NOTICE OF CANCELLATION **INCH-POUND** 

MIL-F-18113E NOTICE 1 21 April 1997

## **MILITARY SPECIFICATION**

# FEEDERS, BOILERS WATER TREATMENT, BY-PASS AND COMPOUND RECEIVER TYPES

Military Specification MIL-F-18113E, dated 11 May 1992, is hereby canceled. Future acquisition of this material should refer to Federal Specification F-F-2901.

(Copies of specifications, standards, drawings, and publications required by contractors in connection with the specific acquisition functions should be obtained from the contracting activity or as directed by the contracting officer.)

**Custodians**:

Navy - YD1

Air Force - 99

Review Activity: Air Force - 84

Preparing Activity:

Navy-YD1

(Project 4410-0095)

AMSC N/A FSC 4410

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INCH-POUND

MIL-F-18113E 11 May 1992 SUPERSEDING MIL-F-18113D 6 February 1984

## MILITARY SPECIFICATION

# FEEDERS, BOILER WATER TREATMENT, BY-PASS AND COMPOUND RECEIVER TYPES

This specification is approved for use by all Departments and Agencies of the Department of Defense.

- 1. SCOPE
- 1.1 Scope. This specification covers pressure-type chemical solution feeders for treatment of boiler feed water or raw makeup water.
- 1.2 Classification. The chemical feeders shall be of the following types and styles as specified (see 6.2):
  - Type I Automatic proportioning feeder.
  - Type II Shot-type feeder (manual, intermittent feed).
  - Style A For use with pressure systems up to 200 pounds force per square inch gage (psig) maximum.
  - Style B For use with pressure systems up to 500 psig maximum.
- 2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS
- 2.1 Government documents.
- 2.1.1 Specifications and standards. The following specifications and standards form a part of this document to the extent specified herein. Unless otherwise specified, the issues of these documents are those listed in the issue of the Department of Defense Index of Specifications and Standards (DODISS) and supplement thereto, cited in the solicitation (see 6.2).

Beneficial comments (recommendations, additions, deletions) and any pertinent data which may be of use in improving this document should be addressed to: Commanding Officer (Code 156), Naval Construction Battalion Center, Port Hueneme, CA 93043-5000, by using the Standardization Document Improvement Proposal CDD Form 1426) appearing at the end of this document or by letter.

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## SPECIFICATIONS

## FEDERAL

PPP-B-636 - Boxes, Shipping, Fiberboard.

#### MILITARY

MIL-V-3 - Valves, Fittings, and Flanges-(Except for Systems

Indicated Herein), Packaging of.

MIL-P-116 - Preservation, Methods of.

MIL-T-22085 - Tape, Adhesive, Preservation and Sealing.

### STANDARDS

### MILITARY

MIL-STD-129 - Marking for Shipment and Storage.

MIL-STD-889 - Dissimilar Metals.

MIL-STD-1186 - Cushioning, Anchoring, Bracing, Blocking, and

Waterproofing, with Appropriate Test Methods.

 ${\tt MIL-STD-2073-1A}$  - DoD Material Procedures for Development and

Application of Packaging Requirements.

(Unless otherwise indicated, copies of federal and military specifications and standards are available from the Standardization Documents Order Desk, Bldg. 4D, 700 Robbins Avenue, Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094.)

2.2 Non-Government publications. The following document(s) form a part of this document to the extent specified herein. Unless otherwise specified, the issues of the documents which are DoD adopted are those listed in the issue of the DODISS cited in the solicitation. Unless otherwise specified, the issues of documents not listed in the DODISS are the issues of the documents which are current on the date of the solicitation (see 6.2).

AMERICAN NATIONAL STANDARDS INSTITUTE, INC. (ANSI)

ANSI B36.10 - Welded and Seamless Wrought-Steel Pipe.

(Application for copies should be addressed to the American National Standards Institute, 11 West 42nd Street, New York, NY 10036.)

