

INCH-POUND

MIL-M-24784/21(SH)

6 September 1994

ASSOCIATED DETAIL SPECIFICATION

MANUAL, DIGITAL EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS

This specification is approved for use by the Naval Sea Systems Command, Department of the Navy, and is available for use by all Departments and Agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. SCOPE

1.1 Scope. This specification sets forth content requirements for the preparation of technical manuals covering the installation, operation, maintenance, and parts support (without services of manufacturer's representatives) of digital equipment.

1.1.1 Scope of coverage. Unless otherwise specified, the manuals shall include all information necessary to perform all (organizational, intermediate, and depot-level) maintenance. No manual shall omit maintenance or logistics information for any digital equipment designated repairable, regardless of the location of the designated repair point (ship, tender, or shore facility) unless the contract requires that the information be included in a separate document to be provided to the Government and reference is made thereto.

2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

2.1 Government documents.

2.1.1 Specifications, standards, and handbooks. The following specifications, standards and handbooks form a part of this document to the extent specified herein. Unless otherwise specified, the issues of these documents are those listed in the issue of the Department of Defense Index of Specifications and Standards (DODISS) and supplement thereto, cited in the solicitation (see 6.2).

Beneficial comments (recommendations, additions, deletions) and any pertinent data which may be of use in improving this document should be addressed to: Commander, SEA 03R42, Naval Sea Systems Command, 2531 Jefferson Davis Hwy, Arlington, VA 22242-5160 by using the self-addressed Standardization Document Improvement Proposal (DD Form 1426) appearing at the end of this document or by letter.

AMSC N6946

AREA TMSS

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SPECIFICATIONS

MILITARY

- MIL-M-24784 - Manual, Technical: General Acquisition and Development Requirements.
- MIL-M-24784/1 - Manual, Technical Change Package Requirements.
- MIL-M-24784/2 - Manual, Technical Revision Requirements.
- MIL-M-24784/8 - Manual, Technical Repair Standard (TRS) Requirements for Electronic Equipment.
- MIL-M-24784/9 - Manual, Technical Repair Standard (TRS) Requirements for Ordnance Equipment.
- MIL-M-24784/20 - Manual, Digital Systems Requirements.

STANDARDS

MILITARY

- MIL-STD-1364 - General Purpose Electronic Test Equipment.

(Unless otherwise indicated, copies of federal and military specifications, standards, and handbooks are available from the Standardization Document Order Desk, Building 4D, 700 Robbins Avenue, Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094.)

2.1.2 Other Government documents, drawings, and publications. The following other Government documents, drawings and publications form a part of this document to the extent specified herein. Unless otherwise specified, the issues are those cited in the solicitation.

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE (DoD)

- DoD 5200.1-R - Information Security Program Regulation.
- DoD 5220.22-M - Industrial Security Manual for Safeguarding Classified Information.

(Application for copies should be addressed to the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402.)

NAVAL SEA SYSTEMS COMMAND (NAVSEA)

- 0967-LP-000-0120 - Electronic Installation Maintenance Books Circuits.
- ST000-AA-IDX-010/ - Portable Electrical/Electronic Test Equipment (PEETE) Index for Support Requirements of Ship/Shore.
- ST000-AB-GYD-010/ - Portable Electrical/Electronic Test Equipment (PEETE) Stowage Guide.

(Application for copies should be addressed to the Standardization Document Order Desk, Building 4D, 700 Robbins Avenue, Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094.)

DEFENSE LOGISTICS SERVICES CENTER (DLSC)

- Cataloging Handbook H4/H8 - Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE).

(Applications for copies should be addressed to the Defense Logistics Services Center, (ATTN: DLSC-JCC), Federal Center, Battle Creek, MI 49017-3084.)

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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND TECHNOLOGY

FIPS-PUB 24 - Flowchart Symbols and their Usage in information Processing.

(Application for copies should be addressed to the National Technical Information Service, 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, VA 22161.)

2.2 Non-Government publications. The following documents form a part of this document to the extent specified herein. Unless otherwise specified, the issues of the documents which are DoD adopted are those listed in the issue of the DODISS specified in the solicitation. Unless otherwise specified, the issues of documents not listed in the DODISS are the issues of the documents cited in the solicitation (see 6.2).

INSTITUTE OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC ENGINEERS (IEEE)

IEEE Std 200-75 - Reference Designations for Electrical and Electronics Parts and Equipments.

IEEE Std 315A-86 - Graphic Symbols for Electrical and Electronics Diagrams

(Application for copies should be addressed to the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., 345 East 47th Street, New York, NY 10017 or from the Standardization Document Order Desk, Building 4D, 700 Robbins Avenue, Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094.)

(Non-Government standards and other publications are normally available from the organizations that prepare or distribute the documents. These documents also may be available in or through libraries or other informational services.

2.3 Order of precedence. In the event of a conflict between the text of this document and the references cited herein (except for associated detail specifications), the text of this specification shall take precedence. When a generic requirement is in conflict with a unique requirement from the governing associated detail specification, the unique requirement shall take precedence. Nothing in this specification, however, supersedes applicable laws and regulations unless a specific exemption has been obtained.

3. REQUIREMENTS

3.1 Security classifications. The overall classification assigned to a technical manual shall agree with the highest classification assigned to any portion within and shall be placed conspicuously at the top and bottom of the Cover/Title page or abbreviated title. Security classification markings shall be in accordance with DoD 5220.22-M and 5200.1-R and shall be placed in accordance with DoD 5220.22-M and 5200.1-R. The security markings shall be the same as for other title pages.

3.2 Deliverable products and data items. The deliverable products and data items shall be specified in the Contract Data Requirements List (CDRL) and shall conform to the requirements specified in MIL-M-24784, and those specified in this section. Data items shall include the following, as applicable:

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- (a) Outline or book plan.
- (b) Review draft copy (RDC).
- (c) Preliminary technical manual (PTM).
- (d) Final reproducible copy (FRC).
- (e) Supplements.
- (f) Changes (see 3.2.1).
- (g) Revisions (see 3.2.2).
- (h) Management data (see 3.2.3).
- (i) Cost and pricing data (see MIL-M-24784).

3.2.1 Change packages. When specified (see 6.2), change packages shall be in accordance with MIL-M-24784/1.

3.2.2 Revisions. When specified (see 6.2), revisions shall be in accordance with MIL-M-24784/2.

3.2.3 Management data. Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2), the following quality assurance data items shall be provided in accordance with MIL-M-24784:

- (a) Technical Manual Quality Assurance Program Plan.
- (b) Validation Plan.
- (c) Validation Certification.
- (d) Technical Manual Evaluation Records.
- (e) Verification Plan.
- (f) Technical Manual Verification Incorporation Certification.

3.2.4 Type style and sizes. Type style and sizes shall be comparable to those shown in MIL-M-24784, Appendix A, except for the following:

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USE	SIZE AND STYLE
Art callouts (pictorials, and so forth) . .	8 point
Art lettering	7 point
Circled keying numbers on FBD art	8 point
Circled keying numbers on pictorials . . .	10 point
Art drawing sheet numbers, title blocks, main drawing number blocks, hardware boundary titles, and functional boundary titles	8 point
Running heads	10 point bold
Warnings (heading)	14 point bold caps, boxed
Cautions (heading)	14 point bold caps, underlined
Notes (heading)	10 point caps
Rules	1 point
NOTE: Text for notes, cautions, and warnings shall be short-measured; that is indented from left and right margins of overall text area.	

3.3 Arrangement. Unless otherwise specified, the manual shall be arranged in a standardized format (that is, front matter, technical content, appendices, glossaries, indexes and back matter) and appropriately divided by volume, part, chapter and section in accordance with the requirements of MIL-M-24784, Appendix C.

3.4 Format and preparation instructions.

3.4.1 Writing style. Unless otherwise specified, the style of writing, level of writing, readability, and referencing shall be in accordance with the requirements of MIL-M-24784, Appendix B.

3.4.2 Safety precautions. Unless otherwise specified, safety and health warnings, cautions and notes shall be in accordance with the requirements of MIL-M-24784, Appendix D.

3.4.3 Tabular material. Unless otherwise specified, the preparation of tables shall be in accordance with the requirements of MIL-M-24784, Appendix E.

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3.4.4 Graphics. Unless otherwise specified, the preparation of illustrations, drawings, diagrams and sketches shall be in accordance with the requirements of MIL-M-24784, Appendix F, and the following paragraphs.

3.4.4.1 Functional block diagrams (FBDs). A system of FBDs shall be used to depict the functional divisions of the equipment. (A functional division is defined as a function or a portion of a function that performs a particular task in relationship to the entire equipment.) The diagrams shall depict the equipment in an integrated manner; that is, a master FBD shall show each function of the equipment; primary FBDs shall show the functional divisions of the equipment; and third-level or lower-level FBDs shall show further functional subdivisions of complex subfunctions. The lowest level of FBD shall be directly linked to FCDs (contained in Chapter 5) or to the hardware where the function is performed. This reference shall be by the hardware reference designator. The FBD and FCD structure and relationship is shown on figure 21-1.

- (a) Master FBD. The master FBD depicts the equipment functions and major signal paths within the equipment.
 - (1) Each major block on the master FBD shall represent a major functional element and shall be identified by functional and hardware boundary lines and descriptive names. These functional elements shall be connected by signal path and control lines, also identified with descriptive names.
 - (2) Functional boundaries shall be depicted with thin, solid lines; and hardware boundaries shall be depicted with thin, short-dash and long-dash lines. Signal and control lines shall be depicted with thin, solid lines; while data lines shall be depicted with thick, solid lines (see figure 21-2).
 - (3) Each block on the master FBD shall contain a circled number. The circled number corresponds to a brief paragraph (referred to as "keyed text") that describes the purpose and function of that block. The circled numbers shall start with the circle 1 in the first block at the top left of the FBD and progress in a logical manner (either by data flow, or top-to-bottom and left-to-right) on the FBD until all blocks are numbered. This "keyed text" paragraph shall be located on a page facing the FBD to which it applies. In addition to the circled number, each block on the master FBD shall contain a reference to a primary FBD and the paragraph number of the paragraph that describes the block (not the keyed text paragraph).
- (b) Primary FBD. Primary FBDs shall contain equipment function and subfunction information. The primary FBD shall illustrate the interconnection of subfunctional elements in order to describe how the functions work within the equipment. They shall provide a reference to secondary diagrams and the paragraph number of the paragraph that describes the block (not the keyed text paragraph). The secondary diagrams may be FBDs or FCDs. If there are no secondary diagrams for reference, the reference shall be made directly to the hardware by reference designation.

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- (1) The primary FBD shall consist of the major functional divisions enclosed by the proper boundary lines (see figure 21-3). Each functional block shall be identified by a descriptive name and referenced to a keyed text paragraph on the facing page. The functional divisions shall be interconnected by signal path and control lines, each identified with a descriptive name and proper line weight (line weights shall be as specified in 3.4.4.1.3). Primary FBDs may show equipment boundaries if appropriate to the function being shown. A direct relationship shall be maintained in regard to the number and nomenclature of interface lines between a primary FBD and other interfacing primary FBDs.
- (c) Secondary FBD. When the functional divisions represented on the primary FBD are sufficiently large, subfunctionalization is sometimes necessary. The secondary FBD provides the transition between the major functional elements on the primary FBD and the FCDs (see 3.4.4.3), or to actual hardware by reference designator where the function depicted is performed. The subfunctional segments illustrated on the secondary FBD must often be further subdivided to effectively depict equipment operation. In this case, the secondary FBD provides the transition between the primary FBD and lower levels of FBDs (see figure 21-4).
 - (1) The secondary and lower-level FBDs are generated by dividing the functional elements into discrete segment (subfunction) blocks. Each block shall be identified by a descriptive name and referenced to a keyed text paragraph on the facing page. The blocks shall also reference the paragraph number of the paragraph that describes the block (not the keyed text paragraph). These segments shall be interconnected in the same manner as the major blocks on the primary FBD; that is, with signal path and control lines identified by names and having the proper line weights. Each subfunctional block shall be identified by a descriptive name. A direct relationship shall be maintained in regard to the number and nomenclature of interface lines between a secondary FBD and other interfacing secondary FBDs. The lowest-level FBD block shall contain a reference to an FCD, or to the hardware reference designator where the function depicted is performed (see figure 21-5).

3.4.4.1.1 Power and grounding circuits. The following paragraphs describe the preparation of power and grounding circuit FBDs.

- (a) Equipment power FBD. The equipment power FBD shall show the distribution of primary power from the power source to the various units comprising the equipment. The FBD shall be a part of the master FBD of the technical manual and shall reference the associated unit power and grounding FBDs and FCDs. Power conversion and distribution within the equipment units shall be

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shown by a separate power FBD for each unit unless the power circuits within the unit do not warrant a separate FBD because of their simplicity.

- (b) Unit power FBD. This FBD shall show the distribution of primary power and control power from the primary power source and associated interface units to the power elements within each unit. The FBD shall represent the power elements as functional blocks and shall show power conversion, power control monitoring and indicating between the unit power elements. The diagram shall be laid out in a logical left-to-right sequence to clearly define the power operations within the unit. Each functional block shall contain a reference to an FCD. This FBD shall be the last sheet(s) of the FBDs (see figure 21-6).

3.4.4.1.2 Requirements for preparing FBDs. A clear and complete referencing system is required for use on FBDs because of the interrelationship between FBDs and FCDs, and the interconnection between sheets of FBDs. The referencing system shall include all or a portion of the following reference information.

- (a) Signal names.

- (1) Signal names on FBDs shall be descriptive names. The Automated Interface Listing (AIL) (the wire lists for the system cabling), or their equivalent, shall be used as the source of signal names between units. Engineering schematics and cabling wire lists shall be used as the source of signal names internal to a unit.
- (2) Power-on reset signals on the data FBDs shall be shown entering from external to the function. No function block for power reset shall be shown on the data FBDs. The generation of the power-on reset shall be shown on the power and grounding FBDs.
- (3) All signal lines between functional blocks on the FBDs shall be identified by descriptive signal names. Signal lines that interface from one FBD sheet to another FBD sheet shall have the identical signal name on each sheet. Signal lines that are identified on different level FBDs (a signal level shown both on the primary FBD and on the secondary FBD) shall be identified by the same signal name.
- (4) Reference designations shall not be used as signal names except in cases where no other name exists.
- (5) The FBD number, sheet and zone shall be used to identify signal origins and destinations when referencing from one FBD to another.

- (b) Signal referencing for FBDs.

- (1) Signal referencing on the same sheet. An on-sheet reference to show a continuous line between two points shall be shown by a circle enclosing double capital letters with a lead arrow indicating direction. Zone reference shall not be used (Letters to start with AA, then AB, AC, and so forth). See figure 21-7.

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- a. Signal lines shall show signal name on flow line before the reference symbol. See figure 21-7.
 - b. An inverted triangle symbol shall not be used except for an A or B (primarily found on the power FCDs) to indicate grounds.
- (2) Signal referencing between two or more functional parts. To show a continuous line between two points on different sheets of a functional breakdown (a function broken into Parts 1 of 2, 2 of 2, and so forth), an irregular pentagon shall be used. Double capital letters starting with BA then BB, BC, and so forth, shall be enclosed within this symbol. Zone references shall be indicated. See figure 21-8.
 - (3) Signal referencing between functions. Referencing between units shown on the diagram shall be accomplished at equivalent levels (that is, primary levels shall interface, second levels shall interface; however, a primary level shall not interface with a second level). See figure 21-9.
 - (4) Grouping of signals. Brackets may be used when all of a group of signals come from or go to the same zone on destination. See figure 21-6.
- (c) Diagram type. The diagram type (FBD or FCD) shall be included above the title block of the drawing or on sheet 1 only. The title block shall appear only on sheet 1. Sheets 2 and on shall not contain the diagram type block or the title block.
 - (d) Equipment names. Equipment name or reference designation shall be used to identify hardware boundaries on the FBDs.
 - (e) Function names. Each functional area of each unit shall be identified by a descriptive name. These functional areas shall then be further broken into subfunctions, each being assigned a descriptive name. Once a function name has been assigned, the identical name shall always appear whether it appears on an FBD or on an FCD to identify the functional boundary. No two functional areas may be assigned the same name.
 - (f) Diagram (drawing) numbers. In systems with fully implemented unit numbers, all FBDs shall be numbered FBDXXXX, where XXXX is equal to the unit number (that is: 1001, 1002, 1107, and so forth), except for the master FBD or FCD. The master FBD or FCD shall be numbered FBD0000 or FCD0000. For those cases where one FBD (or FCD) is used for multiple and identical units, the lowest unit number shall be used (that is, units 1071 and 1072 shall be FBD1071). In other systems, FBDs shall be numbered chronologically.
 - (g) Sheet numbers. FBDs or FCDs having multiple sheets shall be assigned sheet numbers starting with one (1). The drawing sheet number and zone number shall be used to identify signal interconnections between sheets of the same FBD or FCD.
 - (h) Zone numbers.
 - (1) The zone number and sheet number shall be used to identify signal interconnections between sheets of an FBD and when referencing between FBDs or from FBDs to FCDs and vice versa. Sheet and zone numbers shall be as shown on figure 21-10.

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- (2) Zone number references shall call out the drawing coordinates of the referenced detailed signal name rather than call out the drawing coordinates of the symbol itself. Brackets may be used when all of a group of signals come from or go to the same place.
- (i) Reference designations. Reference designations shall be used to correlate circuit symbols to actual hardware locations. All hardware boundaries, logic symbols, electrical symbols, and analog symbols shall be identified by the reference designations assigned to the hardware being depicted.

3.4.4.1.3 Diagram drafting requirements. This subsection defines the requirements for line weights, methods of depicting interconnecting lines, symbol sizes, lettering size, and notes in the preparation of FBDs.

- (a) Line weights. Hardware and functional boundaries and boundary titles shall be prepared as described in the following paragraphs.
 - (1) Hardware Boundary. A hardware boundary shall be a long-dash, short-dash light line. The length of the long dash in relation to the length of the short dash should be drawn so that the long dash does not give the impression of a solid line. The hardware boundary title shall be positioned as illustrated on figure 21-11.
 - (2) Functional Boundary. A functional boundary shall be a solid medium (0.01 inch) line. The functional boundary title shall be positioned as illustrated on figure 21-12.
- (b) Interconnecting lines. Interconnecting (data, signal and control) lines shall be prepared in the following manner:
 - (1) Line bends shall be 90 degrees, unless a particular junction requires a different bend. Bend corners shall not be rounded.
 - (2) Line spacing shall be 0.125 inch minimum on a 9 by 15.75-inch master.
 - (3) Data lines shall be single, solid heavy (0.02 inch) lines (see figure 21-2).
 - (4) Signal and control lines shall be single, solid medium (0.01 inch) lines (see figure 21-2).

NOTE:

Signal lines that contain closely related information may be grouped into one line. However, care must be exercised to not group signal lines indiscriminately. Grouping of signal lines into one line is called a highway.

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- (5) Highways shall be solid medium (0.01 inch) for signal and control lines, and heavy (0.02 inch) lines for data (see figures 21-5 and 21-13).
- a. Any changes in the flow direction of the basic highway shall be indicated by square corners [see figure 21-13, (a)(1)].
 - b. Any input or output of a highway shall be indicated by a 45-degree connecting line. The direction of the angle implies flow direction [see figure 21-13, (a)(2)].
 - c. The end points (a highway may have several) of a highway are indicated by square corners [see figure 21-13, (a)(3)].
 - d. A highway does not necessarily contain a uniform number of signals over its entire length. Therefore, when a highway is identified by a name, that name applies to its entire length.
 - e. Each individual signal contained within a highway shall be identified with a detailed signal name.
 - f. The signal names used as inputs to a highway may be different from the highway signal name; for example, BIT 5 and BIT 4 may be individual inputs to a highway having a signal name of INTERFACE REG SET OUTPUT. There shall be a logical relationship between the input and highway signal names [see figure 21-13, (b)].
 - g. The signal names used as outputs to a highway may be different from the highway signal name; for example, BIT 9 and BIT 8 may be individual outputs to a highway having a signal name of ADDRESS. There shall be a logical relationship between the highway signal name and the output [see figure 21-13, (c)].
 - h. Highway inputs and outputs to logic symbols are illustrated on figure 21-13, (d). The input shall contain the input signal name and input pin number; the output shall contain the output pin number and signal name.
 - i. Highway fan-outs and fan-ins shall have the highway signal name indicated above the signal line and the highway output or input signal names with its appropriate sheet and zone reference below the signal line [see figure 21-13, (e)].

(c) Symbols. Symbols shall be prepared in the following manner:

- (1) FBD rectangular blocks shall be drawn as medium (0.01 inch) lines and, insofar as possible, conform to a 2-to-1 aspect ratio. Minimum block size shall be 0.05 inch by 1 inch. Insofar as possible, the block nomenclature shall be positioned as illustrated on figure 21-14, for ease of reading.
- (2) On-page and off-page connectors and miscellaneous symbols shall be drawn as medium (0.01 inch) lines and in accordance with the dimensions depicted on figure 21-15.

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(d) Lettering. Lettering shall be accomplished in the following manner:

- (1) All lettering on the diagrams shall be Letter Gothic. Letter style shall be vertical, uppercase Gothic (sans-serif) as illustrated by figures 21-16, 21-17, and 21-18 (also see figures 21-2 through 21-5).
- (2) Lowercase lettering shall not be used for general lettering on a diagram. Lowercase letters shall be indicated as an underscored uppercase letter but may be used when:
 - a. Lower case lettering appears on the physical part (such as connector pins).
 - b. Symbols requiring lowercase letters are used on drawings.
 - c. Signal names contain lowercase letters such as an abbreviation like "Db".
- (3) All lettering shall be placed on the diagrams in a position readable from either the bottom or right-hand side of the diagram.
- (4) Letter size, line spacing, and line weight shall be as follows:
 - a. 8-point for drawing sheet number, title block, main drawing number block, circled keyed text reference number, hardware boundary titles, and functional boundary titles. Line spacing for 8-point type shall be 2 points (.017 inches) minimum.
 - b. 7-point for all other format block areas and the field of the drawing. Line spacing for 7-point shall be 2 points (.017 inches) minimum.

