

INCH-POUND

MIL-H-26385E

20 JULY 1994

SUPERSEDING

MIL-H-26385D

20 MAR 1988

MILITARY SPECIFICATION

HOSE, OXYGEN AND PRESSURIZATION, OZONE RESISTANT

This specification is approved for use by all
Departments and Agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. SCOPE

1.1 Scope. This specification covers crush resistant, nonkinking hose fabricated of ozone-resistant material suitable for use with air or breathing oxygen.

1.2 Sizes. This specification covers hoses of any length with the following internal diameters.

TABLE I Hose sizes.

Dash No.	Diameter
-2	0.125
-4	0.250
-6	0.375
-8	0.500
-10	0.625
-12	0.750

1.3 Specification part number. The specification part number is definitive and formatted to identify each item covered by this specification. The part number is formatted from the requirement options available in MS27797.

2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

2.1 Government documents.

2.1.1 Specifications, standards and handbooks. The following specifications, standards and handbooks form a part of this document to the extent specified herein. Unless otherwise specified the issues of these documents are those listed in the issue of the Department of Defense Index of Specifications and Standards (DODISS) and supplement thereto, cited in the solicitation (see 6.2).

Beneficial comments (recommendations, additions, deletions) and any pertinent data which may be of use in improving this document should be addressed to: Oklahoma City Air Logistics Center/TICLA, Tinker AFB, OK 73145-5990 by using the Standardization Document Improvement Proposal (DD Form 1426) appearing at the end of this document or by letter.

AMSC N/A

FSC 4720

DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT A. Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

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SPECIFICATIONS

FEDERAL

BB-A-1034	Compressed Air, Breathing
BB-N-411	Nitrogen, Technical
CCC-C-419	Cloth, Duck, Cotton, Unbleached, Plied-Yarns (Army and Numbered)
PPP-C-1797	Cushioning Material, Resilient, Low Density, Unicellular

MILITARY

MIL-P-116	Preservation, Methods Of
MIL-B-121	Barrier Material, Greaseproofed, Waterproofed, Flexible
MIL-B-131	Barrier Material, Watervaporproof, Greaseproof, Flexible Heat-Sealable
MIL-C-5501	Caps And Plugs, Protection, Dust And Moisture Seal
MIL-O-27210	Oxygen, Aviator's Breathing, Liquid And Gas

STANDARDS

FEDERAL

FED-STD-101	Preservation Packaging And Packing Material: Test Procedures
FED-STD-191	Textile Test Methods
FED-STD-595	Colors

MILITARY

MIL-STD-100	Engineering Drawing Practices
MIL-STD-105	Sampling Procedures And Tables For Inspection By Attributes
MIL-STD-129	Marking For Shipment And Storage
MIL-STD-130	Identification Marking Of U.S. Military Property
MIL-STD-831	Test Reports, Preparation Of
MIL-STD-970	Standards & Specifications, Order Of Preference For The Selection Of
MIL-STD-1359	Cleaning Methods And Procedure For Breathing Oxygen Equipment
MIL-STD-2073-1	DOD Materiel Procedures For Development And Application Of Packaging Requirements
MS22057	Delamination Test Stand For Oxygen Hose
MS22064	Clamp, Hose
MS27797	Hose, Oxygen And Pressurization, Ozone Resistant
MS33658	Fitting End, Hose Connection, Standard Dimensions for

(Unless otherwise indicated, copies of federal and military specifications, standards, and handbooks are available from the Standardization Document order Desk, Bldg 4D, 700 Robbins Ave, Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094.)

2.1.2 Other Government documents, drawings, and publications. The following other government documents, drawings, and publications form a part of this document to the specified herein. Unless otherwise specified, the issues are those cited in the solicitation.

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U.S. AIR FORCE

AF DRAWING

8148650 Cleaning, Inspection And Packaging Of Breathing Oxygen Equipment

AIR FORCE-NAVY AERONAUTICAL

AN807 Adapter, Straight, Tube To Hose

2.2 Non-Government publications. The following document forms a part of this document to the extent specified herein. Unless otherwise specified, the issues of the document which are DOD adopted are those listed in the issue of the DODISS cited in the solicitation. Unless otherwise specified, the issues of documents not listed in the DODISS are the issues for the documents cited in the solicitation (see 6.2).

AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR TESTING AND MATERIALS (ASTM)

ASTM A313	Chromium-Nickel Stainless & Heat Resisting Steel Spring Wire
ASTM D5118/D 5118M	Standard Practice For Fabrication Of Fiberboard Shipping Box
ASTM D1149	Rubber Deterioration Surface Ozone Cracking in A Chamber (Flat Specimen)
ASTM D1974	Standard Practice For Methods Of Closing, Sealing, And Reinforcing Fiberboard Shipping Containers

(Application for copies should be addressed to the American Society for Testing and Materials, 1916 Race Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103-1137.)

(Non-Government standards and other publications are normally available from the organizations that prepare or distribute the documents. These documents also may be available in or through libraries or other informational services.)

2.3 Order of precedence. In the event of a conflict between the text of this document and the references cited herein (except for related associated detail specifications, specification sheets, or MS standards), the text of this document takes precedence. Nothing in this document, however, supersedes applicable laws and regulations unless a specific exemption has been obtained.

3. REQUIREMENTS

3.1 First article. When specified in the contract or purchase order, a sample or samples shall be subjected to first article inspection (see 4.4 and 6.2).

3.2 Selection of specifications and standards. Specifications and standards for the necessary commodities and services not specified herein shall be selected in accordance with MIL-STD-970.

3.3 Material.

3.3.1 Material conformance. Materials shall conform to applicable specifications and shall be as specified herein. Materials that are not covered by specifications, or that are not specifically described herein, shall be of the best quality, of the lightest practicable weight, and suitable for the purposed intended.

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3.3.2 Age. Hose shall not be more than 12 months old from the cure date to the delivery date of hose to any Government service or to any airframe or accessory manufacturer.

3.3.3 Recovered-materials. Recovered materials shall be used to the maximum extent possible without jeopardizing the end use of the item. Recovered materials are those which have been reduced to raw materials. Repaired or remanufactured parts shall not be used.

3.4 Design. The design of the hose shall be in accordance with MS27797.

3.5 Construction. The hose shall be constructed in accordance with MS27797 and of smooth bore, nonkinking, flexible type, suitably reinforced with an integral corrosion resistant wire in accordance with ASTM A313. The hose shall have an outer covering of tubular polyamide or polyester, knitted or braided construction. The stockinet shall extend to within approximately 0.125 inch of the ends of the hose and shall be securely attached. A molded ozone-resistant cover approximately 0.750 inch long shall be applied to each end of the hose.

3.6 Performance.

3.6.1 Leakage. When the hose is horizontally submerged in water and internally pressurized to a pressure of 25 pounds per square inch for a 2-minute period, the hose shall not leak (see 4.6.2).

3.6.2 Delamination. After one end of the hose is capped and the other end of the hose is connected to a vacuum of 16 inches of mercury, the inner layer of the hose shall show no evidence of delamination (see 4.6.3).

3.6.3 Odor. The hose shall be free of objectionable odors (see 4.6.4).

3.6.4 Cleanliness. The hose shall show no evidence of uncleanness in excess of the limits specified in 4.6.5. The hose shall be free of oil, grease, fuel, water, dust, dirt, or other foreign matter (see 4.6.1).

3.6.5 Flexibility. There shall be no noticeable permanent set of the hose after it has been tested for flexibility as specified herein (see 4.6.6).

3.6.6 Elongation. After the hose has been suspended by one end in a vertical position with a 60-pound weight attached to the other end for 10 minutes the increase in length shall not exceed 2 inches per foot of hose length. The permanent set, determined within 2 minutes after removal of the load, shall not exceed 2 percent of the hose length (see 4.6.7).

3.6.7 Static-load. After the application of a static load of 225 pounds has been applied normal to the longitudinal axis of the hose over a 4-inch section of the wire-reinforced portion of the hose for a 30-second period, the outside diameter of the hose shall not be decreased more than 10 percent of the original value. The outside diameter of the hose, with the load removed, shall be within 5 percent of the original value (see 4.6.8).

3.6.8 Flexibility endurance. After subjection to the tests specified in 4.6.9, the hose shall meet the requirements specified in 3.6.1 and 3.6.2.

3.6.9 Abrasion. The hose shall withstand the abrasion test without exposing the reinforcing wire, when tested as specified in 4.6.10.

3.7 Environmental requirements.

3.7.1 Low temperature. After a 48-hour period of conditioning at $+65^{\circ} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{F}$, the hose shall meet the requirements of 3.6.5. After meeting these requirements and returning to room temperature, the hose shall meet the requirements specified in 3.6.1, 3.6.2, and 3.6.3 (see 4.7.1).