(Non-Government standards and other publications are normally available from the organizations that prepare or distribute the documents. These documents also may be available in or through libraries or other informational services.)

(Copies of specifications, standards and publications required by manufacturers in connection with specific acquisition functions should be obtained from the contracting activity or as directed by the contracting officer.)

2.3 Order of Precedence. In the event of a conflict between the text of this document and the references cited herein, the text of this document takes precedence. Nothing in this document, however, supersedes applicable laws and regulations unless a specific exemption has been obtained.

## 3. REOUIREMENTS

- 3.1 Description. The feeders shall consist primarily of a reservoir, by-pass or shut-off valves, air-cock valve, globe valve (when required), fittings, and piping.
- 3.2 First article. When specified in the contract or purchase order, a sample shall be subjected to first article inspection (see 4.2.1 and 6.2).
- 3.3 Materials. Materials used shall be free from defects which would adversely affect the performance or maintainability of individual components or of the overall assembly. Materials not specified herein shall be of the same quality used for the intended purpose in commercial practice. Unless otherwise specified herein, all equipment, material, and articles incorporated in the work covered by this specification are to be new and fabricated using materials produced from recovered materials to the maximum extent possible without jeopardizing the intended use. The term, "recovered materials" means materials which have been collected or recovered from solid waste and reprocessed to become a source of raw materials, as opposed to virgin raw materials. Unless otherwise specified, none of the above shall be interpreted to mean that the use of used or rebuilt products is allowed under this specification.
- 3.3.1 Dissimilar materials. Intimate contact of dissimilar metals, as defined in MIL-STD-889, which can be expected to cause galvanic corrosion shall have an interposing insulating material provided to minimize the corrosive effect. The insulating material shall be suitable for operation at pressures up to 500 psig and temperatures up to 250 degrees Fahrenheit.
- 3.4 Interchangeability. All units of the same classification furnished with similar options under a specific contract shall be identical to the extent necessary to insure interchangeability of component parts, assemblies, accessories, and spare parts.
- 3.4.1 System of measurement. The dimensions used in this specification are not intended to preclude the use of the metric system of measurement in the fabrication and production of the material, individual parts, and finished product, provided form, fit, and function requirements are satisfied.
- 3.5 Design. Feeders shall be designed to inject chemical solutions into boiler feedwater piping. Feeder designs shall be of two types; type I shall be an automatic proportioning unit and type II shall be a shot-type (manual intermittent feed) unit. The design shall be suitable for operation at temperatures up to 250 degrees F.
- 3.5.1 Type I. The type I automatic proportioning feeder is designed for operation on a pressure differential created across an orifice, a pump, or lift check valve thereby producing a proportional feed of chemical solution. The feeder shall incorporate design requirements such that the feeder may be shut off from its feedwater piping while the pressure feed tank is being filled with

the treatment solution. Each tank shall be equipped for drainage to a waste receptacle. An air-cock, for venting accumulated air, shall be provided for each pressure tank. A valve shall be provided on the inlet side of the feeder to adjust the chemical solution rate of flow. When specified (see 6.2), the design shall incorporate a gage glass to indicate the quantity of chemical solution in the feeder. All the chemical piping, valves, and fittings used in the feeding of alum solution shall b6 of brans, copper, or copper alloy. Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2), type I feeders shall be designed with a quick opening 3.5 inch minimum access on the top of the tank. When an access of less than 3.5 inches is provided, the design shall incorporate a funnel and associated valve to facilitate the filling operation. The minimum effective capacity of type I feeders shall be as specified (see 6.2). Typical sizes for type I feeders are: 1 gallon, 2 to 2.5 gallon, 5 to 6 gallon, and 10 to 12.5 gallon. Type I feeders may be designed for either floor mounting or mounting to the existing boiler feedwater piping as specified (see 6.2). Capacity of units designed to mount to the existing feedwater piping shall not exceed 2.5 gallons. Typical design, construction, and connections for type I feeders are shown by figure 1.

