Chloroacetyl chloride	TWA 0.05 ppm (0.2 mg/m ³)
o-Chlorobenzylidene malonitrile	C 0.05 ppm (0.4 mg/m ³) [skin]
Chlorodifluoromethane	TWA 1000 ppm (3500 mg/m ³)
Chloroform	TWA 2 ppm (9.78 mg/m ³)

Appendix G (Continued)

VACATED 1989 OSHA PELs

(See pages xi and xii for an explanation of the vacated 1989 OSHA PELs.)

Chemical	Vacated 1989 OSHA PEL
1-Chloro-1-nitropropane	TWA 2 ppm (10 mg/m ³)
Chloropentafluoroethane	TWA 1000 ppm (6320 mg/m ³)
β-Chloroprene	TWA 10 ppm (35 mg/m ³) [skin]
o-Chlorostyrene	TWA 50 ppm (285 mg/m ³), ST 75 ppm (428 mg/m ³)
o-Chlorotoluene	TWA 50 ppm (250 mg/m ³)
Chlorpyrifos	TWA 0.2 mg/m ³ [skin]
Coal dust	TWA 2 mg/m ³ (<5% SiO ₂) (resp dust) TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ (≥ 5% SiO ₂) (resp quartz)
Cobalt metal dust & fume (as Co)	TWA 0.05 mg/m ³
Cobalt carbonyl (as Co)	TWA 0.1 mg/m ³
Cobalt hydrocarbonyl (as Co)	TWA 0.1 mg/m ³
Crag® herbicide	TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total), TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)
Crufomate	TWA 5 mg/m ³
Cyanamide	TWA 2 mg/m ³
Cyanogen	TWA 10 ppm (20 mg/m ³)
Cyanogen chloride	C 0.3 ppm (0.6 mg/m ³)
Cyclohexanol	TWA 50 ppm (200 mg/m ³) [skin]
Cyclohexanone	TWA 25 ppm (100 mg/m ³) [skin]
Cyclohexylamine	TWA 10 ppm (40 mg/m ³)
Cyclonite	TWA 1.5 mg/m ³ [skin]
Cyclopentane	TWA 600 ppm (1720 mg/m ³)
Cyhexatin	TWA 5 mg/m ³
Decaborane	TWA 0.3 mg/m ³ (0.05 ppm), ST 0.9 mg/m ³ (0.15 ppm) [skin]
Diazinon®	TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ [skin]
2-N-Dibutylaminoethanol	TWA 2 ppm (14 mg/m ³)
Dibutyl phosphate	TWA 1 ppm (5 mg/m ³), ST 2 ppm (10 mg/m ³)
Dichloroacetylene	C 0.1 ppm (0.4 mg/m ³)
p-Dichlorobenzene	TWA 75 ppm (450 mg/m ³), ST 110 ppm (675 mg/m ³)
1,3-Dichloro- 5,5-dimethylhydantoin	TWA 0.2 mg/m ³ , ST 0.4 mg/m ³
Dichloroethyl ether	TWA 5 ppm (30 mg/m ³), ST 10 ppm (60 mg/m ³) [skin]
Dichloromonofluoromethane	TWA 10 ppm (40 mg/m ³)
1,1-Dichloro-1-nitroethane	TWA 2 ppm (10 mg/m ³)
1,3-Dichloropropene	TWA 1 ppm (5 mg/m ³) [skin]
2,2-Dichloropropionic acid	TWA 1 ppm (6 mg/m ³)
Dicrotophos	TWA 0.25 mg/m ³ [skin]

Appendix G (Continued)

VACATED 1989 OSHA PELs

(See pages xi and xii for an explanation of the vacated 1989 OSHA PELs.)

Chemical	Vacated 1989 OSHA PEL
Dicyclopentadiene	TWA 5 ppm (30 mg/m ³)
Dicyclopentadienyl iron	TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total), TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)
Diethanolamine	TWA 3 ppm (15 mg/m ³)
Diethylamine	TWA 10 ppm (30 mg/m ³), ST 25 ppm (75 mg/m ³)
Diethylenetriamine	TWA 1 ppm (4 mg/m ³)
Diethyl ketone	TWA 200 ppm (705 mg/m ³)
Diethyl phthalate	TWA 5 mg/m ³
Diglycidyl ether	TWA 0.1 ppm (0.5 mg/m ³)
Diisobutyl ketone	TWA 25 ppm (150 mg/m ³)
N,N-Dimethylaniline	TWA 5 ppm (25 mg/m ³), ST 10 ppm (50 mg/m ³) [skin]
Dimethyl-1,2-dibromo-2,2-dichlorethyl phosphate	TWA 3 mg/m ³ [skin]
Dimethyl sulfate	TWA 0.1 ppm (0.5 mg/m ³) [skin]
Dinitolmide	TWA 5 mg/m ³
Di-sec octyl phthalate	TWA 5 mg/m ³ , ST 10 mg/m ³
Dioxane	TWA 25 ppm (90 mg/m ³) [skin]
Dioxathion	TWA 0.2 mg/m ³ [skin]
Diphenylamine	TWA 10 mg/m ³
Dipropylene glycol methyl ether	TWA 100 ppm (600 mg/m ³) ST 150 ppm (900 mg/m ³) [skin]
Dipropyl ketone	TWA 50 ppm (235 mg/m ³)
Diquat (Diquat dibromide)	TWA 0.5 mg/m ³
Disulfiram	TWA 2 mg/m ³
Disulfoton	TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ [skin]
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol	TWA 10 mg/m ³
Diuron	TWA 10 mg/m ³
Divinyl benzene	TWA 10 ppm (50 mg/m ³)
Emery	TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total), TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)
Endosulfan	TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ [skin]
Epichlorohydrin	TWA 2 ppm (8 mg/m ³) [skin]
Ethanolamine	TWA 3 ppm (8 mg/m ³), ST 6 ppm (15 mg/m ³)
Ethion	TWA 0.4 mg/m ³ [skin]
Ethyl acrylate	TWA 5 ppm (20 mg/m ³), ST 25 ppm (100 mg/m ³) [skin]
Ethyl benzene	TWA 100 ppm (435 mg/m ³), ST 125 ppm (545 mg/m ³)
Ethyl bromide	TWA 200 ppm (890 mg/m ³), ST 250 ppm (1110 mg/m ³)
Ethylene chlorohydrin	C 1 ppm (3 mg/m ³) [skin]
Ethylene dichloride	TWA 1 ppm (4 mg/m ³), ST 2 ppm (8 mg/m ³)

Appendix G (Continued)

VACATED 1989 OSHA PELs

(See pages xi and xii for an explanation of the vacated 1989 OSHA PELs.)

Chemical	Vacated 1989 OSHA PEL
Ethylene glycol	C 50 ppm (125 mg/m ³)
Ethylene glycol dinitrate	ST 0.1 mg/m ³ [skin]
Ethyl ether	TWA 400 ppm (1200 mg/m ³), ST 500 ppm (1500 mg/m ³)
Ethylidene norbornene	C 5 ppm (25 mg/m ³)
Ethyl mercaptan	TWA 0.5 ppm (1 mg/m ³)
N-Ethylmorpholine	TWA 5 ppm (23 mg/m ³) [skin]
Ethyl silicate	TWA 10 ppm (85 mg/m ³)
Fenamiphos	TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ [skin]
Fensulfothion	TWA 0.1 mg/m ³
Fenthion	TWA 0.2 mg/m ³ [skin]
Ferbam	TWA 10 mg/m ³
Ferrovandium dust	TWA 1 mg/m ³ , ST 3 mg/m ³
Fluorotrichloromethane	C 1000 ppm (5600 mg/m ³)
Fonofos	TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ [skin]
Formamide	TWA 20 ppm (30 mg/m ³), ST 30 ppm (45 mg/m ³)
Furfural	TWA 2 ppm (8 mg/m ³) [skin]
Furfuryl alcohol	TWA 10 ppm (40 mg/m ³), ST 15 ppm (60 mg/m ³) [skin]
Gasoline	TWA 300 ppm (900 mg/m ³), ST 500 ppm (1500 mg/m ³)
Germanium tetrahydride	TWA 0.2 ppm (0.6 mg/m ³)
Glutaraldehyde	C 0.2 ppm (0.8 mg/m ³)
Glycerin (mist)	TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total), TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)
Glycidol	TWA 25 ppm (75 mg/m ³)
Graphite (natural)	TWA 2.5 mg/m ³ (resp)
Graphite (synthetic)	TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total), TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)
n-Heptane	TWA 400 ppm (1600 mg/m ³), ST 500 ppm (2000 mg/m ³)
Hexachlorobutadiene	TWA 0.02 ppm (0.24 mg/m ³)
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	TWA 0.01 ppm (0.1 mg/m ³)
Hexafluoroacetone	TWA 0.1 ppm (0.7 mg/m ³) [skin]
n-Hexane	TWA 50 ppm (180 mg/m ³)
Hexane isomers (except n-Hexane)	TWA 500 ppm (1800 mg/m ³), ST 1000 ppm (3600 mg/m ³)
2-Hexanone	TWA 5 ppm (20 mg/m ³)
Hexone	TWA 50 ppm (205 mg/m ³), ST 75 ppm (300 mg/m ³)
Hexylene glycol	C 25 ppm (125 mg/m ³)
Hydrazine	TWA 0.1 ppm (0.1 mg/m ³) [skin]
Hydrogenated terphenyls	TWA 0.5 ppm (5 mg/m ³)
Hydrogen bromide	C 3 ppm (10 mg/m ³)

Appendix G (Continued)

VACATED 1989 OSHA PELs

(See pages xi and xii for an explanation of the vacated 1989 OSHA PELs.)

Chemical	Vacated 1989 OSHA PEL
Hydrogen cyanide	ST 4.7 ppm (5 mg/m ³) [skin]
Hydrogen fluoride (as F)	TWA 3 ppm, ST 6 ppm
Hydrogen sulfide	TWA 10 ppm (14 mg/m ³), ST 15 ppm (21 mg/m ³)
2-Hydroxypropyl acrylate	TWA 0.5 ppm (3 mg/m ³) [skin]
Indene	TWA 10 ppm (45 mg/m ³)
Indium	TWA 0.1 mg/m ³
Iodoform	TWA 0.6 ppm (10 mg/m ³)
Iron pentacarbonyl (as Fe)	TWA 0.1 ppm (0.8 mg/m ³), ST 0.2 ppm (1.6 mg/m ³)
Iron salts (soluble, as Fe)	TWA 1 mg/m ³
Isoamyl alcohol (primary & secondary)	TWA 100 ppm (360 mg/m ³), ST 125 ppm (450 mg/m ³)
Isobutane	TWA 800 ppm (1900 mg/m ³)
Isobutyl alcohol	TWA 50 ppm (150 mg/m ³)
Isooctyl alcohol	TWA 50 ppm (270 mg/m ³) [skin]
Isophorone	TWA 4 ppm (23 mg/m ³)
Isophorone diisocyanate	TWA 0.005 ppm, ST 0.02 ppm [skin]
2-Isopropoxyethanol	TWA 25 ppm (105 mg/m ³)
Isopropyl acetate	TWA 250 ppm (950 mg/m ³), ST 310 ppm (1185 mg/m ³)
Isopropyl alcohol	TWA 400 ppm (980 mg/m ³), ST 500 ppm (1225 mg/m ³)
Isopropylamine	TWA 5 ppm (12 mg/m ³), ST 10 ppm (24 mg/m ³)
N-Isopropylaniline	TWA 2 ppm (10 mg/m ³) [skin]
Isopropyl glycidyl ether	TWA 50 ppm (240 mg/m ³), ST 75 ppm (360 mg/m ³)
Kaolin	TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total), TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)
Ketene	TWA 0.5 ppm (0.9 mg/m ³), ST 1.5 ppm (3 mg/m ³)
Magnesium oxide fume	TWA 10 mg/m ³
Malathion	TWA 10 mg/m ³ [skin]
Manganese compounds and fume (as Mn)	Compounds: C 5 mg/m ³ Fume: TWA 1 mg/m ³ , ST 3 mg/m ³
Manganese cyclopentadienyl tricarbonyl (as Mn)	TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ [skin]
Manganese tetroxide (as Mn)	TWA 1 mg/m ³
Mercury compounds, as Hg [except (organo) alkyls]	Hg Vapor: TWA 0.05 mg/m ³ [skin] Non-alkyl compounds: C 0.1 mg/m ³ [skin]
Mercury (organo) alkyl compounds (as Hg)	TWA 0.01 mg/m ³ , ST 0.03 mg/m ³ [skin]
Mesityl oxide	TWA 15 ppm (60 mg/m ³), ST 25 ppm (100 mg/m ³)
Methacrylic acid	TWA 20 ppm (70 mg/m ³) [skin]
Methomyl	TWA 2.5 mg/m ³

Appendix G (Continued)

VACATED 1989 OSHA PELs

(See pages xi and xii for an explanation of the vacated 1989 OSHA PELs.)

