METRIC MIL-PRF-89034 23 March 1999

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATION

Digital Point Positioning Data Base (DPPDB)

This specification is approved for use by all Departments and Agencies of the Department of Defense (DoD).

1. SCOPE

1.1 <u>Scope</u>. These specifications define product requirements for DPPDBs produced by the National Imagery and Mapping Agency (NIMA) to support various weapons and mission support systems.

1.2 <u>Purpose</u>. The purpose of this document is to specify the data format and characteristics of DPPDBs for point positioning and other applications.

2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

2.1 <u>General</u>. The documents listed in this section are specified in sections 3 and 4 of this specification. This section does not include documents in other sections of this specification or recommended for additional information or as examples. While every effort has been made to ensure the completeness of this list, document users are cautioned that they must meet all specified requirements documents cited in sections 3 and 4 of this specification, whether or not they are listed.

Address comments (recommendations, additions, deletions) and any pertinent data that may be used to improve this document to: Director, National Imagery and Mapping Agency, ATTN: NIMA Customer Support/COD, Stop P-38, 12310 Sunrise Valley Drive, Reston, Va. 20191-3449, by using the Standardization Document Improvement Proposal (DD Form 1426) appearing at the end of this document or by letter.

AMSC N/A

AREA MCGT

DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT A. Specification approved for public release; distribution unlimited. Classified annex is not available for public release.

2.2 Government documents.

2.2.1 <u>Specifications, standards, and handbooks</u>. The following specifications, standards, and handbooks form a part of this document to the extent specified herein. Unless otherwise specified, the issues of these documents are those listed in the current Department of Defense Index of Specifications and Standards (DODISS) and the supplement thereto, cited in the solicitation (see section 6.2).

STANDARDS

FEDERAL INFORMATION PROCESSING STANDARDS

FIPS PUB 10-4	-	Countries, Dependencies, Areas of Special Sovereignty, and Their Principal Administrative Divisions
FIPS PUB 128	-	Computer Graphics Metafile (CGM) [adaptation of American National Standards Institute (ANSI) X.122-1986]

(Copies of Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) are available to Department of Defense activities from the Standardization Document Order Desk, 700 Robbins Avenue, Bldg. 4D, Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094. Others must request copies of FIPS from the National Technical Information Services, 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, VA 22161-2171.)

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

MIL-STD-2500	-	National Imagery Transmission Format (Version 2.0) for the National Imagery Transmission Format Standard
MIL-STD-188-198	-	Joint Photographic Experts Group (JPEG) Image Compression for the National Imagery Transmission Format Standard
MIL-STD-2301	-	Computer Graphics Metafile (CGM) Implementation Standard for the National Imagery Transmission Format Standard
MIL-STD-2414	-	Bar Coding for Mapping, Charting and Geodesy Products
MIL-STD-188-199	-	Vector Quantization Decompression for the National

		Imagery Transmission Format Standard
MIL-STD-2411	_	Raster Product Format (RPF)
MIL-STD-2411-1	-	Registered Data Values for Raster Product Format
MIL-STD-2411-2	_	Integration of Raster Product Format into the National Imagery Transmission Format
SPECIFICATIONS		
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE		
MIL-PRF-89038	-	Compressed Arc Digitized Raster Graphics (CADRG)
HANDBOOKS		
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE		

MIL-HDBK-859	-	Handbook for Digital Point
		Positioning Data Base (DPPDB)
MIL-HDBK-1300	-	National Imagery Transmission
		Format Standard Handbook

(Unless otherwise indicated, copies of federal and military specifications, standards, and handbooks are available from the Standardization Document Order Desk, 700 Robbins Avenue, Bldg. 4D, Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094, or via Internet address www.dtic.dla.mil/dtic/..)

2.2.2 <u>Other Government documents, drawings, and</u> <u>publications</u>. The following other Government documents, drawings, and publications form a part of this document to the extent specified herein. Unless otherwise specified, the issues are those cited in the solicitation.

DISA/JIEO Circular 9008-National Imagery Transmission Format Standard Certification Test and Evaluation Program Plan

(Application for copies of the above item can be obtained from DISA/JITC ATTN: GADB Bldg. 57305 Fort Huachuca, AZ 85613-7020. Also available in softcopy through the World Wide Web, off the DISA ftp server through the ISMC Home Page. The URL is: http://www.itsi.disa.mil/ismc or from the DISA ftp server: ftp://FTP.ITSI.DISA.MIL/pub/library/nitfs_docs/)

DMA Technical Report (DMA TR) 8350.2 - Department of Defense World Geodetic System, Third Edition, 1 September 1991. (Stock Number DMATR 83502 WGS 84)

Digital Point Positioning Data Base (DPPDB) Classified Annex - DPPDB Accuracy Evaluations, 23 March 1999

Executive Agent for DOD Information Standards - ASD/C³I Memorandum, 3 September 1991.

Executive Order 12951 - Release of Imagery Acquired by Space-Based National Intelligence Reconnaissance Systems, 22 February 1995.

(Copies of the above publication are available from the National Imagery and Mapping Agency, ATTN: SES, Stop D-86, 4600 Sangamore Rd., Bethesda MD 20816-5003.)

2.3 Order of precedence. In the event of a conflict between the text of this document and the references cited herein, the text of this document takes precedence. Nothing in this document, however, supersedes applicable laws and regulations unless a specific exemption has been obtained.

3. REQUIREMENTS

3.1 <u>First article</u>. When specified (see 6.2), a sample shall be subject to first article inspection (see 6.3) in accordance with section 4.2.

3.2 <u>Overview</u>. DPPDBs are developed by the NIMA over userspecified areas to provide a capability for deriving accurate positional data on a quick-response basis for any identifiable feature within a DPPDB area. This includes geodetic latitude, geodetic longitude, geodetic elevation, and associated accuracies of desired points. Targets, navigational points, and launch sites are examples of such points of interest. The DPPDB is a "data only" product and the exploitation of the data will be defined by each user's hardware and software capabilities.

3.3 <u>Accuracy</u>. DPPDBs will continue to support the positioning accuracy requirements of the weapon systems listed in the product specifications for Point Positioning Data Base, PS/4DA/195. Numerous positioning accuracies are required to support current weapons systems. Both absolute and relative (point-to-point) accuracies are required. In addition, the absolute accuracies are referenced to particular horizontal and vertical datums. These values may vary per individual DPPDB and any limitations on usage involving accuracies shall be reflected in the support data (datums and point separation values) provided with each DPPDB. For relative accuracy evaluation see the classified annex (refer to para. 2.2.2).

3.4 <u>Datum</u>. The horizontal and vertical datums shall be the World Geodetic System 1984 (WGS-84).

3.5 Security

3.5.1 <u>Security Classification</u>. These specifications are UNCLASSIFIED. Domestic DPPDB location identifications are UNCLASSIFIED. All DPPDBs over foreign areas are classified at the SECRET level; many have releasability restrictions. DPPDB final products prepared from classified sources will be classified accordingly, including foreign and domestic DPPDBs. Stock Numbers associated with the DPPDB are UNCLASSIFIED.

3.5.2 <u>Releasability</u>. There are currently only two options for marking release determination. The DPPDB labels will be marked: SECRET with no releasability, produced with the marking "US ONLY" (UO), or SECRET/REL dependent upon the country covered. Further instructions are provided in the classified annex of this document.

3.6 Product description.

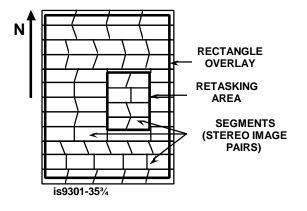
3.6.1 <u>Distribution medium</u>. The distribution medium for the DPPDB product is a 5-GB 8mm tape cartridge(s) or a 14-GB Metrum 2150 cartridge(s). The tape shall contain multiple files. When a single tape will not hold all the files, the files shall be placed on multiple tapes (volume). The file structure and content for each file on tape conform to the NITFS, NITF Version 2.0.

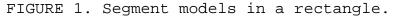
3.6.2 <u>Image data</u>. The image data consist of a number of image models covering a rectangle that is approximately 60 NM on a side, when near the equator. DPPDBs may be larger or smaller depending on the dimensions of the geopositioned triangulation rectangle and the geographic location. Dimensions of a nominal rectangle are shown in TABLE 1. (The dimensions are based on the WGS-84 ellipsoid.)

Latitude Band	Longitude (Product)	Min Lat	Max Lat	Lon Interval at Min Lat	Lon Interval at Max Lat	Nautical Miles at Min Lat	Nautical Miles at Max Lat
(degrees)	1		10	(feet/arcsec)	(feet/arcsec)	<u> </u>	16.1
0-40	1	0	40	101.5	77.8	60.1	46.1
40-50	1.25	40	50	77.8	65.3	57.6	48.4
50-60	1.5	50	60	65.3	50.9	58.1	45.2
60-65	2	60	65	50.9	43.0	60.3	50.9
65-70	2.25	65	70	43.0	34.8	57.3	46.4
70-75	2.75	70	75	34.8	26.3	56.7	42.9
75-80	3.75	75	80	26.3	17.7	58.5	39.3
80-82	5	80	82	17.7	14.2	52.4	42.0
82-84	6	82	84	14.2	10.6	50.4	37.8
84-86	8	84	86	10.6	7.1	50.4	33.7
86-88	12	86	88	7.1	3.6	50.5	25.3
88	undefined	88					

TABLE 1. Width of product rectangles.

Each stereo image model is divided into nominally five to ten segment models (a segment model consists of a left and right segment image that provides the imagery for stereo viewing). Each segment model is registered in stereo and oriented nominally with north to the display's right side for viewing purposes. (When viewing the reference graphic, north will be to the display's top side. When an individual segment model is viewed north will be nominally to the display's right side. This is necessary for correct stereo viewing. Other orientations are possible, such as north being on the left when the image is displayed on the user workstation, depending upon the geometry of the sensor at the time of acquisition.) The segment images have been trimmed to provide a segment image overlap of 2000 feet (minimum) within the DPPDB rectangle and 1000 feet between DPPDB segments. A DPPDB will often contain retask imagery, and it will consist of stereo source imagery models segmented into segment models in the same manner as was performed on parent imagery. FIGURE 1 illustrates segmentation in a rectangle.





Each segment image is bounded by a viewing rectangle and the non-image area of the viewing rectangle is padded with black pixels. The viewing rectangle is then blocked into 1024 x 1024 pixel blocks, compressed using the NITFS 8-bit JPEG Discrete Cosine Transformation (DCT) compression algorithm, and stored after the appropriate NITF image subheader file on the FIGURE 2 shows a representation of two distribution medium. segment images (a stereo pair) bounded by their viewing rectangles. Caution: The segment images shown in Figure 2, include imagery that falls outside the DPPDB image footprints provided in the Master Product Footprint Text File (Table 20). The Master_File footprint is a polygon that defines the area for an image stereo-pair where the DPPDB product accuracy is maintained and parallax is at a minimum. Outside of the polygon, accuracy decreases and parallax is present. To avoid accuracy and parallax problems, the DPPDB user must only collect feature data over the images within this footprint, as the edge of the footprint is reached the analyst must switch to the next stereopair. To avoid problems the exploitation system should be capable of superimposing the footprint on the stereo imagery and/or warn

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the user when an attempt is made to collect data outside the footprint.

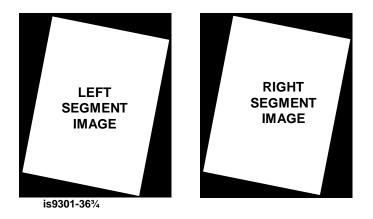


FIGURE 2. Left and right segment images of a segment model bounded by their viewing rectangles.

3.6.3 <u>Image support data</u>. The image support data consist of rational function data, accuracy data, and segment-to-segment shear data, diagnostic points, and adverse area indicators.

3.6.3.1 <u>Rational function data</u>. The rational function data consist of rational function polynomial coefficients and normalization parameters that define the physical relationship between rectified image coordinates and ground coordinates. The image coordinates are in units of pixels. The ground coordinates are latitude and longitude in units of decimal degrees and the geodetic elevation in units of meters. The ground coordinates are referenced to WGS-84 [DMA TR 8350.2, Department of Defense World Geodetic System 1984 (WGS-84)]. If ground coordinates are required in another datum, the NIMA MADTRAN program (Mapping Datum Transformation) or its algorithms should be utilized. Refer to DMA TR 8350.2 for the definition and relationships with local geodetic systems. The rational function polynomial coefficients and normalization parameters shall be stored in the segment image file subheader (see paragraph 3.9.2 and 3.9.5).

3.6.3.2 <u>Rational function polynomial coefficients</u>. The rational function polynomial equations are defined as:

 $Image_x = F(X,Y,Z) / HF(X,Y,Z)$

 $Image_y = G(X, Y, Z) / HG(X, Y, Z)$

where:

Image_x, Image_y are normalized image coordinates:

Image_x = (Image_X - Image_X_Translation) * Image_X_Scale

Image_y = (Image_Y - Image_Y_Translation) * Image_Y_Scale

where:

Image_X = DPPDB X image coordinate

Image_Y = DPPDB Y image coordinate

X, Y, Z are normalized ground coordinates:

X = (Longitude - Longitude_Translation) * Longitude_Scale

Y = (Latitude - Latitude_Translation) * Latitude_Scale

Z = (Elevation - Elevation_Translation) * Elevation_Scale

F, HF, G, HG are 20-term cubic polynomial functions of the form: $C(X,Y,Z)=C_1+C_2X+C_3Y+C_4Z+C_5XY+C_6XZ+C_7YZ+C_8X^2$

 $C(X, Y, Z) = C_1 + C_2 X + C_3 Y + C_4 Z + C_5 X Y + C_6 X Z + C_7 Y Z + C_8 X$ + C₉Y² + C₁₀Z² + C₁₁XYZ + C₁₂X³ + C₁₃XY² + C₁₄XZ² + C₁₅X²Y + C₁₆Y³ + C₁₇YZ² + C₁₈X²Z + C₁₉Y²Z + C₂₀Z³

3.6.3.3 Accuracy data. DPPDB accuracy data include both absolute and relative (point-to-point) accuracy. Absolute accuracy expresses the uncertainty of a point with respect to a specified datum, in this case WGS-84. Absolute accuracy is expressed in terms of Circular Error (CE) and Linear Error (LE) at the 90 percent probability level. Absolute accuracy information includes the absolute accuracy for each stereo image pair and an absolute accuracy for the entire DPPDB. Relative (point-to-point) accuracy expresses the uncertainty between two points. Relative accuracy is expressed in terms of CEP and LEP at the 50 percent probability level. Relative accuracy is provided as a function of distance. Relative accuracy information includes relative accuracies at various distances within each Segment model and relative accuracies at various distances for the entire DPPDB. The DPPDB relative accuracies can be utilized as segment to segment relative accuracies. Under certain circumstances, a relative accuracy value may be recorded as zero on the product. This may occur in the very small or very large distance bins and it indicates that there was not enough data points to calculate the relative accuracy (not that the error is zero). The mensuration error is a function of the DPPDB pixel ground sample distance, the user's soft copy workstation mensuration capabilities, and the number of times a target is measured. The datum transformation error is a function of the

specific horizontal and vertical datums. In all cases, the absolute and relative accuracies DO NOT include point identification error, point transfer error and datum transformation error.

The relative point-to-point accuracy for two points separated by d nautical miles is computed using:

 $CEP = (CEP - SD_d^2 + CEP - ME_1^2 + CEP - ME_2^2)^{1/2}$

LEP = $(LEP-SD_d^2 + LEP-ME_1^2 + LEP-ME_2^2)^{1/2}$

where:

$CE-SD_d$	= Segment Support Data CEP for distance d.
$CEP-ME_1$	= Mensuration CEP (50%) for the first point.
$CEP-ME_2$	= Mensuration CEP (50%) for the second point.
$LE-SD_d$	= Segment Support Data LEP for distance d.
$LEP-ME_1$	= Mensuration LEP (50%) for the first point.
$LEP-ME_2$	= Mensuration LEP (50%) for the second point.

The covariance data, $\text{CE}-\text{SD}_d$ and $\text{LE}-\text{SD}_d$ and the measurement error values used to compute $\text{CEP}-\text{ME}_1,$ $\text{CEP}-\text{ME}_2,$ $\text{LEP}-\text{ME}_1$ and $\text{LEP}-\text{ME}_2$ used for the above computation are defined in Table 38, Segment to Segment Relative Accuracy Data Definition (page 77)

Both the absolute and relative accuracy computations use measurement errors that must be computed using the Segment Mensuration error (1 pixel) from the appropriate segment records (Table 38). If the users actual measurement error is not 1 pixel, the table values must be scaled. Since the table values are given at the 90% probability level, they should also be converted to the 50% probability level when used to compute point to point error estimates.

CEP (50%) = CE (90%) * 0.5486

LEP (50%) = LE (90%) * 0.4101

The absolute accuracy of a target is computed as:

 $CE(WGS-84) = \sqrt{CE_SD^2 + CE_ME^2}$ $CE(Local Datum) = \sqrt{CE_SD^2 + CE_ME^2 + CE_HD^2}$ $LE(WGS-84) = \sqrt{LE_SD^2 + LE_ME^2}$ $LE(Local Datum) = \sqrt{LE_SD^2 + LE_ME^2 + LE_VD^2}$

where:

CE_SD	=	Segment Support Data CE (90%)
CE_ME	=	Mensuration CE (90%)
CE_HD	=	Horizontal Datum Transformation CE (90%)
LE_SD	=	Segment Support Data LE (90%)
LE_ME	=	Mensuration LE (90%)
LE_VD	=	Vertical Datum Transformation LE (90%)

The absolute and relative accuracy data shall be stored in the master product file header (see paragraph 3.6.1).

3.6.3.4 <u>Accuracy evaluation</u>. In addition to the segment absolute and relative accuracies, each DPPDB shall have an absolute and relative accuracy evaluation determined for it (see TABLES 2 and 3). These evaluations shall be included in a textual format in the DPPDB master product text subheader (see 3.7.3). The purpose of the accuracy evaluation is to provide a summary of the DPPDB accuracy without the need for the user to review the individual segment accuracies. The evaluation process shall, as a minimum, include the error sources identified in TABLES 2 and 3.

ABSOLUTE ACCURACY	(CE/LE, 90%)	
SOURCE	HORIZONTAL	VERTICAL
	CE 90%	LE 90%
	WGS-84 (2)	WGS-84 (2)
Support Data (1)	xxx.xx m	xxx.xx m
	xxx.xx ft	xxx.xx ft
Mensuration of	xxx.xx m	xxx.xx m
1 pixel (1)	xxx.xx ft	xxx.xx ft
ABSOLUTE	xxx.xx m	xxx.xx m
EVALUATION		
	xxx.xx ft	xxx.xx ft

TABLE 2. DPPDB absolute accuracy evaluation.

NOTES:

(1) The support data error source includes triangulation, control, and rational function error sources.

(2) See classified annex for "xxx.xx" values.

(3) These values may vary per individual DPPDB.

(4) Summary data should not be used for metric evaluations.

(5) Individual segment accuracies should be used for metric evaluation.

(6) Mensuration Scale factor = meters/pixel or feet/pixel.

TABLE 3.	DPPDB	relative	accuracy	evaluation.
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RELATIVE (POINT-TO-POINT) ACCURACY (CEP/LEP, 50%): (1)						
0 - 1	0 - 1 NM 1 - 5 NM 5 - 15 NM					
CEP	LEP	CEP	LEP	CEP	LEP	
xxx.x	xxx.x	xxx.x	xxx.x	xxx.x	xxx.x	
x m	x m	x m	x m	x m	x m	
xxx.x	xxx.x	xxx.x	xxx.x	xxx.x	xxx.x	
x ft	x ft	x ft	x ft	x ft	x ft	

15 -	30 NM	> 30 NM	
CEP	LEP	CEP	LEP
xxx.x	xxx.x	xxx.x	xxx.x
x m	x m	x m	x m
xxx.x	xxx.x	xxx.x	xxx.x
x ft	x ft	x ft	x ft

NOTES:

(1) See classified annex for "xxx.xx" values.

(2) Summary data should not be used for metric evaluation.

(3) Individual segment accuracies should be used for metric evaluation.

3.6.3.5 <u>Accuracy evaluation exceptions</u>. The DPPDB accuracy evaluation shall also indicate those segments not meeting the absolute and/or relative accuracy requirements of the supported weapon systems. This product limitation shall be placed in the master product file header (see 3.7.1) and the product accuracy limitations text file (see 3.7.4).

3.6.3.6 <u>Segment to segment shear data</u>. Shear data consists of points that are previously measured ground features that are contained within the overlap area between two or more adjacent stereo segments. The ground coordinates for the feature will be slightly different for each stereo segment. The ground coordinate differences are referred to as the shear. The shear data shall be stored in the DPPDB master product data extension segment (see 3.7.4). Shear values are listed in the classified annex.

3.6.3.7 <u>Diagnostic points</u>. Diagnostic points are previously measured ground features. Nominally, one diagnostic point will be provided for each stereo segment. Each diagnostic point includes the ground coordinates and image coordinates. Diagnostic points are provided as stereo segment checkpoints. At the beginning of a stereo mensuration task, the diagnostic point can be measured and compared to the supplied ground coordinates to ensure that the user's exploitation system is operating properly. The diagnostic points shall be stored in a master product file data extension segment (see 3.7.4).

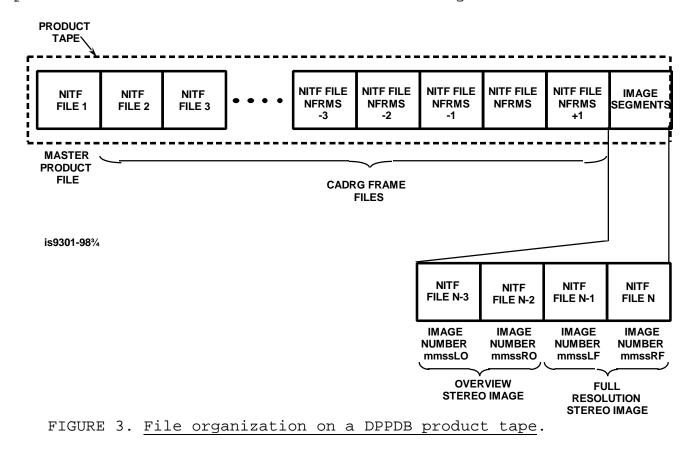
Reference graphic. The assignment area reference 3.6.4 graphic is extracted from the appropriate/available source for the rectangle coverage and includes additional coverage outside the rectangle boundaries for orientation. The rectangle vectors are provided as a CGM symbol file in TABLE 13 which can be overlaid over the reference graphic and as a ASCII text file in TABLE 20. The nominal source is a CADRG CD-ROM produced by NIMA consisting of either a JOG (1:250,000), TPC (1:500,000), or ONC (1:1,000,000). The reference graphic is stored on the DPPDB product immediately following the master product file. The reference graphic is extracted from the CADRG media and recorded to the DPPDB media exactly as it is retrieved, without further processing (see 3.8). In other words it is placed on the DPPDB exactly as it is retrieved from the CADRG media. The reference graphic is in NITF 2.0 format as specified in MIL-STD-2411-2 which encapsulates the CADRG frame parameters specified in MIL-PRF-89038. CADRG is for reference purposes only and may not be the most current edition of the chart.

DO NOT USE THE REFERENCE GRAPHIC FOR DERIVING POINT COORDINATES. The horizontal error associated with the reference graphic ranges from .04 to .08 inches at the map scale. This converts to the following absolute horizontal errors (CE 90%):

JOG	830	ft
TPC	3280	ft
ONC	6561	ft

The absolute vertical accuracy (90%) associated with the reference graphic is within one basic contour interval for the JOG and TPC, and two basic contour intervals for the ONC.

3.6.5 Data Organization. The DPPDB product files are arranged sequentially on the DPPDB product tape as depicted in The first file contains a directory of the image files Figure 4. on the product tape and information that applies to the overall DPPDB product. The second through NFRMS (NFRMS+1 equals total number of CADRG Frames in the reference graphic) contain the reference graphic and each file contains a single CADRG frame. The remainder of the files, files NFRMS+2 to n, are segment image files and contains a single segment image. A segment image shall be either an overview segment image or a full resolution segment An overview segment image is a 1/8x or 1/4x minification of image. the full resolution segment image. Each full resolution and 1/8x overview segment image file also contain the support data and rational function coefficients for that particular image segment. A 1/4x overview segment occurs when the R1 RRDS meets the GSD requirement. After the master product file and CADRG frame files, the segment image files are grouped in fours and each group comprises both an overview and full resolution segment model.



The group of four images can be used to display a stereo overview of the segment model and/or a stereo view of the full resolution segment model. Each group of four files are positioned

sequentially on the tape using a left-to-right, top-to-bottom ordering of the segments within the rectangle in the order the segments are processed. A single DPPDB may span multiple distribution media; see 3.6.1. On multiple volume DPPDBs, the master product file is also provided on each volume. The first NFRM+1 files (master product file and the CADRG frame files), are on each all distribution media. Each cassette case, cassette and master product directory definition contain a media volume sequence identification number, e.g.. Vol.: 1 of 2. When a DPPDB is on multiple media, the overview/full resolution image group is never split between distribution media. The master product directory, located in the master product file, contains the location for all the medium and geographic coordinates for each segment image.

Note: The NITF files are loaded onto the distribution medium at fixed 32Kbytes boundaries. This means the data is padded so each NITF file fills exactly a multiple of 32Kbytes. A direct data dump will result in the operating system directory function reporting lengths different than recorded in the file length field of the NITF file.

File specifications. The specifications of the fields 3.6.6 in the NITF files headers and subheaders are provided herein as a The initial table in the series includes series of two tables. a mnemonic identifier for each field, the field's name, the field size, the range of allowed values, and an indication of its "type" (see 3.6.8). The second table in the series contains a description of the valid contents of each field and any constraints on the field's use. The data values used in the NITF file headers and subheaders, as specified in the tables, including numbers, shall be represented using the printable NITF ASCII character set with eight bits (one byte) per character. All field size specifications given for the header and subheader fields specify a number of bytes. Fields that may contain any printable NITF ASCII characters (including punctuation marks) are indicated as "alphanumeric" in the "value range" column of the specification. The reader is warned that this is a nonstandard use of the term alphanumeric. The allowable range of values for numeric fields typically is indicated in the form N-M, where N and M are the minimum and maximum values, respectively.

3.6.7 <u>Field structure and default values</u>. The DPPDB specification uses character counts to delimit header fields, as opposed to special end-of-field characters or codes or indirect addressing. These counts are provided in the tables detailing the header and subheader field specifications. All data in fields specified "alphanumeric" shall be left-justified and padded to the right boundary with spaces (NITF ASCII 32, decimal). All data in numeric fields shall be right-justified and padded to the left boundary with leading zeroes. The standard default value is zero for numeric fields and spaces for

alphanumeric fields. A default field designated "blank" or "blanks" means the same as "spaces". For a few fields, a different default may be indicated in the field description. In this case, the field description shall take precedence. All header and subheader fields contained in a DPPDB product file shall contain either valid data (i.e., data in accordance with the restrictions specified for the contents of the field in this document) or the specified default value.

Field types. The DPPDB product file headers and 3.6.8 subheaders have three types of fields: Required (R), Optional (O), and Conditional (C). A Required field shall be present and shall contain valid data or the default value as specified in the tables in Section 7. An Optional field shall be present but may contain either valid data or the default value as specified in the NITF file. A Conditional field may or may not be present depending on the value of one or more preceding (required) fields. If a conditional field is present, it shall contain valid data. When a field is conditional, its definition in this document and/or description identifies what conditions and which preceding field or fields are used to determine whether or not to include it in the file. For example, in the DPPDB master product file header, if the Number of Images (NUMI) field contains the value of 2, the fields LISH001, LI001, LISH002, LI002 will be present and must be filled with valid data. However, if the NUMI field contains a zero, the LISH001, LI001, LISH002, LI002 fields are omitted. TABLES 5 and 6 describe the master product file header.

3.6.9 <u>User-defined field specifications</u>. Some of the userdefined data fields have a SIZE definition which includes a FORMAT definition. A FORMAT definition contains not only the size of the field, but also the formatting used for the data. The designators used are either an "A", "E", "F", or "I" to indicate alphanumeric, exponential, fixed, or integer, respectively. The second character shall be an integer (size indicator) specifying the number of bytes in the field. For an "E" or "F" data type there shall be a decimal character after the size indicator, followed by an integer specifying the number of digits to the right of the decimal.

