MIL-STD-644A NOTICE-3 3 March 1975

MILITARY STANDARD

VISUAL INSPECTION STANDARDS AND INSPECTION PROCEDURES FOR INSPECTION OF PACKAGING, PACKING AND MARKING OF SMALL ARMS AMMUNITION

O ALL HOLDERS OF MIL-STD-644A.

1. THE FOLLOWING PAGE IS TO BE ADDED:

<u>NEW PAGE</u>	DATE	SUPERSEDED PAGE	<u>DATE</u>
3	3 March 1975	3	3 December 1962

- 2. RETAIN THIS NOTICE PAGE AND INSERT BEFORE THE TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 3. Holders of MIL-STD-644A will verify that the page addition indicated 'drove has been entered. The notice page will be retained as a check sheet. This issuance, together with the appended page, is a separate publication Each notice is to be retained by stocking points until the Military Standard is completely revised or cancelled.

Custodians:

Preparing Activity:

Army - MU Navy - 0S Air Force - 70 Amy - MU Project No. 1305-0771

Review activities:

Army-MU Navy - OS Air Force - 70 Downloaded from http://www.everyspec.com

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- 5.1.3.3.1 Visual standards for defects 1, 4 and 5 are illustrated in the appendix (figs. 15 and 16).
 - 5.1.4 Bulk package.
- 5.1.4.1 The acceptable quality levels for bulk package defects shall be as follows:

1 8		Percent
Minor	-	2.5
5.1.4.2 Classification of defects.		

- Bulk package defects Mino

 1. Missing or improper fillers, tubes or --- X separators.
- 2. Improper packaging of cartridges in --- X container.
- 3. Missing cartridge(s) - - X
- 5.1.4.2.1 There are no visual standard illustrated in the appendix for bulk package.
 - 5.1.5 Clip package.
- 5.1.5.1 The accent-able quality levels for clip package defects shall be as follows:

	Percent
Major	1.00 2.5

5.1.5.2 Classification of defects.

		мајо
Clip package de/eets	Minor	Mino.
1. Missing cartridge(s)	X	
2. Rusty, excessively oiled or otherwise - defective clips."		- X
3. Missing or torn carton (when required)	X	
4. Missing or improper fillers or sepa-	X	
raters		

- 5. Improper packaging of clipped ammunition in container.
 * Defect is major if clip will not function 1 S intended; other-
- * Defect is major if clip will not function 1 S intended; otherwise minor. If questionable, functioning test shall be made in appropriate service weapon or magazine, whichever is, applicable
- 5.1.5.2.1 Visual standards for defects 3 and 4 are illustrated in the appendix (figs. 17-26).
 - 5.1.6 Metallic linked belt package.
- 5.1.6.1 In some instances, metallic links show in the appendix are of a predecessor design but the visual standard is applicable to the present design.
- 5.1.6.2 The twist test (fig. 1) and the pull test shall be performed to detect broken or soft links in the belt of linked cartridges.

Links that fail as a result of these tests shall be dismantled and scrapped and the cartridges visually inspected prior to rebelting.

- 5.1.6.2.1 With the belt extended full length on a table, grasp one end and flip it 180 degrees to its other side. The twisting action which progressively moves along the belt to the free end has enough snap to cause failure of weak links. After the test, the belt shall be inspected for any fractured or broken links that may be present.
- 5.1,6.2.2 One end of the belt shall be attached to a suitable hook on a horizontal table and the load indicated below applied to the other end: the belt being in contact with the table during the application of the load.

Calloci	Load
.30	25 lbs.
7.62mm	25 lbs.
.50	100 lbs.
20mm	115 lbs.

In lieu of a fixed load application, a testing device may he used which stretches the belts to predetermined lengths correlated with the loads prescribed above. The length of these belts shall be verified frequently; however, all M17 type linked belts shall be verified for a length of not greater than thirteen (13) feet, eight point five (8.5) inches when measured from center to center of the end primers with an applied load of 10 plus one minus 0 pounds. subsequent to the test, inspection of the belts for broken and stretched links shall be performed.

