



DOE-HDBK-1201-97 January 1997 Supersedes DOE-STD-1006-92 July 1992

## **DOE HANDBOOK**

# GUIDE TO GOOD PRACTICES EVALUATION INSTRUMENT EXAMPLES



## U.S. Department of Energy Washington, D.C. 20585



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#### FOREWORD

1. This Department of Energy (DOE) Handbook is approved for use by all DOE Components and their contractors. The Handbook incorporates editorial changes to DOE-STD-1006-92, *Guide to Good Practices: Evaluation Instrument Examples*, and supersedes and replaces DOE-STD-1006-92. Technical content of this Handbook has not changed from the original technical standard. Changes are primarily editorial improvements, redesignation of the standard to a Handbook, and format changes to conform with current Technical Standards Program procedures.

2. This technical standard provides guidance to DOE staff and contractors that can be used by training staffs (e.g., instructors, designers, developers and managers) and others for developing evaluation instruments. Examples of various methods and techniques have been included. These instruments are not necessarily intended to be used "as is," but they provide guidance for training evaluation instrument development.

3. Beneficial comments (recommendations, additions, deletions) and any pertinent data that may improve this document should be sent to the Office of Nuclear Safety Policy and Standards (EH-31), U.S. Department of Energy, Washington, DC 20585, by letter or by using the self-addressed Document Improvement Proposal (DOE F 1300.3) appearing at the end of this document.

4. DOE technical standards, such as this Handbook, do not establish requirements. However, all or part of the provisions in a technical standard can become requirements under the following circumstances:

(1) they are explicitly stated to be requirements in a DOE requirements document; or

(2) the organization makes a commitment to meet a technical standard in a contract or in a plan or program required by a DOE requirements document.

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## 1. INTRODUCTION

## 1.1 Purpose

Training evaluation determines a training program's effectiveness in meeting its intended purpose; producing competent employees. Evaluation is the quality assurance component of a systematic approach to training (SAT) program. This guide provides information on evaluation instruments used to gather employee, supervisor, and instructor feedback to identify strengths and weaknesses of training programs at DOE facilities. It should be used in conjunction with DOE Training Program Handbook: A Systematic Approach to Training and DOE Handbook, Alternative Systematic Approaches to Training.

## 1.2 Discussion

The key to conducting an effective training evaluation is to first identify the questions to be answered by the evaluation. Should the program be modified? What performance gains are being realized? Is the need for training being addressed in the best way possible? The purposes of an evaluation include the following:

- To determine if a program is accomplishing its objectives.
- To identify the strengths and weaknesses of a particular training program.
- To identify which trainees benefitted the most, or the least, from a training program.
- To determine if a program was appropriate for its intended purpose and target population.

Training evaluations should be conducted in all available settings (classroom, laboratory, simulator, and on-the-job training) and at various times (during training, immediately after training, three to six months after training, etc.). "What type of training data is needed?" and "What training setting is being evaluated?" are two questions that will help determine when the evaluation is conducted. The specific setting and time are usually controlled by the level of the training evaluation. There are four levels of evaluation.

Level I:	Reaction-	Determines the trainees' opinion of the training program.
Level II:	Learning-	Measures the trainees' achievement of the program goals.
Level III:	Application-	Determines if trainees are using the new skills on the job.
Level IV:	Results-	Measures whether training has a significant influence on the organization's operation.

#### **Internal Evaluations**

Levels I and II focus primarily on internal evaluations. Internal evaluation is the process that collects data by reviewing course materials, trainee test and performance data, the trainees' reactions to training, instructor evaluations by training staff, and other information coming from the development and use of the actual training program itself.

Measuring the trainees' reactions to training is usually collected on an end-of-course critique form or questionnaire that records the trainees' impressions about the instructors, course content, materials, facilities, etc. Although this data is subjective, it can be valuable as a quick assessment of training. This data can also be a source of information about the perceived quality of training and materials. Trainees can also be good evaluators of instructor technical competence. The problem with this instrument is that there is very little correlation between how the trainees feel and what they have learned. Examples 6 and 7 are variations of this type.

Instructors are evaluated by the training staff to determine the adequacy of training delivery. This evaluation should be performed by the training supervisor or a qualified staff member. Instructors should be evaluated regularly in terms of technical knowledge, presentation skills, and interpersonal skills for each training setting they are qualified to instruct. The discrepancies identified in these evaluations should be corrected using a systematic method such as a feedback loop. Examples 1, 2, 3, 9, and 10 all relate to this method of evaluation.

Training materials should also be evaluated periodically. This should ensure that the required changes are being incorporated. These changes may include changes to DOE regulations, modifications to equipment or procedures, changes in job scope, and industry operating experiences that impact the training.

## **External Evaluations**

Levels III and IV focus on the impact of the training on the job (external). External evaluation is the process that collects data from prior trainees, supervisors and managers, and from many other outside sources that are beyond the actual domain of the training program.

One method of collecting external evaluation data is to directly observe the graduate during actual job performance. This method is the most direct approach to getting an answer to the question of whether or not the graduate can perform the tasks on the job that he/she was trained. Observations may be performed by a single evaluator or a team composed of evaluators and subject matter experts. A checklist can be beneficial to aid in observations.

A method of collecting data from prior trainees and their supervisors is by using questionnaires. Questionnaires are the least expensive approach for collecting data from graduates and their supervisors. The validity of these questionnaires reflects how well the evaluators prepared and distributed them. The questionnaire should include the tasks that the trainees were trained to perform. Examples 4 and 5 represent this method.

Another method used to collect data from prior trainees and their supervisors is through personal interviews. This method allows evaluators to collect more detailed information than is possible on questionnaires. Evaluators can also follow-up on unclear responses and can clarify any problems the graduate is having. Interviews should concentrate on determining graduate proficiency. This is best accomplished by using a preplanned list of questions.

Instructional quality data is collected during instruction, immediately after instruction, and at various times after training to assure program maintenance. How data is collected is influenced by the type of evaluation instrument used and by the training being evaluated.

This data, or feedback, can be gathered using checklists, numerical rating scales, questionnaires, interviews, or direct observation. Subcontracted training should not be treated differently than facility operating contractor training; therefore, the same evaluation instruments should apply.

## 2. TRAINING EVALUATION INSTRUMENTS

Training evaluation instruments can take a variety of forms. Regardless of the material, process, or program being evaluated, general principles should be followed to construct an evaluation instrument. Common formats for many evaluation instruments include checklists, numerical rating scales, questionnaires, interviews, and direct observation.

In the discussion that follows, guidance for developing evaluation instruments is presented and examples of evaluation instruments are provided. The examples provided do not encompass all training activities, and they should be revised to reflect individual training and facility organizational needs.

## 2.1 Numerical Rating Scale Format

A numerical rating scale can be used to evaluate a trainee's performance on many tasks, group interactions, or instructor performance, or to collect feedback from facility management on trainee performance. The use of this format helps to control the subjectivity of the evaluator and provides better feedback than a simple pass/fail or satisfactory/unsatisfactory format. The numerical rating scale chosen should be adequately anchored at all times to keep the results as objective as possible. Numerical scales can be used to collect post-training feedback from trainees and supervisors and to conduct instructional setting evaluations.

The following guidance can be helpful when constructing numerical rating scales:

- Select the processes and/or products to be evaluated
- Determine the response scale
- Define the points on the scale

The rating scale chosen should then be used consistently across the site to promote objectivity during evaluations.

The following examples can be used to collect evaluation data on instructor performance, supervisor post-training feedback, and trainee post-training feedback.