(e) Notes. Notes shall be included on the diagrams as appropriate. The notes shall be identified by Arabic numerals in consecutive numeric sequence starting with the number 1.

3.4.4.2 Flowchart development. Flowchart shall be developed using the following procedure and symbology, and the symbols of FIPS PUB 24.

- (a) General flow. The general flow of the flowchart shall be top-to-bottom and left-to-right. A portion of the flow may be contrary to the general flow if no intermediate blocks are involved (see figure 21-19).
- (b) Terminal blocks (see figure 21-20). These blocks are used to show the starting and ending points of a flow. START blocks shall have a vertical exiting line. EXIT and COMPLETE blocks shall have vertical or horizontal entry lines. The EXIT block shall be accompanied by text explaining the reason for the EXIT.
- (c) Annotation or comment block. These blocks are used to provide additional descriptive clarification, comments, or explanatory notes (see figure 21-21). The dashed line is connected to the

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dashed outline of the symbol corresponding to the data contained inside. This block is inserted with the dashed line intersecting flowchart flow at the point appropriate to the content of the block.

- (d) Process blocks. These blocks define an operation to be performed (see figure 21-22). These blocks shall have only one entry line and one exiting line. Entry lines and exiting lines shall be vertical or horizontal; however, entry lines shall never enter the bottom of a process block and exiting lines shall never leave the top of a process block. Process blocks shall never be used in place of decision blocks.
- (e) Decision blocks. These blocks are used to provide two or more paths resulting from specific condition related decisions (see figure 21-23). Decision blocks where the exiting line choice is dependent on a "yes" or "no" decision shall normally have only two exiting lines. These blocks may have more than two exiting lines if each path is clearly defined by the decision required to select that path. There shall be only one entry line (either from the top or at the side) to a decision block. Entry and exiting lines shall not occupy the same side of a decision block. Exiting lines shall not occupy the top of a decision block. Exiting lines shall be labeled by decision criteria. Do not include question marks in decision blocks.
- (f) On-Page connectors. These connectors shall be used to join two ends of a line when it is inconvenient to draw a single continuous line between two points on a single sheet (see figure 21-24). These connectors shall be shown by a circle enclosing a capital letter. The letter used in the on-page connectors shall start with "A" and proceed alphabetically on each page. The same letter shall be used in the starting and ending connectors at both same letter shall be used in multiple starting connectors when their respective ending connectors are the same point. Connectors shall have exiting or entry lines consisting of vectored arrows which indicate that the connector is used as a starting or ending connector. A single arrowhead with multiple entry lines may be used when required to ensure clarity (see figure 21-25). The exiting from a starting connector and the entry line to an ending connector shall show the direction of the corresponding connector and path of the implied line between.
- (g) Off-Page connectors. These connectors shall be used to show flow continuity between sheets of the same figure or of different figures. These connectors shall be shown by an irregular pentagon enclosing a number and a capital letter (see figure 21-26). The number contained by the off-page connector shall indicate the destination sheet (for the output connector) and the origin sheet (for the input connector). The letters used in off-page connectors shall start with "A" and proceed alphabetically in each figure, using the same letter in the output and input connectors at each end of an implied line continuation. The same letter shall be used in multiple output connectors when their respective input connectors are the same point. The entry line to an output off-page connector shall enter the side of the connector opposite the point. The exiting line from an input off-page connector

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shall leave from the point of the connector. When off-page connectors are used to show flow continuity between figures, the figure number of the corresponding connector location shall be shown outside each off-page connector symbol (see figure 21-27). If more than one of the output connectors is located on another figure, two or more input connectors shall be placed at the entry point so that figure numbers of all output connectors are shown (see figure 21-27).

- (h) Arrowheads. Arrowheads shall be used to indicate the direction of flow. All block or connector entry lines shall have arrowheads. Arrowheads shall be used at all line intersections to clearly show direction of flow (see figure 21-28).
- (i) Line intersections. Lines shall not cross except when an intersection is intended. On-page connectors shall be employed to prevent line crossings where intersections are not intended (see figure 21-28).

3.4.4.3 Functional circuit diagrams (FCDs). An FCD shows in symbolic form the interrelationship of the circuits required to perform a function. The FCD consists of symbols representing circuit modules and electrical parts complete with physical location and interconnection information. FCDs shall be prepared for control and indicator circuits, analog logic, and power and grounding circuits. See figure 21-17 for an example of an analog logic FCD. An explanation of power and grounding FCDs is given in paragraph f.1 below. If FCDs are required for a unit having all three types of the above circuits, all circuits shall be shown on the same drawing numbered FCD.

- (a) Schematics are not required for unit wiring or similar interconnecting hardware devices because complete interconnecting information appears on the FCDs. Components such as switches, relays, terminating resistors, and so forth, mounted directly on the cabinet shall be shown in schematic form on the FCD using the rules for detailed FCDs (refer to paragraph (e) below).
- (b) Layout techniques. An FCD shall be prepared for each function defined on the lowest level of FBD where it is necessary to show circuits that are not located on pluggable modules and for the power and grounding circuits. Layout of the symbols on the FCD shall provide a left-to-right functional flow. Circuit symbols shall be functionally divided by thin lines in direct relationship to a functional block on a related FBD, and the functional division on the FCD shall be identified by the same function name. If the equipment is sufficiently complex, an FCD may consist of multiple sheets; then, functional flow shall be left-to-right from sheet to sheet. All inputs and outputs of the function depicted on the FCD shall be identified by signal names. Inputs shall be referenced to the source FCD and outputs shall be referenced to the destination FCD. For smaller systems or equipments, an FCD sheet may contain more than one function and possibly the entire equipment.
- (c) Analog functionalization. In analog functions, the FCD details the operating elements (emitter followers, amplifiers, and so forth) within the function using special block symbols or schematic

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- symbols. The special block symbols shall be used to detail replaceable circuit elements or modules that are used as building blocks in the analog equipment.
- (d) Schematic symbols shall be used to detail circuits of assemblies or modules having replaceable parts. The resulting FCD may have both symbolic and electrical schematic characteristics with functional grouping techniques applied. Schematic representations on the FCD shall be formed using the rules set forth for detailed FCDs.
 - (e) Detailed FCDs. Detailed FCD drawing techniques shall be used, where necessary, to show cabinet-mounted components such as switches, relays, termination resistors, and so forth, and for detailing circuits of assemblies or modules having replaceable parts. Separate detailed FCDs are required for the unique repairable circuits used as building blocks for analog equipment; one detailed FCD is required for each type of building block.
 - (1) Layout techniques. Detailed FCDs present all circuit information, including component values, test points, and sensors (see figure 21-18). Circuit parts shall be grouped functionally and arranged to make signal flow obvious from left-to-right and top-to-bottom. Emphasis should be placed on arranging the circuit parts to enhance functional understanding. One technique which simplifies the circuit presentation is to completely separate each power and ground connection. Common ground or return points should not be tied together merely to conserve symbols.
 - (f) Power and grounding circuits. The following paragraphs describe the preparation of power and grounding circuit FCDs.
 - (1) Unit power and grounding FCD. Unit power and grounding FCDs shall show the generation and distribution of power to all assemblies within the unit. All cable, connector, and pin numbers shall be shown except those listed on sheet 1 as unused. Cabinet-mounted parts shall be shown in schematic form. All power supplies and regulators that are packaged as complete assemblies shall be shown in symbolic form. Lowest level replaceable assemblies shall not be further detailed in detailed FCD form. Since a power and grounding FCD is a schematic diagram rather than a wiring diagram, it does not show routing of wires, but it must show the continuities that exist. Several types of circuit returns may exist in the system: (1) ground, (2) chassis or frame connection, and (3) common connections. Each of these grounds shall be shown by using symbols where it will simplify the FCD (see figure 21-29).
 - a. Prime power inputs shall be shown on the left of the FCD and signal flow shall be left-to-right. Grounds shall be shown by using the symbols illustrated in IEEE 315A-86. The layout of circuit parts shall follow a logical arrangement and be consistent with other unit-oriented power and grounding diagrams; for example, primary AC

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distribution, power control and indication, interlocks, gate monitoring and gate distribution. Also, unnecessary long lines shall be shortened to conserve space. The hardware boundaries can be distorted where necessary, to preserve smooth signal flow. Crossed lines and "doglegs" shall be kept to a minimum.

- b. Each relay and switch element or contact set shall be identified. If the switch is a front panel control, and it is accessible during normal equipment operation, the nomenclature of the switch exactly as it appears on the front panel shall be placed adjacent to the switch symbol. When multisection switches or relays have more than one element or contact set, the sets or elements shall be identified individually but with some alpha-numeric relationship. It is desirable to align the contact sets if possible, but not at the expense of disturbing functional flow. Relays and switches will not necessarily have their contact sets in the same functional area; often they will function in different circuits. When this occurs, the various sets of contacts and actuating elements shall be connected by a dashed line (if on different FCD sheets, sheet and zone references shall be used to connect the dashed line) to illustrate mechanical linkage. Spare contact sets of switches and relays shall not be shown on the body of the diagram.

3.4.4.3.1 Requirements for preparing FCDs. A clear and complete referencing system is required for use on FCDs because of the interrelationship between FBDs and FCDs, and the interconnection between sheets of FCDs. The referencing system shall include all or a portion of the following reference information.

(a) Signal names.

- (1) Major or important signal paths on an FCD shall be identified by descriptive signal names. All signal lines that interface between FCD sheets shall be identified by descriptive signal names. The signal name shall be identical on all FCD sheets. No signal name shall be used for more than one signal path.
- (2) Reference designations shall not be used as signal names except in cases where no other name exists (primarily on power FCDs).
- (3) The FBD or FCD number, sheet, and zone shall be used to identify signal origins and destinations when referencing from one FCD to another or from an FCD to an FBD.

(b) Signal referencing for FCDs shall be in accordance with 3.4.4.1.2.

(c) General format items. The following shall, at a minimum, be located on the FCD first sheet.

- (1) Notes that apply specifically to that FCD.
- (2) Special abbreviations (that is, P/O).

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- (3) A note to explain the position (energized/de-energized, on/off) of any relays or switches shown on the FCD.
 - (4) All assemblies shall reference an internal schematic when necessary for troubleshooting and maintenance.
 - (5) Power and logic FCDs shall carry specific signal names on the flow lines. If signal names are not readily available, then the signal name may indicate a hardware destination point (that is, K3-82).
- (d) Diagram type, equipment names, and function names shall be in accordance with 3.4.4.1.2.
 - (e) Key codes. In certain applications, both digital and analog modules shall be assigned key codes. Most key codes consist of three letters (KDM, KDN, and so forth). The logic or analog symbol on the FCD shall contain the key code for the circuit module (or portion of the circuit module) depicted. These key codes permit the users to locate a text description of circuit operations located in the technical manual.
 - (f) Diagram (drawing) numbers, sheet numbers, and zone numbers shall be in accordance with 3.4.4.1.2.
 - (g) Reference designations shall be in accordance with 3.5.6.4.
 - (h) Test points. All monitored and nonmonitored test points shall be incorporated in all FCDs. These test points shall be shown as part of the circuitry they are testing and shall indicate the following information and parameters:
 - (1) Test point number.
 - (2) Test point operational connector pin (if applicable).
 - (3) Circuitry associated with test point (for example, divider network).
 - (4) Test point symbology per ANSI Standards.

3.4.4.3.2 Diagram drafting requirements. This subsection defines the requirements for line weights, methods of depicting interconnecting lines, symbol sizes, lettering size, and notes in the preparation of FCDs (see 3.4.4.1.3 and the following).

- (a) FCD logic symbols shall be drawn as medium (0.01 inch) lines with Rapid Design No. 542 (Half-Size Standard Logic Symbols) Template, or equivalent. Other symbols depicting assemblies shall be drawn rectangular and to the minimum size which will allow inputs and outputs to be depicted and include all reference data within the symbol. All like symbols shall be drawn to the same size. FCD logic symbol nomenclature shall be positioned as illustrated on figure 21-15 to ease reading.
- (b) FCD electrical and electronic graphic symbols shall be drawn as medium (0.01 inch) lines and with Laroy 3240L-10 (IEEE 315A-86 Electrical and Electronic Symbols) Template, or equivalent. Graphic symbol nomenclature shall be positioned to achieve the best clarity.
- (c) On-page and off-page connectors and miscellaneous symbols shall be drawn as medium (0.01 inch) lines and in accordance with the dimensions depicted on figure 21-30.

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3.4.5 Numbering. Unless otherwise specified, the numbering of paragraphs, procedures, divisions, issues, changes, illustrations, tables, and publications shall be in accordance with the requirements of MIL-M-24784, Appendix G.

3.5 Technical content for digital equipment manuals.

3.5.1 Chapters. Manuals shall provide equipment oriented instructions for operation, maintenance, installation, and test. All data shall be developed at the digital equipment level and include all digital equipment interfaces with other system components. See MIL-M-24784/20 for system manual requirements. The contents shall be arranged in chapters in accordance with the following:

- Chapter 1 - General information and safety precautions.
- Chapter 2 - Operations.
- Chapter 3 - Functional description.
- Chapter 4 - Scheduled maintenance.
- Chapter 5 - Troubleshooting.
- Chapter 6 - Corrective maintenance.
- Chapter 7 - Parts list.
- Chapter 8 - Installation.

3.5.2 Chapter 1, General information and safety precautions. All safety precautions necessary for the protection of personnel and the ship shall be included and cross-referenced as the initial paragraphs ahead of the introduction. These precautions shall be prepared as specified (see MIL-M-24784). Otherwise, the content of this chapter shall be so that command level, supervisory personnel, and other users having a general interest in the equipment can easily and rapidly determine the purpose, physical and functional characteristics, and the operational capabilities of the digital equipment.

3.5.2.1 Safety precautions. This section shall describe the hazards associated with equipment operation and maintenance.

3.5.2.1.1 Introduction. This description shall orient equipment supervisory personnel, and shall include the following:

- (a) Purpose, scope, and organization of the equipment safety instructions.
- (b) Basic safety concepts.
- (c) Basic responsibilities for safety.

3.5.2.1.2 Equipment hazards and precautions. Descriptions of equipment hazards and precautions shall be included, addressed to system personnel and referenced to particular equipments. The descriptions shall be organized to be consistent with the operation of the equipment. The descriptions shall supplement and extend equipment safety instructions to the equipment level, by warning of potential hazards that can be caused during operation or maintenance.

3.5.2.1.3 Operational safety summary. A summary shall be included which emphasizes the proper use of equipment controls, describes the hazards to operators, or as applicable, the hazards to persons in areas remote from the operation, and recommends precautions. An emergency operational routine shall be included which emphasizes the controls that permit immediate braking or de-energizing of the equipment.

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3.5.2.1.4 Maintenance safety summary. A maintenance safety summary shall emphasize the proper use of controls, describe the hazards to maintenance personnel, potential damage to the equipment, and recommend precautions.

3.5.2.1.5 Hazardous components. Identify and briefly describe the hazardous components including radioactive devices and elements used with the equipment and summarize the general handling precautions for such components. The description of a hazardous component shall include brief statements as to the purpose, manner of functioning, nature of built-in safety devices, and nature of the hazardous element; it shall also indicate the relative sensitivity of the component to mechanical shock, vibration, electromagnetic and radioactive radiation, and electrostatic charges.

3.5.2.2 Introduction. The introduction shall provide an explanation of the purpose, scope, supersedure data, and applicability of the technical manual, including the models, serial numbers, and configurations covered. The interface relationship of the technical manual to other referenced publications and the relationship of the equipment to referenced systems or other equipment shall also be included. Warranty and guarantee information shall be included. The text shall be supported by a diagram (see MIL-M-24784) showing the interrelationships of the equipment components (see figure 21-30). The major functional relationship and inputs and outputs shall be indicated.

3.5.2.2.1 Physical arrangement. Equipment and components shall be listed and described. The physical arrangement description shall be supported by separate illustrations identifying the equipment (see figure 21-31). Interfacing equipment need not be listed in the text or called out in the illustrations if they do not directly affect the operation or maintenance of the subject equipment.

3.5.2.2.2 Equipment description. The equipment shall be identified and described. Descriptions of operator-attended equipment shall include general statements as to the nature and purpose of units and indicators. The text shall be supported by illustrations. All equipment shall be shown, whenever possible, in relative-scale proportion. An equipment may be separately illustrated with significant features called out, if such details are necessary for proper support of the text.

3.5.2.2.3 Equipment illustrations. Equipment illustrations shall be in accordance with the requirements of MIL-M-24784.

3.5.2.2.4 Reference data. Reference data, equivalent to the following, shall be included in tabular form:

- (a) Descriptive (identification plate data) which identifies manufacturer, type, model, part or identifying number (PIN), Joint Electronic Type Designation (when applicable), repairable identification code (RIC) and allowance parts list (APL), as applicable.
- (b) Functional characteristics, such as: power requirements, horsepower, pressure, capacity, modes of operation, power output, frequency, pulse characteristics, sensitivity, selectivity, including tolerances, where applicable.

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- (c) Capabilities and limitations, such as: pounds of thrust, knots, turning radius, minimum and maximum ranges, degree of coverage, resolution, accuracy.
- (d) Rated outputs, such as: wattages, voltages, horsepower, gallons per minute.
- (e) Environmental characteristics, such as: ambient temperatures, heat dissipation per unit, humidity limits.

3.5.2.2.5 Equipment, accessories, and documents supplied. A tabular listing of all equipment and documents supplied shall be included. List the equipment, its units, and its accessories (special tools, test equipment, miscellaneous parts, and Government-furnished items) which form a part of, or are supplied with, the equipment. The table shall include the following:

- (a) Column 1, Quantity. This column shall contain the quantity of each unit and accessories supplied with the equipment.
- (b) Column 2, Item name or nomenclature. This column shall contain the official name (for example, pump, winch) or nomenclature (name and designation) of each component, unit or accessory.
- (c) Column 3, PIN number, RIC number, or unit number. This column shall contain the PIN, RIC, or unit number of each equipment unit or accessory.
- (d) Column 4, Overall dimensions. This column shall contain the crated (if available) and uncrated height, width, and depth in inches (or inches and centimeters) of each unit or accessory.
- (e) Column 5, Weight and volume. This column shall contain the crated (if available) and uncrated weight and volume in cubic feet of each unit and accessory.

3.5.2.2.6 Equipment and publications required but not supplied. A tabular listing of all test equipment and publications required but not supplied with the equipment or system shall be included. Unless otherwise specified, NAVSEA ST000-AA-IDX-010/PEETE shall be used as a guide for the selection and application of test equipment required for shipboard use. If a measurement requirement is established which cannot be satisfied by the subcategory (SCAT) codes listed in this guide, or alternate test procedures cannot be developed utilizing the listed SCAT request for assistance should be directed to:

Commander
Naval Sea Systems Command
Arlington, VA 22242-5160
ATTN: SEA 04DS

The listing shall contain:

- (a) Column 1, SCAT code. When applicable, this column shall contain the four digit group of numbers, which is included in NAVSEA ST000-AA-IDX-010/PEETE used to identify a measurement requirement.
- (b) Column 2, Test equipment category. This column shall contain the item name of each item of equipment required.

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- (c) Column 3, Representative test equipment model number. This column shall contain the model number of the standard or Substitute Standard General Purpose Electronic Test Equipment (GPETE), listed in MIL-STD-1364, which can be used to satisfy the measurement parameters.
- (d) Column 4, Equipment test parameters. This column shall specify the range of test parameters which must be satisfied by this test equipment item (it shall not define the ranges of the test equipment model).
- (e) Column 5, Application. This column shall indicate the intended use of the test equipment (for example, scheduled maintenance, troubleshooting, corrective maintenance, or installation).

3.5.2.2.7 Field and factory changes. Equipment changes (for example, field changes, factory changes, engineering changes or notices, modifications, and so forth) shall be identified and included in separate tables. Field and factory changes shall be included as follows:

- (a) Column 1, Change number. This column shall list the change number for each field and factory change considered and included in the preparation of the manual.
- (b) Column 2, Nomenclature. This column shall list the equipment nomenclature and Government serial numbers of equipments affected by the change.
- (c) Column 3, Description. This column shall contain a brief statement identifying the change and its purpose.

3.5.2.2.8 Description of technical manual. A brief description of the technical manual and an introduction to the use of the data contained within shall be included.

3.5.2.2.9 User comments procedure. A brief instruction to the manual user shall specify that comments or recommendations concerning the manual are to be forwarded for consideration (see MIL-M-24784).

3.5.3 Chapter 2, Operations. Operating instructions shall include all the procedures necessary to enable operating personnel to efficiently and effectively use the equipment in accomplishing its designated task. These operating instructions shall be in sufficient detail to allow operators, having previous experience in the operation of similar or related equipment, to independently and safely operate the equipment without additional training or explanation.

3.5.3.1 Introduction. The introduction shall provide an explanation of the purpose, scope, supersedure data, and applicability of the technical manual, including the models, serial numbers, and configurations covered. The interface relationship of the technical manual to other reference publications and the relationship of the equipment to referenced systems or other equipment shall also be included.

3.5.3.2 Controls and indicators. A description of all operator controls, indicators, protective devices and jacks shall include the following:

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- (a) Names of panel designations as marked on the equipment.
- (b) Positions and operating functions for each control, and the normal operating condition of each indicator in each of the operating functions in tabular format.
- (c) The text shall be supported by detailed illustrations (see figure 21-32).
- (d) When more than one operator is required to operate the equipment, his designated position and function, and the relationship to his controls and indicators shall be specified.

