# MILITARY STANDARD

# SINGLE - AND MULTI - LEVEL CONTINUOUS SAMPLING PROCEDURES AND TABLE FOR INSPECTION BY ATTRIBUTES



# DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE Washington, DC 20360

Single And Multi-Level Continuous Sampling Procedures And Tables For Inspection By Attributes

MIL-STD-1235B

- 1. This Military Standard is approved for use by all Departments and Agencies of the Department of Defense.
- 2. Recommended corrections, additions or deletions should be addressed to: Commander, US Army Armament Research and Development Command, ATTN: DRDAR-TST-S, Dover, NJ 07801.

#### FOREWORD

This Standard provides the tables and procedures for applying five different types of continuous sampling plans for inspection by attributes:

- a. CSP-1, a single-level continuous sampling procedure which provides for alternating between sequences of 100% inspection and sampling inspection. Section 2 of this Standard describes these plans.
- b. CSP-F, a variation of the CSP-1 plans in that CSP-F plans are applied to a relatively short run of product, thereby permitting smaller clearance numbers to be used. Section 3 of this Standard describes these plans.
- c. CSP-2, a modification of CSP-1 in that 100% inspection resumes only after a prescribed number of defect-free units separate any two defective sample units. Section 4 of this Standard describes these plans.
- d. CSP-T, a multi-level continuous sampling procedure which provides for reducing the sampling frequency upon demonstration of superior product quality. Section 5 of this Standard describes these plans.
- e. CSP-V, a single-level continuous sampling procedure which is an alternative to CSP-T in that these plans provide for reducing the clearance number in good quality situations where reduction of sampling frequency has no economic merit. Section 6 of this Standard describes these plans.

Section 7 of this Standard contains the definitions of terms of particular importance to the proper use of this Standard's provisions. Functional curves of all plans discussed herein may be found in MIL-STD-1235A-1, "Functional Curves of the Continuous Sampling Plans".

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#### SECTION 1

#### GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF SAMPLING PLANS

#### 1.1 SCOPE

- 1.1.1 Purpose This Standard establishes continuous sampling plans and procedures for inspection by attributes. When this Standard is referenced in a contract, specification, inspection standard or similar document, the provisions of this Standard shall govern the application of all attributes type continuous sampling plans and procedures. Unless otherwise noted herein, the provisions of this Standard shall be carried out by the supplier.
- 1.1.2 Applicability The conditions that must exist before these sampling plans may be used are:
  - (a) Moving product (see 7.21).
- (b) Ample space, equipment and manpower at or near the site of inspection to permit rapid 100% inspection when required.
  - (c) Relatively easy and quick inspection.
- (d) A process which is producing, or is capable of producing, material whose quality is stable (see 2.2.2(a), 3.2.2(a), 4.2.2(a), 5.2.2(a), and 6.2.2(a)).
  - (e) The inspection is non-destructive.

The sampling plans designated herein are applicable, but not limited, to inspection of various entities, viz., end items, components, raw materials, data or records, and any other entities, provided that the foregoing conditions are satisfied.

### 1.2 CLASSIFICATION OF DEFECTS AND DEFECTIVES

1.2.1 Method of Classifying Defects A classification of defects is the enumeration of possible defects of the unit of product classified according to their seriousness. Defects will normally be grouped into one or more of the following classes; however, defects may be grouped into other classes, or into subclasses within these classes.

- 1.2.1.1 Critical Defect A critical defect is a defect that judgment and experience indicate is likely to result in hazardous or unsafe conditions for individuals using, maintaining, or depending upon the product; or a defect that judgment and experience indicate is likely to prevent performance of the tactical function of a major end item such as a ship, aircraft, tank, missile, or space vehicle. NOTE: For a special provision relating to critical defects, see 1.6.2.
- 1.2.1.2 Major Defect A major defect is a defect other than critical, that is likely to result in failure or materially reduce the usability of the unit of product for its intended purpose.
- 1.2.1.3 Minor Defect 'A minor defect is a defect that is not likely to reduce materially the usability of the unit of product for its intended purpose, or is a departure from established standards having little bearing on the effective use or operation of the unit.
- 1.2.2 Method of Classifying Defectives A defective is a unit of product which contains one or more defects. Defectives will usually be classified as follows:
- 1.2.2.1 Critical Defective A critical defective contains one or more critical defects and may also contain major and/or minor defects. NOTE: For a special provision relating to critical defectives, see 1.6.2.
- 1.2.2.2 Major Defective A major defective contains one or more major defects, and may also contain minor defects, but contains no critical defects.
- 1.2.2.3 Minor Defective A minor defective contains one or more minor defects but contains no critical or major defects.
- 1.3 ACCEPTABLE QUALITY LEVEL (AOL)
- 1.3.1 Definition For continuous sampling plans, the AOL is an index to the plans, and has no other meaning.

- 1.3.2 Use The AOL, together with the Sample Size Code Letter, is used for indexing the plans provided herein. The plans are also indexed by the Average Outgoing Quality Limit (AOOL).
- 1.3.3 Limitation The designation of an AQL shall not imply that the supplier has the right to supply knowingly any defective unit of product.
- 1.3.4 Specifying AQL's The AQL will be designated in the contract or by the responsible authority. Different AQL's may be designated for groups of defects considered collectively, or for individual defects. An AQL for a group of defects may be designated in addition to AQL's for individual defects, or subgroups, within that group.
- 1.3.5 Preferred AQL's The values of AQL's given in these tables are known as preferred AQL's. If, for any product, an AQL be designated other than a preferred AQL, these tables are not applicable.
- 1.4 AVERAGE OUTGOING QUALITY (AOQ)

#### 1.4.1 Definitions

- 1.4.1.1 AOO The Average Outgoing Quality (AOO) for a particular process average is the long run expected percentage of defective material in the accepted material, if the associated sampling plan is followed faithfully (see 3.1 for clarified meaning for CSP-F).
- 1.4.1.2 AOQL The Average Outgoing Quality Limit (AOQL) is the maximum of all of the possible values of AOQ if the associated sampling plan is followed faithfully (see 3.1 for clarified meaning for CSP-F).
- 1.4.2 Limitation The listing of values of AOQL in this Standard does not imply that the supplier has a right to supply knowingly any defective unit of product.

#### 1.5 SUBMISSION OF PRODUCT

1.5.1 Lot or Batch Although lot or batch size is not used to select a continuous sampling plan, the formation of lots or batches may remain desirable for reasons of homogeneity, shipping convenience, and facilitation of payment.

- 1.5.2 Order of Production All inspection should be performed in the order in which the units of product are produced, in order that the source of quality problems can be more easily spotted and corrective action taken. In those situations where maintaining the order of production is not possible, for example, when product from two or more identical production lines is merged prior to inspection, the plans herein may still be used provided that the mixing of product from the lines is thorough, thereby assuring a random spacing of any defective units in the flow of product.
- 1.5.3 Units of Product Submitted All units for which disposition is sought must pass each inspection station. This does not prevent process inspection by the supplier prior to arrival of the product at the inspection station, nor does this prohibit the supplier from removing or correcting units containing defects prior to submittal of the product. However, if, in the opinion of the consumer, the supplier's method of scheduling process inspection results in a flow of product during periods of screening inspection which is not representative of the flow of product which can be expected to be encountered during subsequent sampling inspection, the consumer reserves the right to cause the supplier to modify his method of scheduling process inspection.

#### 1.6 ACCEPTANCE AND REJECTION

- 1.6.1 Responsibility Although both the consumer and supplier may reject nonconforming material of the supplier, only the consumer possesses the authority to accept (purchase) the supplier's material. However, since the supplier is responsible for providing material which satisfies contractual requirements, he will inspect the product through use of a sampling plan indexed by the designated AQL to determine whether or not to submit the product to the consumer.
- 1.6.2 Special Reservation for Critical Defects The supplier may be required at the discretion of the responsible authority to inspect every unit for critical defects or to follow some other procedure with regard to the inspection of critical defects. If a critical defect is found on any unit of product, even if that unit has not been selected for inspection for critical defects, the supplier shall carry out the procedure specified by the consumer for critical defects.

1.6.3 Disposition of Rejected Product Units found to be defective by either the supplier or consumer shall be removed and kept apart from the flow of product. The supplier may correct these units, in which case they will be screened and resubmitted to the consumer apart from the regular flow of product. If they are accepted by the consumer, they will be returned to the production line right after the inspection station for the defects concerned.

#### 1.7 DRAWING OF SAMPLES

- 1.7.1 Sample Under continuous sampling a sample consists of one unit of product drawn from the production line as it passes a given station.
- 1.7.2 Frequency of Sampling Certain values of sampling frequency, f, are provided for each of the plans.
- 1.7.3 Sample Selection The sample units shall be selected at the chosen sampling frequency (f) so as to give each unit of product an equal chance of being inspected. The inspector should allow the interval between sample units to vary somewhat rather than draw sample units according to a rigid pattern.

#### 1.8 SAMPLING PLANS

- 1.8.1 Definition As used herein, the phrase "sampling plan" denotes a particular procedure and the size(s) of the clearance number(s) and sampling frequency(ies) associated with it.
- 1.8.2 Code Letters Sampling plans are designated by code letters. Table 1 provides permissible code letters based on the number of units in the production interval. A code letter and its associated sampling frequency should be selected after considering such influencing factors as inspection time per unit of product, production rate, and proximity to other inspection stations. When idle inspector time is a significant consideration, a plan with a higher sampling frequency and lower clearance number is usually preferred.
- 1.8.3 Obtaining Sampling Plans The AQL and an appropriate code letter shall be used to obtain the sampling plan from Table 2-A, 3-A, 4-A, 5-A, or 6-A. For CSP-F, it is also necessary to determine N (see 3.2.1).