Chemical	Vacated 1989 OSHA PEL
Methoxychlor	TWA 10 mg/m ³
4-Methoxyphenol	TWA 5 mg/m ³
Methyl acetate	TWA 200 ppm (610 mg/m ³), ST 250 ppm (760 mg/m ³)
Methyl acetylene-propadiene mixture	TWA 1000 ppm (1800 mg/m ³), ST 1250 ppm (2250 mg/m ³)
Methylacrylonitrile	TWA 1 ppm (3 mg/m ³) [skin]
Methyl alcohol	TWA 200 ppm (260 mg/m ³), ST 250 ppm (325 mg/m ³) [skin]
Methyl bromide	TWA 5 ppm (20 mg/m ³) [skin]
Methyl chloride	TWA 50 ppm (105 mg/m ³), ST 100 ppm (210 mg/m ³)
Methyl chloroform	TWA 350 ppm (1900 mg/m ³), ST 450 ppm (2450 mg/m ³)
Methyl-2-cyanoacrylate	TWA 2 ppm (8 mg/m ³), ST 4 ppm (16 mg/m ³)
Methylcyclohexane	TWA 400 ppm (1600 mg/m ³)
Methylcyclohexanol	TWA 50 ppm (235 mg/m ³)
o-Methylcyclohexanone	TWA 50 ppm (230 mg/m ³), ST 75 ppm (345 mg/m ³) [skin]
Methyl cyclopentadienyl manganese tricarbonyl (as Mn)	TWA 0.2 mg/m ³ [skin]
Methyl demeton	TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ [skin]
4,4'-Methylenebis(2-chloro-aniline)	TWA 0.02 ppm (0.22 mg/m ³) [skin]
Methylene bis (4-cyclohexylisocyanate)	C 0.01 ppm (0.11 mg/m ³) [skin]
Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide	C 0.7 ppm (5 mg/m ³)
Methyl formate	TWA 100 ppm (250 mg/m ³), ST 150 ppm (375 mg/m ³)
Methyl iodide	TWA 2 ppm (10 mg/m ³) [skin]
Methyl isoamyl ketone	TWA 50 ppm (240 mg/m ³)
Methyl isobutyl carbinol	TWA 25 ppm (100 mg/m ³), ST 40 ppm (165 mg/m ³) [skin]
Methyl isopropyl ketone	TWA 200 ppm (705 mg/m ³)
Methyl mercaptan	TWA 0.5 ppm (1 mg/m ³)
Methyl parathion	TWA 0.2 mg/m ³ [skin]
Methyl silicate	TWA 1 ppm (6 mg/m ³)
α-Methyl styrene	TWA 50 ppm (240 mg/m ³), ST 100 ppm (485 mg/m ³)
Metribuzin	TWA 5 mg/m ³
Mica	TWA 3 mg/m ³ (resp)
Molybdenum (insoluble compounds, as Mo)	TWA 10 mg/m ³
Monocrotophos	TWA 0.25 mg/m ³
Monomethyl aniline	TWA 0.5 ppm (2 mg/m ³) [skin]
Morpholine	TWA 20 ppm (70 mg/m ³), ST 30 ppm (105 mg/m ³) [skin]

Appendix G (Continued)

VACATED 1989 OSHA PELs

(See pages xi and xii for an explanation of the vacated 1989 OSHA PELs.)

Chemical	Vacated 1989 OSHA PEL
Naphthalene	TWA 10 ppm (50 mg/m ³), ST 15 ppm (75 mg/m ³)
Nickel metal & other compounds (as Ni)	Metal & insoluble compounds: TWA 1 mg/m ³ Soluble compounds: TWA 0.1 mg/m ³
Nitric acid	TWA 2 ppm (5 mg/m ³), ST 4 ppm (10 mg/m ³)
p-Nitroaniline	TWA 3 mg/m ³ [skin]
Nitrogen dioxide	ST 1 ppm (1.8 mg/m ³)
Nitroglycerine	ST 0.1 mg/m ³ [skin]
2-Nitropropane	TWA 10 ppm (35 mg/m ³)
Nitrotoluene (o-, m-, p-isomers)	TWA 2 ppm (11 mg/m ³) [skin]
Nonane	TWA 200 ppm (1050 mg/m ³)
Octachloronaphthalene	TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ , ST 0.3 mg/m ³ [skin]
Octane	TWA 300 ppm (1450 mg/m ³), ST 375 ppm (1800 mg/m ³)
Osmium tetroxide (as Os)	TWA 0.002 mg/m ³ (0.0002 ppm), ST 0.006 mg/m ³ (0.0006 ppm)
Oxalic acid	TWA 1 mg/m ³ , ST 2 mg/m ³
Oxygen difluoride	C 0.05 ppm (0.1 mg/m ³)
Ozone	TWA 0.1 ppm (0.2 mg/m ³), ST 0.3 ppm (0.6 mg/m ³)
Paraffin wax fume	TWA 2 mg/m ³
Paraquat	TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ (resp) [skin]
Pentaborane	TWA 0.005 ppm (0.01 mg/m ³), ST 0.015 ppm (0.03 mg/m ³)
Pentaerythritol	TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total), TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)
n-Pentane	TWA 600 ppm (1800 mg/m ³), ST 750 ppm (2250 mg/m ³)
2-Pentanone	TWA 200 ppm (700 mg/m ³), ST 250 ppm (875 mg/m ³)
Perchloryl fluoride	TWA 3 ppm (14 mg/m ³), ST 6 ppm (28 mg/m ³)
Petroleum distillates (naphtha)	TWA 400 ppm (1600 mg/m ³)
Phenothiazine	TWA 5 mg/m ³ [skin]
Phenyl glycidyl ether	TWA 1 ppm (6 mg/m ³)
Phenylhydrazine	TWA 5 ppm (20 mg/m ³), ST 10 ppm (45 mg/m ³) [skin]
Phenylphosphine	C 0.05 ppm (0.25 mg/m ³)
Phorate	TWA 0.05 mg/m ³ , ST 0.2 mg/m ³ [skin]
Phosdrin	TWA 0.01 ppm (0.1 mg/m ³), ST 0.03 ppm (0.3 mg/m ³) [skin]
Phosphine	TWA 0.3 ppm (0.4 mg/m ³), ST 1 ppm (1 mg/m ³)
Phosphoric acid	TWA 1 mg/m ³ , ST 3 mg/m ³
Phosphorus oxychloride	TWA 0.1 ppm (0.6 mg/m ³)
Phosphorus pentasulfide	TWA 1 mg/m ³ , ST 3 mg/m ³
Phosphorus trichloride	TWA 0.2 ppm (1.5 mg/m ³), ST 0.5 ppm (3 mg/m ³)
Phthalic anhydride	TWA 6 mg/m ³ (1 ppm)
m-Phthalodinitrile	TWA 5 mg/m ³

Appendix G (Continued)

VACATED 1989 OSHA PELs

(See pages xi and xii for an explanation of the vacated 1989 OSHA PELs.)

Chemical	Vacated 1989 OSHA PEL
Picloram	TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total), TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)
Piperazine dihydrochloride	TWA 5 mg/m ³
Platinum metal (as Pt)	TWA 1 mg/m ³
Portland cement	TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total), TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)
Potassium hydroxide	TWA 2 mg/m ³
Propargyl alcohol	TWA 1 ppm (2 mg/m ³) [skin]
Propionic acid	TWA 10 ppm (30 mg/m ³)
Propoxur	TWA 0.5 mg/m ³
n-Propyl acetate	TWA 200 ppm (840 mg/m ³), ST 250 ppm (1050 mg/m ³)
n-Propyl alcohol	TWA 200 ppm (500 mg/m ³), ST 250 ppm (625 mg/m ³)
Propylene dichloride	TWA 75 ppm (350 mg/m ³), ST 110 ppm (510 mg/m ³)
Propylene glycol dinitrate	TWA 0.05 ppm (0.3 mg/m ³)
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether	TWA 100 ppm (360 mg/m ³), ST 150 ppm (540 mg/m ³)
Propylene oxide	TWA 20 ppm (50 mg/m ³)
n-Propyl nitrate	TWA 25 ppm (105 mg/m ³), ST 40 ppm (170 mg/m ³)
Resorcinol	TWA 10 ppm (45 mg/m ³), ST 20 ppm (90 mg/m ³)
Ronnel	TWA 10 mg/m ³
Rosin core solder, pyrolysis products (as formaldehyde)	TWA 0.1 mg/m ³
Rouge	TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total), TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)
Silica, amorphous	TWA 6 mg/m ³ , TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ (fused)
Silica, crystalline (as respirable dust)	TWA 0.05 mg/m ³ (cristobalite), TWA 0.05 mg/m ³ (tridymite), TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ (quartz), TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ (tripoli)
Silicon	TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total), TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)
Silicon carbide	TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total), TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)
Silicon tetrahydride	TWA 5 ppm (7 mg/m ³)
Soapstone	TWA 6 mg/m ³ (total), TWA 3 mg/m ³ (resp)
Sodium azide	C 0.1 ppm (as HN ₃) [skin], C 0.3 mg/m ³ (as NaN ₃) [skin]
Sodium bisulfite	TWA 5 mg/m ³
Sodium fluoroacetate	TWA 0.05 mg/m ³ , ST 0.15 mg/m ³ [skin]
Sodium hydroxide	C 2 mg/m ³
Sodium metabisulfite	TWA 5 mg/m ³
Stoddard solvent	TWA 525 mg/m ³ (100 ppm)
Styrene	TWA 50 ppm (215 mg/m ³), ST 100 ppm (425 mg/m ³)
Subtilisins	ST 0.00006 mg/m ³ [60-minute]
Sulfur dioxide	TWA 2 ppm (5 mg/m ³), ST 5 ppm (13 mg/m ³)

Appendix G (Continued)

VACATED 1989 OSHA PELs

(See pages xi and xii for an explanation of the vacated 1989 OSHA PELs.)