3.5.3.3 Operating procedures. Operating procedures shall include the following:

- (a) Operator turn-on. All steps necessary to bring the equipment from OFF through STANDBY condition to full operation.
- (b) Modes of operation. Procedures for each mode of operation, for example, manual, automatic, local, remote, and so forth. The use and relative advantage of each mode shall also be described.
- (c) Operation under interfering conditions. Describe the equipment antijamming and interference reduction features, the advantages of each feature, and the operating procedures to be followed in all possible situations. Supporting illustrations (such as indicator displays, wave forms, and so forth) shall be included which provide typical observations of jamming and interference for evaluation by the operator.
- (d) Operator turn-off. This procedure shall include all steps necessary to bring the equipment from full operation through STANDBY to OFF condition.
- (e) Battle-short or emergency operation. This procedure shall cover operating the equipment during emergency conditions (control failure, air failure, lube oil failure, loss of cooling water, and so forth). Emergency operator instructions shall be included. Provide a warning or caution to return the equipment to proper operation when the emergency is over.
- (f) Emergency turn-off. This procedure shall cover turning the equipment off during an emergency (fire, water, smoke, hazard to personnel, loss of coolant, normal power, and so forth).
- (g) Electromagnetic Interference (EMI). This procedure shall include information pertaining to the recognition of EMI (such as sights, sounds, lack of response, or other irregularities) and operating procedures to cope with them during operations.

3.5.3.3.1 Method of presentation. Operating procedures shall be presented in tabular form (see figure 21-33) and shall be in concise, simply-worded, step-by-step procedures (see MIL-M-24784) and shall include the following:

- (a) A short explanation of the operation to be performed.
- (b) Initial safety requirements (actions, inspections, and reference to emergency turn-off procedures).
- (c) Connection of any accessory equipment not permanently connected.
- (d) Instructions for obtaining or confirming the presence of all critical inputs such as power, coolant, air, signal, air conditioning, and so forth.

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- (e) Procedures for setting controls and making adjustments which shall be accomplished by the operator prior to equipment turn-on.
- (f) Procedures for determining operational readiness and the acceptable indications expected from built-in indicators such as meters, lamps, gauges, cathode ray tubes, and recorder readouts.
- (g) Milestones in the operational status of the equipment shall be identified and included by brief statements such as "the generator is now in STANDBY".
- (h) Visual or aural observations which occur as a result of an operator action, such as boom lowering, sweep rotation, blower motor running, and so forth.
- (i) Procedures that can be hazardous to personnel or equipment shall be emphasized by WARNINGS or CAUTIONS, as applicable. "Notes" are allowable (see MIL-M-24784).
- (j) Illustrative material supporting the procedures shall identify and locate all operating controls and indicating devices as well as normal in-use positions or indications.
- (k) Operator's checks and adjustments in proper sequence.
- (l) Operator's maintenance actions and schedules.

3.5.3.4 Operators maintenance instruction and schedule. These instructions shall define maintenance tasks and schedules to be performed by the operator. The maintenance tasks shall be limited in scope such that they will not be in conflict with his operational commitment; will not be beyond his technical training; will not be dangerous; will not be the responsibility of the maintenance technician; and will not potentially comprise the operation of the equipment. Normally these tasks will be restricted to minor adjustments, cleaning, and fuse or lamp replacement.

3.5.3.4.1 Method of presentation. Maintenance procedures shall be in concise, simply-worded, step-by-step procedures and shall include the following:

- (a) A short explanation of the task to be performed.
- (b) Initial safety requirements (actions, inspections, and reference to emergency turn-off procedures).
- (c) Separately identified and defined steps for each task and major subroutine.
- (d) Where possible, a limit of 10 steps to each identified task or subtask.
- (e) Procedure that can be hazardous to personnel or equipment shall be emphasized by WARNINGS and CAUTIONS, as applicable. "Notes" shall not be used (see MIL-M-24784).
- (f) Illustrative material supporting the procedures shall identify and locate all maintenance points with clear pictorials showing essential details.

3.5.4 Chapter 3, Functional description.

3.5.4.1 Functional description. When specified (see 6.2), Chapter 3 shall include a detailed analysis of the principles of operations of the overall equipment and its functions. The development of the equipment functions in every mode of operation shall be described. The structure and organization of this chapter

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shall parallel the organization of Chapter 5, troubleshooting. The text shall refer to and support the Chapter 5 functional troubleshooting diagrams. The descriptions shall be presented in successive levels of increasing detail as follows:

- (a) Overall level (level 1). The text shall support and refer to the overall functional block diagram (see 3.4.4.1 and MIL-M-24784). All major functions such as transmit, receive, control, display, power distribution, cooling, and so forth shall be described at this level.
- (b) Major function level (level 2). Describe the development of each major function at the level of detail shown on its related signal flow diagram, logic diagram, or other diagram included in Chapter 5. The text shall support and refer directly to the diagrams.
- (c) Circuit level (level 3). Briefly describe conventional electronic circuits found in NAVSEA 0967-LP-000-0120; refer to the maintenance schematic diagrams in Chapter 5. Describe in detail circuits not covered in NAVSEA 0967-LP-000-0120; support these circuits by simplified schematic diagrams (see 3.4.4.3 and MIL-M-24784). Describe alternating current (ac) and direct current (dc) power distribution in detail; support the descriptions by reference to the power distribution diagrams in Chapter 5. Describe mechanical devices, cooling systems, and so forth; support the descriptions by reference to mechanical schematic, overall and functional block diagrams.

3.5.4.2 Integrated circuits and micro-miniature capsules. Simplified schematics in accordance with NAVSEA 0967-LP-000-0120 or logic diagrams showing input and output connections, truth tables, and waveforms as applicable, supported by a brief description of overall functional operation, shall be included for circuits within different types of nonrepairable integrated circuits and micro miniature capsules. Nonrepairable circuits are not required for functional understandings of theory of operation. Manufacturer's data sheet information may also be included if it contains the technical contents of this requirement and meets the format and legibility requirements of this specification.

3.5.4.3 Digital equipment. The functional description of digital equipment shall be similar to that for conventional equipment. However, the functional and hardware makeup of digital equipment requires a variation in the method of presentation and descriptive requirements. Special considerations relative to the functional description of digital equipment are specified herein.

3.5.4.3.1 Method of presentation. An overall description of the functional relationship of the logic sections, units, and assemblies comprising the equipment shall be provided. The following shall be included:

- (a) An introduction to, and description of the signal characteristics:
 - (1) Signal levels or bi-stable states utilized by the equipment; that is, true (1) and false (0), and their relative voltage levels.
 - (2) Interpretation of the word-code bit structure; that is , address, instruction, or data bit codes.
 - (3) Signals, identified by their operational accomplishment.

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- (b) Overall and functional block diagrams and descriptions.
- (c) Logic principles shall be described beginning with an introduction to the basic digital logic symbology used in the manual. Each logic function shall be described and supported by Boolean equations, truth tables, simplified logic diagrams, and timing diagrams.
- (d) Functional description of power distribution, power supplies, and regulators shall conform to 3.5.4.1c.

3.5.4.4 Preparation of FBD associated keyed text. This section describes the requirements and method of presentation of the keyed text associated with each FBD.

- (a) Keyed text presents brief descriptions of each block on the FBD. The short (generally one to three sentences) paragraph is "keyed" to the FBD by a circled number. The first text paragraph shall describe the total FBD sheet. Each subsequent paragraph (circle one, circle two, circle three, and so forth) shall describe what that block does within the operation of the system.
- (b) The keyed text shall discuss, at an overview level, the purpose of each block (why it exists, and what it does). The keyed text shall not discuss circuit implementation, or how it works. When the same block appears on many levels of the FBD, the keyed text relating to the block shall be identical at all levels. See figures 21-34 through 21-40.

3.5.4.5 Equipment function directory. An equipment function directory shall tabulate operation control functions and the signal data described in the detailed level of functional analysis. The tabulation shall include the following information, as applicable:

- (a) Official name of the function, colloquial name, and symbol.
- (b) Type of control or signal (ac frequency and voltage, dc polarity and voltage, hydraulic pressure, mechanical motion, synchro, and so forth).
- (c) The origin and termination of the control or signal.
- (d) Identify components (relay transmitters, coordinate converters, distribution boxes, switches, and the like) between the origin and termination of the output control or signal.
- (e) Figure numbers of illustrations on which the function is illustrated, including the fault-isolation diagrams in Chapter 5.

3.5.5 Chapter 4. Scheduled maintenance. Chapter 4 shall contain all scheduled maintenance procedures, together with necessary explanations and illustrations. It is intended that the engineering effort required to develop preventive maintenance data be expended only once and that the data be used both in this chapter and in Logistic Support Analysis (LSA) or Maintenance Requirements Cards (MRC) where one or more of these data items is required by the contract. The preparation of this chapter of the manual should therefore be delayed until completion of the LSA, or MRC. If LSA data is not available when required, the submissions of the review draft copy (RDC) should be marked "TO BE SUPPLIED UPON COMPLETION OF LSA". When the approved LSA or MRC data is available, it shall be

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included in the manual in the identical technical and in the identical format, wherever practicable. When included in the manual, such LSA or MRC data shall be integrated with other technical data required by this specification to be in this chapter. Chapter 4 shall comprise the following:

- (a) Introduction.
- (b) Scheduled maintenance action index.
- (c) Preventive maintenance procedures.
- (d) Scheduled performance tests.

[When a separate depot-level manual is required (see 6.2), it shall include the information required by MIL-M-24784/8 (electronics/IC) or MIL-M-24784/9 (ordnance equipment), as applicable.]

3.5.5.1 Introduction. The introduction shall be an explanation of the purpose, scope, and arrangement of the scheduled maintenance data. When a preventive maintenance procedure is critical to the operation of the equipment and the schedule for servicing is absolute (not just recommended), this information shall be conspicuously written as a caution. The following applicability statement shall be included:

"The scheduled maintenance instructions in this manual are intended to duplicate those furnished in the Planned Maintenance Systems (PMS). In case of conflicts, the PMS documentation takes precedence. Such conflicts should be reported immediately on the user comment sheet in accordance with the maintenance procedures for this manual."

3.5.5.2 Scheduled maintenance action index. This index shall include all scheduled performance procedures. The index shall be tests and preventive maintenance tabulated as follows:

- (a) Column 1. Periodicity. This column shall contain an alphanumeric list of all maintenance actions contained in the chapter. The following periodicity symbols, as appropriate, shall be used in the order of increasing periodicity as listed below:

<u>INTERVAL</u>	<u>SYMBOLS</u>
Daily	D
Weekly	W
Monthly	M
Quarterly (3 months)	Q
Semiannually (6 months)	S
Annually	A
Overhaul cycle	C
As specified (explain circumstances)	R ₁ /

- 1/ An R periodicity shall be preceded by a recommended calendar periodicity (for example, DR, WR, MR, and so forth).

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- (b) Column 2, Maintenance action. This column shall list the maintenance action which corresponds to the periodicity number in column 1.
- (c) Column 3, Reference. This column shall state the paragraph number that contains the procedure listed in column 2.

3.5.5.3 Preventive maintenance procedures. These procedures shall include information required to examine, clean, and lubricate the equipment, and shall contain:

- (a) Safety precautions.
- (b) Tools, parts, materials, and test equipment.
- (c) Cleaning solvents. Solvents shall be identified by Government specification numbers and National stock numbers.
- (d) Instructions for properly maintaining all safety devices and interlocks with warnings, and cautions.
- (e) Instructions for lubrication at shipboard operating temperatures; also types and quantities of lubricants to be applied. Lubricants shall be identified by Government specification numbers and National Stock Numbers (NSNs). Specific lubricants for arctic or tropic environments shall be included. When a proprietary lubricant is approved, a Government Specification lubricant shall be listed as an emergency substitute.
- (f) The minimum rating of the technician who can be expected to perform the task.
- (g) Procedures of obtaining access to subassemblies of subcomponents.
- (h) Instructions for in-place balancing and noise reduction.
- (i) Inspection procedures for parts which deteriorate due to cycles of use, age, or climatic conditions.
- (j) Illustrations to identify lubrication points and other pertinent data.
- (k) Other information pertinent to these procedures.

3.5.5.4 Scheduled performance tests. These tests shall contain step-by-step procedures necessary to verify that the equipment is operating within standards in all modes of operation and shall contain the following:

- (a) Safety precautions.
- (b) A list of tools and test equipment identified by type, manufacturer, and model number.
- (c) The title of the test to be performed.
- (d) The minimum rating of the technician expected to perform the task.
- (e) Preliminary setup data required to perform the test.
- (f) Detailed procedures for accomplishing the test. Procedures requiring lengthy and identical setup data may be presented in detail in one procedure and referenced in succeeding procedures.
- (g) Values or conditions, with tolerances, indicative of normal operation.
- (h) References to troubleshooting or corrective actions to be used if the test values are not within tolerances.
- (i) Illustrations to support the test.

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3.5.6 Chapter 5, Troubleshooting. Troubleshooting procedures and data shall contain all information necessary for a technician to locate a malfunction in the equipment. Troubleshooting shall be presented based on locating faults in a unit, assembly, subassembly, module, or piece part, depending on the maintenance concept for the level of maintenance being performed. When the troubleshooting concept limits the location of a fault to a repairable item (such as the unit, assembly, subassembly, or module) for organizational-level maintenance, troubleshooting procedures and data shall also be presented that will permit a repair of the item at the intermediate level maintenance facility. When more than one level of maintenance must be provided for, organizational- and intermediate-level troubleshooting procedures shall be separated such that the organizational-level troubleshooting procedures are identified as "Organizational-Level Troubleshooting Procedures" and are presented first. Intermediate-level troubleshooting procedures shall follow organizational-level procedures and shall be identified "Intermediate-Level Procedures." Immediately following this title the following statement shall be included: "These procedures are authorized for Intermediate-Level (or higher) activities (tender, shore facility, and depot)." The material in Chapter 5 shall be presented in the following ten separate sections:

- (a) Safety precautions.
- (b) Introduction.
- (c) Support equipment, tools, test equipment, and consumable items.
- (d) Reference data.
- (e) Diagnostic descriptions.
- (f) Diagnostic operating procedures.
- (g) Maintenance turn-on procedures.
- (h) Troubleshooting procedures.
- (i) Troubleshooting diagrams.
- (j) Coding.

3.5.6.1 Safety precautions. A reference to the safety precaution data contained in Chapter 1 shall be included as the initial paragraph ahead of the introduction.

3.5.6.2 Introduction. The introduction shall explain the approach and logic of the troubleshooting principles presented in the manual. The section shall introduce the troubleshooting process and show how it relates to troubleshooting data in other chapters of this manual.

3.5.6.3 Support equipment, tools, test equipment, and consumable items.

3.5.6.3.1 Troubleshooting index. The troubleshooting index shall be presented in tabular form. The index shall list all equipment, major and supporting functions in alphabetical order, provide references to the technician to the appropriate procedures and diagrams that area to be used to troubleshoot a specific function (see MIL-M-24784).

3.5.6.3.2 Relay and lamp indexes. These indexes shall be prepared in tabular form for all relay coils and indicator lamps. The relay and lamp indexes shall include the item reference designation, the functional name, energizing voltage, and a reference to the troubleshooting diagram(s). Any components which are part of a circuit card assembly (CCA) that is a lowest replaceable unit (LRU) shall not be listed on the component indexes (see MIL-M-24784).

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3.5.6.3.3 Protective device index. This index shall list all protective devices, such as fuses, circuit breakers, and so forth. The index shall include the item reference designation, front panel marking of the device, trip-out value of the circuit breaker and rating of fuses, name of the circuit protected and a reference to troubleshooting diagram(s) (see MIL-M-24784).

3.5.6.3.4 Tools and test equipment listing. Separate listings shall be provided as required to describe the equipment complement of general purpose tools and tool kits, consumable items, general purpose test equipment, special purpose tools and tool kits, and special purpose test equipments. Tools supplied as parts of hardware assemblies, such as cabinet wrenches, shall be included in the tool lists. Requirements for description shall be dependent upon the determination that a listed item is categorized as general purpose type or special purpose type. Special tools and equipment are defined as those not listed in the Federal Supply Catalog. Notes explaining use of the tables and Stock Code Number column numbering system shall precede the first table for which a particular note is applicable.

3.5.6.3.5 General purpose tools. General purpose tools shall be listed in tabular form with numbered items listed alphabetically by their official name or nomenclature. Descriptive text explaining the use of the table and the Stock Code Number column numbering system shall precede the first table. Separate tables shall be provided which list the items comprising tool kits or groups which may be procured as a kit or set. Tables describing the contents of tool kits or sets shall include identification data for the procurement of the kit or set in the title of the table. For each listed item, the table shall include:

- (a) Item number reflecting the position of the item in the tables.
- (b) Item name consisting of the official name or nomenclature of the listed item.
- (c) Part number consisting of the manufacturer or contracting activity assigned number as it appears on the item.
- (d) Quantity of the items required for maintenance of the equipment.
- (e) National Stock Number (NSN) of the item as it appears in the Federal Supply Catalog.
- (f) Contractor and Government Entity (CAGE) code consisting of the assigned CAGE code of the manufacturer or contracting activity of the listed item.
- (g) Stock Code Number consisting of an assigned number which indicates the procurement status of the listed item as follows:
 - (1) Item is supplied with the equipment.
 - (2) Item is supplied by the Navy Supply System.
 - (3) Item is available through the Navy Supply System.

A note explaining this coding system will precede the first table where used.

- (h) Remarks or description consisting of the name or number of the unit for which the item is to be used, Sub Category (SCAT) code number, equivalency data, description of use, and so forth, applicable to the listed item.

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3.5.6.3.6 Consumable items. Consumable items shall be listed in tabular form with numbered items listed alphabetically by their official name or nomenclature. For each listed item, the table shall include data as described by 3.5.6.3.5 above.

3.5.6.3.7 General purpose test equipment. General purpose test equipment shall be listed in tabular form with numbered items listed alphabetically by their official name or nomenclature. For each listed item, the table shall include data as described by 3.5.6.3.5 above.

3.5.6.3.8 Special purpose tools. Special purpose tools shall be presented in tabular form. Items included in the tables shall be listed alphabetically by their official name or nomenclature. Separate tables shall be provided which list the items comprising tool kits or groups which may be procured as a kit or set. Notes explaining the use of the tables and Stock Code Number lettering system shall precede the first table for which a particular note is applicable. Tables describing the contents of tool kits or sets shall contain identification data (the manufacturer's or other identification to be used in procurement of the kit or set) in the title of the table. Special purpose items listed as parts of general purpose tool kits shall be included in the special purpose tools table; its inclusion as part of the kit or set shall be properly annotated. For each listed item, the table shall include:

- (a) Item number reflecting the position of the item in the table.
- (b) Item name consisting of the official name or nomenclature of the listed item.
- (c) Illustration number consisting of the number of illustration describing the item and its general use.
- (d) Quantity of the items required for maintenance of the equipment.
- (e) Manufacturer's part number consisting of the manufacturer's or the contracting activity's assigned part number as it appears on the item.
- (f) CAGE code consisting of the assigned CAGE code of the manufacturer or contracting activity of the listed item.
- (g) Stock code number consisting of an assigned number which indicates the procurement status of the listed item as follows:
 - (1) Item is supplied with the equipment.
 - (2) Item is supplied by the manufacturer.
 - (3) Item is available from the manufacturer.

A note explaining this coding system shall precede the first table where used.

- (h) Remarks or description consisting of the name or number of the unit for which the item is to be used, SCAT code number, equivalency data, description of use, reference to procedures requiring usage, and so forth, applicable to the listed item.

3.5.6.3.9 Special purpose test equipment. Special purpose test equipment shall be presented in tabular form with accompanying illustrations. Items included in the table shall be listed alphabetically by their official name or nomenclature. For each listed item, the table shall include data as described by 3.5.6.3.5 above.

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3.5.6.4 Reference data. This section shall consist entirely of data associated with the equipment which has been found to be useful as reference data for maintenance purposes. Technical and informative data which enhances maintenance and repair of the equipment shall be included. This section shall be presented by tabular format with introductory text and illustrations. Use of text and illustration shall be kept to the minimum required to ensure understanding of the material in the tables. This section shall contain, but not be limited to, the following sections.

- (a) A list of redundant (identical) pluggable electronic components shall be provided to facilitate the interchange of parts in use within the equipment. The list of components shall appear in tabular form with items grouped by part number and arranged in alphanumeric part number order. The list shall include reference designators for each part number listed. Reference designators shall be arranged in ascending order with the least critical component appearing first. A maximum of ten reference designators shall be listed for any component used more than ten times within the equipment. Non pluggable items and items having minor degrading impact on the equipment shall not be listed (Example: indicator lamps and light bulbs). This table shall be titled "Component Interchangability."
- (b) A list of Maintenance Assistance Modules (MAMs) shall provide a tabular listing of the equipment MAMs. This table shall be titled "Special Purpose Test Equipment - MAMs."

3.5.6.5 Diagnostic descriptions. This section shall identify and describe all performance monitoring (PM) and fault localization (FL) tests supporting the equipment.

3.5.6.6 Diagnostic operating procedures. Step-by-step procedures shall be provided for operating all equipment diagnostic operating procedures.

3.5.6.7 Maintenance turn-on procedure. Include a maintenance turn-on procedure to energize the equipment from the fully de-energized condition to full operation (see figure 21-37). This procedure shall enable the technician to determine which major function or supporting function is malfunctioning. Each step of the procedure shall include the action to be taken (STEP), the observation to be made (OBSERVE), and shall presume that normal conditions have been observed in previous steps. Reference shall be made to the procedure for troubleshooting or corrective action to be used (REFERENCE) if the observation is out of tolerance. Built-in monitors, such as meters, dials, lamps, and so forth, shall be used when possible for making observations, as opposed to the use of external test equipment. The procedure is complete when the equipment is fully energized and all switches and controls are positioned for proper operation.

3.5.6.8 Troubleshooting procedures. Specific troubleshooting methods and procedures shall be presented to direct fault identification, fault-isolation, and fault repair or correction, at the equipment level. The procedures shall provide for the analysis of switching combinations and observable indications (dials, gauge lamps, and meters). The use of any required test equipment shall be described. The procedures shall support the troubleshooting diagrams (see 3.5.6.9). The supporting diagrams shall be referenced by figure number. Prerequisite control settings, conditions, tools and test equipment, shall precede each procedure.