1.8.4 Types of Sampling Plans Five types of sampling plans: CSP-1, CSP-F, CSP-2, CSP-T, and CSP-V are provided in Tables 2-A, 3-A, 4-A, 5-A, and 6-A respectively. A selection of the appropriate plan can be made by a consideration of their individual features. CSP-1 is the simplest. CSP-F is a CSP-1 plan with clearance number adjusted to handle a shorter run of product. CSP-2 provides advance warning when a screening crew may have to be assembled. CSP-T provides for a reduction in sampling frequency in good quality situations. CSP-V provides for a reduction in clearance number in good quality situations, and is an alternative to CSP-T in those situations where a reduction in sampling frequency has no economic merit.

#### 1.9 DISCONTINUATION OF INSPECTION

- 1.9.1 Long Periods of Screening When the use of 2.2.6, 3.2.6, 4.2.6, 5.2.6, and 6.2.6 give indication that an excessively long period of screening has been in progress, corrective action shall be taken to improve the production process and the consumer reserves the right to suspend product acceptance. The provisions of 2.2.6, 3.2.6, 4.2.6, 5.2.6, and 6.2.6 do not prevent the supplier from taking corrective action to improve the production process prior to reaching the limits described in the aforementioned paragraphs.
- 1.9.2 Ineffective Screening If, during a period of 100% inspection, a checking inspector finds a defect, the consumer shall be notified, and corrective action shall be taken to improve the effectiveness of the screening crew. If a second defect is found by the checking inspector during this period of 100% inspection, the same action shall be taken by the supplier, and the consumer will reserve the right to suspend product acceptance. In the case of critical defects, the consumer reserves the right to suspend acceptance upon the finding of the first critical defect by the checking inspector during a period of 100% inspection.

#### 1.10 ESTIMATION OF THE PROCESS AVERAGE

1.10.1 <u>Definition</u> The process average (PA) is defined as the percent defective of product submitted by the supplier for original inspection. Original inspection is the first inspection of a particular quantity of product as

distinguished from the inspection of product which has been previously submitted. The phrases "Process Average" and "Percent Defective of Submitted Product" are used interchangeably.

1.10.2 Computation A reasonably good estimate of the process average can be made from the inspection results. If the inspection results used are for a set period of time or a pre-set number of units, the process average can be estimated as follows:

 $PA_{est} = \frac{100 \text{ (number of defectives observed)}}{\text{number of units inspected}}$ 

1.10.3 Use The estimate of the process average, besides giving an indication of what percentage of manufactured product is defective, can also be used to consult the curves given in MIL-STD-1235A-1.

TABLE 1
SAMPLING FREQUENCY CODE LETTERS

Number of Units in	Permissible
Production Interval	Code Letters
2-8	A,B
9-25	A through C
26-90	A through D
91-500	A through E
501-1200	A through F
1201-3200	A through G
3201-10,000	A through H
10,001-35,000	A through I
35,001-150,000	A through J
150,001-up	A through K

#### SECTION 2

CSP-1

#### 2.1 FEATURES OF CSP-1

CSP-1 is a single-level continuous sampling procedure which provides for alternating sequences of 100% inspection and sampling inspection with no limit as to the number of such sequences. CSP-1 requires a return to 100% inspection whenever a nonconforming unit is discovered during sampling inspection. See Figure 2-A for a summary of the operation of CSP-1. Tables 2-A and 2-B list parameters associated with the procedure.

#### 2.2 DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE

- 2.2.1 Initiation of Production At the start of production, each unit of product shall be inspected by the screening crew. Checking inspection shall be performed concurrently at a frequency f or more often on the units passed by the screening crew (see 2.2.5).
- 2.2.2 Sampling Inspection Sampling inspection normally is initiated when the following requirements are satisfied:
- (a) All units of product are made according to the same drawing and specifications under stable conditions of production. This requirement, which is termed homogeneity, is usually satisfied when the production process is not altered by innovation, significant changes in materials, strikes, retooling (other than that due to routine changes to compensate for tool wear) or interruptions other than those due to the end of the shift, day, or week.
- (b) At least i consecutive units inspected by the screening crew during 100% inspection are found free of the defects concerned.
- (c) None of the i consecutive units found defect-free by the screening crew are found defective by the checking inspector(s). When sampling inspection is begun, screening is terminated and samples are taken at the frequency, f.

- 2.2.3 Return to 100% Inspection Sampling inspection shall be terminated and 100% inspection shall be resumed if either or both of the conditions described below occur. For critical defects, screening shall begin with the unit of product just after the last defect-free sample unit. (See 1.6.2 for further provisions for critical defects.)
- (a) The production process is interrupted for more than three operating days, or the requirement of 2.2.2(a) is otherwise not satisfied.
- (b) A unit having any of the defects concerned is found by the sampling inspector.

When 100% inspection is required, the flow of product is curtailed until the screening crew can begin 100% inspection. 100% inspection shall be continued until the requirements of 2.2.2 are met.

- 2.2.4 Change in Code Letter If it is necessary or desirable to change Sampling Frequency Code Letters, the following applies:
- (a) If the change results in an increase in the sampling frequency, f (and, of course, a decrease in the clearance number, i), the change may be made at the next shift from a screening sequence to a sampling sequence or during a sampling sequence, whichever is the earlier.
- (b) If the change results in a decrease in the sampling frequency, f (and, of course, an increase in the clearance number, i), the change may be made at the next shift from a sampling sequence to a screening sequence or during a screening sequence, whichever is the earlier. (At any time the change may be made by initiating a screening sequence whose clearance number, i, will be that associated with the new code letter.)
- 2.2.5 Ineffective Screening Whenever the checking inspector finds a defect in the product found conforming by the screening crew, the screening crew shall start a new count of consecutive defect-free units, and the actions described in 1.9.2 shall be carried out.

2.2.6 Long Periods of Screening If, during a period of 100% inspection, a defect is found before finding i consecutive conforming units and the number of units screened is equal to or greater than the appropriate value of S in Table 2-B, the supplier shall notify the consumer of this occurrence, and corrective action shall be taken to improve the production process. The consumer may, at its option, suspend acceptance immediately or at any time thereafter during the period of 100% inspection until the supplier corrects the cause(s) of the high rate of defectiveness. After effective corrective action has been taken, 100% inspection shall be reinitiated.

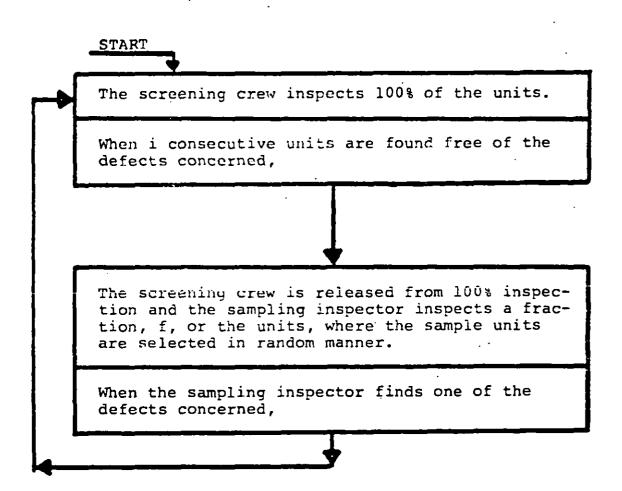


FIGURE 2-A. PROCEDURE FOR CSP-1 PLANS

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TABLE 2-A Values of i for CSP-1 Plans

Samp								-									
Freq								AQI* in	, Z								
Ltr	'44 (	. 010	.015	.025	070	.065	0.10	0.15	0.25	0.40	0.65	1.0	1.5	2.5	4.0	6.5	10.0
∢	1/2	1540	840	009	375	245	761	1.40	84	53	36	23	15	01	9	'n	Е.
81	1/3	2550	1390	1000	620	405	321	232	140	87	59	. 38	25	16	01	7	2
ပ	1/4	3340	1820	1310	810	530	4.20	303	182	113	16	67	32	21	13	6	9
Ω	1/5	3960	2160	1550	965	630	498	360	217	135	91	58	38	25	15	=,	1
'n	1/7	4950	2700	1940	1205	790	623	450	270	168	113	73	47	31	18	13	
Ĺ	1/10	6050	3300	2370	1470	965	762	550	335	207	138	89	57	38	22	16	10
၁	1/15	7390	060%	2890	1800	1180	930	672	410	255	170	108	70	94	27	19	1.2
=	1/25	9110	4970	3570	2215	1450	1147	828	200	315	21.0	134	98	57	33	2.3	14
	1/50	11730	9400	4590	2855	1870	1477	1067	079	007	270	175	110	72	42	29	18
7	001/1	14320	7810	9600	3485	2305	1820	1302	190	200	330	215	135	88	52	36	22
ı∠	1/200	17420	9500	6810	4235	2760	2178	1583	950	290	700	255	165	106	62	43	26
		.018	.033	.046	.074	. 113	.143	. 198	0.33	0.53	0.79	1.22	1.90	2.90	4.94	7.12	11.46
								VOOL	in %								

\*AQL's are provided as indices to simplify use of this table, but have no other meaning relative to the plans.

TABI,E 2-B

Values of S for CSP-1 Plans

. [																	
Samp Freq								AQL,*	in %								
Ltr	Ę	.010	.015	.025	.040	.065	0.10	0.15	0.25	0,40	0.65	1.0	1.5	2.5	4.0	6.5	10.0
٧	1/2	1850	925	721	451	295	273	197	119	75	55	36	22	17		1.0	9
æ	1/3	4080	1950	1600	993	649	579	777	268	166	120	78	52	36	24	19	16
U	1/4	6010	2915	2360	1460	1010	926	<b>669</b>	421	262	177	115	79	57	36	28	20
۵	1/5	8320	3890	3100	1930	1390	1150	975	589	367	258	165	109	9/	45	07	27
ங	1/7	11400	5670	4660	2895	1980	1750	1355	813	507	376	244	154	109	63	24	34
E	1/10	16900	7590	0799	4120	2800	2595	1985	1245	624	543	352	221	164	90	82	15
<u>.</u>	1/15	24400 11300	11300	9250	5760	4020	3820	2960	1810	922	856	524	327	241	141	138	75
<b>=</b>	1/25	35500	35500 16900 13900	13900	8640	5950	2740	4560	2760	1390	1350	839	524	390	212	189	105
	1/50	59800	59800 26900	23000	14300	10300	10100	8440	5070	3170	2445	1590	913	733	368	334	21.2
<b>~</b>	1/100	00096	96000 39800 36400	36400	23300	3300 16900	16500	14301)	8710	6020	3980	2600	1640	1.360	642	601	352
<b>×</b>	1/200	148100 63700 58000	63700	58000	36000	29000	28500	25400	15200	9470	8030	4365	2835	2150	1080	1025	636
		.018	.033	.046	.074	.113	. 143	. 193	0.33	0.53	0.79	1.22	1.90	2.90	4.94	7.12	11.46
								AOQL	in %	: 		į				ļ	

\*AQL's are provided as indices to simplify use of this table, but have no other meaning relative to the plans.