3.7 <u>Master product file</u>. The first file on every tape contains the NITF master product file that includes the product tape directory for the segment image files, a reference graphic directory to reference graphic CADRG frames, accuracy data, and product support data. FIGURE 4 shows the file structure for the master product file. A detailed description of each of the NITF components of the master product file (file header, symbol data, text data and data extension segment data) is given in the following subparagraphs.

NITF FI HEADE		IMAGES	SYMBOLS	LABELS	ТЕХТ	DATA RESERVED EXTENSION SEGMENTS SEGMENTS
XHD MASTER PRODUCT DIRECTO PRODUCT ACCURA (ABSOLU PRODUCT ACCURA (RELATIV REFEREN GRAPHIC DIRECTO	CY CY ITE) CY /E) CE C	(EMPTY)	DPPDB FOOTPRINT DPPDB STOC NUMBER CLASSIFICAT (TOP) CLASSIFICAT (BOTTOM) HANDLING INSTRUCTIC DOWNGRADI INSTRUCTIC	:K Ton Ton DNS NG DNS	TEXTUAL PRODUCT DA' DPPDB FOOTPRINT VECTORS SEGMENT ID AND SEGM VECTORS PRODUCT ACCURACY LIMITATION PRODUCT ADVERSE AREAS PRODUCT VC AREAS PRODUCT	SEGMENT DATA STEREO IMAGE ENT SEGMENT SHEAR POINT DATA IS STEREO IMAGE SEGMENT DIAGNOSTIC POINT
NOTE: THE SEGMENT TO SEGMENT RELATIVE ACCURACY DATA UNDER THE DATA EXTENSION SEGMENTS IS REPEATED EACH SEGMENT MODEL ON THE PRODUCT. NOTE: THE STEREO IMAGE SEGMENT SHEAR POINT DATA UNDER THE DATA EXTENSION SEGMENTS IS REPEATED FOR EACH SEGMENT MODEL ON THE PRODUCT.				DATA CT. IEAR	ACCURACY EVALUATIO (ABS.) PRODUCT ACCURACY EVALUATIO (REL.) PRODUCT ACCURACY EVALUATIO (SHEAR) PRODUCT GENERAL T	RELATIVE N ACCURACY DATA PRODUCT ACCURACY N DATA (SHEAR) PRODUCT SUPPORT N DATA

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FIGURE 4. Master product file.

3.7.1 <u>Master product file header</u>. The file header in the master product file contains the Extended Header Data (XHDs) controlled tagged extensions for: (1) master directory of the overview and full resolution segment image files located on the DPPDB product tape; (2) absolute product accuracy data; (3) relative product accuracy data and; (4) the reference graphic directory to all CADRG frames. The components of the master product file header are depicted in FIGURE 5. The fields of the master product file header are detailed in TABLES 5 and 6. The fields of the Extended Header Data (XHDs) controlled tagged extensions are detailed in TABLES 7 through 12.

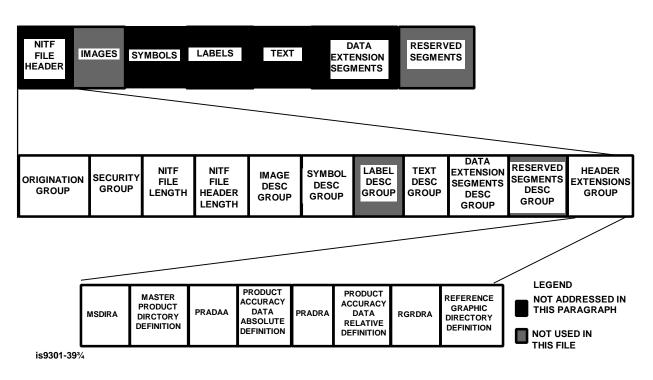
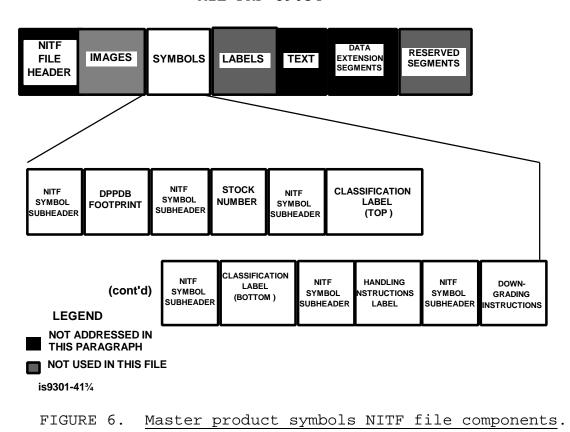


FIGURE 5. File header for the master product file.

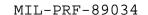
DPPDB master product symbols subheader. 3.7.2 The reference graphic has several overlays with which it is associated; i.e., a footprint (vector graphic) of the DPPDB product rectangle, the product stock number, the classification, the handling instructions, and the classification authority and The symbols are stored on the product downgrading instructions. as Computer Graphic Metafiles (CGM). The symbols are positioned for display using the Row Column coordinate system as described in MIL-STD-2500. The symbols are stored on the product as Computer Graphic Metafiles (CGM). The security label CGM symbols will initially display on the top and bottom of the first (upper left) 512x512 pixels. When the graphic is roamed, the symbols will scroll off the screen. An exploitation system should have the capability to display these labels on the top and bottom of the display device. FIGURE 6 depicts the file components for the The fields of the DPPDB master product symbols segment symbols. subheaders are given in TABLES 13 through 19.

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3.7.3 <u>DPPDB master product text subheader</u>. The text data field contains DPPDB product data and is depicted in FIGURE 7. This textual data consists of product footprint vectors, segment image IDs and their footprint vectors, product accuracy limitations text, product adverse areas including cloud cover areas, product void areas, and product text. TABLES 20 through 29 describe the text data fields.



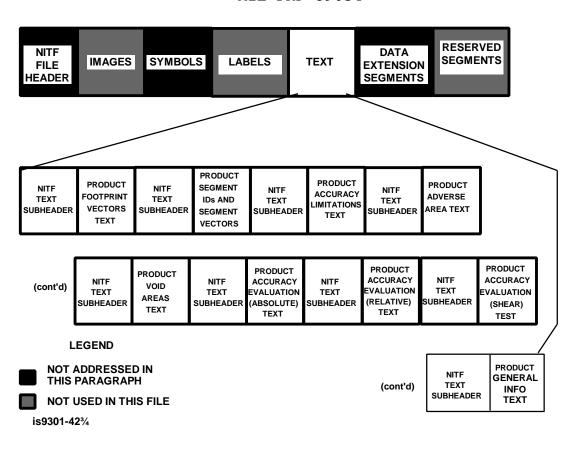
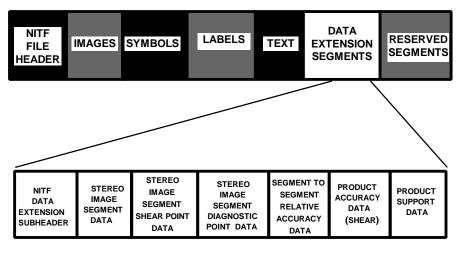


FIGURE 7. Master product text NITF file components.

DPPDB master product data extension segment 3.7.4 The data extension segment subheader contains six subheader. user-defined files and is depicted in FIGURE 8. The following are the user-defined files: Stereo image segment data, stereo image segment shear point data, stereo image segment diagnostic point data, segment to segment relative accuracy data, product accuracy data (shear), and product support data. TABLES 30 through 43 describe the data extension subheader fields. The stereo image segment shear point data is repeated for each segment model on the product. The segment to segment relative accuracy data is repeated for each segment model on the product. The product support data is a grid of geoid separation points covering the product rectangle. The interval between grid points is 15 minutes at the equator but varies at higher latitudes. TABLE 4 defines the geoid separation grid.

	1	C J	~~~~			definition
TABLE	4.	Geora	separation	points	grita	delinition

Latitude	Longitude	Lat	Number	Lon	Number of	Total	Min Lon	Max Lon
Band	(Product)	Inter	of Geoid	Inter	Geoid Pts	Number	Interval	Interval
	Width	val	Pts in	val	in Lon	Points		
			Lat					
(degrees)	(degrees)	(min)	(FIXED)	(min)	(FIXED)		(feet)	(feet)
0-40	1	15	9	15	9	81	91305	70041
40-50	1.25	15	9	15	10	90	70041	58806
50-60	1.5	15	9	15	11	99	58806	45768
60-65	2	15	9	15	13	117	45768	38694
65-70	2.25	15	9	30	9	81	77388	62642
70-75	2.75	15	9	30	10	90	62642	47412
75-80	3.75	15	9	30	12	108	47412	31814
80-82	5	15	9	45	11	99	47720	38248
82-84	б	15	9	45	13	117	38248	28728
84-86	8	15	9	60	13	117	38303	25562
86-88	12	15	9	90	13	117	38343	19184
88	undefined							



LEGEND NOT ADDRESSED IN THIS PARAGRAPH NOT USED IN THIS is9301-54¾ NOTE: THE STEREO IMAGE SEGMENT SHEAR POINT DATA AND THE SEGMENT TO SEGMENT RELATIVE ACCURACY DATA UNDER THE DATA EXTENSION SEGMENTS IS REPEATED FOR EACH SEGMENT MODEL ON THE PRODUCT.

FIGURE 8. DPPDB data extension segment file.

3.8 <u>CADRG reference graphic frame files</u>. The CADRG reference graphic frames occupy files from the second through NFRMS+1 files (where NFRMS equals the number of

CADRG frames composing the reference graphic). The CADRG frame files are extracted from the (appropriate) CADRG media and placed onto the DPPDB exactly as it is retrieved product tape without further processing. The frame files are explicitly specified in MIL-PRF-89038. Furthermore, each frame file is encapsulated as a NITF message as specified in MIL-STD-2411-2. CADRG frame files employ a very generalized structure to afford the user flexibility in determining the physical arrangement of CADRG data within the NITF message.

NOTE: Since the CADRG frame files are extracted from the (appropriate) CADRG media and recorded to the DPPDB product tape without further processing, this specification does not contain the structure to any of the CADRG frame files. The data structure and field definition for all fields are contained in MIL-STD-2500, MIL-STD-2411-2, and MIL-PRF-89038.

Image files. The NFRMS+2 and following files on each 3.9 volume of the product media contain either an overview segment image or a full resolution segment image and the associated data for the image. The associated data for the image consists of the segment image compressed blocks directory, support data, rational function coefficients, and the display symbols (labels). FTGURE 9 shows the file structure for each overview segment image and FIGURE 10 depicts the file structure for each full resolution sequent image. The DPPDB product NITF image files are in conformance with the NITF JPEG multiple block file structure, FIGURE 11. The image data structure consists of multiple blocks with one frame per block and one scan per frame. The DPPDB image data file makes use of both the APP_6 application data segment and optional APP7 directory segment, TABLES 44 and 45. The APP6 segment contains information which is needed by the user's interpreter but not supported by the ISO/CCITT JPEG format. The APP7 allows random access to compressed JPEG data at the restart interval level. For example, high speed decoding of JPEG compressed data can be achieved since multiple processors can operate independently on a different restart interval. If the APP7 segment is not used, the whole compressed data stream must be parsed looking for byte aligned marker codes, i.e. SOI, RSTm, EOI.

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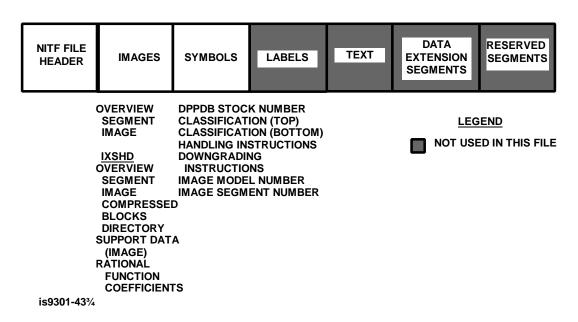
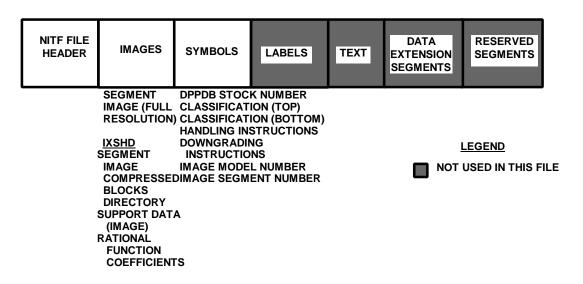


FIGURE 9. DPPDB overview segment image file.



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FIGURE 10. DPPDB full resolution image file.

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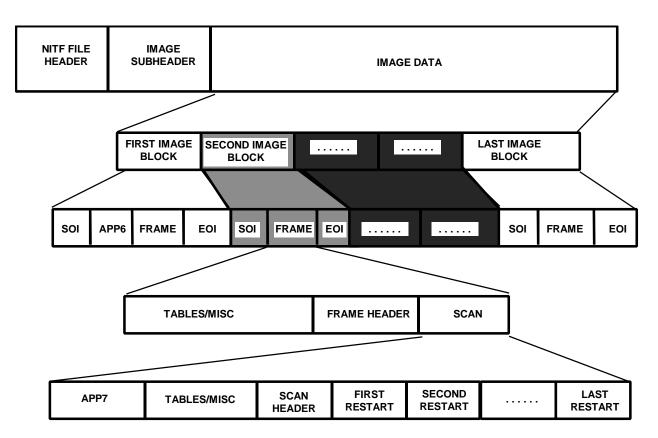


FIGURE 11. NITF Image data substructures.

3.9.1 Overview segment image file header. FIGURE 12 depicts the NITF file header for each overview segment image file. The fields of the overview segment image file header are detailed in TABLES 46 through 47.



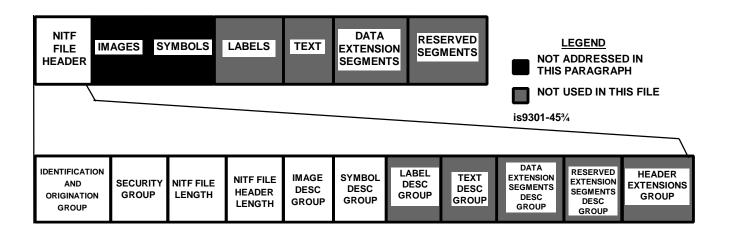


FIGURE 12. <u>NITF file header for each overview segment image</u> file.

Overview segment image subheader. 3.9.2 The image subheader components in the NITF image file consist of an NITF image subheader followed by the compressed overview segment image data. The image subheader contains the controlled tagged image extended data for the segment image support data, the rational function coefficients for the segment image, and the compressed block directory for the segment image. The overview segment image is compressed using the sequential, 8-bit, DCT-based JPEG The definition of the compression scheme is given in algorithm. MIL-STD-188-198. FIGURE 13 depicts the NITF image file The fields of the NITF image subheader and the image components. extended data for the overview segment image are detailed in TABLES 48 through 53.

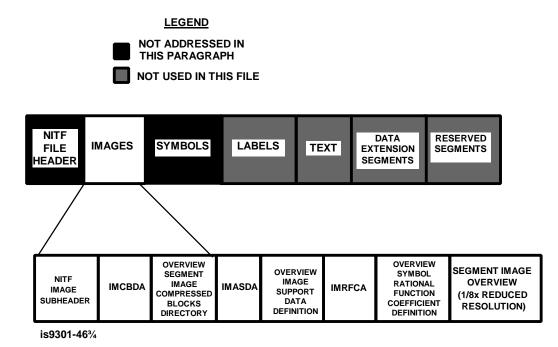


FIGURE 13. NITF Image file components.

Overview image symbols subheader. The NITF symbols 3.9.3 file component contains symbols (labels) to provide annotation for the overview image segment (see FIGURE 14). The symbols file component consists of a NITF symbols subheader for each of the following symbols: the product stock number, the classification to be displayed at the top and bottom of the image, the handling instructions for the image, the classification authority, the segment image model identifier, and the segment image identifier. The security label symbols will initially display on the top and bottom of the first (upper left) 512x512 pixels. When the imagery is roamed the symbols will scroll off the screen. An exploitation system should have the capability to display these labels on the top and bottom of the display device. The fields of these symbols subheaders are detailed in TABLES 54 through 61.

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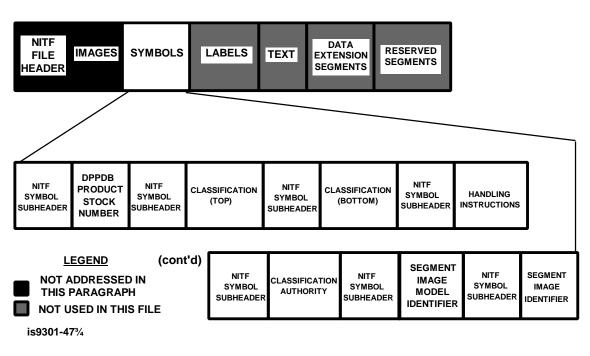


FIGURE 14. NITF symbols file components.

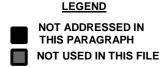
3.9.4 <u>Segment image file header</u>. FIGURE 15 depicts the NITF file header for each full resolution segment image file. The fields of the image file header are detailed in TABLES 62 through 63.

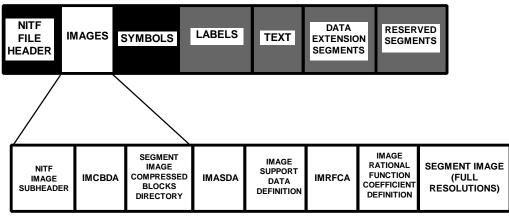
NITF FILE IM HEADER	AGES GR	APHICS	LABELS		DATA EXTENSION SEGMENTS				EGEND DDRESSED ARAGRAPH	l
								is9301-45¾	SED IN THIS	FILE
IDENTIFICATION AND ORIGINATION GROUP	SECURITY GROUP	NITF FILE LENGTH	NITF FILE HEADER LENGTH	IMAGE DESC GROUP	GRAPHIC DESC GROUP	DATA EXTENSION SEGMENTS DESC GROUP	TEXT DESC GROUP	DATA EXTENSION SEGMENTS DESC GROUP	RESERVED EXTENSION SEGMENTS DESC GROUP	HEADER EXTENSIONS GROUP

FIGURE 15. Full resolution image NITF file header components.

3.9.5 <u>Segment image subheader</u>. The image subheader components in the NITF image file consist of an NITF image subheader for the full resolution segment image followed by the compressed segment image data. The image subheader contains the controlled tagged image extended data for the segment image metadatasupport data, the rational function coefficients for the segment image, and the compressed block directory for the segment image. The segment image is compressed using the sequential, 8bit, DCT-based JPEG algorithm. MIL-STD-188-198 includes the definition of the compression scheme.

FIGURE 16 depicts the NITF image file components. The fields of the NITF image subheader and the image extended extensions for the full resolution segment image are detailed in TABLES 64 through 69.





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FIGURE 16. Full resolution image subheader NITF file components.

Segment image symbols subheader. The NITF symbols 3.9.6 file component contains symbols (labels) to provide annotation for the image (see FIGURE 17). The symbols file component consists of a NITF symbols subheader for each of the following symbols: the product stock number, the classification, the handling instructions for the image, the classification authority, the segment identifier, and the segment image identifier. The security label symbols will initially display on the top and bottom of the first (upper left) 512x512 pixels. When the imagery is roamed the symbols will scroll off the An exploitation system should have the capability to screen. display these labels on the top and bottom of the display device. The fields of these symbols subheaders are detailed in TABLES 70 through 77.

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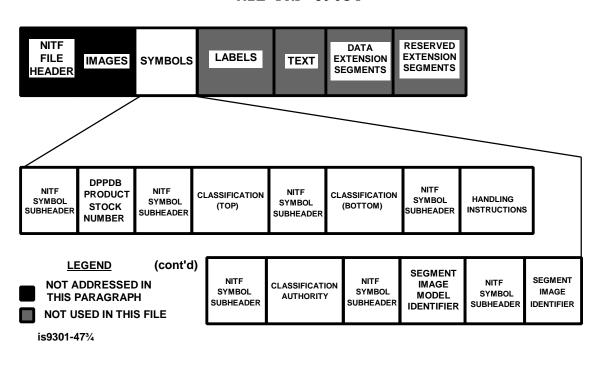


FIGURE 17. Full resolution symbols NITF file components.

General packaging. DPPDBs shall be distributed on both 3.10 8 mm Exabyte cassettes and Metrum 2150 cassettes. A single DPPDB product may span multiple 8 mm cassettes or 2150 cassettes. Α sequential volume number shall be provided to uniquely identify product media. DPPDB products shall be distributed in a cassette Each DPPDB cassette case shall be labeled to indicate case. approximate geographic and country covered, product datum, product creation and source material dates, security caveats and releasability instructions, handling requirements, NIMA stock number, edition number and volume number. The cassette label is limited to a subset of information found on the cassette case because of size considerations. The cassette label contains product classification, releasability and handling instructions, product stock number, volume number and creation date.

3.10.1 <u>Media labeling</u>. DPPDB 8mm and 2150 cassettes and cassette cases will contain labels as presented in Figure 18 through Figure 20.

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The following are UNCLASSIFIED Samples only.

NIMA name, seal & initials protected by 10 U.S.C. §445 (U) Digital Point Positioning Data Base 2.3012 (U) Digital Point Positioning Data Base (U) Produced: YY/MM/DD 2.3012 (U) Datum: WGS84 (U) Source Dates: YY/MM/DD to YY/MM/DD 2.3012 *7644014098765* *001* (U) NSN: 7644014098765 (U) ED. NO. 001 (U) NIMA REF. NO. DPPDB97-011111 V	NATIONAL IMAGERY & N	Y	
(U) NSN: 7644014098765 (U) ED. NO. 001	(U) Digital Point Positioning (S) Country: XANADO (U) Produce (U) Datum: WGS84	g Data Base	2.301
	7644014098765	*001*	
	(U) NSN: 7644014098765 (U) NIMA REF. NO. DPPDB97-011111	(U) ED. NO. 001	↓

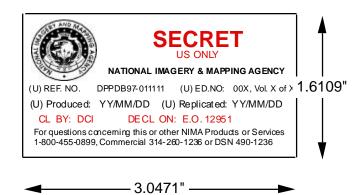
Tape Case Top Label for DPPDB FIGURE18. Label on face of cassette case.

- 3.8089" -

	(S) Approximate G eographic Coverage: XX°XX'N to XX°XX'N XXX°XX'E to XXX°XX'E (U)NIMA R EF. NO. DPPDB97-011111 ,(U) ED. NO.	SECRET US ONLY 00X, Vol. X of X	_
-	◀		

Tape Case Side Label for DPPDB

FIGURE19. Label on end of cassette case.



Tape Label for DPPDB

FIGURE 20. Label on face of cassette tape.

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3.10.2 <u>Shipping</u>. DPPDB may be shipped by U.S. Postal Service registered mail or U.S. Postal Service overnight express. There is no classified courier system requirement.

4. VERIFICATION

4.1 <u>Classification of inspection</u>. The inspection requirements specified herein are classified as follows:

a. First article inspection (see 4.2).

b. Conformance inspection (see 4.3).

4.2 First article inspection. When a first article inspection is required (see 3.1 and 6.2), it shall be examined for defects specified in 4.3.1 and tested for NITFS compliance as specified in 4.3.2.

4.3 Conformance inspection.

4.3.1 Automated validation software testing. Digital PPDBs shall be inspected for conformance to specifications in accordance with NIMA internal quality control procedures, including the use of automated validation testing software.

4.3.2 <u>NITFS compliance testing</u>. The DPPDB is certified to be NITFS 2.0 compliant. The compliance testing is in accordance with DISA/JIEO Circular 9008, NITFS Certification Test and Program Plan. Certification is provided by the Joint Interoperability Test Command (JITC). Systems that make use of DPPDB products should also establish NITFS compliance certification.

4.4. <u>Configuration Control</u>. The DPPDB is under configuration control as mandated by ASD/C³I memorandum, Executive Agent for DoD Information Standards, 3 September 1991.

5. PACKAGING

5.1 <u>General</u>. For acquisition purposes, the packaging requirements shall be as specified in the contract or order (see 6.2). When actual packaging of material is to be performed by DoD personnel, these personnel need to contact the responsible packaging activity to ascertain requisite packaging requirements. Packaging requirements are maintained by the Inventory Control Point's packaging activity within the Military Department or Defense Agency, or within the Military Department's Systems Command. Packaging data retrieval is available from the managing Military Department's or Defense Agency's automated packaging files, CD-ROM products, or by contracting the responsible packaging activity.

6. NOTES

(This section contains general or explanatory information that may be helpful, but is not mandatory.)

6.1 <u>Intended use</u>. This specification is intended to provide guidelines for the preparation and use of DPPDBs to support various weapons and mission support systems. DPPDBs are military unique because they are used for precision targeting and are a classified product.

The recommended environmental conditions for operation and storage of the DPPDB is 5-45 degrees C and 20%-80% RH. High temperature combined with high humidity may cause a deterioration in the strength of the recorded signal (magnetic remanence) over time.

6.2 <u>Acquisition requirements</u>. Acquisition documents must specify the following:

a. Title, number, and date of this specification.

b. Issue of DODISS to be cited in the solicitation, and if required, the specific issue of individual documents referenced (see 2.1.1 and 2.2).

c. When a first article is required (see 3.1, 4.2, and 6.3).

d. Method of packaging (see 5.1).

6.3 First article. When a first article is required, it will be inspected and approved under appropriate provisions of FAR 52.209. The contracting officer will specify the appropriate type of first article and the number of units to be furnished. The contracting officer will also include specific instructions in acquisition documents regarding arrangements for selection, inspection, and approval of the first article.

6.4 Definitions.

6.4.1 Acronyms.

ASCII	American Standard Code for Information Interchange
ANSI	American National Standards Institute
CADRG	Compressed ARC Digitized Raster Graphics
CD-ROM	Compact Disk - Read Only Memory
CE	Circular Error
CGM	Computer Graphics Metafile
DCT	Discrete Cosine Transform
DES	Data Extension Segments
DISA	Defense Information Systems Agency
DMA	Defense Mapping Agency
DOD	Department of Defense

DODISS	Department of Defense Index of Specifications and Standards
FIPS	Federal Information Processing Standardization
FIPSPUB	FIPS Publication
ISO	International Organization for Standardization
JIEO	Joint Interoperability and Engineering Organization
JOG	Joint Operations Graphic (1:250,000 scale)
JPEG	Joint Photographic Experts Group
LE	Linear Error
LUTS	Lookup Tables
MIL-HDBK	Military Handbook
MIL-PRF	Military Performance Standard (Specification)
MIL-STD	Military Standard
NIMA	National Imagery and Mapping Agency
NITF	National Imagery Transmission Format
NITFS	NITF Standard
NM	Nautical Miles
NTB	NITF Technical Board
ONC	Operational Navigation Chart (1:1,000,000 scale)
RGB	Red-Green-Blue
RPF	Raster Product Format
TPC	Tactical Pilotage Chart (1:500,000 scale)
WGS	World Geodetic System

6.4.2. <u>Absolute Accuracy</u>. The evaluation of all errors encountered in defining the position of a single feature or point on a geodetic system or point. It is the expression of the uncertainty of a point with respect to a datum (e.g., WGS-84, MSL), expressed in CE/LE at 90% probability.

6.4.3 <u>Adverse Areas</u>. Areas within the DPPDB product rectangle not covered by adequate stereo imagery (e.g., cloud covered areas).

6.4.4 <u>Black pixel</u>. A black pixel is a pixel with zero value.

6.4.5 <u>Circular Error (CE)</u>. An accuracy value representing the stated percentage of probability that any point expressed as a function of two linear components (i.e., horizontal position) will be within a given figure.

6.4.6 <u>Compression</u>. For the purposes of the NITFS, reduction in the number of bits used to represent source image data.

6.4.7 <u>Datum (horizontal)</u>. A geodetic datum is uniquely defined by five quantities. Latitude (ϕ) , longitude (λ) , and geoid height (N) are defined at the datum origin. The adoption of specific values for the geodetic latitude and longitude implies specific deflections of the vertical at the origin. A geodetic azimuth is often cited as a datum parameter, but the azimuth and longitude are precisely related by the Laplace condition. Thus, no need exists to define both. The other two quantities define the reference ellipsoid: the semi-major axis and flattening or the semi-major axis and semi-minor axis. Datum (horizontal) is also called horizontal geodetic datum.

6.4.8 <u>Datum (vertical)</u>. Datum (vertical) is a level surface to which elevations are referred. The elevations usually include mean sea level, but may also include mean low water, mean lower low water, or an arbitrary starting elevation(s).