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3.5.6.8.1 Maintenance concept. The beginning of the troubleshooting section shall describe the maintenance concept for fault detection, fault localization, and fault-isolation and repair. The section shall contain a flowchart to aid the maintainer by illustrating the philosophy behind the method used to troubleshoot casualties.

3.5.6.8.2 Fault group index. The fault group index shall provide a list of suspected faulty assemblies and parts for a fault group number callout resulting from the performance of specific diagnostic fault detection routines performed at the equipment or system level. Use of this section shall enable maintainers to swap or replace suspected faulty parts identified by troubleshooting routines with the use of MAMs, replacements from the supply system, or redundant parts available within the system. The fault group index is used for repair of a failure. The fault group index shall consist of a list of callouts or typeouts which list the reference designator of suspected faulty part(s) causing the callout; and which references the entry point on the correct diagram for further troubleshooting of casualty. This section shall also contain references to available lists of swappable components and MAMs, supply data, and instructions for replacement or swapping of suspected faulty parts. This section shall consist of a tabular listing of data related to troubleshooting routine callouts. The fault group index may be an automated printout if format and legibility are retained and reproduced copy is clear and useable. The fault group index shall contain an introduction describing the use of the table in narrative text. The fault group index shall contain the following parts:

- (a) Fault group number. This shall consist of a column of callouts or typeouts listed alphanumerically by unit number of the diagnostic test performed, and shall contain all callouts applicable to unit casualties. Entries shall be spaced to facilitate inclusion of all corresponding data in the other columns of the table.
- (b) Test. This column shall identify the diagnostic test number of the test that produced the fault group callout.
- (c) Unit. This column shall identify the unit that was tested.
- (d) Card type. This column shall identify the part number of the suspected faulty card.
- (e) Reference designator. This shall consist of a column of all suspected faulty components applicable to the corresponding fault group number. Entries shall be spaced one to a line of type and shall be ranked by highest-to-lowest probability of causing the fault group number callout, and pluggable components shall be listed preceding hard-wired components. The reference designator shall describe unit number, cabinet or section number, subassembly number, and component number.
- (f) Functional circuit diagram. This column shall identify the figure number of the FCD associated with the suspected faulty card.
- (g) Circuit tested. This column shall identify the circuit that was tested.
- (h) Notes or remarks. This shall consist of notes, remarks, comments or amplifying data related to repair of the casualty. (Examples of notes and data: Identification of Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) sensitive parts; reference to applicable Fault Group Replacement Instructions; and so forth).

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3.5.6.8.3 Fault group replacement instruction. This section shall describe by procedural text, the approved instructions for replacement or swapping of components identified by the fault group index, including equipment lineups and restrictions and all applicable safety instructions. This section shall also contain narrative references to other equipment technical manual sections describing the availability, location, and use of MAMs and redundant swappable components.

3.5.6.9 Troubleshooting diagrams. Troubleshooting diagrams shall consist of Fault Logic Diagrams, secondary FBDs, FCDs, and so forth, as required to support the system maintenance concept. All diagram notes (general, apron, multiple page, and so forth), except for FBDs and FCDs, shall be developed in accordance with 3.4.4 and MIL-M-24784.

3.5.6.9.1 Maintenance concept flowchart. The flowchart shall illustrate the basic methodology of troubleshooting casualties. The philosophy or concept behind the troubleshooting method will be shown by depicting generalized maintenance actions rather than specific tasks performed. Overall format of the flowchart shall be divided into Operational, Detection, Localization, and Isolation and Repair sections by use of labelled dashed lines. Each block of the flowchart shall contain a circled number that corresponds to a paragraph number of an accompanying narrative text that describes the content of that block. Block numbers shall be assigned sequentially and shall follow the top-to-bottom, left-to-right flow pattern used by the flowchart. The flowchart shall illustrate typical operations performed during the troubleshooting process in the sequence that they were performed. The flowchart shall represent sufficient examples of the hardware and software used with the equipment to illustrate the underlying troubleshooting philosophy. All inherent or built-in troubleshooting aids shall be illustrated. However, to minimize complexity, the flowchart shall not attempt to show all of the possible troubleshooting operations for every hardware and software combination. (See 3.4.4.2).

3.5.6.9.2 Maintenance concept flowchart definitions. This section shall describe each of the blocks of the maintenance concept flowchart and their content by use of narrative text presented in tabular form. The table shall consist of paragraphs referenced to the numbered block of the flowchart that is described. The table shall contain a separate sequentially numbered description for each block appearing on the maintenance concept flowchart.

3.5.6.9.3 Fault logic diagrams (FLDs). The fault logic diagrams shall be prepared in accordance with MIL-M-24784.

3.5.6.9.4 Sequenced switching diagrams (SSDs). Sequenced switching diagrams may be used to step the technician through a sequence of events to support troubleshooting. SSDs are generally used when normal monitoring of events will miss symptoms that are significant to the troubleshooting process. This can be due to the speed that the events take place, the need for controlling operator actions or other circumstances that make a step-by-step monitoring of events useful to the troubleshooting process. SSDs are often used to monitor weapon control functions, ensuring that the technician zeros in on the correct symptom rather than a symptom indirectly resulting from the actual problem.

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3.5.6.9.5 Troubleshooting dependency diagrams. Fault logic diagrams (see 3.5.6.9.3) shall be provided to augment the troubleshooting procedures. Supporting information required to explain the use of the diagrams shall be provided in the text or general note.

3.5.6.9.6 Functional circuit diagrams (FCDs). FCDs shall be the most detailed part of the system of diagrams used to depict the functional divisions of the equipment. The FCDs shall be directly linked to the lowest level of FBDs contained in Chapter 3. This reference shall be by the hardware reference designator. More information about the FBD/FCD structure and relationship is discussed in 3.4.4.1, 3.4.4.3, and figure 21-1.

3.5.6.9.7 Secondary FBD, lowest-level FBD, and FCDs. Prepare diagrams in accordance with 3.4.4.1.

3.5.6.9.8 Integrated circuitry packages and nonrepairable assemblies. When integrated circuit packaging techniques, such as Dual In-Line packages, are utilized, the level of detail on the logic diagrams may be restricted to that necessary to isolate problems to either a specific integrated circuit package or if the maintenance concept so dictates, to a specific nonrepairable assembly, providing there is sufficient detail to understand the process of troubleshooting.

3.5.6.9.9 Assemblies and subassemblies, modules, and standard electronic modules designated nonrepairable. Logic diagrams, functional information, hardware and test data shall be supplied to the extent that it is required to understand the operation of the equipment, concept of troubleshooting, and to serve the basis for affecting a critical repair.

3.5.6.10 Coding.

3.5.6.10.1 Coding instruction sheets. Coding instruction sheets shall be provided for all programs. The listing shall contain all coding and address data as well as an adequate notes section to ensure understanding (see figure 21-41).

3.5.6.10.2 Test programs. Test programs with coding instruction sheets shall be developed and included on support troubleshooting procedures.

3.5.7 Chapter 6, Corrective maintenance. This chapter shall contain instructions required to adjust and align the equipment; remove, repair, reinstall, and align all repairable parts, modules, subassemblies, and assemblies. The instructions shall identify the action to be accomplished; safety precautions to be observed; tools, parts, materials, and test equipment required; preliminary control settings; test equipment setup instructions; and step-by-step instructions, with supporting illustrations, to accomplish the maintenance task. Corrective maintenance instructions shall be provided for all items designated repairable irrespective of the maintenance concept unless this information is included in another technical manual and can be referenced.

3.5.7.1 Introduction. The introduction shall contain an explanation of the purpose, scope, and arrangement of the corrective maintenance data.

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3.5.7.2 Adjustments and alignments. This subsection shall contain all information and procedures required to perform all necessary adjustments and alignments as follows:

- (a) Non operator type adjustments.
- (b) Alignments requiring external jigs, test equipment, or bench setups.
- (c) Alignments that are accomplished after a repair or replacement of a part or module.
- (d) Test equipment setup and other illustrations necessary to support the procedures.

3.5.7.3 Repair. The repair subsection shall contain all procedures required in the repair of assemblies and repairable parts. Repair procedures shall include but not be limited to the following:

- (a) Removal, disassembly, and inspection.
- (b) Repair or replacement of piece parts.
- (c) Cleaning, reassembly, adjustment, installation, calibration, and checkout.
- (d) Exploded views, sectional views, wiring diagrams, and photographs necessary to support the procedures.
- (e) Obvious repair actions such as soldering, use of multimeters, hand tools, and so forth, shall not be included except where these actions involve hazards to personnel or equipment.

3.5.7.4 Supporting illustrations and data. The use of clear, sharp illustrations to supplement description and maintenance coverage is required. Exploded views are required for parts location illustration. As a minimum, illustrations or sketches of the following shall, when applicable, be included:

- (a) Typical bearings for rotating or moving equipment.
- (b) Method of taking clearance measurements where required.
- (c) Typical mechanism for absorbing thrust where applicable.
- (d) Locking devices when applicable.
- (e) Typical seal assembly (pressure or vacuum seals or controlled leakage between rotor and casing).
- (f) Typical assembly or blading to rotor, with lock devices, where applicable.
- (g) Typical assembly of field poles, laminated core iron, electrical windings, commutator, slip rings, and brush rigging where applicable.
- (h) Equipment assembly with upper casing partially removed.
- (i) Series of illustrations showing installation of supervisory instruments (such as RTEs in bearings).

3.5.8 Chapter 7. Parts list. The parts list shall list and identify and shall reference or include an illustration that will show the location of all repair parts, including the attaching hardware required to support the maintenance concept. All mechanical parts subject to replacement, although not provisioned as a spare part, such as handles, slides, plates, covers, and so forth included in the provisioning documentation shall be included in the parts list and identified in the respective parts-location diagram. This chapter shall include:

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- (a) Introduction.
- (b) Parts list. (Including attaching hardware)
- (c) List of manufacturers.
- (d) Parts location illustrations.

3.5.8.1 Introduction. The introduction shall contain an explanation of the scope and arrangement of the parts list. The following type of information shall be included:

- (a) Models of equipments and, where all equipment of a specific model do not have interchangeable parts, serial number of equipments covered.
- (b) Explanation of any special notes.
- (c) Explanation and instructions for using the list of common item descriptions.
- (d) Explanation and instructions for using the list of attaching hardware.
- (e) Explanation and instructions for using the parts list.
- (f) Explanation and use of the list of manufacturers.

3.5.8.2 Parts list requirements. The parts list shall be in tabular form in accordance with MIL-M-24784. The parts list shall be divided by major units. Each unit shall be arranged in numerical sequence (for example, unit 1 with its parts, and so forth, will precede unit 2 with its parts). All parts attached to the unit shall be listed first in alphanumerical order, followed by unit assemblies with parts and than subassemblies with parts, also listed in alphanumerical order. The list shall be arranged as follows:

Unit	1
(Cabinet parts)	1AT1
	1B1
	1C1
	1CR1
	1R1
	and so forth
Assembly	1A1
(Assembly parts)	1A1AT1
	1A1B1
	1A1C1
	1A1CR1
	1A1R1
	and so forth
Subassembly	1A1A1
(Subassembly parts)	1A1A1AT1
	1A1A1B1
	1A1A1C1
	1A1A1CR1
	1A1A1R1
	and so forth
Unit	2
	and so forth

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3.5.8.3 Parts list format. All parts listings shall be prepared in tabular form with columns headed as follows).

- (a) Column 1, Reference designation. This column shall contain the reference designations of all parts listed in sequential order. Unit numbering method of assigning reference designations, as specified in IEEE 200-75 shall be used to identify units, assemblies, subassemblies, and parts. MP numbers shall be assigned to mechanical parts subject to replacement, such as handles, slides, and so forth, that are included in the APL but not assigned MP numbers in the engineering drawings. With the exceptions of screws, nuts, bolts, and other attaching hardware, every functioning part in the equipment shall have a reference designator. When reference designations have been canceled for more than two consecutive items, only the first and last of the designations are to be listed, separated by the word "through". For example: 3A1R69 through A1R100 not used.
- (b) Column 2, Part name. This column shall contain the name of the part.
- (c) Column 3, Part number. This column shall contain the part number.
- (d) Column 4, CAGE code. This column shall contain the Contractor and Government Entity (CAGE) code of the manufacturer.
- (e) Column 5, Figure reference. This column shall reference the parts location illustration in Chapter 6.
- (f) Column 6, Notes. This column shall contain equipment reference information such as serial number, model number, configuration data, and so forth.

3.5.8.4 List of manufacturers. The list of manufacturers shall contain the names, addresses, and CAGE number of all manufacturers supplying items for the equipment as referenced in the parts list. The list shall be presented in numerical sequence by CAGE number. CAGE numbers shall be in accordance with cataloging handbook H4/H8.

3.5.8.5 Parts location illustrations. Illustrations shall be included to provide positive and rapid location of parts. Types of parts location illustrations include exploded views, when approved by the Government, engineering drawings and sectional views, printed-circuit boards, as applicable (see MIL-M-24784). (Suitable parts location illustrations located in other chapters of the manual may be referenced).

3.5.8.6 Criteria for illustrations. Items shall be called out by reference designator. Standard attaching hardware items (such as nuts, bolts, washers, screws) need not be called-out or illustrated, except when they are referenced in a procedure. Exploded views shall be supplied when required to support maintenance procedures in Chapter 6.

3.5.8.7 Exploded views. Exploded views for parts lists shall be prepared in accordance with MIL-M-24784.

3.5.8.8 Line drawings, engineering drawings, and photographs. Line drawings shall be used in lieu of photographs (see MIL-M-24784).

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3.5.8.9 Printed circuit board. Printed-circuit board illustrations shall be prepared in accordance with MIL-M-24784.

3.5.9 Chapter 8. Installation. Drawings and information concerning installation shall be provided in this chapter (see 6.2). The following type of information shall be included: site selection, or installation location guide lines (such as moisture precautions and maximum temperature allowed as appropriate), special tools and materials requirements, unpacking, and handling (if unusual procedures or precautions are required), preparation of foundations, mechanical assembly procedures, mounting instructions, bolting diagrams, safety precautions, grounding and bonding, clearances for access, ventilation, fluid cooling requirements, clearances for motion under shock, and recommendations for reduction of electrical and electromagnetic interference, and other interface requirements, as applicable. In addition, this chapter shall contain tests and test procedures required to demonstrate that the equipment after installation is capable of satisfying operational requirements. Also, it shall include information relating to the electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) measures taken in the original design or subsequently incorporated to maintain EMC integrity of the equipment at all times in its life cycle. The measures include, as a minimum shielding, filtering, grounding, bonding, and routing.

3.5.9.1 Installation drawings. Legible reproduction of installation control drawings in accordance with MIL-D-23140, shall consist of the following, as applicable.

- (a) Drawing list.
- (b) Block diagrams.
- (c) Outline and installation drawing.
- (d) Auxiliary cooling diagram.
- (e) Cable running sheets.
- (f) Summary list of installation material.
- (g) RF transmission line diagram.

3.5.9.2 Site or installation location information. Data shall contain information supplemental to the installation drawings. If all site information is contained on the installation drawings, reference shall be made to the applicable drawings by figure number.

3.5.9.3 Reference publications. When specified (see 6.2), reference shall be made to military-issue general publications required to complete the installation, when it is impractical to include such information.

3.5.9.4 Tools and materials required for installation. Include information supplemental to the summary list of installation material. If no supplemental information is required, reference the drawing by figure number.

3.5.9.5 Unpacking and repacking. Include information supplemental to the installation drawings regarding unpacking and repacking. Include step-by-step procedures to prevent damage to the equipment or injury to personnel. Supporting illustrations shall be provided to clarify procedures. When packing for reshipment is required, step-by-step procedures for packing shall be included and illustrated. When packing is simply the reverse of unpacking, this fact need only be stated. Any special environmental conditions required for storage shall be provided. Instructions shall be included for items in the following categories.

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- (a) Depreservation procedures required at time of installation.
- (b) Represervation packaging required prior to repacking for storage or shipment.
- (c) Intricate mounting, blocking, or bracing.
- (d) Special cushion inserts.
- (e) Repairable items.
- (f) Sensitive or fragile components.
- (g) Items held in special cradles.
- (h) Items furnished in reusable containers.
- (i) Special environmental conditions required for storage.
- (j) Special handling procedures required.
- (k) Container storage or disposition instructions, as applicable.

The instructions shall be detailed to prevent handling damage to the equipment or injury to personnel. In addition, step-by-step procedural illustrations may be used to supplement the packing and handling instructions.

3.5.9.6 Preparation of foundations. Include information supplemental to the installation drawings. If all foundation preparation information is contained on the installation drawing, refer to the drawings by figure number.

3.5.9.7 Input requirements. A summary of the input data contained on the installation drawings shall be included. Parameters with tolerances should be included with each of the inputs listed. Examples of inputs are as follows:

- (a) Power.
- (b) Ventilation.
- (c) Dry air (waveguide pressure).
- (d) Ship gyro information.

3.5.9.8 Installation procedures. The following types of supplemental information which are not provided on the installation drawings shall be included or referenced.

- (a) Instructions required to assemble units.
- (b) Instructions required to mount units. Include bolting and bracing diagrams and data on shock mounts.
- (c) Instructions for making electrical, plumbing, transmission line, and all other interface connections (external) to the equipment.
- (d) Instructions for interconnecting units comprising the equipment.
- (e) Servicing procedures, such as initial lubrication.
- (f) Instructions for bonding and grounding.

3.5.9.9 Installation checkout. Step-by-step procedures shall be provided to demonstrate that the equipment operates correctly and within tolerances. These procedures shall provide for equipment checkout in three test phases as follows:

- (a) Phase 1 - Installation inspection and pre-energizing procedures.
- (b) Phase 2 - Turn-on and preliminary tests.
- (c) Phase 3 - Installation verification test.

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3.5.9.9.1 Phase 1 - Installation inspection and pre-energizing procedures. When specified (see 6.2), inspection procedures shall be provided in the form of check lists to verify the following:

- (a) That all units of the equipment and required auxiliary equipments have been installed and that their location and orientation is proper; that all cables, filters, antennas, waveguides, transmission lines, dehydrators, coolant lines, piping, and so forth, have been installed in accordance with plans and specifications; that continuity exists in all interconnections.
- (b) That the test equipment listed in Chapter 1 is on board, operating satisfactorily, has been calibrated and has adequate storage in accordance with ST000-AB-GYD-010/PEETE.
- (c) That the Allowance Parts List (APL) is on board, that the Coordinated Shipboard Allowance List (COSAL) includes the equipment data.
- (d) That all field changes, SHIPALTs, and mandatory retrofits have been accomplished.
- (e) That all installation and reference standards are entered on the Installation Standards Summary Sheet.
- (f) That all rotating devices are free from obstruction.
- (g) That there is access to the equipment for maintenance.
- (h) That all pre-energizing servicing procedures, including lubrication have been accomplished.
- (i) That it is safe to turn on the equipment.

3.5.9.9.2 Phase 2 - Initial turn-on and preliminary test. Procedures shall be included for energizing the equipment for the first time. This may be accomplished by reference to the applicable portions of Chapter 2. Step-by-step procedures shall be included for testing the equipment electrical supply circuits including distribution panels, switches, breakers, relief valves, and interlocks. Procedures shall be included for testing piping, electrical cables, wire rope, stays, for proper installation of transmission lines and waveguides, hangar spacing, torquing of connectors, pressure testing, flow rates, standing wave ratio and attenuation checks, and so forth.

3.5.9.9.3 Phase 3 - Installation verification test. Complete instructions shall be included for testing the equipment in all modes of operation. Where applicable, refer to the scheduled performance tests in Chapter 4. Procedures shall cover checking gauges, meters, alarms, and other sensing devices for proper operation and calibration. The tests shall verify that all inputs are in tolerance. Where applicable, include voltage standing wave ratio (VSWR) and insertion loss tests to verify the proper installation of antenna-to-equipment waveguide runs; transducer impedance and source level checks to verify proper installation of transducers, domes, and cables. Preliminary setup data shall be included in each procedure. When it is required that an alignment be accomplished prior to performing a test, the alignment shall be included or referenced in the procedure.

3.5.9.9.3.1 Test procedure. Testing procedures shall be presented in a logical order as follows:

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- (a) Energize the equipment.
- (b) Test the first units (normally power supplies) which must be operating properly. When test results are within the required tolerance, include reference to the next logical test. Include a reference to the corrective maintenance or troubleshooting data to be used if test results are not within tolerances.

3.5.9.9.3.2 Installation standards summary sheet. The installation standards summary sheet shall provide spaces for recording the results of all installation verification tests and significant reference standard tests that should be made a matter of record for reference by the technician during troubleshooting and for a standard to be re-established after overhaul (see figure 21-4). Each space shall be identified by the step or paragraph number which provides the instructions for accomplishment. Each space shall contain the respective unit of measurement (for example, amp., dB., or V.) When applicable, waveforms shall be included to show the points on the pattern where the measurement is to be taken. In addition, critical installation data shall be included, such as the length of the transmission line.

4. QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS

4.1 Responsibility for inspection. Unless otherwise specified in the contract or purchase order, the contractor is responsible for the performance of all inspection requirements (examinations and tests) as specified herein. Except as otherwise specified in the contract or purchase order, the contractor may use his own or any other facilities suitable for the performance of the inspection requirements specified herein, unless disapproved by the Government. The Government reserves the right to perform any of the inspections set forth in this specification where such inspections are deemed necessary to ensure supplies and services conform to prescribed requirements.

4.1.1 Responsibility for compliance. All items shall meet all requirements of sections 3 and 5. The inspection set forth in this specification shall become a part of the contractor's overall inspection system or quality program. The absence of any inspection requirements in the specification shall not relieve the contractor of the responsibility of ensuring that all products or supplies submitted to the Government for acceptance comply with all requirements of the contract. Sampling in quality conformance does not authorize submission of known defective material, either indicated or actual, nor does it commit the Government to accept defective material.