- Example 1, Laboratory Instructor Evaluation
- Example 2, Instructor Performance Evaluation
- Example 3, Simulator Instructor Evaluation
- Example 4, Supervisor's Post-training Feedback
- Example 5, Trainee Post-training Evaluation

Appendix A contains examples of each type of evaluation instrument listed above.

## 2.2 Questionnaire Format

A questionnaire format may be used to solicit opinions, obtain information, and collect feedback regarding the work or training environment. For example, questionnaires can be used to collect post-training feedback on initial or continuing training program effectiveness, to gather data that assists in the evaluation of the proper scope of training program content, and to investigate the effects of industry events and/or regulatory changes on the content of a training program.

The following guidance can be helpful when developing a questionnaire-type evaluation instrument:

- Define the purpose of the questionnaire. This can be done by determining what information is needed, who will provide the information, and how the information will be used.
- Determine the source of the evaluation questions to be used in the questionnaire. Questions can come from managers and training staff, previous observations and interview material, and other questionnaires that have been used for similar purposes.
- Determine the types of questions required on the questionnaire. Three different types of questions can be used. The interview technique uses all three types.
  - <u>Performance Questions</u> These questions ask what has actually been performed. They are aimed at obtaining descriptions of actual experiences, activities, or actions where the corresponding performance would be observable if an evaluator were present.

- <u>Opinion Questions</u> These questions ask for an individual's opinion about something. They are used to gather information concerning people's goals, intentions, desires, or values. This type of question can cause analysis problems because it usually requires agreement or disagreement on the part of the evaluator.
- <u>Knowledge Questions</u> These questions are used to determine the factual information an individual knows. Facts are not opinions, feelings, or actions but are considered knowledge or truths. Knowledge questions can elicit facts from recollection or can verify facts with a true/false answer. This type of question should be used in conjunction with the other types to prevent the impression that this questionnaire is a test.
- Write the questions. The questions should be clearly focused to aid the respondents in determining the information that is desired. Clear cues should be provided to help accomplish this. The questions should be formatted to be consistent with the type of information sought.

The following examples can be used to collect evaluation data for program development, onthe-job training (OJT), and simulator training.

- Example 6, Trainee Feedback Evaluation
- Example 7, End-of-Course Training Evaluation
- Example 8, Training Program Evaluation

Appendix B contains examples of each type of evaluation instrument listed above.

## 2.3 Checklist Format

A checklist format can be used to assess a product to determine whether the actions or results meet predetermined standards. A checklist might be used to determine if job performance was satisfactory after training or if an instructional session was conducted properly.

The following guidance can be helpful when constructing a checklist evaluation instrument:

- Identify all actions or key points to be evaluated. Each must be important, observable, and measurable.
- Identify the most frequent problems found in the activity to be evaluated.
- Convert these problems (negative statements) into positive statements that describe satisfactory performance or describe satisfactory products.
- Provide a model or samples of acceptable materials to help the evaluator determine whether standards of accuracy and quality are met.

The following examples can be used to collect evaluation data for instructor observations and for the training department

- Example 9, Instructor Observation Checklist
- Example 10, OJT Training Course Evaluation Form
- Example 11, Training Development Recommendation Checklist
- Example 12, Training Material Request/Update

Appendix C contains examples of each type of evaluation instrument listed above.

## 2.4 Interviews

Interviews allow the evaluator to adjust the questions to the situation and to probe deeper into areas of interest or concern. This activity can be labor-intensive depending on the number of individuals to be interviewed. Personal interviews may be necessary when collecting feedback concerning the effectiveness of training on a new procedure or plant modification. The following is a list of key considerations for using the interview method:

- Evaluators should follow-up on unclear or incomplete responses.
- Interviewers can clarify any problems the trainee is experiencing.
- Gather data through separate interviews with trainees and their supervisors.
   The presence of the supervisor during the interview could drastically alter the trainee's responses.
- Always explain to the interviewee who you are and why you are there. The more people who know what is going to happen and what will be done with the data, the more likely it is that their responses will be candid.

- Show a sincere interest in the interviewee and his/her job.
- Do not try to tell the interviewee how to do the job. The interviewee is the job expert. Your job is to collect information about how that person is doing on the job and how well training prepared him/her for it. Try to talk to the interviewees in their own language. Total ignorance of job-related terminology and jargon suggests a lack of interest on the part of the interviewer.
- Remember that the evaluation process is not a blame-placing activity. You must repeatedly communicate to the trainee that you are only there to get information to evaluate and improve the quality of training at your facility.
- The main task of the interviewer is to determine how well the trainee is doing on the job and how well training prepared him/her for the job.
- Use a preplanned list of questions to get honest, pertinent answers relating to how the trainee's skills are being utilized, how well he/she was trained, etc.
   Keep the interview focused on the collection of pertinent data.
- Accurately record answers to the questions.

## 2.5 Observation

Direct task observation may be most effective when collecting trainee performance data three to six months after training has taken place. Task observation may be timeconsuming, and its effectiveness depends on when the task is performed and the expertise of the observer. A checklist should be prepared and used for observations.

The purpose of a training evaluation also influences the type of instrument used, the training setting observed, and when the evaluation is performed. If the goal of the evaluation is to determine training effectiveness in terms of trainee performance on the job, then an interview survey instrument or an observation instrument would be appropriate. Both instruments should address trainee performance of the task or training program objective level. The evaluation should be conducted during the scheduled application of the newly-learned skills and knowledge and on a schedule based on the frequency of application (planned).

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#### 3. SUMMARY

Program evaluation information must be analyzed before it can be used to make changes in training. Each facility should use a method of analysis that will yield the information required to have positive results. Some types of data should be organized and tabulated prior to analysis to make it more usable. The analysis of the information will confirm program effectiveness or determine that training can contribute to a solution that will correct an existing or potential problem.

The analysis of evaluations and the development of corrective action plans will provide the training organization with positive short- and long-range direction. The collection of data before, during, and after training can provide valuable information for decisions about existing and future training programs. Peer evaluations and facility supervisor evaluations, as well as manager and instructor evaluations, are valuable tools when maintaining a training program. To take full advantage of this evaluation information, it is important that facility and training management conduct regular reviews, and that training personnel are provided feedback directly and through continuing development activities. This will ensure that all training activities are consistently and effectively administered and will produce the results that are intended.

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APPENDIX A NUMERICAL RATING SCALE EXAMPLES

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#### APPENDIX A

## EXAMPLE 1

## Laboratory Instructor Evaluation

LESSON TITLE:	DATE:
INSTRUCTOR:	LENGTH OF OBSERVATION:
OBSERVED BY:	DATE:
REVIEWED BY:	DATE:

**Instructions:** Below is a list of competency statements that laboratory instructors should use to contribute to the learning process. Read each statement and evaluate the instructor's performance by circling the appropriate rating next to the statement. Written comments for all ratings are encouraged. Comments are required for "unsatisfactory" and "needs improvement" ratings. Space is available to the right of each rating.