- 3.2.1 Initiation of Period The period, in terms of number of units, N, for which the plan is to be applied, must first be determined, and plan parameters determined from Table 3-A. (If N is smaller than the value of i from Table 3-A, inspect all units.) At the start of production or of the period for which the plan is to be applied, each unit of product shall be inspected by the screening crew. Checking inspection shall be performed concurrently at a frequency f or more often on the units passed by the screening crew (see 3.2.5).
- 3.2.2 Sampling Inspection Sampling inspection normally is initiated when the following requirements are satisfied:
- (a) All units of product are made according to the same drawings and specifications under stable conditions of production. This requirement, which is termed homogeneity, is usually satisfied when the production process is not altered by innovation, significant changes in materials, strikes, retooling (other than that due to routine changes to compensate for tool wear) or interruptions other than those due to the end of the shift, day, or week.

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#### SECTION 3

CSP-F

#### 3.1 FEATURES OF CSP-F

CSP-F is a single-level continuous sampling procedure which provides for alternating sequences of 100% inspection and sampling inspection. CSP-F is equivalent to the application of a CSP-1 plan to a specified number of units at a time, thereby permitting a smaller clearance number to be used. The plan may be applied in situations involving short production runs, or it may be applied to one or more production intervals at a time in situations involving time consuming inspection operations (for example, inspection with X-ray equipment) where a larger clearance number could cause a production bottle-See Figure 3-A for a summary of the operations of Table 3-A lists parameters associated with the procedure. AOQ and AOQL for CSP-F relate to the long run average and limit, respectively, over many periods of application of the plan, which in fact are the same as the expected values, respectively, for a single application of the plan.

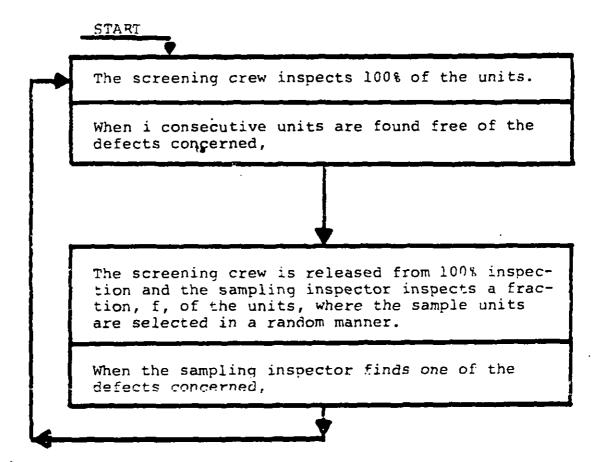
- (b) At least i consecutive units inspected by the screening crew during 100% inspection are found free of the defects concerned.
- (c) None of the i consecutive units found defect-free by the screening crew are found defective by the checking inspector(s). When sampling inspection is begun, screening is terminated and samples are taken at the frequency, f.
- 3.2.3 Return to 100% Inspection Sampling inspection shall be terminated and 100% inspection shall be resumed if any of the conditions described below occur. For critical defects, screening shall begin with the unit of product just after the last defect-free sample unit. (See 1.6.2 for further provisions for critical defects.)
- (a) The production process is interrupted for more than three operating days, or the requirement of 3.2.2(a) is otherwise not satisfied.
- (b) A unit having any of the detects concerned is found by the sampling inspector.
- (c) The units to which the plan was intended to be applied have reached the point of inspection.

The remaining units to be produced will be broken down into one or more groups, and the i value for each group will be determined from Table 3-A. For example, suppose that initially the size of a production run is to be 3,000 units, and subsequently it is determined that the run is to be 4,000 units. After 3,000 units have passed the point of inspection, 100% inspection will be initiated, with an i value associated with N = 1,000.

When 100% inspection is required, the flow of product is curtailed until the screening crew can begin 100% inspection. 100% inspection shall be continued until the requirements of 3.2.2 are met.

3.2.4 Change in Code Letter If it is necessary or desirable to change Sampling Frequency Code Letters, the following applies:

- (a) If the change results in an increase in the sampling frequency, f (and, of course, a decrease in the clearance number, i), the change may be made at the next shift from a screening sequence to a sampling sequence or during a sampling sequence, whichever is the earlier.
- (b) If the change results in a decrease in the sampling frequency, f (and, of course, an increase in the clearance number, i), the change may be made at the next shift from a sampling sequence to a screening sequence or during a screening sequence, whichever is the earlier. (At any time the change may be made by initiating a screening sequence whose clearance number, i, will be that associated with the new code letter.)
- 3.2.5 Ineffective Screening Whenever the checking inspector finds a defect in the product found conforming by the screening crew, the screening crew shall start a new count of consecutive defect-free units, and the actions described in 1.9.2 shall be carried out.
- Long Periods of Screening If, during a period of 100% inspection, a defect is found before finding i consecutive conforming units and the number of units screened is equal to or greater than the appropriate value of S in Table 2-B (before N units have reached the point of inspection), the supplier shall notify the consumer of this occurrence, and corrective action shall be taken to improve the production process. The consumer may, at its option, suspend acceptance immediately or at any time thereafter during the period of 100% inspection until the supplier corrects the cause(s) of the high rate of defectiveness. After effective corrective action has been taken, 100% in-(Note: If several conspection shall be reinitiated. secutive periods of some length N each have passed without going to sampling, and without reaching the S value because N is smaller than S, the consumer reserves the right to cause the supplier to use another sampling plan.)



NOTE: This plan is applied to a specified number of units, N, to be produced in the period considered.

FIGURE 3-A. PROCEDURE FOR CSP-F PLANS

MIL-STD-1235B 10 December 1981

TABLE 3-A-1 Values of i for CSP-F Plans

-	725		0	1	3	6	,03	(	43	7	S	6	0	6	_	m	081		4	6	_	86
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Ē	1/10		0	9	2	9	689	0	1108	42	~	83	08	25	40	54		78	89	3181	55	07
ţ	-4/1		9	9	$\rightarrow$	8	678	0	1082	38	$\mathbf{c}$	82	99	14	2285	40	52	62	7.1	2957	26	67
۵	1/5		9	458	$\boldsymbol{\vdash}$	$\infty$		7	1044	32	S,	7.1	87	00	2125	22	31	40	49	5666	68	18
U	1/4		ထ	449	0	/	4	84	1008	26	46	62	75	87	1974	90	13	20	26	2420	59	80
П	1/3		~	432	8	m	-	6	942	9	32	S	96	65	1725	78	4	99	93	. 2034	14	27
<	1/2		♥	400	4	æ	❖	~	784	N	~	10	15	19	1234	26	7	30	32	1363	40	44
Samp Freq Code Ltr	Ī	Z	-500	1	01-10	01-80	01-1,	,001-1,50	1,501-2,000	,001-3,00	,001-4,00	,001-5,00	01-6,0	,001-7,00	,001-8,00	,001-9,000	,001-100,	0,001-11,00	1,001-12,00	12,001-15,000	5,001-20,00	0,001-30,00

\*AQL's are provided as indices to simplify use of this table, but have no other meaning relative to the plans.

MIL-STD-1235B 10 December 1981

TABLE 3-A-2

Values of i for CSP-F Plans

p Freq e Ltr	$\frac{3}{1/4} \frac{1/5}{1/5} \frac{1/7}{1/10} \frac{1}{10}$	18 332 340 347 353 357 35	00 421 437 442 455 460 46	90 522 540 559 572	97 764 802 843 872 894 91	26 924 981 1043 1088 1122 114	15 1041 1115 1198 1259 1305 134	981 1132 1222 1324 1400 1458 1504	32 1204 1309 1431 1521 1591 164	72 1263 1382 1521 1626 1708 177	04 1321 1442 1600 1719 1813 188	31 1354 1498 1669 1802 1907 199	53 1389 1544 1731 1877 1994 208	72 1420 1584 1786 1945 2073 217	189 1447 1620 1835 2007 2145 2259	29 1509 1706 1958 2163 2334 247	66 1578 1803 2101 2358 2578 276	309 1654 1911 2272 2604 2907 3179	32 1695 1971 2370 2753 3120 346	45 1720 2009 2433 2852 3268 367	THE COCC TELES
Freq A Ltr A A 41	3	18 33	00 42	90 52	97 76	26 92	15 104	81 113	032 120	072 126	104 132	131 135	153 138	172 142	189 144	229 150	266 157	309 165	332 169	345 172	275
00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	144 (2)	28	34	000 41	2,000 54	3,000 61	4,000   66	5,000 69	6,000 71	7,000   72	8,000   74	9,000	10,000 76	-11,000 76	-12,000   77	-15,000 78	-20,000 80	-30,000   81	-40,000 82	-50,000 82	20 000 03-

	1/25		3970	4075	4161	4234	4471	4970	
g	1/15		3460	3525	3578	3621	3759	4030	
ĹŁ	1/10		2974	3015	3048	3074	3157	3300	
ច	1/7		2509	2534	2554	2570	2619	2700	
D	1/5		2054	2068	2380	2389	2117	2160	
υ	1/4		1750	1759	1767	1773	1792	1820	
В	1/3		1362	1367	1371	1374	V8f.₹	1390	
A	1/2		831	833	834	. m	838	340	
Samp Freq Code Ltr	<u> </u>	Z	60.001-70.900	000.001-00.07	80,001-90,000	90,001-100,000	100,001-150,000	150,001 and over	

\*AQL's are provided as indices to simplify use of this table, but have no other meaning relative to the plans.