4.2 Quality control. Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2), the quality conformance inspection, Government inspection, validation, verification, technical manual quality assurance (TMQA) program reviews, technical manual evaluation records and rejection requirements shall be in accordance with MIL-M-24784.

5. PACKAGING

5.1 Packaging requirements. Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2), the packaging and preservation requirements for delivery of book plans, review draft copies, preliminary technical manuals, final reproducible copy, technical manuals, replenishment materials, changes and revisions shall be in accordance with MIL-M-24784.

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6. NOTES

(This section contains information of a general or explanatory nature that may be helpful, but is not mandatory.)

6.1 Intended use. The technical manuals prepared to this specification are intended to be used for installation, operation, maintenance, repair, and parts support of digital equipment. The technical manual will be used as a training document in the classroom and as a source for on-the-job training.

6.2 Acquisition requirements. Acquisition documents must specify the following:

- (a) Title, number, and date of this specification (or any TMCR referencing this specification).
- (b) Issue of DODISS to be cited in the solicitation, and if required, the specific issue of individual documents referenced (see 2.1).
- (c) Applicable publication number, classification, and distribution statement (see 3.1).
- (d) An outline or book plan manual must be specified whenever a technical manual is required for a new equipment or system (see 3.2a).
- (e) Double column text must normally be specified. When increased effectiveness of presentation results, a single column format is also acceptable.
- (f) A review draft copy (RDC) must always be specified for every new technical manual (see 3.2b). An RDC also must be specified for manual change or revision procurements (see 3.2f and 3.2g), unless changes to the technical manual have been preapproved (TMDER, ECP, and so forth) by the Government.
- (g) Specify the number of weeks required for Government review of technical manual deliverables.
- (h) Specify a preliminary technical manual (PTM) when it is necessary to field equipment for test and evaluation, or when an extended period of use is required prior to Government verification (normally applies to complex equipment and systems only). (See 3.2c.)
- (i) Final reproducible copy (see 3.2d).
- (j) Supplements to manuals (see 3.2e) must be specified when:
 - (1) Classified information can be confined to the supplement manual such that its basic technical manual will be routed as "unclassified".
 - (2) It augments a technical manual to provide for a different model and can be justified as a cost effective method of promulgation.
 - (3) It can be justified as a practical method of promulgation.
- (k) Changes must be specified only when they pertain to technical manual corrections resulting from a hardware change or modification. They may also be specified if it has been determined that significant omissions of technical data or information has been identified. Do not specify a change to correct minor or editorial corrections. When changes are

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justified on the above basis, the change package must include the correction of all outstanding temporary or interim changes and may include minor changes (see 3.2f). The change package must be developed in accordance with MIL-M-24784/1.

- (l) Whenever the number of change pages is estimated to exceed approximately 25 percent of the total number of pages in the manual, an update revision must be specified (see 3.2g) and developed in accordance with MIL-M-24784/2.
 - (m) When the total number of pages requiring change exceed approximately 50 percent of the total number of pages in the manual, a complete revision must be specified (see 3.2g) and developed in accordance with MIL-M-24784/2.
 - (n) When quality assurance and management data items are required for effective management, selected items must be specified for delivery (see 3.2.3, 4.2, 6.4 and MIL-M-24784).
- (1) TMQA program plan.
 - (2) Validation plan.
 - (3) Validation certification.
 - (4) Evaluation records.
 - (5) Verification plan.
 - (6) Verification incorporation certification.
- (o) Warranty and guarantee information (see 3.5.2.2).
 - (p) When the equipment requires a Class B overhaul, a depot level maintenance manual (TRS) is to be acquired in accordance with MIL-M-24784/8 or MIL-M-24784/9 (see 3.5.5).
 - (q) Requirements for parts lists (see 3.5.8). Name and description of each part need not be furnished.
 - (r) When installation information is required, specify the drawings, site or installation location, and reference publications required (see 3.5.9).
 - (s) When preservation, packing, and marking are other than as specified (see Section 5. PACKAGING).
 - (t) For classified equipment, attach a DD Form 254 specifying the following:
 - (1) Security classification.
 - (2) Downgrading and declassification notification.
 - (3) Areas requiring security protection.

6.3 Technical manual acquisition. This specification (or a TMCR based on this specification) must be listed on the Contract Data Requirements List (DD Form 1423) in order to acquire the technical manuals described by this specification.

6.4 Consideration of data requirements. The following data requirements should be considered when this specification is applied on a contract. The applicable Data Item Descriptions (DID's) should be reviewed in conjunction with the specific acquisition to ensure that only essential data are requested/provided and that the DID's are tailored to reflect the requirements of the specific acquisition. To ensure correct contractual application of the data requirements, a Contract Data Requirements List (DD Form 1423) must be prepared to obtain the data.

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<u>Reference Paragraph</u>	<u>DID Number</u>	<u>DID Title</u>
3.2.3	DI-M-2194	Manual, Technical; Quality Assurance Program Plan
3.2.3	DI-M-2195	Manual, Technical; Validation Plan
3.2.3	DI-M-2196	Manual, Technical; Validation Certification
3.2.3	DI-M-2197	Manual, Technical, Evaluation Record
3.2.3	DI-M-2198	Manual, Technical; Verification Plan
3.2.3	DI-M-2201	Technical Manual Verification Incorporation Certification

The above DID's were those cleared as of the date of this specification. The current issue of DoD 5010.12-L, Acquisition Management Systems and Data Requirements Control List (AMSDDL), must be researched to ensure that only current, cleared DID's are cited on the DD Form 1423.

6.5 Definitions. The words or phrases used throughout this specification are defined in MIL-M-24784.

6.6 Subject term (key word) listing.

Installation
Maintenance
Operation

Review activity:
Navy - EC

Preparing activity:
Navy - SH
(Project TMSS-N242-21)

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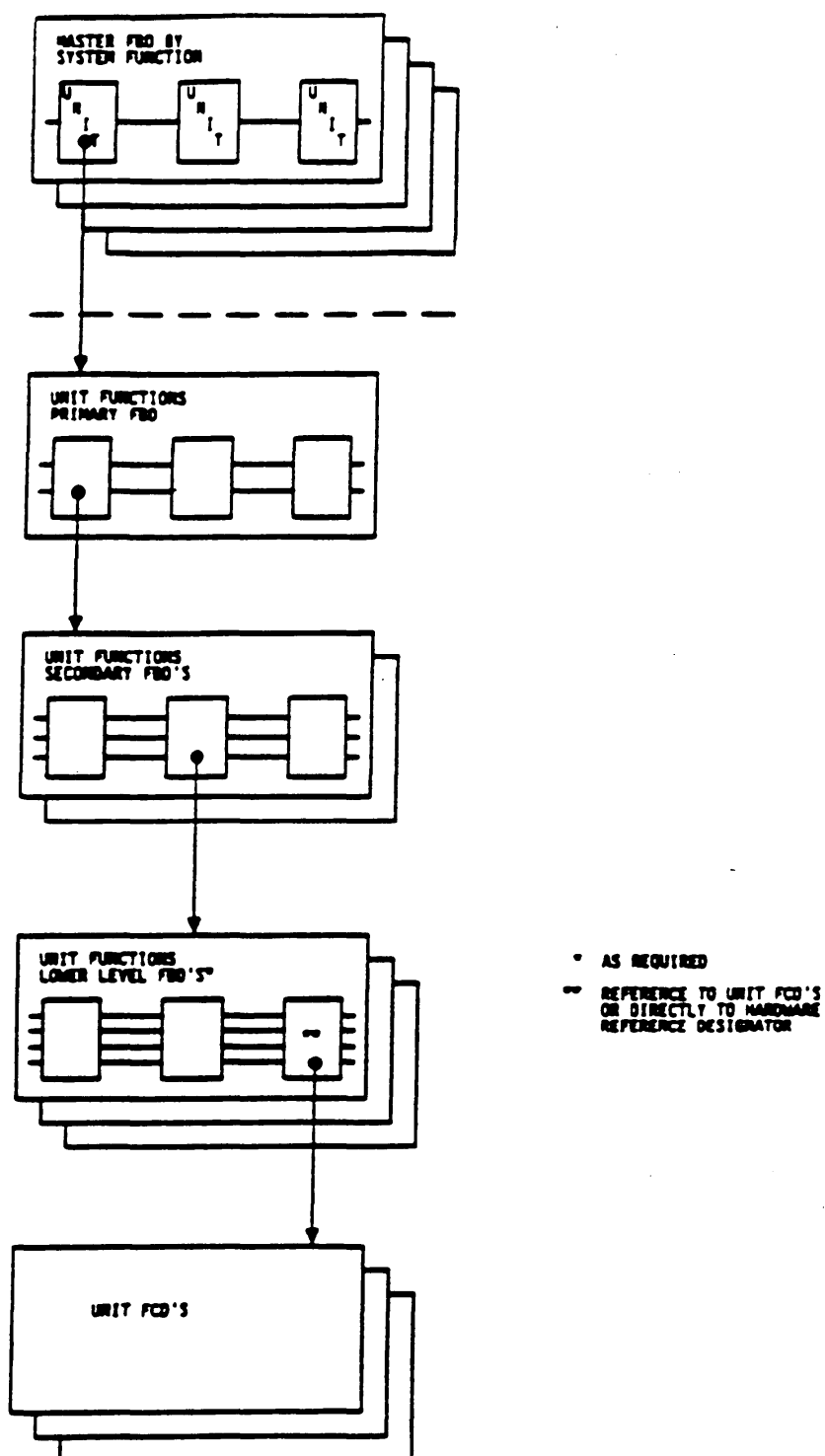
FIGURE 21-1. FBD/FCD structure and relationship. (Example)



FIGURE 21-2. FBD, master. (Example)



FIGURE 21-3. FBD, primary. (Example)



FIGURE 21-4. FBD, secondary. (Example)

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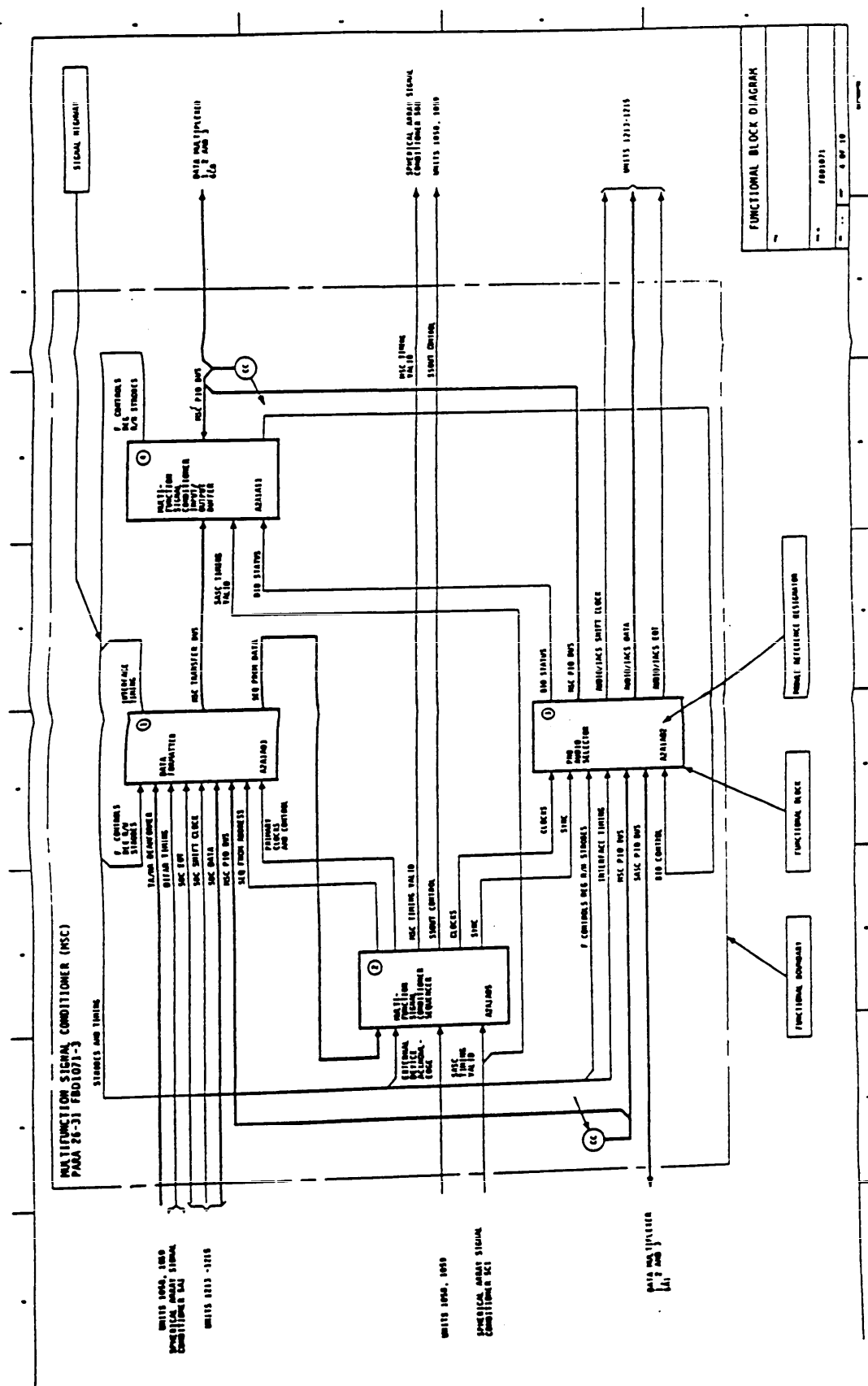


FIGURE 21-5. FBD, lowest - level. (Example)

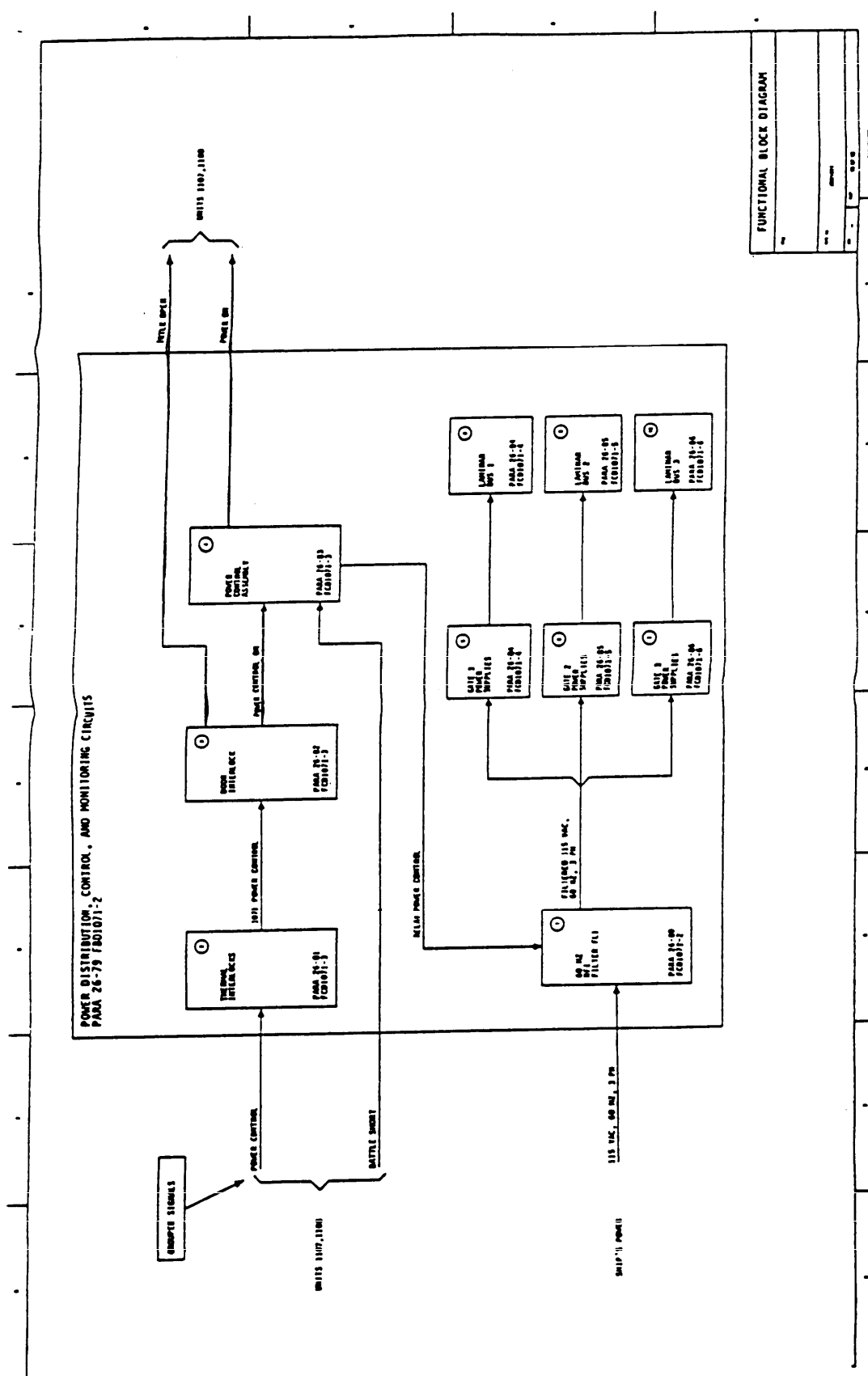


FIGURE 21-6. FBD, unit power. (Example)

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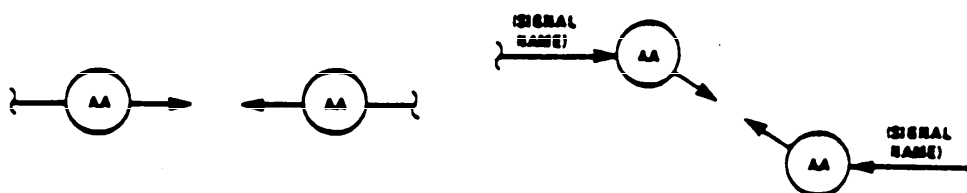


FIGURE 21-7. Signal referencing on the same sheet.

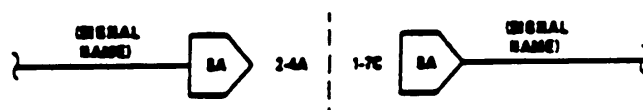


FIGURE 21-8. FBD signal referencing between two or more functional parts.

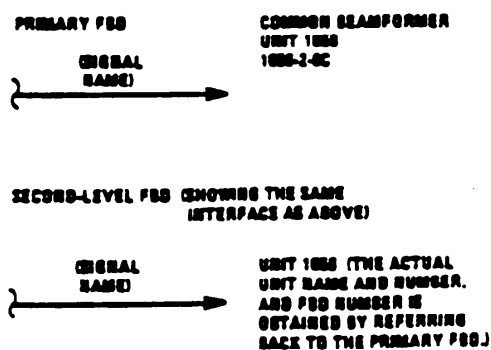


FIGURE 21-9. FBD referencing between units.

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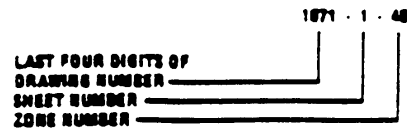


FIGURE 21-10. Zone numbers.

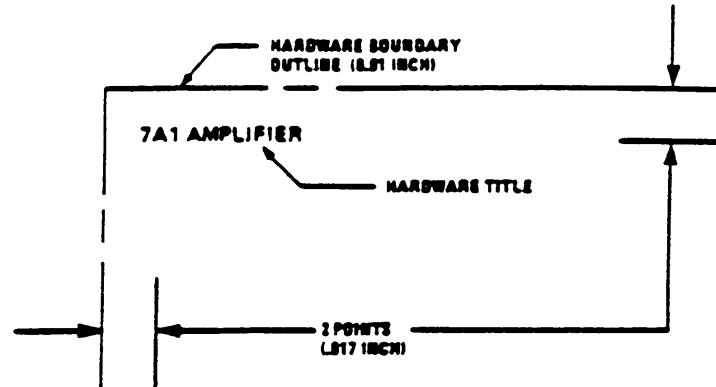


FIGURE 21-11. Hardware boundary.

