NOTICE OF CHANGE

NOT MEASUREMENT SENSITIVE

MIL-STD-889B NOTICE 3 (USAF) 17 May 1993

MILITARY STANDARD

DISSIMILAR METALS

TO ALL HOLDERS OF MIL-STD-889B:

1. THE FOLLOWING PAGES OF MIL-STD-889B HAVE BEEN REVISED AND SUPERSEDE THE PAGES LISTED:

NEW PAGE	DATE	SUPERSEDED PA	AGE	DATE
3	21 November 1979	_	REPRINTED	WITHOUT CHANGE
4	17 May 1993	4	7 Ju	uly 1976

- 2. RETAIN THIS NOTICE AND INSERT BEFORE TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 3. Holders of MIL-STD-889B will verify that page changes and additions indicated above have been entered. This notice page will be retained as a check sheet. This issuance, together with appended pages, is a separate publication. Each notice is to be retained by stocking points until the military standard is completely revised or cancelled.

Custodians: Preparing activity:
Air Force – 11
Air Force – 11

Review activities:

Air Force - 13, 17, 99

AMSC: N/A AREA: MFFP

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- 5.1.2 Table II list metals in the order of their relative activity in sea water environment. The list begins with the more active (anodic) metal and procedes down to the least active (cathodic) metal of the galvanic series. A "galvanic series" applies to a particular electrolyte solution; hence for each specific solution which is expected to be encountered for actual use, a different order or series will ensue. Galvanic series relationships are useful as a guide for selecting metals to be joined, will help the selection of metals having minimal tendency to interact galvanically, or will indicate the need or degree of protection to be applied to lessen the expected potential interactions. Generally, the closer one metal is to another in the series, the more compatible they will be, i.e., the galvanic effects will be minimal; conversely, the farther one metal is from another, the greater will be the effect. In a galvanic couple, the metal higher in the series represents the anode, and will corrode preferentially in the environment.
- 5.1.3 Metals widely separated in the galvanic series must be protected if they are to be joined. Appropriate measures should be taken to avoid contact. This can be accomplished by applying to the cathodic member a sacrificial metal coating having a potential similar to or near that of the anodic member; by sealing to insure that the faying surfaces are water-tight; by painting or coating all surfaces to increase the resistance of electrical circuit
- 5.1.4 A small anodic area relative to the cathodic area should be avoided. The same metal or more noble (cathodic) metals should be utilized for small fasteners, and bolts. The larger is the relative anode area, the lower the galvanic current density on the anode, the lesser the attack. The galvanic corrosion effect may be considered as inverse to the anode-cathode area ratio.
- 5.1.5 Metals exposed to sea water environments shall be corrosion and stress-corrosion resistant or shall be processed to resist corrosion and stress-corrosion. Irrespective of the metals involved, all exposed edges should be sealed with a suitable sealant material conforming to MIL-S-8802. When non-compatible materials are joined, an interposing material compatible with each shall be used.
- 5.1.6 Materials other than true metals, i.e., non-metallic materials, which must be joined to metals, should be considered as metallic materials, unless there is supporting evidence to the contrary. If these materials are essentially free of corrosive agents (salts), free of

Supersedes page 3 of 7 July 1976.

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GRAPHITE	PALLADIUM RHODIUM GOLD PLATINUM	SILVER	TITANIUM	NICKEL	COPPER-HIGH NICKEL	BRASS-HIGH COPPER BRONZE-HIGH COPPER	BRASS-LOW COPPER BRONZE-LOW COPPER	BRASS-LEAD BRONZE	ST. STEELS-AUST., PH, SUPER STRENGTH, HEAT RESISTANT	CHROMIUM, MOLYBDENUM,	ST. STEELS - MARTENSITIC, FERRITIC	TIN, TIN-LEAD,	LEAD	STEELS - CARBON, LOW ALLOY	ALUMINUM-COPPER	ALUMINUM-Mg, ALUMINUM-Zn	CADMIUM BERYLLIUM	ZINC, COATING	MAGNESIUM	METAL ALLOY	1st METAL OR	200 METAL ALLOY
G: SIGNIFIES COMPATIBILITY OF SAME-METAL COUPLE, BARE, IN SEA WATER, MARINE ATMOSPHERE, OR INDUSTRIAL ATMOSPHERE.	SIGNIFICANT GALVANIC CORROSION OF BARE, DISSIMILAR METALS WHEN JOINED AND SUBJECTED TO THE SPECIFIC ENVIRONMENT.	METALS WHEN JOINED AND SUBJECTED TO THE SPECIFIC ENVIRONMENT; AND "SIGNIFIES	OCCASIONALLY, 'C OR I', IS NOT CLEARLY RESOLVABLE AND IN SUCH BORDERLINE CASES, 'I' IS INDICATED FIRTHER 'C' INDICATES NEGLIGIBLE	COMPATIBILITY OR INCOMPATIBILITY OF JOINED METALS IN THE SPECIFIC ENVIRONMENT.	SERVICE ARELICATIONS THAT PRECLUDE THE MAXIMUM PROTECTIVE SYSTEM, OR FOR MILDER ENVIRONMENT	OPTIMUM SYSTEM IS PHESENTED IN EACH CASE, FOR USE WITH JOINED SIMILAR OR DIFFERENT METALS INTENDED FOR SERVICE IN SEVERE ENVIRONMENT.	AMELIORATING CORROSION OF JOINED METALS. THE SYSTEMS ARE ARRANGED IN APPENDIX A IN DECREASING ORDER OF EFFECTIVENESS. AN	NUMERICAL NOTATIONS REFER TO SURFACE TREATING AND FINISHING SYSTEMS, LISTED IN APPENDIX A FOR EACH METAL GROUP, FOR	MARINE NDUSTRIAL ATMOSPHERE	METAL 1 SEA WATER		6 6 7 6 G 1 - 1	6 6 6 6 7 6 C C C C C C C	5	G 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	G CC 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3 G C C C C I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	2 G CC C C C C C I I I I I I I I I I I I	G C C C C 1 1 4 1 5 1 6 1 6 1 7 1	A B C D E F G H I J	ACTIVE (ANODIC)	Table I. Guide to use of joined structural n in sea water, marine atmosphere,
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