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TABLE 3-A-3 Values of i for CSP-F Plans

1.500         N         1/2         1/3         1/4         1/5         1/7         1/10         1/15           1500         N         245         284         299         307         316         322         326           501-700         342         420         454         472         492         506         516           701-1,000         434         576         666         760         816         877         417           2,001-2,000         479         666         766         816         877         923         356           3,001-4,000         506         726         843         914         996         1056         1103           4,001-5,000         523         768         905         990         1165         1223         957           5,001-6,000         535         800         953         1051         1165         1223         957           6,001-7,000         551         843         1022         1141         1462         1495           7,001-8,000         551         874         824         991         1090         1165         1253           10,001-10,000         551         875 </th <th>Code Ltr</th> <th>A</th> <th>В</th> <th>U</th> <th>Ω</th> <th>ம</th> <th>ĬŁ.</th> <th>U</th> <th>#    </th>	Code Ltr	A	В	U	Ω	ம	ĬŁ.	U	#   
-500         245         284         299         307         316         322         41           01-700         293         351         377         385         400         407         41           01-1,000         342         420         454         472         492         506         51           001-2,000         434         576         66         760         816         877         923         95           001-4,000         506         726         843         914         996         1056         110           001-5,000         523         768         905         990         1105         1165         132           001-6,000         535         800         953         1051         1167         1256         132           001-8,000         551         824         991         1100         1133         1402         140           001-10,000         551         843         1062         1141         1287         1402         156           0,001-12,000         561         871         1069         1230         1444         1606         174           0,001-12,000         563         892	44 Z	1/2	1/3	1/4	1/5	1/7	1/10	1/15	7
01-700         293         351         377         385         400         407         41           01-1,000         342         420         454         472         492         506         51           001-2,000         434         576         666         760         816         877         953         97           001-4,000         506         726         843         914         996         1056         122           001-5,000         535         800         953         1051         1167         1256         132           001-6,000         535         800         953         1061         1167         1256         132           001-8,000         551         843         1022         1141         1287         1402         149           001-9,000         557         859         1067         1175         1334         1402         156           001-10,000         556         869         1069         1204         1376         1518         163           0,001-12,000         566         892         1108         1304         1444         1606         1712           2,001-12,000         583	-50	マ	œ	9	0	-1	7	~	ന
01-1,000         342         420         454         472         492         506         51           001-2,000         434         576         642         680         721         751         77           001-2,000         479         666         760         816         877         923         77           001-4,000         506         726         843         914         996         1056         110           001-6,000         535         800         953         1051         1167         1256         132           001-6,000         544         824         991         1100         1232         1334         141           001-7,000         551         824         991         1100         1232         1334         141           001-10,000         551         843         1022         1141         1287         1402         1493           0,001-10,000         565         882         1069         1230         1442         1666         174           1,001-12,000         568         892         1039         1251         1444         1606         174           2,001-20,000         583         935	01-10	σ	S	7	8	Ô	0	_	4
,001-2,000         434         576         642         680         721         751         77           ,001-3,000         479         666         760         816         877         953         10           ,001-4,000         506         726         843         914         996         1056         110           ,001-5,000         535         768         905         990         1090         1165         122           ,001-6,000         544         824         991         1100         1232         1334         141           ,001-8,000         551         843         1022         1141         1287         1402         1491           ,001-10,000         551         871         1069         1204         1376         1515         163           ,001-10,000         561         871         1069         1230         1412         1563         168           0,001-12,000         565         882         1069         1251         1444         1606         174           2,001-12,000         565         882         1103         1230         1444         1606         174           2,001-20,000         583         9	01-1,000	4	Š	2	$\sim$	σ	0	-	Ω
,001-3,000         479         666         760         816         877         923         95           ,001-4,000         506         726         843         914         996         1056         110           ,001-5,000         523         768         905         990         1090         1165         122           ,001-6,000         535         800         953         1061         1232         1334         1491           ,001-8,000         551         843         1022         1141         1287         1402         1491           ,001-9,000         557         859         1047         1175         1334         1462         156           ,001-10,000         561         871         1069         1204         1376         1515         163           0,001-11,000         565         882         1069         1230         1412         1563         168           1,001-12,000         565         882         1089         1230         1444         1606         174           2,001-12,000         568         892         1103         1363         1620         1712         187           2,001-20,000         583	,001-2,00	$\mathbf{c}$	~	4	œ	~	S	~	7
,001-4,000         506         726         843         914         996         1056         112           ,001-5,000         523         768         905         990         1090         1165         122           ,001-6,000         535         800         953         1051         1167         1256         132           ,001-7,000         544         824         991         1100         1232         1334         1402         1495           ,001-8,000         551         843         1022         1141         1287         1402         1492           ,001-10,000         557         859         1047         1175         1334         1462         156           ,001-11,000         561         871         1069         1230         1412         163         163           ,001-12,000         565         882         1103         1230         1444         1606         174           2,001-15,000         576         912         1139         1303         1522         1712         187           2,001-15,000         583         935         1178         1359         1610         1838         204           0,001-30,000	,001-3,00	_	9	9	$\leftarrow$	~	2	Ŋ	86
,001-5,000         523         768         905         990         1090         1165         125         132           ,001-6,000         535         800         953         1051         1167         1256         132           ,001-6,000         544         824         991         1100         1232         1334         141           ,001-8,000         551         859         1047         1175         1334         1462         156           ,001-10,000         561         871         1069         1204         1376         1515         163           0,001-11,000         565         882         1089         1230         1412         1563         168           1,001-12,000         565         882         1103         1251         1444         1606         174           2,001-15,000         565         882         1103         1251         1444         1606         174           2,001-15,000         568         892         1103         1251         1444         1606         174           5,001-20,000         583         935         1178         1363         1610         1836         226           0,001-30,000 <td>,001-4,00</td> <td>0</td> <td>2</td> <td>4</td> <td>-</td> <td>6</td> <td>0.5</td> <td>10</td> <td></td>	,001-4,00	0	2	4	-	6	0.5	10	
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,001-7,000         544         824         991         1100         1232         1334         141           ,001-8,000         551         843         1022         1141         1287         1402         1492         1492         1492         1492         1492         1492         1492         1492         1563         1683         1693         1693         1693         1693         1694         1694         1696         1712         1873         1874         1694         1606         1712         1873         1694         1606         1712         1873         1606         1712         1873         1606         1712         1873         1606         1712         1873         1606         1712         1874         1606         1712         1874         1873         1883         204         204         207         259         2077         259         2	,001-6,00	C	0	S	05	16	25	32	m
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0,001-11,000         565         882         1089         1230         1412         1563         168           1,001-12,000         568         892         1103         1251         1444         1606         174           2,001-15,000         576         912         1139         1303         1522         1712         187           5,001-20,000         583         935         1178         1359         1610         1838         204           0,001-30,000         591         958         1220         1420         1710         1990         226           0,001-40,000         594         970         1242         1453         1765         2077         239           0,001-50,000         594         977         1255         1473         1800         2133         248           0,001-60,000         598         982         1265         1487         1824         2172         254	,001-10,000	φ	~	90	20	37	51	63	-
1,001-12,000     568     892     1103     1251     1444     1606     174       2,001-15,000     576     912     1139     1303     1522     1712     187       5,001-20,000     591     958     1220     1420     1710     1990     226       0,001-40,000     594     970     1242     1453     1765     2077     239       0,001-50,000     597     977     1255     1473     1800     2133     248       0,001-60,000     5982     1265     1487     1824     2172     254	0,001-11,00	9	œ	08	23	41	56	68	179
2,001-15,000       576       912       1139       1303       1522       1712       187         5,001-20,000       583       935       1178       1359       1610       1838       204         0,001-30,000       594       970       1242       1453       1710       1990       226         0,001-50,000       597       977       1255       1473       1800       2133       248         0,001-60,000       598       982       1265       1487       1824       2172       254	1,001-12,00	9	ð	10	25	44	09	74	$\boldsymbol{\omega}$
5,001-20,000       583       935       1178       1359       1610       1838       204         0,001-30,000       594       970       1242       1453       1765       2077       239         0,001-50,000       597       977       1255       1473       1800       2133       248         0,001-60,000       598       982       1265       1487       1824       2172       254	2,001-15,00	7	_	13	30	52	71	87	0
0,001-30,000     591     958     1220     1420     1710     1990     226       0,001-40,000     594     970     1242     1453     1765     2077     239       0,001-50,000     597     977     1255     1473     1800     2133     248       0,001-60,000     598     982     1265     1487     1824     2172     254	5,001-20,00	Ø	$\sim$	17	35	61	83	04	~
0,001-40,000     594     970     1242     1453     1765     2077     239       0,001-50,000     598     982     1265     1487     1824     2172     254	0,001-30,00	o,	S	22	42	7	66	26	'n
0,001-50,000   597 977 1255 1473 1800 2133 248 0,001-60,000   598 982 1265 1487 1824 2172 254	0,001-40,00	σ	~	24	45	9/	07	39	~
0,001-60,000   598 982 1265 1487 1824 2172 254	0,001-50,00	6	7	25	47	80	13	48	284
	0,001-60,00	σ	œ	26	48	82	17	54	σ

1/2   1/3   1/4   1/5   1/7	Samp Freq Code Ltr	ď	В	υ	Ω	យ	Ē	g	×
599       985       1271       1497       1841       2201       2591         600       988       1276       1505       1855       2224       2628         600       990       1280       1511       1865       2241       2657         600       994       1283       1516       1874       2256       2681         600       1000       1310       1550       1940       2370       2890	£	1/2	1/3	1/4	1/5	1/7	1/10	1/15	1/25
599       985       1271       1497       1841       2201       2591         600       988       1276       1505       1855       2224       2628         600       990       1280       1511       1865       2241       2657         600       994       1283       1516       1874       2256       2681         600       1000       1310       1550       1940       2370       2890	Z								
599     1276     1505     1855     2224     2628       600     990     1280     1511     1865     2241     2657       600     994     1283     1516     1874     2256     2681       600     1000     1310     1550     1940     2370     2890			0	1271	1407	α	רחככ	2591	3025
600     988     1276     1505     1855     2224     2628       600     990     1280     1511     1865     2241     2657       600     994     1283     1516     1874     2256     2681       600     1000     1310     1550     1940     2370     2890	000'01-100'09 1		780	T / 7 T	) C L T	0	1027	1 1 1 1	
600 990 1280 1511 1865 2241 2657 600 994 1283 1516 1874 2256 2681 600 1000 1310 1550 1940 2370 2890	000,001-80,00	_	988	1276	1505	$\varpi$	2224	2628	3088
600 994 1283 1516 1874 2256 2681 600 1000 1310 1550 1940 2370 2890	000 00 100 00		000	1280	15,11	$\alpha$	2241	2657	3138
600 1000 1310 1550 1940 2370 2890	000,08-100,08		2 4		1516	0	2256	2691	טמור
600 1000 1310 1550 1940 2370 2890	000,001-100,06		474	T 2 8 3	OTCT	0	0677	TOOZ	0 1 7
	100.001 and over		1000	1310	1550	9	2370	2890	3570

\*AQL's are provided as indices to simplify use of this table, but have no other meaning relative to the plans.