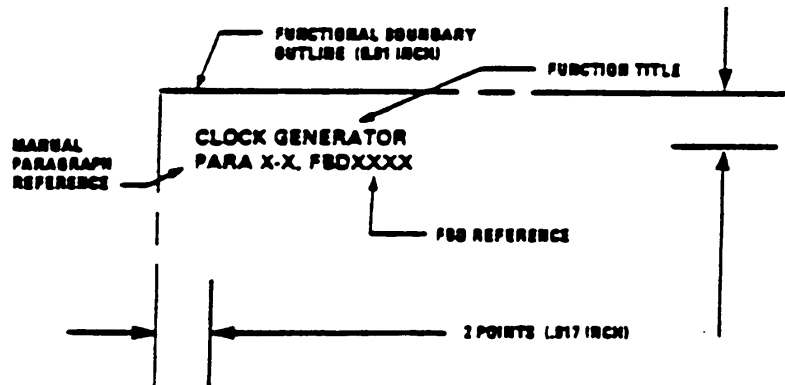
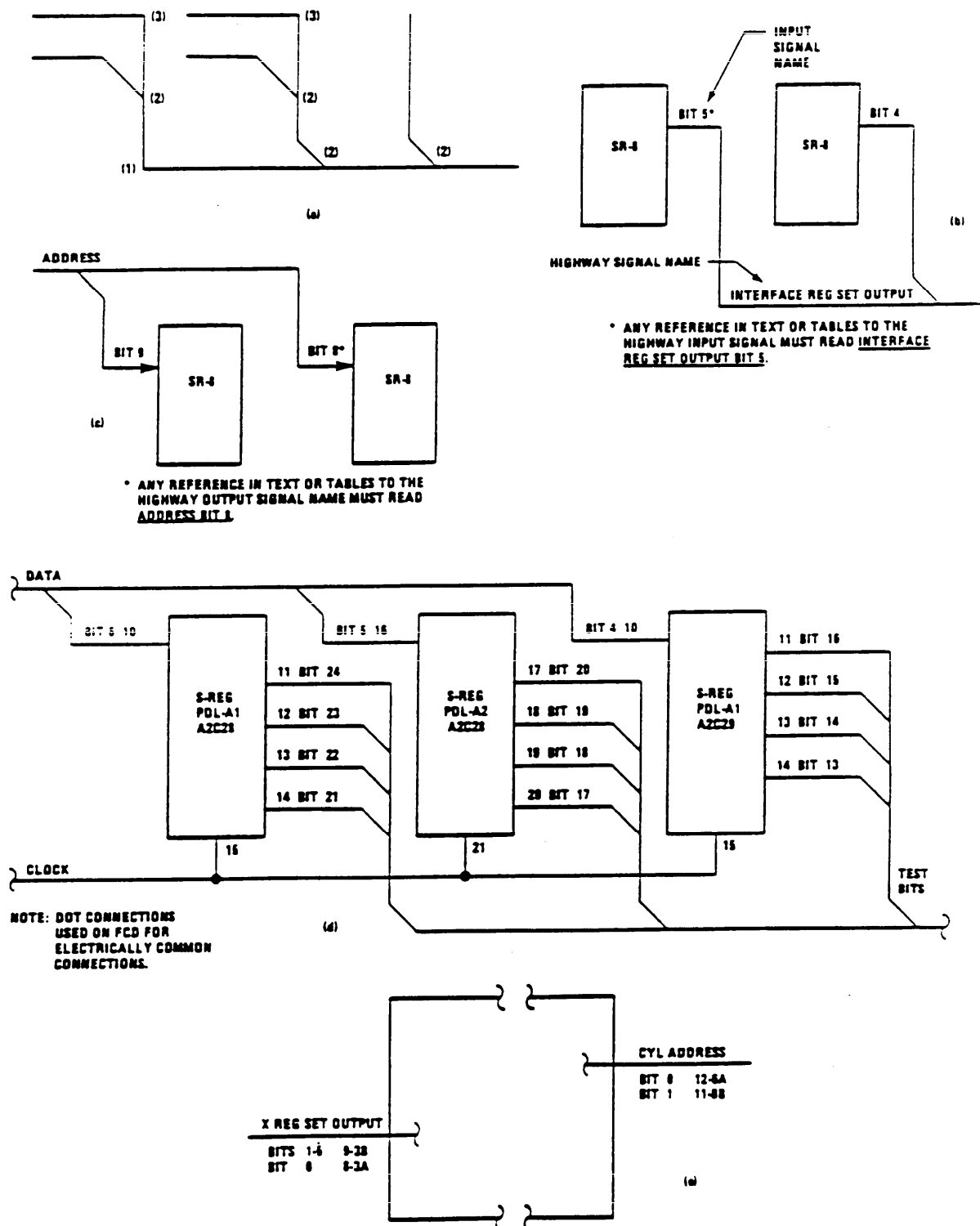


FIGURE 21-12. Functional boundary.

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FIGURE 21-13. Interconnecting lines. (Examples)

MIL-M-24784/21(SH)

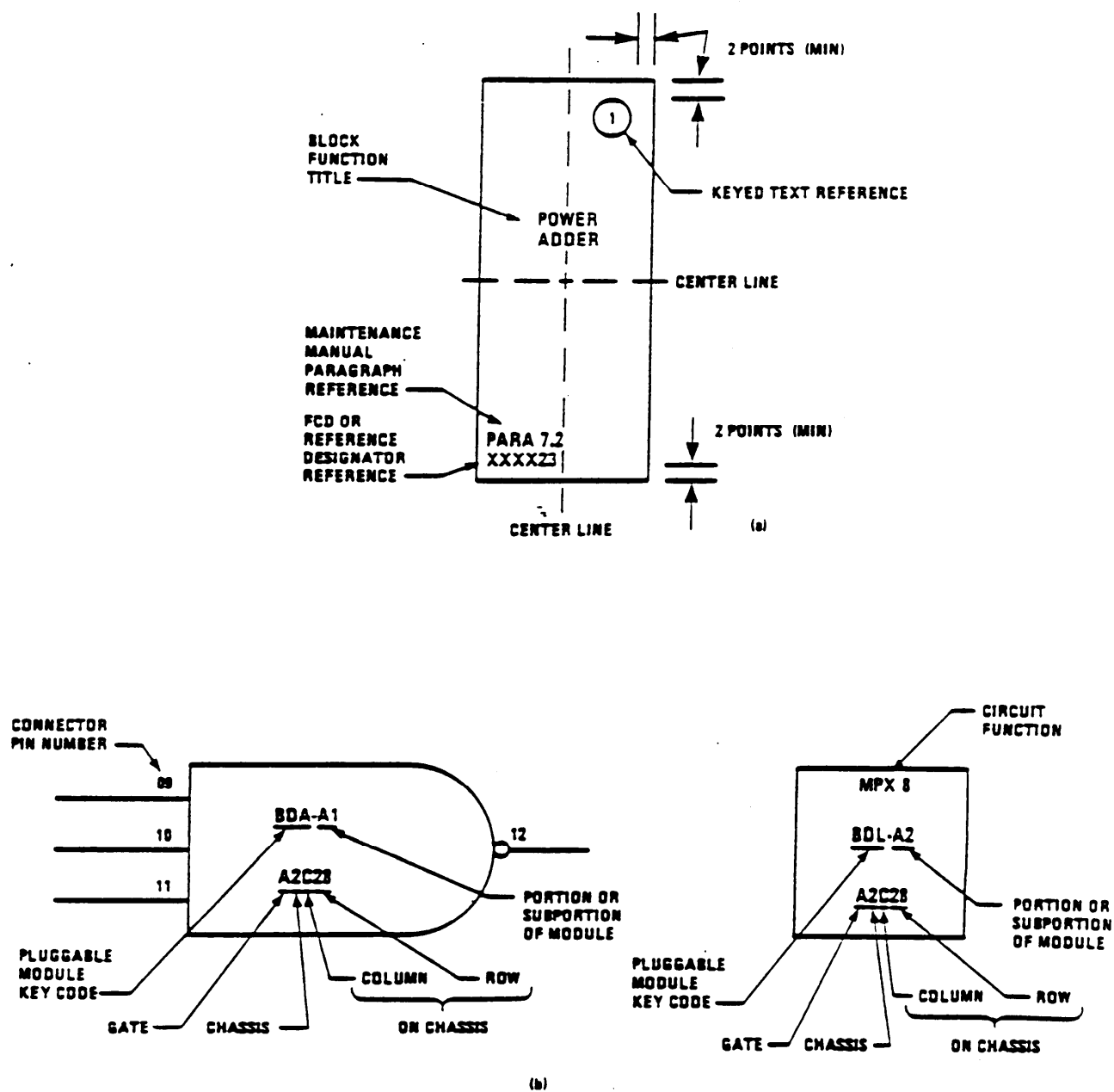


FIGURE 21-14. Symbols.

MIL-M-24784/21(SH)

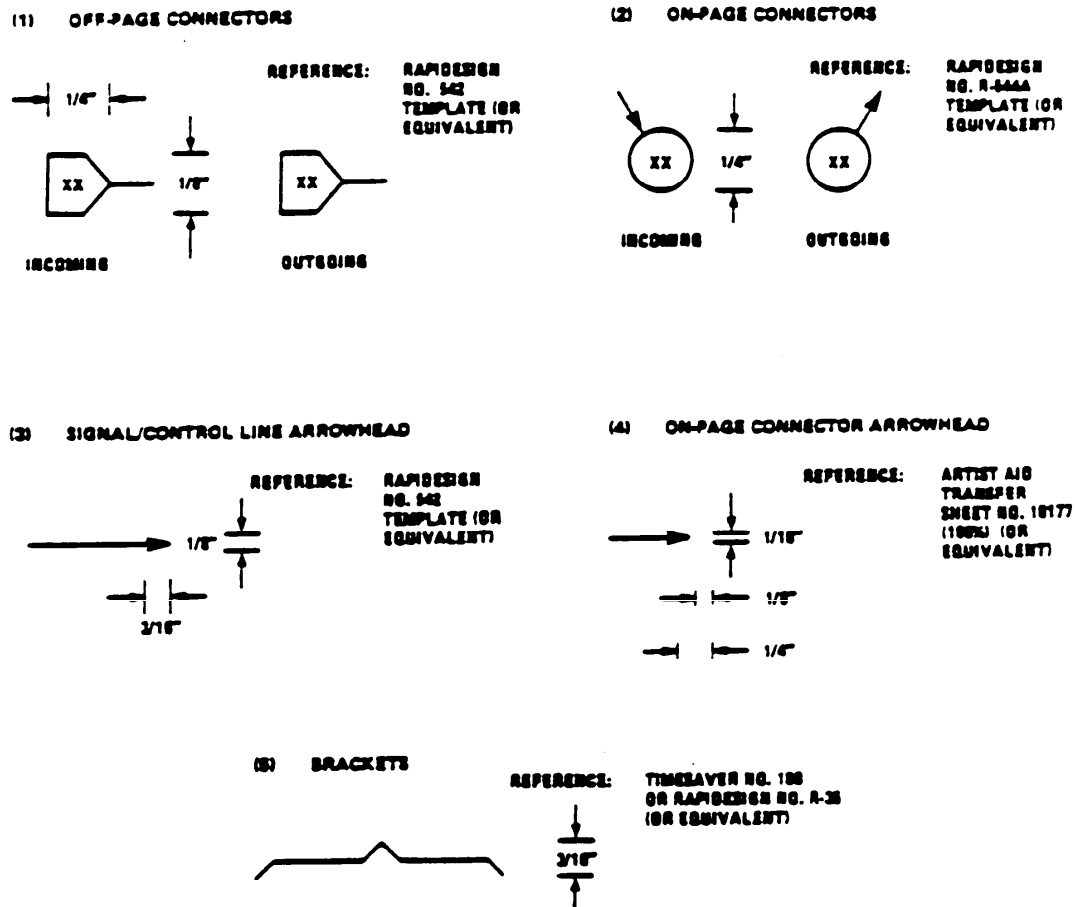


FIGURE 21-15. On-page and off-page connectors and miscellaneous symbols.

A B C D E F G H I J
K L M N O P Q R S T
U V W X Y Z
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0

FIGURE 21-16. Lettering - gothic, vertical, sans serif.



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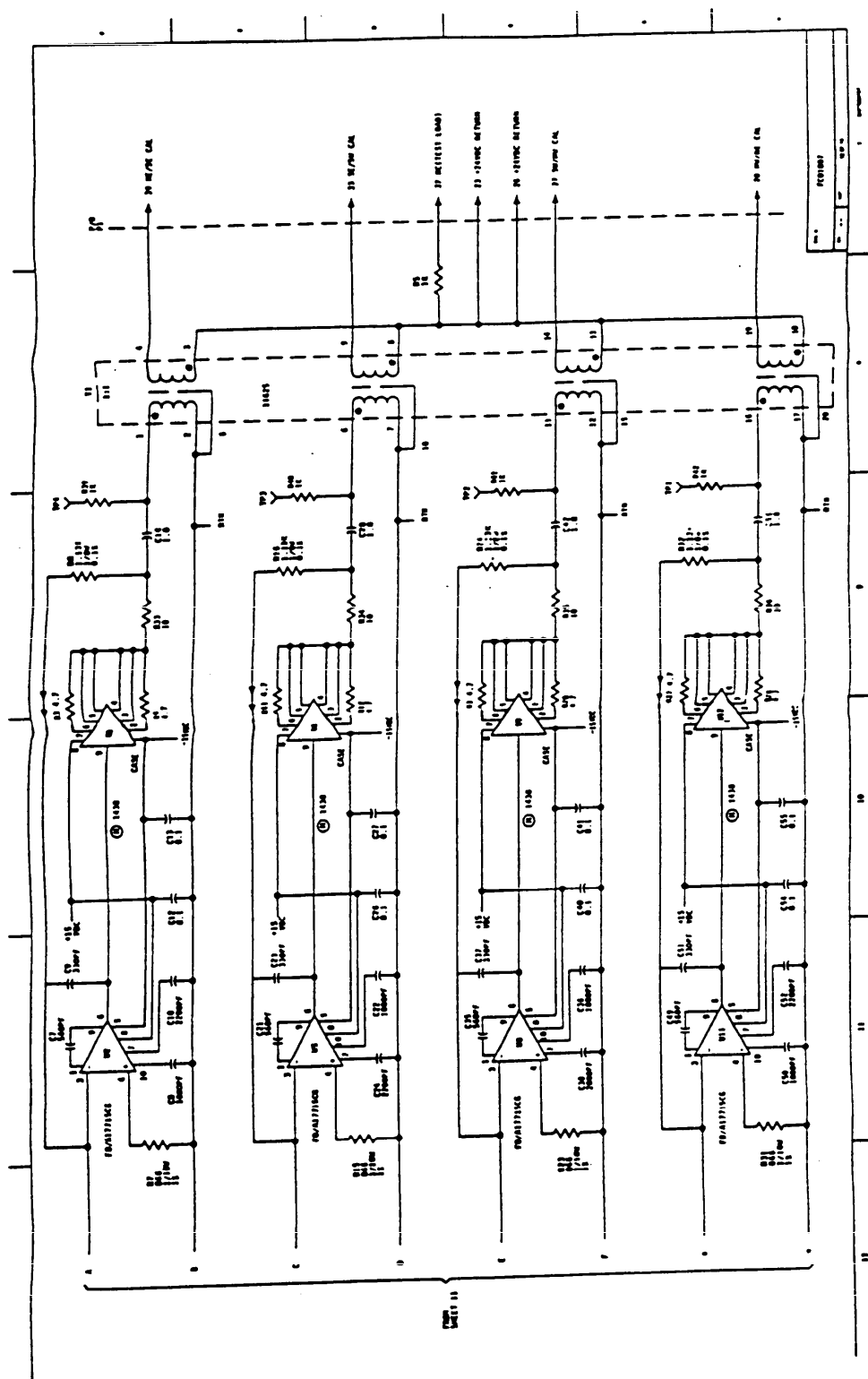


FIGURE 21-18. FCD, detailed. (Example)

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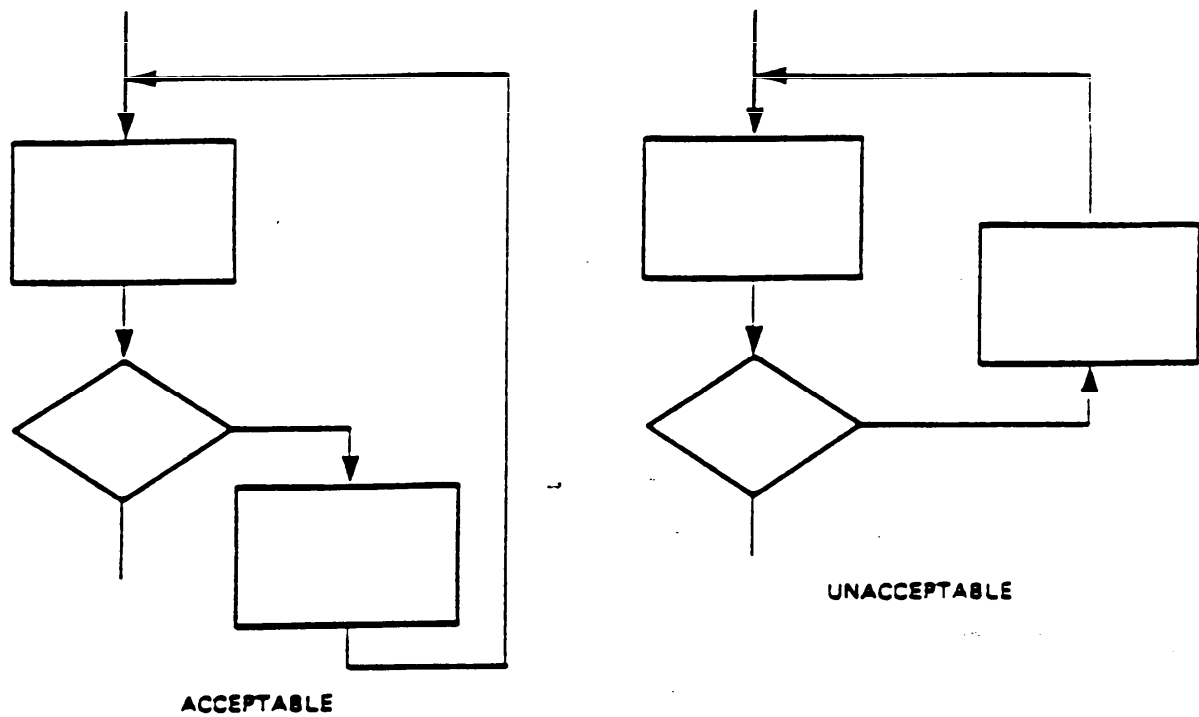


FIGURE 21-19. General flow.

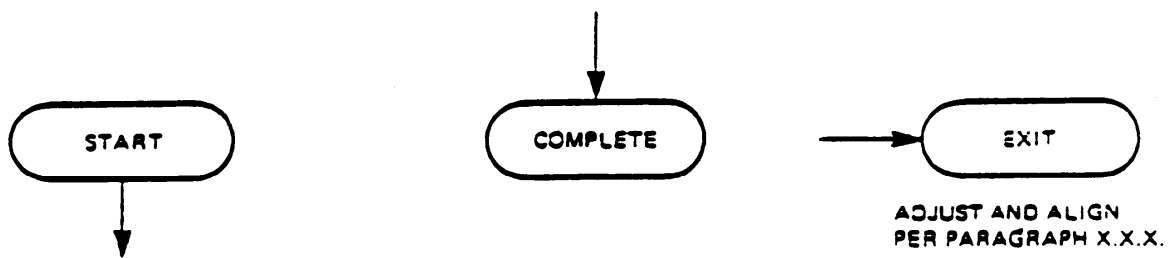


FIGURE 21-20. Terminal blocks.

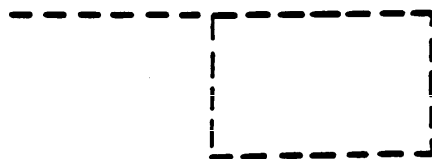


FIGURE 21-21. Annotation/comment block.

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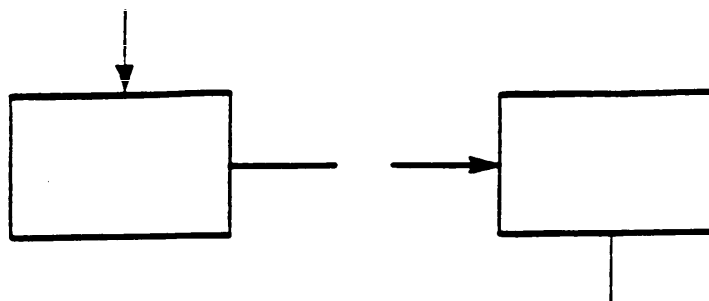


FIGURE 21-22. Process blocks.

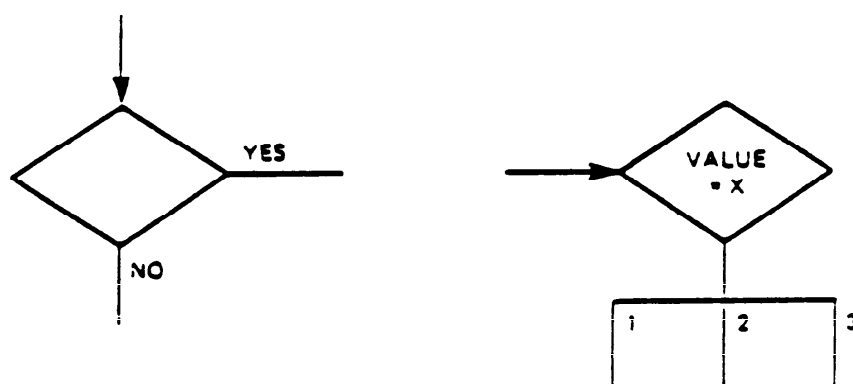


FIGURE 21-23. Decision blocks.