Chemical	Vacated 1989 OSHA PEL
Sulfur monochloride	C 1 ppm (6 mg/m ³)
Sulfur tetrafluoride	C 0.1 ppm (0.4 mg/m ³)
Sulfuryl fluoride	TWA 5 ppm (20 mg/m ³), ST 10 ppm (40 mg/m ³)
Sulprofos	TWA 1 mg/m ³
Talc	TWA 2 mg/m ³ (resp)
Temephos	TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total), TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)
Terphenyl (o-, m-, p-isomers)	C 5 mg/m ³ (0.5 ppm)
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	TWA 1 ppm (7 mg/m ³) [skin]
Tetrachloroethylene	TWA 25 ppm (170 mg/m ³)
Tetrahydrofuran	TWA 200 ppm (590 mg/m ³), ST 250 ppm (735 mg/m ³)
Tetrasodium pyrophosphate	TWA 5 mg/m ³
4,4'-Thiobis(6-tert-butyl-m-cresol)	TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total), TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)
Thioglycolic acid	TWA 1 ppm (4 mg/m ³) [skin]
Thionyl chloride	C 1 ppm (5 mg/m ³)
Tin (organic compounds, as Sn)	TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ [skin]
Tin(II) oxide (as Sn)	TWA 2 mg/m ³
Tin(IV) oxide (as Sn)	TWA 2 mg/m ³
Titanium dioxide	TWA 10 mg/m ³
Toluene	TWA 100 ppm (375 mg/m ³), ST 150 ppm (560 mg/m ³)
Toluene-2,4-diisocyanate	TWA 0.005 ppm (0.04 mg/m ³), ST 0.02 ppm (0.15 mg/m ³)
m-Toluidine	TWA 2 ppm (9 mg/m ³) [skin]
p-Toluidine	TWA 2 ppm (9 mg/m ³) [skin]
Tributyl phosphate	TWA 0.2 ppm (2.5 mg/m ³)
Trichloroacetic acid	TWA 1 ppm (7 mg/m ³)
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	C 5 ppm (40 mg/m ³)
Trichloroethylene	TWA 50 ppm (270 mg/m ³), ST 200 ppm (1080 mg/m ³)
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	TWA 10 ppm (60 mg/m ³)
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	TWA 1000 ppm (7600 mg/m ³) ST 1250 ppm (9500 mg/m ³)
Triethylamine	TWA 10 ppm (40 mg/m ³), ST 15 ppm (60 mg/m ³)
Trimellitic anhydride	TWA 0.005 ppm (0.04 mg/m ³)
Trimethylamine	TWA 10 ppm (24 mg/m ³), ST 15 ppm (36 mg/m ³)
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	TWA 25 ppm (125 mg/m ³)
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	TWA 25 ppm (125 mg/m ³)
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	TWA 25 ppm (125 mg/m ³)

Appendix G (Continued)

VACATED 1989 OSHA PELs

(See pages xi and xii for an explanation of the vacated 1989 OSHA PELs.)

Chemical	Vacated 1989 OSHA PEL
Trimethyl phosphite	TWA 2 ppm (10 mg/m ³)
2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene	TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ [skin]
Triorthocresyl phosphate	TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ [skin]
Triphenylamine	TWA 5 mg/m ³
Tungsten (insoluble compounds, as W)	TWA 5 mg/m ³ , ST 10 mg/m ³
Tungsten (soluble compounds, as W)	TWA 1 mg/m ³ , ST 3 mg/m ³
Tungsten carbide (cemented)	TWA 5 mg/m ³ (as W), ST 10 mg/m ³ (as W), TWA 0.05 mg/m ³ (as Co), TWA 1 mg/m ³ (as Ni)
Uranium (insoluble compounds, as U)	TWA 0.2 mg/m ³ , ST 0.6 mg/m ³
n-Valeraldehyde	TWA 50 ppm (175 mg/m ³)
Vanadium dust	TWA 0.05 mg V ₂ O ₅ /m ³ (resp)
Vanadium fume	C 0.05 mg V ₂ O ₅ /m ³
Vinyl acetate	TWA 10 ppm (30 mg/m ³), ST 20 ppm (60 mg/m ³)
Vinyl bromide	TWA 5 ppm (20 mg/m ³)
Vinyl cyclohexene dioxide	TWA 10 ppm (60 mg/m ³) [skin]
Vinylidene chloride	TWA 1 ppm (4 mg/m ³)
VM & P Naphtha	TWA 1350 mg/m ³ (300 ppm), ST 1800 mg/m ³ (400 ppm)
Welding fumes	TWA 5 mg/m ³
Wood dust (all wood dusts except Western red cedar)	TWA 5 mg/m ³ , ST 10 mg/m ³
Wood dust (Western red cedar)	TWA 2.5 mg/m ³
Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)	TWA 100 ppm (435 mg/m ³), ST 150 ppm (655 mg/m ³)
m-Xylene α,α'-diamine	C 0.1 mg/m ³ [skin]
Xylidine	TWA 2 ppm (10 mg/m ³) [skin]
Zinc chloride fume	TWA 1 mg/m ³ , ST 2 mg/m ³
Zinc oxide	TWA 5 mg/m ³ (fume), ST 10 mg/m ³ (fume), TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total dust), TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp dust)
Zinc stearate	TWA 10 mg/m ³ (total), TWA 5 mg/m ³ (resp)
Zirconium compounds (as Zr)	TWA 5 mg/m ³ , ST 10 mg/m ³

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Aminoethane	133	Ammonium chloride	16
N-(2-Aminoethyl)-1,2-ethanediamine	107	Ammonium chloride fume	16
2-Aminoethanol	129	Ammonium muriate fume	16
β -Aminoethyl alcohol	129	Ammonium sulfamate	16
bis(2-Aminoethyl)amine	107	Amosite	22
Aminoethylene	138	AMS [Ammonium sulfamate]	16
Aminohexahydrobenzene	85	AMS [α-Methyl styrene]	216
Aminomethane	200	n-Amyl acetate	17
1,3-bis(Aminomethyl)benzene	337	sec-Amyl acetate	17
3-Amino-1-methylbenzene	312	Amyl acetic ester	17
1-Aminonaphthalene	222	Amyl acetic ether	17
2-Aminonaphthalene	222	Amyl aldehyde	327
para-Aminonitrobenzene	226	Amyl ethyl ketone	210
1-Aminophenylmethane	312	Amyl hydrosulfide	245
2-Aminopropane	181	Amyl mercaptan	245
2-Aminopyridine	14	Amyl methyl ketone	201
α -Aminopyridine	14	n-Amyl methyl ketone	201
Aminotoluene [m-Toluidine]	312	Amyl sulfhydrate	245
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		Anhydrous ammonia	15

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Anhydrous gypsum	49	Arsenic hydride	21
Anhydrous hydrogen bromide	167	Arsenic (inorganic compounds, as As)	20
Anhydrous hydrogen chloride	167	Arsenic metal	20
Anhydrous hydrogen fluoride	168	Arsenic (organic compounds, as As)	21
Anhydrous sulfate of lime	49	Aniline (and homologs)	18
Aniline (and homologs)	18	Aniline oil	18
Aniline oil	18	Anilinobenzene	122
Anilinobenzene	122	2-Anilino-naphthalene	251
2-Anilino-naphthalene	251	o-Anisidine	18
o-Anisidine	18	p-Anisidine	19
p-Anisidine	19	2-Anisidine	18
2-Anisidine	18	Anol	84
Anol	84	Anone	84
Anone	84	Antabuse®	124
Antabuse®	124	Anthracite coal dust	73
Anthracite coal dust	73	Anthophyllite	22
Anthophyllite	22	Anthophyllite asbestos	22
Anthophyllite asbestos	22	Anthracene	74
Anthracene	74	Antimony	19
Antimony	19	Antimony hydride	285
Antimony hydride	285	Antimony metal	19
Antimony metal	19	Antimony powder	19
Antimony powder	19	Antimony trihydride	285
Antimony trihydride	285	ANTU	20
ANTU	20	Aprocarb®	267
Aprocarb®	267	Aqua ammonia	15
Aqua ammonia	15	Aqua fortis	225
Aqua fortis	225	Aqueous acrylic acid	8
Aqueous acrylic acid	8	Aqueous ammonia	15
Aqueous ammonia	15	Aqueous hydrogen bromide	167
Aqueous hydrogen bromide	167	Aqueous hydrogen chloride	167
Aqueous hydrogen chloride	167	Aqueous hydrogen fluoride	168
Aqueous hydrogen fluoride	168	Argentum	280
Argentum	280	Aroclor® 1242	64
Aroclor® 1242	64	Bacillus subtilis	287
Bacillus subtilis	287	Bacillus subtilis BPN	287
Bacillus subtilis BPN	287	Bacillus subtilis Carlsburg	287
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Barite	25	Benzo(a)pyrene	74
Barium chloride (as Ba)	24	Benzoperoxide	27
Barium dichloride	24	1,4-Benzoquinone	272
Barium dinitrate	24	p-Benzoquinone	272
Barium(II) nitrate (1:2)	24	Benzoyl peroxide	27
Barium nitrate (as Ba)	24	Benzyl chloride	28
Barium salt of nitric acid	24	Beryllium & beryllium compounds (as Be)	28
Barium salt of sulfuric acid	25	Beryllium metal	28
Barium sulfate	25	BGE	42
Barytes	25	BHC	186
Basudin®	92	BHT	94
Battery acid	290	4,4'-Bianiline	27
Baytex	144	Bidrin®	103
BCME	65	Bicyclopentadiene	104
Beet sugar	288	Biethylene	35
Benomyl	25	Biotite	217
Benzenamine	18	Biphenyl	121
Benzene	26	4,4'-Biphenyldiamine	27
Benzene chloride	62	1,1'-Biphenyl-4,4'-diamine	27
1,4-Benzenediamine	249	Bismuth sesquitelluride	29
1,3-Benzenedicarbonitrile	258	Bismuth telluride	29
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic anhydride	257	Bismuth telluride, doped with Selenium sulfide (as Bi₂Te₃)	29
1,3-Benzenedimethanamine	337	Bismuth telluride, undoped	29
1,2-Benzenediol	56	Bismuth tritelluride	29
o-Benzenediol	56	Bitumen	22
1,3-Benzenediol	273	Bituminous coal dust	73
m-Benzenediol	273	Bivinyll	35
1,4-Benzenediol	170	Black copper oxide fume	77
p-Benzenediol	170	Black lead	154
Benzene hexahydride	83	Bladafum®	294
Benzene tetrahydride	85	Bolstar®	292
Benzenethiol	26	Bottled gas	187
1,2,4-Benzenetricarboxylic anhydride	319	Borates, tetra, sodium salts (Anhydrous)	30
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Borax	30	Butanenitrile	44
Borax decahydrate	30	Butanethiol	43
Borax dehydrated	30	1-Butanethiol	43
Borax pentahydrate	31	n-Butanethiol	43
Boroethane	93	1-Butanol	39
Boron bromide	32	2-Butanol	40
Boron fluoride	32	n-Butanol	39
Boron hydride	93	2-Butanone	36
Boron oxide	31	2-Butanone peroxide	209
Boron tribromide	32	2-Butenal	80
Boron trifluoride	32	cis-Butenedioic anhydride	189
Bottled gas	263	2-Butoxyethanol	36
BPL	265	2-Butoxyethanol acetate	37
Bromacil	33	2-Butoxyethyl acetate	37
Bromine	33	Butter yellow	112
Bromine fluoride	34	Butyl acetate	37
Bromine pentafluoride	34	n-Butyl acetate	37
5-Bromo-3-sec-butyl-6-methyluracil	33	sec-Butyl acetate	38
Bromochloromethane	63	tert-Butyl acetate	38
1-Bromo-1-chloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane	156	Butyl acrylate	39
2-Bromo-2-chloro-1,1,1-trifluoroethane	156	n-Butyl acrylate	39
Bromoethane	134	Butyl alcohol	39
Bromoethene	330	n-Butyl alcohol	39
Bromoethylene	330	sec-Butyl alcohol	40
Bromoform	34	tert-Butyl alcohol	40
Bromomethane	201	Butylamine	41
5-Bromo-6-methyl-3-(1-methylpropyl)uracil	33	n-Butylamine	41
Bromotrifluoromethane	318	Butylated hydroxytoluene	94
Burned lime	48	Butyl Cellosolve®	36
Burnt lime	48	Butyl Cellosolve® acetate	37
Butadiene	35	4-t-Butyl-2-chlorophenylmethyl methylphosphoramidate	80
1,3-Butadiene	35	tert-Butyl chromate	41
		Butylene hydrate	40