TABLE 3-A-4

Values of i for CSP-F Plans

.040%

VOT. -VOOL -

Ħ	1/25		œ	$\sim$	3		887		05	12	18		28	32	36	46	1595	75	85	92	96	2004	2215
ٯ	1/15		æ	2	Н	748	S	സ	00	05	10	1153	19	1227	25	3	~	53	59	1635	99	8	1800
[in	1/10		7	~	φ	$\vdash$		~	C	~	02		0	11	13	18	S	32	35	38	39	1411	1470
មា	1/7		9	0	9	9	744	0	4	$\boldsymbol{\omega}$	$\boldsymbol{\vdash}$		960		6	03	~	11	13	1153	16	17	1205
_	1/5		Ŋ	8	2	0	9		4	9	œ	0		$\sim$	4	9	888	_	~		4	7	965
U	1/4		L)	9	$\infty$	Ŋ	0	~	9	~	9	0	715	2	$\sim$	4	9		œ	Φ	σ		810
ជ	1/3		ሮጎ	$\sim$	~	474		$\sim$	$\sim$	550	S		~	$\sim$	$\infty$	$\infty$	598	0	7	615	-	_	620
K	1/2		9	S	0	324	3	4	4	352	S	'n	S	361	9	9	9	~	~	373	~	~	375
Samp Freq Code Ltr	<u> </u>	Z	1-500	501-1,000	01-2,0	1-3,	3,001-4,000	01-5,0	01-6,00		-8,0	000'6-100'8	0,01-100,	01-11,0	,001-12,00	,001-15,0	,001-20,00	0,001-30,00	,001-40,00	0,001-50,	,001-60,00	000,001-70,000	70,001 and over

\*AQL's are provided as indices to simplify use of this table, but have no other meaning relative to the plans.

TABLE 3-A-5

Values of i for CSP-F Plans

Samp Freq Code Ltr	K	Ø	υ	۵	ធា	Ĺų	ၒ	Ξ
£	1/2	1/3	1/4	1/5	1/7	1/10	1/15	1/25
Z								
1-500		ō	0	_	2	C	~	4
201-1,000	œ	S	œ	0	O	4	S	9
1,001-2,000	213	312	9		4	~	σ	~
,001-3	2	3	0	S		S	8	7
,001-4,00	7	S	434	489	558	614	629	697
-5,00	m	Ó	S	-	6	Š		9
001-6,00	$\sim$	~	9	~	_	φ	9	$\blacksquare$
,001-7,00	$\mathbf{c}$	~	~	7	3	2	σ	9
001-8	238	380	479	552	654	746	828	902
,001-9,00	m	æ		9		9	S	m
	4	œ	œ	9	7	æ	~	9
0,001-11,00	4	8	6	~	œ	9	9	9
,001-12,00	4	6	9	~	O	0	$\vdash$	02
2,001-15	242	394	0	588		L)	959	1082
,001-20,00	4	σ	511	0	732	867		15
20,001-30,000	4	0	-	$\neg$	Ŋ	0	90	24
0,001-40	245		~	617	9		. 1090	1292
0		405	530	C	790	965	18	45

\*AQL's are provided as indices to simplify use of this table, but have no other meaning relative to the plans.

TABLE 3-A-6

Values of i for CSP-F Plans

AQL\* - ( AOQL -

}	A B	  -	ی	Q	ធ	<u> </u>	ט :	<b>=</b>
7/5	7	<u>س</u> ا	1/4	1/5	1/7	1/10	1/15	1/25
~	7	57	$\infty$	6	0			~
Ŋ		7	4	9	œ	0	$\overline{}$	~
~		0.0	$\boldsymbol{\vdash}$	4	~	$\overline{}$	m	S
180	27	78	340	382	434	477	511	
8		88	Ľ	0	9	2		605
ω			9	2	6	'n		S
188	30	0	377	434	512	582	645	700
ø			$\infty$	4	2	0	7	~
6			$\boldsymbol{\omega}$	4	$\sim$	$\overline{}$	9	9
6			σ	S	4	$\sim$	_	9
			6	'n	ഹ	4	m	-
9			σ	9	'n	Ŋ	4	'n
192	.31	2	398	465	564	662	160	857
9			0	~	7	8	9	0
9			0	œ	œ	0	2	S
6			$\vdash$	œ	0	7	S	01
194	32	1.	415	491	809	734	877	1048
o j				on .	$\vdash$	4	$\boldsymbol{\omega}$	90

\*AQL's are provided as indices to simplify use of this table, but have no other meaning relative to the plans.

TABLE 3-A-7

Values of i for CSP-F Plans

AQL\* -AOQL -

1/2 1/3 1/4 103 138 155 119 173 201 130 199 242	B C 33 1/ 73 20 99 24	NO 4	<b>4</b> 1	1/5 1/5 164 219 271	E 177 174 239 306	.F. 1/10 182 254 335	G 1/15 187 266 358	192 275 377
	wa w		7 7	7	7	<b>™</b> ⊢ α	45 8	40 0
	137 138 138	221 223 224	281 284 . 287	326 331	390 398 404	451 463 473	508 526 541	561 586 607
<b>_</b> _	ורו רי	N 63	· ω σ	\C 4	0	œ œ	ം വ	2 4
	139 139	227	. 291 293	342 343	417.	493 498	572 579	654 666
	44	3.2	9	4 N	3.2	9.0	6	6 2
	140	232	300	355 360	440	531 550	635	760 828

\*AQL's are provided as indices to simplify use of this table, but have no other meaning relative to the plans.

TABLE 3-A-8

Values of i for CSP-F Plans

AQL\* -AOQL -

Samp Freq Code Ltr	A	В	, o	. Ω	ធ	Ŀ	ט	I
3	1/2	1/3	1/4	1/5	1/1	1/10	1/15	1/25
Z								
1-500			-4	~	C	4	4	Ŋ
501-1,000		$\vdash$	4	S	~	8	0	O
01-2,00	81	127	158	181	211		S	
2,001-3,000		$\mathbf{c}$	9	6	2	9	9	-
3,001-4,000		3	7	6		276	312	34.
,001-5,00		~	~	0	4	œ	~	7
,001-6,00		'n	~	0	4	9	m	œ
6,001-7,000	84	137	176	0	5	9	4	9
,001-8,00		$\mathbf{c}$	$\sim$	0	Ŋ	0	S	0
,001-9,00		C)	177	209	256	305	358	416
,001-10		3	7	0	5	0	9	~
01-11,0	84	138	178	210	259	310	366	430
1,0		m	~	~	9	$\overline{}$	9	3
,001-15,0		Ē	$\boldsymbol{\omega}$	$\boldsymbol{\vdash}$	9	$\vdash$	~	4
,001-20,0		4	œ	-	9	2	8	9
20,001 and over	84	140	182	217	270	335	410	500

\*AQL's are provided as indices to simplify use of this table, but have no other meaning relative to the plans.

TABLE 3-A-9

Values of i for CSP-F Plans

AQL\* AOQL

=	15 1/25		13 11	49 15	85 20	102 227	13 24	20 25	25 26	29 . 26	231 273	34 27		37 28	29	55 31
E.	1/10 1/	; •	90	38	65	177 2	84	88	91	94	95	7	86	66	201	07
ក	1/1		00	~	4	151	S	Ŋ	ø	9	9	163	9	9	166	9
Ω	1/5		6	0	2	125	2	N	3	3	m	132	•	3	134	C
ບ	1/4		82	96	0	108	0		_	$\vdash$	_	112	~	-	113	-
ß	1/3		69	78	83	84	82					87	87	87	87	87
«	1/2		47	20	52		53	53	53	53		53	53	53	53	
Samp Freq Code Ltr	4	Z	1-500	501-1.000	1,001-2,000	2.001-3.000	3,001-4,000	4.001-5.000	001-6	1-7.	1-8,		9,001-10,000	10.001-11.000		115.001 and over

\*AQL's are provided as indices to simplify use of this table, but have no other meaning relative to the plans.