- 3.5.1.1 Type I style A. The type I style A proportional feeder shall be designed to operate at a maximum pressure of 200 psig.
- 3.5.1.2 Type I style B. The type I style B feeder small be designed to operate at a maximum pressure of 500 psig.
- 3.5.2 Type II. The type II feeder shall be so designed that a measured amount of chemical solution can be manually introduced into the feeder receiver and subsequently transferred to the boiler feedwater piping. The feeder shall incorporate design requirements such that the feeder may be shut off from its feedwater piping while the pressure feed tank is being filled with the treatment solution. Each tank shall be equipped for drainage to a waste receptacle. An air-vent, for venting accumulated air, shall be provided for each pressure tank. When specified (see 6.2), the design shall incorporate a gage glass to indicate the quantity of chemical solution in the feeder. All chemical piping, valves, and fittings used in the feeding of alum solution shall be of brass, copper, or copper alloy. Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2), type II feeders shall be designed with a quick opening 3.5 inch minimum access on the top of the tank. When an access of less than 3.5 inches is provided, the design shall incorporate a funnel and associated valve to facilitate the filling operation. The minimum effective capacity of type II feeders shall be as specified (see 6.2). Typical sizes for type II feeders are: 1 gallon, 2 to 2.5 gallon, 5 to 6 gallon, and 10 to 12.5 gallon. Type II feeders may be designed for either floor mounting or mounting to the existing boiler feedwater piping as specified (see 6.2). Capacity of units designed to mount to the existing feedwater piping shall not exceed 2.5 gallons. Typical design, construction, and connections for type II feeders are shown by figure 2.
- 3.5.2.1 Type II style A. The type II style A shot-type feeder is designed to operate at a maximum pressure of 200 psig.
- 3.5.2.2 Type II style B. The type II style B shot-type feeder is designed to operate at a maximum pressure of 500 psig.

### 3.6 Performance.

- 3.6.1 Type I. The type I automatic proportioning feeder, per charge of chemical solution, shall be capable of discharging the entire contents of the feeder when the quantity of water specified (see 6.2) is passed through the feedwater piping at a differential pressure across the feeder as specified (see 6.2).
- 3.6.2 Type II. The type II shot-type manual feeder, per charge of chemical solution, shall be capable of discharging the entire contents of the receiver when a quantity of water equivalent to twice the volume of the feeder is passed through the feedwater piping.

## 3.7 Construction.

3.7.1 Receiver. Physical configuration of the receiver for type I feeders shall be in accordance with figure 1. Physical configuration of the receiver for type II feeders shall be in accordance with figure 2. Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2), the body of type I and type II feeder receivers shall be a section of seamless, carbon steel pipe in accordance with ANSI B36.10. The ends shall either be threaded and fitted with threaded flanges or shall be of a welded construction. The ends, when installed or assembled, shall be capable of sustaining the operating pressure specified at feedwater temperatures up to 250 degrees F (see 6.2). The receiver shall be fabricated where applicable to accommodate the feed, filling, drain, and vent connections, and the body shall be constructed to accommodate the &age glass fittings.

## 3.8 Feeder components.

- 3.8.1 Gage glass. The gage glass shall be furnished with shut-off cocks at top and bottom, and shall be designed to withstand the operating pressure specified for the receiver.
- 3.8.2 Funnel. The funnel required for type I and type II feeders shall be fabricated from sheet copper having a minimum thickness of .060 inch.
- 3.8.3 Valves, fitting, and piping. Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2), the valves, fittings, and piping shall be a minimum of 3/4 inch National Pipe Size (see figure 1). All valves, fittings and piping shall be of a type and material suitable for the operating pressure and temperature specified.
- 3.8.4 Union. Each feeder shall be furnished with unions on both the inlet and outlet connections. The size of the unions shall correspond to the inlet and outlet pipe size of the feeder.
- 3.9 Treatment and painting. Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2), the feeder shall be treated and painted in accordance with the manufacturer's standard practice. All external surfaces of the feeder other than corrosion-resisting steel shall be protected against corrosion and present a neat appearance.