## EXPLANATION OF RATINGS

0	Not Observed	Activity not observed by the evaluator
1	Unsatisfactory	Failed to perform the required activity
2	Needs Improvement	Performed most essential activities properly
3	Satisfactory	Performed all essential activities properly
4	Above Average	Performed all requirements and exceeds on several
5	Outstanding	Consistently exceeded requirements

#### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNIQUES**

1.	Objectives were stated and						
	explained prior to performance.	0	1	2	3	4	5
2.	Instructor followed the laboratory guide (minimum content and covered						
	within assigned time).	0	1	2	3	4	5

## APPENDIX A

## Laboratory Instructor Evaluation

## **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNIQUES (Continued)**

3.	Instructor actively coached trainees during laboratory sessions.	0	1	2	3	4	5
4.	Instructor identified and helped trainees correct knowledge and skill weaknesses.	0	1	2	3	4	5
5.	Instructor used trainee responses and other situations as opportunities to teach and						
	reinforce concepts.	0	1	2	3	4	5
6.	Instructor projected interest and enthusiasm for the session.	0	1	2	3	4	5
7.	Instructor listened to the trainees and responded to their questions	0	-	0	0	4	_
	and needs.	0	1	2	3	4	5
8.	Instructor adjusted the pace to the level of trainees' knowledge and ability.	0	1	2	3	4	5
9.	Instructor's movements and gestures were appropriate (not distracting).	0	1	2	3	4	5
10.	Instructor maintained vocal variety (avoiding monotone).	0	1	2	3	4	5

## APPENDIX A

## Laboratory Instructor Evaluation

## **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNIQUES (Continued)**

11.		ructor avoided using distracting al mannerisms (and-uh,						
		know, O.K.).	0	1	2	3	4	5
12.		ructor summarized activities ne end of the session.	0	1	2	3	4	5
			-	-	_	-		-
13.	Inst	ructor solicited and answered						
	unre	esolved trainee questions at the						
	end	of the session.	0	1	2	3	4	5
KNC	OWLE	EDGE OF SUBJECT MATTER						
1.	Inst	ructor explained technical						
	info	rmation clearly and concisely.	0	1	2	3	4	5
2.	Inst	ructor pointed out differences						
	that	may exist between the laboratory						
	and	actual facility procedures and						
	equi	ipment.	0	1	2	3	4	5
3.	The	questions required the trainees to:						
	a.	think through causes and						
		effects of laboratory steps.	0	1	2	3	4	5
	b.	think through facility conditions,						
		activities, causes, and responses.	0	1	2	3	4	5
	C.	integrate knowledge (theory,						
		systems, procedures, tech						
		spec/bases, etc.).	0	1	2	3	4	5

## APPENDIX A

## Laboratory Instructor Evaluation

## KNOWLEDGE OF SUBJECT MATTER (Continued)

COMMENTS

- Instructor effectively incorporated the theory of facility operations and industry operating experiences into the laboratory training.
  0 1 2 3 4 5
- 5. Enough time was spent on exercises. 0 1 2 3 4 5

## ADDITIONAL COMMENTS:

APPENDIX A

## EXAMPLE 2

#### Instructor Performance Evaluation

LESSON TITLE:	DATE:
INSTRUCTOR:	LENGTH OF OBSERVATION:
OBSERVED BY:	DATE:
REVIEWED BY:	DATE:

**Instructions:** Below is a list of competency statements that instructors should use to contribute to the learning process. Read each statement and evaluate the instructor's performance by circling the appropriate rating next to the statement. Written comments for all ratings are encouraged. Comments are required for "unsatisfactory" and "needs improvement" ratings. Space is available to the right of each rating.

## **EXPLANATION OF RATINGS**

0	Not Observed	Activity not observed by the evaluator
1	Unsatisfactory	Failed to perform the required activity
2	Needs Improvement	Performed most essential activities properly
3	Satisfactory	Performed all essential activities properly
4	Above Average	Performed all requirements and exceeds on several
5	Outstanding	Consistently exceeded requirements

## MATERIALS

COMMENTS

 The student handout is organized in a logical manner conforming with lesson presentation.
 The training material is current and technically accurate.
 The training material is current and

#### APPENDIX A

#### Instructor Performance Evaluation

## **MATERIALS (Continued)**

#### COMMENTS

3. The training material relates to the learning objectives.
4. When used, the industry event examples are appropriate.
0 1 2 3 4 5

## CONDUCT OF CLASS

## Preparation

1.	Classroom physical layout enhanced						
	the learning climate.	0	1	2	3	4	5
2.	The instructor appeared adequately						
	prepared.	0	1	2	3	4	5
<u>Intro</u>	oduction						
1.	Started class on time.	0	1	2	3	4	5
2.	Provided student handouts.	0	1	2	3	4	5
3.	Stated the purpose of lecture.	0	1	2	3	4	5
4.	Reviewed the objectives for						
	the class session.	0	1	2	3	4	5
5.	Stated a problem to be solved or						
	discussed during the class.	0	1	2	3	4	5

### APPENDIX A

## Instructor Performance Evaluation

## CONDUCT OF CLASS (Continued)

6.	Made explicit the relationship between current subject matter and previous classes.	0	1	2	3	4	5			
Pres	Presentation									
1.	Followed the lesson plan.	0	1	2	3	4	5			
2.	Taught the content in a systematic and organized fashion.	0	1	2	3	4	5			
3.	Defined new terms, concepts, and principles.	0	1	2	3	4	5			
4.	Used clear, simple, and relevant examples to explain major ideas.	0	1	2	3	4	5			
5.	Related new ideas to familiar ones.	0	1	2	3	4	5			
6.	Presented information at an appropriate level of detail.	0	1	2	3	4	5			
7.	Used alternate explanations when necessary.	0	1	2	3	4	5			
8.	Stated the relationship among various ideas in the presentation.	0	1	2	3	4	5			

#### APPENDIX A

#### Instructor Performance Evaluation

## CONDUCT OF CLASS (Continued)

#### COMMENTS

9.	Asked questions to determine if									
	information was presented at a									
	proper rate.	0	1	2	3	4	5			
10.	Periodically summarized the									
	important ideas.	0	1	2	3	4	5			
11.	Reiterated definitions of new terms									
	to help students become accustomed									
	to them.	0	1	2	3	4	5			
12.	Exhibited a level of knowledge									
	adequate to teach the material.	0	1	2	3	4	5			
13.	Displayed a positive attitude.	0	1	2	3	4	5			
14.	Demonstrated confidence during									
	the class presentation.	0	1	2	3	4	5			
15.	Developed a positive rapport									
	with the students.	0	1	2	3	4	5			
16.	Requested student participation.	0	1	2	3	4	5			
COMMUNICATION SKILLS										
Verk	Verbal									

1. Voice could be easily heard. 0 1 2 3 4 5

#### APPENDIX A

## Instructor Performance Evaluation

## COMMUNICATION SKILLS (Continued)

2.	Voice was raised or lowered for variety and emphasis.		1	2	3	4	5
3.	Speech was neither too formal nor too casual.	0	1	2	3	4	5
4.	Rate of speech was neither too fast nor too slow.	0	1	2	3	4	5
5.	Varied the pace of the presentation to keep the students alert.	0	1	2	3	4	5
6.	Spoke at a rate that allowed students time to take notes.	0	1	2	3	4	5
7.	Facilitated discussions effectively.	0	1	2	3	4	5
<u>Nor</u>	n-Verbal						
1.	Established and maintained eye contact with the entire class.	0	1	2	3	4	5
2.	Listened carefully to student comments and questions.	0	1	2	3	4	5
3.	Appearance was proper.	0	1	2	3	4	5
4.	Instructor was enthusiastic about the material presented.	0	1	2	3	4	5