6.4.9 <u>Diagnostic Points</u>. Previously measured ground features for each stereo segment, including the ground coordinates and image coordinates, to allow comparison at the beginning of a stereo mensuration task.

6.4.10 <u>Distance Bins</u>. Distance ranges for which relative accuracy values are provided on the DPPDB. Relative accuracy generally decreases as a function of distance between two points. For a DPPDB, relative accuracy is computed for five different bins. The distance units are nautical miles (NM), and the distance ranges are 0 to 1 NM, 1 to 5 NM, 5 to 15 NM, 15 to 30 NM, and > 30 NM.

6.4.11 <u>DPPDB model</u>. This term is another name for a segment model. A DPPDB model is comprised of the two conjugate segment images derived from the segmentation of the source image model. The images comprising a DPPDB model are stored sequentially in separate files on the DPPDB tape.

6.4.12 <u>Ellipsoid</u>. An ellipsoid is a surface whose plane sections (cross sections) are all ellipses or circles, or the solid enclosed by such a surface. It is used as a mathematical reference surface (datum) that best correlates to the actual shape of the earth to permit a common accurate reference of geographic position coordinates and elevations.

6.4.13 <u>Geoid</u>. The equipotential surface in the gravity field of the earth which coincides with the undisturbed mean sea level extended continuously through the continents. The direction of gravity is perpendicular to the geoid at every point.

6.4.14 <u>Geoid Separation</u>. The distance of the geoid above (positive) or below (negative) the mathematical referenced ellipsoid. Also called geoid height.

6.4.15 <u>Image Segment (also Segment Image)</u>. A single digital image in a DPPDB model (can be the left or the right image of the stereo model).

6.4.16 Linear Error (LE). An accuracy value representing the stated percentage of probability that any point expressed as a function of one linear component (i.e., elevation) will be within the given figure.

6.4.17 <u>Map</u>. A map is a graphic representation, usually on a plane surface and at an established scale, of natural and artificial features on the surface of a part or the whole of the Earth or other planetary body. The features are positioned relative to a coordinate reference system.

6.4.18 <u>NITF ASCII</u>. A special format defined by the NITF Technical Board (NTB) to provide a common format for all NITF implementations. The format is composed of the following ASCII characters (all numbers are decimal): Line Feed (10), Form Feed (12), Carriage Return (13), and space (32) through tilde (126). This set includes all the alphanumeric characters, as well as all commonly used punctuation characters. All lines within an NITF ASCII file will be separated by carriage return/line feed pairs. NITF ASCII has no standard line length. A complete description of this format is given in MIL-STD-2500.

6.4.19 <u>Overview image</u>. A reduced magnification image of a full resolution image.

6.4.20 Pixel. A pixel is a picture element.

6.4.21 <u>Rectangle</u>. This term refers to the bounding rectangle in geographic coordinates defining a nominal 1° by 1° area of the surface of the earth. A rectangle is 60 x 60 NM which is larger than 1° by 1° everywhere except at the equator. Also called a product rectangle.

6.4.22 <u>Reference graphic</u>. A reference graphic is a rasterized map of the assignment area rectangle with additional map area around the rectangle at a nominal scale of 1:250,000, 1:500,000 or 1:1,000,000. The reference graphic is extracted from a CADRG CD-ROM produced by NIMA.

6.4.23 <u>Relative Accuracy (Point-To-Point)</u>. An evaluation of the random errors in determining the positional orientation of one point or feature with respect to another. Relative accuracy expresses the uncertainty of the measurement of distance between two points after all known errors common to both have been removed. Relative point-to-point accuracy is expressed in terms of circular error probable (CEP) (50%), and linear error probable

(LEP) (50%), and is always a function of distance. Note that relative accuracy is expressed at a probability of 50% while absolute accuracy is expressed at the 90% probability level.

6.4.24 <u>Segment model</u>. This term refers to a stereo subset of a stereo model. A stereo model is nominally portioned (segmented) into a number of segment models.

6.4.25 <u>Shear</u>. The difference in the absolute location of a conjugate point as determined from each of two overlapping DPPDB models. Shear is expressed in terms of latitude, longitude and height.

6.4.26 <u>Shear Points</u>. Previously measured ground features that are contained in the overlap area between two or more adjacent DPPDB models.

6.4.27 <u>Stereo model</u>. This term refers to a digital stereo image of a portion of a rectangle. There are a number of stereo models in a rectangle.

6.4.28 <u>Stereo Pair</u>. The left and right conjugate images which comprise a stereo image model.

6.4.29 <u>Void Areas</u>. An area in the DPPDB product rectangle not covered by DPPDB imagery. Void areas are covered completely by water (i.e., ocean, large lakes).

6.5 Subject term (key word) listing.

Compressed Arc Digitized Raster Graphics Controlled Imagery Coordinates Digital Positioning Imagery Mensurated Coordinates Navigation point NITFS Point Positioning Precise Positioning Stereo Imagery Target Materials WGS 84

6.6 <u>International standardization agreements</u>. This section is not applicable to this standard.

6.7 <u>NIMA Customer Help Desk</u>. For questions concerning this or other NIMA products, services, or specifications, please telephone the NIMA Customer Help Desk at 1-800-455-0899, Commercial 314-260-1236, or DSN 490-1236.

6.8 <u>Y2K Century logic</u>. This product contains date fields in which a year is represented by the last two digits of the

year. NIMA does not plan to update these fields to four digits. Century logic will be required to properly interpret these dates. FYI - The first dataset for DPPDB was produced in May 1995.

TABLE 5. Master product file header.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
FHDR	File Type & Version	9	NITF02.00	R
CLEVEL	Compliance Level	2	05	R
STYPE	System Type	4	Reserved (spaces)	0
OSTAID	Originating Station ID	10	NIMA	R
FDT	File Date & Time	14	DDHHMMSSZMONYY	R
FTITLE	File Title	80	D12345678, Master Product File	0
FSCLAS	File Security Classification	1	U, C or S	R
FSCODE	File Code Words	40	Spaces	0
FSCTLH	File Control and Handling	40	Alphanumeric	0
FSREL	File Releasing Instructions	40	Alphanumeric	0
FSCAUT	File Classification Authority	20	Alphanumeric	0
FSCTLN	File Security Control Number	20	Alphanumeric	0
FSDWNG	File Security Downgrade	6	999999 or spaces	0
FSCOP	Message Copy Number	5	00000	0
FSCPYS	Message Number of Copies	5	00000	0
ENCRYP	Encryption	1	0	R
ONAME	Originator's Name	27	NIMA	0
OPHONE	Originator's Phone Number	18	Spaces	0
FL	File Length	12	388-99999999999999	R
HL	NITF File Header Length	6	388-276380	R
NUMI	Number of Images	3	000	R

TABLE 5. <u>Master product file header</u> - Continued.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
NUMS	Number of Symbols	3	006	R
LSSH001	Length of DPPDB	4	0-7000	C
	Footprint Symbol			
	Subheader			
LS001	Length of DPPDB	6	0-999999	C
	Footprint Symbol			
LSSH002	Length of DPPDB Stock	4	0-7000	C
	Number Subheader			
LS002	Length of DPPDB Stock	6	0-999999	C
	Number Symbol			
LSSH003	Length of	4	0-7000	C
	Classification Symbol			
	(top of display)			
	Subheader			
LS003	Length of	6	0-999999	C
	Classification (top of			
	display) Symbol			
LSSH004	Length of	4	0-7000	C
	Classification Symbol			
	(bottom of display)			
	Subheader			
LS004	Length of	6	0-999999	C
	Classification (bottom			
	of display) Symbol			
LSSH005	Length of Handling	4	0-7000	C
	Instructions Symbol			
	Subheader			
LS005	Length of Handling	6	0-999999	C
	Instructions Symbol			
LSSH006	Length of	4	0-7000	C
	Classification			
	Authority and			
	Downgrading			
	Instructions Symbol			
	Subheader			
LS006	Length of	6	0-999999	C
	Classification			
	Authority and			
	Downgrading			
	Instructions Symbol			
NUML	Number of Labels	3	000	R
NUMT	Number of Text Files	3	009	R
LTSH001	Length of the DPPDB	4	0-2000	C
	Footprint Vectors Text			
	Subheader			

TABLE 5. Master product file header - Continued.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
LT001	Length of Text File	5	0-99999	С
LTSH002	Length of the Segment IDs and the Associated Footprint Vectors Text Subheader	4	0-2000	C
LT002	Length of Text File	5	0-99999	С
LTSH003	Length of the Product Accuracy Limitations Text Subheader	4	0-2000	C
LT003	Length of Text File	5	0-99999	С
LTSH004	Length of the Product Adverse Areas Text Subheader	4		C
LT004	Length of Text File	5	0-99999	C
LTSH005	Length of the Product Void Areas Text Subheader	4	0-2000	С
LT005	Length of Text File	5	0-99999	С
LTSH006	Length of the Product Accuracy Evaluation (absolute) Text Subheader	4	0-2000	C
LT006	Length of Text File	5	0-99999	C
LTSH007	Length of the Product Accuracy Evaluation (relative) Text Subheader	4	0-2000	C
LT007	Length of Text File	5	0-99999	С
LTSH008	Length of Product Accuracy Evaluation (shear) Text Subheader	4	0-2000	С
LT08	Length of Text File	5	0-99999	C
LTSH009	Length of General Product Info Text Subheader	4	0-2000	С
LT09	Length of Text File	5	0-99999	С
NUMDES	Number of Data Extension Segments	3		R
LDSH001	Length of Data Extension Segment Subheader	4	0-9999	C
LD001	Length of Data Extension Segment Data Field	9	0-999999999	С

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
NUMRES	Number of Reserved Extension Segments	3	000	R
UDHDL	User-defined Header Data Length	5	00000	R
XHDL	Extended Header Data Length	5	00000-99999	R
XHDOFL	Extended Header Data Overflow Status	3	001	R
CETAG	Unique Extension Type Identifier	6	MSDIRA	R
CEL	Length of CEDATA Field	5	1-99999	R
CEDATA	User-defined Data	*	Master product directory	R
CETAG	Unique Extension Type Identifier	6	PRADAA	R
CEL	Length of CEDATA Field	5	1-99999	R
CEDATA	User-defined Data	*	Product Accuracy Data (Absolute)	R
CETAG	Unique Extension Type Identifier	6	PRADRA	R
CEL	Length of CEDATA Field	5	1-99999	R
CEDATA	User-defined Data	*	Product Accuracy Data (Relative)	R
CETAG	Unique Extension Type Identifier	6	RGRDRA	R
CEL	Length of CEDATA Field	5	1-99999	R
CEDATA	User-defined Data	*	Reference Graphic Directory	R

TABLE 5. <u>Master product file header</u> - Continued.

* As indicated in CEL field.

TABLE 6. Master product file header field definition.

FIELD	DEFINITION
FHDR	An NITF ASCII character string of the form NITF02.00, which indicates this file is formatted using version 2.0 of the NITF Standard.
CLEVEL	This field shall contain the compliance level 05 and indicates the NITF system compliance level required to interpret fully all components of this file. The certification requirements are established in JIEO Circular 9008, NITFS Certification Test and Evaluation Program Plan.
STYPE	System type or capability. This field is reserved for future use by the NITF standard and shall be filled with spaces (NITF ASCII 32, decimal).
OSTAID	This field shall contain the identification code of the originating station.
FDT	This field shall contain the time (Zulu) of origination of the file in the format DDHHMMSSZMONYY where DD is the day of the month (01-31), HH is the hour, (00-23), MM is the minute (00-59), SS is the second (00-59), the character Z is required, MON is the first three characters of the month; and YY is the last two digits of the year.
FTITLE	This field shall contain the title of the NITF file.
FSCLAS	This field shall contain a valid value representing the classification level of the entire file. Valid values are: S (=Secret), C (=Confidential), and U (=Unclassified).
FSCODE	This field shall contain all spaces to indicate that there are no security compartments associated with the file.
FSCTLH	This field shall contain a valid indicator of the security handling instructions associated with the file. A valid value is "CL BY:DCI, DECL ON: E.O.12951". If this field is all spaces, it shall imply that no file control and handling instructions apply to the file.
FSREL	This field shall contain a valid list of countries and/or groups of countries to which the file is authorized for release. Valid items are listed in Appendix A, Releasability Codes section of this document. If this field is the code "XX", it shall imply that no file release instructions apply.

TABLE 6. Master product file header field definition

- Continued	•
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FIELD	DEFINITION
FSCAUT	This field shall contain a valid identity code of the classification authority for the file. The code shall be in accordance with the regulations governing the appropriate security channel(s). A valid code is "DCI". If this field is all spaces, it shall imply that no file classification authority applies.
FSCTLN	This field shall contain a valid security control number associated with the file. The format of the security control number shall be in accordance with the regulations governing the appropriate security channel(s). If this field is all spaces, it shall imply that no file classification authority applies.
FSDWNG	This field shall contain a valid indicator designating the point in time at which a declassification or downgrading action is to take place. The valid value is the code "999999" indicating downgrading on E.O. 12951. If this field is all spaces, it shall imply that no file security downgrade condition applies.
FSCOP	This field shall contain the copy number of the file.
FSCPYS	This field shall contain the total number of copies of the file.
ENCRYP	This field shall contain the value zero (0).
ONAME	This field shall contain a valid name for the organization that originated the file.
OPHONE	This field, if not all spaces, shall contain a valid phone number for the operator who originated the file. If the field is all spaces, it shall mean that no phone number is available for the operator assigned responsibility for origination.
FL	This field shall contain the length in bytes of the entire DPPDB master product file including all headers, subheaders, and data. The value of this field never shall be zero.
HL	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes of the NITF file header. The value of this field never shall be zero.
NUMI	This field shall contain the number zero (0) to indicate that no image is included in the file.

TABLE 6. <u>Master product file header field definition</u> - Continued.

FIELD	DEFINITION
NUMS	This field shall contain the number six (6) to indicate there are six (6) symbols defined in the file.
LSSH001	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the subheader of the symbol in the file; i.e., the DPPDB Footprint Symbol.
LS001	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the first symbol.
LSSH002	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the subheader of the symbol in the file; i.e., the DPPDB stock number.
LS002	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the second symbol.
LSSH003	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the subheader of the symbol in the file; i.e., the classification at the top of the display.
LS003	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the third symbol.
LSSH004	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the subheader of the symbol in the file; i.e., the classification at the bottom of the display.
LS004	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the fourth symbol.
LSSH005	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the subheader of the symbol in the file; i.e., the handling instructions at the bottom of the display.
LS005	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the fifth symbol.
LSSH006	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the subheader of the symbol in the file; i.e., the downgrading instructions.
LS006	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the sixth symbol.
NUML	This field shall contain the number zero (0) to indicate there are no labels included in the file.
NUMT	This field shall contain the number nine (9) to indicate the number of text items included in the file.
LTSH001	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the subheader of the first text item in the file; i.e., the DPPDB footprint vectors.
LT001	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the first text item.
LTSH002	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the subheader of the second text item in the file; i.e., the segment IDs and the associated footprint vectors defined for the DPPDB footprint.
LT002	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the first text item.

TABLE 6. <u>Master product file header field definition</u> - Continued.

FIELD	DEFINITION		
LTSH003	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for		
	the first subheader of the third text item in the		
	file; i.e., product accuracy limitations.		
LT003	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for		
	the third text item.		
LTSH004	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for		
	the subheader of the fourth text item in the field		
LT004	i.e., product adverse areas. This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for		
ы1004	the fourth text item.		
LTSH005	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for		
11511005	the subheader of the fifth text item in the file;		
	i.e., product void areas.		
LT005	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for		
	the fifth text item.		
LTSH006	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for		
	the subheader of the sixth text item in the file;		
	i.e., product accuracy evaluation (absolute).		
LT006	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for		
	the sixth text item.		
LTSH007	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for		
	the subheader of the seventh text item in the file;		
LT007	i.e., product accuracy evaluation (relative). This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for		
штоол	the seventh text item.		
LTSH008	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for		
ШЪПООО	the subheader of the eighth text item in the file;		
	i.e., product accuracy evaluation (shear).		
- - - - - - - - - - -			
LT008	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for		
	the eighth text item.		
LTSH009	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for		
	the subheader of the ninth text item in the file;		
	i.e., product general information.		
LT009	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for		
	the ninth text item.		
NUMDES	This field shall contain the value 1 to indicate 1		
	Data Extension Segment is included in the file.		
LDSH001	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes of		
	the subheader for overflow of the user defined header		
	data contained in the file.		
LD001	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes of		
	the subheader for overflow of the user defined header		
	data.		
	uaca.		

TABLE 6. <u>Master product file header field definition</u> - Continued.

FIELD	DEFINITION
NUMRES	This field shall be zero since there are no reserved
	extension segments defined.
UDHDL	This field shall contain the value of zero since
	there are no registered tagged record extensions
	included in this file.
XHDL	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes of
	the entire XHD field. The length is (3) plus the sum
	of the lengths of all the controlled tagged record
	extensions appearing in the XHD field, since they are
	not separated from one another.
XHDOFL	This field shall be 001 to indicate that the extended
	header data overflows into the first DES.
	NOTE: THE FOLLOWING THREE FIELD DEFINITIONS APPLY TO
	EACH OF THE XHDS DEFINED IN THE MASTER PRODUCT FILE
	HEADER CONTROLLED TAGGED RECORD EXTENSIONS.
CETAG	This field shall contain a valid alphanumeric
	identifier properly controlled with the NTB.
CEL	This field shall contain the length in bytes of the
	data contained in CEDATA. The Tagged record's length
	is 11+ CEL.
CEDATA	This field shall contain data of either binary or
CEDAIA	
	character data types defined by and formatted
	according to user specifications.

TABLE 7. Master product directory definition.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
PRODID	Product ID	9	D12345678	R
PRODVOL	Product Volume	2	1-99	R
PRODTOTVOL	Product Total	2	1-99	R
S	Volume			
NUMIMFILE	Number of Image	3	001-999	R
	Files			
NOTE: EACH (OF THE FOLLOWING FIELD	SISF	REPEATED NUMIMFILE TIME:	S FOR
EACH IMAGE 1	FILE.			
> SEGIMGID	Segment Image ID	6	1234XY	R
>	Longitude	3	180 or 360	R
LONCNTCRD	Continuous			
	Coordinate System			
	Designator			
>	Display Image	84	ddmmss.hhXdddmmss.hhY	R
DIMGEOGLO	Geographic Location		(four times)	
> NBRVERT	Number of Vertices	2	4-12	R
	for Segment Image			
>	Segment Image	21	ddmmss.hhXdddmmss.hhY	C
SIMGEOGLO	Geographic Location			
> VOLNBR	Volume Number	2	1-99	R
> FLOC	File Location	3	2-999	R
> FLEN	File Length	10	388-9999999999	R

TABLE 8. Master product directory fields.

FIELD	DEFINITION		
PRODID	This field shall contain the DPPDB product ID contained on the subsequent media volume.		
PRODVOL	This field shall contain the volume number of this media. A DPPDB product is made up of 1-N volumes sequentially numbered.		
PRODTOTVOLS	This field shall contain the total number of volumes required for this DPPDB product.		
NUMIMFILE	This field shall contain the total number of image files contained on this product.		
	NOTE: EACH OF THE FOLLOWING FIELDS IS REPEATED NUMIMFILE TIMES FOR EACH IMAGE FILE.		
> SEGIMGID	This field shall contain the segment image ID of the segment image contained in the file and shall be a six-digit alphanumeric of the form 1234XY; where 12 is the stereo model number, 34 is the stereo segment number within the model, X is either L (=Left) or R (=Right) stereo image, and Y is either the O (=Overview) or F (=Full resolution) to identify the type of image.		

TABLE 8. <u>Master product directory fields</u> - Continued.

FIELD	DEFINITION
> LONCNTCRD	This field shall contain the longitude continuous coordinate system designator and shall be 180 for a product built in the ±180 degree longitude system or 360 for a product built in the 0 to 360 degree longitude system.
> DIMGEOGL	This field shall contain the valid geographic locations, in terms of corner locations, of the display image containing the segment image. The locations of the four corners of the image data shall be given in image coordinate order: (0,0), (0,MaxCol), (MaxRow, MaxCol), and (MaxRow,0). MaxCol and MaxRow shall be determined from the values contained, respectively, in NCOLS and NROWS as MaxCol = NCOLS - 1 and MaxRow = NROWS - 1. Valid corner locations in geodetic coordinates shall be expressed as latitude and longitude. The format ddmmss.hhX represents degrees, minutes, seconds, and hundredths of second of latitude with X = N or S for north or south, and dddmmss.hhY represents degrees, minutes, seconds, and hundredths of second of longitude with Y=E or W for east or west, respectively.
> NBRVERT	This field shall contain the number of vertices defining the segment image.
> SIMGEOGL	This field shall contain the valid geographic locations, in terms of segment image vertices locations, of the segment image within the display image. The locations of the vertices of the (significant) image data shall be given in image coordinate order beginning at (0,0) and proceeding clockwise within the display image. Valid segment image vertices locations in geodetic coordinates shall be expressed as latitude and longitude. The format ddmmss.hhX represents degrees, minutes, seconds, and hundredths of second of latitude with X = N or S for north or south, and dddmmss.hhY represents degrees, minutes, seconds, and hundredths of second of longitude with Y = E or W for east or west, respectively.
> VOLNBR	This field shall contain the volume number in which the segment image is contained.
> FLOC	This field shall contain the file offset from the beginning of the volume for this segment image file.
> FLEN	This field shall contain the file length for this segment image file.

FIELD	NAME	FORMAT	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
PACE	DPPDB Absolute CE (90%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
PALE	DPPDB Absolute LE (90%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
PSDCE	DPPDB Support Data CE (90%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
PSDLE	DPPDB Support Data LE (90%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
PMCE	DPPDB Mensuration (1 pixel) CE (90%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
PMLE	DPPDB Mensuration (1 pixel) LE (90%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R

TABLE 9. Product accuracy data (absolute) definition.

TABLE 10. Product accuracy data (relative) definition.

FIELD	NAME	FORMAT	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
PRCE0-1	DPPDB Relative CEP (0-1 nm) (50%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
PRLE0-1	DPPDB Relative LEP (0-1 nm) (50%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
PRCE1-5	DPPDB Relative CEP (1-5 nm) (50%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
PRLE1-5	DPPDB Relative LEP (1-5 nm) (50%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
PRCE5-15	DPPDB Relative CEP (5-15 nm) (50%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
PRLE5-15	DPPDB Relative LEP (5-15 nm) (50%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
PRCE15-30	DPPDB Relative CEP (15-30 nm) (50%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
PRLE15-30	DPPDB Relative LEP (15-30 nm) (50%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
PRCE>30	DPPDB Relative CEP (> 30 nm) (50%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
PRLE>30	DPPDB Relative LEP (> 30 nm) (50%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R

TABLE 1	1. Ref	erence	graphic	directory.
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FIELD	Name	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
NUMBR	Number of boundary	A2	1-2	R
	rectangles in image			
	section			
NOTE: THE FOL	LOWING FIELDS THROUGH NUMFRI	MS ARE R	EPEATED NUMBR 7	IMES
FOR EACH BOUN	DARY RECTANGLE.			
> BRSEQ	Boundary rectangle	A2	1-2	R
	sequence number			
> PROD	Product type*	A5	CADRG	R
> COMP	Compression ratio of	A5	nnn:1	R
	frame files associated			
	with this boundary rectangle*			
> SCALE	Nominal scale of frames	A12	Alphanumeric	R
	in frame files			
	associated with this			
	boundary rectangle*			
> ZONE	Zone of frames	A1	1-9	R
	associated with this		А-Н, Ј	
	boundary rectangle*			
> NWLAT	Northwest/upper left	A10	ddmmss.hhX	R
	corner latitude			
> NWLON	Northwest/upper left	A11	dddmmmsss.hhY	R
	corner longitude			
> SWLAT	Southwest/lower left	A10	ddmmss.hhX	R
	corner latitude			
> SWLON	Southwest/lower left	A11	dddmmss.hhY	R
	corner longitude			
> NELAT	Northeast/upper right	A10	ddmmss.hhX	R
_	corner latitude			
> NELON	Northeast/upper right	A11	dddmmss.hhY	R
	corner longitude	- 1 0		
> SELAT	Southeast/lower right	A10	ddmmss.hhX	R
	corner latitude			
> SELON	Southeast/lower right	A11	dddmmss.hhY	R
	corner longitude			
> NSRES	Pixel scale in north-	F8.2	XXXXX.YY	R
	south direction		meters	
	(nominal)*			
> EWRES	Pixel scale in east-west direction (nominal)*	F8.2	XXXXX.YY	R
	direction (nominal)	-10 -		
> LATINT	Latitude interval*	F10.7	XX.YYYYYYY	R
			decimal	
		61.0 =	degrees	
> LONINT	Longitude interval*	f10.7	XX.YYYYYYY	R
			decimal	
			degrees	

*- values extracted from CADRG TOC Boundary Rectangle Record

Table 11. <u>Reference graphic directory</u> - Continued.

	Name	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
> NSFRAM	Number of frames in	I4	1-9999	R
	north-south direction			
> EWFRAM	Number of frames in	I4	1-9999	R
	east-west direction			
> NUMFRMS	Number of frames in this	I4	1-9999	R
	boundary rectangle			
NOTE: THE FOLL	OWING FIELDS THROUGH GEOLO	C ARE RE	PEATED NUMFRMS	TIMES
FOR EACH FRAME	WITHIN EACH BOUNDARY RECT	ANGLE.		
>> FRMLOC	Offset number of NITF	2	2-99	R
	file that contain the			
	frame data			
>> FRMLEN	Length of frame file	10	1-99999999999	R
>> FRMROW	Frame row number within	I4	1-9999	R
	boundary rectangle			
>> FRMCOL	Frame column number	I4	1-9999	R
	within boundary			
	rectangle			
>> FRMNAM	Frame name	A12	ascii	R
>> GEOLOC	Frame	Аб	ascii	R
	SW corner geographic			
	coordinates			
NOTE: THE FIEL	D AGNUMFRMS OCCURS ONLY ON	CE.		
AGNUMFRMS	Aggregate number of	I4	1-9999	R
	frames			
NOTE: THE FOLL EMPTY FRAME.	OWING FIELDS ARE REPEATED A	AGNUMFRM	S TIMES FOR EAC	CH NON-
EMPTY FRAME.	OWING FIELDS ARE REPEATED 2		S TIMES FOR EAC	LH NON-
				_
EMPTY FRAME. > AGBRSEQ	Boundary rectangle	I1		_
EMPTY FRAME. > AGBRSEQ	Boundary rectangle sequence number	I1	1-2	R
EMPTY FRAME. > AGBRSEQ	Boundary rectangle sequence number Offset number of NITF	I1	1-2	R
EMPTY FRAME. > AGBRSEQ > AGFRMLOC	Boundary rectangle sequence number Offset number of NITF file that contains the	2	1-2	R
EMPTY FRAME. > AGBRSEQ > AGFRMLOC > AGFRMLEN	Boundary rectangle sequence number Offset number of NITF file that contains the frame data.	11 2 10	1-2 2-99	R
EMPTY FRAME. > AGBRSEQ > AGFRMLOC > AGFRMLEN	<pre>Boundary rectangle sequence number Offset number of NITF file that contains the frame data. Length of frame in bytes</pre>	11 2 10	1-2 2-99 1-9999999999	R R R
EMPTY FRAME. > AGBRSEQ > AGFRMLOC > AGFRMLEN	Boundary rectangle sequence number Offset number of NITF file that contains the frame data. Length of frame in bytes Row number of frame	11 2 10	1-2 2-99 1-9999999999	R R R
EMPTY FRAME.	<pre>Boundary rectangle sequence number Offset number of NITF file that contains the frame data. Length of frame in bytes Row number of frame within boundary</pre>	11 2 10 14	1-2 2-99 1-9999999999	R R R
EMPTY FRAME. > AGBRSEQ > AGFRMLOC > AGFRMLEN > AGFRMROW	<pre>Boundary rectangle sequence number Offset number of NITF file that contains the frame data. Length of frame in bytes Row number of frame within boundary rectangle</pre>	11 2 10 14	1-2 2-99 1-9999999999 1-9999	R R R R R
EMPTY FRAME. > AGBRSEQ > AGFRMLOC > AGFRMLEN > AGFRMROW	<pre>Boundary rectangle sequence number Offset number of NITF file that contains the frame data. Length of frame in bytes Row number of frame within boundary rectangle Column number of frame</pre>	11 2 10 14	1-2 2-99 1-9999999999 1-9999	R R R R R
EMPTY FRAME. > AGBRSEQ > AGFRMLOC > AGFRMLEN > AGFRMROW	<pre>Boundary rectangle sequence number Offset number of NITF file that contains the frame data. Length of frame in bytes Row number of frame within boundary rectangle Column number of frame within boundary</pre>	11 2 10 14 14	1-2 2-99 1-9999999999 1-9999	R R R R R
EMPTY FRAME. > AGBRSEQ > AGFRMLOC > AGFRMLEN > AGFRMROW > AGFRMCOL	Boundary rectangle sequence number Offset number of NITF file that contains the frame data. Length of frame in bytes Row number of frame within boundary rectangle Column number of frame within boundary rectangle	11 2 10 14 14	1-2 2-99 1-99999999999 1-9999 1-9999 ascii	R R R R R

*-extracted from TOC Frame File Index Record

TABLE 12. Reference graphic directory data definition.