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3.7.2 High temperature. After a 48-hour period of conditioning at $+160^{\circ} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{F}$, the hose shall meet the requirements of 3.6.5. After meeting these requirements and returning to room temperature, the hose shall meet the requirements specified in 3.6.1, 3.6.2, and 3.6.3 (see 4.7.2).

3.7.3 Ozone resistance. After the test slabs of hose materials required by ASTM D1149 have been subjected to test conditions specified for testing ozone resistance, there shall be no evidence of checking, cracking, or any other damage to the hose (see 4.7.3).

3.8 Weight. The weight of the hose shall not exceed 3.0 ounces per foot of nominal specified length.

3.9 Color. The color of the outer covering of the hose shall be green approximately matching color 34079 of FED-STD-595.

3.10 Product identification.

3.10.1 Marking of product. The hose shall be identified with the specification part number as established herein and in accordance with MIL-STD-130. The manufacturer's design activity CAGE code and part number shall be parenthetically added below the specification part number identification. The year and quarter of cure shall also be included in the marking.

3.10.2 Part numbering of interchangeable parts. All parts having the same manufacturer's part number shall be functionally and dimensionally interchangeable. The item identification and part number requirements of MIL-STD-100 shall govern the manufacturer's part numbers and changes thereto.

3.10.3 Specification part number. The definitive specification part number shall be as defined in MS27797.

3.11 Workmanship. The hose shall be uniform in quality and shall be free from irregularities or defects that might adversely affect performance, reliability, or durability.

4. QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS

4.1 Responsibility for inspection. Unless otherwise specified in the contract or purchase order, the contractor is responsible for the performance of all inspection requirements (examinations and tests) as specified herein. Except as otherwise specified in the contract or purchase order, the contractor may use his own or any other facilities suitable for the performance of the inspection requirements specified herein, unless disapproved by the Government. The Government reserves the right to perform any of the inspections set forth in this specification where such inspections are deemed necessary to insure supplies and services conform to prescribed requirements.

4.1.1 Responsibility for compliance. All items shall meet all requirements of sections 3 and 5. The inspection set forth in this specification shall become a part of the contractor's overall inspection system or quality program. The absence of any inspection requirements in the specification shall not relieve the contractor of the responsibility of ensuring that all products or supplies submitted to the Government for acceptance comply with all requirements of the contract. Sampling inspection, as part of manufacturing operations, is an acceptable practice to ascertain conformance to requirements, however, this does not authorize submission of known defective material, either indicated or actual, nor does it commit the Government to acceptance of defective material.

4.2 Classification of inspections. The inspection requirements specified herein are classified as follows:

- a. First article inspection (see 4.4)
- b. Quality conformance inspection (see 4.5)

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4.3 Inspection conditions. Unless otherwise specified, all inspections shall be performed in accordance with the test conditions specified in this specification.

4.3.1 Atmospheric conditions. Unless otherwise specified, all inspections required by this specification shall be made at an atmospheric pressure of 28 to 32 inches of mercury, at a temperature of 77° (±18F), and at a relative humidity of 80 percent or less.

4.3.2 Gas. The gas used in testing the hose shall be oxygen conforming to Type I of MIL-O-27210, water pumped nitrogen conforming to Grade A, Type I of BB-N-411, or compressed air conforming to Type II of BB-A-1034. If air or nitrogen is used, appropriate density correction factors shall be applied to the flowmeter, not only to correct the effect on the meter, but also on the performance of the hose with a lower density gas.

4.4 First article inspection. First article inspection shall consist of all the examinations and tests described under test methods, 4.6 and environmental inspection 4.7.

4.4.1 Samples. First article inspection samples shall consist of two hoses representative of construction, workmanship, components, and materials used during production.

4.4.2 First article inspection report. A first article inspection report giving results of the first article inspection shall be prepared in accordance with the procedures outlined in MIL-STD-831 stating the results of the first article inspection, when required by appropriate acquisition documents (see 6.2).

4.5 Quality conformance inspection. Quality conformance inspection shall consist of:

- a. Individual inspection (see 4.5.1)
- b. Sample inspection (see 4.5.2)

4.5.1 Individual inspection. Each hose on the contract or order shall be subjected to and shall pass the following tests as described under inspection methods (see 4.6):

- a. Examination of product (see 4.6.1)
- b. Leakage (see 4.6.2)
- c. Delamination (see 4.6.3)

4.5.2 Sample inspection.

4.5.2.1 Inspection lot. All hose offered for delivery at one time shall be considered a lot for purpose of inspection.

4.5.2.2 Sampling inspection. Failure of any sample to pass the sampling inspection shall be cause for rejection of the lot. A random sample shall be selected from each inspection lot in accordance with inspection level S-2, MIL-STD-105 and shall be subjected to the following inspections as listed below.