#### APPENDIX A

#### Instructor Performance Evaluation

## COMMUNICATION SKILLS (Continued)

#### COMMENTS

5. Noted and responded to signs of puzzlement, boredom, and curiosity of the student.
0 1 2 3 4 5

#### QUESTIONING ABILITY

#### Asking Questions

1.	Asked questions to determine what										
	the students know about the lecture										
	topic.	0	1	2	3	4	5				
2.	Asked questions that allowed the										
	instructor to gauge student progress.	0	1	2	3	4	5				
3.	Addressed questions to individual										
	students as well as to the group at										
	large.	0	1	2	3	4	5				
4.	Encouraged students to answer										
	difficult questions by providing										
	clues or rephrasing.	0	1	2	3	4	5				
5.	Involved as many students as										
	possible in the classroom discussion.	0	1	2	3	4	5				
6.	When necessary, asked students										
	to clarify their questions.	0	1	2	3	4	5				

#### APPENDIX A

## Instructor Performance Evaluation

## **QUESTIONING ABILITY (Continued)**

7.	Asked probing questions if a student's answer was incomplete or superficial.	0	1	2	3	4	5		
8.	Repeated answers when necessary so the entire class could hear.	0	1	2	3	4	5		
Answering Questions									
1.	Encouraged student questions.	0	1	2	3	4	5		
2.	Received student questions politely and, when possible, enthusiastically.	0	1	2	3	4	5		
3.	Answered student's questions satisfactorily.	0	1	2	3	4	5		
4.	Repeated student's question when necessary.	0	1	2	3	4	5		
AUI	DIO/VISUAL AIDS								
1.	Used audio/visual aids to enhance the learning objectives.	0	1	2	3	4	5		
2.	Transparencies/slides were clear and easy to read.	0	1	2	3	4	5		
3.	Board work appeared organized and legible.	0	1	2	3	4	5		

## APPENDIX A

#### Instructor Performance Evaluation

## AUDIO/VISUAL AIDS (Continued)

4.	Demonstration performed						
	could be seen by all students.	0	1	2	3	4	5
5.	Student handout was used effectively						
	by the instructor.	0	1	2	3	4	5
SUN	/IMARY						
1.	The instructor properly summarized						
	the key points of the presentation.	0	1	2	3	4	5

## APPENDIX A

#### Instructor Performance Evaluation

STRONG POINTS	SUGGESTIONS FOR IMPROVEMENT

## **Overall Evaluation Score**

1	2	3	4	5
Needs Improvement		Minimum Requirement	Exc	eeded Requirement

## 

## 

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#### APPENDIX A

## EXAMPLE 3

#### Simulator Instructor Observation

LESSON TITLE:	DATE:
INSTRUCTOR:	LENGTH OF OBSERVATION:
OBSERVED BY:	DATE:
REVIEWED BY:	DATE:

**Instructions:** Below is a list of competency statements that simulator instructors should use to contribute to the learning process. Read each statement and evaluate the instructor's performance by circling the appropriate rating next to the statement. Written comments for all ratings are encouraged. Comments are required for "unsatisfactory" and "needs improvement" ratings. Space is available to the right of each rating.

## **EXPLANATION OF RATINGS**

0	Not Observed	Activity not observed by the evaluator
1	Unsatisfactory	Failed to perform the required activity
2	Needs Improvement	Performed most essential activities properly
3	Satisfactory	Performed all essential activities properly
4	Above Average	Performed all requirements and exceeds on several
5	Outstanding	Consistently exceeded requirements

## CONDUCT OF TRAINING

1.	The objectives were clearly stated.	0	1	2	3	4	5	
2.	The simulator was set up properly.	0	1	2	3	4	5	

#### APPENDIX A

#### Simulator Instructor Observation

#### CONDUCT OF TRAINING (Continued)

- 3. Pre-training briefings addressed the following: a. Facility conditions, history, 0 1 2 3 4 5 operating orders b. Known simulator/facility differences 0 1 2 3 4 5 c. Turnover/walkdown of the facilities 0 1 2 3 4 5 4. A realistic atmosphere was maintained. 0 1 2 3 4 5 5. Trainees were required to use proper communication skills. 0 1 2 3 4 5 6. Malfunctions were initiated properly. 0 1 2 3 4 5 7. Simulator training time was used effectively. 0 1 2 3 4 5 8. The instructor's console was operated 0 1 2 3 4 5 correctly. 9. Instructor displayed a positive 0 1 2 3 4 5 attitude. QUESTIONING TECHNIQUES 1. Asked questions to determine what
  - the student knew about the session topic. 0 1 2 3 4 5

#### APPENDIX A

# Simulator Instructor Observation

# QUESTIONING TECHNIQUES (Continued)

### COMMENTS

2.	Asked questions that allowed the instructor to evaluate the student's progress.	0	1	2	3	4	5
3.	Handled incorrect responses appropriately.	0	1	2	3	4	5
4.	Asked questions to determine whether too much or too little information was being presented.	0	1	2	3	4	5
INS	TRUCTIONAL SKILLS						
1.	Presentation was well organized.	0	1	2	3	4	5
2.	The instructor demonstrated and exhibited good coaching/assisting techniques.	0	1	2	3	4	5
3.	The instructor used alternate approaches to enhance learning.	0	1	2	3	4	5
4.	The instructor effectively used the "freeze" function to enhance learning.	0	1	2	3	4	5
5.	The instructor achieved the session goals.	0	1	2	3	4	5

#### APPENDIX A

#### Simulator Instructor Observation

## TECHNICAL KNOWLEDGE

#### COMMENTS

(NOTE: This section to be evaluated by a subject matter expert.)

1.	Focused presentation on level of						
	learners' understanding.	0	1	2	3	4	5
2.	Emphasized operator professionalism.	0	1	2	3	4	5
3.	Demonstrated familiarity with facility						
	procedures/reference material.	0	1	2	3	4	5
4.	Emphasized and reinforced team skills.	0	1	2	3	4	5
5.	Developed and emphasized diagnostic						
	skills.	0	1	2	3	4	5
6.	Exhibited a level of knowledge adequate						
	to teach the training material.	0	1	2	3	4	5
CRITIQUE SKILLS							
1.	Post-training critiques facilitate individual						
	students to critique themselves.	0	1	2	3	4	5
2.	Post-training critiques required the						
	team to critique themselves.	0	1	2	3	4	5
3.	The instructor summarized the						
	simulator session.	0	1	2	3	4	5

#### APPENDIX A

#### Simulator Instructor Observation

# CRITIQUE SKILLS (Continued)

#### COMMENTS

4. Post-training critiques addressed:

exercise-specific performance						
objectives	0	1	2	3	4	5
<ul> <li>generic performance objectives</li> </ul>	0	1	2	3	4	5
<ul> <li>facility operating standards and</li> </ul>						
practices	0	1	2	3	4	5
Critique resulted in operator						
commitment to reinforce positive						
performance.	0	1	2	3	4	5
Critique resulted in performance						
needing improvement, being						
changed.	0	1	2	3	4	5
	objectives • generic performance objectives • facility operating standards and practices Critique resulted in operator commitment to reinforce positive performance. Critique resulted in performance needing improvement, being	objectives0• generic performance objectives0• facility operating standards and practices0Critique resulted in operator commitment to reinforce positive performance.0Critique resulted in performance needing improvement, being0	objectives01• generic performance objectives01• facility operating standards and practices01Critique resulted in operator commitment to reinforce positive performance.01Critique resulted in performance needing improvement, being01	objectives012• generic performance objectives012• facility operating standards and practices012Critique resulted in operator commitment to reinforce positive performance.012Critique resulted in performance needing improvement, being012	objectives0123• generic performance objectives0123• facility operating standards and practices0123Critique resulted in operator commitment to reinforce positive performance.0123Critique resulted in performance needing improvement, being0123	objectives01234• generic performance objectives01234• facility operating standards and practices01234Critique resulted in operator commitment to reinforce positive performance.01234Critique resulted in performance needing improvement, being01234

#### ADDITIONAL COMMENTS:

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#### APPENDIX A

## EXAMPLE 4

#### Supervisor's Post-Training Feedback

NAME:	DATE:
COURSE/PROGRAM TITLE:	
REVIEWED BY:	DATE:

This post-training evaluation is designed to obtain information that will maintain and improve the quality of our training programs. Based upon your observations of the trainee's job performance, rate the trainee on each of the listed tasks by circling the appropriate number.