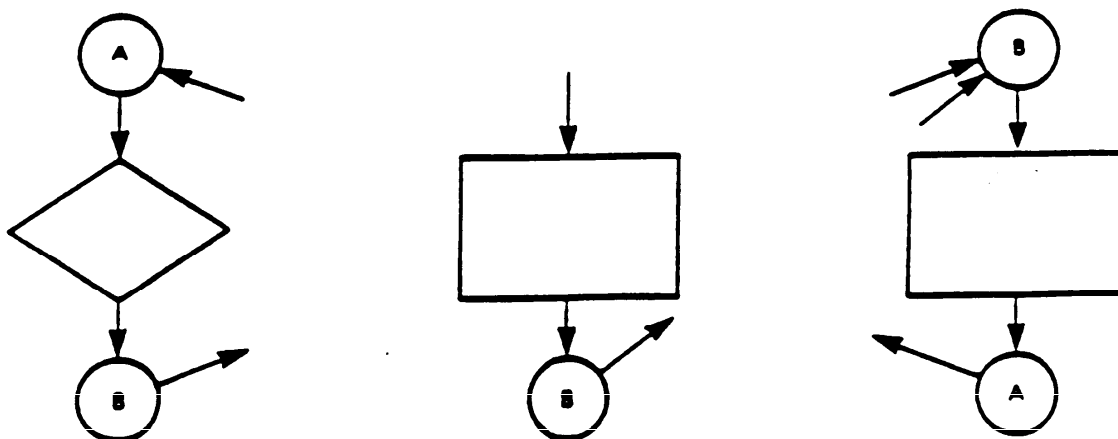
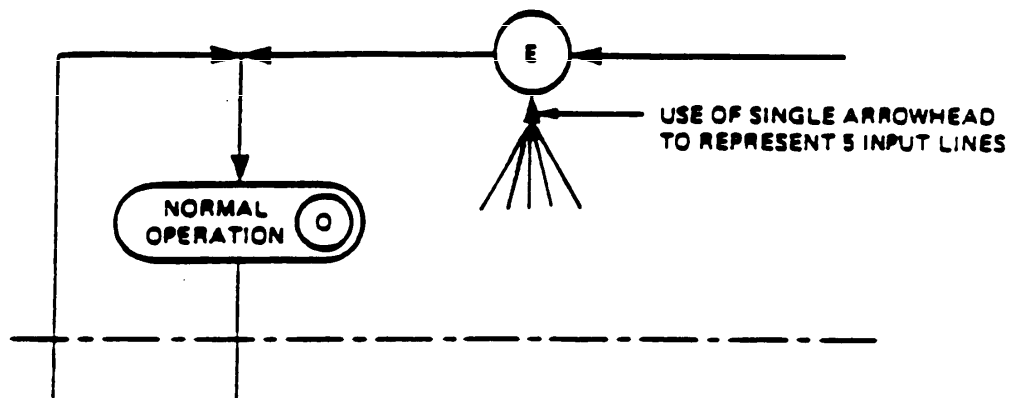
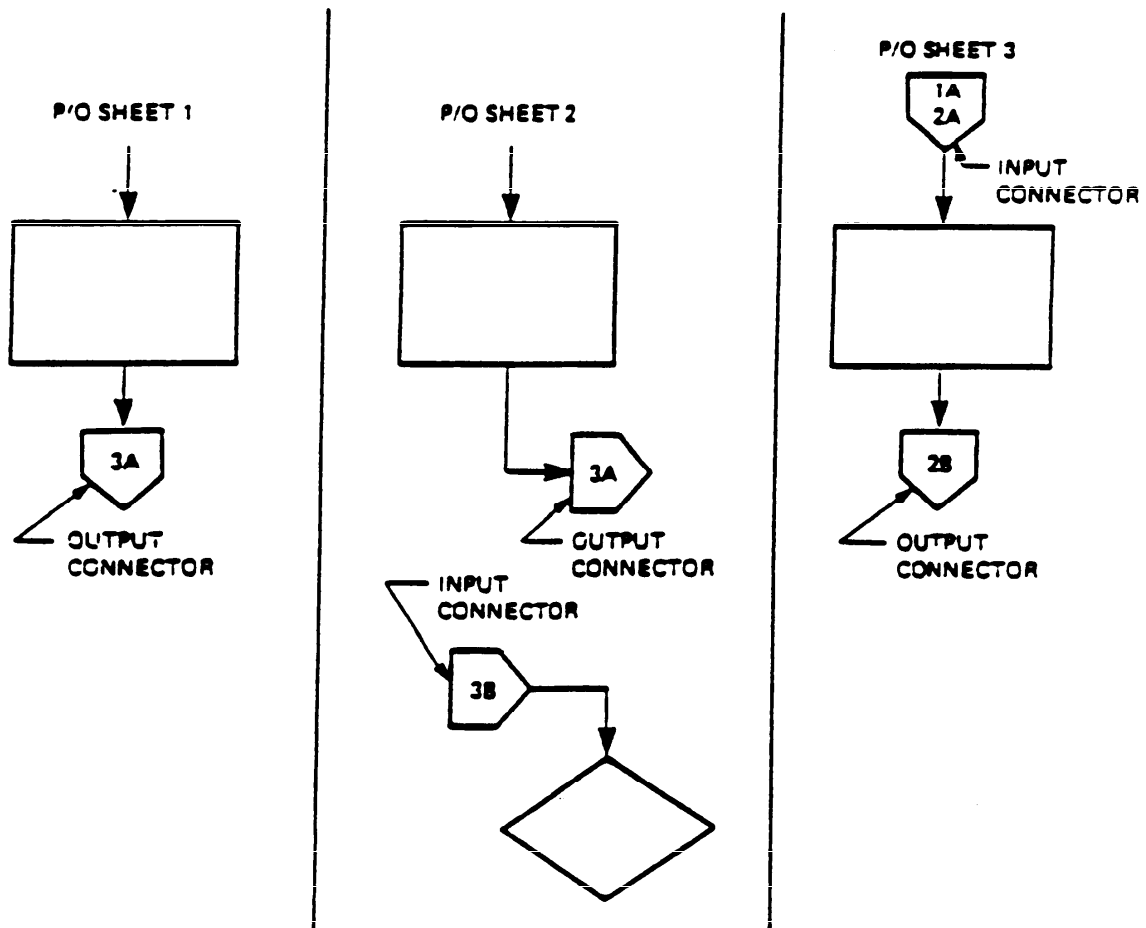


FIGURE 21-24. On-page connectors.

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FIGURE 21-25. Multiple on-page connector variant.FIGURE 21-26. Off-page connectors.

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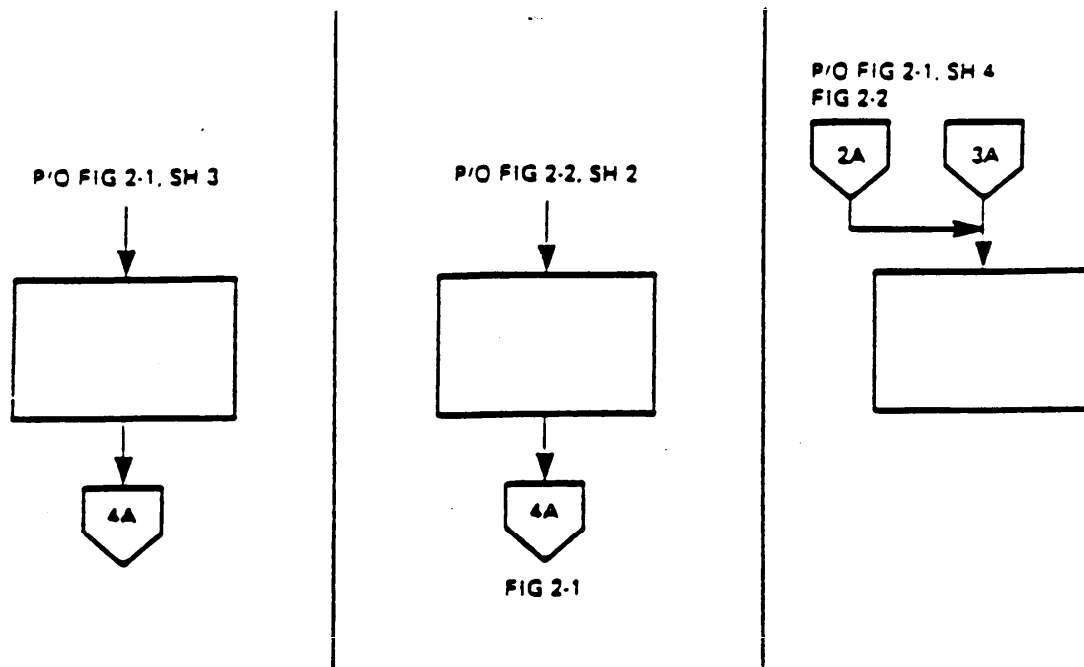


FIGURE 21-27. Use of multiple input off-page connectors.

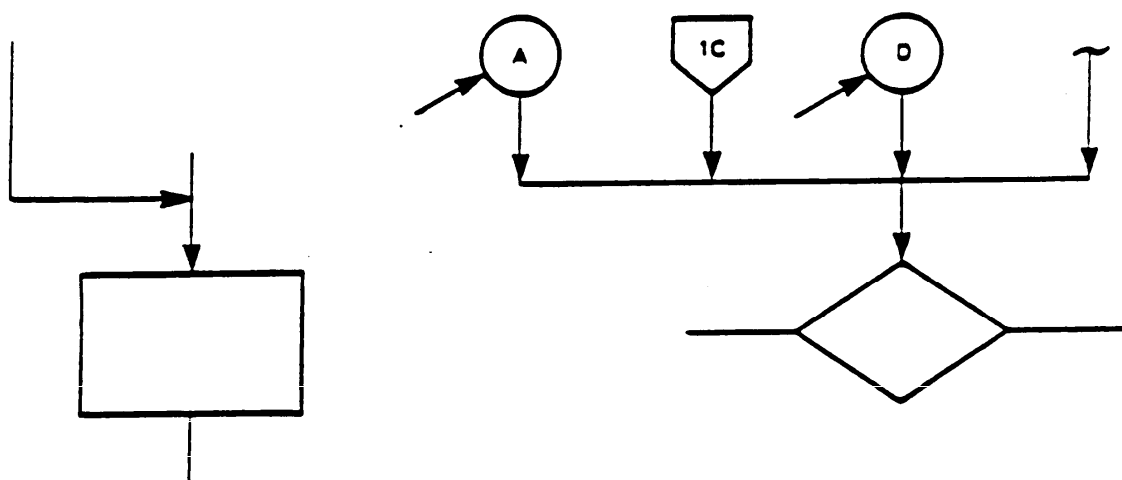


FIGURE 21-28. Line intersections.

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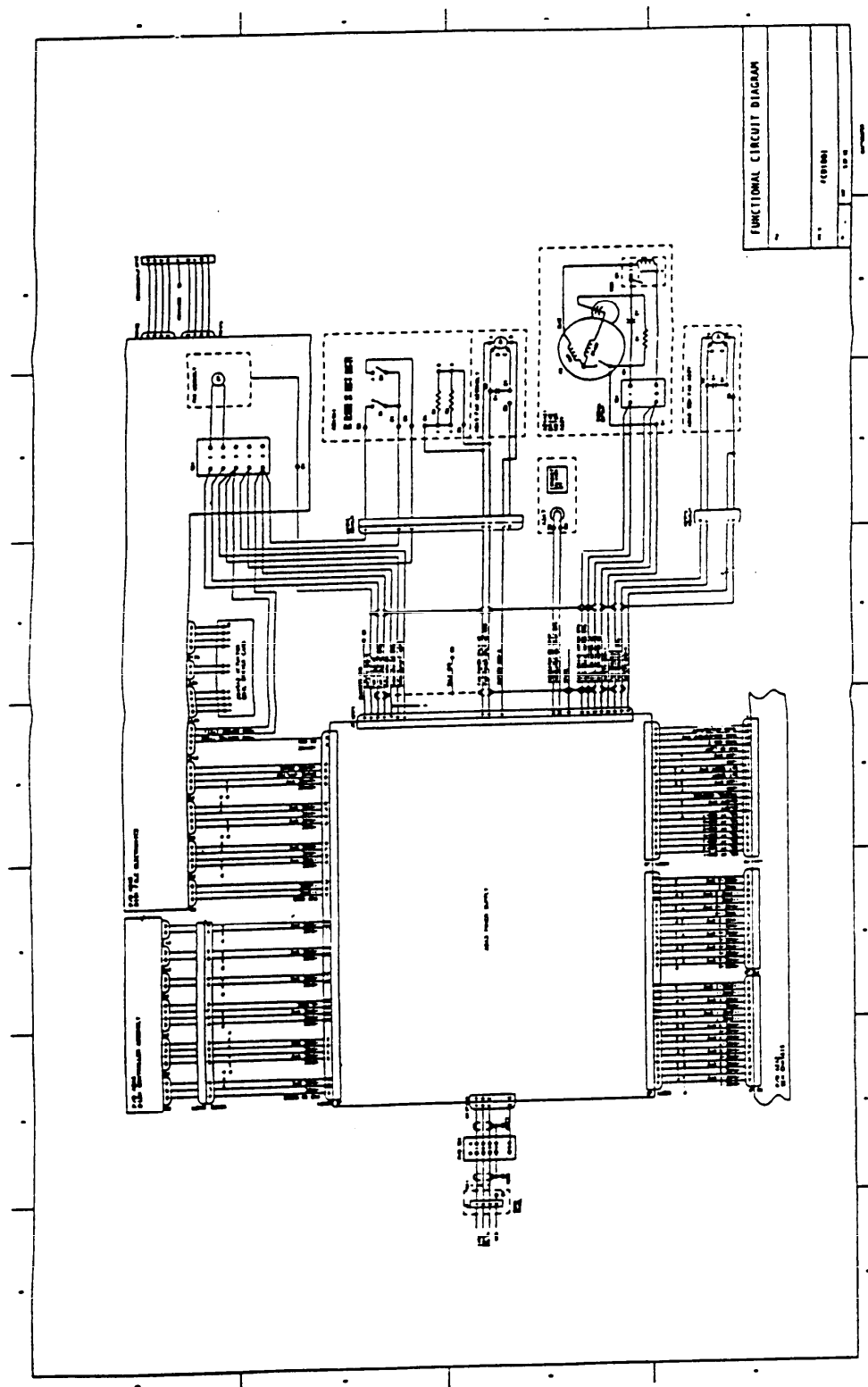
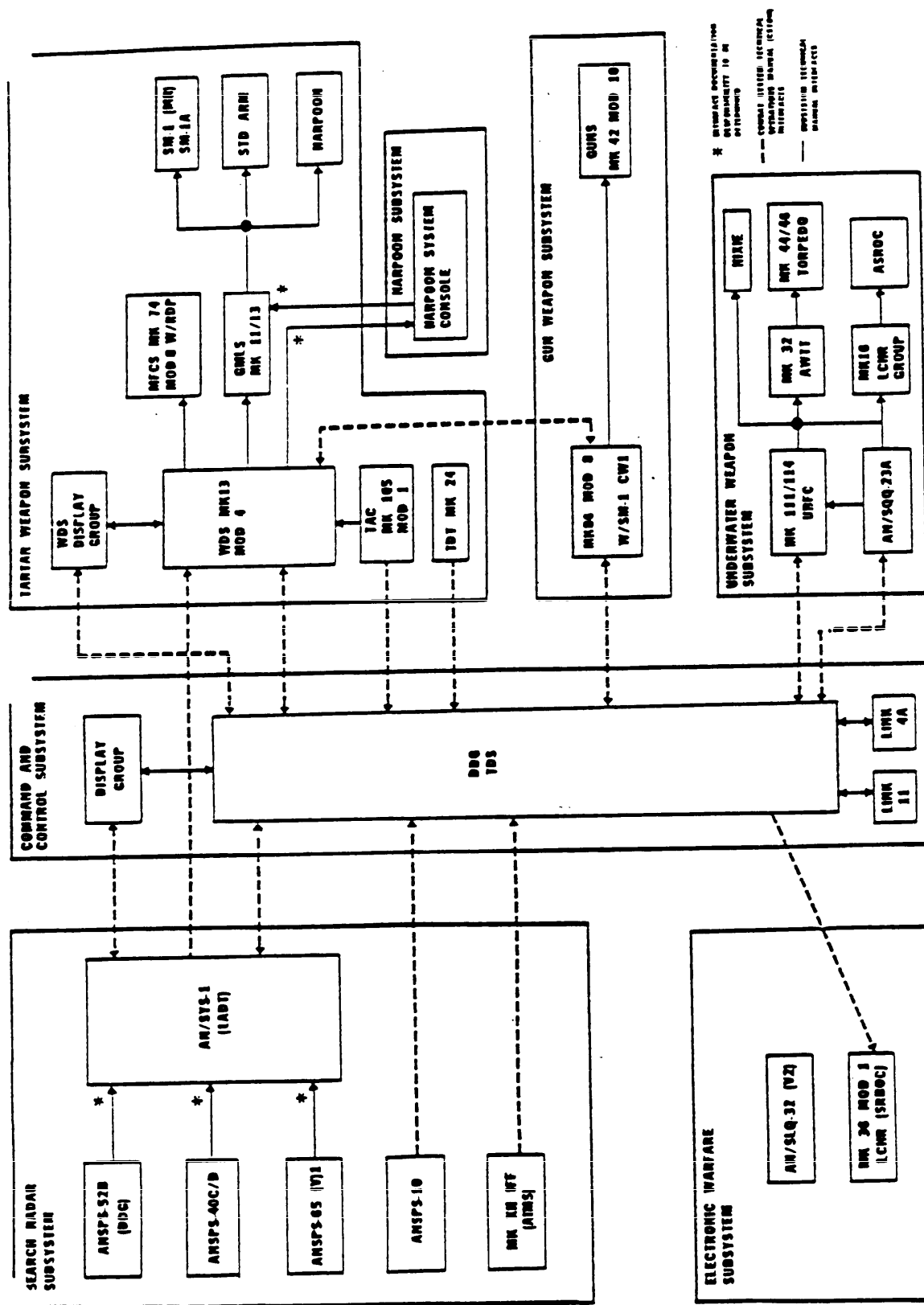


FIGURE 21-29. FCD, unit power and grounding. (Example)

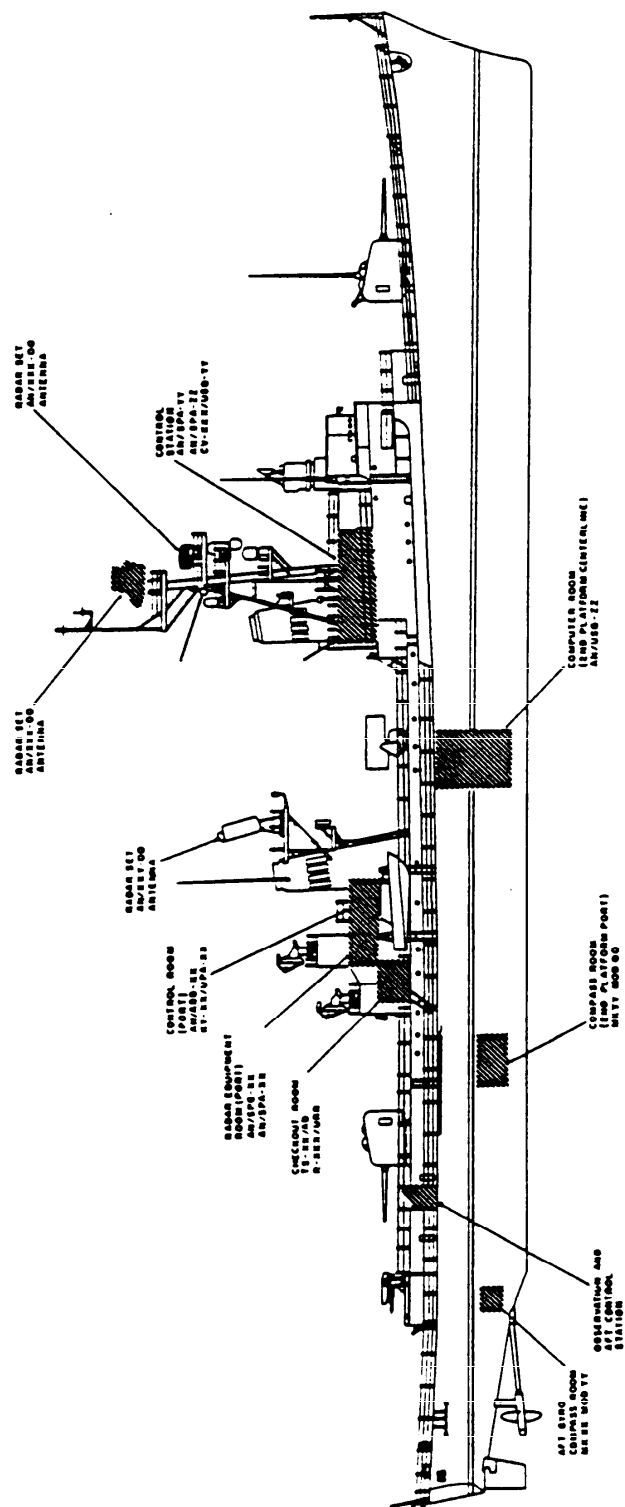
MIL-M-24784/21(SH)



Note: Sample arrangement only. Size and legibility do not necessarily conform to minimum specification requirements. Supplementary data appears on an apron.

FIGURE 21-30. System block diagram interface documentation.

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Sample arrangement only. Type size does not conform to minimum specification requirements.

FIGURE 21-31. Compartment areas.

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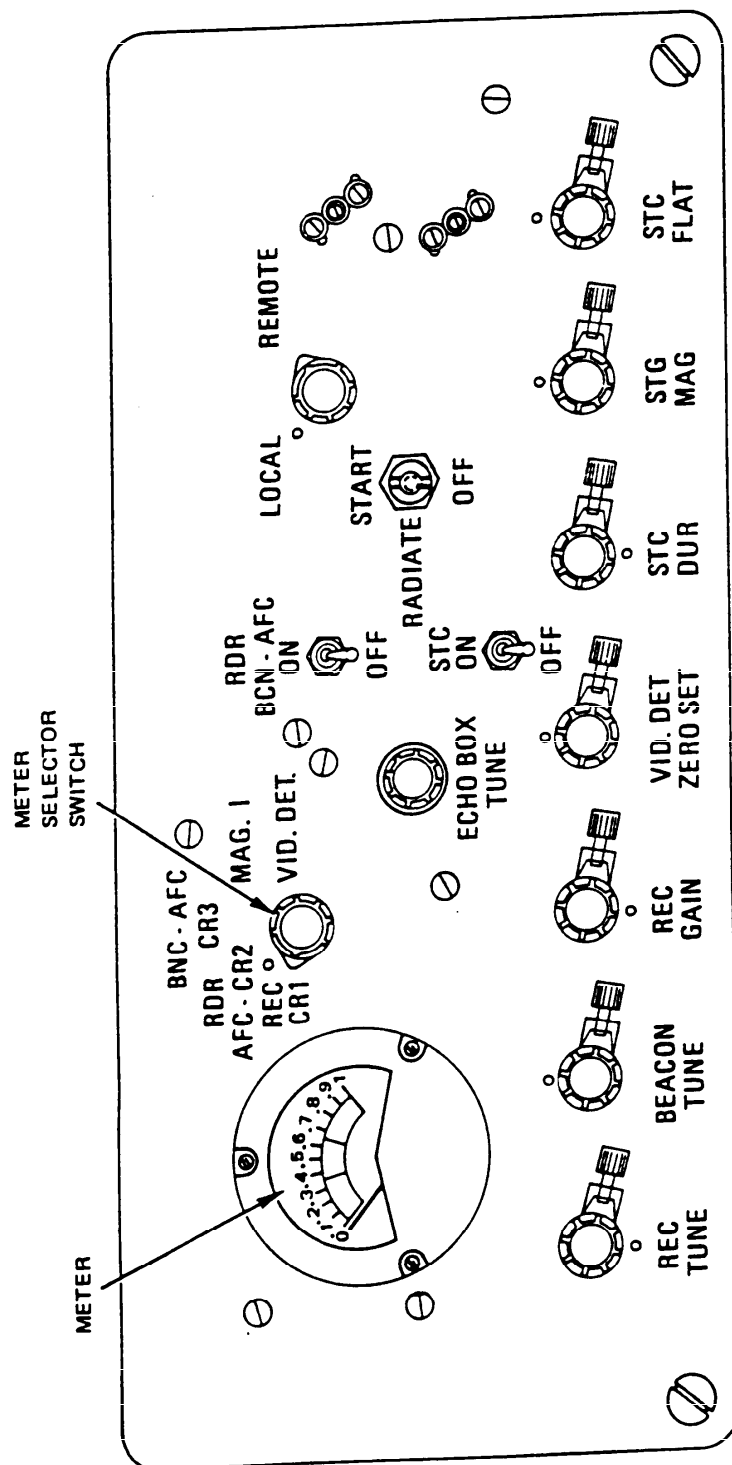


FIGURE 21-32. Equipment controls and indicators.