<u>INSPECTION</u>	<u>INSPECTION PARAGRAPH</u>
Odor	(see 4.6.4)
Cleanliness	(see 4.6.5)
Flexibility	(see 4.6.6)
Elongation	(see 4.6.7)
Static load	(see 4.6.8)
Preparation for delivery	(see 4.8)

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4.6 Test methods.

4.6.1 Examination of product. The hose shall be thoroughly examined to determine conformance with this specification with respect to configuration, weight, dimensions, color, proper attachment of parts and components, marking, and workmanship.

4.6.2 Leakage. The hose shall be horizontally submerged in water and internally pressurized to a pressure of 25 pounds per square inch for a 2-minute period. Any evidence of leakage from any part of the hose during this period shall be cause for rejection. To conduct this inspection, a fitting in accordance with AN807 or having an end in accordance with MS33658 shall be installed in each end of the hose and secured by a clamp in accordance with MS22064 or equal (see 3.6.1).

4.6.3 Delamination. A test stand equivalent to or conforming to MS22057 shall be utilized in conducting the test for delamination. One end of the hose shall be capped with a cap containing an eye piece. The other end of the hose shall be connected to a vacuum source that contains a light. A vacuum of 16 inches of mercury shall be applied and, while in this condition, the interior of the hose shall be examined through the eyepiece. Any evidence of delamination of the inner layer of the hose shall be cause for rejection (see 3.6.2).

4.6.4 Odor. The test hoses shall be coupled together with suitable adapters for this test. Gaseous oxygen shall be allowed to pass through the hose at a rate not greater than 10 liters per minute for 2 minutes. After both ends of the hose have been opened to the atmosphere for a 5-minute period, six subjects shall smell the hose in a manner that will prevent exterior odors from influencing the test. A hose judged to have an objectionable odor by two or more of the six subjects shall be rejected (see 3.6.3).

4.6.5 Cleanliness. The hose shall be 75 percent filled with distilled water having a temperature of plus 160 degrees Fahrenheit, and then both ends of the hose shall be sealed. The hose shall be shaken for a minimum period of 2 minutes, and the contents shall then be poured in to a 100-milliliter clean glass cylinder. The contents shall not contain precipitates and shall not be more turbid than a standard suspension of 5-milligrams of fullers earth in 100 milliliters of distilled water. The hose shall then be dried by passing 160 degrees Fahrenheit gas through its length (see 3.6.4).

4.6.6 Flexibility. The hose shall be closely coiled around a 1.500 inch diameter rod. There shall be no unraveling of any wire used in the hose assembly nor any other damage. After release, there shall be no noticeable permanent set of the hose. This test shall be repeated four times, except that for each successive test the hose shall be turned 90 degrees about its longitudinal axis and recoiled onto the rod (see 3.6.5).

4.6.7 Elongation. The hose shall be suspended by one end in a vertical positioning and a 60-pound dead weight shall be attached to the other end for a period of 10 minutes. The increase in length shall be measured and any increase in excess of 2 inches per lineal foot of test hose shall be cause for rejection. Two minutes after removal of the load, the permanent set shall be determined. Permanent set in excess of 2 percent of the hose length shall be cause for rejection (see 3.6.6).

4.6.8 Static load. A static load of 225 pounds shall be applied normal to the longitudinal axis of the hose over a 4-inch section of the wire reinforced portion of the hose. A measured reduction in outside diameter of more than 10 percent of the original value shall be cause for rejections. Two minutes after removal of the load, the outside diameter shall be measured at its smallest dimension. An outside diameter reduction of more than 5 percent shall be cause for rejection (see 3.6.7).

4.6.9 Flexibility endurance. The hose shall be closely coiled around a 1.500 inch diameter rod and released for 500 cycles. The hose shall then be twisted 180 degrees in both directions on its longitudinal axis over a 12-inch section and released, for 500 cycles, using a 12-inch section of the hose. A proportionate angle of twist shall be used for short hoses. The hose shall then be subjected to and shall pass the tests specified in 4.6.2 and 4.6.3 (see 3.6.8).