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n-Butyl ester of acetic acid	37	Calcium cyanamide	47
sec-Butyl ester of acetic acid	38	Calcium hydrate	47
tert-Butyl ester of acetic acid	38	Calcium hydrosilicate	48
Butyl ester of acrylic acid	39	Calcium hydroxide	47
di-tert-Butyl ester of chromic acid	41	Calcium metasilicate	48
Butyl ester of 2-hydroxypropanoic acid	42	Calcium monosilicate	48
Butyl ester of lactic acid	42	Calcium oxide	48
Butyl ethanoate	37	Calcium salt (2:3) of arsenic acid	46
Butyl ethyl ketone	134	Calcium salt of carbonic acid	46
n-Butyl glycidyl ether	42	Calcium salt of silicic acid	48
Butyl glycol acetate	37	Calcium salt of sulfuric acid	49
Butyl hydride	35	Calcium silicate	48
Butyl lactate	42	Calcium sulfate	49
n-Butyl lactate	42	Calcium(II) sulfate dihydrate	155
n-Butyl mercaptan	43	Calcium sulfate hemihydrate	260
Butyl methyl ketone	164	2-Camphonone	49
Butyl oxitol	36	Camphor (synthetic)	49
2-sec-Butylphenol	43	Cane sugar	288
o-sec-Butylphenol	43	Caprolactam	50
Butyl phosphate	314	epsilon-Caprolactam	50
Butyl-2-propenoate	39	Captane	51
4-tert-Butyltoluene	44	Captafol	50
p-tert-Butyltoluene	44	Captan	51
tert-Butyl valone	259	Captofol	50
Butyrone	123	Carbamaldehyde	149
Butyronitrile	44	Carbaryl	51
n-Butyronitrile	44	Carbicon®	103
Cadmium dust (as Cd)	45	Carbimide	81
Cadmium fume (as Cd)	45	Carbinol	200
Cadmium metal	45	Carbodiimide	81
Cadmium monoxide	45	Carbofuran	52
Cadmium oxide fume	45	Carbolic acid	248
Calcium arsenate (as As)	46	Carbomethene	185
Calcium carbimide	47	2-Carbomethoxy-1-methylvinyl dimethyl phosphate	253
Calcium carbonate	46	Carbonate magnesium	188
Calcium carbonate [Limestone]	186	Carbon bisulfide	53
Calcium carbonate [Marble]	192		

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Carbon bromide	54	Cesium hydrate	57
Carbon chloride	55	Cesium hydroxide	57
Carbon difluoride oxide	55	Cesium hydroxide dimer	57
Carbon dioxide	53	Cetyl mercaptan	160
Carbon disulfide	53	CFC 113	317
Carbon fluoride oxide	55	Channel black	52
Carbon hexachloride	159	China clay	183
Carbonic acid gas	53	Chlorcyan	82
Carbon monoxide	54	Chlordan	57
Carbon nitride	82	Chlordane	57
Carbon oxide	54	Chlordano	57
Carbon oxychloride	253	Chlordecone	184
Carbon oxyfluoride	55	Chlorinated camphene	58
Carbon silicide	279	Chlorinated diphenyl oxide	58
Carbon tet	55	Chlorine	59
Carbon tetrabromide	54	Chlorine cyanide	82
Carbon tetrachloride	55	Chlorine dioxide	59
Carbonyl chloride	253	Chlorine fluoride	60
Carbonyl dichloride	253	Chlorine fluoride oxide	246
Carbonyl difluoride	55	Chlorine oxide	59
Carbonyl fluoride	55	Chlorine oxyfluoride	246
di- μ -Carbonylhexacarbonyldicobalt	74	Chlorine peroxide	59
Carborundum®	279	Chlorine trifluoride	60
Carboxyethane	266	Chloroacetaldehyde	60
4-Carboxyphthalic anhydride	319	Chloroacetaldehyde (40% aqueous solution)	60
Catechol	56	2-Chloroacetaldehyde	60
Caustic lime	47	Chloroacetic acid chloride	61
Caustic soda	284	Chloroacetic chloride	61
CB	63	2-Chloroacetophenone	61
CBM	63	α-Chloroacetophenone	61
Cellosolve®	130	Chloroacetyl chloride	61
Cellosolve® acetate	131	3-Chloroallyl chloride	101
Cellulose	56	2-Chlorobenzalmalonitrile	62
Celtium	156	Chlorobenzene	62
Cement	262	Chlorobenzol	62
Cemented tungsten carbide	325		

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Chlorobromomethane	63	bis-Chloromethyl ether	65
Chlorobutadiene	68	Chloromethyl methyl ether	66
2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene	68	Chloromethyl phenyl ketone	61
Chlorocamphene	58	4-Chloronitrobenzene	227
Chlorochromic anhydride	72	p-Chloronitrobenzene	227
Chlorocyanide	82	1-Chloro-4-nitrobenzene	227
Chlorocyanogen	82	1-Chloro-1-nitropropane	66
1-Chloro-2,3-dibromopropane	93	Chloropentafluoroethane	67
Chlorodifluoromethane	63	Chloropicrin	67
2-Chloro-1-(difluoromethoxy)-1,1,2-trifluoroethane	128	Chloroprene	68
Chlorodimethyl ether	66	β-Chloroprene	68
Chlorodiphenyl (42% chlorine)	64	1-Chloro-2-propene	10
Chlorodiphenyl (54% chlorine)	64	3-Chloropropene	10
1-Chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	128	3-Chloropropylene	10
Chloroethane	135	2-Chloropropylene oxide	128
2-Chloroethanal	60	γ -Chloropropylene oxide	128
2-Chloroethanol	135	Chlorpyrifos-ethyl	70
Chloroethene	330	2-Chlorostyrene	68
1-Chloro-2-ethenylbenzene	68	o-Chlorostyrene	68
2-Chloroethyl alcohol	135	ortho-Chlorostyrene	68
2-Chloro-4-ethylamino-6-isopropylamino-s-triazine	23	Chlorothene	203
Chloroethylene	330	2-Chlorotoluene	69
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	100	o-Chlorotoluene	69
6-Chloro-N-ethyl-N'-(1-methylethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine	23	α -Chlorotoluene	28
Chlorofluorocarbon 113	317	2-Chloro-6-trichloromethyl pyridine	69
Chloroform	65	2-Chloro-6-(trichloromethyl)pyridine	69
Chloroformic acid dimethylamide	114	Chlorotrifluoride	60
Chloroformyl chloride	253	2-Chloro-1,1,2-trifluoroethyl difluoromethyl ether	128
Chloromethane	203	Chlorpyrifos	70
Chloromethoxymethane	66	Chrome	72
Chloromethylbenzene	28	Chromic acid (CrO ₃)	70
1-Chloro-2-methylbenzene	69	Chromic acid and chromates	70
2-Chloro-1-methylbenzene	69	Chromic anhydride	70
		Chromic oxide	70
		Chromic oxychloride	72

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Chromium chloride oxide	72	Copper (dusts and mists, as Cu)	76
Chromium(II) compounds (as Cr)	71	Copper fume	77
Chromium(III) compounds (as Cr)	71	Copper fume (as Cu)	77
Chromium dichloride dioxide	72	Copper metal dusts	76
Chromium dioxide dichloride	72	Copper metal fumes	76
Chromium dioxychloride	72	Copper monoxide fume	77
Chromium metal	72	Copper(II) oxide	77
Chromium(VI) oxide (1:3)	70	Corn starch	285
Chromium trioxide	70	Corundum	126
Chromyl chloride	72	Cotton dust (raw)	77
Chrysene	74	Coyden®	73
Chrysotile	22	Crag® herbicide	78
CI-2	206	Crag® herbicide No. 1	78
Cinerin I or II	271	2-Cresol	79
Clay	183	3-Cresol	78
Clopidol	73	4-Cresol	79
bis-CME	65	m-Cresol	78
CMME	66	meta-cresol	78
Coal dust	73	o-Cresol	79
Coal mine dust	73	ortho-Cresol	79
Coal tar	74	p-Cresol	79
Coal tar pitch volatiles	74	para-Cresol	79
Cobalt carbonyl (as Co)	74	Creosote	74
Cobalt hydrocarbonyl (as Co)	75	m-Cresylic acid	78
Cobalt metal dust	75	o-Cresylic acid	79
Cobalt metal dust and fume (as Co)	75	p-Cresylic acid	79
Cobalt metal fume	75	Cristobalite	278
Cobalt octacarbonyl	74	Crocidolite	22
Cobalt tetracarbonyl dimer	74	Crotonaldehyde	80
Coke oven emissions	76	Crude solvent coal tar naphtha	220
Colloidal manganese	191	Crufomate	80
Colloidal mercury	193	Cryocide	281
Cologne spirit	132	Cryodust	281
Columbian spirits	200	Cryolite	281
Combustion Improver-2	206	CS	62
Compressed petroleum gas	187	Cucumber dust	46

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psi-Cumene	320	tricarbonyl	
Cummingtonite-grunerite	22	Cyclopentadienyl tricarbonyl	191
Cumol	81	manganese	
Cupric oxide	77	Cyclopentane	87
Cyanamide	81	Cyclotrimethylenetrinitramine	86
Cyanamide [Calcium cyanamide]	47	Cyhexatin	87
Cyanamide (Hydrogen cyanamide)	81	2,4-D	88
Cyanoacetonitrile	190	DAB	112
Cyanoethane	266	DACPM	207
Cyanoethylene	8	Dactin	98
Cyanogen	82	Dalapon	102
Cyanogen chloride	82	Dasanit®	143
Cyanogen nitride	81	DBCP	93
Cyanohydrin-2-propanone	4	DBP	95
Cyanomethane	4	DCA	96
Cyanomethanol	153	o-DCB	96
1-Cyanopropane	44	p-DCB	97
2-Cyano-2-propanol	4	1,1-DCE	332
2-Cyanopropene-1	199	DCP	101
2-Cyano-1-propene	199	DCPD	104
1,4-Cyclohexadiene dioxide	272	DDH	98
Cyclohexane	83	DDT	88
Cyclohexanethiol	83	p,p'-DDT	88
Cyclohexanol	84	DDVP	103
Cyclohexanone	84	DEA	106
Cyclohexene	85	Decaborane	89
Cyclohexyl alcohol	84	Decaboron tetradecahydride	89
Cyclohexylamine	85	Decachlorooctahydro-1,3,4-metheno-	
Cyclohexyl ketone	84	2H-cyclobuta(cd)pentalen-2-one	184
Cyclohexylmercaptan	83	Decachlorooctahydro-kepone-2-one	184
Cyclohexylmethane	204	Decachlorotetrahydro-4,7-	
Cyclohexylthiol	83	methanoindeneone	184
Cyclonite	86	1-Decanethiol	89
Cyclopentadiene	86	Decylmercaptan	89
1,3-Cyclopentadiene	86	n-Decylmercaptan	89
bis(Cyclopentadienyl)iron	104	DEHP	120