TABLE 3-A-10

Values of i for CSP-F Plans

0.658

AQL\* -AOQL -

Ξ	1/25		95	123	152	167	176	182	195	210
v	1/15		90	114	136	145	151	154	162	170
Ĺ	1/10		84	104	120	125	128	131	135	138
បា	1/7		7.7	92	102	106	108	109	112	113
۵	1/5		89	7.8	84	87	88	88	90	91
υ	1/4		61	68	72	74	7.5	75	92	9.
æ	1/3		20	54	57	58	58	58	59	59
Ą	1/2		33	35	35	36	36	36	36	36
Samp Freg Code Ltr	Į.	Z	1-500	501-1,000	1,001-2,000	2,001-3,000	3,001-4,000	4,001-5,000	5,001-10,000	10,001 and over

73 92 109 117 121 124 130 134 68 83 95 102 104 107 108 63 74 81 84 86 87 89 89 56 64 69 70 71 49 54 56 57 58 58 58 58 0 4 4 0 38 38 35 38 38 38 23 23 23 23 23 23 ,001 and over 1.0% 1.22% 4,001-5,000 5,001-10,000 2,001-3,000 3,001-4,000 1,001-2,000 501-1,000 1-500 AQL\* AOQL

this table, but have no other of use \*AQL's are provided as indices to simplify meaning relative to the plans.

TABLE 3-A-11

TABLE 3-A-12

Values of i for CSP-F Plans

AQL\* -AOQL -

Samp Freq Code Ltr         A         B         C         D         E         F         G           1-500 N         I         1/2         1/3         1/4         1/5         1/7         1/15         1/15         1/15         1/15         1/15         1/15         1/15         1/15         1/15         1/16		I/25	:	55	99	7.5	19	81	. 82	83	84	84	85	85	
Samp Freq       A       B       C       D       E         Code Ltr       I       I/2       I/3       I/4       I/5       I/7         N       N       I       <	ی	1/15		20	59	64	99	29	89	69	69	69	69	70	70
Samp Freq       A       B       C       D         Code Ltr       I       I/2       I/3       I/4       I/5         N       I       I       I/3       I/4       I/5         500       I       I       I/3       I/4       I/5         500       I       I       I/4       I/5       I/5         1-1,000       I       I       I/4       I/5       I/4         101-2,000       I       I/5       I/2       I/4       I/4         101-3,000       I/5       I/5       I/4       I/4<	ניי	01/1		45	51	54	56	26	57	57	5.7	57	53	57	57
Samp Freq       A       B       C         Code Ltr       A       B       C         I       I/2       I/3       I/4         I       I       I/2       I/3       I/4         I       I       I/3       I/4         I       I/3       I/4       I/4         I       I       I/4       I/4       I/4         I       I       I/4       I/4       I/4       I/4         I       I       I/4       I/4       I/4       I/4         I       I       I/4       I/4 <t< td=""><td>ធា</td><td></td><td></td><td>40</td><td>43</td><td>46</td><td>46</td><td>47</td><td>47</td><td>47</td><td>47</td><td>47</td><td>47</td><td>47</td><td>4.7</td></t<>	ធា			40	43	46	46	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	4.7
Samp Freq A B Code Ltr A B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B	٥	1/5		34	36	37	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38
Samp Freq Code Ltr N 500 1-1,000 101-2,000 101-3,000 101-4,000 101-4,000 101-6,000 101-6,000 101-7,000 101-8,000 101-10,000	. n	1/4		29	31	32	32	32							
Samp Freq A Code Ltr A N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	æ	1/3		23					25	25	25	25	. 52		
Samp Freq Code Ltr f 1-500 501-1,000 1,001-2,000 2,001-3,000 3,001-4,000 4,001-5,000 6,001-7,000 6,001-7,000 7,001-8,000 8,001-9,000 10,001 and over	K	1/2		15	15				. 15					15	15
	Samp Freq Code Ltr		Z	1-500	1-1,	001-2	001-3,	001-4,	4,001-5,000	9-100'	,001-7,0	,001-8	,001-9		10,001 and over

\*AQL's are provided as indices to simplify use of this table, but have no other meaning relative to the plans.

#### SECTION 4

#### CSP-2

#### 4.1 FEATURES OF CSP-2

CSP-2 is a type of single-level continuous sampling procedure which provides for alternating sequences of 100% inspection and sampling inspection with no limits as to the number of such sequences. CSP-2 requires a return to 100% inspection whenever two defective units are found separated by fewer than i consecutive sampled units but does not require return to 100% inspection if i or more consecutive defect-free sample units separate two defective units. CSP-2 shall not be used for inspection for critical defects (see also 1.6.2). See Figure 4-A for a summary of the operation of CSP-2. Tables 4-A and 4-B list parameters associated with the procedure.

### 4.2 DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE

- 4.2.1 <u>Initiation of Production</u> At the start of production, each unit of product shall be inspected by the screening crew. Checking inspection shall be performed concurrently at a frequency f or more often on the units passed by the screening crew (see 4.2.5).
- 4.2.2 <u>Sampling Inspection</u> Sampling inspection normally is initiated when the following requirements are satisfied:
- (a) All units of product are made according to the same drawings and specifications under stable conditions of production. This requirement, which is termed homogeneity, is usually satisfied when the production process is not altered by innovation, significant changes in materials, strikes, retooling (other than that due to routine changes to compensate for tool wear) or interruptions other than those due to the end of the shift, day, or week.
- (b) At least i consecutive units inspected by the screening crew during 100% inspection are found free of the defects concerned.
- (c) None of the i consecutive units found defect-free by the screening crew are found defective by the checking inspector(s). When sampling inspection is begun, screening is terminated and samples are taken at the frequency, f.

- 4.2.3 Return to 100% Inspection Sampling inspection shall be terminated and 100% inspection shall be resumed upon the occurrence of one or both of the conditions described below:
- (a) The production process is interrupted for more than three operating days, or the requirement of 4.2.2(a) is otherwise not satisfied.
- (b) Fewer than i consecutive defect-free sample units separate two defective sample units.

When 100% inspection is required, the flow of product is curtailed until the screening crew can begin 100% inspection. 100% inspection shall be continued until the requirements of 4.2.2 are met.

- 4.2.4 Change in Code Letter If it is necessary or desirable to change Sampling Frequency Code Letters, the following applies:
- (a) If the change results in an increase in the sampling frequency, f (and, of course, a decrease in the clearance number, i), the change may be made at the next shift from a screening sequence to a sampling sequence or during a sampling sequence, whichever is the earlier.
- (b) If the change results in a decrease in the sampling frequency, f (and, of course, an increase in the clearance number, i), the change may be made at the next shift from a sampling sequence to a screening sequence or during a screening sequence, whichever is the earlier. (At any time the change may be made by initiating a screening sequence whose clearance number, i, will be that associated with the new code letter.)
- 4.2.5 Ineffective Screening Whenever the checking inspector finds a defect in the product found conforming by the screening crew, the screening crew shall start a new count of consecutive defect-free units, and the actions described in 1.9.2 shall be carried out.
- 4.2.6 Long Periods of Screening If, during a period of 100% inspection, a defect is found before finding i consecutive conforming units and the number of

units screened is equal to or greater than the appropriate value of S in Table 4-B, the supplier will notify the consumer of this occurrence, and corrective action shall be taken to improve the production process. The consumer may, at its option, suspend acceptance immediately or at any time thereafter during the period of 100% acceptance until the supplier corrects the cause(s) of the high rate of defectives. After effective corrective action has been taken, 100% inspection shall be reinitiated.

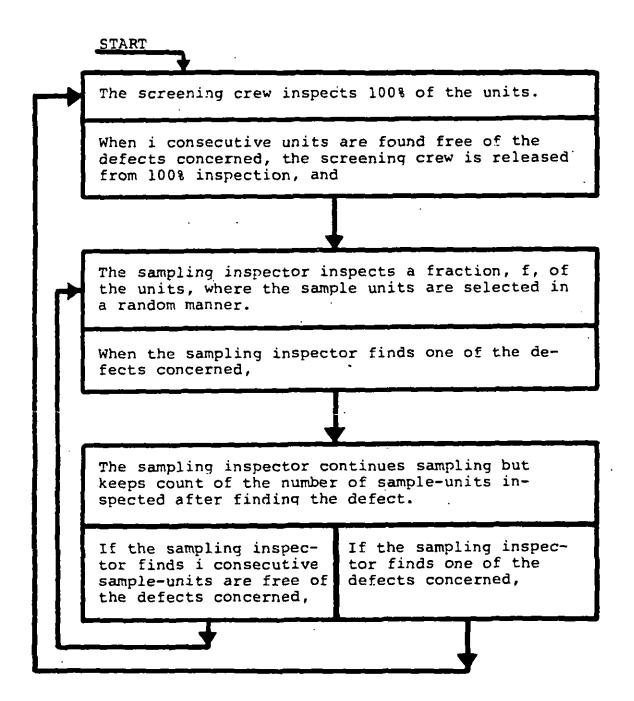


FIGURE 4-A. PROCEDURE FOR CSP-2 PLANS

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TABLE 4-A Values of i for CSP-2 Plans

				-								<del></del> -
	10.0	4	7	œ	6	11	13	15.	18	22	11.46	
	6.5	7	10	12	14	1.7	20	24	29	36	7.12	
	4.0	6	14	18	20	25	29	35	42	52	4.94	     
in &	2.5	. 15	24	30	35	42	20	59	7.1	<b>8</b> 0 <b>8</b> 0	2.90	
AQL* in	1.5	23	. 36	45	25	64	92	90	109	134	1.90	in &
	1.0	35	55	70	81	66	118	140	170	210	1.22	AOQL in
	0.65	54	98	109	127	155	185	220	265	330	0.79	
	0.40	80	128	162	190	230	275	330	395	490	0.53	
	£	1/2	1/3	1/4	1/5	1/7	1/10	1/15	1/25	1/50		
Fred	Ltr	. A .	Ø	υ	۵	<u></u> ы	Œ,		Ξ.	I,J,K		
	_											

\*AQL's are provided as indices to simplify use of this table, but have no other meaning relative to the plans.