FIELD	DEFINITION
NUMBR	This field shall contain the number of boundary
RonDic	rectangles in the reference graphic directory. Each
	boundary rectangle defines the periphery of a
	geographic area containing all possible frames that
	have a given data type, compression ratio, latitudinal
	zone and scale.
NOTE: THE FOL	LOWING FIELDS THROUGH NUMFRMS ARE REPEATED NUMBR TIMES
	DARY RECTANGLE.
> BRSEQ	This field shall contain the sequential number of this
~	boundary rectangle.
> PROD	This field shall contain the value CADRG because each
	frame in the reference graphic shall be CADRG. The
	character string is encoded as specified in MIL-
	TSD_2411-1, section 5.1.10.
> COMP	This field shall contain the nominal compression ratio
	for all frames in the boundary rectangle. The
	compression ratio shall be nnn:1, for example 55:1,
	10:1, 12:1, etc.
> SCALE	This field shall contain the nominal scale of all
	frames in the boundary rectangle. The scale is encoded
	as specified in MIL-STD-241-1, section 5.1.10,
	identifying the nominal product scale, i.e. 1:1M,
	1:12.5K
> ZONE	This field shall contain the zone of all frames in the
-	boundary rectangle. The zone is encoded as specifies
	in MIL-STD-2411-1 section 5.1.3.
> NWLAT	This field shall contain the northwest corner latitude
	of the boundary rectangle. The format ddmmss.hhX
	represents dd degrees, mm minutes, ss seconds, hh
	decimal seconds of latitude with $X = N$ or S.
> NWLON	This field shall contain the northwest corner longitude
	of the boundary rectangle. The format dddmmss.hhX
	represents ddd degrees, mm minutes, ss seconds, hh
	decimal seconds of latitude with $X = E$ or W.
> SWLAT	This field shall contain the southwest corner latitude
	of the boundary rectangle. The format ddmmss.hhX
	represents dd degrees, mm minutes, ss seconds, hh
	decimal seconds of latitude with $X = N$ or S.

TABLE 12. Reference graphic directory data definition - Continued.

FIELD	DEFINITION
> SWLON	This field shall contain the southwest corner longitude of the boundary rectangle. The format dddmmss.hhX represents ddd degrees, mm minutes, ss seconds, hh decimal seconds of latitude with X = E or W.
> NELAT	This field shall contain the northeast corner latitude of the boundary rectangle. The format ddmmss.hhX represents dd degrees, mm minutes, ss seconds and hh decimal seconds with X = N or S.
> NELON	This field shall contain the northeast corner longitude of the boundary rectangle. The format dddmmss.hhX represents ddd degrees, mm minutes ss seconds and hh decimal seconds with X = E or W
> SELAT	This field shall contain the southeast corner latitude of the boundary rectangle. The format ddmmss.hhX represents dd minutes, mm minutes, ss seconds and hh decimal seconds with X = N or S.
> SELON	This field shall contain the southeast corner longitude of the boundary rectangle. The format dddmmss.hhX represents ddd degrees, mm minutes, ss seconds and hh decimal seconds with $X = E$ or W .
> NSRES	This field shall contain the resolution in the north- south or vertical direction for all output pixels in the frames associated with this boundary rectangle, measured in meters
> EWRES	This field shall contain the resolution in the east- west or vertical direction for all output pixels in the frames associated with this boundary rectangle, measured in meters
> LATINT	This field shall contain the latitude or vertical interval between adjacent decompressed pixels in the frames in this boundary rectangle, measured in decimal degrees.
> LONINT	This field shall contain the longitude or horizontal interval between adjacent decompressed pixels in the frames in this boundary rectangle, measured in decimal degrees.
> NSFRAM	This field shall contain the number of frames in the north-south or up-down direction comprising the virtual geographic matrix of frames that are contained within this boundary rectangle.

TABLE 12. Reference graphic directory data definition - Continued.

FIELD	DEFINITION
> EWFRAM	This field shall contain the number of frames in the
	east-west or left-right direction comprising the
	virtual geographic matrix of frames that are contained
	within this boundary rectangle.
> NUMFRMS	This frame shall contain the total number of frames
	that comprise this boundary rectangle.
NOTE: THE FOL	LOWING FIELDS THROUGH GEOLOC ARE REPEATED NUMFRMS TIMES
FOR EACH FRAM	E WITHIN EACH BOUNDARY RECTANGLE.
>> FRMLOC	This field shall contain the offset for this frame
	within the frame file data set from the beginning of
	the tape expressed in number of files. The value of the
	field can be from the second file to the last frame
	file on the tape. In the event that the frame does not
	exist the value zero (0) will be substituted for the
	frame location.
>> FRMLEN	This field shall contain the length of the frame file
	in bytes. In the event the frame does not exist the
	value zero (0) will be substituted
>> FRMROW	This field shall contain the row number of this frame
	within the bounding rectangle. Row 0 is in the
	southwest corner of the boundary rectangle and
	increases in the north or vertical direction
>> FRMCOL	This field shall contain the column of this frame
	within the boundary rectangle. Column 0 is the
	southwest corner of the boundary rectangle.
>> FRMNAM	This field shall contain the name of this frame. The
	frame file name shall be encoded as defined in MIL-STD-
	2411 section 4.5.4.4. In the event that the frame does
	not exist the word EMPTY will be substituted for the
	frame name.

Table 12. Reference graphic directory data definition - Continued.

FIELD	DEFINITION
>> GEOLOC	This field shall contain the frame sw corner geographic
	coordinate. The geographic location is encoded as
	specified in DMA TM 8358.1, section 5-4.
NOTE: THE FIE	LD AGNUMFRMS OCCURS ONLY ONCE.
AGNUMFRMS	This field shall contain the total number of frames
	that comprise the Reference Graphic. This value shall
	represent the number of frame files on the DPPDB tape.
	Any frame areas that are empty will not be included in
	this frame count.
	LOWING FIELDS ARE REPEATED AGNUMFRMS TIMES FOR EACH NON-
EMPTY FRAME.	
> AGBRSEQ	This field shall contain the boundary rectangle
	sequence number to which this frame belongs.
> AGFRMLOC	This field shall contain the offset for this frame
	within the frame file data set from the beginning of
	the tape expressed in number of files.
> AGFRMLEN	This field shall contain the length of this frame file
	in bytes
> AGFRMROW	This field shall contain the row number for this frame.
	Row 0 is referenced to the southwest corner of the
	boundary rectangle.
> AGFRMCOL	This field shall contain the Column number for this
	frame Column 0 is referenced to the southwest corner
	of the boundary rectangle.
> AGFRMNAM	This field shall contain the name of this frame. The
	name is encoded as described in MIL-STD-2411 paragraph
	4.5.4.4.
> AGGEOLOC	This field shall contain the geographic location of the
	southwest corner of this frame. The geographic
	location is encoded as specified in DMA TM 8358.1,
	section 5-4

TABLE 13. Ma	aster product	DPPDB	footprint	symbol	file	subheader.
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FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
SY	Message Part Type	2	SY	R
SID	Symbol ID	10	0002REF	R
SNAME	Symbol Name	20	DPPDB Footprint	0
SSCLAS	Symbol Security	1	U	R
	Classification			
SSCODE	Symbol Codewords	40	Spaces	0
SSCTLH	Symbol Control and Handling	40	Alphanumeric	0
SSREL	Symbol Releasing Instructions	40	Alphanumeric	0
SSCAUT	Symbol Classification Authority	20	Alphanumeric	0
SSCTLN	Symbol Security Control Number	20	Spaces	0
SSDWNG	Symbol Security Downgrade	6	9999999 or spaces	0
ENCRYP	Encryption	1	0	R
STYPE	Symbol Type	1	С	R
NLIPS	Number of Lines Per Symbol	4	0000	R
NPIXPL	Number of Pixels Per Line	4	0000	R
NWDTH	Line Width	4	0000	R
NBPP	Number of Bits Per Pixel	1	0	R
SDLVL	Display Level	3	100	R
SALVL	Attachment Level	3	000	R
SLOC	Symbol Location	10	000000000	R
SLOC2	Second Symbol Location	10	000000000	0
SCOLOR	Symbol Color	1	Space Character	R
SNUM	Symbol Number	6	000000	0
SROT	Symbol Rotation	3	000	R
NELUT	Number of LUT Entries	3	000	R
SXSHDL	Extended Subheader Data Length	5	00000	R

TABLE 14. <u>Master product stock number label symbol file</u> subheader.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
SY	Message Part Type	2	SY	R
SID	Symbol ID	10	0003REF	R
SNAME	Symbol Name	20	DPPDB Stock Number	0
SSCLAS	Symbol Security	1	U	R
	Classification			
SSCODE	Symbol Codewords	40	Spaces	0
SSCTLH	Symbol Control and Handling	40	Spaces	0
SSREL	Symbol Releasing Instructions	40	Spaces	0
SSCAUT	Symbol Classification Authority	20	Spaces	0
SSCTLN	Symbol Security Control Number	20	Spaces	0
SSDWNG	Symbol Security Downgrade	6	Spaces	0
ENCRYP	Encryption	1	0	R
STYPE	Symbol Type	1	С	R
NLIPS	Number of Lines Per Symbol	4	0000	R
NPIXPL	Number of Pixels Per Line	4	0000	R
NWDTH	Line Width	4	0000	R
NBPP	Number of Bits Per Pixel	1	0	R
SDLVL	Display Level	3	200	R
SALVL	Attachment Level	3	000	R
SLOC	Symbol Location	10	000000000	R
SLOC2	Second Symbol Location	10	000000000	0
SCOLOR	Symbol Color	1	Space Character	R
SNUM	Symbol Number	б	000000	0
SROT	Symbol Rotation	3	000	R
NELUT	Number of LUT Entries	3	000	R
SXSHDL	Extended Subheader Data Length	5	00000	R

TABLE 15. <u>Master product classification (top display) label</u> symbol file subheader.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
SY	Message Part Type	2	SY	R
SID	Symbol ID	10	0004REF	R
SNAME	Symbol Name	20	Class-Top Image	0
SSCLAS	Symbol Security	1	U	R
	Classification			
SSCODE	Symbol Codewords	40	Spaces	0
SSCTLH	Symbol Control and	40	Spaces	0
	Handling			
SSREL	Symbol Releasing	40	Spaces	0
	Instructions	0.0	9	
SSCAUT	Symbol Classification	20	Spaces	0
	Authority	0.0	9	
SSCTLN	Symbol Security Control Number	20	Spaces	0
SSDWNG	Symbol Security	6	Spaces	0
	Downgrade			
ENCRYP	Encryption	1	0	R
STYPE	Symbol Type	1	С	R
NLIPS	Number of Lines Per	4	0000	R
	Symbol			
NPIXPL	Number of Pixels Per Line	4	0000	R
NWDTH	Line Width	4	0000	R
NBPP	Number of Bits Per Pixel	1	0	R
SDLVL	Display Level	3	300	R
SALVL	Attachment Level	3	000	R
SLOC	Symbol Location	10	000000000	R
SLOC2	Second Symbol Location	10	000000000	0
SCOLOR	Symbol Color	1	Space Character	R
SNUM	Symbol Number	6	00000	0
SROT	Symbol Rotation	3	000	R
NELUT	Number of LUT Entries	3	000	R
SXSHDL	Extended Subheader Data Length	5	00000	R

TABLE 16. <u>Master product classification (bottom display)</u> label symbol file subheader.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
SY	Message Part Type	2	SY	R
SID	Symbol ID	10	0005REF	R
SNAME	Symbol Name	20	Class-Bottom Image	0
SSCLAS	Symbol Security	1	U	R
	Classification			
SSCODE	Symbol Codewords	40	Spaces	0
SSCTLH	Symbol Control and Handling	40	Spaces	0
SSREL	Symbol Releasing	40	Spaces	0
SOLET	Instructions	40	spaces	0
SSCAUT	Symbol Classification	20	Spaces	0
	Authority			
SSCTLN	Symbol Security Control Number	20	Spaces	0
SSDWNG	Symbol Security	6	Spaces	0
	Downgrade		-	
ENCRYP	Encryption	1	0	R
STYPE	Symbol Type	1	С	R
NLIPS	Number of Lines Per	4	0000	R
	Symbol			
NPIXPL	Number of Pixels Per Line	4	0000	R
NWDTH	Line Width	4	0000	R
NBPP	Number of Bits Per Pixel	1	0	R
SDLVL	Display Level	3	400	R
SALVL	Attachment Level	3	000	R
SLOC	Symbol Location	10	000000000	R
SLOC2	Second Symbol Location	10	000000000	0
SCOLOR	Symbol Color	1	Space Character	R
SNUM	Symbol Number	6	00000	0
SROT	Symbol Rotation	3	000	R
NELUT	Number of LUT Entries	3	000	R
SXSHDL	Extended Subheader Data Length	5	00000	R

TABLE 17. <u>Master product handling instructions label symbol</u> file subheader.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
SY	Message Part Type	2	SY	R
SID	Symbol ID	10	0006REF	R
SNAME	Symbol Name	20	Handling Instruct	0
SSCLAS	Symbol Security	1	U	R
	Classification			
SSCODE	Symbol Codewords	40	Spaces	0
SSCTLH	Symbol Control and Handling	40	Spaces	0
SSREL	Symbol Releasing Instructions	40	Spaces	0
SSCAUT	Symbol Classification Authority	20	Spaces	0
SSCTLN	Symbol Security Control Number	20	Spaces	0
SSDWNG	Symbol Security Downgrade	6	Spaces	0
ENCRYP	Encryption	1	0	R
STYPE	Symbol Type	1	С	R
NLIPS	Number of Lines Per Symbol	4	0000	R
NPIXPL	Number of Pixels Per Line	4	0000	R
NWDTH	Line Width	4	0000	R
NBPP	Number of Bits Per Pixel	1	0	R
SDLVL	Display Level	3	500	R
SALVL	Attachment Level	3	000	R
SLOC	Symbol Location	10	000000000	R
SLOC2	Second Symbol Location	10	000000000	0
SCOLOR	Symbol Color	1	Space Character	R
SNUM	Symbol Number	6	000000	0
SROT	Symbol Rotation	3	000	R
NELUT	Number of LUT Entries	3	000	R
SXSHDL	Extended Subheader Data Length	5	00000	R

TABLE 18. Master product classification authority and downgrade instructions label symbol file subheader.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
SY	Message Part Type	2	SY	R
SID	Symbol ID	10	0007REF	R
SNAME	Symbol Name	20	Class Auth	0
SSCLAS	Symbol Security	1	U	R
	Classification			
SSCODE	Symbol Codewords	40	Spaces	0
SSCTLH	Symbol Control and Handling	40	Spaces	0
SSREL	Symbol Releasing Instructions	40	Spaces	0
SSCAUT	Symbol Classification Authority	20	Spaces	0
SSCTLN	Symbol Security Control Number	20	Spaces	0
SSDWNG	Symbol Security Downgrade	6	Spaces	0
ENCRYP	Encryption	1	0	R
STYPE	Symbol Type	1	С	R
NLIPS	Number of Lines Per Symbol	4	0000	R
NPIXPL	Number of Pixels Per Line	4	0000	R
NWDTH	Line Width	4	0000	R
NBPP	Number of Bits Per Pixel	1	0	R
SDLVL	Display Level	3	600	R
SALVL	Attachment Level	3	000	R
SLOC	Symbol Location	10	000000000	R
SLOC2	Second Symbol Location	10	000000000	0
SCOLOR	Symbol Color	1	Space Character	R
SNUM	Symbol Number	6	000000	0
SROT	Symbol Rotation	3	000	R
NELUT	Number of LUT Entries	3	000	R
SXSHDL	Extended Subheader Data Length	5	00000	R

TABLE 19.	Master	product	symbol	file	subheader	fields
	definit	tion.				

FIELD	DEFINITION
SY	This field shall contain the characters SY to
	identify the subheader as a symbol subheader.
SID	This field shall contain a valid alphanumeric number identifier in the format 1234REF, where: 1234 is the number identifying the item in this file and REF indicates the item is contained in the Master Product file.
CNTAME	This field shall contain the alphanumeric name for
SNAME	the symbol.
SSCLAS	This field shall contain a valid value of U (= Unclassified) representing the classification level of the symbol.
SSCODE	This field shall contain all spaces to indicate that no codewords apply to this symbol.
SSCTLH	This field shall contain a valid indicator of the security handling instructions associated with the file. A valid value is "CL BY:DCI, DECL ON: E.O.12951". If this field is all spaces, it shall imply that no file control and handling instructions apply to the file.
SSREL	This field shall contain a valid list of countries and/or groups of countries to which the file is authorized for release. Valid items are listed in Appendix A, Releasability Codes section of this document. If this field is the code "XX", it shall imply that no file release instructions apply.
SSCAUT	This field shall contain a valid identity code of the classification authority for the file. The code shall be in accordance with the regulations governing the appropriate security channel(s). A valid code is "DCI". If this field is all spaces, it shall imply no file classification authority applies.
SSCTLN	This field shall contain all spaces to indicate that no symbol security control number applies.

TABLE 19.Master product symbol file subheader fieldsdefinition- Continued.

FIELD	DEFINITION
SSDWNG	This field shall contain a valid indicator that
	designates the point in time at which a
	declassification or downgrading action is to take
	place. The valid value is the code "9999999"
	indicating downgrading on E.O. 12951. If this field
	is all spaces, it shall imply that no file security
	downgrade condition applies.
ENCRYP	This field shall contain the value zero (0) to
	indicate the file is not encrypted.
STYPE	This field shall contain the letter C to indicate
	the symbol is defined in a Computer Graphics
	Metafile (CGM). The CGM format for the NITFS is
	defined in MIL-STD-2301.
NLIPS	This field shall contain zero (0).
NPIXPL	This field shall contain zero (0).
NWDTH	This field shall contain zero (0).
NBPP	This field shall contain zero (0).
SDLVL	This field shall contain a valid value that
	indicates the graphic display level of the symbol
	relative to other displayed file components in a
	composite display. The valid values are 001 to 999.
SALVL	This field shall contain a value of zero (0) to
	indicate these textual symbols are unattached.
SLOC	The location of a symbol is specified by specifying
	the location of a point bearing a particular
	relationship to the symbol. The point is defined in
	MIL-STD-2301. Therefore, this field shall contain zero (0).
SLOC2	This field shall contain zero (0).
SCOLOR	This field shall contain a space character.
SNUM	This field shall contain zero (0).
SROT	This field shall contain zero (0).
NELUT	This field shall contain zero (0).
SXSHDL	This field shall contain the value zero (0). A
	value of zero (0) shall mean that no controlled
	tagged record extensions are included in the image
	subheader.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
TE	Message Part Type	2	TE	R
TEXTID	Text ID	10	0008REF	R
TXTDT	Text Date & Time	14	DDHHMMSSZMONYY	R
TXTITL	Text Title	80	Product footprint	0
			vectors text	
TSCLAS	Text Security	1	U, C or S	R
	Classification			
TSCODE	Text Codewords	40	Alphanumeric	0
TSCTLH	Text Control and	40	Alphanumeric	0
	Handling			
TSREL	Text Releasing	40	Alphanumeric	0
	Instructions			
TSCAUT	Text Classification	20	Alphanumeric	0
	Authority			
TSCTLN	Text Security Control	20	Alphanumeric	0
	Number			
TSDWNG	Text Security	6	999999 or spaces	0
	Downgrade			
ENCRYP	Encryption	1	0	R
TXTFMT	Text Format	3	STA	R
TXSHDL	Extended Subheader	5	00000	R
	Data Length			

TABLE 20. <u>Master product footprint vectors text file</u> subheader.

Note: Product footprint vectors NITF ASCII free-form text follows immediately after the subheader. This text describes the product vector footprint (geographic coordinates).

TABLE 21.	Master product	segment image	IDs and	footprint
	vectors text f	ile subheader.		

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
TE	Message Part Type	2	TE	R
TEXTID	Text ID	10	0009REF	R
TXTDT	Text Date & Time	14	DDHHMMSSZMONYY	R
TXTITL	Text Title	80	Product segment image IDs and vectors text	0
TSCLAS	Text Security Classification	1	U, C or S	R
TSCODE	Text Codewords	40	Alphanumeric	0
TSCTLH	Text Control and Handling	40	Alphanumeric	0

TABLE 21.Master product segment image IDs and footprint
vectors text file subheader - Continued.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
TSREL	Text Releasing	40	Alphanumeric	0
	Instructions			
TSCAUT	Text Classification	20	Alphanumeric	0
	Authority			
TSCTLN	Text Security Control	20	Alphanumeric	0
	Number			
TSDWNG	Text Security	6	999999 or spaces	0
	Downgrade			
ENCRYP	Encryption	1	0	R
TXTFMT	Text Format	3	STA	R
TXSHDL	Extended Subheader	5	00000	R
	Data Length			

Note: Product segment image IDs and vectors NITF ASCII text follows immediately after the subheader.

TABLE 22.	Master product accuracy limita	ations text file
	subheader.	

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
TE	Message Part Type	2	TE	R
TEXTID	Text ID	10	0010REF	R
TXTDT	Text Date & Time	14	DDHHMMSSZMONYY	R
TXTITL	Text Title	80	Product accuracy limitations text	0
TSCLAS	Text Security Classification	1	U, C or S	R
TSCODE	Text Codewords	40	Alphanumeric	0
TSCTLH	Text Control and Handling	40	Alphanumeric	0
TSREL	Text Releasing Instructions	40	Alphanumeric	0
TSCAUT	Text Classification Authority	20	Alphanumeric	0
TSCTLN	Text Security Control Number	20	Alphanumeric	0

TABLE 22. <u>Master product accuracy limitations text file</u> subheader - Continued.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
TSDWNG	Text Security	6	999999 or spaces	0
	Downgrade			
ENCRYP	Encryption	1	0	R
TXTFMT	Text Format	3	STA	R
TXSHDL	Extended Subheader	5	00000	R
	Data Length			

Note: Product accuracy limitation NITF ASCII free-form text follows immediately after the subheader.

TABLE 23. Master product adverse areas text file subheader.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
TE	Message Part Type	2	TE	R
TEXTID	Text ID	10	0011REF	R
TXTDT	Text Date & Time	14	DDHHMMSSZMONYY	R
TXTITL	Text Title	80	Product adverse	0
			areas text	
TSCLAS	Text Security	1	U, C or S	R
	Classification			
TSCODE	Text Codewords	40	Alphanumeric	0
TSCTLH	Text Control and	40	Alphanumeric	0
	Handling			
TSREL	Text Releasing	40	Alphanumeric	0
	Instructions			
TSCAUT	Text Classification	20	Alphanumeric	0
	Authority			
TSCTLN	Text Security Control	20	Alphanumeric	0
	Number			
TSDWNG	Text Security	6	999999 or spaces	0
	Downgrade			
ENCRYP	Encryption	1	0	R
TXTFMT	Text Format	3	STA	R
TXSHDL	Extended Subheader	5	00000	R
	Data Length			

Note: DPPDB product adverse areas NITF ASCII free-form text follows immediately after the subheader.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
TE	Message Part Type	2	TE	R
TEXTID	Text ID	10	0012REF	R
TXTDT	Text Date & Time	14	DDHHMMSSZMONYY	R
TXTITL	Text Title	80	Product void areas text	0
TSCLAS	Text Security Classification	1	U, C or S	R
TSCODE	Text Codewords	40	Alphanumeric	0
TSCTLH	Text Control and Handling	40	Alphanumeric	0
TSREL	Text Releasing Instructions	40	Alphanumeric	0
TSCAUT	Text Classification Authority	20	Alphanumeric	0
TSCTLN	Text Security Control Number	20	Alphanumeric	0
TSDWNG	Text Security Downgrade	6	999999 or spaces	0
ENCRYP	Encryption	1	0	R
TXTFMT	Text Format	3	STA	R
TXSHDL	Extended Subheader Data Length	5	00000	R

TABLE 24. Master product void areas text file subheader.

Note: Product void areas NITF ASCII free-form text follows immediately after the subheader.

TABLE 25.	Master product accuracy evaluation (absolute)
	text file subheader.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
TE	Message Part Type	2	TE	R
TEXTID	Text ID	10	0013REF	R
TXTDT	Text Date & Time	14	DDHHMMSSZMONYY	R
TXTITL	Text Title	80	Product accuracy evaluation (absolute) text	0
TSCLAS	Text Security Classification	1	U, C or S	R
TSCODE	Text Codewords	40	Alphanumeric	0
TSCTLH	Text Control and Handling	40	Alphanumeric	0

TABLE 25. <u>Master product accuracy evaluation (absolute)</u> text file subheader - Continued.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
TSREL	Text Releasing Instructions	40	Alphanumeric	0
TSCAUT	Text Classification Authority	20	Alphanumeric	0
TSCTLN	Text Security Control Number	20	Alphanumeric	0
TSDWNG	Text Security Downgrade	6	999999 or spaces	0
ENCRYP	Encryption	1	0	R
TXTFMT	Text Format	3	STA	R
TXSHDL	Extended Subheader Data Length	5	00000	R

Note: Product accuracy evaluation (absolute) NITF ASCII freeform text follows immediately after the subheader.

TABLE 26. Master product accuracy evaluation (relative) text file subheader.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
TE	Message Part Type	2	TE	R
TEXTID	Text ID	10	0014REF	R
TXTDT	Text Date & Time	14	DDHHMMSSZMONYY	R
TXTITL	Text Title	80	Product accuracy evaluation (relative) text	0
TSCLAS	Text Security Classification	1	U, C or S	R
TSCODE	Text Codewords	40	Alphanumeric	0
TSCTLH	Text Control and Handling	40	Alphanumeric	0
TSREL	Text Releasing Instructions	40	Alphanumeric	0
TSCAUT	Text Classification Authority	20	Alphanumeric	0
TSCTLN	Text Security Control Number	20	Alphanumeric	0
TSDWNG	Text Security Downgrade	б	999999 or spaces	0
ENCRYP	Encryption	1	0	R
TXTFMT	Text Format	3	STA	R
TXSHDL	Extended Subheader Data Length	5	00000	R

Note: Product	accuracy	evaluation	(relative)	NITF ASCII
free-form text	follows	immediately	after the	subheader.

TABLE 27. Master product accuracy evaluation (shear) text file subheader.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
TE	Message Part Type	2	TE	R
TEXTID	Text ID	10	0015REF	R
TXTDT	Text Date & Time	14	DDHHMMSSZMONYY	R
TXTITL	Text Title	80	Product accuracy evaluation (shear) text	0
TSCLAS	Text Security Classification	1	U, C or S	R
TSCODE	Text Codewords	40	Alphanumeric	0
TSCTLH	Text Control and Handling	40	Alphanumeric	0
TSREL	Text Releasing Instructions	40	Alphanumeric	0
TSCAUT	Text Classification Authority	20	Alphanumeric	0
TSCTLN	Text Security Control Number	20	Alphanumeric	0
TSDWNG	Text Security Downgrade	6	9999999 or spaces	0
ENCRYP	Encryption	1	0	R
TXTFMT	Text Format	3	STA	R
TXSHDL	Extended Subheader Data Length	5	00000	R

Note: DPPDB product to product shear in NITF ASCII follows immediately after the subheader.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
TE	Message Part Type	2	TE	R
TEXTID	Text ID	10	0016REF	R
TXTDT	Text Date & Time	14	DDHHMMSSZMONYY	R
TXTITL	Text Title	80	5	0
			information text	
TSCLAS	Text Security	1	U, C or S	R
	Classification			
TSCODE	Text Codewords	40	Alphanumeric	0
TSCTLH	Text Control and	40	Alphanumeric	0
	Handling			
TSREL	Text Releasing	40	Alphanumeric	0
	Instructions			
TSCAUT	Text Classification	20	Alphanumeric	0
	Authority			
TSCTLN	Text Security Control	20	Alphanumeric	0
	Number			
TSDWNG	Text Security	6	999999 or spaces	0
	Downgrade			
ENCRYP	Encryption	1	0	R
TXTFMT	Text Format	3	STA	R
TXSHDL	Extended Subheader	5	00000	R
	Data Length			

TABLE 28. Master product general information text file subheader.