- 3.10 Identification marking. Identification shall be permanent and legibly marked directly on the feeder or on a corrosion-resisting metal plate securely attached to the feeder at the source of manufacturer. Identification shall include the manufacturer's model and serial number, name, date of manufacture, size, and pressure rating.
- marked
- 3.11 Instruction plates. The feeder shall be equipped with instruction plates suitably located, describing any special or important procedures to be followed in operating and servicing the equipment. Plates shall be of a material which will last and remain legible for the life of the equipment, and shall be securely affixed to the feeder receiver.
- 3.12 Workmanship. The quality of workmanship shall be such as to produce feeders that are in accordance with the requirements of this specification and standards prevailing among manufacturers normally producing this equipment.
- 3.12.1 Steel fabrication. The steel used in fabrication shall be free from kinks, sharp bends, and other conditions which would be deleterious to the finished product. Manufacturing processes shall not reduce the strength of the steel to a value less than intended by the design. Manufacturing processes shall be done neatly and accurately. All bends shall be made by controlled means to insure uniformity of size and shape.
- 3.12.2 Welding. Welding procedures shall be in accordance with a nationally recognized welding code. The surface of parts to be welded shall be free from rust, scale, paint, grease, or other foreign matter. Welds shall be of sufficient size and shape to develop the full strength of the parts connected by the welds. Welds shall transmit stress without permanent deformation or failure when the parts connected by the weld are subjected to proof and service loadings.

## 4. QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS

- 4.1 Responsibility for inspection. Unless otherwise specified in the contract or purchase order, the contractor is responsible for the performance of all inspection requirements (examinations and tests) as specified herein. Except as otherwise specified in the contract or purchase order, the contractor may use his own or any other facilities suitable for the performance of the inspection requirements specified herein, unless disapproved by the Government. The Government reserves the right to perform any of the inspections set forth in this document where such inspections are deemed necessary to ensure supplies and services conform to prescribed requirements.
- 4.1.1 Responsibility for compliance,. All items shall meet all requirements of sections 3 and 5. The inspection set forth in this document shall become a part of the contractor's overall inspection system or quality program. The absence of any inspection requirements in this document shall not relieve the contractor of the responsibility of ensuring that all products or supplies submitted to the Government for acceptance comply with all requirements of the contract. Sampling inspection, as part of manufacturing operations, is an acceptable practice to ascertain conformance to requirements, however, this does not authorize submission of known defective material, either indicated or actual, nor does it commit the Government to accept defective material.

- 4.1.2 Component and material inspection. Components and materials shall be inspected in accordance with all the requirements specified herein and in applicable referenced documents.
- 4.2 Classification of inspections. The inspection requirements specified herein are classified as follows:
  - a. First article inspection (see 4.2.1).
  - b. Quality conformance inspection (see 4.2.2).
  - c. On-site testing (see 4.2.3).
- 4.2.1 First article inspection. The first article inspection shall be performed on one feeder when a first article is required (see 3.2 and 6.2). This inspection shall include the examination of 4.3, and the tests of 4.4. The first article may be either a first production item or a standard production item from the supplier's current inventory provided the item meets the requirements of the specification and is representative of the design, construction, and manufacturing technique applicable to the remaining items to be furnished under the contract.
- 4.2.2 Quality conformance inspection. The quality conformance inspection shall include one examination of 4.3, the test of 4.4.2. and the packaging inspection of 4.5.
- 4.2.3 On-site testing. When specified (see 6.2), testing shall be performed on the units at the site after installation. This testing shall be in addition to quality conformance inspection performed at the factory, and shall be supplemental to the first article inspection, if such inspection is specified. On-site testing shall include the test of 4.4 to verify compliance with the performance requirements of this specification. On-site testing shall be performed either by the feeder manufacturer or by the installing contractor, as specified (see 6.2). The manufacturer shall have the privilege of representation at tests performed by others. When the manufacturer is responsible for on-site test, the detailed requirements and schedule for the test program will be as specified in the contract (see 6.2). In all cases, deficiencies revealed by on-site testing shall be corrected at the feeder manufacturer's expense, and any required retesting shall also be at the manufacturer's expense.
- 4.3 Examination. Each feeder shall be examined for compliance with the requirements specified in section 3 of this document. Any redesign or modification of the contractor's standard product to comply with specified requirements, or any necessary redesign or modification following failure to meet specified requirements shall receive particular attention for adequacy and suitability. This element of inspection shall encompass all visual examinations and dimensional measurements. Noncompliance with any specified requirement or presence of one or more defects preventing or lessening maximum efficiency shall constitute cause for rejection.
- 4.4 Tests. Each feeder (including the first article sample when required) shall be tested. Any unit failing to pass the tests of 4.4.1, 4.4.2, and 4.4.3, as applicable, shall be rejected. Tests shall be conducted as outlined in the referenced documents as herein specified.