TABLE 4-B
Values of S for CSP-2 Plans

Samp Freq					AQL* in	in &			
Ltr	f	0.40	0.65	1.0	1.5	2.5	4.0	6.5	10.0
4	1/2	145	105	68	. 45	32	20	19	11
Ø	1/3	322	235	151	100	70	42	. 33	27
υ	1/4	473	352	288	138	106	63	46	34
۵	1/5	746	461	296	181	141	16	62	42
ы	1/1	902	687	431	274	199	115	91	62
[24	1/10	1380	987	809	386	292	154	132	91
ָט	1/15	1990	1480	946	266	440	243	200	127
I	1/25	3090	2265	1455	902	652	368	334	212
I,J,K	1/50	5400	3980	2540	1625	1165	642	601	352
		0.53	0.79	1.22	1.90	2.90	4.94	7.12	11.46
•			-		AOQL in	. 8 u			

\*AQL's are provided as indices to simplify use of this table, but have no other meaning relative to the plans.

- 5.2.3 Return to 100% Inspection Sampling inspection shall be terminated and 100% inspection shall be resumed if either or both of the conditions described below occur.
- (a) The production process is interrupted for more than three operating days, or the requirement of 5.2.2(a) is otherwise not satisfied.
- (b) A unit having any of the defects concerned is found by the sampling inspector.

When 100% inspection is required, the flow of product is curtailed until the screening crew can begin 100% inspection. 100% inspection shall be continued until the requirements of 5.2.2 are met.

- 5.2.4 Change in Code Letter If it is necessary or desirable to change Sampling Frequency Code Letters, the following applies:
- (a) If the change results in an increase in the sampling frequency, f (and, of course, a decrease in the clearance number, i), the change may be made at the next shift from a screening sequence to a sampling sequence or during a sampling sequence, whichever is the earlier.
- (b) If the change results in a decrease in the sampling frequency, f (and, of course, an increase in the clearance number, i), the change may be made at the next shift from a sampling sequence to a screening sequence or during a screening sequence, whichever is the earlier. (At any time the change may be made by initiating a screening sequence whose clearance number, i, will be that associated with the new code letter.)
- 5.2.5 Ineffective Screening Whenever the checking inspector finds a defect in the product found conforming by the screening crew, the screening crew shall start a new count of consecutive defect-free units, and the actions described in 1.9.2 shall be carried out.

# SECTION 5

#### CSP-T

#### 5.1 FEATURES OF CSP-T

CSP-T is a multi-level continuous sampling procedure which provides for alternating sequences of 100% inspection and sampling inspection. CSP-T requires a return to 100% inspection whenever a nonconforming unit is discovered during sampling inspection, but provides for a reduced sampling frequency upon demonstration of superior product quality. CSP-T shall not be used for inspection for critical defects (see also 1.6.2). See Figure 5-A for a summary of the operation of CSP-T. Tables 5-A and 5-B list parameters associated with the procedure.

#### 5.2 DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE

- 5.2.1 Initiation of Production At the start of production, each unit of product shall be inspected by the screening crew. Checking inspection shall be performed concurrently at frequency f or more often on the units passed by the screening crew (see 5.2.5).
- 5.2.2 <u>Sampling Inspection</u> Sampling inspection normally is initiated when the following requirements are satisfied:
- (a) All units of product are made according to the same drawings and specifications under stable conditions of production. This requirement, which is termed homogeneity, is usually satisfied when the production process is not altered by innovation, significant changes in materials, strikes, retooling (other than that due to routine changes to compensate for tool wear) or interruptions other than those due to the end of the shift, day, or week.
- (b) At least i consecutive units inspected by the screening crew during 100% inspection are found free of the defects concerned.
- (c) None of the i consecutive units found defect-free by the screening crew are found defective by the checking inspector(s). When sampling inspection is begun, screening is terminated and samples are taken at the frequency f. The sampling frequency may be reduced subject to the conditions shown on Figure 5-A.

5.2.6 Long Periods of Screening If, during a period of 100% inspection, a defect is found before finding i consecutive conforming units and the number of units screened is equal to or greater than the appropriate value of S in Table 5-B, the supplier shall notify the consumer of this occurrence, and corrective action shall be taken to improve the production process. The consumer may, at its option, suspend acceptance immediately or at any time thereafter during the period of 100% inspection until the supplier corrects the cause(s) of the high rate of defectives. After effective corrective action has been taken, 100% inspection shall be reinitiated.

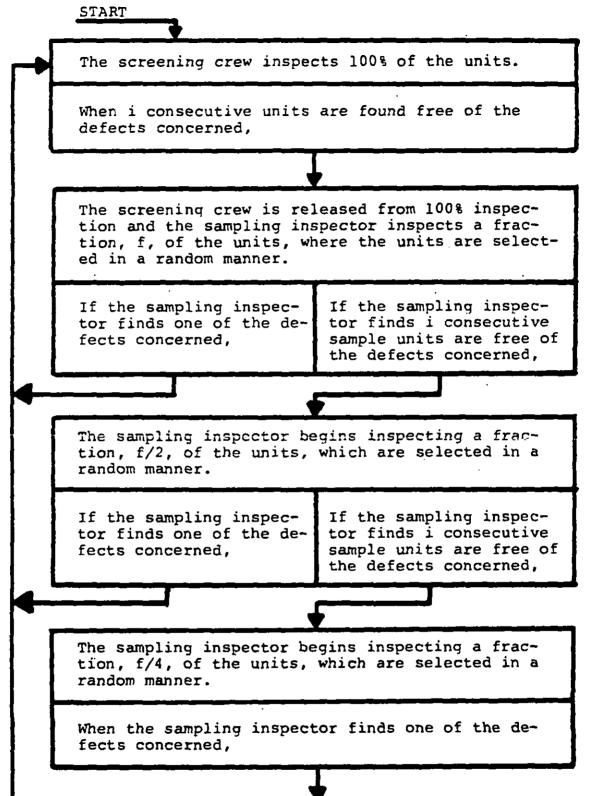


FIGURE 5-A. PROCEDURE FOR CSP-T PLANS

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TABLE 5-A Values of i for CSP-T Plans

Samp					AQL* in	in 8			
Ltr	Ħ	0.40	0.65	1.0	1.5	2,5	4.0	6.5	10.0
4	1/2	87	58	38	25	16	10	7	ហ
m	1/3	116	78	51	33	22	13	6	9
υ	1/4	139	93	61	39	24	15	11	7
۵	1/5	158	106	69	44	29	17	12	80
ы	1/7	189	127	82	53.	35	21	14	6
Ŀı	1/10	.224	150	64	63	41	24	17	11
v	1/15	997	179	116	74	49	59	20	13
<u>н</u>	1/25	324	217	141	90	59	35	24	15
н	1/50	409	274	177	114	75	44	30	19
J,K	1/100	499	335	217	139	91	53	37	23
		0.53	0.79	1.22	1.90	2.90	4.94	7.12	11.46
			,		AOOL in				

this table, but have no other meaning \*AQL's are provided as indices to simplify use of relative to the plans.

TABLE 5-B

Values of S for CSP-T Plans

Samp					AQL* in	in 8			
Ltr	f	0.40	0.65	1.0	1.5	2.5	4.0	6.5	10.0
A	1/2	159	117	.77	52	34	. 22	13	12
æ	1/3	256	197	128	80	59	35	25	18
υ	1/4	379	253	167	103	78	43	38	24
Ω	1/5	444	320	210	130	. 93	54	43	30
ស	1/7	725	460	289	188	137	81	. 59	34
Įž.,	1/10	857	619	398	, 197	189	104	88	28
υ	1/15	1254	006	584	368	376	152	126	84
×	1/25	1885	1396	923	545	421	235	198	122
н	1/50	3283	2477	1604	1013	764	408	374	223
Э,К	1/100	5753	4541	. 2948	1754	1341	108	653	391
		0.53	0.79	1.22	1.90	2.90	4.94	7.12	11.46
	·				AOQL in	تا مە			

\*AQL's are provided as indices to simplify use of this table, but have no other meaning relative to the plans.

#### SECTION 6

CSP-V

## 6.1 FEATURES OF CSP-V

CSP-V is a single-level continuous sampling procedure which provides for alternating sequences of 100% inspection and sampling inspection. CSP-V requires a return to 100% inspection whenever a nonconforming unit is discovered during sampling inspection, but provides for a reduced clearance number upon demonstration of superior product quality. It can be beneficially applied in those situations where there is no advantage to reducing sampling frequencies in the good quality situation; for example, when the inspector would merely have more idle time if the sampling frequency were reduced. CSP-V shall not be used for inspection for critical defects (see also 1.6.2). See Figure 6-A for a summary of the operation of CSP-V. Tables 6-A and 6-B list parameters associated with the procedure.

# 6.2 DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE

- 6.2.1 Initiation of Production At the start of production, each unit of product shall be inspected by the screening crew. Checking inspection shall be performed concurrently at a frequency f or more often on the units passed by the screening crew (see 6.2.5).
- 6.2.2 Sampling Inspection Sampling inspection normally is initiated when the following requirements are satisfied:
- (a) All units of product are made according to the same drawings and specifications under stable conditions of production. This requirement, which is termed homogeneity, is usually satisfied when the production process is not altered by innovation, significant changes in materials, strikes, retooling (other than that due to routine changes to compensate for tool wear) or interruptions other than those due to the end of the shift, day, or week.
- (b) At least i (or x if appropriate) consecutive units inspected by the screening crew during 100% inspection are found free of the defects concerned.

- (c) None of the i (or x if appropriate) consecutive units found defect-free by the screening crew are found defective by the checking inspector(s). When sampling inspection is begun, screening is terminated and samples are taken at the frequency, f.
- 6.2.3 Return to 100% Inspection Sampling inspection shall be terminated and 100% inspection shall be resumed if either or both of the conditions described below occur. The appropriate clearance number will be determined according to the procedural rules shown in Figure 6-A.
- (a) The production process is interrupted for more than three operating days, or the requirement of 6.2.2(a) is otherwise not satisfied.
- (b) A unit having any of the defects concerned is found by the sampling inspector.

When 100% inspection is required, the flow of product is curtailed until the screening crew can begin 100% inspection. 100% inspection shall be continued until the requirements of 6.2.2 are met.