Note: DPPDB Product general information in NITF ASCII follows immediately after the subheader.

TABLE 29. Master product text files subheader fields.

FIELD	DEFINITION
TE	This field shall contain the characters TE to
	identify the subheader as a text subheader.
TEXTID	This field shall contain a valid alphanumeric
	number identifier in the format 1234REF, where:
	1234 is the number identifying the item in this
	file and REF indicates the item is contained in the
	Master Product file.
TXTDT	This field shall contain the time (Zulu) of
	origination of the text in the format
	DDHHMMSSZMONYY where DD is the day of the month
	(01-31), HH is the hour, $(00-23)$, MM is the minute
	(00-59), SS is the second $(00-59)$, the character Z
	is required, MON is the first three characters of
	the month, and YY is the last two digits of the
	year. This field shall contain the title of the text
TXTITL	item.
TSCLAS	This field shall contain a valid value representing
ISCLAS	the classification level of the text item. Valid
	values are: S (=Secret) C (=Confidential) and U (=
	Unclassified).
TSCODE	This field shall contain all spaces to indicator
	that there are no security compartments associated
	with the text item.
TSCTLH	This field shall contain valid security handling
	instructions associated with the text item. A
	valid value is "CL BY:DCI, DECL ON:E.O.12951". If
	this field is all spaces, it shall imply that no
	file control and handling instructions apply.
TSREL	This field shall contain a valid list of countries
	and/or groups of countries to which the text item
	is authorized for release. Valid items are listed
	in Appendix A, Releasability Codes section of this
	document. If this field is the code "XX", it shall
	imply that no file release instructions apply.

TABLE 29. <u>Master product text files subheader fields</u> - Continued.

FIELD	DEFINITION
TSCAUT	This field shall contain a valid identity code of the classification authority for the text item. The code shall be in accordance with the regulations governing the appropriate security channel(s). A valid code is "DCI". If this field is all spaces, it shall imply that no label classification authority applies.
TSCTLN	This field shall contain a valid security control number associated with the text item. The format of the security control number shall be in accordance with the regulations governing the appropriate security channel(s). If this field is all spaces, it shall imply that no text security control number applies.
TSDWNG	This field shall contain a valid indicator designating the point in time at which a declassification or downgrading action is to take place. The valid value is the code "999999" indicating downgrading on E.O. 12951. If this field is all spaces, it shall imply that no security downgrade condition applies to this symbol.
ENCRYP	This field shall contain the value zero (0) to indicate the file is not encrypted.
TXTFMT	This field shall contain a valid three character code of STA to indicate NITF ASCII is the format to be used to display/print the text.
TXSHDL	This field shall contain the value of zero (0) to indicate that no controlled tagged record extensions are included in the image subheader.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
DE	File Part Type	2	DE	R
DESTAG	Unique DES type	25	Controlled	R
	identifier		Extensions	
DESVER	Version of the data	2	01	R
	field definition	_		
DESCLAS	File Security	1	U, C or S	R
DIDCIND	Classification	-		10
DESCODE	File Code words	40	Spaces	0
DESCODE	File Control and	40	Alphanumeric	0
резстри	Handling	40	Alphandmeric	0
DECDEL		10		0
DESREL	File Releasing	40	Alphanumeric	0
DEGGLIE	Instructions	0.0		
DESCAUT	File Classification	20	Alphanumeric	0
	Authority			
DESCTLN	File Security Control	20	Alphanumeric	0
	Number			
DESDWNG	File Security Downgrade	6	999999 or spaces	0
DESOFLW	Overflowed type	6	XHD	С
DESITEM	Data Item Overflow	3	000	С
DESSHL	Length of user-defined	4	0000	R
	subheader fields			
CETAG	Unique Extension Type	6	SISDDA	R
	Identifier			
CEL	Length of CEDATA Field	5		R
CEDATA	User-defined Data	*	Stereo Image	R
			Segment Data	N // TT N T (TT)
	HE CONTROLLED TAG SEGSPA I THE PRODUCT.	S REPE	AIED FOR EVERY SEG	MENT
CETAG	Unique Extension Type	6	SEGSPA	R
CHING	Identifier	Ŭ	BEGBIN	10
CEL	Length of CEDATA Field	5	1-99999	R
CEDATA	User-defined Data	*	Stereo Image	R
			Segment Shear	
			Point Data	
CETAG	Unique Extension Type	6	SSDPDA	R
<u>an</u> .	Identifier		1 00000	
CEL	Length of CEDATA Field	5		R
CEDATA	User-defined Data	~	Stereo Image Segment	R
			Diagnostic Point	
			Data	
NOTE: TH	HE CONTROLLED TAG PTPRAA I	S REPE	ATED FOR EVERY SEG	MENT
	THE PRODUCT.			
CETAG	Unique Extension Type	6	PTPRAA	R
	Identifier			
CEL	Length of CEDATA Field	5	1-99999	R
CEDATA	User-defined Data	*	Segment to	R
			Segment Relative	
			Accuracy Data	

TABLE 30. Data extension subheader.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
CETAG	Unique Extension Type Identifier	6	PPRSDA	R
CEL	Length of CEDATA Field	5	1-99999	R
CEDATA	User-defined Data	*	Product Accuracy (shear) Data	R
CETAG	Unique Extension Type Identifier	6	PSUPDA	R
CEL	Length of CEDATA Field	5	1-99999	R
CEDATA	User-defined Data	*	Product Support Data	R

TABLE 30. Data extension subheader - Continued.

Note: Segment model data, shear point data, diagnostic point data, segment to segment relative accuracy data, product accuracy (shear) data, and product support data follows immediately after subheader. The stereo image segment shear point data is repeated for each segment on the product. The segment to segment relative accuracy data is repeated for each segment on the product.

FIELD	DEFINITION
DE	This field shall contain "DE" to identify the
	subheader as a data extension.
DESTAG	This field shall contain "Controlled Extensions"
	to indicate that controlled extensions overflow
	into this data extension segment.
DESVER	This field shall contain the alphanumeric version
	number of the use of the tag. The version number
	is assigned by the NTB as part of the registration
	process.
DESCLAS	This field shall contain a valid value
	representing the classification level of the
	entire file. Valid values are: S (=Secret)
	C (=Confidential) and U (=Unclassified).
DESCODE	This field shall contain all spaces to indicate
	that there are no security compartments associated
	with the file.
DESCTLH	This field shall contain a valid indicator of the
	security handling instructions associated with the
	file. A valid value is "CL BY:DCI, DECL ON:
	E.O.12951". If this field is all spaces, it shall
	imply no file control and handling instructions
	apply to the file.
DESREL	This field shall contain a valid list of countries
	and/or groups of countries to which the file is
	authorized for release. Valid items are listed in
	Appendix A, Releasability Codes section of this
	document. If this field is the code "XX", it
	shall imply that no file release instructions
	apply.

TABLE 31. Data extension subheader fields.

TABLE 31. Data Extension subheader fields - Continued.

FIELD	DEFINITION
DESCAUT	This field shall contain a valid identity code of the classification authority for the file. The code shall be in accordance with the regulations governing the appropriate security channel(s). A valid code is "DCI". If this field is all spaces, it shall imply no file classification authority applies.
DESCTLN	This field shall contain a valid security control number associated with the file. The format of the security control number shall be in accordance with the regulations governing the appropriate security channel(s). If this field is all spaces, it shall imply no file classification authority applies.
DESDWNG	This field shall contain a valid indicator designating the point in time at which a declassification or downgrading action is to take place. The valid value is the code "999999" indicating downgrading on E. O. 12951. If this field is all spaces, it shall imply no file security downgrade condition applies.
DESOFLW	This field contains XHD to indicate the tagged record extension contained in the segment would have appeared within the XHD field of the NITF header, but there was insufficient space there.
DESITEM	This field is zero (0) since DESOFLW is XHD.
DESSHL	This field is zero (0) since DESTAG is a controlled extension that has no additional subheader fields.
CONTROLLED TA REPEATED FOR	EACH SEGMENT MODEL ON THE PRODUCT.
CETAG	This field shall contain a valid alphanumeric identifier properly controlled with the NTB.
CEL	This field shall contain the length in bytes of the data contained in CEDATA. The Tagged record's length is 11+ CEL.
CEDATA	This field shall contain data of either binary or character data types defined by and formatted according to user specifications.

TABLE 32. Segment model data definition	•
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FIELD	NAME	FORMA T	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
NOTE: ALL MODEL.	FIELDS IN TABLE 32 ARE	_	ED FOR EACH SEC	GMENT
> SISEGID	Segment Model ID	A4	1234	R
> SNACE	Segment Absolute CE (90%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
> SNALE	Segment Absolute LE (90%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
> SNMCE	Segment Mensuration (1 pixel) CE (90%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
> SNMLE	Segment Mensuration (1 pixel) LE (90%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
> EXACERF	Exceeds Absolute CE Rqmt Flag	A1	Alphanumeric (Y/N)	R
> EXALERF	Exceeds Absolute LE Rqmt Flag	A1	Alphanumeric (Y/N)	R
> SNRCE0-1	Segment Relative CEP (0-1 nm) (50%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
> SNRLE0-1	Segment Relative LEP (0-1 nm) (50%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
> SNRCE1-5	Segment Relative CEP (1-5 nm) (50%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
> SNRLE1-5	Segment Relative LEP (1-5 nm) (50%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
> SNRCE5- 15	Segment Relative CEP (5-15 nm) (50%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
> SNRLE5- 15	Segment Relative LEP (5-15 nm) (50%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
> SNRCE15- 30	Segment Relative CEP (15-30 nm) (50%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
> SNRLE15- 30	Segment Relative LEP (15-30 nm) (50%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
> SNRCE>30	Segment Relative CEP (> 30 nm) (50%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
> SNRLE>30	Segment Relative LEP (> 30 nm) (50%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
> EXRCE0-1	Exceeds Relative CEP (0-1 nm) Requirement Flag	A1	Alphanumeric (Y/N)	R
> EXRLE0-1	Exceeds Relative LEP (0-1 nm) Requirement Flag	A1	Alphanumeric (Y/N)	R

FIELD	NAME	FORMAT	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
> EXRCE1-5	Exceeds Relative CEP (1-5 nm) Requirement Flag	A1	Alphanumeric (Y/N)	R
> EXRLE1-5	Exceeds Relative LEP (1-5 nm) Requirement Flag	A1	Alphanumeric (Y/N)	R
> EXRCE5- 15	Exceeds Relative CEP (5-15 nm) Requirement Flag	A1	Alphanumeric (Y/N)	R
> EXRLE5- 15	Exceeds Relative LEP (5-15 nm) Requirement Flag	A1	Alphanumeric (Y/N)	R
> EXRCE15- 30	Exceeds Relative CEP (15-30 nm) Requirement Flag	A1	Alphanumeric (Y/N)	R
> EXRLE15- 30	Exceeds Relative LEP (15-30 nm) Requirement Flag	A1	Alphanumeric (Y/N)	R
> EXRCE>30	Exceeds Relative CEP (> 30 nm) Requirement Flag	A1	Alphanumeric (Y/N)	R
> EXRLE>30	Exceeds Relative LEP (> 30 nm) Requirement Flag	A1	Alphanumeric (Y/N)	R

TABLE 32. Segment model data definition - Continued.

NOTE: A relative accuracy value of zero indicates that data points did not exist during the creation of the DPPDB to calculate the relative accuracy. It does not indicate an error of zero.

TABLE 33. Segment model data field definition.

FIELD	DEFINITION
NOTE: ALL FI MODEL.	ELDS IN TABLE 33 ARE REPEATED FOR EACH SEGMENT
SISEGID	The 12 represents the model number and 34 represents the segment model number within the model.

TABLE 34.	Segment	model	shear	point	data	definition.

FIELD	NAME	FORMAT	VALUE RANGE	TYP
				Е
SISEGID	Segment Model ID	I4	1234	R
NBRSP	Number of Shear Points	12	0-20	R
NOTE: THE	FIELDS LATSS, LONSS, ELVSS,	NBRASS, A	SSID, LATASS,	
	VASS, LATSHR, LONSHR, AND EL EACH SHEAR POINT.	VSHR ARE	REPEATED NBRSP	
> LATSS	Latitude for Stereo	A10	ddmmss.hhX	С
	Segment			
> LONSS	Longitude for Stereo	A11	dddmmss.hhY	С
	Segment			
> ELVSS	Elevation for Stereo	F9.2	±10000.00	С
	Segment		meters	
> NBRASS	Number of Adjacent Stereo	I1	1-3	С
	Segments			
SEGMENT TO	ARE REPEATED NBRASS TIMES F THIS SHEAR POINT.			1
>> ASSID	Adjacent Stereo Segment	I4	1234	C
>> LATASS	Latitude for Adjacent	A10	ddmmss.hhX	С
	Stereo Segment			-
>> LONASS	Longitude for Adjacent	A11	dddmmss.hhY	С
	Stereo Segment			
>> ELVASS	Elevation for Adjacent	F9.2	±10000.00	С
	Stereo Segment		meters	
>> LATSHR	Latitude Shear	F8.2	±100.00	С
			meters	
>> LONSHR	Longitude Shear	F8.2	±100.00	С
			meters	Ŭ
>> ELVSHR	Elevation Shear	F8.2		С
ELVSHK	ELEVALION SNEAL	F0.2	±100.00	
			meters	

TABLE 35. Segment model shear point data fields.

FIELD	DEFINITION
SISEGID	The 12 represents the model number and 34
	represents the segment model number within the
	model.
NBRSP	This field contains the number of shear points
	contained within the segment model (SISEGID).
	LDS LATSS, LONSS, ELVSS, NBRASS, ASSID, LATASS,
LONASS, ELVAS	S, LATSHR, LONSHR, AND ELVSHR ARE REPEATED NBRSP
TIMES FOR EAC	H SHEAR POINT.
> LATSS	The format ddmmss.hhX represents degrees, minutes,
	seconds, and hundredths of seconds of latitude
	with X = N or S for north or south, respectively.
> LONSS	The format dddmmssY represents degrees, minutes,
	seconds, and hundredths of seconds of longitude
	with $Y = E$ or W for east or west, respectively.
> ELVSS	The elevation of the shear point in meters.
> NBRASS	This field contains the number of adjacent stereo
	segments for this shear point.
	LDS ASSID, LATASS, LONASS, ELVASS, LATSHR, LONSHR,
	E REPEATED NBRASS TIMES FOR EACH ADJACENT STEREO
	IS SHEAR POINT.
>> ASSID	The 12 represents the model number and 34
	represents the segment model number for the
	adjacent stereo segment.
>> LATASS	The format ddmmss.hhX represents degrees, minutes,
	seconds, and hundredths of seconds of latitude
	with X = N or S for north or south, respectively.
>> LONASS	The format dddmmssY represents degrees, minutes,
	seconds, and hundredths of seconds of longitude
	with Y = E or W for east or west, respectively.
>> ELVSS	The elevation of the shear point in the adjacent
	stereo equipment in meters.
>> LATSHR	This field contains the latitude shear between the
	two points.
>> LONSHR	This field contains the longitude shear between
	the two points.
>> ELVSHR	This field contains the elevation shear between
	the two points.

ጥ እ ወ ፣	Segment model	diagnostia	noint	data	definition
IABLE 30.	Sequent model		point	uala	aerinition.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
	DS SISEGID and NBRDP REPE	~		1166
> SISEGID	Segment Model ID	A4	1234	R
> NBRDP	Number of Diagnostic	12	0-99	R
-	Points			
	DS LATDP, LONDP, ELVDP, > EAT NBRDP TIMES AS A GROU			
>> LATDP	Latitude of Diagnostic Point	A10	ddmmss.hhX	С
>> LONDP	Longitude of Diagnostic Point	A11	dddmmss.hhY	С
>> ELVDP	Elevation of Diagnostic Point	F9.2	±10000.00 meters	С
>> XICLDP	X Image Coordinate of Left Image Segment	F11.2	±100000.00 pixels	С
>> YICLDP	Y Image Coordinate of Left Image Segment	F11.2	±100000.00 pixels	С
>> XICRDP	X Image Coordinate of Right Image Segment	F11.2	±100000.00 pixels	С
>> YICRDP	Y Image Coordinate of Right Image Segment	F11.2	±100000.00 pixels	С

TABLE 37. <u>Segment model diagnostic point data field</u> definition.

FIELD	DEFINITION
NOTE: FIELDS	SISEGID and NBRDP REPEAT FOR EACH SEGMENT MODEL.
> SISEGID	The 12 represents the model number and 34 represents the segment model number within the model.
> NBRDP	This field shall contain the number of diagnostic points in this segment model.
	LATDP, LONDP, ELVDP, XICLDP, YICLDP, XICRDP, and 'NBRDP TIMES AS A GROUP FOR EACH DIAGNOSTIC
> LATDP	The format ddmmss.hhX represents degrees, minutes, seconds, and hundredths of seconds of latitude with X = N or S for north or south, respectively.
> LONDP	The format dddmmssY represents degrees, minutes, seconds, and hundredths of seconds of longitude with Y = E or W for east or west, respectively.

FIELD	NAME	FORMA T	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
SISEGID	Segment Model ID	A4	1234	R
SNACE	Segment Absolute CE (90%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
SNALE	Segment Absolute LE (90%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
SNMCE	Segment Mensuration (1 pixel) CE (90%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
SNMLE	Segment Mensuration (1 pixel) LE (90%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
EXACERF	Exceeds Absolute CE Rqmt Flag. Y means the accuracy of this DPPDB data exceeds the accuracy requirement for its intended use.	Al	Alphanumeric (Y/N)	R
EXALERF	Exceeds Absolute LE Rqmt Flag. Y means the accuracy of this DPPDB data exceeds the accuracy requirement for its intended use.	Al	Alphanumeric (Y/N)	R
NBRSEG	Number of remaining segments relative accuracy	13	0-999	R
	FOLLOWING FIELDS ARE REPEA EACH REMAINING SEGMENT.	TED NBR	SEG TIMES AS A	
> RASEGID	Stereo image segment ID	A4	1234	R
> SNRCE0- 1	Segment Relative CEP (0-1 nm) (50%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
> SNRLE0- 1	Segment Relative LEP (0-1 nm) (50%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
> SNRCE1- 5	Segment Relative CEP (1-5 nm) (50%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
> SNRLE1- 5	Segment Relative LEP (1-5 nm) (50%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
> SNRCE5- 15	Segment Relative CEP (5-15 nm) (50%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
> SNRLE5- 15	Segment Relative LEP (5-15 nm) (50%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R

TABLE 38. Segment to segment relative accuracy data definition.

> SNRCE15- 30	Segment Relative CEP (15-30 nm) (50%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
> SNRLE15- 30	· · · · · · ·	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
> SNRCE>30	Segment Relative CEP (> 30 nm) (50%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
> SNRLE>30	Segment Relative LEP (> 30 nm) (50%)	F8.2	0-100.00 meters	R
> EXRCE0-1	Exceeds Relative CEP (0-1 nm) Requirement Flag. Y means the accuracy of this DPPDB data exceeds the accuracy requirement for its intended use.	Al	Alphanumeric (Y/N)	R
> EXRLE0-1	Exceeds Relative LEP (0-1 nm) Requirement Flag. Y means the accuracy of this DPPDB data exceeds the accuracy requirement for its intended use.	Al	Alphanumeric (Y/N)	R

TABLE 38.Segment to segment relative accuracy data
definition - Continued.

FIELD	NAME	FORMAT	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
> EXRCE1-5	Exceeds Relative CEP (1-5 nm) Requirement Flag	A1	Alphanumeric (Y/N)	R
> EXRLE1-5	Exceeds Relative LEP (1-5 nm) Requirement Flag	A1	Alphanumeric (Y/N)	R
> EXRCE5-15	Exceeds Relative CEP (5-15 nm) Requirement Flag	A1	Alphanumeric (Y/N)	R
> EXRLE5-15	Exceeds Relative LEP (5-15 nm) Requirement Flag	A1	Alphanumeric (Y/N)	R
> EXRCE15-30	Exceeds Relative CEP (15-30 nm) Requirement Flag	A1	Alphanumeric (Y/N)	R
> EXRLE15-30	Exceeds Relative LEP (15-30 nm) Requirement Flag	A1	Alphanumeric (Y/N)	R
> EXRCE>30	Exceeds Relative CEP (> 30 nm) Requirement Flag	A1	Alphanumeric (Y/N)	R
> EXRLE>30	Exceeds Relative LEP (> 30 nm) Requirement Flag	A1	Alphanumeric (Y/N)	R

TABLE 38. Segment to segment relative accuracy data <u>definition</u> - Continued.

NOTE: A relative accuracy value of zero indicates that data points did not exist during the creation of the DPPDB to calculate the relative accuracy. It does not indicate an error of zero.

TABLE 39.	Segment to	segment	relative	accuracy	data	field
	definition					

FTELD	DEFINITION
SISEGID	The 12 represents the model number and 34 represents the segment model number within the model. NOTE: The fields describe the relative image accuracy. The relative accuracy is repeated for SISEGID to all other segment models in the DPPDB including itself.
NBRSEG	This field is the remaining segment models to be reported. For the first group, this field equals the total number of segment models. It is decremented by 1 for each succeeding group
RASEGID	This field represents the segment model that the SISEGID segment is being compared with to get the relative accuracy being reported. The 12 represents the model number and 34 the stereo segment number within the model.
EXACERF EXALERF EXRCE0-1 EXRCE1-5 EXRCE1-5 EXRCE5-15 EXRCE15-30 EXRCE15-30 EXRCE30 EXRCE30	The fields which are requirement flags for the accuracy circular and linear error, provide an immediate assessment of the DPPDB's match to the accuracies required by the intended targeting system. Y means the accuracy values are better than the accuracies required. N means the accuracies are not sufficient for the capabilities of the intended targeting system. This information is derived from classified annex.

Table 40. Product accuracy (shear) data definition

FIELD	NAME	Format	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
PRODID	Product ID	A9	D12345678	R
NBRPSP	Number of product shear	I3	0-450	R
	points			
NOTE: THE FO	OLLOWING FIELDS ARE REPEAT	FED NBRPS	SP TIMES AS A GR	JUP
FOR EACH PRO	ODUCT SHEAR POINT.			
> LATPSP	Latitude for point	A10	ddmmss.hhX	С
> LONGPSP	Longitude for point	A11	dddmmss.hhX	C
> ELEVPSP	Elevation for point	F9.2	+/- 10000.00 m	C
> NBRAPR	Number of adjacent	I1	1-3	C
	products			
NOTE: THE FO	OLLOWING FIELDS ARE REPEAT	FED NBRAI	PR TIMES AS A GR	OUP
FOR EACH AD	JACENT DPPDB PRODUCT.			
>> APROID	Adjacent product ID	A9	D12345678	C
>> ALATPSP	Latitude for adjacent	A10	ddmmss.hhX	C
	point			
>>	Longitude for adjacent	A11	dddmmss.hhX	С
ALONGPSP	point			
>>	Elevation for adjacent	F9.2	+/- 10000.00 m	С
AELEVPSP	point			
>> LATSHR	Latitude shear	F8.2	+/- 100.00 m	С
>> LONGSHR	Longitude shear	F8.2	+/- 100.00	С
			meters	
>> ELEVSHR	Elevation shear	F8.2	+/- 100.00	С
			meters	

TABLE 41. Product accuracy (shear) data fields

FIELD	DEFINITION
PRODID	This field shall contain the DPPDB product ID.
NBRPSP	This field shall contain the number of shear
	points for this product (PRODID).
NOTE: THE FO	DLLOWING FIELDS ARE REPEATED NBRPSP TIMES AS A
GROUP FOR EA	ACH PRODUCT SHEAR POINT.
> LATPSP	This field shall contain the latitude of the shear
	point as ddmmss.hhX, degrees, minutes, and
	seconds; X= N(orth) or S(outh).
> LONGPSP	This field shall contain the longitude of the
	shear point as dddmmss.hhX, degrees, minutes, and
	seconds; X= E(ast) or W(est).
> ELEVPSP	This field shall contain the elevation of the
	shear point in meters.
> NBRAPR	This field shall contain the number of adjacent
	DPPDB products.

TABLE 41. Product accuracy (shear) data fields - Continued.

FIELD	DEFINITION		
NOTE: THE FO	DLLOWING FIELDS ARE REPEATED NBRAPR TIMES AS A		
GROUP FOR EA	ACH ADJACENT DPPDB PRODUCT.		
>> APROID	This field shall contain the DPPDB product ID of		
	the adjacent DPPDB.		
>> ALATPSP	This field shall contain the latitude of the shear		
	point as ddmmss.hhX, and is as previously defined		
>>	This field shall contain the longitude of the		
ALONGPSP	shear point as dddmmss.hhX, and is as previously		
	defined		
>>	This field shall contain the elevation of the		
AELEVPSP	shear point in meters		
>> LATSHR	This field shall contain the shear between the		
(1)	latitude points		
>> LONGSHR	This field shall contain the shear between the		
(1)	longitude points		
>> ELEVSHR	This field shall contain the shear between the		
(1)	elevation points		

NOTES: (1) See classified annex for product shear quality.

TABLE 42.	Product	support	data	definition.
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FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
HDS	Horiz. Datum Specifier	A16	WGS 84	R
VDS	Vertical Datum Specifier	A16	WGS 84	R
NBRGSP	Number of Geoid	I3	16-117	R
	Separation Points			
NOTE: THE	FIELDS LATGS, LONGS, AND	GEOSEP	ARE REPEATED NBR	GSP
TIMES AS	TIMES AS A GROUP FOR EACH GEOID SEPARATION POINT.			
> LATGS	Latitude of Geoid A10 ddmmss.hhX C		С	
	Separation			
> LONGS	Longitude of Geoid	A11	dddmmss.hhY	С
	Separation			
> GEOSEP	Geoid Separation	F7.1	±1000.0 meters	С

TABLE 43. Product support data field definition.

FIELD	DEFINITION
HDS	This field shall contain WGS 84 indicating the
	horizontal datum used.
VDS	This field shall contain WGS 84 indicating the
	vertical datum used.
NBRGSP	This field shall contain the number of geoid
	separation points defined for the rectangle. The
	geoid separation points form a rectangular grid.
	The first grid point is the southwest corner of
	the grid. The points are then ordered west to
	east, and then south to north. The last grid
	point is the northeast corner of the grid. The
	fields LATGS and LONGS contain a valid geographic
	location of a geoid separation point.
	LDS LATGS, LONGS, AND GEOSEP ARE REPEATED NBRGSP
	OUP FOR EACH GEOID SEPARATION POINT.
> LATGS	The format ddmmss.hhX represents degrees,
	minutes, seconds, and hundredths of seconds of
	latitude with $X = N$ or S for north or south,
	respectively.
> LONGS	The format dddmmss.hhY represents degrees,
	minutes, seconds, and hundredths of seconds of
	longitude with Y=E or W for east or west,
	respectively.
> GEOSEP	The field shall contain the geoid separation for
	the geoid separation point.

TABLE 44. $\underline{\text{APP}}_{\underline{6}}$ application data segment.

Offset	Field Value	Field Name	Length (by)	Comments
0	OXFFE6	APP ₆	2	NITF application data marker
2	25	Lp	2	Segment length (2+length of application data)
4	0x4E49 ox5446 0x00	Identifier	5	Zero terminated string; "NITF"
9	0x0200	Version	2	Version number. Current version is 2.0
11	0-x42	IMODE	1	Image Format. Three values are defined: 'B' - IMODE=B 'P' - IMODE=P 'S' - IMODE=S
12	1-9999	Н	2	Number of image blocks per row
14	1-9999	V	2	Number of image blocks per column
16	0	Image Color	1	Original image color representation: 0 - monochrome 1 - RGB
17	8	Image Bits	1	Original image sample precision
18	0	Image Class	1	Image data class: 0 - general purpose

TABLE 44. <u>APP₆ application data segment</u> - Continued.