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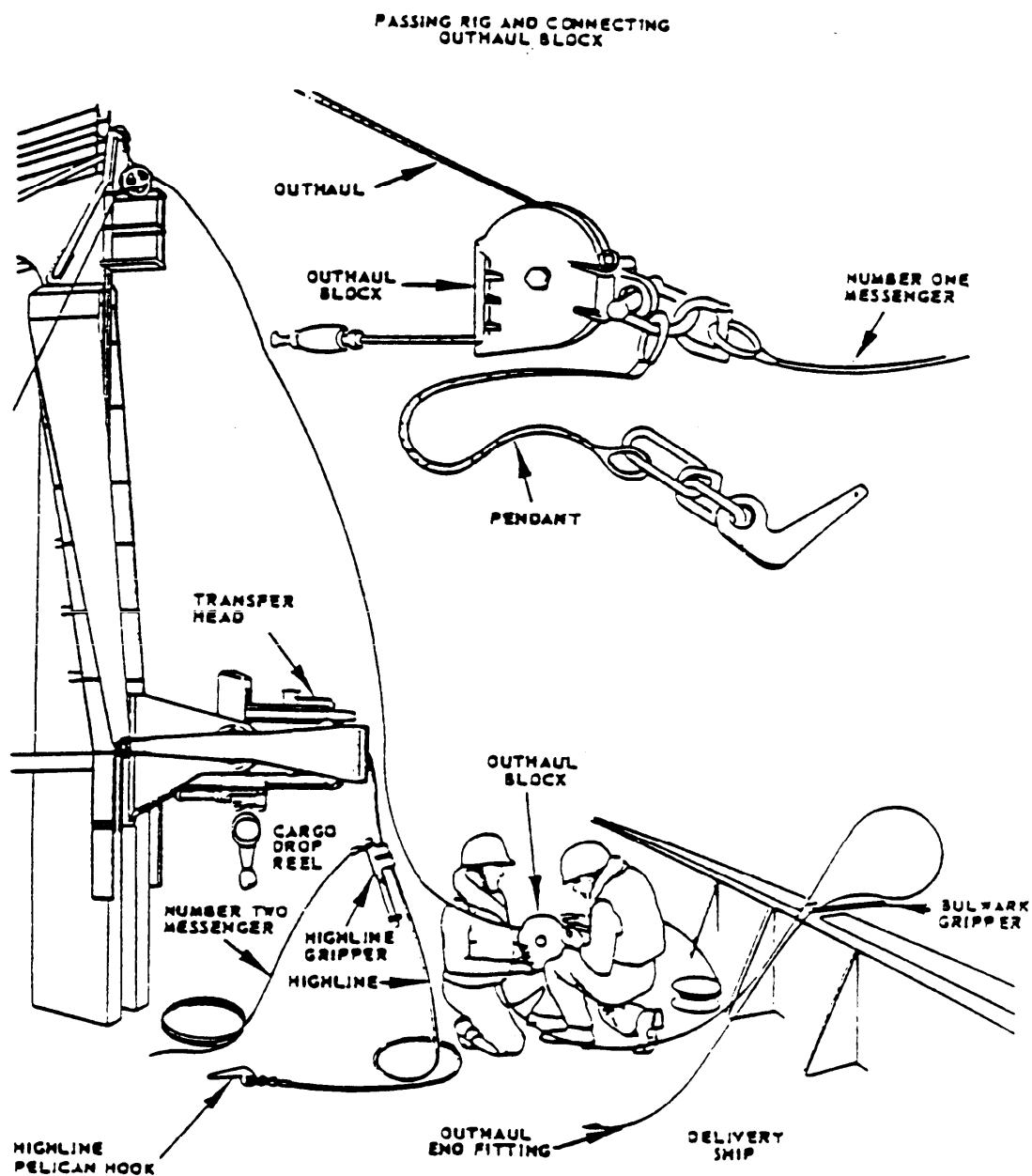
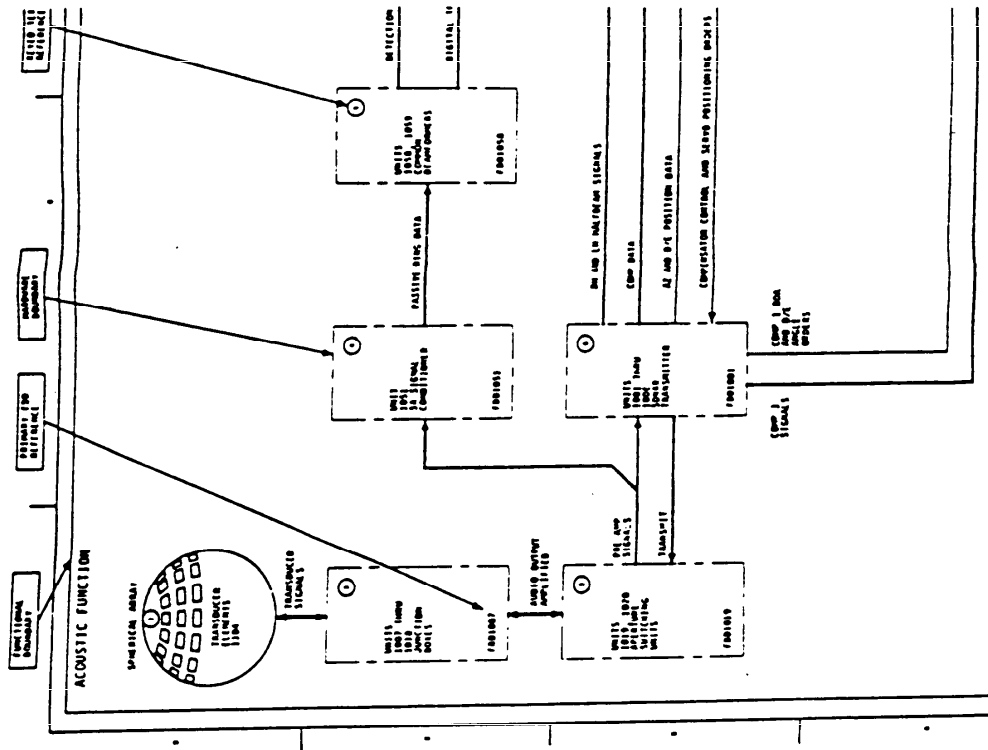


FIGURE 21-33. Operational sequence.

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ACOUSTIC FUNCTION

Provides the capability of noninvasive, long term, surveillance of the ambient ocean noise field.

Detects and tracks active sonar signals impinging on vessels.

Provides underwater communication between submarines and between submarines and surface ships.

Assists the operator in classifying and identifying targets.

Provides search and detection, target tracking, and target localization through the use of echo-ranging sonar techniques.

1 SPHERICAL ARRAY

Provides an interface between the ocean noise field and the data processing equipment in the SubACS.

Detects acoustical energy in the ocean and converts it to electrical signals for reception and converts electrical signals to acoustical energy for transmission of active signals.

2 JUNCTION BOXES (UNITS 1001-1018)

Provides for interface and distribution of electrical signals between the aperture switching unit and the spherical array.

FIGURE 21-34. FBD, master, keyed text. (Example)

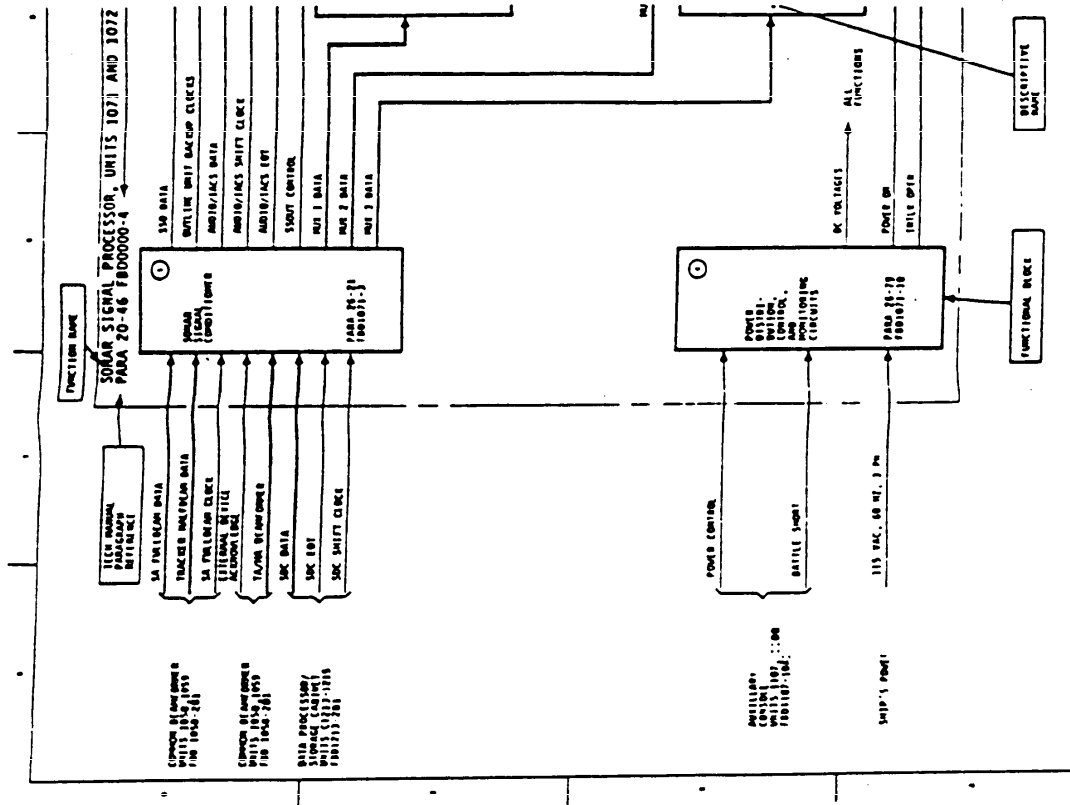


FIGURE 21-35. FBD, primary, keyed text. (Example)

SONAR SIGNAL PROCESSOR, UNITS 1071 AND 1072

Provides a spectral analysis of passive sonar signals for the purpose of detecting sonar targets.

Computes the instantaneous position (angular displacement) of a target within a PNB tracker beam.

1 SONAR SIGNAL CONDITIONER

Receives, selects and buffers spherical array and tracker beam data for transfer to the advanced signal processors.

Receives, selects and buffers towed array and hull array beam data for transfer to the advanced signal processors.

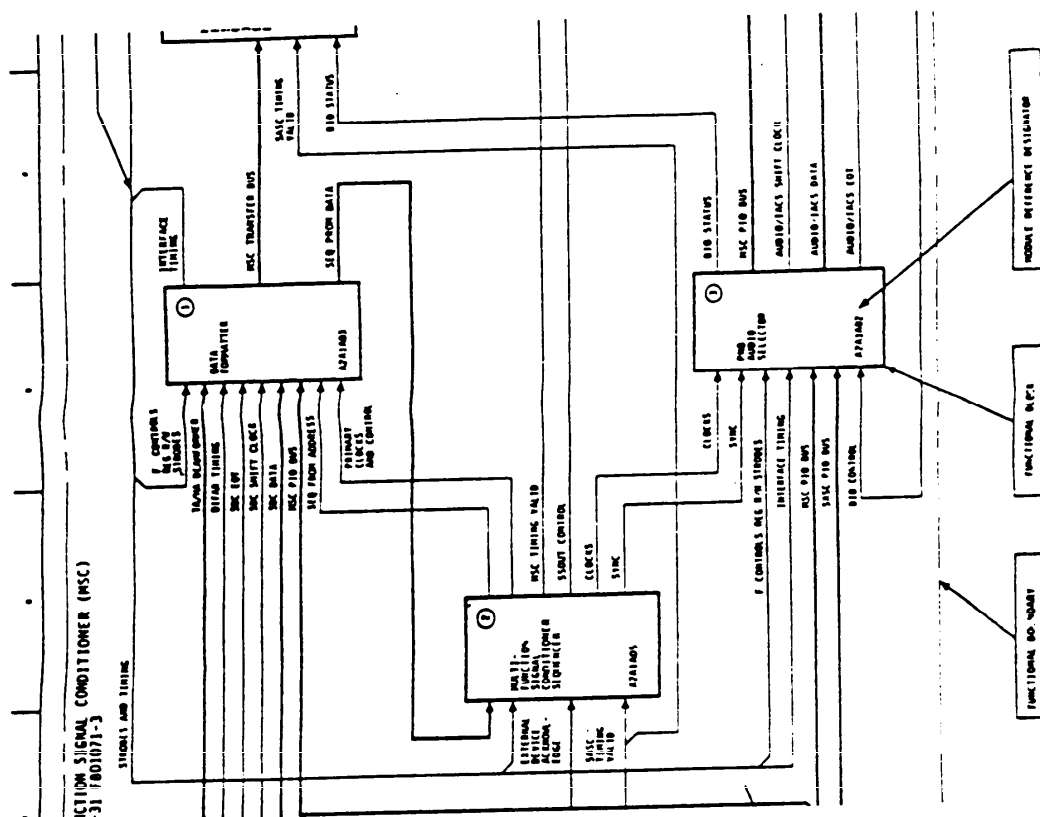


FIGURE 21-36. FBD, lowest level, keyed text. (Example)

MULTIFUNCTION SIGNAL CONDITIONER

Receives, selects and buffers towed array and built array beam data and transfers this data to the data multiplexers for transfer to the advanced digital processors.

① DATA FORMATTER

Collects and identifies spherical array and tracker beam data for transfer to the multifunction signal conditioner input/output buffer.

Collects and identifies towed array and hull array beam data for transfer to the multifunction signal conditioner input/output buffer.

2 MULTIFUNCTION SIGNAL CONDITIONER SEQUENCER

Provides control and timing, every sync period, to transfer data from the data formatter and the PNB audio selector to the multifunction signal code-loader laser/output buffer.

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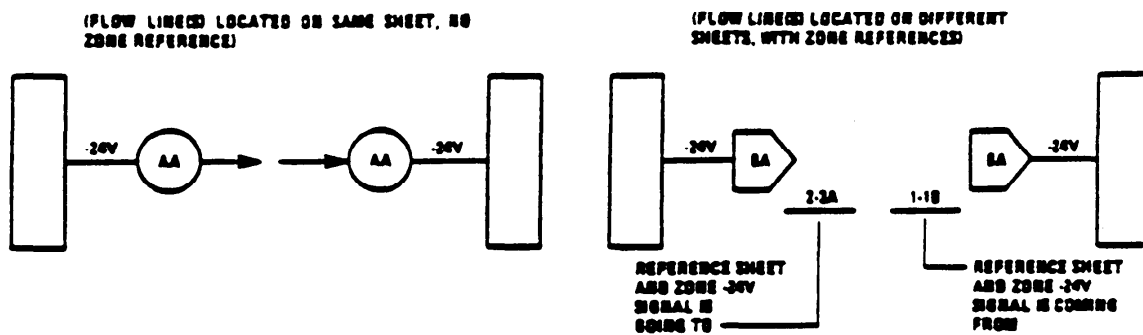
TABLE ZZ. MAINTENANCE TURN-ON PROCEDURE

STEP	OBSERVE	REFERENCE								
<p>1. Preliminary Procedure.</p> <p>a. Position the following switches on rear deck assembly 1A210A1 as indicated.</p> <table><tr><td><u>Switch</u></td><td><u>POSITION</u></td></tr><tr><td>POWER</td><td>OFF</td></tr><tr><td>BATTLE SHORT</td><td>OFF</td></tr><tr><td>STOW</td><td>BRAKES APPLY</td></tr></table> <p>b. Position POWER switch on console, 1A220A20 (see figure 5-2) to OFF.</p> <p>c. Check to ensure that all chassis or subassemblies in the four compartments of electronic rack assembly, 1A70 are in the retracted position and all covers are secured.</p> <p>d. Remove all obstructions from the rotational paths of the director main antenna assembly.</p> <p>2. Power off.</p> <p>a. At power control panel perform the following.</p> <p>(1) Check convenience lamp indicators.</p>	<u>Switch</u>	<u>POSITION</u>	POWER	OFF	BATTLE SHORT	OFF	STOW	BRAKES APPLY	<p>Covers Secured</p> <p>Director Clear</p> <p>Lighted</p>	<p>Schematic, figure 5-233</p>
<u>Switch</u>	<u>POSITION</u>									
POWER	OFF									
BATTLE SHORT	OFF									
STOW	BRAKES APPLY									
<p>e. At track meter panel, 1A340-02, check COOLANT FAILURES lamp.</p>	<p>Extinguished (Depress RESET button if lamp is lighted)</p>	<p>Relay diagram, figure 5-77, SH 4(4B)</p>								

FIGURE 21-37. Maintenance turn-on procedure.

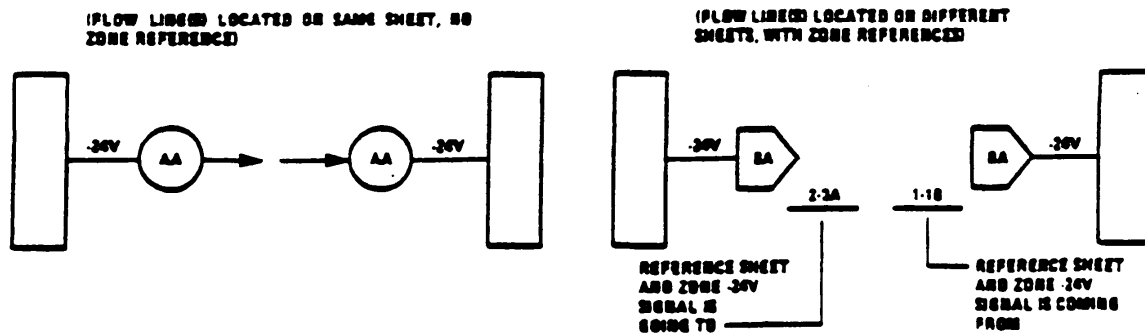
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SHEET NO.	DESCRIPTION

FIGURE 21-38. FBD index.FIGURE 21-39. FBD flow lines.

REFERENCE DESIGNATION	PN OR CONTACT

SHEET NO.	TITLE

FIGURE 21-40. FCD notes.

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XYZ ROUTINE - PROGRAM LISTING

LOC	MEMORY CONTENTS	LABEL	ORD	ADR	MOD	CONSTANT	SCL	NOTES
01443	000330700		FRS	30700				
01447	015101457		TMI	01457				
01453	034706277		TRA	06277				
01457	000077632		GET	37632				
01463	034706403		ORG	06403				
			ORG	06103				
06103	001037632	A1	STO	TEMPR	1			SAVE INSERTED NUMBER
06107	035106123		TMI	A3				-/- NEGATIVE INSERT
06113	014077763	A2	GET	ONE				KEY FOR FIX RESET
06117	035035357		STO	KTYPF				TYPE OF RESET KEY
06123	000077760	A3	GET	ZERO				
06127	035037633		STO	TEMPR	2			CLEAR RESET /NRS/ KEY
06122	000077632		GET	TEMPR	1			
06137	004706147		TRA	SUB 1				GO TO RESET NUMBER SUBROUTINE
06143	000706327		TRA	A14				
06137	055437634	SUB1	STV*	TEMPR	3			ENTRANCE - RESET NUMBER SUBRTN
06153	034313700	A4	PRS	1				
06157	035106243		IMI	RE13				CHECK LAST BCD BIT FOR SIGN
06163	034313700	A5	PRS	1				
06167	035106213		TMI	**5				CHECK 2ND BCD BIT FOR SIGN
06173	034333600	A6	FRS	2				CHECK 3RD AND 4TH BITS
06177	002206177		TMI	OUT				
06203	034077633	A7	GET	TEMPR	2			TEMPORARY RESET KEY
06207	005737634		TRA	TEMPR	3			EXIT - RESET NUMBER SUBROUTINE
06213	005077766	A8	EXT	MAXNO				
06217	034333600	FRS	FRS	2				CHECK 3RD AND 4TH BITS
06223	002206277		TMI	OUT				
06227	044041030	A0	GET			020000000		KEY TO RESET 2
06233	005477633	A10	ADD	TEMPR	2			
06237	005737344		TRA	TEMPR	3			EXIT - RESET NUMBER ROUTINE
06243	034313700	RE13	PRS					
06247	035106303		TMI	RE3				CHECK 2ND BIT FOR SIGN
06253	034077766	A11	EXT	MAXNO				
06257	034333600		FRS	2				CHECK 3RD AND 4TH BITS
06263	001106277		TMI	OUT				
06267	034077762	A12	GET	HALF				KEY TO RESET 1

FIGURE 21-41. Coding instruction sheet.