**REMEMBER**: The rating should be based on performance of tasks that were trained on during the course or program.

# EXPLANATION OF RATINGS

- 1. Unacceptable trainee performance: Trainee unable to perform task due to lack of knowledge and/or ability.
- 2. Poor trainee performance (partially competent): Trainee performed task with a marginal display of knowledge and/or ability.
- 3. Adequate trainee performance (competent): Trainee performed task with a sufficient display of knowledge and/or ability.
- 4. Very competent trainee performance: Trainee performed task with a good display of knowledge and/or ability.
- 5. Extremely competent trainee performance: Trainee performed task with an outstanding display of knowledge and/or ability.

## APPENDIX A

## Supervisor's Post-Training Feedback

TASK STATEMENT: Initiate a chemical item classification permit					
as the requestor.	1	2	3	4	5
TASK STATEMENT: Remove protective (anti-contamination) clothing.	1	2	3	4	5
TASK STATEMENT: Perform a locked, high-radiation area/exclusion					
area entry/exit.	1	2	3	4	5
TASK STATEMENT: Perform equipment/tool/area decontamination.	1	2	3	4	5

NOTE: This example shows only four task statements. An evaluation should be made for each application to determine the appropriate number of tasks.

#### APPENDIX A

#### EXAMPLE 5

#### **Trainee Post-Training Evaluation**

NAME:	DATE:
COURSE/PROGRAM TITLE:	
REVIEWED BY:	DATE:

**INSTRUCTIONS:** This post-training evaluation questionnaire is designed to obtain information that will maintain and improve the quality of our training programs. Based on what you now know about your job in relation to the training you received in this course, please rate the following performance objective/task statements by circling the appropriate number on the rating scales.

#### TASK STATEMENT: Conduct surveillance test of instrument isolation valves

N/A	1	2	3
Does not apply to	Parts, tools,	#1 plus the	#1 and #2 plus the
my job	equipment and	procedures used	operating principles
	simple facts used	to complete	involved in performing
	on the job	the task	the task

#### 2. Performance--Training provided the skills needed to perform

N/A	1	2	3
Does not apply to	Simple parts	The task with	The task without
my job	of the task	supervision	supervision

#### 3. Job Relatedness--Task trained on related to my job

1. Knowledge--Training provided knowledge of

N/A	1	2	3	4	5
Does not	Applies very	Applies	Applies to	Applies to	Applies to all
apply to my	little to my	somewhat to	about half of	most of my	of my job
job	job	my job	my job	job	

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#### APPENDIX A

#### **Trainee Post-Training Evaluation**

4. Job Preparedness--Level of task training prepared me for my job

N/A	1	2	3	4	5
Does not	Prepared me	Prepared me	Prepared me	Prepared me	Prepared me
apply to my	very little for	somewhat	for about half	to do most of	to do all of
job	my job	for my job	of my job	my job	my job

# TASK STATEMENT: Calibrate and maintain source range monitor

1. Knowledge--Training provided knowledge of

N/A	1	2	3
Does not apply to	Parts, tools,	#1 plus the	#1 and #2 plus the
my job	equipment and	procedures used	operating principles
	simple facts used	to complete	involved in
	on the job	the task	performing the task

# 2. Performance--Training provided the skills needed to perform

N/A	1	2	3
Does not apply to	Simple parts	The task with	The task without
my job	of the task	supervision	supervision

# 3. Job Relatedness--Task trained on related to my job

N/A	1	2	3	4	5
Does not	Applies very	Applies	Applies to	Applies to	Applies to all
apply to my	little to my	somewhat to	about half of	most of my	of my job
job	job	my job	my job	job	

4. Job Preparedness--Level of task training prepared me for my job

N/A	1	2	3	4	5
Does not	Prepared me	Prepared me	Prepared me	Prepared me	Prepared me
apply to my	very little for	somewhat	for about half	to do most of	to do all of
job	my job	for my job	of my job	my job	my job

#### APPENDIX A

## Trainee Post-Training Evaluation

# TASK STATEMENT: Tag defective equipment/tools

1. Knowledge--Training provided knowledge of

N/A	1	2	3
Does not apply to	Parts, tools,	#1 plus the	#1 and #2 plus the
my job	equipment and	procedures used	operating principles
	simple facts used	to complete	involved in
	on the job	the task	performing the task

2. Performance--Training provided the skills needed to perform

N/A	1	2	3
Does not apply to	Simple parts	The task with	The task without
my job	of the task	supervision	supervision

3. Job Relatedness--Task trained on related to my job

N/A	1	2	3	4	5
Does not	Applies very	Applies	Applies to	Applies to	Applies to all
apply to my	little to my	somewhat to	about half of	most of my	of my job
job	job	my job	my job	job	

4. Job Preparedness--Level of task training prepared me for my job

N/A	1	2	3	4	5
Does not	Prepared me	Prepared me	Prepared me	Prepared me	Prepared me
apply to my	very little for	somewhat	for about half	to do most of	to do all of
job	my job	for my job	of my job	my job	my job

#### APPENDIX A

### Trainee Post-Training Evaluation

# TASK STATEMENT: Maintain fire detection systems

1. Knowledge--Training provided knowledge of

N/A	1	2	3
Does not apply to	Parts, tools,	#1 plus the	#1 and #2 plus the
my job	equipment and	procedures used	operating principles
	simple facts used	to complete	involved in
	on the job	the task	performing the task

# 2. Performance--Training provided the skills needed to perform

N/A	1	2	3
Does not apply to	Simple parts	The task with	The task without
my job	of the task	supervision	supervision

## 3. Job Relatedness--Task trained on related to my job

N/A	1	2	3	4	5
Does not	Applies very	Applies	Applies to	Applies to	Applies to all
apply to my	little to my	somewhat to	about half of	most of my	of my job
job	job	my job	my job	job	

4. Job Preparedness--Level of task training prepared me for my job

N/A	1	2	3	4	5
Does not	Prepared me	Prepared me	Prepared me	Prepared me	Prepared me
apply to my	very little for	somewhat	for about half	to do most of	to do all of
job	my job	for my job	of my job	my job	my job