Offset	Field	Field Name	Length	Comments
ULISEL	Value	FIELG Name	-	Collinents
1.0		TDEC	(by)	IDEC and in a second second
19	1	JPEG Process	1	JPEG coding process: 1 - Baseline sequential DCT, Huffman coding, 8- bit sample precision 2 - extended sequential DCT, Huffman coding, 12- bit sample precision
20	0	Quality	1	Image default quantization tables used. Values 1-5 select a specific table. The value 0 indicates no defaults and all quantization tables must be present in the JPEG stream
21	0	Stream Color	1	Compressed color representation 0 - monochrome 1 - RGB 2 - YCbCr601
22	8	Stream Bits	1	Compressed image sample precision
23	1	Horizontal Filtering	1	This field specifies the filtering used: 1 - Centered samples
24	1	Vertical Filtering	1	This field specifies the filtering used: 1 - Centered samples
25	0	Flags	2	Reserved for future use

Offset	Field	Field Name	length	Comments
	Value		(by)	
0	OXFFE7	APP ₇	2	NITF directory segment
		-		marker
2	4N+5	L _p	2	Segment length (2+length
		Ľ		of application data). N
				must be less than 65536.
4	ox52	directory	1	'R' for restart interval
		type		directory
5		Ν	2	Number of directory
				entries. Note 0 is not
				allowed. Maximum value
				of N(16382) maximizes L_p
				at 65533
7		lst Offset	4	Offset to first element
				in this directory
				(restart interval)
11		2nd offset	4	Offset to second
				element in this
				directory
4N+3		Last	4	Offset to last element
		offset		in directory

TABLE 45. NITF APP7 directory segments.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
FHDR	File Type & Version	9	NITF02.00	R
CLEVEL	Compliance Level	2	02-06	R
STYPE	System Type	4	Spaces	0
OSTAID	Originating Station ID	10	NIMA	R
FDT	File Date & Time	14	DDHHMMSSZMONYY	R
FTITLE	File Title	80	DPPDB Overview	0
			Segment Image 1234XY	
FSCLAS	File Security Classification	1	U, C or S	R
FSCODE	File Codewords	40	Spaces	0
FSCTLH	File Control and Handling	40	Alphanumeric	0
FSREL	File Releasing Instructions	40	Alphanumeric	0
FSCAUT	File Classification Authority	20	Alphanumeric	0
FSCTLN	File Security Control #	20	±	0
FSDWNG	File Security Downgrade	6	999999 or spaces	0
FSCOP	Message Copy Number	5	00000	0
FSCPYS	Message Number of Copies	5	00000	0
ENCRYP	Encryption	1	0	R
ONAME	Originator's Name	27	NIMA	0
OPHONE	Originator's Phone Number	18	Spaces	0
FL	File Length	12	388-9999999999999	R
HL	NITF File Header Length	6	388-276380	R
NUMI	Number of Images	3	001	R
LISH001	Length of segment image overview, image overview, Image Subheader	6	0-111000	С
LI001	Length of segment image overview	10	0-9999999999	C
NUMS	Number of Symbols	3	007	R
LSSH001	Length of segment image, Image Subheader	4	0-7000	С
LS001	Length of DPPDB stock number text Symbol	б	0-999999	C
LSSH002	Length of classification (top display) text Symbol Subheader	4	0-7000	C
LS002	Length of classification text Symbol	б	0-999999	C
LSSH003	Length of classification (bottom display) text Symbol Subheader	4	0-7000	С

TABLE 46. Overview segment image file header definition.

TABLE 46.	Overview segment	image file	header	definition
	- Continued.			

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
LS003	Length of classification text Symbol	6	0-999999	С
LSSH004	Length of handling instructions text Symbol Subheader	4	0-7000	С
LS004	Length of handling instructions text label Symbol	6	0-999999	С
LSSH005	Length of classification authority and downgrading instructions text Symbol Subheader	4	0-7000	C
LS005	Length of classification authority and downgrading instructions text Symbol	6	0-999999	C
LSSH006	Length of model ID text Symbol Subheader	4	0-7000	С
LS006	Length of model ID text Symbol	6	0-999999	С
LSSH007	Length of image number Symbol Subheader	4	0-7000	С
LS007	Length of image number text label Symbol	б	0-999999	С
NUML	Number of Labels	3	000	R
NUMT	Number of Text Files	3	000	R
NUMDES	Number of Data Extension Segments	3	000	R
NUMRES	Number of Reserved Extension Segments	3	000	R
UDHDL	User-Defined Header Data Length	5	00000	R
XHDL	Extended Header Data Length	5	00000	R

* As indicated in REL field.

TABLE 47. Overview segment image file header fields.

FIELD	DEFINITION
FHDR	An NITF ASCII character string of the form NITF 02.00, which indicates this file is formatted using version 2.0 of the NITF standard.
CLEVEL	This field shall contain a compliance level from 02 to 06 and indicates the NITF system compliance level required to interpret fully all components of this file. The certification requirements are established in JIEO Circular 9008, NITFS Certification Test and Evaluation Program Plan and are based on the size of the image.
STYPE	System type or capability. This field is reserved for future use by the NITF standard and shall be filled with spaces (NITF ASCII 32, decimal).
OSTAID	This field shall contain the identification code of the originating station.
FDT	This field shall contain the time (Zulu) of origination of the file in the format DDHHMMSSZMONYY where DD is the day of the month (01-31), HH is the hour, (00-23), MM is the minute (00-59), SS is the second (00-59), the character Z is required, MON is the first three characters of the month; and YY is the last two digits of the year.
FTITLE	This field shall contain the title of the NITF file. The title shall contain the segment image ID contained in the file and shall be a six-digit alphanumeric of the form 1234XY; where 12 is the stereo model number, 34 is the stereo segment number within the model, X is either the L (=Left) or R (=Right) stereo image, and Y is either O (=Overview) or F (=Full resolution) to identify the type of image. Stereo models shall be numbered consecutively, beginning with the northwest corner of the DPPDB area. The numbering shall then be continued from west to east and north to south for each stereo model in the DPPDB rectangle coverage. Each stereo model is divided into smaller stereo segments and these segments are then numbered consecutively, beginning with one on the west side of each model.
FSCLAS	This field shall contain a valid value representing the classification level of the entire file. Valid values are: S (=Secret) C (=Confidential) and U (=Unclassified).
FSCODE	This field shall contain all spaces to indicate that no codewords apply to the file.
FSCTLH	This field shall contain a valid indicator of the security handling instructions associated with the file. A valid value is "CL BY:DCI, DECL ON:E.O.12951". If this field is all spaces, it shall imply that no file control and handling instructions apply to the file.

TABLE 47.	Overview	segment	image	file	header	fields	_	Continued.
· ·	01011101	005110110	±11101-5-0	C	TTCCCCT	T T C T C D		00110111000.

FIELD	DEFINITION
FSREL	This field shall contain a valid list of countries
I DIULL	and/or groups of countries to which the file is
	authorized for release. Valid items are listed in
	Appendix A, Releasability Codes section of this
	document. If this field is the code "XX", it shall
	imply that no file release instructions apply.
FSCAUT	This field shall contain a valid identity code of the
FSCAUI	classification authority for the file. The code shall
	be in accordance with the regulations governing the
	appropriate security channel(s). A valid code is
DOODT N	file classification authority applies.
FSCTLN	This field shall contain a valid security control
	number associated with the file. The format of the
	security control number shall be in accordance with the
	regulations governing the appropriate security
	channel(s). If this field is all spaces, it shall
Babinia	imply no file classification authority applies.
FSDWNG	This field shall contain a valid indicator that
	designates the point in time at which a
	declassification or downgrading action is to take
	place. The valid value is the code "9999999" indicating
	downgrading on E.O. 12951. If this field is all
	spaces, it shall imply that no file security downgrade
	condition applies.
FSCOP	This field shall contain the copy number of the file.
FSCPYS	This field shall contain the total number of copies of the file.
ENCRYP	This field shall contain the value zero (0) to indicate
	the file is not encrypted.
ONAME	This field shall contain a valid name for the
	organization that originated the file.
OPHONE	This field, if not all spaces, shall contain a valid
	phone number for the operator who originated the file.
	If the field is all spaces, it shall mean that no phone
	number is available for the operator assigned
	responsibility for origination.
FL	This field shall contain the length in bytes of the
	entire DPPDB overview or full resolution segment image
	file including all headers, subheaders, and data. The
	value of this field never shall be zero (0).
HL	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes of the
	NITE file header. The value of this field never shall
	be zero (0).

TABLE 47. Overview segment image file header fields - Continued.

FIELD	DEFINITION
NUMI	This field shall contain the number one (1) to indicate a single image in the file, either an overview segment image or full resolution segment image.
LISH001	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the subheader of the image in the file.
LIO01	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes of the image.
NUMS	This field shall contain the number seven (7) to indicate the number of separate symbols included in the file.
LSSH001	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the subheader of the first symbol in the file; i.e., the DPPDB stock number.
LS001	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the first symbol.
LSSH002	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the subheader of the second symbol in the file; i.e., the classification at the top of the display.
LS002	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the second symbol.
LSSH003	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the subheader of the third symbol in the file; i.e., the classification at the bottom of the display.
LS003	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the third symbol.
LSSH004	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the subheader of the fourth symbol in the file; i.e., the handling instructions at the bottom of the display.
LS004	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the fourth symbol.
LSSH005	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the subheader of the fifth symbol in the file; i.e., the classification authority and downgrading instructions at the bottom right of the display.
LS005	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the fifth symbol.
LSSH006	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the subheader of the sixth symbol in the file; i.e., the model number of the form 12; where 12 represents the model number within the product (rectangle) and displays at the top left of the display.
LS006	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the sixth symbol.

TABLE 47. Overview segment image file header fields - Continued.

FIELD	DEFINITION
LSSH007	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the subheader of the seventh symbol in the file; i.e., the image number of the form 34X; where 34 represents the stereo segment number within the stereo model and X represents the L (=Left) or R (=Right) image of the stereo pair (segment) and displays at the top left of the display.
LS007	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the seventh symbol.
NUML	This field shall contain the number zero (0) to indicate that there are no labels defined in the file.
NUMT	This field shall contain the number zero (0) to indicate there are no text items included in the file.
NUMDES	This field shall be zero (0) since there are no data extension segments included in the file.
NUMRES	This field shall be zero (0) since there are no reserved extension segments is defined.
UDHDL	This field shall contain the value zero (0) to indicate that there are no UDHDs included in this file.
XHDL	This field shall contain the value of zero (0) since there are no controlled tagged record extensions included in this file.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
IM	File Part Type	2	IM	R
IID	Image ID	10	1234XY	R
IDATIM	Image Date & Time	14	DDHHMMSSZMONYY	0
TGTID	Target ID	17	Spaces	0
ITITLE	Image Title	80	DPPDB Image 1234XY	0
ISCLAS	Image Security Classification	1	U, C or S	R
ISCODE	Image Codewords	40	Spaces	0
ISCTLH	Image Control and Handling	40	Alphanumeric	0
ISREL	Image Releasing Instructions	40	Alphanumeric	0
ISCAUT	Image Classification Authority	20	Alphanumeric	0
ISCTLN	Image Security Control Number	20	Alphanumeric	0
ISDWNG	Image Security Downgrade	6	9999999 or spaces	0
ENCRYP	Encryption	1	0	R
ISORCE	Image Source	42	NIMA	0
NROWS	Number of Significant Rows of pixels in the Image	8	0-99999999	R
NCOLS	Number of Significant Columns of pixels in the Image	8	0-99999999	R
PVTYPE	Pixel Value Type	3	INT	R
IREP	Image Representation	8	MONO	R
ICAT	Image Class	8	VIS	R
ABPP	Actual Bits-Per- Pixel Per Band	2	08	0
PJUST	Pixel Justification	1	R	R
ICORDS	Image Coordinate System	1	G	R
IGEOLO	Image Geographic Location	60	ddmmssXdddmmssY (four times)	C
NICOM	Number of Image Comments	1	0	R

TABLE 48. Overview segment image subheader definition.

TABLE 48. Overview segment image subheader definition - Continued.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
IC	Image Compression	2	C3	R
COMRAT	Compression Rate Code	4	00.0	C
NBANDS	Number of Bands	1	1	R
IREPBAND1	1 st Band Representation	2	Spaces	R
ISUBCAT1	1 st Band Significance for Image	6	5 Spaces	
IFC1	1 st Band Image Filter Condition	1	N	R
IMFLT1	1 st Band Standard Image Filter Code	3	Spaces	R
NLUTS1	1 st Band Number of LUTS	1	0	R
ISYNC	Image Sync Code	1	0	R
IMODE	Image Mode	1	В	R
NBPR	Number of Blocks Per Row	4	1-9999	R
NBPC	Number of Blocks Per Column	4	1-9999	R
NPPBH	Number of Pixels Per Block Horizontal	4	1024	R
NPPBV	Number of Pixels Per Block Vertical	4	4 1024	
NBPP	Number of Bits Per Pixel Per Band	2	2 08	
IDLVL	Display Level	3	001	R
IALVL	Attachment Level	3	000	R
ILOC	Image Location	10	000000000	R
IMAG	Image Magnification	4	4 / 8	
UDIDL	User Defined Image Data Length	5	00000	
IXSHDL	Extended Subheader Data Length	5	00000-99999	
IXSOFL	Extended Subheader Overflow	3	000 H	
CETAG	Unique extension type identifier	6	5 IMCBDA	
CEL	Length of CEDATA field	5	1-99999	R

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
CEDATA	User-defined data	*	Segment Image Compressed Blocks Directory	R
CETAG	Unique extension type identifier	б	IMASDA	R
CEL	Length of CEDATA field	5	1-99999	R
CEDATA	User defined data	*	Segment Image Support Data	R
CETAG	Unique extension type identifier	6	IMRFCA	R
CEL	Length of CEDATA field	5	1-99999	R
CEDATA	User defined data	*	Segment Image Rational Function Coefficients	R

TABLE 48. Overview segment image subheader definition - Continued.

Note: The segment image compressed blocks directory, segment image support data, segment image rational function coefficients. and the compressed overview segment image shall follow immediately after the subheader file.

TABLE 49. Overview segment image subheader field definition

FIELD	DEFINITION
IM	This field shall contain the characters IM to
	identify the subheaders as an image subheader.
IID	This field shall contain the image ID contained in
	the file and shall be a six-digit alphanumeric of
	the form 1234XY; where 12 is the stereo model
	number, 34 is the stereo segment number within the
	model, X is either the L (=Left) or R (=Right)
	stereo image to identify the stereo segment image,
	and Y is either O (=Overview) or F (=Full
	resolution) to identify the type of image. Stereo
	models shall be numbered consecutively, beginning
	with the northwest corner of the DPPDB area. The
	numbering shall then be continued from west to east
	and north to south for each stereo model in the
	DPPDB rectangle coverage. Each stereo model is
	divided into smaller stereo images and these
	segments are then numbered consecutively, beginning
	with one on the west side of each model.
IDATIM	This field shall contain the time (Zulu) of
	acquisition of the image in the format
	DDHHMMSSZMONYY, where: DD is the day of the month
	(01-31); HH is the hour (00-23); MM is the minute
	(00-59); SS is the second (00-59); the character Z
	is required; MON is the first three characters of
	the month; and YY is the last two digits of the
	year.
TGTID	This field shall contain the identification of the
	primary target in the format, BBBBBBBBBBFFFFFCC,
	consisting of ten characters of BE (Basic
	Encyclopedia) identifier followed by five characters
	of functional category code followed by the two
	character country code as specified in FIPS PUB 10-
	3.
ITITLE	This field shall contain the title of the image.
	The title shall contain the image ID as described in
	Image ID (IID) field.
ISCLAS	This field shall contain a valid value representing
	the classification level of the image. Valid values
	are: S (=Secret) C (=Confidential) and U
	(=Unclassified).
ISCODE	This field shall contain all spaces to indicate that
	no codewords apply to the image.
ISCTLH	This field shall contain a valid indicator of the
	security handling instructions associated with the
	file. A valid value is "CL BY:DCI, DECL ON:
	E.O.12951". If this field is all spaces, it shall
	imply that no file control and handling instructions
	apply to the file.
	appri co que tite.

TABLE 49. Overview segment image subheader field definition - Continued.

FIELD	DEFINITION
ISREL	This field shall contain NF (NOFORN) or a valid list of countries and/or groups of countries to which the image is authorized for release. Valid items are listed in Appendix A, Releasability Codes section of this document. If this field is the code "XX", it shall imply that no file release instructions apply.
ISCAUT	This field shall contain a valid identity code of the classification authority for the image. The code shall be in accordance with the regulations governing the appropriate security channel(s). A valid code is "DCI". If this field is all spaces, it shall imply that no image classification authority applies.
ISCTLN	This field shall contain a valid security control number associated with the image. The format of the security control number shall be in accordance with the regulations governing the appropriate security channel(s). If this field is all spaces, it shall imply that no image security control number applies.
ISDWNG	This field shall contain a valid indicator that designates the point in time at which a declassification or downgrading action is to take place. The valid value is the code "999999" indicating the downgrading on E.O. 12951. If this field is all spaces, it shall imply that no file security downgrade condition applies.
ENCRYP	This field shall contain the value zero (0) to indicate the file is not encrypted.
ISORCE	This field shall contain a description of the source of the image. Valid data is alphanumeric text.
NROWS	This field shall contain the total number of rows of significant pixels in the image. All rows indexed 0 through NROWS - 1 of the image contain "significant" data.
NCOLS	This field shall contain the total number of columns of significant pixels in the image. All rows indexed 0 through NCOLS - 1 of the image contain "significant" data.
PVTYPE	This field shall contain the indicator INT for integer to indicate the type of computer representation used for the value for each pixel for each band in the image.

TABLE 49. Overview segment image subheader field definition - Continued.

FIELD	DEFINITION
IREP	This field shall contain a valid indicator of MONO to indicate the general kind of image represented by the data. This field should be used in conjunction with the ICAT, ISUBCATNN and IREPBANDNN fields to interpret the significance of each band in the image.
ICAT	This field shall contain a valid indicator of VIS to indicate the specific category of visible imagery. This field should be used in conjunction with the IREP, ISUBCATNN, and IREPBANDNN fields to interpret the significance of each band in the image.
ABPP	This field shall contain the number eight (8).
PJUST	This field shall be set to R as per JIEO Circular 9008.
ICORDS	This field shall contain a valid code of G=Geodetic (Geographic), indicating the geo-referenced coordinate system for the image.
IGEOLO	This field shall contain a valid geographic location, in terms of corner locations, of the image in the coordinate system specified in the ICORDS field. The locations of the four corners of the (significant) image data shall be given in image coordinate order: (0,0), (0,MaxCol), (MaxRow, MaxCol), and (MaxRow,0). MaxCol and MaxRow shall be determined from the values contained, respectively, in NCOLS and NROWS as MaxCol = NCOLS - 1 and MaxRow = NROWS - 1. Valid corner locations in geodetic coordinates shall be expressed as latitude and longitude. The format ddmmssX represents degrees, minutes, and seconds of latitude with X = N or S for north or south, and dddmmssY represents degrees, minutes, and seconds of longitude with Y=E or W for east or west, respectively.
NICOM	This field shall contain the number zero (0) to indicate there are no free text image comments.
IC	This field shall contain the code C3 to mean JPEG indicating the form of compression used in representing the image data. The definitions of the compression scheme associated with code C3 is given MIL-STD-188-198.

TABLE 49.	Overview	segment	image	subheader	field	definition
	- Continu	ued.				

FIELD	DEFINITION
COMRAT	This field shall contain a code indicating the
	compression rate for the image. This field is used
	to identify the default quantization table(s) used
	by the JPEG compression algorithm. In this case,
	the format of this field is XX.Y, where XX is the
	image data type (00=general purpose, 01 through 99
	are reserved by the NITF standard) and Y represents
	the quality level 0 through 5. Explanation of these
	codes can be found in MIL-STD-188-198. Note: This
	code is a default and is not used. The DQT (Define
	Quantization Table) marker (see JPEG header in MIL-
	STD-188-198) is present in the JPEG header of each
	block and the Quantization Table specification is
	present.
NBANDS	This field shall contain the number one (1) to
	indicate there is one band comprising the image.
	This field and the IREP field are interrelated and
	independent of the IMODE field. The corresponding
	values for (IREP, NBANDS) are (MONO, 1).
IREBAND1	This field shall contain all spaces.
ISUBCAT1	This field shall contain all spaces.
IFC1	This field shall contain the value N (to mean none).
	Other values are reserved for future use.
IMFLT1	This field is reserved for future use. It shall be
	filled with spaces.
NLUTS1	This field shall contain the number zero (0) to
	indicate there are no look-up tables associated with
	the 1st band of the image.
ISYNC	This field shall contain "0" for JPEG compression.
	(JPEG has its own internal mechanism for
	resynchronization.)
IMODE	This field shall contain an indicator B to indicate
	the image bands are interleaved by block. This
	means that within each block the bands follow one
	another., [(block1, band1), (block1, band2),
	(block1, bandN)], [(block2, band1), (block2, band1),
	(block2, bandN)], [(blockM, band1), (blockM,
	band2), (blockM, bandN)].
NBPR	This field shall contain the number of image blocks
	in a row of blocks in the horizontal direction.
NBPC	This field shall contain the number of image blocks
	in a column of blocks in the vertical direction.
NPPBH	This field shall contain the number of pixels
	horizontally in each block of the image.
NPPBV	This field shall contain the number of pixels
	vertically in each block of the image.

TABLE 49.	Overview	segment	image	subheader	field	definition
	- Continu	ed.				

FIELD	DEFINITION
NBPP	This field shall contain the number eight to
	indicate the number of storage bits used for the
	value from each component of a pixel vector.
IDLVL	This field shall contain the value 001 to indicate
	the graphic display level of the image relative to
	other displayed file components in a composite
	display. The meaning of display level is fully
IALVL	discussed in MIL-STD-2500. This field shall contain the value 000 to indicate
ТАПАТ	the attachment level of this image. The meaning of
	attachment level is fully discussed in MIL-STD-2500.
ILOC	This field shall contain the value of zero (0) for
THOC	the row and column offsets to indicate the image
	location is not offset. This field contain the image
	location represented as rrrrrccccc, where rrrrr and
	ccccc are the row and column offset from the ILOC
	value of the item to which the image is attached.
IMAG	This field shall contain the magnification value of
	/8 indicating the overview segment image has a
	magnification factor of 1/8 relative to the original full resolution segment image.
UDIDL	This field shall contain the value of zero to
	indicate that no registered tagged record extensions
	are included in the image subheader.
IXSHDL	
TXSHDL	This field shall contain the length in bytes of the entire IXSHD field. The length is (3) plus the sum
	of the lengths of all the controlled tagged record
	extensions appearing in the IXSHD field, since they
	are not separated from one another.
IXSOFL	This field shall be 000 to indicate that there is no
	field overflow into a DES.
	THE FOLLOWING THREE FIELD DEFINITIONS APPLIES TO ALL
	CONTROLLED TAGGED RECORD EXTENSIONS.
CETAG	This field shall contain a valid alphanumeric
	identifier properly controlled with the NTB.
CEL	This field shall contain the length in bytes of the
	data contained in CEDATA. The tagged record's
	length is 11 + CEL.
CEDATA	This field shall contain data of either binary or
CEDATA	character data types defined by and formatted
	according to user specification.
	according to user specification.

TABLE 50.	Overview	segment	image	compressed	blocks	directory
	definitio	on.				

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
	E FOLLOWING FIELDS SHA K IN THE IMAGE.	ALL BE :	REPEATED FOR EA	ACH
> BOFF	Block Offset	10	0-99999999999	R
> BLEN	Block Length	7	1-9999999	R

TABLE 51. Overview segment image compressed blocks directory field definition.

FIELD	DEFINITION
	NOTE: THE FOLLOWING FIELDS SHALL BE REPEATED FOR
	EACH JPEG BLOCK IN THE IMAGE.
> BOFF	This field shall contain the offset from the
	beginning of the image data to the beginning of
	the data for this block expressed in bytes.
> BLEN	This field shall contain the length of the
	compressed block expressed in total number of
	bytes.

TABLE 52. Overview segment image support data definition.

FIELD	NAME	FORMAT	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
LONTR	Longitude Translation	E22.15	±180 degrees	R
LATTR	Latitude Translation	E22.15	±90 degrees	R
ELVTR	Elevation Translation	E22.15	±10000 meters	R
LONSC	Longitude Scale	E22.15	0-100	R
LATSC	Latitude Scale	E22.15	0-100	R
ELVSC	Elevation Scale	E22.15	0-100	R
XITR	X Image Translation	E22.15	±100000 pixels	R
YITR	Y Image Translation	E22.15	±100000 pixels	R
XISC	X Image Scale	E22.15	0-100	R
YISC	Y Image Scale	E22.15	0-100	R
DELEV	Display Elevation	E22.15	(-1000)-10000	R
			meters	

TABLE 53. Overview segment image rational function coefficients definition.

FIELD	NAME	FORMAT	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
XINC1	X Image Numerator Coefficient 1	E22.15	±10	R
XINC2	X Image Numerator Coefficient 2	E22.15	±10	R
XINC3	X Image Numerator Coefficient 3	E22.15	±10	R

TABLE 53.Overview segment image rational function
coefficients definition - Continued.

FIELD	NAME	FORMAT	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
XINC4	X Image Numerator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 4			
XINC5	X Image Numerator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 5			
XINC6	X Image Numerator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 6			
XINC7	X Image Numerator Coefficient 7	E22.15	±10	R
XINC8	X Image Numerator Coefficient 8	E22.15	±10	R
XINC9	X Image Numerator Coefficient 9	E22.15	±10	R
XINC10	X Image Numerator Coefficient 10	E22.15	±10	R
XINC11	X Image Numerator Coefficient 11	E22.15	±10	R
XINC12	X Image Numerator Coefficient 12	E22.15	±10	R
XINC13	X Image Numerator Coefficient 13	E22.15	±10	R
XINC14	X Image Numerator Coefficient 14	E22.15	±10	R
XINC15	X Image Numerator Coefficient 15	E22.15	±10	R
XINC16	X Image Numerator Coefficient 16	E22.15	±10	R
XINC17	X Image Numerator Coefficient 17	E22.15	±10	R
XINC18	X Image Numerator Coefficient 18	E22.15	±10	R
XINC19	X Image Numerator Coefficient 19	E22.15	±10	R
XINC20	X Image Numerator Coefficient 20	E22.15	±10	R
XIDC1	X Image Denominator Coefficient 1	E22.15	±10	R
XIDC2	X Image Denominator Coefficient 2	E22.15	±10	R
XIDC3	X Image Denominator Coefficient 3	E22.15	±10	R
XIDC4	X Image Denominator Coefficient 4	E22.15	±10	R
XIDC5	X Image Denominator Coefficient 5	E22.15	±10	R

TABLE 53.Overview segment image rational function
coefficients definition - Continued.

FIELD	NAME	FORMAT	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
XIDC6	X Image Denominator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 6		-	
XIDC7	X Image Denominator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 7		-	
XIDC8	X Image Denominator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 8		-	
XIDC9	X Image Denominator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 9			
XIDC10	X Image Denominator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 10			
XIDC11	X Image Denominator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 11			
XIDC12	X Image Denominator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 12			
XIDC13	X Image Denominator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 13			
XIDC14	X Image Denominator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 14			
XIDC15	X Image Denominator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 15			
XIDC16	X Image Denominator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 16			
XIDC17	X Image Denominator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 17			
XIDC18	X Image Denominator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 18			
XIDC19	X Image Denominator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 19			
XIDC20	X Image Denominator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 20			
YINC1	Y Image Numerator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 1			
YINC2	Y Image Numerator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 2			
YINC3	Y Image Numerator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 3			
YINC4	Y Image Numerator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 4			
YINC5	Y Image Numerator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 5			
YINC6	Y Image Numerator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 6			
YINC7	Y Image Numerator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 7			

TABLE 53.Overview segment image rational function
coefficients definition - Continued.

FIELD	NAME	FORMAT	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
YINC8	Y Image Numerator Coefficient 8	E22.15	±10	R
YINC9	Y Image Numerator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 9			
YINC10	Y Image Numerator Coefficient 10	E22.15	±10	R
YINC11	Y Image Numerator Coefficient 11	E22.15	±10	R
YINC12	Y Image Numerator Coefficient 12	E22.15	±10	R
YINC13	Y Image Numerator Coefficient 13	E22.15	±10	R
YINC14	Y Image Numerator Coefficient 14	E22.15	±10	R
YINC15	Y Image Numerator Coefficient 15	E22.15	±10	R
YINC16	Y Image Numerator Coefficient 16	E22.15	±10	R
YINC17	Y Image Numerator Coefficient 17	E22.15	±10	R
YINC18	Y Image Numerator Coefficient 18	E22.15	±10	R
YINC19	Y Image Numerator Coefficient 19	E22.15	±10	R
YINC20	Y Image Numerator Coefficient 20	E22.15	±10	R
YIDC1	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 1	E22.15	±10	R
YIDC2	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 2	E22.15	±10	R
YIDC3	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 3	E22.15	±10	R
YIDC4	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 4	E22.15	±10	R
YIDC5	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 5	E22.15	±10	R
YIDC6	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 6	E22.15	±10	R
YIDC7	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 7	E22.15	±10	R
YIDC8	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 8	E22.15	±10	R

TABLE 53.	Overview a	segment	image	rational	function
	coefficie	nts defi	Initior	ı - Contir	nued.