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DEK	108	Dibenzothiazine	248
Delnav®	121	Dibenzoyl peroxide	27
Demeton	90	DIBK	110
Demeton methyl	206	Diborane	93
DEP	108	Diboron hexahydride	93
DETA	107	Dibrom®	114
DGE	109	Dibromochloropropane	93
Diacetone	90	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	93
Diacetone alcohol	90	1,2-Dibromo-2,2-dichloroethyl dimethyl phosphate	114
Diallyl ether dioxide	109	Dibromodifluoromethane	109
Diamine	166	1,2-Dibromoethane	136
2,4-Diaminoanisole (and its salts)	91	Dibutyl acid o-phosphate	95
1,4-Diaminobenzene	249	Dibutylaminoethanol	94
p-Diaminobenzene	249	2-Dibutylaminoethanol	94
4,4'-Diaminobiphenyl	27	2-N-Dibutylaminoethanol	94
4,4'-Diamino-3,3'-dichlorobiphenyl	97	2-Di-N-butylaminoethanol	94
2,2'-Diaminodiethylamine	107	2-Di-N-butylaminoethyl alcohol	94
4,4'-Diamino-3,3'-dimethylbiphenyl	310	Dibutylated hydroxytoluene	94
p-Diaminodiphenyl	27	Dibutyl-1,2-benzene-dicarboxylate	95
4,4'-Diaminodiphenylmethane	209	2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol	94
para, para'-Diaminodiphenyl-methane	209	N,N-Dibutylethanolamine	94
Diaminoditoyl	310	Di-n-butyl hydrogen phosphate	95
1,2-Diaminoethane	136	Dibutyl phosphate	95
1,3-Diamino-4-methoxy benzene	91	Dibutyl phosphoric acid	95
Diaminotoluene	311	Dibutyl phthalate	95
Dianilinomethane	209	Di-n-butyl phthalate	95
Dianisidine	91	Dichloroacetylene	96
3,3'-Dianisidine	91	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	96
o-Dianisidine	91	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	97
Diatomaceous earth	277	o-Dichlorobenzene	96
Diatomaceous silica	277	ortho-Dichlorobenzene	96
Diatomite	277	p-Dichlorobenzene	97
Diazide®	92	para-Dichlorobenzene	97
Diazinon®	92	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine (and its salts)	97
Diazirine	92	Dichlorobenzidine base	97
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Dibasic zinc stearate	339		

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o,o'-Dichlorobenzidine	97	2-(2,4-Dichlorophenoxy)ethyl sodium sulfate	78
o-Dichlorobenzol	96	Dichloro-1,2-propane	268
3,3'-Dichlorobiphenyl-4,4'-diamine	97	1,2-Dichloropropane	268
3,3'-Dichloro-4,4'-biphenyldiamine	97	2,2-Dichloropropanoic acid	102
3,3'-Dichloro-4,4'-diaminobiphenyl	97	1,3-Dichloropropene	101
3,3'-Dichloro-4,4'-diaminodiphenylmethane	206	1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	101
2,2'-Dichlorodiethyl ether	100	2,2-Dichloropropionic acid	102
2,2-Dichloro-1,1-difluoroethyl methyl ether	196	α,α -Dichloropropionic acid	102
Dichlorodifluoromethane	98	1,3-Dichloropropylene	101
2,2-Dichloro-1,1-difluoro-1-methoxyethane	196	1,2-Dichlorotetrafluoroethane	102
Dichlorodimethyl ether	65	Dichlorotetrafluoroethane	102
1,3-Dichloro-5,5-dimethylhydantoin	98	2,2-Dichlorovinyl dimethyl phosphate	103
3,5-Dichloro-2,6-dimethyl-4-pyridinol	73	Dichlorvos	103
Dichlorodioxochromium	72	Dicobalt carbonyl	74
Dichlorodiphenyltrichloroethane	88	Dicobalt octacarbonyl	74
1,1-Dichloroethane	99	Dicrotophos	103
1,2-Dichloroethane	137	Dicyan	82
1,1-Dichloroethene	332	1,3-Dicyanobenzene	258
1,1-Dichloroethylene	332	m-Dicyanobenzene	258
1,2-Dichloroethylene	99	1,4-Dicyanobutane	9
sym-Dichloroethylene	99	1,2-Dicyanoethane	288
Dichloroethyl ether	100	Dicyanogen	82
2,2'-Dichloroethyl ether	100	Dicyanomethane	190
Dichloroethyne	96	Dicyclohexylmethane 4,4'-diisocyanate	207
Dichlorofluoromethane	100	Dicyclopentadiene	104
Dichloromethane	208	1,3-Dicyclopentadiene dimer	104
Dichloromethyl ether	65	Dicyclopentadienyl iron	104
Dichloromonofluoromethane	100	Dieldrin	105
Dichloronitroethane	101	Di(2,3-epoxypropyl) ether	109
1,1-Dichloro-1-nitroethane	101	Diesel exhaust	105
3-(3,4-Dichlorophenyl)-1,1-dimethylurea	125	Diethamine	106
Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid	88	Diethanolamine	106
2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid	88	Diethyl	35
		Diethylamine	106
		N,N-Diethylamine	106

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Diethylaminoethanol	107	O,O-Diethyl O-3,5,6-trichloro-2-pyridyl phosphorothioate	70
2-Diethylaminoethanol	107	Difluorine monoxide	239
2-Diethylaminoethyl alcohol	107	Difluorochloromethane	63
Diethyl benzene	125	Difluorodibromomethane	109
Diethyl (dimethoxyphosphinothioylthio) succinate	189	Difluorodichloromethane	98
Diethylene dioxide	120	1,1-Difluoroethene	332
Diethylene ether	120	Difluoro-1,1-ethylene	332
Diethylene imidoxide	220	1,1-Difluoroethylene	332
Diethylene oxide	302	1,2-Difluoro-1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	299
Diethylene oximide	220	2,2-Difluoro-1,1,1,2-tetrachloroethane	299
Diethylenetriamine	107	Difolatan®	50
Diethyl ester of phthalic acid	108	Diglycidyl ether	109
N,N-Diethylethanolamine	107	2,3-Dihydro-2,2-dimethyl-7-benzofuranyl methylcarbamate	52
Diethyl ether	140	Dihydroxybenzene	170
O,O-Diethyl-O(and S)-2-(ethylthio) ethyl phosphorothioate mixture	90	1,2-Dihydroxybenzene	56
O,O-Diethyl S-2-(ethylthio)-ethyl phosphorodithioate	124	1,3-Dihydroxybenzene	273
O,O-Diethyl S-(ethylthio) methylphosphorodithioate	252	1,4-Dihydroxybenzene	170
O,O-Diethyl S-ethylthiomethylthiothionophosphate	252	m-Dihydroxybenzene	273
Di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	120	o-Dihydroxybenzene	56
Diethyl-(2-hydroxyethyl)amine	107	2,2'-Dihydroxydiethylamine	106
O,O-Diethyl-O-2-isopropyl-4-methyl-6-pyrimidinyl phosphorothioate	92	1,2-Dihydroxyethane	137
Diethyl ketone	108	Di(2-hydroxyethyl)amine	106
Diethylmethylmethane	163	2,4-Dihydroxy-2-methylpentane	165
O,O-Diethyl O-(p-methylsulfinyl) phenyl)phosphorothioate	143	Diisobutyl ketone	110
O,O-Diethyl-O(p-nitrophenyl) phosphorothioate	241	1,6-Diisocyanatohexane	161
Diethyl oxide	140	1,5-Diisocyanatonaphthalene	221
Diethyl parathion	241	Diisopropyl	163
Diethyl phthalate	108	sym-Diisopropyl acetone	110
bis(Diethylthiocarbamoyl) disulfide	124	Diisopropylamine	110
		Diisopropyl ether	182
		Diisopropyl oxide	182
		Dimazine	115
		3,3'-Dimethoxybenzidine	91
		p,p'-Dimethoxydiphenyltrichloroethane	195
		Dimethoxymethane	199