- 5.1.6.2.3 When 20mm cartridges are belted using the M17 link, a "frozen" link shall be detected by means of a flexibility test.
- 5.1.6.2.3.1 The belt shall hinge freely and fold over smoothly without kinking when the belt is pulled over itself until belt is completely reversed. This procedure shall then be repeated after the belt has been reversed to assure full motion of the belt when flexed from either side and in either direction.
- 5.1.6.2.3.2 A minimum of twenty-five (25) cartridges per belt shall be used for this test. If packing instructions require belts of greater length, the connecting links used to lengthen the belts shall be flexed after assembly in both directions to assure free hinging.
- 5.1.6 .2.3.3 A "frozen" M17 link detected by means of this flexibility test is critical and shall be cause for rejection of the lot.

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5.1.6.3 The acceptable quality level for metallic link belt package defects shall be	Major or Major Minor Minor
as follows:	2. Incorrect, illegible or missing X ammunition lot number.
Major 1.00 Minor 2.5	 Torn, ripped or otherwise defective bandoleer.
	4. Missing cartridge(s) or clip(s)
5.1.6.4 Classification of defects.	5. Rusty, excessively oiled or other-
Metallic linked belt package dejects Major Minor	wise defective clips.
 Annmunition packaged in wrong director X is a tion in box (Where applicable). 	6. Missing or torn carton X 7. Missing or improper fillers or X
 Double loop of link on wrong end of X linked ammunition in container. (Where applicable). 	separators. 8. Improper packaging of clipped X ammunition in bandoleer.
3. Improper packaging of belt(s) in container other than defects 1 and 2.	9. Improper pacakaging of bando- X leer(s) in container.
4. Incorrect linking sequence X	10. Missing magazine filler (when X
5. Stretched, broken or "frozen" belt" X	required).
Foreign material, oil or grease; other X than required.	11. Missing safety pin (when X required).
7. Defective protective finish or rust on X link(s).	 Defect is major if clip will not function as intended: otherwise minor. If questionable, functioning test shall be made in
8. Malformed link(s) X	appropriate service weapon or magazine, whichever is appli- cable.
 Improper number of cartridges in X belt(s) (exceeding 2 cartridges per belt). 20mm shall contain the specified amount. 	5.1.7.2.1 Visual standards for defects 2 through 4 are illustrated in the appendix (figs. 57-66). Defects 6 and 7 (figs. 17-26).
10. Missing or improper fillers X	Defects 8 and 9 (figs. 67-69).
11. Improper depth of insertion of cart- ridges in link(s).*	5.1.7.3 In addition to the above inspection,
12. Missing, broken or malformed metallic X belt end (when required).	when linked ammunition is packaged in cartons in bandoleers, the inspection procedures
 Defects are major for linked 20mm cartridges, except that a "frozen" link in M17 linked belt is classified as critical (see 5.1.6.2.3). 	shall also include those listed under 5.1.6, Metallic linked belt package.
5.1.6.4.1 Visual standards for defects 5	5.2 Packaged and sealed container. Phase II.
through 8, 11 and 13 are inulstrated in the	
appendix (figs. 27-56). The "frozen" belt illustrations in the appendix for defect #5	5.2.1 Waterproof envelopes.
do not apply to 20mm.	5.2.1.1 The acceptable quality levels for envelope defects shall be as follows:
5.1.7 Bandoleer package.	Major 1.0
5.1.7.1 The acceptable quality levels for	Minor 2.5
bandoleer package defects shall be as fol-	5.2.1.2 Classification of defects.
lows:	Envelope desects Majér Minor
Major 1.00	 Torn, ripped, or improperly sealed X envelope.
Minor 2.5	 Incorrect, illegible or missing am- X munition lot number.
5.1.7.2 Classification of defects.	3. Other markings incorrect, missing or . X illegible.
Major Minor Minor 1. Incorrect or illegible identifica- X	5.2.2 Gasket sealed ammunition boxes.
tion of bandoleer contents (type, caliber, and clip)	5.2.2.1 Box leak test.
(of per canoer, and emp).	