FIELD	NAME	FORMAT	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
YIDC9	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 9	E22.15	±10	R
YIDC10	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 10	E22.15	±10	R
YIDC11	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 11	E22.15	±10	R
YIDC12	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 12	E22.15	±10	R
YIDC13	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 13	E22.15	±10	R
YIDC14	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 14	E22.15	±10	R
YIDC15	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 15	E22.15	±10	R
YIDC16	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 16	E22.15	±10	R
YIDC17	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 17	E22.15	±10	R
YIDC18	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 18	E22.15	±10	R
YIDC19	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 19	E22.15	±10	R
YIDC20	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 20	E22.15	±10	R

TABLE 54. Overview segment image stock number symbol file subheader.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
SY	Message Part Type	2	SY	R
SID	Symbol ID	10	00010IM	R
SNAME	Symbol Name	20	DPPDB Stock Number	0
SSCLAS	Symbol Security	1	υ	R
	Classification			
SSCODE	Symbol Codewords	40	Spaces	0
SSCTLH	Symbol Control and	40	Spaces	0
	Handling		-	
SSREL	Symbol Releasing	40	Spaces	0
	Instructions			
SSCAUT	Symbol Classification	20	Spaces	0
	Authority			
SSCTLN	Symbol Security Control	20	Spaces	0
	Number		_	
SSDWNG	Symbol Security	6	Spaces	0
	Downgrade			
ENCRYP	Encryption	1	0	R
STYPE	Symbol Type	1	С	R
NLIPS	Number of Lines Per Symbol	4	0	R
NPIXPL	Number of Pixels Per	4	0	R
	Line			
NWDTH	Line Width	4	0000	R
NBPP	Number of Bits Per Pixel	1	0	R
SDLVL	Display Level	3	200	R
SALVL	Attachment Level	3	000	R
SLOC	Symbol Location	10		R
SLOC2	Second Symbol Location	10	000000000	0
SCOLOR	Symbol Color	1	space character	R
SNUM	Symbol Number	6	000000	0
SROT	Symbol Rotation	3	000	R
NELUT	Number of LUT Entries	3	000	R
SXSHDL	Extended Subheader Data Length	5	00000	R

TABLE 55. Overview segment image classification (top of display) symbol file subheader.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE	
SY	Message Part Type	2	SY	R	
SID	Symbol ID	10	00020IM	R	
SNAME	Symbol Name	20	Class-Top Image	0	
SSCLAS	Symbol Security	1	U	R	
	Classification				
SSCODE	Symbol Codewords	40	Spaces	0	
SSCTLH	Symbol Control and	40	Spaces	0	
0001111	Handling	10	Spaces	Ŭ	
SSREL	Symbol Releasing	40	Spaces	0	
DDIVILL	Instructions	10	bpaceb	Ŭ	
SSCAUT	Symbol Classification	20	Spaces	0	
DDCAUI	Authority	20	Spaces	0	
SSCTLN	Symbol Security Control	20	Spaces	0	
2261710	Number	20	Spaces	0	
SSDWNG	Symbol Security	6	Gradad	0	
SSDWING	Downgrade	0	Spaces	0	
ENGDVD		1	0		
ENCRYP STYPE	Encryption Symbol Type	1	C	R R	
NLIPS	Number of Lines Per	4	0	R	
NUTE O	Symbol	Т	0	IX.	
NPIXPL	Number of Pixels Per	4	0	R	
	Line				
NWDTH	Line Width	4	0000	R	
NBPP	Number of Bits Per	1	0	R	
	Pixel				
SDLVL	Display Level	3	300	R	
SALVL	Attachment Level	3	000	R	
SLOC	Symbol Location	10 10	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	R	
SLOC2 SCOLOR	Second Symbol Location	-		0 R	
<u>SCOLOR</u> SNUM	Symbol Color Symbol Number	1 6	Space Character	R	
SROT	Symbol Rotation	3	000000	R	
NELUT	Number of LUT Entries	3	000	R	
SXSHDL	Extended Subheader Data	5	00000	R	
	Length			1	

TABLE 56. Overview segment image classification (bottom of display) symbol file subheader.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
SY	Message Part Type	2	SY	R
SID	Symbol ID	10	00030IM	R
SNAME	Symbol Name	20	Class-Bottom Image	0
SSCLAS	Symbol Security	1	υ	R
	Classification			
SSCODE	Symbol Codewords	40	Spaces	0
SSCTLH	Symbol Control and Handling	40	Spaces	0
SSREL	Symbol Releasing Instructions	40	Spaces	0
SSCAUT	Symbol Classification Authority	20	Spaces	0
SSCTLN	Symbol Security Control Number	20	Spaces	0
SSDWNG	Symbol Security Downgrade	6	Spaces	0
ENCRYP	Encryption	1	0	R
STYPE	Symbol Type	1	С	R
NLIPS	Number of Lines Per Symbol	4	0	R
NPIXPL	Number of Pixels Per Line	4	0	R
NWDTH	Line Width	4	0000	R
NBPP	Number of Bits Per Pixel	1	0	R
SDLVL	Display Level	3	400	R
SALVL	Attachment Level	3	000	R
SLOC	Symbol Location	10	000000000	R
SLOC2	Second Symbol Location	10	000000000	0
SCOLOR	Symbol Color	1	Space Character	R
SNUM	Symbol Number	6	00000	0
SROT	Symbol Rotation	3	000	R
NELUT	Number of LUT Entries	3	000	R
SXSHDL	Extended Subheader Data Length	5	00000	R

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TABLE 57. Overview segment image handling instructions symbol file subheader.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
SY	Message Part Type	2	SY	R
SID	Symbol ID	10	00040IM	R
SNAME	Symbol Name	20	Handling Instruct	0
SSCLAS	Symbol Security	1	U	R
	Classification			
SSCODE	Symbol Codewords	40	Spaces	0
SSCTLH	Symbol Control and Handling	40	Spaces	0
SSREL	Symbol Releasing Instructions	40	Spaces	0
SSCAUT	Symbol Classification Authority	20	Spaces	0
SSCTLN	Symbol Security Control Number	20	Spaces	0
SSDWNG	Symbol Security Downgrade	6	Spaces	0
ENCRYP	Encryption	1	0	R
STYPE	Symbol Type	1	С	R
NLIPS	Number of Lines Per Symbol	4	0	R
NPIXPL	Number of Pixels Per Line	4	0	R
NWDTH	Line Width	4	0000	R
NBPP	Number of Bits Per Pixel	1	0	R
SDLVL	Display Level	3	500	R
SALVL	Attachment Level	3	000	R
SLOC	Symbol Location	10	000000000	R
SLOC2	Second Symbol Location	10	000000000	0
SCOLOR	Symbol Color	1	Space Character	R
SNUM	Symbol Number	6	000000	0
SROT	Symbol Rotation	3	000	R
NELUT	Number of LUT Entries	3	000	R
SXSHDL	Extended Subheader Data Length	5	00000	R

TABLE 58. Overview segment image classification authority symbol file subheader.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
SY	Message Part Type	2	SY	R
SID	Symbol ID	10	00050IM	R
SNAME	Symbol Name	20	Class Auth	0
SSCLAS	Symbol Security Classification	1 U		R
SSCODE	Symbol Codewords	40	Spaces	0
SSCTLH	Symbol Control and Handling	40	Spaces	0
SSREL	Symbol Releasing Instructions	40	Spaces	0
SSCAUT	Symbol Classification Authority	20	Spaces	0
SSCTLN	Symbol Security Control Number	20	Spaces	0
SSDWNG	Symbol Security Downgrade	6	Spaces	0
ENCRYP	Encryption	1		
STYPE	Symbol Type	1 C		R
NLIPS	Number of Lines Per Symbol	4	0	R
NPIXPL	Number of Pixels Per Line	4	0	R
NWDTH	Line Width	4	0000	R
NBPP	Number of Bits Per Pixel	1	0	R
SDLVL	Display Level	3	600	R
SALVL	Attachment Level	3	000	R
SLOC	Symbol Location	10	000000000	R
SLOC2	Second Symbol Location	10	000000000	0
SCOLOR	Symbol Color	1	Space Character	R
SNUM	Symbol Number	6	000000	0
SROT	Symbol Rotation	3	000	R
NELUT	Number of LUT Entries	3	000	R
SXSHDL	Extended Subheader Data Length	5	00000	R

TABLE 59. Overview segment image model number symbol file subheader.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
SY	Message Part Type	2	SY	R
SID	Symbol ID	10	00060IM	R
SNAME	Symbol Name	20	Model number	0
SSCLAS	Symbol Security Classification	1 U		R
SSCODE	Symbol Codewords	40	Spaces	0
SSCTLH	Symbol Control and Handling	40	Spaces	0
SSREL	Symbol Releasing Instructions	40	Spaces	0
SSCAUT	Symbol Classification Authority	20	Spaces	0
SSCTLN	Symbol Security Control Number	20	Spaces	0
SSDWNG	Symbol Security Downgrade	6	Spaces	0
ENCRYP	Encryption	1	0	R
STYPE	Symbol Type	1	С	R
NLIPS	Number of Lines Per Symbol	4	0	R
NPIXPL	Number of Pixels Per Line	4	0	R
NWDTH	Line Width	4	0000	R
NBPP	Number of Bits Per Pixel	1	0	R
SDLVL	Display Level	3	700	R
SALVL	Attachment Level	3	000	R
SLOC	Symbol Location	10	000000000	R
SLOC2	Second Symbol Location	10	000000000	0
SCOLOR	Symbol Color	1	Space Character	R
SNUM	Symbol Number	6	000000	0
SROT	Symbol Rotation	3	000	R
NELUT	Number of LUT Entries	3	000	R
SXSHDL	Extended Subheader Data Length	5	00000	R

TABLE 60.Overview segment image number identifier symbolfile subheader.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
SY	Message Part Type	2	SY	R
SID	Symbol ID	10	0007SIM	R
SNAME	Symbol Name	20	Segment Image ID	O R
SSCLAS	Symbol Security Classification	1	1 U	
SSCODE	Symbol Codewords	40	Spaces	0
SSCTLH	Symbol Control and Handling	40	Spaces	0
SSREL	Symbol Releasing Instructions	40	Spaces	0
SSCAUT	Symbol Classification Authority	20	Spaces	0
SSCTLN	Symbol Security Control Number	20	Spaces	0
SSDWNG	Symbol Security Downgrade	6	Spaces	0
ENCRYP	Encryption	1	0	R
STYPE	Symbol Type	1	С	R
NLIPS	Number of Lines Per Symbol	4	0	R
NPIXPL	Number of Pixels Per Line	4	0	R
NWDTH	Line Width	4	0000	R
NBPP	Number of Bits Per Pixel	1	0	R
SDLVL	Display Level	3	800	R
SALVL	Attachment Level	3	000	R
SLOC	Symbol Location	10	000000000	R
SLOC2	Second Symbol Location	10	000000000	0
SCOLOR	Symbol Color	1	Space Character	R
SNUM	Symbol Number	6	00000	0
SROT	Symbol Rotation	3	000	R
NELUT	Number of LUT Entries	3	000	R
SXSHDL	Extended Subheader Data Length	5	00000	R

TABLE 61.	Overview s	egment	image	symbol	file	subheader
	field definition					

FIELD	DEFINITION
SY	This field shall contain the characters SY to identify the subheader as a symbol subheader.
SID	This field shall contain a valid alphanumeric number identifier in the format 12340IM, where: 1234 is the number identifying the item in this file and OIM indicates the item is contained in the Overview segment Image file.
SNAME	This field shall contain the alphanumeric name for the symbol.
SSCLAS	This field shall contain a valid value of U (= Unclassified) representing the classification level of the symbol.
SSCODE	This field shall contain all spaces to indicate that no codewords apply to this symbol.
SSCTLH	This field shall contain all spaces to indicate that no file control and handling instructions apply to this symbol.
SSREL	This field shall contain all spaces to indicate that no symbol release instructions apply.
SSCAUT	This field shall contain all spaces to indicate that no symbol classification authority applies.
SSCTLN	This field shall contain all spaces to indicate that no symbol security control number applies.
SSDWNG	This field shall contain a valid indicator that designates the point in time at which a declassification or downgrading action is to take place. The valid value is the code "999999" indicating downgrading on E.O. 12951. If this field is all spaces, it shall imply that no file security downgrade condition applies.
ENCRYP	This field shall contain the value zero (0) to indicate the file is not encrypted.

TABLE 61.	Overview	segment	image	symbol	file	subheader
	field def	inition	- Cont	inued.		

FIELD	DEFINITION
STYPE	This field shall contain the letter C to indicate
	the symbol is defined in a Computer Graphics
	Metafile (CGM). The CGM format for the NITFS is
	defined in MIL-STD-2301.
NLIPS	This field shall contain zero (0).
NPIXPL	This field shall contain zero (0).
NWDTH	This field shall contain zero (0).
NBPP	This field shall contain zero (0).
SDLVL	This field shall contain a valid value that
	indicates the graphic display level of the symbol
	relative to other displayed file components in a
	composite display. The valid values are 001 to 999.
SALVL	This field shall contain a value of zero (0) to
	indicate these textual symbols are attached to the
	display device.
SLOC	The location of a symbol is specified by specifying
	the location of a point bearing a particular
	relationship to the symbol. The point is defined
	in MIL-STD-2301. This field shall contain zero (0).
SLOC2	This field shall contain zero (0).
SCOLOR	This field shall contain a space character.
SNUM	This field shall contain zero (0).
SROT	This field shall contain zero (0).
NELUT	This field shall contain zero (0).
SXSHDL	This field shall contain the value zero (0). A
	value of zero (0) shall mean that no controlled
	tagged record extensions are included in the image
	subheader.

TABLE 62. Segment image full resolution file header definition.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
FHDR	File Type & Version	9	NITF02.00	R
CLEVEL	Compliance Level	2	02-06	R
STYPE	System Type	4	Spaces	0
OSTAID	Originating Station ID	10	NIMA	R
FDT	File Date & Time	14	DDHHMMSSZMONYY	R
FTITLE	File Title	80	DPPDB Segment Image 1234XY	0
FSCLAS	File Security Classification	1	U, C or S	R
FSCODE	File Codewords	40	Spaces	0
FSCTLH	File Control and Handling	40	Alphanumeric	0
FSREL	File Releasing Instructions	40	Alphanumeric	0

TABLE 62.Segment image full resolution file header
definition - Continued.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
FSCAUT	File Classification Authority	20	Alphanumeric	0
FSCTLN	File Security Control Number	20	Alphanumeric	0
FSDWNG	File Security Downgrade	6	999999 or spaces	0
FSCOP	Message Copy Number	5	00000	0
FSCPYS	Message Number of Copies	5	00000	0
ENCRYP	Encryption	1	0	R
ONAME	Originator's Name	27	NIMA	0
OPHONE	Originator's Phone Number	18	Spaces	0
FL	File Length	12	388-9999999999999	R
HL	NITF File Header Length	6	388-276380	R
NUMI	Number of Images	3	001	R
LISH001	Length of segment image, Image Subheader	6	0-111000	C
LI001	Length of segment image	10	0-9999999999	C
NUMS	Number of Symbols	3	007	R
LSSH001	Length of DPPDB stock number text Symbol Subheader	4	0-7000	C
LS001	Length of DPPDB stock number text Symbol	6	0-999999	C
LSSH002	Length of classification (top display) text Symbol Subheader	4	0-7000	C
LS002	Length of classification text Symbol	6	0-999999	C
LSSH003	Length of classification (bottom display) text Symbol Subheader	4	0-7000	C
LS003	Length of classification text Symbol	6	0-999999	C
LSSH004	Length of handling instructions text Symbol Subheader	4	0-7000	C
LS004	Length of handling instructions text Symbol	6	0-999999	C
LSSH005	Length of classification authority and downgrading instructions text Symbol Subheader	4	0-7000	С
LS005	Length of classification authority and downgrading instructions text Symbol	6	0-999999	C

TABLE	62.	Segment	image	full	resolution	file	header
definition - Continued.							

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
LSSH006	Length of model ID text	4	0-7000	С
	Symbol Subheader			
LS006	Length of model ID text	6	0-999999	С
	Symbol			
LSSH007	Length of image number	4	0-7000	С
	text Symbol Subheader			
LS007	Length of image number	6	0-999999	С
	text Symbol			
NUML	Number of Labels	3	000	R
NUMT	Number of Text Files	3	000	R
NUMDES	Number of Data Extension	3	000	R
	Segments			
NUMRES	Number of Reserved	3	000	R
	Extension Segments			
UDHDL	User Defined Header Data	5	00000	R
	Length			
XHDL	Extended Header Data	5	00000	R
	Length			

* As indicated in REL field.

TABLE 63. Segment image file header fields.

FIELD	DEFINITION
FHDR	An NITF ASCII character string of the form NITF 02.00,
	which indicates this file is formatted using version
	2.0 of the NITF Standard.
CLEVEL	This field shall contain a compliance level from 02 to
	06 and indicates the NITF system compliance level
	required to interpret fully all components of this
	file. The certification requirements are established
	in JIEO Circular 9008, NITFS Certification Test and
	Evaluation Program Plan and are based on the size of
	the image.
STYPE	System type or capability. This field is reserved for
	future use by the NITF standard and shall be filled
	with spaces (NITF ASCII 32, decimal).
OSTAID	This field shall contain the identification code of the
	originating station.
FDT	This field shall contain the time (Zulu) of origination
	of the file in the format DDHHMMSSZMONYY where DD is
	the day of the month $(01-31)$, HH is the hour, $(00-23)$,
	MM is the minute (00-59), SS is the second (00-59), the
	character Z is required, MON is the first three characters of the month; and YY is the last two digits
	of the year.
FTITLE	This field shall contain the title of the NITF file.
	The title shall contain the segment image ID contained
	in the file and shall be a six-digit alphanumeric of
	the form 1234XY; where 12 is the stereo model number,
	34 is the stereo segment number within the model, X is either the L (=Left) or R (=Right) stereo image, and Y
	is either O (=Overview) or F (=Full resolution) to
	identify the type of image. Stereo models shall be
	numbered consecutively, beginning with the northwest
	corner of the DPPDB area. The numbering shall then be
	continued from west to east and north to south for each
	stereo model in the DPPDB rectangle coverage. Each
	stereo model is divided into smaller stereo segments and these segments are then numbered consecutively,
	beginning with one on the west side of each model.
FSCLAS	This field shall contain a valid value representing the
	classification level of the entire file. Valid values
	are: S (=Secret) C (=Confidential) and
	U (=Unclassified).
FSCODE	This field shall contain all spaces to indicate that no codewords apply to the file.
FSCTLH	This field shall contain a valid indicator of the
	security handling instructions associated with the
	file. A valid value is "CL BY:DCI, DECL ON:E.O.12951".
	If this field is all spaces, it shall imply that no
	file control and handling instructions apply to the
	file.

TABLE 63. Segment image file header fields - Continued.

FIELD	DEFINITION
FSREL	This field shall contain a valid list of countries
	and/or groups of countries to which the file is
	authorized for release. Valid items are listed in
	Appendix A, Releasability Codes section of this
	document. If this field is the code "XX", it shall
	imply that no file release instructions apply.
FSCAUT	This field shall contain a valid identity code of the
1 0 0110 1	classification authority for the file. The code shall
	be in accordance with the regulations governing the
	appropriate security channel(s). A valid code is
	"DCI". If this field is all spaces, it shall imply
	that no file classification authority applies.
FSCTLN	This field shall contain a valid security control
FSCILIN	number associated with the file. The format of the
	security control number shall be in accordance with the
	regulations governing the appropriate security
	channel(s). If this field is all spaces, it shall
	imply no file classification authority applies.
FSDWNG	This field shall contain a valid indicator that
FSDWING	
	designates the point in time at which a
	declassification or downgrading action is to take
	place. The valid value is the code "999999" indicating
	downgrading on E.O. 12951. If this field is all
	spaces, it shall imply that no file security downgrade
FICOD	condition applies.
FSCOP	This field shall contain the copy number of the file.
FSCPYS	This field shall contain the total number of copies of the file.
ENCRYP	This field shall contain the value zero to indicate the
	file is not encrypted.
ONAME	This field shall contain a valid name for the operator
	who originated the file. If the field is all spaces,
	it shall mean that no operator is assigned
	responsibility for origination.
OPHONE	This field, if not all spaces, shall contain a valid
	phone number for the operator who originated the file.
	If the field is all spaces, it shall mean that no phone
	number is available for the operator assigned
	responsibility for origination.
FL	This field shall contain the length in bytes of the
	entire DPPDB segment image file including all headers,
	subheaders, and data. The value of this field never
	shall be zero (0).
HL	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes of the
	NITF file header. The value of this field never shall
	be zero (0).
NUMI	This field shall contain the number one to indicate a
TIOLIT	
	segment image is included in the file.

TABLE 63. Segment image file header fields - Continue	TABLE (63.	Segment	image	file	header	fields	_	Continued	ł.
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FIELD	DEFINITION
LISH001	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the subheader of the image in the file; i.e., a DPPDB digital image.
LIO01	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes of the image.
NUMS	This field shall contain the number seven (7) to indicate the number of symbols defined in the file.
LSSH001	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the subheader of the first symbol in the file; i.e., the DPPDB stock number.
LS001	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the first symbol.
LSSH002	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the subheader of the second symbol in the file; i.e., the classification at the top of the display.
LS002	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the second symbol.
LSSH003	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the subheader of the third symbol in the file; i.e., the classification at the bottom of the display.
LS003	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the third symbol.
LSSH004	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the subheader of the fourth symbol in the file; i.e., the handling instructions.
LS004	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the fourth symbol.
LSSH005	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the subheader of the fifth symbol in the file; i.e., the classification authority and downgrading instructions.
LS005	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the fifth symbol.
LSSH006	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the subheader of the sixth symbol in the file; i.e., the model number of the form 12; where 12 represents the model number within the product (rectangle).
LS006	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the sixth symbol.
LSSH007	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the subheader of the seventh symbol in the file; i.e., the image number of the form 34X; where 34 represents the stereo segment number within the stereo model and X represents the L (=Left) or R (=Right) image of the stereo pair (segment).
LS007	This field shall contain a valid length in bytes for the seventh symbol.

TABLE 63. Segment image file header fields - Continued.

FIELD	DEFINITION
NUML	This field shall contain the number zero (0) to
	indicated there are no labels included in the file.
NUMT	This field shall contain the number zero (0) to
	indicate there are no text items included in the file.
UDHDL	This field shall contain the value zero (0) to indicate
	that there are no UDHDs included in this file.
XHDL	This field shall contain the value of zero since there
	are no controlled tagged record extensions included in
	this file.

TABLE 64. Segment image subheader definition.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
IM	File Part Type	2	IM	R
IID	Image ID	10	1234XY	R
IDATIM	Image Date & Time	14	DDHHMMSSZMONYY	0
TGTID	Target ID	17	Spaces	0
ITITLE	Image Title	80	DPPDB Image 1234XY	0
ISCLAS	Image Security Classification	1	U, C or S	R
ISCODE	Image Codewords	40	Spaces	0
ISCTLH	Image Control and Handling	40	Alphanumeric	0
ISREL	Image Releasing Instructions	40	Alphanumeric	0
ISCAUT	Image Classification Authority	20	Alphanumeric	0
ISCTLN	Image Security Control Number	20	Alphanumeric	0
ISDWNG	Image Security Downgrade	6	999999 or spaces	0
ENCRYP	Encryption	1	0	R

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
ISORCE	Image Source	42	NIMA	0
NROWS	Number of	8	0-99999999	R
	Significant Rows			
	of pixels in the			
	Image			
NCOLS	Number of	8	0-99999999	R
	Significant			
	Columns of pixels			
	in the Image			
PVTYPE	Pixel Value Type	3	Alphanumeric	R
IREP	Image	8	MONO	R
	Representation			
ICAT	Image Class	8	VIS	R
ABPP	Actual Bits-Per-	2	08	0
	Pixel Per Band			
PJUST	Pixel	1	R	R
	Justification			
ICORDS	Image Coordinate	1	G	R
	System		-	
IGEOLO	Image Geographic	60	ddmmssXdddmmssY	С
	Location		(four times)	
NICOM	Number of Image	1	0	R
	Comments		-	
IC	Image Compression	2	C3	R
COMRAT	Compression Rate	4	00.0	С
	Code			
NBANDS	Number of Bands	1	1	R
IREPBAND1	1 st Band	2	Spaces	R
	Representation		-	
ISUBCAT1	1 st Band	6	Spaces	R
	Significance for		-	
	Image			
IFC1	1 st Band Image	1	N	R
	Filter Condition			
IMFLT1	1 st Band Standard	3	Spaces	R
	Image Filter Code		-	
NLUTS1	1 st Band Number of	1	0	R
	LUTS			
ISYNC	Image Sync Code	1	0	R
IMODE	Image Mode	1	В	R
NBPR	Number of Blocks	4	1-9999	R
	Per Row			
NBPC	Number of Blocks	4	1-9999	R
	Per Column			
NPPBH	Number of Pixels	4	1024	R
	Per Block			
	Horizontal			
NPPBV	Number of Pixels	4	1024	R
v	Per Block Vertical			

TABLE 64. Segment image subheader definition - Continued.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
NBPP	Number of Bits Per Pixel Per Band	2	08	R
IDLVL	Display Level	3	001	R
IALVL	Attachment Level	3	000	R
ILOC	Image Location	10	000000000	R
IMAG	Image Magnification	4	1.0	R
UDIDL	User Defined Image Data Length	5	00000	R
IXSHDL	Extended Subheader Data Length	5	00000-99999	R
IXSOFL	Extended Overflow Status	3	000	R
CETAG	Unique extension type identifier	6	IMCBDA	R
CEL	Length of CEDATA field	5	1-99999	R
CEDATA	User-defined data	*	Segment Image Compressed Blocks Directory	R
CETAG	Unique extension type identifier	6	IMASDA	R
CEL	Length of CEDATA field	5	1-99999	R
CEDATA	User-defined data	*	Segment Image Support Data	R
CETAG	Unique extension type identifier	6	IMRFCA	R
CEL	Length of CEDATA field	5	1-99999	R
CEDATA	User-defined data	*	Segment Image Rational Function Coefficients	R

TABLE 64. Segment image subheader definition - Continued.

Note: The segment image compressed blocks directory, segment image support data, segment image rational function coefficients, and the compressed segment image shall follow immediately after the subheader file.

TABLE 65. Segment image subheader field definition.

FIELD	DEFINITION
IM	This field shall contain the characters "IM" to
IID	identify the subheaders as an image subheader. This field shall contain the segment image ID contained in the file and shall be a six-digit alphanumeric of the form 1234XY; where 12 is the stereo model number, 34 is the stereo segment number within the model, X is either the L (=Left) or R (=Right) stereo image to identify the stereo segment image in the stereo segment, and Y is either O (=Overview) or F (=Full resolution) to identify the type of image. Stereo models shall be numbered consecutively, beginning with the northwest corner of the DPPDB area. The numbering shall then be continued from west to east and north to south for each stereo model is divided into smaller stereo segments and these segments are then numbered consecutively, beginning with one on the west side of each model.
IDATIM	This field shall contain the time (Zulu) of acquisition of the image in the format DDHHMMSSZMONYY, where: DD is the day of the month (01-31); HH is the hour (00-23); MM is the minute (00-59); SS is the second (00-59); the character Z is required; MON is the first three characters of the month; and YY is the last two digits of the year.
TGTID	This field shall contain the identification of the primary target in the format, BBBBBBBBBBFFFFFCC, consisting of ten characters of BE (Basic Encyclopedia) identifier followed by five characters of functional category code followed by the two character country code as specified in FIPS PUB 10- 3.
ITITLE	This field shall contain the title of the image. The title shall contain the image ID as described in Image ID (IID) field.
ISCLAS	This field shall contain a valid value representing the classification level of the image. Valid values are: S (=Secret) C (=Confidential) and U (=Unclassified).
ISCODE	This field shall contain all spaces to indicate that no codewords apply to the image.
ISCTLH	This field shall contain a valid indicator of the security handling instructions associated with the file. A valid value is "CL BY:DCI, DECL ON:E.O.12951". If this field is all spaces, it shall imply that no file control and handling instructions apply to the file.