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4.6.10 Abrasion. A 2-inch section of hose, which shall be obtained by cutting through the hose perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the hose, shall be subjected to the abrasion test in accordance with FED-STD-191, Method 5308, dry condition. The abradant shall conform to CCC-C-419, Type I, hard texture duck No. 10. A 1-pound weight shall be placed upon the upper end of the shaft to produce a constant pressure between the abradant and specimen throughout the test. The jaws of the Schiefer machine shall be modified to retain a 2-inch section of hose. The hose shall be subjected to 10,000 revolutions of abrasion. The hose shall then be examined, and any exposure of the hose reinforcing wire shall be cause for rejection (see 3.6.9).

4.7 Environmental inspection.

4.7.1 Low temperature. The hose shall be conditioned at $-65^{\circ} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{F}$ for 48 hours. After the conditioning period and while still at this temperature, the hose shall be subjected to tests specified in 4.6.6. The hose shall then be returned to room temperature and shall be subjected to and shall pass the tests specified in 4.6.2, 4.6.3, and 4.6.4 (see 3.7.1).

4.7.2 High temperature. The hose shall be conditioned at $+160^{\circ} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{F}$ for 48 hours. After the conditioning period and while still at this temperature, the hose shall be subjected to tests specified in 4.6.6. The hose shall then be returned to room temperature and shall be subjected to and shall pass the tests specified in 4.6.2, 4.6.3, and 4.6.4 (see 3.7.2).

4.7.3 Ozone resistance. The two test slabs of hose material shall be tested for ozone resistance. The test apparatus shall conform to ASTM D1149. The test slabs shall be elongated 20 percent, shall be placed in an ozone-free atmosphere for 24 hours, and shall then be placed in the ozone chamber. The chamber shall be adjusted to $+100^{\circ} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{F}$ and to give an exposure of ozone concentration of 120 parts (± 10 parts) by volume of ozone per million parts by volume of air. The air-ozone velocity in the chamber shall be at least 2 feet per second. The test slabs shall be exposed to these conditions for 60 minutes. The test slabs shall then be examined under a 10x magnification, and any evidence of checking, cracking, or any other damage shall be cause for rejection (see 3.7.3).

4.8 Preparation for delivery. Unless otherwise specified in the contract or purchase order, the contractor is responsible for the performance of all inspections required, as listed in MIL-P-116, Table III, for the method of preservation being accomplished.

5. PACKAGING

5.1 Preservation. Preservation packaging shall be in accordance with (IAW) MIL-STD-2073-1, level "A" only as specified (see 6.2).

5.1.1 Preservation-packaging. Unless otherwise specified by the contracting activity, item shall be packaged in Quantity Unit Pack (QUP) of one each. Each item will be provided a preservation method IA-8 in accordance with IAW MIL-P-116 and U.S. AIR FORCE DRAWING 8148650, section 6.

5.1.2 Cleaning. Item shall be cleaned IAW MIL-P-116, AF DRAWING 8148650.

5.1.3 Drying. Immediately after cleaning, the item shall be dried following any one or combination of the drying procedures listed in MIL-P-116 and AF DRAWING 8148650. The drying procedures employed shall not be injurious to the item. Item shall be capped and plugged after the drying process IAW MIL-C-5501.

5.1.4 Level A. Item shall be preserved IAW MIL-P-116, and MIL-STD-2073-1 to provide a method IA-8.

5.2 Packing. Packing shall be level A, B, or C, as specified (see 6.2)

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5.2.1 Container-cushioning. Unit container requirements shall conform to MIL-B-131, barrier material, unless otherwise specified by the contracting activity. Unit container shall be large enough to allow for the application of sufficient wrap MIL-B-121 material, and cushioning PPP-C-1797 material, between the item and unit container to provide sufficient density and thickness to protect the unit container from punctures. Intermediate and/or shipping container requirements shall conform to ASTM D5118/D 5118M Para 6.2.1.2 Regular Slotted (RSC/0201) specified by the contracting activity. Cushioning material shall be of sufficient density and thickness to insure shock transmission does not exceed peak values which have been established for the item.

5.2.2 Level A. Fiberboard containers do not meet Level "A" container criteria.

5.2.3 Level B. Item will be preserved as specified in 5.1 and shall be packed in exterior containers conforming to ASTM D 5118/D 5118M para 6.4.1 Type Weather-resistant unless otherwise specified by the contracting activity. Exterior container shall be uniform shape, size and minimum tare and cube, consistent with the protection required. Closure shall be in accordance with appropriate ASTM D 1974, para 7.1.1 Sealing Method A procedures, or as specified by contracting activity.

5.2.4 Level C. Item will be packed in such a manner that will afford adequate protection against physical/mechanical damage during direct domestic shipment from the supply source to the first receiving activity. These packs shall conform to MIL-STD-2073-1.