# APPENDIX A

# **Trainee Post-Training Evaluation**

# TASK STATEMENT: Perform wire wrapping

1. Knowledge--Training provided knowledge of

	<b>3</b> •	0				
N/A		1	2		3	
Does not ap	oply to P	arts, tools,	#1 plus tl	he #1 a	nd #2 plus the	
my joł	o equ	uipment and	procedures u	used opera	ating principles	
	simp	ble facts used	to comple	te i	nvolved in	
		on the job	the task	c perfo	rming the task	
2. Performar	nceTraining pro	ovided the skills	needed to perfo	orm		
N/A		1	2		3	
Does not ap	oply to S	imple parts	The task v	vith The	The task without	
my joł	о (	of the task	supervision su		upervision	
3. Job Relat	ednessTask tra	ained on related	to my job			
N/A	1	2	3	4	5	
Does not	Applies very	Applies	Applies to	Applies to	Applies to all	
apply to my	little to my	somewhat to	about half of	most of my	of my job	
job	job	my job	my job	job		
4. Job PreparednessLevel of task training prepared me for my job						
N/A	1	2	3	4	5	
Does not	Prepared me	Prepared me	Prepared me	Prepared me	Prepared me	
apply to my	very little for	somewhat	for about half	to do most of	to do all of	

job my job for my job of my job my job my job

#### APPENDIX A

#### **Trainee Post-Training Evaluation**

## TASK STATEMENT: Test containment isolation

1. Knowledge--Training provided knowledge of

N/A		1	2		3	
Does not ap	ply to Pa	arts, tools,	#1 plus tl	ne #1 a	ind #2 plus the	
my job	equ	uipment and	procedures u	used oper	ating principles	
	simp	le facts used	to comple	te	involved in	
	(	on the job	the task	c perfo	orming the task	
2. Performar	nceTraining pro	wided the skills	needed to perfo	orm		
N/A		1	2		3	
Does not ap	ply to Si	mple parts	The task w	ith The	The task without	
my job	) (	of the task	supervision		supervision	
3. Job RelatednessTask trained on related to my job						
N/A	1	2	3	4	5	
Does not	Applies very	Applies	Applies to	Applies to	Applies to all	
apply to my	little to my	somewhat to	about half of	most of my	of my job	
job	job	my job	my job	job		
4. Job PreparednessLevel of task training prepared me for my job						
N/A	1	2	3	4	5	
Does not	Prepared me	Prepared me	Prepared me	Prepared me	Prepared me	
apply to my	very little for	somewhat	for about half	to do most o	f to do all of	
job	my job	for my job	of my job	my job	my job	

**NOTE**: This example shows six task statements. An evaluation should be made for each application to determine the appropriate number of tasks.

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# APPENDIX B

# QUESTIONNAIRE FORMAT EXAMPLES

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#### APPENDIX B

## EXAMPLE 6

## Trainee Feedback Evaluation

COU	RSE/P	ROGRAM:		DATE:					
		ional):		NAME:					
REVI	EWED	BY:		DATE:					
Pleas	e rate	the following statements using the f	following scale:						
	1	Strongly Disagree							
	2	Disagree							
	3	Neutral							
	4	Agree							
	5	Strongly Agree							
1.	Time	allotted to each unit of instruction w	vas correct.		1	2	3	4	5
2.		nples, analogies, and topics in training our job needs.	g were relevant		1	2	3	4	5
3.		ing aids, audio-visuals, and handouts rate, and relevant to your job needs.	s were current,		1	2	3	4	5
4.		result of attending the program or co r prepared to perform your present d	-		1	2	3	4	5
5.	The o	classroom setting helped to promote	learning.		1	2	3	4	5
6.	Facili	ty specifics were taught where need	ed.		1	2	3	4	5
7.		classroom training you received was							
	you i	n your understanding of facility opera	ations.		1	2	3	4	5

## APPENDIX B

# Trainee Feedback Evaluation

8.	The information received in training was accurate and					
	consistent with information received in the facility.	1	2	3	4	5
9.	The material was appropriate for your perspective					
	(participant position, responsibilities, interests,					
	beginning knowledge level).	1	2	3	4	5
10.	Your questions were answered satisfactorily.	1	2	3	4	5
11.	Overall, the course/program was beneficial and will help					
	me perform my job.	1	2	3	4	5

# ADDITIONAL COMMENTS:

#### APPENDIX B

#### EXAMPLE 7

## End-of-Course Training Evaluation

COURSE TITLE:	COURSE DATE:
INSTRUCTOR:	TRAINEE JOB TITLE:
REVIEWED BY:	DATE:

We need your evaluation of the training that you have just completed. Please indicate your responses to the statements below by checking the appropriate box.

	Always	Almost Always	Some- times	Never	Almost Never	Not Applicable
1. PROGRAM CONTENT						
<ul> <li>A. This training was relevant to my job.</li> </ul>	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]
<ul> <li>B. The training was well organized.</li> </ul>	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]
C. The training objectives were clear to me.	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]
2. TRAINING MATERIAL						
<ul> <li>A. The information provid in texts and handouts adequate.</li> </ul>		[]	[]	[]	[]	[]
<ul> <li>B. The text and handout i ial were easy to use.</li> </ul>	mater- []	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]

# APPENDIX B

# End-of-Course Training Evaluation

		Always	Almost Always	Some- times	Never	Almost Never	Not Applicable
C.	The visual aids were of good quality.	d []	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]
3. IN	STRUCTOR						
A.	The instructor was know- ledgable about the course material.	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]
B.	The instructor communicate the training information well.	d	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]
C.	The instructor demonstrated enthusiasm for training and for the subject being taught		[]	[]	[]	[]	[]
4. TR	AINING METHODS						
A.	The lectures were well orga and provided informative discussion of training topics		[]	[]	[]	[]	[]
B.	Classroom discussion was encouraged.	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]
C.	Classroom discussions were useful for clarifying ideas.	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]

# APPENDIX B

# End-of-Course Training Evaluation

		Always	Almost Always	Some- times	Never	Almost Never	Not Applicable
D.	There were an adequate n	umber					
	of practical applications.	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]
E.	Practical applications were	use-					
	ful for clarifying ideas.	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]
F.	Enough time was spent						
	on practical applications.	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]
G.	Exams and quizzes were						
	relevant to the training.	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]
H.	Exams and quizzes reinford	ced					
	the training material.	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]

# ADDITIONAL COMMENTS:

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## EXAMPLE 8

## **Training Program Evaluation**

PROGRAM:	FACILITY:	
DATE(S) CONDUCTED:		
EVALUATOR(S):		
REVIEWED BY:	DATE:	

In completing the step-by-step procedures of the program evaluation instrument, the evaluator(s) will be required to respond in various manners at each point in the process. Both objective and subjective data will be collected. The evaluator(s) should realize that due to the diversity of the program, some steps may not be applicable. These steps should be cited. Examine the applicable training materials, and interview instructors, trainees, and trainees' supervisors to answer the following questions.

## DEVELOPMENT

1. Does a written job analysis exist for this program? Cite examples.

2. Did training personnel and facility technical personnel participate in identifying training needs and developing training programs? Describe the process.

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# **Training Program Evaluation**

3. How was the job analysis used to provide the basis for making decisions regarding program content? If a training task list or matrix has been developed for this program, attach a copy.

4. Were trainee entry-level skills and knowledge given consideration when the program was developed? Discuss the considerations.

5. Has the program been compared with the applicable SAT guidelines, taxonomy, and/or task listing? Describe the process.

6. Has the program been compared with current facility procedures and other technical and professional references to identify training content and facility-specific information for use in developing training materials?

7. How were the suggested instructional methods or activities developed (job analysis, terminal performance objectives, enabling objectives, actual experience, test pilot, etc.)?

### APPENDIX B

## **Training Program Evaluation**

#### ON-THE-JOB-TRAINING

 Is on-the-job training (OJT) delivered using well-organized and current materials? Include samples.

2. How are training materials kept current with respect to facility modifications and procedure changes? Cite examples.

3. Is OJT conducted by designated personnel who are instructed in program standards and methods? How are they instructed?