- 4.4.1 Performance. Each feeder shall be tested for conformance to the applicable performance requirements of section 3. Nonconformance to the applicable performance requirements of section 3 shall constitute failure of the unit.
- 4.4.2 Hydrostatic. The pressure tanks shall be subjected to a hydrostatic test pressure equal to 1.5 times the specified operating pressure. Any evidence of leakage, sweating, or deformation shall be cause for rejection.
- 4.4.3 Operational. The feeders shall be tested within the full operating pressures and flow requirements specified herein and in resulting contractual documents. Failure of the feeders to perform satisfactorily at the full operating limits specified shall be cause for rejection.
- 4.5 Packaging inspection. The preservation, packing, and marking of the item shall be inspected to verify conformance to the requirements of section 5.

## 5. PACKAGING

- 5.1 Preservation. Preservation shall be level A or commercial as specified (see 6.2).
- 5.1.1 Level A.
- 5.1.1.1 Methods of preservation. Cleaning processes, drying procedures, preservatives, and methods of preservation specified in the following paragraphs are listed in MIL-P-116 and shall conform to the requirements of MIL-P-116 and any applicable specifications.
- 5.1.1.2 Disassembly. Disassembly shall be the minimum necessary to protect parts subject to damage or loss, and to accomplish reduction in cube. Removed bolts, nuts, pins, screws and washers shall be reinstalled in mating parts and secured to prevent their loss.
- 5.1.1.3 Matchmarking. Parts removed and mating parts on the equipment and attachments shall be matchmarked to facilitate reassembly. Parts and accessories removed, and mating parts on the equipment, shall be identified with weatherproof tags attached to mating parts and locations. Markings shall be applied to the tags with a waterproof material.
- 5.1.1.4 Cleaning and drying. Prior to the application of preservative compounds or paint, surfaces shall be cleaned by process C-1 and dried by any applicable procedure of MIL-P-116.
- 5.1.1.5 Valves and fittings. Valves and fittings shall be preserved and packaged in accordance with the level A requirements of MIL-V-3.
- 5.1.1.6 Gage glasses. Gage glasses shall be packaged by method IC-2.
- 5.1.1.7 Tanks and ferrous metal piping. Interior surfaces of the tanks and piping shall be coated with type P-21 preservative. Excess preservative shall be drained. Openings into the tank shall be sealed with caps, plugs, or with tape conforming to MIL-T-22085, type II.