5.3 Marking. Unit, intermediate, and exterior containers shall be marked IAW special markings required by the contractor activity, and MIL-STD-129 and AF DRAWING 8148650.

5.4 Inspection and test. Test of methods of preservation shall be accomplished in accordance with section 4 of MIL-P-116 to insure compliance with section 5 of this specification. Packaging tests shall be conducted IAW rough handling as specified in FED-STD-101.

6. NOTES

(This section contains information of a general or explanatory nature that may be helpful, but is not mandatory.)

6.1 Intended use. The hose covered by this specification is intended for use in breathing oxygen and pressurizing systems installed in aircraft to supply air or oxygen for breathing or pressurizing purposes when used on or with altitude suits, anti-G suits, and ejection seat or escape capsule equipment.

6.2 Acquisition requirements. Acquisition documents must specify the following:

- a. Title, number, and date of this specification.
- b. Sizes and lengths required (see 1.2 and 3.4).
- c. First article inspection requirements (see 3.1 and 4.4).
- d. Selection of applicable levels of preservation, packaging, and packing (see Section 5).
- e. Issue of DODISS to be cited in the solicitation, and if required, the specific issue of individual documents referenced. (see 2.1).

6.3 First article. When a first article inspection is required, the items should be a first article sample as specified in 4.4.1. The contracting officer should include specific instructions in acquisition documents regarding arrangements for examinations, approval of first article test results and disposition of the first

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article. Invitations for bids should provide that the Government reserves the right to waive the requirements for samples for first article inspection to those bidders offering a product which has been previously acquired or tested by the Government, and that bidders offering such products, who wish to rely on such production or test, must furnish evidence with the bid that prior Government approval is presently appropriate for the pending contract.

6.4 Data. For the information of contractors and contracting officers, any of the data specified in applicable documents listed in section 2 of this specification or reference in lower tier documents need not be prepared for the Government and will not be required by the Government unless specified in the contract or order.

6.5 Subject term (key word) listing.

capsule, escape	seat, ejection
hose, oxygen	suit, altitude
hose, pressurization	suit, anti-G
ozone	

6.6 Change from previous issue. Asterisks or vertical lines are not used in this revision to identify changes with respect to the previous issue due to the extensiveness of the changes.

Custodian
 Army - AT
 Air Force - 99

Preparing Activity
 Air Force - 71

Review Activities
 Air Force - 11
 DLA - CS

Project Number
 4720-0051

STANDARDIZATION DOCUMENT IMPROVEMENT PROPOSAL

INSTRUCTIONS

1. The preparing activity must complete blocks 1, 2, 3, and 8. In block 1, both the document number and revision letter should be given.
2. The submitter of this form must complete blocks 4, 5, 6, and 7.
3. The preparing activity must provide a reply within 30 days from receipt of the form.

NOTE: This form may not be used to request copies of documents, nor to request waivers, or clarification of requirements on current contracts. Comments submitted on this form do not constitute or imply authorization to waive any portion of the referenced document(s) or to amend contractual requirements.

I RECOMMEND A CHANGE:

1. DOCUMENT NUMBER
MIL-H-26385E

2. DOCUMENT DATE (YYMMDD)

3. DOCUMENT TITLE

HOSE, OXYGEN AND PRESSURIZATION, OZONE RESISTANT

4. NATURE OF CHANGE (*Identify paragraph number and include proposed rewrite, if possible. Attach extra sheets as needed.*)

5. REASON FOR RECOMMENDATION

6. SUBMITTER

a. NAME (*Last, First, Middle Initial*)

b. ORGANIZATION

c. ADDRESS (*Include Zip Code*)

d. TELEPHONE (*Include Area Code*)

7. DATE SUBMITTED
(YYMMDD)

(1) Commercial
(2) AUTOVON
(*If applicable*)

8. PREPARING ACTIVITY

a. NAME

OC-ALC/TICLA

b. TELEPHONE (*Include Area Code*)

(1) Commercial
405-736-5960

(2) AUTOVON
336-5960

c. ADDRESS (*Include Zip Code*)

**3001 STAFF DRIVE
TINKER AFB OK 73145-3037**

IF YOU DO NOT RECEIVE A REPLY WITHIN 45 DAYS, CONTACT:
Defense Quality and Standardization Office
5203 Leesburg Pike, Suite 1403, Falls Church, VA 22041-3466
Telephone (703) 796-2340 AUTOVON 289-2340