4. What are the required qualifications for in-facility evaluators?

5. Are the above qualifications appropriate for tasks being taught or evaluated?

## APPENDIX B

# **Training Program Evaluation**

6. What materials are provided for the trainee's OJT? Include samples.

7. Is the trainee provided an appropriate amount of time in which to learn tasks prior to evaluation?

8. What instructional aids are available to the trainee during the OJT process?

9. If a task cannot be performed, do the conditions of task performance in the simulator or walk-through reflect the actual task to the extent possible? Cite examples.

10. Are there established criteria for performance evaluations? Cite examples.

### APPENDIX B

## Training Program Evaluation

11. Do these criteria reflect actual job performance standards? Cite examples.

## SIMULATOR TRAINING

1. Does the simulator hardware mimic that of the control room?

2. Do simulator responses emulate those of the facility?

3. Is the simulator configuration program effective?

4. Are appropriate procedures, references, etc., available and maintained current?

## APPENDIX B

# Training Program Evaluation

5. Are actual facility procedures and references utilized and adapted as appropriate for simulators?

6. Do simulator training materials provide a proper mix of normal, abnormal, and emergency exercises?

7. Do the training materials effectively incorporate facility and industry events?

8. Does the normal operational team participate together in simulator training?

9. Does management routinely observe and evaluate simulator training?

#### APPENDIX B

## Training Program Evaluation

10. Are effective post-training critiques conducted?

11. Is feedback from trainees and management solicited and used to modify or improve the quality of the training?

12. Are training performance evaluations effectively used to enhance the training program?

13. Do exercises and scenarios effectively support established learning objectives?

14. Does the content of the training guides support the related classroom instruction?

# APPENDIX B

# Training Program Evaluation

15. Are simulator guides, including exercises and scenarios, based on sound operating principles?

16. Do simulator guides reflect the manner of conducting business established at this facility?

17. Are learning objectives specific to identified training needs of the facility?

18. Do exercises and instructors challenge trainees to perform to the best of their ability?

ADDITIONAL REMARKS:

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# APPENDIX C EXAMPLE CHECKLISTS

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#### APPENDIX C

# EXAMPLE 9

#### Instructor Observation Checklist

LES	SSON	I TITLE:	DATE:			
INS	STRU	CTOR:	LENGTH OF	OBSERVAT	ION:	
OB	SERV	/ED BY:	TITLE:			
		'ED BY:	DATE:			
Dir	ectio	ns: Check Yes, No, or N/O (Not Observed).				
1.	<u>Adv</u>	vance Preparation		YES	NO	N/O
	The	e instructor was prepared for the training session	on.			
	•	Training materials were gathered and checked accuracy, completeness, and legibility.	d for	()	()	()
	•	Training aids and materials (i.e., tests, hando transparencies) were organized for effective a efficient use.		()	()	()
	•	Administrative materials (i.e., attendance she were available.	ets)	()	()	()
	•	Training area was set up for effective instruc prior to training (i.e., lighting, seating, supplie A/V equipment).		()	()	()

# APPENDIX C

## Instructor Observation Checklist

2.	Format of the Training Material	YES	NO	N/O
	The instructor demonstrated the ability to follow the lesson plan.			
	• An overview of the session was presented as a part of the introduction.	()	()	()
	• Training objectives were provided at the beginning of the class.	()	()	()
	• Training content was presented according to the lesson plan.	()	()	()
	Instructor/trainee activities were implemented according to the plan.	()	()	()
	• The instructor demonstrated the ability to make instruction meaningful for the trainees.	()	()	()
	Objectives were reinforced during the training.	()	()	()
	<ul> <li>Examples and/or analogies were used to apply the content to practical situations.</li> </ul>	()	()	()
	The instructor demonstrated the ability to focus the trainees' attention on the training content.			
	• The trainees were provided with an appropriate purpose or rationale for the training.	()	()	()
	Interest in the topic was increased through use of reinforcement.	()	()	()

## APPENDIX C

## Instructor Observation Checklist

	YES	NO	N/O
The relationship of the present session to previous			
training was identified.	()	()	()
• The on-the-job significance of the training was emphasized.	()	()	()
The instructor demonstrated the ability to present the content			
and instructor/trainee activities in an organized, logical sequence.			
• One teaching point and/or objective flowed to the next.	()	()	()
• Trainees could follow the presentation without confusion.	()	()	()
	()	()	
• "Nice to know" information was minimized.	()	()	()
Maaningful relationshing between concents and skills			
<ul> <li>Meaningful relationships between concepts and skills were clear.</li> </ul>	()	()	()
	()		
Topics had natural beginning and ending points.	()	()	()
Technical Material Review (For Peer Evaluation)			
The instructor demonstrated appropriate technical competence			
to present the subject matter.			
Lesson content was accurate and current.	()	()	()
Knowledge was of appropriate depth.	()	()	()
Knowledge could be applied to the job as appropriate.	()	()	()

3.

# APPENDIX C

# Instructor Observation Checklist

4.	Applied Instructional Theory	YES	NO	N/O
	The instructor demonstrated the ability to involve trainees actively in the learning process (as opposed to constant lecture or watching a demonstration).			
	Active trainee participation was encouraged.	()	()	()
	Checks for understanding were made through questioning, performance, review quizzes, etc.	()	()	()
	Training was adjusted according to trainee needs.	()	()	()
	• Allowances were made for "slower" and "faster" learners.	()	()	()
	Behavior and trainee responses were reinforced in a positive manner.	()	()	()
	• Frequent and appropriate trainee responses were solicited.	()	()	()
	Asking subject-matter questions was encouraged.	()	()	()
	• Trainees were given an opportunity to practice more than once (if needed).	()	()	()
	• "Hands-on" practice was provided where possible.	()	()	()
	<ul> <li>"Hands-on" practice emphasized critical steps and skills.</li> </ul>	()	()	()

## APPENDIX C

# Instructor Observation Checklist

	YES	NO	N/O
The instructor summarized key points/information/task steps			
before progressing to the next objective.			
The amount of information presented was appropriate			
for the trainees.	()	()	()

# ADDITIONAL COMMENTS:

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APPENDIX C

## EXAMPLE 10

### **OJT Training Course Evaluation Form**

Course location :	DATE:	
EVALUATOR:	STUDENT:	

Check **Yes**, **No**, or Not Applicable (**N/A**) for each item on this evaluation form. At the discretion of the evaluator, additional amplifying comments may be included for individual items in the spaces provided on the form. A Not Applicable rating for any item shall be considered to be entirely neutral and shall not factor into the student's overall evaluation grade.

Individual items marked with \*\* are considered vital and must receive either a Yes or No rating (Not Applicable does not apply to these items).

ITEM	YES	NO	N/A	COMMENTS
**Are the objectives clear and measurable and do they contain conditions, action, and a standard?				
Is the instructor prepared to conduct the demonstration (e.g., all materials, prepared in advance, and in sufficient quantities)?				

#### PREPARATION

## APPENDIX C

# OJT Training Course Evaluation Form

# INTRODUCTION

ITEM	YES	NO	N/A	COMMENTS
Did the instructor attempt to put the trainee at ease by using "small talk" during the Introduction?				
Did the instructor motivate the trainee by explaining the importance of learning this particular skill, e.g., "WIIFM" (What's In It For Me)?				
**Was the learning objective stated by the instructor and then discussed with the trainee to clear up any misunderstandings?				
Did the instructor attempt to find out the trainees's previous background in this particular task?				
Did the instructor explain the overall process that would be followed during the OJT lesson?				
Did the instructor tell the trainee what was going to be covered in the OJT lesson?				