- 5.1.1.8 Technical publications. Technical publications for each piece of equipment shall be preserved method IC-1 or IC-3.
- 5.1.1.9 Repair parts. The preservative application criteria and applicable methods of preservation of MIL-P-116 shall be used to preserve repair parts.
- 5.1.1.10 Consolidation . Tools, repair parts and publications for each feeder shall be consolidated in containers conforming to PPP-B-636, class weather-resistant. Contents shall be cushioned, blocked, and braced to prevent movement in accordance with MIL-STD-1186..
- 5.1.2 Commercial. The equipment shall be preserved in accordance with the contractor's standard practice in a manner to prevent deterioration and damage.
- 5.2 Packing. Packing shall be level A, B, or commercial as specified (see 6.2).
- 5.2.1 Levels A and B. Packing shall be in accordance with MIL-STD-2073-1A. Containers shall be selected from Appendix C, Table VII for the appropriate level. Only closed containers shall be selected.
- 5.2.2 Commercial. The equipment shall be prepared for shipment in a manner which will insure arrival at destination in a satisfactory condition. Preparation for delivery shall comply with applicable carrier rules and regulations.
- 5.3 Marking. Marking shall be in accordance with MIL-STD-129.

## 6. NOTES

(This section contains information of a general or explanatory nature that may be helpful, but is not mandatory.)

- 6.1 Intended use. The automatic proportioning feeders covered by this specification are intended for feeding alum and alkali solutions into raw water piping ahead of filters or for feeding ordinary internal boiler water treatment solutions into the feed water piping. The capacity of the feeder selected should ordinarily be such that one charge of solution of the desired strength will suffice for 24 hours of operation. The shot-type feeders covered by this specification are intended for injecting boiler water treatment solutions into the feed water piping in manually-controlled doses, and are ordinarily suitable for operating pressures up to 500 psig, and temperatures up to 250 degrees F.
- 6.1.1 Raw water treatment. For raw water treatment, a sediment tank or self-cleaning strainer shall be provided in the pipe leading to the high pressure side of the feeder.
- 6.2 Acquisition requirements. Acquisition documents should specify the following:
  - a. Title, number, and date of this specification.
  - b. Type and style of feeder (see 1.2).
  - c. Issue of DODISS (see 2.1.1 and 2.2).

- d. When a first article sample is required for inspection and approval (see 3.2, 4.2.1. and 6.4).
- e. When a gage glass is required (see 3.5.1 and 3.5.2).
- f. When the access to the feeder is to be other than as specified (see 3.5.1 and 3.5.2).
- g. Minimum effective capacity of the feeder (see 3.5.1 and 3.5.2).
- h. If the feeder is to be floor mounted or mounted to the existing feedwater piping (see 3.5.1 and 3.5.2).
- i. Minimum quantity of feedwater flow required to transfer the entire contents of a type I feeder into the feedwater piping and the feedwater pressure differential (see 3.6.1).
- j. Material of receiver, if other than as specified (see 3.7.1).
- k. Operating pressure of receiver (see 3.7.1).
- 1. Size of valves, fittings, and piping required (see 3.8.3).
- m. Treatment and painting, if different (see 3.9).
- n. When first article testing is required (see 4.2.1).
- o. When on-site testing is required (see 4.2.3).
- p. Who will perform on-site testing (see 4.2.3).
- q. When detailed test requirements and schedule are required (see 4.2.3).
- r. Level of preservation and level of packing required (see 5.1 and 5.2).
- 6.3 Data requirements. When this specification is used in an acquisition and data are required to be delivered, the data requirements shall be developed as specified by an approved Data Item Description (DD Form 1664) and delivered in accordance with the approved Contract Data Requirements List (CDRL), incorporated into the contract. When the provisions of DoD Federal Acquisition Regulations (FAR) Supplement, Part 27, Sub-Part 27.475-1 (DD Form 1423) are invoked and the DD Form 1423 is not used, the date should be delivered by the contractor in accordance with the contract or purchase order requirements.
- 6.4 First article. When a first article inspection is required, the item will be tested and should be a first production item or it may be a standard production item from the contractor's current inventory as specified in 4.2.1. The first article should consist of one complete feeder. The contracting officer should include specific instructions in acquisition documents regarding arrangements for examination, test, and approval of the first article.
- 6.5 Subject term (keyword) listing:

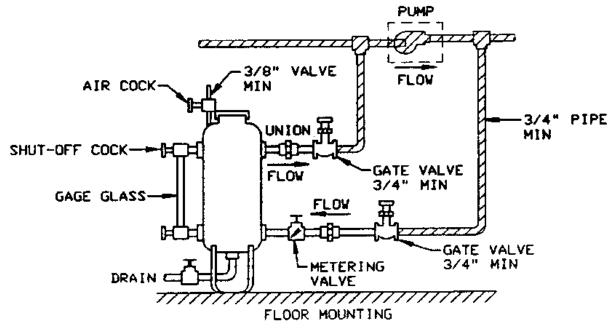
Feeders
Boiler water treatment
Automatic proportioning
Shot-type

6.6 Changes from previous issue. Asterisks are not used in this revision to identify changes with respect to the previous issue, due to the extensiveness of the changes.

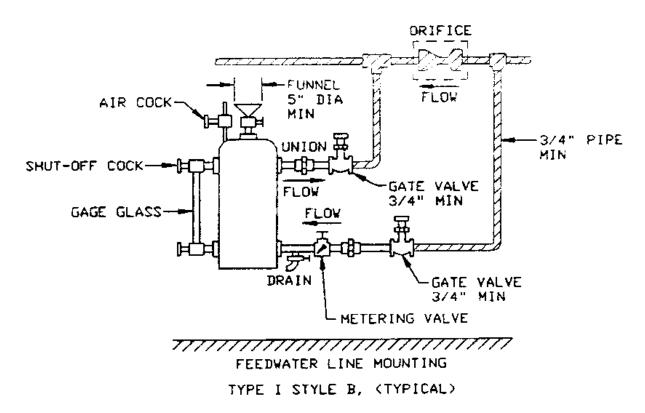
Custodians: Navy - YD Air Force - 99 Preparing Activity:
Navy - YD

(Project 4410-0080)

Review Activity: Air Force - 84



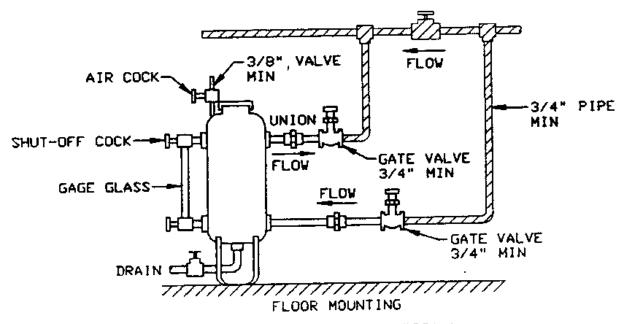
TYPE I STYLE A, (TYPICAL)



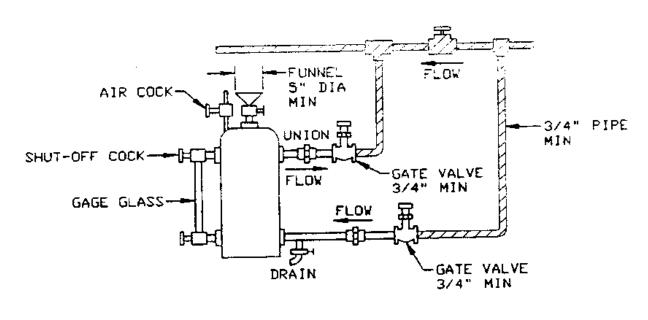
## NOTE

1. PARTS SHOWN IN CROSS-HATCH NOT FURNISHED AS PART OF THE FEEDER.

# FIGURE 1. Type I style A and style B feeders.



TYPE II STYLE A, (TYPICAL)



FEEDWATER LINE MOUNTING

TYPE II STYLE B. (TYPICAL)

NOTE

1. PARTS SHOWN IN CROSS-HATCH NOT FURNISHED AS PART OF THE FEEDER.

FIGURE 2. Type II style A and style B feeders.