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Dimethyl acetamide	111	2-Dimethyl-cis-2-dimethylcarbamoyl-1-methylvinylphosphate	103
N,N-Dimethyl acetamide	111	3,3'-Dimethyl-4,4'-diphenyldiamine	310
Dimethylacetone	108	tris(Dimethyl(dithiocarbamato)iron)	144
Dimethylamine	111	Dimethyleneimine	138
Dimethylamine (anhydrous)	111	Dimethylene oxide	139
Dimethylaminobenzene	337	Dimethylenimine	138
4-Dimethylaminoazobenzene	112	Dimethyl ester of 1,2-benzenedicarboxylic acid	116
p-Dimethylaminoazobenzene	112	Dimethyl ester of sulfuric acid	116
N,N-Dimethyl-4-aminoazobenzene	112	O,O-Dimethyl 2-ethylmercaptoethyl thiophosphate	206
bis(2-(Dimethylamino)ethyl)ether	112	Dimethyl formamide	115
Dimethylaminopropionitrile	113	Dimethylformamide	115
3-(Dimethylamino)propionitrile	113	N,N-Dimethylformamide	115
N,N-Dimethylamino-3-propionitrile	113	2,6-Dimethyl-4-heptanone	110
N,N-Dimethylaniline	113	1,1-Dimethylhydrazine	115
Dimethylaniline [N,N-Dimethylaniline]	113	Dimethylketone	3
Dimethylaniline [Xylidine]	337	N,N-Dimethylmethanamine	319
2,4-Dimethylaniline	337	Dimethyl methane	263
1,2-Dimethylbenzene	336	O,O-Dimethyl O-3-methyl-4-methylthiophenyl phosphorothioate	144
1,3-Dimethylbenzene	335	Dimethylnitromethane	231
1,4-Dimethylbenzene	336	O,O-Dimethyl-O-p-nitrophenylphosphorothioate	215
N,N-Dimethylbenzeneamine	113	Dimethylnitrosoamine	232
3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine	310	N,N-Dimethylnitrosamine	232
1,1'-Dimethyl-4,4'-bipyridinium dichloride	240	O,O-Dimethyl-S-4-oxo-1,2,3-benzotriazin-3(4H)-ylmethyl phosphorodithioate	23
N,N'-Dimethyl-4,4'-bipyridinium dichloride	240	N,N-Dimethylphenylamine	113
2,2-Dimethylbutane	163	Dimethylphthalate	116
2,3-Dimethylbutane	163	Dimethyl sulfate	116
1,3-Dimethylbutyl acetate	165	Dimethylsulfate	116
Dimethylcarbamic chloride	114	bis(Dimethylthiocarbamoyl) disulfide	307
Dimethyl carbamoyl chloride	114	O,O-Dimethyl O-(2,4,5-trichlorophenyl) phosphorothioate	274
N,N-Dimethylcarbamoyl chloride	114	Dinile	288
Dimethyl carbinol	181		
Dimethylchloroether	66		
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1,2-Dinitrobenzene	118	N,N-Diphenylbenzenamine	323
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1,4-Dinitrobenzene	118	1,3-Diphenylbenzene	297
m-Dinitrobenzene	117	1,4-Diphenylbenzene	298
meta-Dinitrobenzene	117	m-Diphenylbenzene	297
o-Dinitrobenzene	118	o-Diphenylbenzene	297
ortho-Dinitrobenzene	118	p-Diphenylbenzene	298
p-Dinitrobenzene	118	Diphenyl ether	249
para-Dinitrobenzene	118	4,4'-Diphenylmethanediamine	209
Dinitro-o-cresol	119	4,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocyanate	208
4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol	119	Diphenyl oxide	249
Dinitrogen monoxide	234	Diphenyl oxide-diphenyl mixture	250
Dinitrogen tetroxide	228	Dipropylene glycol methyl ether	122
3,5-Dinitro-2-hydroxytoluene	119	Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether	122
4,6-Dinitro-2-methyl phenol	119	Dipropyl ketone	123
3,5-Dinitro-o-toluamide	117	Diquat dibromide	123
Dinitrotoluene	119	Diquat (Diquat dibromide)	123
Dinitrotoluol	119	Direx®	125
Di-sec octyl phthalate	120	Disodium pyrosulfite	284
Diolamine	106	Disodium salt of boric acid	30
Dioxan	120	Disodium tetrabromate	30
Dioxane	120	Disulfiram	124
1,4-Dioxane	120	Disulfoton	124
p-Dioxane	120	Disulfur decafluoride	291
p-Dioxane-2,3-diyl ethyl phosphorodithioate	121	Di-Syston®	124
Dioxane phosphate	121	4,5-Dithia-1-octene	11
2,3-p-Dioxanethiol-S,S-bis(O,O-diethyl phosphoro-dithioate)	121	Dithion®	294
Dioxathion	121	Diuron	125
Dioxin	298	Divanadium pentoxide dust	328
Dioxine	298	Divanadium pentoxide fume	328
1,3-Dioxo-2-pivaloy-lindane	259	Divinyl	35
DIPA	110	Divinyl benzene	125
Diphenyl	121	DMAC	111
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DMP	116	Ektasolve EB® acetate	37
DMDI	207	Elemental hafnium	156
DMDT	195	Elemental nickel	224
DNC	119	Elemental phosphorus	255
DNOC	119	Elemental rhodium	273
DNT	119	Elemental selenium	276
1-Dodecanethiol	126	Elemental silicon	278
Dodecyl mercaptan	126	Emery	126
1-Dodecyl mercaptan	126	ENB	141
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DOP	120	Endosulphan	127
Doped bismuth sesquitelluride	29	Endrin	127
Doped bismuth telluride	29	Enflurane	128
Doped bismuth tritelluride	29	Engravers acid	225
Doped tellurobismuthite	29	Entex	144
Dowanol® EB	36	Epichlorohydrin	128
Dowanol® 50B	122	EPN	129
Dowco® 132	80	1,4-Epoxybutane	302
Dowtherm® 209	269	1,2-Epoxy-3-butoxypropane	42
Dowtherm® A	250	1,2-Epoxy ethane	139
DPA	122	1-Epoxyethyl-3,4-epoxy-cyclohexane	331
DPK	123	1,2-Epoxy-3-isopropoxypropane	183
Dried calcium sulfate	260	1,2-Epoxy-3-phenoxy propane	250
Dry cleaning safety solvent	286	1,2-Epoxy propane	270
Dry ice	53	2,3-Epoxy-1-propanol	153
Dursban®	70	Epoxypropyl alcohol	153
DVB	125	2-Epoxypropyl ether	109
Dyfonate®	147	bis(2,3-Epoxypropyl) ether	109
Dyphonate	147	Erythrene	35
EGBE	36	Essence of mirbane	226
EGBEA	37	Ethanal	2
EGDN	138	Ethancarboxylic acid	266
EGEE	130	1,2-Ethanediamine	136
EGEEA	131	Ethanedinitrile	82
EGME	202	Ethanedioic acid	238
EGMEA	202	1,2-Ethenediol	137

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Ethane hexachloride	159	1,1'-Ethylene-2,2'-bipyridylium dibromide	123
Ethane pentachloride	242	Ethylene bromide	136
Ethanethiol	141	Ethylenecarboxylic acid	8
Ethane trichloride	315	Ethylene chlorhydrin	135
Ethanoic acid	2	Ethylene chloride	137
Ethanoic anhydride	3	Ethylene chlorhydrin	135
Ethanol	132	Ethylene cyanide	288
Ethanolamine	129	Ethylenediamine	136
Ethenone	185	Ethylenediamine (anhydrous)	136
Ethenyl acetate	329	Ethylene dibromide	136
Ethenyl benzene	287	Ethylene dichloride	137
Ethenyl ethanoate	329	Ethylene dicyanide	288
Ethenylmethylbenzene	333	Ethylene dinitrate	138
Ether	140	Ethylene glycol	137
Ethine	5	Ethylene glycol dinitrate	138
Ethion	130	Ethylene glycol isopropyl ether	180
S-[1,2-bis(ethoxycarbonyl) ethyl]O,O-dimethyl phosphorodithioate	189	Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether	36
2-Ethoxyethanol	130	Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether acetate	37
2-Ethoxyethyl acetate	131	Ethylene glycol monoethyl ether	130
Ethrane®	128	Ethylene glycol monoethyl ether acetate	131
Ethyl acetate	131	Ethylene glycol monomethyl ether	202
Ethyl acetone	245	Ethylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	202
Ethyl acrylate	132	Ethyleneimine	138
Ethyl acrylate (inhibited)	132	Ethylene monochloride	330
Ethyl alcohol	132	Ethylene nitrate	138
Ethyl aldehyde	2	Ethylene oxide	139
Ethylamine	133	Ethylene thiourea	139
Ethylamine (anhydrous)	133	1,3-Ethylene-2-thiourea	139
Ethyl amyl ketone	210	N,N-Ethylenethiourea	139
Ethyl benzene	133	Ethylene trichloride	316
Ethylbenzol	133	Ethylenimine	138
Ethyl bromide	134	Ethyl ester of acetic acid	131
Ethyl butyl ketone	134		
Ethyl carbinol	268		
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Ethyl ester of formic acid	140	Ethyl pyrophosphate	296
N-Ethylethanamine	106	Ethyl silicate	142
Ethyl ethanoate	131	Ethyl silicate (condensed)	142
Ethyl ether	140	Ethyl sulfhydrate	141
Ethyl formate	140	Ethyne	5
Ethylformic acid	266	EtOH	132
bis-(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	120	ETU	139
5-Ethylidenebicyclo(2.2.1)hept-2-ene	141	Expanded perlite	247
Ethylidene norbornene	141	FAA	5
5-Ethylidene-2-norbornene	141	2-FAA	5
Ethylidene chloride	99	Fenamiphos	143
1,1-Ethylidene dichloride	99	Fenothiazine	248
Ethylimine	138	Fensulfothion	143
Ethyl ketone	108	Fenthion	144
Ethyl mercaptan	141	Fenylfosfin	252
Ethyl methanoate	140	Ferbam	144
Ethyl methyl ketone	36	Fermentation amyl alcohol	175
Ethyl methyl ketone peroxide	209	Ferric chloride	174
Ethyl 3-methyl-4-(methylthio)phenyl- (1-methylethyl)phosphoramidate	143	Ferric dimethyl dithiocarbamate	144
O-Ethyl O-(4-methylthio)phenyl S- propylphosphorodithioate	292	Ferric nitrate	174
4-Ethylmorpholine	142	Ferric oxide	173
N-Ethylmorpholine	142	Ferric sulfate	174
Ethyl nitrile	4	Ferrocene	104
Ethyl p-nitrophenyl benzenethionophosphonate	129	Ferrous chloride	174
O-Ethyl O-(4-nitrophenyl) phenylphosphonothioate	129	Ferrous sulfate	174
Ethylolamine	129	Ferrovandium	145
Ethyl orthosilicate	142	Ferrovandium dust	145
Ethyl oxide	140	Fusel oil	175
Ethyl parathion	241	Fiber glas®	145
Ethyl phthalate	108	Fiberglass	145
O-Ethyl-S-phenyl ethylphosphorothioate	147	Fibrous glass dust	145
		Floridine	283
		Flue gas	54
		2-Fluorenylacetamide	5
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Fluorocarbon-12	98	Fuel Oil No. 1	184
Fluorocarbon-22	63	Furacarb®	52
Fluorocarbon-115	67	Furadan®	52
Fluorocarbon 1011	63	Fural	150
Fluorocarbon 1301	318	2-Furancarboxaldehyde	150
Fluorodichloromethane	100	2,5-Furanedione	189
Fluoroethene	331	Furfural	150
Fluoroethylene	331	Furfuraldehyde	150
Fluoroformyl fluoride	55	2-Furfuraldehyde	150
Fluorophosgene	55	Furfuryl alcohol	150
Fluorotrichloromethane	146	Furnace black	52
Fluoroxene	147	2-Furylmethanol	150
Fonofos	147	Fused borax	30
Fonophos	147	Gasoline	151
Formal	199	Genetron® 12	98
Formaldehyde	148	Genetron® 21	100
Formaldehyde cyanohydrin	153	Genetron® 22	63
Formaldehyde dimethylacetal	199	Genetron® 113	317
Formaldehyde solution	148	Genetron® 114	102
Formalin (as formaldehyde)	148	Genetron® 115	67
Formamide	149	Germane	151
Formic acid	149	Germanium hydride	151
Formic acid (85-95% in aqueous solution)	149	Germanium tetrahydride	151
Formonitrile	168	Germanomethane	151
Freon® 10	55	Glacial acetic acid	2
Freon® 11	146	Glacial acrylic acid	8
Freon® 12	98	Glass fibers	145
Freon® 21	100	Glass wool	145
Freon® 22	63	Glutaraldehyde	152
Freon® 112	299	Glutaric dialdehyde	152
Freon® 112a	299	Glycerin (anhydrous)	152
Freon® 113	317	Glycerin (mist)	152
Freon® 114	102	Glycerol	152
Freon® 115	67	Glycerol trichlorohydrin	317
Freon® 12B2	109	Glyceryl trichlorohydrin	317
		Glyceryl trinitrate	229

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Glycidol	153	Halon® 242	102
Glycidyl phenyl ether	250	Halon® 1011	63
Glycol	137	Halon® 1202	109
Glycol alcohol	137	Halon® 1301	318
Glycol dibromide	136	Halothane	156
Glycol dichloride	137	Halowax® [Tetrachloronaphthalene]	301
Glycol dinitrate	138	Halowax® [Trichloronaphthalene]	316
Glycolic nitrile	153	Halowax® 1013	243
Glycol monoethyl ether acetate	131	Halowax® 1014	160
Glycol monomethyl ether	202	Halowax® 1051	235
Glycol monomethyl ether acetate	202	Hard metal	325
Glycolonitrile	153	Hard wood dust	335
Glyconitrile	153	HCBD	158
Glycyl alcohol	152	HCCPD	159
Grain alcohol	132	HCH	186
Grain dust (oat, wheat, barley)	154	HDI	161
Graphite (natural)	154	Heavy mineral oil mist	237
Graphite (synthetic)	155	Hemellitol	320
Gum camphor	49	Hemihydrate gypsum	260
Gumspirits	325	Hemimellitene	320
Gum turpentine	325	[1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene]	
Guthion®	23	Hemimellitene	320
Gypsum	155	[1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene]	
Gypsum hemihydrate	260	HEOD	105
Gypsum stone	155	Heptachlor	157
Hafnium	156	1,4,5,6,7,8,8-Heptachloro-3a,4,7,7a-tetrahydro-4,7-methanoindene	157
Hafnium metal	156	Heptane	157
Halane	98	n-Heptane	157
Halocarbon 112	299	normal-Heptane	157
Halocarbon 112a	299	1-Heptanethiol	158
Halocarbon 113	317	Heptan-4-one	123
Halocarbon 1132A	332	2-Heptanone	201
Halocarbon 115	67	3-Heptanone	134
Halocarbon 13B1	318	4-Heptanone	123
Halon® 104	55	Heptyl mercaptan	158
Halon® 112	100		