- 6.2.4 Change in Code Letter If it is necessary or desirable to change Sampling Frequency Code Letters, the following applies:
- (a) If the change results in an increase in the sampling frequency, f (and, of course, a decrease in the clearance number, i), the change may be made at the next shift from a screening sequence to a sampling sequence or during a sampling sequence, whichever is the earlier.
- (b) If the change results in a decrease in the sampling frequency, f (and, of course, an increase in the clearance number, i), the change may be made at the next shift from a sampling sequence to a screening sequence or during a screening sequence, whichever is the earlier. (At any time the change may be made by initiating a screening sequence whose clearance number, i, will be that associated with the new code letter.)

- 6.2.5 Ineffective Screening Whenever the checking inspector finds a defect in the product found conforming by the screening crew, the screening crew shall start a new count of consecutive defect-free units, and the actions described in 1.9.2 shall be carried out.
- 6.2.6 Long Periods of Screening If, during a period of 100% inspection, a defect is found before finding i consecutive conforming units and the number of units screened is equal to or greater than the appropriate value of S in Table 6-B, the supplier shall notify the consumer of this occurrence, and corrective action shall be taken to improve the production process. The consumer may, at its option, suspend acceptance immediately or at any time thereafter during the period of 100% inspection until the supplier corrects the cause(s) of the high rate of defectives. After effective corrective action has been taken, 100% inspection shall be reinitiated.

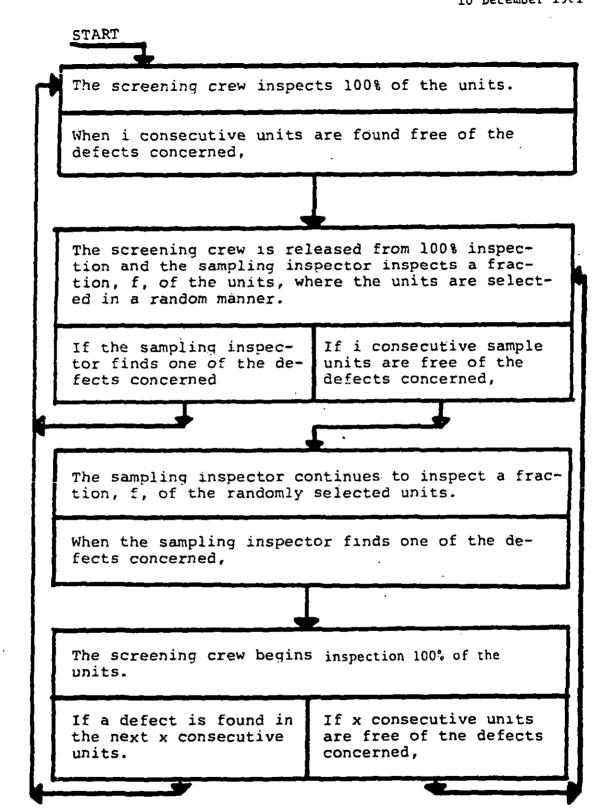


FIGURE 6-A. PROCEDURE FOR CSP-V PLANS

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TABLE 6-A Values of i and x for CSP-V Plans

					101		)	i		
Samp					A	AQL* in &				
Code	Ę	0.40	0.65	1.0	1.5	2.5	4.0	6.5	10.0	
A	1/2	09	39	27	18	12	6	9	3	.,
		20	13	6	9	4	m	2	~	×
m	1/3	96	63	42	27	18	12	6	9	-1
		32	21	14	σ	9	4	m	2	×
ບ 	1/4	120	81		36	24	15	12	9	٠,-
		40	27	18		α	S	4	7	×
۵	1/5	144	96	63		27	18	12	6	·
	•	48	-		14	o,	9	4	٣	×
n n	1/7	177	120	7.8	51	33	21	15	6	·H
		59	40				7	'n	ю	×
Ŀ,	1/10	213	144	93	09	39	24	18	12	·
		71	48				σ	Q	₽	×
<u></u>	1/15	258	174	11.4	72	48	30	21	12	
		98	58	38	24	16	10	7	4	×
=	1/25	318	213	138	90	09	36	24	15	·
		106	7.1		30		12	8	ហ	×
Н	1/50	405	273	177	114	75	45	30	21	٠,-
		3	91		38		. 15	10	7	×
ל	1/100	498	333	216	138	90	54	39	24	٠
		166			46	30	18	. EI	ထ	×
×	1/200	594	399	258	165	108	63	45	27	
		의	~~ t	86	55		21	15	6	×
		0.53	0.79		0	96.	4.94	7.12	11.46	
					Ä	AOOL in %				

simplify use of this table, but have no other meaning \*AQL's are provided as indices to relative to the plans.

TABLE 6-B

Values of S for CSP-V Plans

Cocic 1.4.4					AOT *	و دز		•	
•	إبنا	0.40	0.65	1.0	1.5	2.5	4.0	6.5	10.0
	1/2	86	65	\$6	28	C2 12	18	13	S
	1/3	192	127	R5	55	38	28	25	19
ر ن	1.74	267	214	141	98	99	53	44	19
Ω	1/5	390	251	172	119	80	58	44	39
 ല	1/1	533	409	260	176	121	82	65	39
ش	1/10	772	579	377	237	167	102	97	71
<u> </u>	1/15	1165	857	263	357	249	158	139	11
 F.	:/25	1754	1327	848	537	427	254	198.	120
<u> </u>	1/50	325.1	2467	1504	944	162	415	373	301
	1/100	5491	4508	2826	1741	1279	746	731	433
<b></b>	1/200	8931	7208	4670	2828	2516	1210	1192	.659
1		0.53	0.79	1.22	1.90	2.90	4.94	7.12	11.46
					AOQL in	in 8			

\*AQL's are provided as indices to simplify use of this table, but have no other meaning relative to the plans:

#### SECTION 7

#### DEFINITIONS

- 7.1 Acceptable Quality Level (AQL) See 1.3.1
- 7.2 Average Outgoing Quality (AOQ) See 1.4.1.1
- 7.3 Average Outgoing Quality Limit (AOQL) See 1.4.1.2
- 7.4 Checking Inspection Checking inspection is sampling inspection performed by the supplier on units of product which have already been 100% inspected in order to determine the effectiveness of the screening crew. This inspection is performed at the sampling rate f or more often.
- 7.5 <u>Clearance Number</u> The clearance number, i, is the number of consecutive conforming (i.e., defect-free) units in 100% inspection required prior to qualifying for inspection on a sampling basis.
- 7.6 Conforming Unit A conforming unit is one which meets the acceptance criteria established for the characteristic being considered.
- 7.7 Continuous Sampling Inspection Continuous sampling inspection is the examination or testing of units of product as they move past an inspection station. Only those units of product found by the inspector or screening crew to be nonconforming are rejected. The rest of the production, uninspected units as well as units found to be conforming, is allowed to continue down the production line as conforming material.
- 7.8 Critical Defect See 1.2.1.1
- 7.9 Critical Defective See 1.2.2.1
- 7.10 Defect A defect is any nonconformance of the unit of product with specified requirements.
- 7.11 Defects Concerned The defects being inspected for while using the sampling plan.

- 7.12 <u>Defective</u> A defective is any unit of product which contains one or more defects.
- 7.13 <u>Inspection</u> Inspection is the process of measuring, examining, testing, or otherwise comparing the unit of product with the requirements.
- 7.14 Inspection by Attributes Inspection by attributes is inspection whereby certain characteristics of units of products are inspected and classified simply as conforming or not conforming to the specified requirements.
- 7.15 <u>Inspection by Defect Class</u> When one sampling plan is associated with inspection for several kinds of defects collectively and each unit of product inspected is inspected for each of the defects in the class.
- 7.16 <u>Inspection by Individual Defect</u> When one sampling plan is associated with inspection for a single defect, or when a sampling plan is applied to each of several defects independently.
- 7.17 Major Defect See 1.2.1.2
- 7.18 Major Defective See 1.2.2.2
- 7.19 Minor Defect See 1.2.1.3
- 7.20 Minor Defective See 1.2.2.3
- 7.21 Moving Product The term "moving product" refers to product which is flowing past the inspection station. In the typical case the product moves on a conveyor belt or line; however, it may be moved in tote boxes, buggies or other conveyances which are operated manually or by mobile materials-handling equipment.
- 7.22 Multi-level A multi-level plan consists of periods of 100% inspection and of sampling inspection at various rates which reflect past inspection results.
- 7.23 N The specified number of units to which CSP-F is to be applied.

- 7.24 One Hundred Percent Inspection One hundred percent inspection means the inspection of every unit of product for the defects concerned listed for an inspection station. The two terms, screening and 100% inspection, are used interchangeably in this standard.
- 7.25 Process Average The process average (PA) is defined as the percent defective of product submitted by the supplier for original inspection. Original inspection is the first inspection of a particular quantity of product as distinguished from the inspection of product which has been resubmitted.
- 7.26 Production Interval A production interval is normally a shift; it can be a day if it is reasonably certain that shift changes do not affect quality of product, but shall not be longer than a day.
- 7.27 Sampling Frequency (f) The sampling frequency, f, is the desired ratio between the number of units of product randomly selected and inspected at an inspection station and the number of units passing the inspection station during periods of sampling inspection. In this Standard, each f is expressed as a fraction of the form, 1/7, 1/25, 1/50, etc. The procedure used in selecting the sample units should give each unit of product presented during periods of sampling inspection an equal chance of being selected and inspected.
- 7.28 Sampling Inspection Sampling inspection in this Standard means the inspection for the defects concerned where the units sclected for inspection are selected by sampling.
- 7.29 Screening Screening is 100% inspection where all defective units are removed from the production flow. The two terms, screening and 100% inspection, are used interchangeably in this Standard.
- 7.30 <u>Single-level</u> A single-level plan consists of alternating periods of 100% inspection and sampling inspection wherein the sampling rate is constant.

7.31 \*\* Unit of Product The unit of product is the thing being inspected in order to determine its classification as defective or nondefective or to count the number of defects. It may be a single article, a pair, a set, a length, an area, an operation, a volume, a component of an end product, or the end product itself. The unit of product may or may not be the same as the unit of purchase, supply, production, or shipment.

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