TABLE 65. Segment image subheader field definition - Continued.

FIELD	DEFINITION
ISREL	This field shall contain a valid list of countries and/or groups of countries to which the image is authorized for release. Valid items are listed in Appendix A, Releasability Codes section of this document. If this field is the code "XX", it shall imply that no file release instructions apply.
ISCAUT	This field shall contain a valid identity code of the classification authority for the image. The code shall be in accordance with the regulations governing the appropriate security channel(s). A valid code is "DCI". If this field is all spaces, it shall imply that no image classification authority applies.
ISCTLN	This field shall contain a valid security control number associated with the image. The format of the security control number shall be in accordance with the regulations governing the appropriate security channel(s). If this field is all spaces, it shall imply that no image security control number applies.
ISDWNG	This field shall contain a valid indicator that designates the point in time at which a declassification or downgrading action is to take place. The valid value is the code "999999" indicating downgrading on E.O. 12951. If this field is all spaces, it shall imply that no file security downgrade condition applies.
ENCRYP	This field shall contain the value zero to indicate the file is not encrypted.
ISORCE	This field shall contain a description of the source of the image. Valid data is alphanumeric text.
NROWS	This field shall contain the total number of rows of significant pixels in the image. All rows indexed 0 through NROWS - 1 of the image contain "significant" data.
NCOLS	This field shall contain the total number of columns of significant pixels in the image. All rows indexed 0 through NCOLS - 1 of the image contain "significant" data.
PVTYPE	This field shall contain the indicator INT for integer to indicate the type of computer representation used for the value for each pixel for each band in the image.
IREP	This field shall contain a valid indicator of MONO to indicate the general kind of image represented by the data. This field should be used in conjunction with the ICAT, ISUBCATnn and IREPBANDnn fields to interpret the significance of each band in the image.

TABLE 65. Segment image subheader field definition - Continued.

FIELD	DEFINITION
ICAT	This field shall contain a valid indicator of VIS to indicate the specific category of visible imagery. This field should be used in conjunction with the IREP, ISUBCATNN, and IREPBANDNN fields to interpret the significance of each band in the image.
ABPP	This field shall contain the number eight (8).
PJUST	This field shall be set to R as per JIEO Circular 9008.
ICORDS	This field shall contain a valid code of G=Geodetic (Geographic), indicating the geo-referenced coordinate system for the image.
IGEOLO	This field shall contain a valid geographic location, in terms of corner locations, of the image in the coordinate system specified in the ICORDS field. The locations of the four corners of the (significant) image data shall be given in image coordinate order: (0,0), (0,MaxCol), (MaxRow, MaxCol), (MaxRow,0). MaxCol and MaxRow shall be determined from the values contained, respectively in NCOLS and NROWS as MaxCol = NCOLS - 1 and MaxRow = NROWS - 1. Valid corner locations in geodetic coordinates shall be expressed as latitude and longitude. The format ddmmssX represents degrees, minutes, and seconds of latitude with X = N or S for north or south, and dddmmssY represents degrees, minutes, and seconds of longitude with Y=E or W for east or west, respectively.
NICOM	This field shall contain the number zero (0) to indicate there are no free text image comments.
IC	This field shall contain the code C3 to mean JPEG indicating the form of compression used in representing the image data. The definitions of the compression scheme associated with code C3 is given MIL-STD-188.
COMRAT	This field shall contain a code indicating the compression rate for the image. This field is used to identify the default quantization table(s) used by the JPEG compression algorithm. In this case, the format of this field is XX.Y where XX is the image data type (00=general purpose, 01 through 99 are reserved by the NITF standard) and Y represents the quality level 0 through 5. Explanation of these codes can be found in MIL-STD-188-198. Note: This code is a default and is not used. The DQT (Define Quantization Table) marker (see JPEG header in MIL- STD-188) is present in the JPEG header of each block and the Quantization Table specification is present.
NBANDS	This field shall contain the number one (1) to indicate there is one band comprising the image. This field and the IREP field are interrelated and independent of the IMODE field. The corresponding values for (IREP, NBANDS) are (MONO, 1),
IREBAND1	This field shall contain all spaces.

FIELD	DEFINITION
ISUBCAT1	This field shall contain all spaces.
IFC1	This field shall contain the value N (to mean none).
	Other values are reserved for future use.
IMFLT1	This field is reserved for future use. It shall be
	filled with spaces.
NLUTS1	This field shall contain the number zero (0) to
	indicate there are no look-up tables associated with
	the 1st band of the image.
ISYNC	This field shall contain "0" for JPEG compression.
	(JPEG has its own internal mechanism for
	resynchronization.)
IMODE	This field shall contain an indicator B to indicate
	the image bands are interleaved by block. This
	means that within each block the bands follow one
	another., [(block1, band1), (block1, band2),
	(block1, bandN)], [(block2, band1), (block2, band1),
	(block2, bandN)], [(blockM, band1), (blockM,
	band2), (blockM, bandN)].
NBPR	This field shall contain the number of image blocks in a row of blocks in the horizontal direction.
NBPC	
NBPC	This field shall contain the number of image blocks in a column of blocks in the vertical direction.
NPPBH	This field shall contain the number of pixels
NPPDN	horizontally in each block of the image.
NPPBV	This field shall contain the number of pixels
MFFDV	vertically in each block of the image.
NBPP	This field shall contain the number eight to
INDI I	indicate the number of storage bits used for the
	value from each component of a pixel vector.
IDLVL	This field shall contain the value 001 to indicate
	the graphic display level of the image relative to
	other displayed file components in a composite
	display. The meaning of display level is fully discussed in MIL-STD-2500.
IALVL	This field shall contain the value 000 to indicate
	the attachment level of this image. The meaning of
	attachment level is fully discussed in MIL-STD-2500.
ILOC	This fields shall contain the value of zero (0) for
	the row and column offsets to indicate the image
	location is not offset. This field contain the image
	location represented as rrrrrccccc, where rrrrr and
	ccccc are the row and column offset from the ILOC
THE	value of the item to which the image is attached.
IMAG	This field shall contain the magnification of 1.0,
	indicating no magnification or reduction factor of
	the segment image relative to the original segment
	image.

TABLE 65. Segment image subheader field definition - Continued.

TABLE 65. Segment image subheader field definition - Continued.

FIELD	DEFINITION
UDIDL	This field shall contain the value of zero to
	indicate that no registered tagged record extensions
	are included in the image subheader.
IXSHDL	This field shall contain the length in bytes of the
	entire IXSHD field. The length is (3) plus the sum
	of the lengths of all the controlled tagged record
	extensions appearing in the IXSHD field, since they
	are not separated from one another.
IXSOFL	This field shall be 000 to indicate that there is no
	field overflow into a DES
	Note: The following three field definitions apply to
	all controlled tagged record extensions.
CETAG	This field shall contain a valid alphanumeric
	identifier properly controlled with the NTB.
CEL	This field shall contain the length in bytes of the
	data contained in CEDATA. The Tagged record's
	length is 11 + CEL.
CEDATA	This field shall contain data of either binary or
	character data types defined by and formatted
	according to user specification.

TABLE 66. Segment image compressed blocks directory definition.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
	E FOLLOWING FIELDS SH	ALL BE	REPEATED FOR EA	ACH
JPEG BLOC	K IN THE IMAGE.			
> BOFF	Block Offset	10	0-99999999999	R
> BLEN	Block Length	7	1-9999999	R

TABLE 67. <u>Segment image compressed blocks directory field</u> definition.

FIELD	DEFINITION
	NOTE: THE FOLLOWING FIELDS SHALL BE REPEATED FOR EACH JPEG BLOCK IN THE IMAGE.
> BOFF	This field shall contain the offset from the beginning of the image data to the beginning of the data for this block expressed in bytes.
> BLEN	This field shall contain the length of the compressed block expressed in total number of bytes.

TABLE 68. Segment image support data definition.

FIELD	NAME	FORMAT	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
LONTR	Longitude Translation	E22.15	±180 degrees	R
LATTR	Latitude Translation	E22.15	±90 degrees	R
ELVTR	Elevation Translation	E22.15	±10000 meters	R
LONSC	Longitude Scale	E22.15	0-100	R
LATSC	Latitude Scale	E22.15	0-100	R
ELVSC	Elevation Scale	E22.15	0-100	R
XITR	X Image Translation	E22.15	±100000 pixels	R
YITR	Y Image Translation	E22.15	±100000 pixels	R
XISC	X Image Scale	E22.15	0-100	R
YISC	Y Image Scale	E22.15	0-100	R
DELEV	Display Elevation	E22.15	(-1000)-10000	R
			meters	

TABLE 69. Segment image rational function coefficients definition.

FIELD	NAME	FORMAT	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
XINC1	X Image Numerator Coefficient 1	E22.15	±10	R
XINC2	X Image Numerator Coefficient 2	E22.15	±10	R
XINC3	X Image Numerator Coefficient 3	E22.15	±10	R

FIELD	NAME	FORMAT	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
XINC4	X Image Numerator Coefficient 4	E22.15	±10	R
XINC5	X Image Numerator Coefficient 5	E22.15	±10	R
XINC6	X Image Numerator Coefficient 6	E22.15	±10	R
XINC7	X Image Numerator Coefficient 7	E22.15	±10	R
XINC8	X Image Numerator Coefficient 8	E22.15	±10	R
XINC9	X Image Numerator Coefficient 9	E22.15	±10	R
XINC10	X Image Numerator Coefficient 10	E22.15	±10	R
XINC11	X Image Numerator Coefficient 11	E22.15	±10	R
XINC12	X Image Numerator Coefficient 12	E22.15	±10	R
XINC13	X Image Numerator Coefficient 13	E22.15	±10	R
XINC14	X Image Numerator Coefficient 14	E22.15	±10	R
XINC15	X Image Numerator Coefficient 15	E22.15	±10	R
XINC16	X Image Numerator Coefficient 16	E22.15	±10	R
XINC17	X Image Numerator Coefficient 17	E22.15	±10	R
XINC18	X Image Numerator Coefficient 18	E22.15	±10	R
XINC19	X Image Numerator Coefficient 19	E22.15	±10	R
XINC20	X Image Numerator Coefficient 20	E22.15	±10	R
XIDC1	X Image Denominator Coefficient 1	E22.15	±10	R
XIDC2	X Image Denominator Coefficient 2	E22.15	±10	R
XIDC3	X Image Denominator Coefficient 3	E22.15	±10	R
XIDC4	X Image Denominator Coefficient 4	E22.15	±10	R
XIDC5	X Image Denominator Coefficient 5	E22.15	±10	R

TABLE 69.Segment image rational function coefficientsdefinition- Continued.

TABLE 69. <u>Segment image rational function coefficients</u> <u>definition</u> - Continued.

FIELD	NAME	FORMAT	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
XIDC6	X Image Denominator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 6			
XIDC7	X Image Denominator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 7			
XIDC8	X Image Denominator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 8			
XIDC9	X Image Denominator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 9			
XIDC10	X Image Denominator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 10			
XIDC11	X Image Denominator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 11			
XIDC12	X Image Denominator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 12			
XIDC13	X Image Denominator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 13			
XIDC14	X Image Denominator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 14			
XIDC15	X Image Denominator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 15			
XIDC16	X Image Denominator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 16			
XIDC17	X Image Denominator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 17			
XIDC18	X Image Denominator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 18			
XIDC19	X Image Denominator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 19			
XIDC20	X Image Denominator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 20			
YINC1	Y Image Numerator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 1			
YINC2	Y Image Numerator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 2			
YINC3	Y Image Numerator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 3			<u> </u>
YINC4	Y Image Numerator	E22.15	±10	R
111105	Coefficient 4	DOD 15		
YINC5	Y Image Numerator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 5	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =		<u> </u>
YINC6	Y Image Numerator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 6			<u> </u>
YINC7	Y Image Numerator	E22.15	±10	R
	Coefficient 7			

TABLE 69.Segment image rational function coefficientsdefinition- Continued.

FIELD	NAME	FORMAT	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
YINC8	Y Image Numerator Coefficient 8	E22.15	±10	R
YINC9	Y Image Numerator Coefficient 9	E22.15	±10	R
YINC10	Y Image Numerator Coefficient 10	E22.15	±10	R
YINC11	Y Image Numerator Coefficient 11	E22.15	±10	R
YINC12	Y Image Numerator Coefficient 12	E22.15	±10	R
YINC13	Y Image Numerator Coefficient 13	E22.15	±10	R
YINC14	Y Image Numerator Coefficient 14	E22.15	±10	R
YINC15	Y Image Numerator Coefficient 15	E22.15	±10	R
YINC16	Y Image Numerator Coefficient 16	E22.15	±10	R
YINC17	Y Image Numerator Coefficient 17	E22.15	±10	R
YINC18	Y Image Numerator Coefficient 18	E22.15	±10	R
YINC19	Y Image Numerator Coefficient 19	E22.15	±10	R
YINC20	Y Image Numerator Coefficient 20	E22.15	±10	R
YIDC1	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 1	E22.15	±10	R
YIDC2	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 2	E22.15	±10	R
YIDC3	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 3	E22.15	±10	R
YIDC4	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 4	E22.15	±10	R
YIDC5	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 5	E22.15	±10	R
YIDC6	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 6	E22.15	±10	R
YIDC7	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 7	E22.15	±10	R
YIDC8	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 8	E22.15	±10	R

FIELD	NAME	FORMAT	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
YIDC9	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 9	E22.15	±10	R
YIDC10	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 10	E22.15	±10	R
YIDC11	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 11	E22.15	±10	R
YIDC12	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 12	E22.15	±10	R
YIDC13	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 13	E22.15	±10	R
YIDC14	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 14	E22.15	±10	R
YIDC15	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 15	E22.15	±10	R
YIDC16	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 16	E22.15	±10	R
YIDC17	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 17	E22.15	±10	R
YIDC18	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 18	E22.15	±10	R
YIDC19	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 19	E22.15	±10	R
YIDC20	Y Image Denominator Coefficient 20	E22.15	±10	R

TABLE 69.Segment image rational function coefficientsdefinition- Continued.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE	
SY	Message Part Type	2	SY	R	
SID	Symbol ID	10		R	
SNAME	Symbol Name	20	DPPDB Stock Number	0	
SSCLAS	Symbol Security Classification	1	U	R	
SSCODE	Symbol Codewords	40	Spaces	0	
SSCTLH	Symbol Control and Handling	40	Spaces	0	
SSREL	Symbol Releasing Instructions	40	Spaces	0	
SSCAUT	Symbol Classification Authority	20	Spaces	0	
SSCTLN	Symbol Security Control Number	20) Spaces		
SSDWNG	Symbol Security Downgrade	6	Spaces	0	
ENCRYP	Encryption	1	0	R	
STYPE	Symbol Type	1	С	R	
NLIPS	Number of Lines Per Symbol	4	0	R	
NPIXPL	Number of Pixels Per Line	4	0	R	
NWDTH	Line Width	4	0000	R	
NBPP	Number of Bits Per Pixel	1	0	R	
SDLVL	Display Level	3	200	R	
SALVL	Attachment Level	3	000	R	
SLOC	Symbol Location	10	000000000	R	
SLOC2	Second Symbol Location	10	000000000	0	
SCOLOR	Symbol Color	1	Space Character	R	
SNUM	Symbol Number	б	000000	0	
SROT	Symbol Rotation	3	000	R	
NELUT	Number of LUT Entries	3	000	R	
SXSHDL	Extended Subheader Data Length	5	00000	R	

TABLE 70.	Segment	image	stock	number	symbol	file	subheader
IADDE /0.	Degilerie	Inage	BCOCK	IIUUUDCI	BynbOL		Sublicauct.

TABLE 71.Segment image classification (top of display)symbol file subheader.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE	
SY	Message Part Type	2	SY	R	
SID	Symbol ID	10	0002SIM		
SNAME	Symbol Name	20	Class-Top Image	0	
SSCLAS	Symbol Security	1	υ	R	
	Classification				
SSCODE	Symbol Codewords	40	Spaces	0	
SSCTLH	Symbol Control and	40	Spaces	0	
	Handling				
SSREL	Symbol Releasing	40	Spaces	0	
	Instructions				
SSCAUT	Symbol Classification	20	Spaces	0	
	Authority				
SSCTLN	Symbol Security Control	20	Spaces	0	
	Number				
SSDWNG	Symbol Security	6	Spaces	0	
	Downgrade				
ENCRYP	Encryption	1	0	R	
STYPE	Symbol Type	1	С	R	
NLIPS	Number of Lines Per	4	4 0		
	Symbol				
NPIXPL	Number of Pixels Per	4	0	R	
	Line				
NWDTH	Line Width	4	0000	R	
NBPP	Number of Bits Per	1	0	R	
	Pixel				
SDLVL	Display Level	3	300	R	
SALVL	Attachment Level	3	000	R	
SLOC	Symbol Location	10	000000000	R	
SLOC2	Second Symbol Location	10			
SCOLOR	Symbol Color	1	Space Character	R	
SNUM	Symbol Number	б	000000	0	
SROT	Symbol Rotation	3	000	R	
NELUT	Number of LUT Entries	3	000	R	
SXSHDL	Extended Subheader Data	5	00000	R	
	Length				

TABLE 72. Segment image classification (bottom of display) symbol file subheader.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
SY	Message Part Type	2	SY	R
SID	Symbol ID	10	0003SIM	R
SNAME	Symbol Name	20	Class-Bottom Image	0
SSCLAS	Symbol Security	1	U	R
	Classification			
SSCODE	Symbol Codewords	40	Spaces	0
SSCTLH	Symbol Control and	40	Spaces	0
	Handling			
SSREL	Symbol Releasing	40	Spaces	0
	Instructions			
SSCAUT	Symbol Classification	20	Spaces	0
	Authority			
SSCTLN	Symbol Security Control	20	Spaces	0
	Number			
SSDWNG	Symbol Security	6	Spaces	0
	Downgrade			
ENCRYP	Encryption	1	0	R
STYPE	Symbol Type	1	С	R
NLIPS	Number of Lines Per	4	0	R
	Symbol			
NPIXPL	Number of Pixels Per	4	0	R
	Line			
NWDTH	Line Width	4	0000	R
NBPP	Number of Bits Per	1	0	R
	Pixel			
SDLVL	Display Level	3	400	R
SALVL	Attachment Level	3	000	R
SLOC	Symbol Location	10	000000000	R
SLOC2	Second Symbol Location	10	000000000	0
SCOLOR	Symbol Color	1	Space Character	R
SNUM	Symbol Number	6	000000	0
SROT	Symbol Rotation	3	000	R
NELUT	Number of LUT Entries	3	000	R
SXSHDL	Extended Subheader Data	5	00000	R
	Length			

TABLE 73. <u>Segment image handling instructions symbol file</u> subheader.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
SY	Message Part Type	2	SY	R
SID	Symbol ID	10	0004SIM	R
SNAME	Symbol Name	20	Handling Instruct	0
SSCLAS	Symbol Security	1	U	R
	Classification			
SSCODE	Symbol Codewords	40	Spaces	0
SSCTLH	Symbol Control and	40	Spaces	0
	Handling			
SSREL	Symbol Releasing	40	Spaces	0
	Instructions			
SSCAUT	Symbol Classification	20	Spaces	0
	Authority			
SSCTLN	Symbol Security Control	20	Spaces	0
	Number			
SSDWNG	Symbol Security	6	Spaces	0
	Downgrade	-		
ENCRYP	Encryption	1	0	R
STYPE	Symbol Type	1	C	R
NLIPS	Number of Lines Per	4	0	R
	Symbol			
NPIXPL	Number of Pixels Per	4	0	R
	Line			
NWDTH	Line Width	4	0000	R
NBPP	Number of Bits Per	1	0	R
	Pixel			
SDLVL	Display Level	3	500	R
SALVL	Attachment Level	3	000	R
SLOC	Symbol Location	10	000000000	R
SLOC2	Second Symbol Location	10	000000000	0
SCOLOR	Symbol Color	1	Space Character	R
SNUM	Symbol Number	6	000000	0
SROT	Symbol Rotation	3	000	R
NELUT	Number of LUT Entries	3	000	R
SXSHDL	Extended Subheader Data Length	5	00000	R

TABLE 74. Segment image classification authority symbol file subheader.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE	
SY	Message Part Type	2	SY	R	
SID	Symbol ID	10	10 0005SIM		
SNAME	Symbol Name	20	Class Auth	0	
SSCLAS	Symbol Security	1	U	R	
	Classification				
SSCODE	Symbol Codewords	40	Spaces	0	
SSCTLH	Symbol Control and Handling	40	Spaces	0	
SSREL	Symbol Releasing Instructions	40	Spaces	0	
SSCAUT	Symbol Classification Authority	20	Spaces	0	
SSCTLN	Symbol Security Control Number	20	20 Spaces		
SSDWNG	Symbol Security Downgrade	6 Spaces		0	
ENCRYP	Encryption	1	0	R	
STYPE	Symbol Type	1	С	R	
NLIPS	Number of Lines Per Symbol	4	0	R	
NPIXPL	Number of Pixels Per Line	4	0	R	
NWDTH	Line Width	4	0000	R	
NBPP	Number of Bits Per Pixel	1	0	R	
SDLVL	Display Level	3	600	R	
SALVL	Attachment Level	3	000	R	
SLOC	Symbol Location	10	000000000	R	
SLOC2	Second Symbol Location	10	000000000	0	
SCOLOR	Symbol Color	1	Space Character	R	
SNUM	Symbol Number	6	000000	0	
SROT	Symbol Rotation	3	000	R	
NELUT	Number of LUT Entries	3	000	R	
SXSHDL	Extended Subheader Data Length	5	00000	R	

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
SY	Message Part Type	2	SY	R
SID	Symbol ID	10	0006SIM	R
SNAME	Symbol Name	20	Model Number	0
SSCLAS	Symbol Security	1	U	R
	Classification			
SSCODE	Symbol Codewords	40	Spaces	0
SSCTLH	Symbol Control and Handling	40	Spaces	0
SSREL	Symbol Releasing Instructions	40	Spaces	0
SSCAUT	Symbol Classification Authority	20	Spaces	0
SSCTLN	Symbol Security Control Number	20	Spaces	0
SSDWNG	Symbol Security Downgrade	6	Spaces	0
ENCRYP	Encryption 1 0		0	R
STYPE	Symbol Type	1	С	R
NLIPS	Number of Lines Per Symbol	4	0	R
NPIXPL	Number of Pixels Per Line	4	0	R
NWDTH	Line Width	4	0000	R
NBPP	Number of Bits Per Pixel	1	0	R
SDLVL	Display Level	3	700	R
SALVL	Attachment Level	3	000	R
SLOC	Symbol Location	10	000000000	R
SLOC2	Second Symbol Location	10	000000000	0
SCOLOR	Symbol Color	1	Space Character	R
SNUM	Symbol Number	6	000000	0
SROT	Symbol Rotation	3	000	R
NELUT	Number of LUT Entries	3	000	R
SXSHDL	Extended Subheader Data Length	5	00000	R

TABLE 75. Segment image model number symbol file subheader.

FIELD	NAME	SIZE	VALUE RANGE	TYPE
SY	Message Part Type	2	SY	R
SID	Symbol ID	10	0007SIM	R
SNAME	Symbol Name	20	Segment Image Number	0
SSCLAS	Symbol Security Classification	1	U	R
SSCODE	Symbol Codewords	40	Spaces	0
SSCTLH	Symbol Control and Handling	40	Spaces	0
SSREL	Symbol Releasing Instructions	40	Spaces	0
SSCAUT	Symbol Classification Authority	20	0	
SSCTLN	Symbol Security Control Number	20	0	
SSDWNG	Symbol Security Downgrade	6	Spaces	0
ENCRYP	Encryption	1	0	R
STYPE	Symbol Type	1	С	R
NLIPS	Number of Lines Per Symbol	4	0	R
NPIXPL	Number of Pixels Per Line	4	0	R
NWDTH	Line Width	4	0000	R
NBPP	Number of Bits Per Pixel	1	0	R
SDLVL	Display Level	3	800	R
SALVL	Attachment Level	3	000	R
SLOC	Symbol Location	10	000000000	R
SLOC2	Second Symbol Location	10	000000000	0
SCOLOR	Symbol Color	1	Space Character	R
SNUM	Symbol Number	6	000000	0
SROT	Symbol Rotation	3	000	R
NELUT	Number of LUT Entries	3	000	R
SXSHDL	Extended Subheader Data Length	5	00000	R

TABLE 76. Segment image number identifier symbol file subheader	TABLE 76.	Segment	image	number	identifier	symbol	file	subheader.
---	-----------	---------	-------	--------	------------	--------	------	------------

TABLE 77. Segment image symbol file subheader field definition.

FIELD	DEFINITION
SY	This field shall contain the characters SY to
2 -	identify the subheader as a symbol subheader.
SID	This field shall contain a valid alphanumeric number identifier in the format 1234SIM, where: 1234 is the number identifying the item in this file and SIM indicates the item is contained in the Segment Image
	file.
SNAME	This field shall contain the alphanumeric name for the symbol.
SSCLAS	This field shall contain a valid value of U (= Unclassified) representing the classification level of the symbol.
SSCODE	This field shall contain all spaces to indicate that no codewords apply to this symbol.
SSCTLH	This field shall contain all spaces to indicate that
	no file control and handling instructions apply to this symbol.
SSREL	This field shall contain all spaces to indicate that no symbol release instructions apply.
SSCAUT	This field shall contain all spaces that no symbol classification authority applies.
SSCTLN	This field shall contain all spaces to indicate that no symbol security control number applies.
SSDWNG	This field shall contain a valid indicator that designates the point in time at which a declassification or downgrading action is to take place. The valid value is the code "999999" indicating downgrading on E.O. 12951. If this field is all spaces, it shall imply that no file security downgrade condition applies.
ENCRYP	This field shall contain the value zero (0) to indicate the file is not encrypted.
STYPE	This field shall contain the letter C to indicate the symbol is defined in a Computer Graphics Metafile (CGM). The CGM format for the NITFS is defined in MIL-STD-2301.
NLIPS	This field shall contain zero (0).
NPIXPL	This field shall contain zero (0).
NWDTH	This field shall contain zero (0).
NBPP	This field shall contain zero (0).
SDLVL	This field shall contain a valid value that indicates the graphic display level of the symbol relative to other displayed file components in a composite display. The valid values are 001 to 999.
SALVL	This field shall contain a value of zero (0) to indicate these textual symbols are attached to the display device.

TABLE 77.	Segment	image	symbol	file	subheader	field
	definition - Continued.					

FIELD	DEFINITION		
SLOC	The location of a symbol is specified by specifying		
	the location of a point bearing a particular		
	relationship to the symbol. The point is defined		
	in MIL-STD-2301. This field shall contain zero (0).		
SLOC2	This field shall contain zero (0).		
SCOLOR	This field shall contain a space character.		
SNUM	This field shall contain zero (0).		
SROT	This field shall contain zero (0).		
NELUT	This field shall contain zero (0).		
SXSHDL	This field shall contain the value zero (0). A		
	value of zero (0) shall mean that no controlled		
	tagged record extensions are included in the image		
	subheader.		

APPENDIX A

RELEASABILITY CODES

A.1 SCOPE

A.1.1 <u>Scope</u>. This Appendix defines requirements for releasability codes for DPPDBs. This Appendix is a mandatory part of the specification, an is intended for compliance.

A.2 APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

(This section is not applicable to this appendix.)

A.3 RELEASABILITY CODES

A.3.1 <u>Releasability codes</u>. Refer to classified annex for information regarding releasability codes for DPPDB data.

APPENDIX B

LIST OF FIGURES

B.1 SCOPE

B.1.1 <u>Scope</u>. This Appendix is not a mandatory part of the specification. The information contained herein is intended for guidance only.

B.2 APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

This section is not applicable to this appendix.

B.3 LIST OF FIGURES

B.3.1 <u>List of Figures</u>. The following is a list of figures shown within the preceding DPPDB specification and the corresponding page location.

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C.1 SCOPE

C.1.1 <u>Scope</u>. This Appendix is not a mandatory part of the specification. The information contained herein is intended for guidance only.

C.2 APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

This section is not applicable to this appendix.

C.3 LIST OF TABLES

C.3.1 <u>List of Tables</u>. The following is a list of tables shown within the preceding DPPDB specification and the corresponding page location.

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CONCLUDING MATERIAL

Custodian: Air Force - 09 Army - TI Navy - NO Marine Corps - MC DISA - DC2 Preparing activity: NIMA - MP

(Project MCGT-0288)

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