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Hexachlorobutadiene	158	Hexahydromethylphenol	205
Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene	158	Hexahydrophenol	84
1,3-Hexachlorobutadiene	158	Hexahydrotoluene	204
γ -Hexachlorocyclohexane	186	Hexahydro-1,3,5-trinitro-s-triazine	86
1,2,3,4,5,6-Hexachlorocyclohexane, gamma isomer of	186	Hexalin	84
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	159	Hexamethylene	83
Hexachloro-1,3-cyclopentadiene	159	Hexamethylene diisocyanate	161
1,2,3,4,5,5-Hexachloro-1,3- cyclopentadiene	159	Hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate	161
1,2,3,4,10,10-Hexachloro-6,7-epoxy- 1,4,4a,5,6,7,8,8a-octahydro-1,4- endo,endo-5,8-dimethanonaphthalene	127	1,6-Hexamethylene diisocyanate	161
1,2,3,4,10,10-Hexachloro-6,7-epoxy- 1,4,4a,5,6,7,8,8a-octahydro-1,4- endo,exo-5,8-dimethanonaphthalene	105	Hexamethyl phosphoramidate	162
Hexachloroethane	159	Hexamethylphosphoric triamide	162
6,7,8,9,10-Hexachloro-1,5,5a,6,9,9a- hexachloro-6,9-methano-2,4,3- benzo-dioxathiepin-3-oxide	127	Hexamethylphosphorotriamide	162
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Hexachloronaphthalene	160	Hexane	162
Hexadecanethiol-1	160	n-Hexane	162
1-Hexadecanethiol	160	normal-Hexane	162
n-Hexadecanethiol	160	Hexanedinitrile	9
Hexadecyl mercaptan	160	Hexane isomers (excluding n-Hexane)	163
Hexadrin®	127	1-Hexanethiol	163
Hexafluoroacetone	161	n-Hexanethiol	163
Hexafluoro-2-propanone	161	2-Hexanone	164
1,1,1,3,3,3-Hexafluoro-2-propanone	161	Hexone	164
Hexahydroaniline	85	sec-Hexyl acetate	165
Hexahydro-2H-azepin-2-one	50	Hexylene glycol	165
Hexahydrobenzenamine	85	Hexyl hydride	162
Hexahydrobenzene	83	Hexyl mercaptan	163
		n-Hexyl mercaptan	163
		n-Hexylthiol	163
		HFA	161
		HF-A	168
		HHDN	9
		High solvent naphtha	220
		High-strength hydrogen peroxide	169
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Hydralin	84	Hydromagnesite	188
Hydrated aluminum silicate	183	Hydroperoxide	169
Hydrated calcium sulfate	155	Hydroquinone	170
Hydrated lime	47	Hydroquinone monomethyl ether	196
Hydraulic cement	262	Hydrosulfuric acid	170
Hydrazine	166	Hydrous magnesium silicate	293
Hydrazine (anhydrous)	166	Hydroxyacetoneitrile	153
Hydrazine base	166	p-Hydroxyanisole	196
Hydrazinobenzene	251	Hydroxybenzene	248
Hydrite	183	1-Hydroxybutane	39
Hydroacrylic acid	265	2-Hydroxybutane	40
Hydrochloric acid	167	Hydroxycellulose	56
Hydrochloric ether	135	Hydroxycyclohexane	84
Hydrocobalt tetracarbonyl	75	2-Hydroxyethylamine	129
Hydrocyanic acid	168	bis(2-Hydroxyethyl)amine	106
Hydrofluoric acid	168	β -Hydroxyethyl isopropyl ether	180
Hydrogen antimonide	285	α -Hydroxyisobutyronitrile	4
Hydrogen arsenide	21	3-Hydroxy- β -lactone	265
Hydrogenated diphenylbenzenes	166	1-Hydroxy-2-methylbenzene	79
Hydrogenated MDI	207	1-Hydroxy-3-methylbenzene	78
Hydrogenated phenylbiphenyls	166	1-Hydroxy-4-methylbenzene	79
Hydrogenated terphenyls	166	3-Hydroxy-N-methylcrotonamide	219
Hydrogenated triphenyls	166	dimethylphosphate	
Hydrogen bromide	167	Hydroxymethyl ethylene oxide	153
Hydrogen carboxylic acid	149	2-Hydroxymethylfuran	150
Hydrogen chloride	167	2-Hydroxymethyl oxiran	153
Hydrogen cyanamide	81	4-Hydroxy-4-methyl-2-pentanone	90
Hydrogen cyanide	168	2,2-bis(Hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol	244
Hydrogen dioxide	169	2-Hydroxy-2-methyl-propionitrile	4
Hydrogen fluoride	168	4-Hydroxy-3-(3-oxo-1-phenyl butyl)-2H-1-benzopyran-2-one	334
Hydrogen nitrate	225	2-Hydroxyphenol	56
Hydrogen peroxide	169	3-Hydroxyphenol	273
Hydrogen peroxide (aqueous)	169	m-Hydroxyphenol	273
Hydrogen phosphide	254	Hydrogen sulfate	290
Hydrogen selenide	169		
Hydrogen sulfate	290		

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2-Hydroxypropyl acrylate	171	Iron(II) sulfate	174
β -Hydroxypropyl acrylate	171	Iron(III) sulfate	174
3-Hydroxypropylene oxide	153	Isoacetophorone	179
2-Hydroxytoluene	79	Isoamyl acetate	175
3-Hydroxytoluene	78	Isoamyl alcohol (primary)	175
4-Hydroxytoluene	79	Isoamyl alcohol (secondary)	176
2-Hydroxytriethylamine	107	Isoamyl methyl ketone	212
Hyponitrous acid anhydride	234	Isobutane	176
IBA	177	Isobutanol	177
IGE	183	Isobutenyl methyl ketone	194
2-Imidazolidine-2-thione	139	Isobutyl acetate	177
2,2'-Iminodiethanol	106	Isobutyl alcohol	177
Impure corundum	126	Isobutyl carbinol	175
Indene	171	Isobutyl ester of acetic acid	177
Indium	172	Isobutylmethylcarbinol	212
Indium metal	172	Isobutyl methyl ketone	164
Indonaphthene	171	Isobutyronitrile	178
Inert dusts	241	bis(4-Isocyanatocyclohexyl)methane	207
Iodine	172	3-Isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5- trimethylcyclohexyl-isocyanate	179
Iodine crystals	172	Isohexane	163
Iodoform	173	Isooctanol	178
Iodomethane	211	Isooctyl alcohol	178
N-IPA	182	Isopentyl acetate	175
IPDI	179	Isopentyl alcohol	175
Iron carbonyl	174	Isopentyl methyl ketone	212
Iron dicyclopentadienyl	104	Isophorone	179
Iron(II) chloride	174	Isophorone diamine diisocyanate	179
Iron(III) chloride	174	Isophorone diisocyanate	179
Iron(III) nitrate	174	Isophthalodinitrile	258
Iron oxide dust and fume (as Fe)	173	Isoprene cyanide	199
Iron(III) oxide [Iron oxide dust and fume (as Fe)]	173	Isopropanol	181
Iron(III) oxide [Rouge]	276	Isopropenyl benzene	216
Iron oxide red	276	Isopropenyl nitrile	199
		2-Isopropoxyethanol	180