# EXPLANATION AND DEMONSTRATION

ITEM	YES	NO	N/A	COMMENTS
**Did the instructor use and follow the lesson plan developed for this demonstration?				
**Did the instructor use and follow the procedure developed for this demonstration?				
**Did the instructor explain and demonstrate the task to the trainee?				
**Was two-way communication between the instructor and the trainee evident?				
**Were proper safety precautions stressed and discussed as applicable?				
**Did the instructor use proper questioning techniques to ensure student comprehension?				

## APPENDIX C

# OJT Training Course Evaluation Form

## PRACTICE UNDER SUPERVISION

ITEM	YES	NO	N/A	COMMENTS
**Was the trainee allowed to practice the task sufficiently to gain the required skill?				
**Did the instructor ensure the trainee followed the procedure?				
Did the instructor ensure the trainee used proper techniques as applicable?				
**Were proper safety precautions stressed and discussed as applicable?				

## CONCLUSION

ITEM	YES	NO	N/A	COMMENTS
Did the instructor clearly conclude the Training Phase prior to beginning the Evaluation Phase?				
**Did the instructor summarize/conclude the presentation by restating the major points?				
**Did the instructor restate the learning objective in the summary/conclusion?				

# APPENDIX C

# OJT Training Course Evaluation Form

## PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

ITEM	YES	NO	N/A	COMMENTS
**Did the instructor restate the learning objective?				
**Did the instructor clearly explain the ground rules (e.g., trainee will be on his own, no coaching, required performance standard)?				
Did the instructor review the Evaluation Document with the trainee prior to beginning the evaluation?				
Did the trainee perform the task without help or coaching from the instructor?				
**Did the instructor use the standards defined in the Evaluation Document to evaluate the trainee's performance?				
**Did the instructor ask pertinent questions during the task performance?				
**Did the instructor review the trainee's performance (using the criteria contained in the Evaluation Document) with the trainee immediately after the task was completed?				
Was the Pass/Fail status of the trainee's performance provided to the trainee immediately following completion of the task?				
As applicable, did the instructor encourage/motivate the trainee to practice or refine any noted weaknesses?				
Did the instructor document the training (e.g., sign the evaluation document)?				

## APPENDIX C

# **OJT Training Course Evaluation Form**

# OVERALL OJT TRAINING COURSE CONCLUSIONS

SATISFACTORY

**NEEDS IMPROVEMENT(\*)** 

OJT Course Instructor

Course Trainee

## SPECIFIC COMMENTS

WEAKNESSES
(*) Specify where improvement is needed

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#### APPENDIX C

## EXAMPLE 11

#### **Training Development Recommendation Checklist**

ORIGINATOR: \_\_\_\_\_ REVISION: NEW DEVELOPMENT: 1. Identify the problem/need: 2. Is the problem/need safety-related? Yes No 3. What job classification is affected? \_\_\_\_ Control room operator \_\_\_\_ Shift supervisor \_\_\_\_ Shift superintendent \_\_\_\_ Facility equipment operator Shift technical advisor \_\_\_\_ Electrician \_\_\_\_ Mechanical maintenance \_\_\_\_ Instrument and control technician \_\_\_\_ Radiation protection technician \_\_\_\_ Chemistry technician \_\_\_\_ Managers and technical staff

\_\_\_\_ Other \_\_\_\_\_

## APPENDIX C

## **Training Development Recommendation Checklist**

- 4. What type of task is involved?
  - \_\_\_\_ Normal operations
  - \_\_\_\_ Maintenance and surveillance
  - \_\_\_\_ Administrative
  - \_\_\_\_ Abnormal
  - \_\_\_\_ Emergency
  - \_\_\_\_ Team building
  - \_\_\_\_ Other \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. How important is this situation?
  - \_\_\_\_ Negligible
  - \_\_\_\_ Undesirable
  - \_\_\_\_ Serious
  - Severe
  - \_\_\_\_ Extremely severe
- 6. Does the situation require urgent consideration?
  - Yes No
- 7. How difficult is this task to perform?
  - \_\_\_\_ Very easy
  - \_\_\_\_ Somewhat easy
  - \_\_\_\_ Moderately difficult
  - \_\_\_\_ Very difficult
  - \_\_\_\_ Extremely difficult

## APPENDIX C

## **Training Development Recommendation Checklist**

- 8. What is the frequency of this problem/need?
  - \_\_\_\_ Rarely (about once a year)
  - \_\_\_\_ Seldom (about 3 or 4 times a year)
  - \_\_\_\_ Occasionally (about once a month)
  - \_\_\_\_ Often (about once a week)
  - \_\_\_\_ Very often (daily)
- 9. What is the source of the problem/need?
  - Lack of training
  - \_\_\_\_ Insufficient training emphasis
  - \_\_\_\_ Lack of practice during training
  - \_\_\_\_ Incorrect training materials
  - \_\_\_\_ Conflict between training and job requirements
  - \_\_\_\_ Regulatory requirement
  - \_\_\_\_ Not applicable
- 10. How can this recommendation benefit facility operations?
  - \_\_\_\_ Correct unsafe practices
  - \_\_\_\_ Improve facility availability
  - \_\_\_\_ Eliminate equipment misuse/damage
  - \_\_\_\_ Reduce reworks
  - \_\_\_\_ Reduce unscheduled maintenance
  - \_\_\_\_ Improve employee performance
  - \_\_\_\_ Accelerate qualification
  - \_\_\_\_ Avert anticipated problem
  - \_\_\_\_ Respond to regulatory/requirement/change
  - \_\_\_\_ Maintain job qualifications

## APPENDIX C

## Training Development Recommendation Checklist

11. How do you suggest training be \_\_\_\_ revised or \_\_\_\_ developed?(Attach a written description that describes the root cause of the problem and how it should be corrected.)

Signature, Title

Date

# FUNCTIONAL REVIEW

Disposition Action:

Approved \_\_\_\_ Approved with Modifications \_\_\_\_ Disapproved \_\_\_\_

Modifications and Comments (Note: approved with modifications and disapproved require comments):

Signature, Title

Date

# TRAINING REVIEW

Disposition Action:

Approved \_\_\_\_ Approved with Modifications \_\_\_\_ Disapproved \_\_\_\_ Defer \_\_\_\_

Modifications and Comments (Note: approved with modifications, disapproved, and defer require comments):

# APPENDIX C

Signature, Title

Date

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APPENDIX C

# EXAMPLE 12

# Training Material Request/Update

Date:						
Course Number:	Course Title:					
Instructors Name:	Location/Bldg.:					
Your Name:	Employee Number:					
Title:	Deptartment:					
Bldg/Room:	Extention/Degen					
Reason for the Request						
Work Authorized? Yes/No						
(circle one)	Course Coordinator	Date				
Comments:						

# APPENDIX C

## Training Material Request/Update

	Training Mate	erial Request Che	ecklist	
Training Material	Document # or N/A	Date Required	Assigned To	Date Completed
System Description				
Instructor/ Student Guide				
Student Handout				
Exam/Quiz				
Qual Card/Guide				
Procedure				
Curriculum Outline				
Hierarchy				
Test Analysis Memo				
Exam Validation Matrix				
Training Appraisal Questionnaire				

Training Material Checklist (	Complete?		
		Instructor	Date
Completed Work Approval:	Yes/No		
	(circle one)	Course Coordinator	Date

## CONCLUDING MATERIAL

# **Review Activity:**

# Preparing Activity:

DOE	Operations Offices
AD	AL
DP	СН
EH	FN
EM	ID
ER	NV
FM	OR
NE	RFO
	RL
	OAK
	SR

DOE-EH-31

# Project Number:

6910-0063

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