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o-Isopropoxyphenyl-N-methylcarbamate	267	Lead	185
2-Isopropoxy propane	182	Lead metal	185
Isopropyl acetate	180	Lead tetraethyl	302
Isopropyl alcohol	181	Lead tetramethyl	303
Isopropylamine	181	Lepidolite	217
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Mercaptoethane	141	o-Methoxyaniline	18
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Methylene bisphenyl isocyanate	208	Methylisoamyl acetate	165
Methylene chloride	208	Methyl isoamyl ketone	212
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Methylene dichloride	208	Methyl isobutyl carbinol	212
Methylene dimethyl ether	199	Methyl isobutyl ketone	164
Methylene di-p-phenylene ester of isocyanic acid	208	Methyl isocyanate	213
Methylene oxide	148	N-Methyl-2-isopropoxyphenyl-carbamate	267
Methylene bis(4-phenyl isocyanate)	208	Methyl isopropyl ketone	213
Methyl ester of acetic acid	197	2-Methylacetonitrile	4
Methyl ester of acrylic acid	198	Methyl mercaptan	214
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Methyl ester of formic acid	210	Methyl methacrylate	214
Methyl ester of isocyanic acid	213	N-Methylmethanamine	111
Methyl ester of methacrylic acid	214	Methyl methanoate	210
Methyl ethanoate	197	Methyl N-((methylamino)carbonyl)oxy)ethanimidothioate	195
N-(1-Methylethyl)-benzenamine	182	S-Methyl-N-(methylcarbamoyloxy)thioacetimidate	195
Methyl ethyl carbinol	40	Methyl-2-methyl-2-propenoate	214
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2-Methyl-2,4-pentanediol	165	1-Methyl-2,4,6-trinitrobenzene	322
4-Methyl-2,4-pentanediol	165	Methyl yellow	112
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4-Methyl-2-pentanol	212	Mevinphos	253
2-Methyl-2-pentanol-4-one	90	MIAC	212
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2-Methyl phenol	79	MIC	213
3-Methyl phenol	78	Mica (containing less than 1% quartz)	217
4-Methyl phenol	79	Mineral carbon	154
Methylphenylamine	219	Mineral spirits	286
Methylphenylene diamine	311	Mineral white	155
1-Methyl-1-phenylethylene	216	Mineral wool fiber	217
Methyl phosphite	321	MIPK	213
2-Methylpropane	176	MMH	211
2-Methylpropanenitrile	178	MMT	206
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2-Methyl-2-propanol	40	Molecular bromine	33
2-Methylpropenenitrile	199	Molecular chlorine	59
Methyl propenoate	198	Molecular iodine	172
2-Methylpropenoic acid	194	Molybdenum	218
2-Methylpropionitrile	178	Molybdenum metal	218
1-Methylpropyl acetate	38	Molybdenum (soluble compounds, as Mo)	218
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2-Methylpropyl ester of acetic acid	177	Monobromoethane	134
β -Methylpropyl ethanoate	177	Monobromoethylene	330
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Monochloroethane	135	Naphthalene	221
Monochloroethene	330	Naphthalene diisocyanate	221
Monochloroethylene	330	1,5-Naphthalene diisocyanate	221
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Monocron	219	Naphthalin	221
Monocrotophos	219	1-Naphthylamine	222
Monoethanolamine	129	2-Naphthylamine	222
Monoethylamine	133	α-Naphthylamine	222
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Monofluoroethylene	331	1-Naphthyl N-Methyl-carbamate	51
Monofluorotrichloromethane	146	α -Naphthyl N-methyl-carbamate	51
Monogermene	151	β -Naphthylphenylamine	251
Monohydroxybenzene	248	α -Naphthyl thiocarbamide	20
Monoiodomethane	211	1-Naphthyl thiourea	20
Monoisopropylamine	181	α -Naphthyl thiourea	20
Monomethylamine	200	Natural aluminum oxide	126
Monomethyl aniline	219	Natural calcium carbonate	
Monomethyl ether hydroquinone	196	[Limestone]	186
Monomethylhydrazine	211	Natural calcium carbonate [Marble]	192
Mononitrogen monoxide	225	Natural gasoline	151
Monopentaerythritol	244	Navadel®	121
Monophenylhydrazine	251	NDI	221
Monosilane	279	NDMA	232
Monosodium salt of sulfurous acid	282	Nemacur®	143
Monoxide	54	NG	229
Morpholine	220	NIAX® A99	112
Motor fuel	151	NIAX® Catalyst A1	112
Motor spirits	151	NiAx® Catalyst ESN	223
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Muriatic acid	167	[Tetrachloronaphthalene]	301
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Nicotine	224	N-Nitrosodimethylamine	232
Nitramine	305	N-Nitroso-N,N-dimethylamine	232
Nitrapyrin	69	2-Nitrotoluene	233
Nitric acid	225	3-Nitrotoluene	232
Nitric oxide	225	4-Nitrotoluene	233
4-Nitroaniline	226	m-Nitrotoluene	232
p-Nitroaniline	226	meta-Nitrotoluene	232
4-Nitrobenzenamine	226	o-Nitrotoluene	233
Nitrobenzene	226	ortho-Nitrotoluene	233
Nitrobenzol	226	p-Nitrotoluene	233
4-Nitrobiphenyl	227	para-Nitrotoluene	233
p-Nitrobiphenyl	227	Nitrotrichloromethane	67
Nitrocarbol	230	Nitrous oxide	234
4-Nitrochlorobenzene	227	Nonane	234
p-Nitrochlorobenzene	227	n-Nonane	234
Nitrochloroform	67	1-Nonanethiol	235
4-Nitrodiphenyl	227	Nonyl hydride	234
p-Nitrodiphenyl	227	n-Nonyl mercaptan	235
Nitroetan	228	Nonylthiol	235
Nitroethane	228	1-NP	231
Nitrogen dioxide	228	2-NP	231
Nitrogen fluoride	229	N-serve®	69
Nitrogen lime	47	Nuisance dusts	241
Nitrogen monoxide	225	Nux vomica	286
Nitrogen peroxide	228	OCBM	62
Nitrogen trifluoride	229	Octacarbonyldicobalt	74
Nitroglycerine	229	Octachlorocamphene	58
Nitroglycol	138	Octachloronaphthalene	235
Nitromethane	230	1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8-Octachloronaphthalene	235
2-Nitronaphthalene	230	1,2,4,5,6,7,8,8-Octachloro-3a,4,7,7a-tetrahydro-4,7-methanoindane	57
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normal-Octane	236	Parathion-ethyl	241
1-Octanethiol	237	Parathion methyl	215
n-Octyl mercaptan	237	Particulates not otherwise regulated	241
Octyl phthalate	120	PBNA	251
Octylthiol	237	PCB	
1-Octylthiol	237	[Chlorodiphenyl (42% chlorine)]	64
Oil mist (mineral)	237	PCB	
Oil of mirbane	226	[Chlorodiphenyl (54% chlorine)]	64
Oil of vitriol	290	PCM	246
Onion oil	11	PCNB	227
Orthophosphoric acid	254	PCP	243
Osmic acid anhydride	238	m-PDN	258
Osmium oxide	238	PE	244
Osmium tetroxide	238	Pebble lime	48
Oxalic acid	238	Penta	243
Oxalic acid (aqueous)	238	Pentaborane	242
Oxalic acid dihydrate	238	Pentaboron nonahydride	242
Oxalonitrile	82	Pentacarbonyl iron	174
2-Oxetanone	265	Pentachloroethane	242
Oxirane	139	Pentachloronaphthalene	243
2-Oxohexamethyleneimine	50	1,2,3,4,5-Pentachloronaphthalene	243
Oxoocetyl alcohol	178	Pentachlorophenol	243
Oxybis(chloromethane)	65	2,3,4,5,6-Pentachlorophenol	243
2,2'-Oxybis(N,N-dimethyl ethylamine)	112	Pentachlorophosphorus	256
Oxygen difluoride	239	Pentaerythritol	244
Oxygen fluoride	239	Pentalin	242
Ozone	239	Pentamethylene	87
Painters naphtha	333	Pentanal	327
PAN	257	Pentane	244
Paraffin fume	240	n-Pentane	244
Paraffin oil mist	237	normal-Pentane	244
Paraffin scale fume	240	1,5-Pentanedial	152
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3-Pentanone	108	4-Phenylaniline	14
Penthrane	196	N-Phenylaniline	122
Pentyl ester of acetic acid	17	N-Phenylbenzenamine	122
Pentyl mercaptan	245	Phenyl benzene	121
Perchlorobutadiene	158	2-Phenylbiphenyl	297
Perchlorocyclopentadiene	159	3-Phenylbiphenyl	297
Perchloroethane	159	4-Phenylbiphenyl	298
Perchloroethylene	301	Phenyl chloride	62
Perchloromethyl mercaptan	246	Phenyl chloromethyl ketone	61
Perchloronaphthalene	235	1,4-Phenylene diamine	249
Perchloryl fluoride	246	p-Phenylene diamine	249
Perfluoroacetone	161	m-Phenylenebis(methylamine)	337
Perk	301	Phenyl 2,3-epoxypropyl ether	250
Perlite	247	Phenylethane	133
Peroxide	169	Phenyl ether (vapor)	249
Petrol	151	Phenyl ether-biphenyl mixture (vapor)	250
Petroleum asphalt	22	Phenylethylene	287
Petroleum bitumen	22	Phenyl glycidyl ether	250
Petroleum distillates (naphtha)	247	Phenylhydrazine	251
Petroleum ether	333	Phenyl hydride	26
Petroleum naphtha	247	Phenyl hydroxide	248
Petroleum solvent	286	N-Phenylisopropylamine	182
Petroleum spirit	333	Phenyl mercaptan	26
PF	252	Phenyl methane	311
PGDN	269	N-Phenylmethylamine	219
PGE	250	Phenyl- β -naphthylamine	251
Phenacyl chloride	61	N-Phenyl-β-naphthylamine	251
Phenamiphos	143	4-Phenylnitrobenzene	227
Phenanthrene	74	p-Phenylnitrobenzene	227
Phenol	248	Phenyl oxide	249
Phenol trinitrate	259	Phenyl phosphate	323
Phenothiazine	248	Phenyl phosphine	252
Phenoxy benzene	249	2-Phenyl propane	81
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Phosgene	253	Platinum black	261
Phosphaniline	252	Platinum metal	261
Phosphine	254	Platinum (soluble salts, as Pt)	261
Phosphorated hydrogen	254	Platinum sponge	261
Phosphoric acid	254	Plumbago	154
Phosphoric acid (aqueous)	254	Plumbum	185
Phosphoric chloride	256	PMM	246
Phosphorus chloride [Phosphorus oxychloride]	255	PNA	226
Phosphorus chloride [Phosphorus trichloride]	257	PNB	227
Phosphorus hydride	254	PNCB	227
Phosphorus oxytrichloride	255	PNOR	240
Phosphorus perchloride	256	Polychlorinated biphenyl [Chlorodiphenyl (42% chlorine)]	64
Phosphorus persulfide	256	Polychlorinated biphenyl [Chlorodiphenyl (54% chlorine)]	64
Phosphorus sulfide	256	Polychlorocamphene	58
Phosphorus trihydride	254	Porcelain clay	183
Phosphorus (yellow)	255	Portland cement	262
Phosphorus oxychloride	255	Portland cement silicate	262
Phosphorus pentachloride	256	Potassium cyanide (as CN)	262
Phosphorus pentasulfide	256	Potassium hydrate	263
Phosphorus trichloride	257	Potassium hydroxide	263
Phosphoryl chloride	255	Potassium salt of hydrocyanic acid	262
Phthalic acid anhydride	257	Precipitated amorphous silica	277
Phthalic anhydride	257	Primary amyl acetate	17
m-Phthalodinitrile	258	Primary isoamyl alcohol	175
Picloram	258	Propadiene-methyl acetylene	198
Picric acid	259	Propane	263
Pimelic ketone	84	n-Propane	263
Pindone	259	Propanedial	190
Piperazine dihydrochloride	260	1,3-Propanedial	190
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Propane-1-thiol	264	n-Propyl alcohol	268
1-Propanethiol	264	sec-Propyl alcohol	181
1,2,3-Propanetriol	152	Propyl allyl disulfide	11
1,2,3-Propanetriol trinitrate	229	2-Propylamine	181
Propanoic acid	266	sec-Propylamine	181
1-Propanol	268	n-Propyl carbinol	39
2-Propanol	181	Propyl cyanide	44
n-Propanol	268	n-Propyl cyanide	44
2-Propanone	3	Propylene aldehyde	80
Propargyl alcohol	265	Propylene dichloride	268
Propellant 12	98	Propylene glycol dinitrate	269
Propenal	7	Propylene glycol-1,2-dinitrate	269
2-Propenal	7	1,2-Propylene glycol dinitrate	269
Propenamide	7	Propylene glycol methyl ether	269
2-Propenamide	7	Propylene glycol monoacrylate	171
Propenenitrile	8	Propylene glycol monomethyl ether	269
2-Propenenitrile	8	Propylene imine	270
Propene oxide	270	Propyleneimine	270
2-Propenoic acid	8	Propylene imine (inhibited)	270
Propenol	10	Propylene oxide	270
1-Propen-3-ol	10	1,2-Propylene oxide	270
2-Propenol	10	Propylenimine	270
[(2-Propenyloxy)methyl] oxirane	11	n-Propyl ester of acetic acid	267
2-Propenyl propyl disulfide	11	Propyl ester of nitric acid	271
Propine	197	Propyl hydride	263
3-Propiolactone	265	Propyl ketone	123
β-Propiolactone	265	Propyl mercaptan	264
Propione	108	n-Propyl mercaptan	264
Propionic acid	266	n-Propyl nitrate	271
Propionic nitrile	266	Propyne	197
Propionitrile	266	1-Propyne	197
Propiononitrile	266	Propyne-allene mixture	198
Propoxur	267	Propyne-propadiene mixture	198
Propylacetate	267	1-Propyn-3-ol	265
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Pseudocumene	320	RFNA	225
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Pyrethrin I	271	Rhodium (metal fume and insoluble compounds, as Rh)	273
Pyrethrin II	271	Rhodium (soluble compounds, as Rh)	274
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Pyrethrum I	271	Riebeckite	22
Pyrethrum II	271	Road asphalt	22
Pyridine	272	Rock candy	288
α -Pyridylamine	14	Rockwool	217
Pyrocatechol	56	Ronnel	274
Pyrocellulose	56	Roofing asphalt	22
Pyroligneous spirit	200	Roscoelite	217
Pyrophosphate	304	Rosin core solder, pyrolysis products (as formaldehyde)	275
Quartz	278	Rosin flux pyrolysis products	275
Quick lime	48	Rosin core soldering flux pyrolysis products	275
Quicksilver	193	Ro-Sulfiram®	124
Quinol	170	Rotenone	275
Quinone	272	Rouge	276
p-Quinone	272	Rubber solvent	247
Range oil	184	Rubbing alcohol	181
Raw cotton dust	77	Ruelene®	80
RDX	86	Rutile	310
Red fuming nitric acid (RFNA)	225	Saccarose	288
Red iron oxide	276	Sal ammoniac fume	16
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